

Vocabulary List

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Vocabulary List - Basic

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Greet	Hello	こんにちは (今日は)	Konnichiha
Greet	Good morning (formal)	おはようございます (おはよう御座います/ お早う御座います) (正式)	Ohayōgozaimasu (seishiki)
Greet	Good morning (informal)	おはよう (お早う) (非公式)	Ohayō (hikōshiki)
Greet	Good day	こんにちは (今日は)	Konnichiha
Greet	Good afternoon	こんにちは (今日は)	Konnichiha
Greet	Good evening	こんばんは (今晚は)	Konbanha
Greet	Good night	おやすみなさい	Oyasuminasai
Pronoun	Addressing title (mr. mrs. - regular/ formal)	さん/ 様 (さま)	San * (polite)/ Sama * (formal)
Pronoun	Politeness marker	だ/ です/ ございます (御座います)	Da/ Desu/ Gozaimasu

Pronoun	I (formal)	私 (公式)	Watashi (kōshiki) * (pronouns such as 'I' or 'you' can be left away pretty quickly after the initial conversation and often only the verb can be said in a sentence. Else it sounds for example like you are talking a lot about yourself)
Pronoun	I (informal)	僕/ 俺 (非公式)	Boku/ Ore (hikōshiki)
Pronoun	You (formal)	あなた (貴方) (公式)	Anata (kōshiki) * (The word 'you' tends to be avoided in Japanese, even in polite form as it can sound strong or accusing. Be careful here, Japanese avoid 'targeting others' with words. For example, when greeting the Japanese do not say 'anata wa genki desu ka?', how are you?, but say 'genki desu ka?' , without the 'anata'/ you part
Pronoun	You (informal)	君 (非公式)	Kimi (hikōshiki)
Pronoun	He	彼	Kare
Pronoun	She	彼女	Kanojo
Pronoun	It	それ (其れ)	Sore
Pronoun	We	私達/ 我々	Watashitachi/ Wareware
Pronoun	They	彼ら	Karera
Pronoun	Self (yourself, himself, herself, ourselves, themselves, itself, etc.)	(Personal pronoun+ 自身, ie. 彼女自身 - herself)	(Pāsonaru pronoun + jishin, ie. Kanojo jishin - herself)
Pronoun	Myself (by myself)	自分で/ 私自身 (自分で/ 私自身)	Jibun de/ Watakushijishin (jibun de/ watakushijishin)
Pronoun	Own (my own)	自分の (自分の)	Jibun no (jibun no)
Pronoun	Alone	一人で/ 単独で/ 自分で	Hitori de/ Tandoku de/ Jibun de
Pronoun	Solo (solos)	ソロ (ソロ)	soro (soro)
Pronoun	Both (ie. parties, sides, persons etc.)	両方/ 両方とも (両方共)/ 何方も/ 両 (の)/ 双方 (の)	Ryōhō/ Ryōhō tomo/ Donata mo/ Ryō (no)/ Sōhō (no)
Pronoun	Neither (neither...nor)	どちらでもない (どちらでもない...も)	Dochira demonai (dochira demonai... mo)
Pronoun	Each other	(お) 互い	(o) Tagai
Pronoun	Individual	個人 (の)/ 個人的 (な)	Kojin (no)/ kojin-teki (na)
Pronoun	Other	他 (ほか) (の)	Hoka (no)
Pronoun	Others	その他	Sonohoka
Pronoun	Together (with)	一緒/ と一緒に/ 共に (ともに)	Issho/ To isscho ni/ Tomoni
Pronoun	Me (by me, for me, to me)	私 (私のために、私のために、私に)	Watashi (watashi no tame ni, watashi no tame ni, watashi ni)
Pronoun	You (by you, for you, to you)	あなた (あなたによって、あなたのために、あなたに)	Anata (anata ni yotte, anata no tame ni, anata ni)
Pronoun	Him (by him, for him, to him)	彼 (彼によって、彼のために、彼へ)	Kare (kare ni yotte, kare no tame ni, kare e)
Pronoun	Her (by her, for her, to her)	彼女 (彼女によって、彼女のために、彼女へ)	Kanojo (kanojo ni yotte, kanojo no tame ni, kanojo e)

Pronoun	It (by it, for it, to it)	それ (それによって、そのために、それまで)	Sore (sore ni yotte, sore no tame ni, sore made)
Pronoun	Us (by us, for us, to us)	私たち (私たちによって、私たちのために、私たちに)	Watashitachi (watashitachi ni yotte, watashitachi no tame ni, watashitachi ni)
Pronoun	Them (by them, for them, to them)	彼ら (彼らによって、彼らのために、彼らに)	Karera (karera ni yotte, karera no tame ni, karera ni)
Pronoun	Mine (it's mine)	私の (それは私の)	Watashi no (sore wa watashi no)
Pronoun	Yours (it's yours)	あなたの (それはあなたの)	Anata no (sore wa anata no)
Pronoun	His (it's his)	彼の (それは彼の)	Kare no (sore wa kare no)
Pronoun	Hers (it's hers)	彼女の (それは彼女の)	Kanojo no (sore wa kanojo no)
Pronoun	Its (it's its)	その (その)	Sono (sore no)
Pronoun	Ours (it is ours)	私たちの (それは私たちの)	Watashitachi no (sore wa watashitachi no)
Pronoun	Theirs (it is theirs)	彼らの (それは彼らの)	Karera no (sore wa karera no)
Pronoun	My (ie. my book)	私の (つまり、私の本)	Watashi no (tsumari, watashi no hon)
Pronoun	Your (ie. your book)	あなたの (つまり、あなたの本)	Anata no (tsumari, anata no hon)
Pronoun	His (ie. his book)	彼の (つまり、彼の本)	Kare no (tsumari, kare no hon)
Pronoun	Her (ie. her book)	彼女の (つまり、彼女の本)	Kanojo no (tsumari, kanojo no hon)
Pronoun	It (ie. it's book)	それの (つまり、その本)	Sore no (tsumari, sore no hon)
Pronoun	Our (ie. our book)	私たちの (つまり、私たちの本)	Watashitachi no (tsumari, watashitachi no hon)
Pronoun	Their (ie. their book)	彼らの (つまり、彼らの本)	Karera no (tsumari, karera no hon)
Particle	My clothes	私の服	Watashi no fuku
Particle	My uncle's bike	おじさんのバイク	Ojisan no baiku
Particle	Your book	あなたの本	Anata no hon
Particle	His car	彼の車	Kare no kuruma
Pronoun	At (at me, at you, at him, at her, at us, at them)	に (私に/へ; あなたに/へ; 彼に/へ; 彼女に/へ; 私たちに/へ; 彼らに/へ)	Ni (watashi ni/ e; anata ni/ e; kare ni/ e; kanojo ni/ e; watashitachi ni/ e; karera ni/ e)
Pronoun	About (about me, about you, about him, about her, about us, about them)	について (私のこと、あなたのこと、彼のこと、彼女のこと、私たちのこと、彼らのこと)	Ni tsuite (watashinokoto, anata no koto, kare no koto, kanojo no koto, watashitachi no koto, karera no koto)
Pronoun	By (by me, by you, by him, by her, by us, by them)	で/によって (私によって、あなたによって、彼によって、彼女によって、私たちによって、彼らによって)	De/ Ni yotte (watashi ni yotte, anata ni yotte, kare ni yotte, kanojo ni yotte, watashitachi ni yotte, karera ni yotte)
Pronoun	For (for me, for you, for him, for her, for us, for them)	のために (私のために、あなたのために、彼のために、彼女のために、私たちのために、彼らのために)	No tame ni (watashi no tame ni, anata no tame ni, kare no tame ni, kanojo no tame ni, watashitachi no tame ni, karera no tame ni)

Pronoun	From (from me, from you, from him, from her, from us, from them)	から (私から、あなたから、彼から、彼女から、私たちから、彼らから)	Kara (watashi kara, anata kara, kare kara, kanojo kara, watashitachi kara, karera kara)
Pronoun	In (in me, in you, in him, in her, in us, in them)	に/ で (私の中で、あなたの中で、彼の中で、彼女の中で、私たちの中で、彼らの中で)	Ni/ de (watashi no naka de, anata no naka de, kare no naka de, kanojo no naka de, watashitachi no naka de, karera no naka de)
Pronoun	Of (of me, of you, of him, of her, of us, of them)	の (私の、あなたの、彼、彼女、私たち、彼らの)	No (watashi no, anata no, kare, kanojo, watashitachi, karera no)
Pronoun	On (on me, on you, on him, on her, on us, on them)	に (私について、あなたについて、彼について、彼女について、私たちについて、彼らについて)	Ni (watashi ni tsuite, anata ni tsuite, kare ni tsuite, kanojo ni tsuite, watashitachi ni tsuite, karera ni tsuite)
Pronoun	To (to me, to you, to him, to her, to us, to them)	に (私に、あなたに、彼に、彼女に、私たちに、彼らに)	Ni (watashi ni, anata ni, kare ni, kanojo ni, watashitachi ni, karera ni)
Pronoun	With (with me, with you, with it, with him, with her, with us, with them)	一緒に (私と一緒に; あなたと一緒に; それと一緒に; 彼と一緒に; 彼女と一緒に; 私たちと一緒に; 彼らと一緒に)	Issho ni (watashitoisshoni; anata to issho ni; sore to issho ni; kare to issho ni; kanojo to issho ni; watashitachi to issho ni; karera to issho ni)
Name	Name	(お) 名前 (名まえ)/ 名称/ 名 (な)/ ネーム	(o) Namae/ Meishō/ Na * (same kanji as 'first name', 'mei' but with a different pronunciation)/ Nēmu
Name	First name	名前 (名まえ)/ 名 (めい)/ ファーストネーム	Namae/ Mei * (same kanji as 'name', 'na' but with a different pronunciation)/ Fāsutonēmu
Name	Last name (surname; family name)	苗字 (名字)/ 姓	Myōji/ Sei
Name	Surname (family name; last name)	名字 (苗字)/ 姓	Myōji/ Sei
Name	Full name	氏名/ フルネーム	Shimei/ Furunēmu
Name	Maiden name (former name)	旧姓/ 旧名	Kyūsei/ Kyūmei
Name	Nickname	あだ名 (する)/ 愛称 (の)/ 異名/ ニックネーム	Adana (suru)/ Aishō (no) * (pet name; nickname; name used to indicate affection, intimacy, informality, etc.)/ lmyō * (another name; nickname; alias)/ Nikkunēmu
Name	Personal name	個人名	Kojin mei
Name	Stage name	芸名	Geimei
Name	Title (addressing title, ie. academic qualification, etc.)	タイトル/ 称号 (宛名)	Taitoru/ Shōgō (Atena)
Name	Initials	イニシャル/ 頭文字	Inisharu/ Kashiramoji
Name	Hidden name (secret name)	隠し名前 (シークレットネーム)/ 秘匿名/ 裏名	Kakushi namae (shikurettōnēmu)/ Hitokumei/ Ura na * (not 'ura mei')

Verb-To be	I am	私は...だ/ です * (da/ desu does not really literally mean 'is' but is a politeness marker, though it can be used as 'to be')	Watashi wa...da/ desu
Verb-To be	You are	あなたは...だ/ です	Anata wa...da/ desu
Verb-To be	He is	彼は...だ/ です	Kare wa...da/ desu
Verb-To be	She is	彼女は...だ/ です	Kanojo wa...da/ desu
Verb-To be	It is	それは...だ/ です	Soreha...da/ desu
Verb-To be	We are	私たち...だ/ です/ 我々...だ/ です	Watashi tachi...da/ desu/ Wareware...da/ desu
Verb-To be	They are	彼ら...だ/ です	Karera...da/ desu
Verb-To be	I was	私は...だった/ でした	Watashi wa...data/ deshita
Verb-To be	You were	あなたは...でした	Anata wa sōdeshita
Verb-To be	She was	彼女は...だった	Kanojo wa sōdatta
Verb-To be	It was	...だった	Sōdatta
Verb-To be	They were	彼らは...いた	Karera haita
Verb-To be	He was	彼は...だった/ でした	Kare wa...data/ deshita
Verb-To be	We were	私たちは...だった/ でした	Watashi tachi wa...data/ deshita
Verb-To be	I have been	私は...だった/ でした	Watashi wa...data/ deshita
Verb-To be	He has been	彼は...だった/ でした	Kare wa...data/ deshita
Verb-To be	We have been	私たちは...だった/ でした	Watashitachi wa...data/ deshita
Verb-To be	I had been	私は...だった/ でした	Watashi wa...data/ deshita
Verb-To be	He had been	彼は...だった/ でした	Kare wa...data/ deshita
Verb-To be	We had been	私たちは...だった/ でした	Watashi tachi wa...data/ deshita
Verb-Will	I will	私はします	Watashi wa shimasu
Verb-Will	You will	あなたはするであろう	Anata wa surudearou
Verb-Will	He will	彼は...するだろう	Kare wa sō surudarou
Verb-Will	She will	彼女は...するだろう	Kanojo wa sō surudarou
Verb-Will	It will	...なる	Sō naru
Verb-Will	We will	私達はします	Watashi tachi wa shimasu
Verb-Will	They will	彼らは...するだろう	Karera wa sō surudarou
Verb-To be	I will be	私は～になる/ 私は～なんでしょう	Watashi wa ~ ni naru/ Watashi wa ~ narudeshou
Verb-To be	He will be	彼は～になる/ 彼は～なんでしょう	Kare wa ~ ni naru/ Kare wa ~ narudeshou
Verb-To be	We will be	私たちは～になる/ 私たち～なんでしょう	Watashi tachi wa ~ ni naru/ Watashitachi wa ~ narudeshou
Verb-To be	I am being	私は～いる/ います	Watashi wa ~ Iru/ imasu
Verb-To be	He is being	彼は～いる/ います	Kare wa ~ Iru/ imasu
Verb-To be	We are being	私たちは～いる/ います	Watashi tachi wa ~ Iru/ imasu
Pronoun	It's yours	君のものだ	Kimi no monoda
Pronoun	It's his	彼のものだ	Kare no monoda
Pronoun	It's hers	彼女のものだ	Kanojo no monoda
Pronoun	I see you	君が見える	Kimi ga mieru

Pronoun	I see him	彼に会う	Kare ni au
Pronoun	I see her	彼女に会う	Kanojo ni au
Pronoun	I give it to you	君にあげる	Kimi ni ageru
Pronoun	I give it to him	彼に渡す	Kare ni watasu
Pronoun	I give it to her	彼女に渡す	Kanojo ni watasu
Pronoun	I receive it from you	君から受け取る	Kimi kara uketoru
Pronoun	I receive it from him	彼から受け取る	Kare kara uketoru
Pronoun	I receive it from her	彼女から受け取る	Kanojo kara uketoru
Pronoun	I go to you	君のところに行く	Kimi no tokoro ni iku
Pronoun	I go to him	彼のところに行く	Kare no tokoro ni iku
Pronoun	I go to her	彼女のところに行く	Kanojo no tokoro ni iku
Pronoun	It's for you	君のためのものだ	Kimi no tame no monoda
Pronoun	It's for him	彼のものだ	Kare no monoda
Pronoun	It's for her	彼女のものだ	Kanojo no monoda
Pronoun	You see me	あなたは私を見て	Anata wa watashi o mite
Pronoun	You give it to me	あなたは私にそれを与える	Anata wa watashi ni sore o ataeru
Pronoun	I see us	私は私たちを見て	Watashi wa watashi-tachi o mite
Pronoun	He gives it to us	彼は私たちにそれを与える	Kare wa watashi-tachi ni sore o ataeru
Pronoun	I see them	私は彼らが見える	Watashi wa karera ga mieru
Pronoun	He gives it to them	彼は彼らにそれを与える	Kare wa karera ni sore o ataeru
Basic	What is your name? (formal)	名前はなんですか？/ お名前は何ですか？/ あなたの名前は何ですか？	Namae wa nandesu ka?/ Onamaehanandesuka?/ Anata no namae wa nanidesu ka?
Basic	What is your name? (informal)	名前は何？/ あなたの名前は？/ あなたの名前を教えて (もらえますか/ 頂けますか)？	Namae wa nani ?/ Anata no namae wa?/ Anata no namae o oshiete (moraemasu ka/ itadakemasu ka)?
Basic	I am ...	私は ... です	Watashi wa ... desu
Basic	My name is ...	私の名前は ... です/ ...と申します	Watashi no namae wa ... desu/ ... Tomōshimasu
Basic	I am called ...	私は ... と呼ばれています/ ...と申します	Watashi wa ... to yobareteimasu/ ... Tomōshimasu
Basic	They call me ...	彼らは私を ... と呼びます	Karera wa watashi o ... to yobimasu
Basic	How are you?	元気ですか？ * (regular)/ お元気ですか？ * (polite)	Genkidesu ka? * (regular)/ Ogenkidesuka? * (polite) * ('genki' literally means 'original/ source spirit/ "Ki" (life energy, also called Chi or Qi), original/ source power, so literally asking 'do you have/ are you the original power/ Ki?')
Basic	How are you doing?	元気にしてる？ * (casual)/ どのようにしてる？ * (regular)/ どのようにしていますか？ * (polite)	Genki ni shi teru? * (casual)/ Dono yō ni shi teru? * (regular)/ Dono yō ni shite imasu ka? * (polite)
Basic	How is it going?	調子はどうですか？	Chōshi wa dōdesu ka?
Basic	How is it?	どうですか？	Dōdesu ka?
Basic	How was your day?	今日はどうでしたか？	kyō wa dō deshita ka?
Basic	How did you spend your day?	一日はどうでしたか？	ichinichi dō deshita ka?

Basic	How is your day going?	今日はどうですか？	kyō wa dō desu ka?
Basic	Did you do anything special/ interesting?	何か特別なことや面白いことをしましたか？	nanika tokubetsu na koto ya omoshiroi koto o shimashita ka?
Basic	What are you doing?	何をしていますか？	nani o shiteimasu ka?
Basic	What did you do?	何をしましたか？	nani o shimashita ka?
Basic	What have you done?	何をしましたか？	nani o shimashita ka? (repeated)
Basic	What are you doing?	何をしていますか？	nani o shiteimasu ka? (repeated)
Basic	What are you going to do? (what will you do?; what will you be doing?)	何をする予定ですか？ (何をする予定ですか？ ; 何をする予定ですか？)	nani o suru yotei desu ka? (or nani o suru yotei desu ka? or nani o suru yotei desu ka?)
Basic	What's up? (what is up?)	どうしたの？ (どうしたの？)	Dō shita no? (dō shita no?)
Basic	What is going on? (what's going on?)	何が起きているのか？ (どうしたの？)	Nani ga okotte iru no ka? (Dō shita no?)
Basic	What is happening? (what's happening?)	何が起きている？ (何が起きているですか?)	Nani ga okotte iru? (nani ga okotte imasu ka?)
Basic	I am fine	私は元気です	Watashi wa genkidesu
Basic	I am good	私は元気です	Watashi wa genkidesu * (the answer to genki desu ka, is usually 'genki desu', yes I have the 'original KI/ power')
Basic	I am alright	私は大丈夫です	Watashi wa daijōbudesu
Basic	I am just fine	私は大丈夫	Watashi wa daijōbu
Basic	It is great	それは素晴らしいです	Sore wa subarashīdesu
Basic	It is not good (it is bad)	良くない (悪い)	Yokunai (warui)
Basic	It is not good at all (it is not nice at all)	全然良くありません (全然良くありません)	Zenzen yoku arimasen (zenzen yoku arimasen)
Basic	It is not nice	良くありません	Yoku arimasen
Basic	It's not fair	不公平だ	Fukouhei da
Basic	I am not happy	幸せではない	Shiawasede wanai
Basic	I am happy	幸せです	Shiawase desu
Basic	I am tired	疲れました/ 疲れている	Tsukaremashita/ Tsukarete iru
Basic	I am sleepy	眠いです	Nemui desu
Basic	How was it?	どうだった？	Dōdatta?
Basic	It was good	良かったです	Yokattadesu
Basic	It was great (it was very good)	素晴らしかった (とても良かった)	Subarashikatta (totemo yokatta)
Basic	It was bad	悪かった/ 悪かったです	Warukatta/ Waruīdeshita * (polite, but watch out if you say something negative, as this may still be way too direct)
Basic	It was not so good	あまり良くなかった	Amari yokunakatta
Basic	So am i (so do i; so can i)	私もそうです (私もそうです; 私もできます)	Watashi mo sōdesu (watashi mo sōdesu; watashi mo dekimasu)
Basic	So was i (so did i; so have i)	私もそうだった (私もそうだった; 私もそうだった)	Watashi mo sōdatta (watashi mo sōdatta; watashi mo sōdatta)
Basic	Nor do i (neither do i)	私もそうではありません (私もそうではありません)	Watashi mo sōde wa arimasen (watashi mo sōde wa arimasen)

Basic	Nice to meet you (formal)	お会いできて嬉しいです/ はじめまして (始めまして)/ あなたに会えて嬉しいです	o Aidekite ureshidesu/ Hajimemashite/ Anata ni aete ureshīdesu
Basic	Nice to meet you (informal)	よろしくできる	Yoroshiku dekiru
Basic	I am happy to meet you	あなたにお会いできてうれしいです	Anata ni o aidekite ureshidesu
Basic	It is good to meet you	はじめまして (始めまして)	Hajimemashite
Basic	Glad to make your acquaintance (delighted to make your acquaintance)	知り合いになれば嬉しいです/ お会いできて光栄です (知り合いになれば嬉しいです)	Shiriai ni naretara ureshii desu/ O ai dekite kōeidesu (shiriai ni naretara ureshii desu)
Basic	I am glad to make your acquaintance	お知り合いになれば嬉しいです	O-shiriai ni naretara ureshii desu
Basic	It's a pleasure to meet you (pleased to meet you)	お会いできて光栄です (お会いできて嬉しいです)	O ai dekite kōeidesu (oaidেকেiteureshīdesu)
Basic	It is an honor to meet you	お会いできて光栄です	o Aidekite koeidesu
Basic	Nice to see you (again)	(また) お会いできてうれしいです/ (また) 会えて嬉しいです	(Mata) Oaidekiteureshīdesu/ (Mata) aete ureshīdesu
Basic	I am sorry for not writing or contacting (for awhile)	ご無沙汰しております * (from the verb ご無沙汰 (する))/ 無音を謝す * (from the verb 無音 (する))	Gobusata shite orimasu (gobusataashiteorimasu) * (from the verb gobusata (suru))/ Muon o shasu* (from the verb muon (suru))
Basic	It has been a while	(お) 久しぶりです/ しばらく経ちました/ しばらくです (暫くです)/ しばらくの間です	(o) Hisashiburidesu/ Shibaraku tachimashita/ Shibarakudesu/ Shibaraku no aida desu (shibaraku no ma desu)
Basic	It has been a while (ie. when not writing or neglecting contact for a while)	ご無沙汰しております	Gobusata shite orimasu (gobusataashiteorimasu)
Basic	Long time no see (It's been a long time)	暫く (しばらく) (する) * (regular)/ お久しぶり (御久し振り) (です) * (polite)/ 長い間あっていませんでしたね (長い間会っていませんでしたね)/ ご無沙汰しております	Shibaraku (suru)/ O hisashiburi (desu)/ Nagaiai atte imasendeshita ne/ Gobusataashiteorimasu
Basic	I missed you	あなたに会いたかった	Anata ni aitaakatta
Basic	I love you (too)	(も) 愛してます/ 私は (も) あなたが * (or も instead of が) 愛しているよ/ 大好きだ	(mo) Aishitemasu/ Watashi wa (mo) anata ga * (or mo instead of ga) aishite iru yo * (Japanese people usually do not say it like this, unless they really know each other well. Usually they give hints)/ Daisukida
Basic	Welcome back (welcome home)	おかえりなさい (お帰りなさい)/ おかえり (お帰り)	Okaerinasai * (regular)/ Okaeri * (informal)

Basic	I am looking forward to it	楽しみにしてます	Tanoshimi ni shitemasu
Basic	I am looking forward to meeting you	あなたにお会いするのを楽しみにしています	Anata ni o ai suru no o tanoshiminishiteimasu
Basic	I am looking forward to working with you (I send you my best regards) (polite)	よろしく願います (宜しく願います)	Yoroshiku onegai shimasu (yoroshikuonegaishimasu)
Basic	I am looking forward to working with you (I send you my best regards) (very polite)	宜しく願ひ致します (よろしく願ひいたします)	Yoroshiku onegai itashimasu (yoroshikuonegaïtashimasu)
Basic	Looking forward to it	楽しみにしている	tanoshimi ni shiteiru
Home	Please excuse the intrusion; I'm coming in * (greeting used when entering someone's home)	お邪魔します	Ojamashimasu
Home	May I come in? (ie. enter a house)	ご免ください(ごめんください/ 御免下さい)/ お上がりください * (polite)	Gomen kudasai (gomenkudasai)/ Oagarikudasai * (polite)
Home	Can we enter?	入れますか?	Iremasu ka?
Home	He is always here	彼はいつもここにいる	Kare wa itsumo koko ni iru
Home	Come in please	どうぞお入りください	douzo o hairi kudasai
Home	Please come in (please enter, ie. a house)	お上がりください/(に) 来てください/ お入りください/ 入ってください	Oagarikudasai/ (ni) Kite kudasai/ Ohairikudasai/ Haitte kudasai
Home	Follow me	私について来てください	Watashi ni tsuite kite kudasai
Home	Come here	こちらへ来て	Kochira e kite
Home	Go here (go there)	こちらへ行ってください (あちらへ行ってください)	Kochira e itte kudasai (achira e itte kudasai)
Home	Come this way (this way, please)	こちらへ来てください (こちらへ願ひします)	Kochira e kite kudasai (kochira e onegaishimasu)
Home	Are you open?	開いていますか?	Aiteimasu ka?
Home	Are you closed?	閉店していますか?	Heiten shite imasu ka?
Home	Open the door	ドアを開ける	Doa o akeru
Home	Close the door	ドアを閉める	Doawoshimeru
Home	I am going (I am leaving)	行ってきます (行ってくる/ 行ってくる)	Itte kimasu (ittekimasu) (itte kuru)
Home	Have a good day (take care; see you)	行ってらっしゃい (いってらっしゃい)	Itte rasshai (itterasshai)
Home	Off you go	出発します/ 行きます/ 行ってよ	Shuppatsu shimasu/ Ikimasu/ Itte yo * (informal)
Home	I'm home! (I'm back!)	ただいま (只今)	Tadaima
Home	(just) Don't mind the mess	(ただ) 混乱は気にしないでください	(tada) Konran wa kinishinaide kudasai
Home	What will happen to the house?	家はなるのでしょうか?	Ie wa dō naru nodeshou ka?

Home	When do we have to go?	いつ我々は行くの必要がありますか？/ いつ行く必要がありますか？/ 私たちはいつ行かなければなりませんか？/ いつ行かなければならないのですか？	Itsu wareware wa iku no ga hitsuyōdesu ka?/ Itsu iku hitsuyō ga arimasu ka?/ Watashitachi wa itsu ikanakereba narimasen ka? / Itsu ikanakereba naranai nodesu ka?
Basic	Welcome here	ここようこそ/ ここへようこそ	Koko ni yōkoso/ Koko e yōkoso
Basic	You are welcome here	ここで大歓迎です	Koko de dai kangeidesu
Basic	Where are you from?	どこから来ましたが？	Doko kara kimashitaga ?
Basic	Where do you live?	どこに住んでいますか？	Doko ni sunde imasu ka?
Basic	I am from ...	私は ... 出身です	Watashi wa ... shushshindesu
Basic	I live in... (I stay at .../ I am staying at ...)	私は...に住んでいます (... に滞在しています/ ... に滞在しています)	Watashi wa... ni sunde imasu (... ni taizai shite imasu/ ... ni taizai shite imasu)
Basic	Where is this place?	この場所はどこにありますか？	Kono basho wa doko ni arimasu ka?
Basic	It is close to Amsterdam	(それは) アムステルダムに近いです	(Sore wa) Amusuterudamu ni chikaidesu
Basic	How old are you? (What is your age?)	何歳ですか？ (あなたは何歳ですか?)	Nan-saidesu ka? (Anata wa nan-saidesu ka?)
Basic	I am thirty years old (I am 30 years old)	私は30歳です (私は30歳です)	Watashi wa 30-saidesu (Watashi wa 30-saidesu)
Basic	He turned 40 yesterday	彼は昨日40歳になりました	Kare wa kinou 40-sai ni narimashita
Basic	What kind of work do you do?	あなたはどんな仕事をしていますか？	Anata wa don'na shigoto o shite imasu ka?
Basic	I work as a consultant in the office of company xxx	私はxxx社のオフィスでコンサルタントとして働いています	Watashi wa xxx-sha no ofisu de konsarutanto to shite hataraitte imasu
Basic	I have been working here/ there for 5 years	私はここ/あちらで5年間働いています	Watashi wa koko/ achira de 5-nenkan hataraitte imasu
Weather	It is hot today	今日は暑いです	Kyō wa atsuidesu
Weather	It is cold here	ここは寒いです	Koko wa samuidesu
Weather	It is sunny (the sun is shining)	晴れています (太陽が輝いています)	Harete imasu (taiyō ga kagayaite imasu)
Weather	It is foggy (it is misty)	霧がかかっています (霧がかかっています)	Kiri ga kakatte imasu (kiri ga kakatte imasu)
Weather	It is slippery (it is wet)	滑りやすい(濡れている)	Suberi yasui (nurete iru)
Weather	It rains (it is raining)	雨が降る (雨が降っている)	Amegafuru (ame ga futte iru)
Weather	It's raining a lot	雨が降っています	Ame ga futteimasu
Weather	It is pouring (it's pouring)	土砂降りです (土砂降りです)	Doshaburi desu (Doshaburi desu)
Weather	It starts to rain (it starts raining; it begins to rain)	雨が降り始める (雨が降り始める ; 雨が降り始める)	Ame ga furi hajimeru (Ame ga furi hajimeru; Ame ga furi hajimeru)
Weather	It stops raining	雨が止む	Ame ga yamu
Weather	It keeps raining	雨が降り続いています	Ame ga furitsudzuite imasu

Weather	It is icy (there is ice)	氷です (氷があります)	Kōridesu (kōri ga arimasu)
Weather	It snows (it keeps snowing)	雪が降ります (雪が降り続きます)	Yukigafurimasu (yuki ga furitsudukimasu)
Weather	It is snowing (it's snowing)	雪が降っています (雪が降っています)	Yuki ga futte imasu (yuki ga futte imasu)
Weather	It's stormy (it is stormy)	嵐です (嵐です)	Arashidesu (arashidesu)
Weather	It's windy (it is windy)	風が強いです (風が強いです)	Kaze ga tsuyoidesu (kaze ga tsuyoidesu)
Part	Goodbye	さようなら (左様なら/ サヨウナラ/ さよなら/ サヨナラ)	Sayōnara (sayōnara/ sayonara) * (be careful as 'sayonara' usually means goodbye for a long time. You don't say that to your friends, you usually say something like see you later, see you soon)
Part	Farewell	さようなら (左様なら/ サヨウナラ/ さよなら/ サヨナラ)	Sayōnara (sayōnara/ sayonara)
Part	I am leaving (I'm leaving)	出発 (する) (出発 (する))	Shuppatsu suru (shuppatsu suru)
Part	I got to go (I have to go)	いかなければいけない/ 行かなければなりません/ 行かなきゃ	Ikanakereba ikenai * (informal)/ Ikanakereba narimasen * (polite)/ Ikanakya * (very informal)
Part	I have to go	私は行かなければならない	Watashi wa ikanakereba naranai
Part	Take care	お気をつけて/ お大事に (気を付けて)	Okiwotsukete * (literally means 'attach/ stick the Ki/ Power')/ Odaiji ni
Part	Take good care of yourself	お大事に	Odaiji ni
Part	Until later	後になるまで	Ato ni naru made
Part	Come back real soon	本当にすぐに戻ってきてください	Hontōni sugu ni modotte kudasai
Part	See you	じゃあね	Jā ne
Part	See you around	またね	Mata ne
Part	See you later	また後で/ じゃまたね	Mata atode/ Ja matane * (informal)
Part	See you next time	また今度会いましょう/ 次回会いましょう	Matakondo aimashō* (polite phrase)/ Jikai aimashō* (regular phrase)
Part	See you soon	また近いうちにお会いしましょう/ じゃまたね	Mata chikaiuchini o ai shimashou/ Ja matane * (informal)
Part	See you tomorrow	明日会いましょう/ また明日 (ね)	Ashita aimashō/ Mata ashita (ne) * (informal)
Part	Sweet dreams	甘い夢	Amai yume
Part	Until next time	次回まで (です)	Jikai made (desu) * (informal phrase, add 'desu in the end to make it polite')
Part	Until tomorrow	明日まで	Ashita made
Part	Catch you later	また後で	mata ato de
Part	Goodbye, have a good time! (goodbye, have fun!)	さようなら、楽しい時間を過ごしましょう! (さようなら、楽しんでください!)	Sayounara, tanoshii jikan o sugoshimashou! (Sayounara, tanoshinde kudasai!)
Part	Maybe earlier (maybe sooner)	もっと早くかもしれない (もっと早くかもしれない)	Motto hayaku kamo shirenai (Motto hayaku kamo shirenai)
Part	Maybe later	後でかもしれない	Ato de kamo shirenai

Part	It is almost time to go home	家に帰る時間です/ もうすぐ帰る時間だ	le ni kaeru jikandesu/ Mou sugu kaeru jikan da
Part	It is soon time to go home	もうすぐ帰る時間だ	Mou sugu kaeru jikan da
Part	It is already time to go home	もう家に帰る時間です	Mō ienikaeru jikandesu
Part	Have a good day (have a nice day)	良い一日を/ 良い一日を過ごす/ 良い一日を過ごしてください * (literally: please spend a good day)	Yoiichinichiwo/ Yoiichinichiwo sugosu/ Yoiichinichiwo sugoshite kudasai * (literally: please spend a good day)
Part	Have a nice day	良い一日を (良い 1 日を)/ 良い一日を過ごしてください/ 良い一日を過ごす	Yoi 1-nichi o/ Yoiichinichiwo sugoshite kudasai/ Yoiichinichiwo sugosu
Part	Have a nice weekend	良い週末を/ 良い週末を過ごす/ 良い週末を過ごしてください	Yoi shūmatsu o/ Yoi shūmatsu o sugosu/ Yoi shūmatsu o sugoshite kudasai
Part	Have a great day	素晴らしい一日をお過ごしください	Subarashī tsuitachi o o sugoshi kudasai
Part	Have a great time (having a great time)	楽しい時間を過ごしている (楽しい時間を過ごしている)	tanoshii jikan o sugoshite iru (tanoshii jikan o sugoshite iru)
Part	I will be back (I'll be back)	私は戻ってきます (私は戻ってきます)	Watashi wa modotte kimasu (watashi wa modotte kimasu)
Part	Where are you going?	どこに行きますか? / どこに行くの?	Doko ni ikimasu ka? * (polite)/ Doko ni iku no? * (informal)
Part	Where are you going to?	どこに行くのですか?	Doko ni iku nodesu ka?
Part	Where are you headed? (where are you off to?)	どこに向かっているのですか? (どこへ行くの?)	Doko ni mukatte iru nodesu ka? (dokoheikuno?)
Part	Where did you go to?	どこへ行きましたか?	Doko e ikimashita ka?
Part	Where have you been? (where have you been to?)	どこに行っていましたか? (どこに行っていましたか?)	Doko ni itte imashita ka? (doko ni itte imashita ka?)
Part	You too! (You also; you as well)	あなたも! (あなたも、あなたも)	Anata mo! (Anata mo, anata mo)
Part	Another time	また今度	mata kondo
Part	It is already late	もう遅い	Mou osoi
Part	It is still early	まだ早い	Mada hayai
Part	Maybe another time (maybe next time)	また今度/ 多分別の時間/ たぶんまた別の機会に (多分次の時間/ 多分次回)	Matakondo/ Tabun betsu no jikan/ Tabun mata betsu no kikai ni (tabun tsugi no jikan/ tabun jikai)
Part	Perhaps another time	おそらくまた別の機会に	Osoraku mata betsu no kikai ni
Part	Keep in touch (let's keep in touch)	連絡を取り合しましょう (連絡を取り合しましょう)	Renraku o toriaimashou (renraku o toriaimashou)
Part	We will be in touch	ご連絡いたします	Go-renraku itashimasu
Short	Yes	はい	Hai * (alternatively they may say '可能です/ kanōdesu, 'it is possible', as this may come off less strong as a direct 'yes')

Short	No	いいえ (否)	Īe * (By nature, Japanese are usually very polite in their way of speaking and will do everything to maintain a good harmony. So they expect others to do that as well. Therefore this word is usually avoided in Japan as it may sound rude, so be careful. With disagreements they usually say '違います/ chigai desu', 'it's different', or '難しいです/ muzukashī desu', 'it's difficult', or '多分です/ tabun', 'maybe'. If possible just to protect the harmony of the conversation and the group, they just agree, even though they may not and will not later on)
Short	Not	いません (居ません)/ ありません (有りません)/ ではない (では無い)/ いいえ (否)/ しない/ あらず (非ず/ 有らず)	Imasen * (animate objects)/ Arimasen * (inanimate objects)/ De wanai/ ĩe (hi)/ Shinai * (not do)/ Arazu * (older traditional Japanese word) * (be careful, direct 'no' or 'not' may sound rude in Japan and other words are used, depending on the context)
Short	Okay	オーケー/ わかった/ OK/ 宜しい (よろしい)	Ōkē/ Wakatta/ OK/ Yoroshī
Short	Alright ('So so')	まあまあ (な)/ 先ず先ず (まずまず) (の/ な)/ よくも悪くもない	Mā mā (na)/ Mazumazu (no/ na)/ Yokumo waruku mo nai
Short	So and so (such and such)	あれこれ (あれこれ)	Arekore (arekore)
Short	More or less (reasonably)	多かれ少なかれ/ 先ず/ 先ずは	Ōkare sukunakare/ Mazu/ Mazu wa
Short	Maybe (probably; perhaps)	多分 (たぶん)/ 先ず/ 先ずは/ 事にすると/ 恐らくは/ 若しかしたら (もしかしたら)	Tabun/ Mazu/ Mazu wa/ Koto ni suru to/ Osorakuha * (often used when predicting a negative outcome)/ Moshika shitara * (perhaps; maybe; perchance; by some chance; by any chance)
Short	Likely	ありそう	Ari-sō
Short	Perhaps	たぶん	Tabun
Short	Probably	おそらく	Osoraku
Short	Might (more uncertainty than maybe)	かもしれない (かも知れない)/ かも/ かも知れません (かも知れませんか)/ かもしれん/ かも知んない/ やも知れぬ	Kamo shirenai/ Kamo/ Kamo shiremasen/ Kamo shiren/ Kamo shin'nai/ Yamoshirenu
Short	Certainly (surely)	確かに (慥かに) (きっと (屹度))	Tashikani (Kitto)
Short	Of course!	もちろん! (勿論)/ 当たり前です/ 当たり前でしょ	Mochiron!/ Atarimaedesu/ Atarimaedesho
Short	Really? (seriously?; are you serious?)	本当に? (まじで (マジで)?; 本気で?; 本気で言ってるの?)	Hontōni? (Majide?; Honki de? ; Honki de itteru no?)
Short	You bet!	きっと (屹度) !	Kitto!
Short	Certainly not!	確かにそうではありません!/ もちろん違います! 真逆です!	Tashika ni sōde wa arimasen!/ Mochiron chigaimasu!/ Magyakudesu!
Short	Definitely not	絶対にありません	Zettai ni arimasen

Short	Never again (never more)	もう二度と/二度と(2度と/ にどと/ニどと)/これっ切り (此れっ切り/是っ切り/ これっきり)/これ切り(此れ切り/ 是切り/これぎり/これきり) (これ以上)	Mōnidoto/ Nidoto/ Korekkiri/ Kore-kiri (Koreijō)
Short	Not anymore (no longer)	もうダメだ/もうない/もう...ない (もうダメだ/最早)	Mōdameda/ Mō nai/ Mō... nai (Mōdameda/ Mohaya)
Short	Oh yes!	ああ、そうだ！	Aa, sou da!
Short	Great	優れた/すごい(凄い)/ 素晴らしい/偉大(な)/偉い	Sugureta/ Sugoi (sugoi)/ Subarashī/ Idai (na)/ Erai
Short	Good	良い(です)	Yoi (desu)
Short	Very good!	とても良いです！/ 非常に素晴らしいです！/ 非常に良いです！/ とてもいいです！	Totemo yoidesu! / Hijō ni subarashīdesu! / Hijō ni yoidesu! / Totemo īdesu!
Short	Pretty good (quite good; quite well; pretty well)	かなり良い(かなりよい)/ 結構良い/なかなか良い (なかなかよい/中々良い)/ 相当良い/やるじゃないか (かなり良い; かなり良い; かなり良い)	Kanari yoi/ Kekkō yoi/ Nakanaka yoi/ Sōtō yoi/ Yaru janai ka * (not bad; not half bad; pretty good) (kanari yoi; kanari yoi; kanari yoi)
Short	Quite good	結構いい/かなり良いです！/ かなり良い！/かなりいい！/ なかなか良いです！/ なかなかいい！	Kekkō ī/ Kanari yoidesu! / kanari yoi! / Kanari ī!/ Nakanaka yoidesu! / Nakanaka ī!
Short	Well	調子が良い	choushi ga yoi
Short	Quite (pretty)	結構(な)/かなり(可也)/なかなか (中々/中中/仲仲/却却)(な)/ とても(逆も)/	Kanari/ Nakanaka (Na)/ Totemo
Short	Fine	良い/元気/ファイン/結構(な)/ 大丈夫	Yoi/ Genki/ Fain/ Kekkō (na)/ Daijōbu
Short	Nice	良い/好ましい/結構(な)/素敵(な)	Yoi/ Konomashī/ Kekkō (na)/ Suteki (na)
Short	Bad	悪い(です)	Warui (desu) * (Japanese will usually tend to avoid these words if they do not know who you are and trust you, unless something really serious comes up. Also it may be impolite to speak about bad things very soon as Japanese tend to want to have a harmonic conversation and avoid negative words. It's not in the Japanese culture to speak a lot of negative words, eventhough you may see that entirely different in cartoons like anime movies, which do not entirely represent the real Japanese culture)
Short	Better (preferably)	より良い/増し(まし)(な)	Yoriyoi/ Mashi (na)
Short	Better than (superior)	より良い/よりも優れる (よりも優れている)	Yori mo sugureru (yori mo sugurete iru)

Short	Alright (all right; okay)	宜しい (よろしい)/ 大丈夫 (な)/ よし (よし; よし)	Yoroshī/ Daijōbu (na)/ Yoshi (yoshi; yoshi)
Short	Not bad	悪くない	Warukunai
Short	Not bad eh?	悪くないですね?	Warukunaidesu yo ne?
Short	Not good	良くない	Yokunai
Short	Not so good	あまり良くない	Amari yokunai
Short	So...	それで...	Sore de...
Short	Well... (well then...)	そうですね... (それでは...)	Sōdesune... (soredewa...)
Short	It is good	良いです/ いいです	Yoidesu/ īdesu
Short	It is fine	それは結構です	Sore wa kekkōdesu
Short	It is alright	大丈夫です	Daijōbudesu * (usually said after something happened, for example like you fell down or you were missing something)
Short	It is nice (it's nice)	素敵です (素敵です)	Suteki desu (suteki desu)
Short	It is okay	それは良いです/ それでいいです	Sore wa yoidesu/ Sore de īdesu
Short	It is clear	明らかです/ はっきりしている * (はっきりです is a bit strange and not used much)	Akirakadesu/ Hakkiri shite iru * (Hakkiridesu is a bit strange and not used much)
Short	It is really good	それは本当に良いです	Sore wa hontōni yoidesu
Short	Is it alright to...? (is it okay to ...?)	Verb stem+ てもいいですか?	Verb stem +te mo īdesuka?
Short	It is fair (it is reasonable)	公平だ (合理的だ)	Kouhei da (gouritekida)
Short	It is good to see	見れてよかった	Mirete yokatta
Short	It's so nice	とても素敵です	Totemo suteki desu
Short	It is so good	とても良いです	Totemo yoidesu
Short	Alright with me	(私にとっては) いいことです/ だ	(Watashi ni totte wa) ī koto desu/ da
Short	Fine with me (it is fine with me)	いいです/ だ(よ)/ 大丈夫です (大丈夫です)	ī desu/ da (yo)/ Daijōbudesu (daijōbudesu)
Short	Let's do it (do it)	やってみよう (やってみよう)	Yatte miyou (yatte miyou)
Short	Go for it	頑張る	Ganbaru
Short	Let's go for it	やってみよう	Yatte miyou
Short	Let's try it (let us try it)	やってみましょう (やってみましょう)	Yatte mimashou (yatte mimashou)
Short	Let's try and see (let us try and see)	試してみ (試してみ)	Tameshite mite (tameshite mite)
Short	Let's try and see how it goes	試してみてどうなるか見てみましょう	Tameshite mite dō naru ka mite mimashou
Short	It still is	それはまだです	Sore wa madadesu
Short	I think that it is good	いいと思います/ 良いと思います/ 私はそれが良いと思います	ī to omoimasu/ Yoi to omoimasu/ Watashi wa sore ga yoi to omoimasu
Short	Did you like it? (do you like it?)	気に入りましたか? (あなたはそれが好きですか?)	Kiniirimashita ka? (anata wa sore ga sukidesu ka?)
Short	Do you like that?	それが好きですか?	Sore ga sukidesu ka?
Short	I like it	私はそれが好きです	Watashi wa sore ga sukidesu
Short	I like it very much (i like it a lot)	とても好きです (とても好きです)	Totemo sukidesu (totemo sukidesu)

Short	I love it	大好きです	Daisukidesu
Short	I liked it	気に入った	Kiniitta
Short	I enjoy it	楽しいです	Tanoshidesu
Short	I enjoyed it	私はそれを楽しみました	Watashi wa sore o tanoshimimashita
Short	I appreciate it (i appreciate that)	感謝します/ 感謝 (する) (感謝します)	Kansha shimasu/ Kansha (suru) (kansha shimasu)
Short	I don't like it	私はそれが気に入りません	Watashi wa sore ga kiniirimasen
Short	I didn't like it	好きでありませんでした/ 気に入らなかった	Sukide wa arimasen deshita/ Kiniiranakatta
Short	I didn't like it so much	あまり好きでありませんでした/ あまり気に入らなかった	Amari suki dewa arimasendeshita/ Amari kiniiranakatta
Short	Is he? (He is)	彼ですか? (彼は)	Karedesu ka? (Kare wa)
Short	Did he? (He did)	そうですか? (彼がやった)	Sōdesu ka? (Kare ga yatta)
Short	Was he? (He was)	彼は? (彼がいた)	Kare wa? (Kare ga ita)
Short	Are you okay?/ I am alright	大丈夫ですか?/ 私は大丈夫です	Daijōbudesuka?/ Watashi wa daijōbudesu
Short	Enough please	(コーヒを, enough coffee etc.) 十分にお願ひします/ (コーヒを, enough coffee etc.) 十分にどうぞ	(kōhi o, enough coffee etc.) Jūbun ni onegaishimasu/ (kōhi o, enough coffee etc.) Jūbun ni dōzo
Short	I know	知っている	Shitte iru
Short	I don't know (I do not know it)	わかりません (知りません)	Wakarimasen (shirimasen)
Short	I have no idea (i don't know)	全く分からない (分からない)	Mattaku wakaranai (wakaranai)
Short	I see... (that's right; indeed)	なるほど (なる程/ 成る程/ 成程)	Naruhodo (naru hodo)
Short	Indeed so (indeed right)	まさにその通り	Masani sono tōri
Short	Just like that (quite so; I agree; that is so; that is right)	その通り (其の通り)/ そうです	Sonotōri (sono tōri)/ Sōdesu
Short	That's all	それで全部です/ それがすべてです (それが全てです)/ それだけです/ それでおしまい/ それだ/ 以上です/ これだ/ それはそれです	Sorede zenbudesu/ sore ga subetedesu/ sore dakedesu/ sore de oshimai/ sorede/ Ijōdesu/ Koreda/ Sore wa soresu
Short	That is a lie	それは嘘です	Sore wa usodesu
Short	That is incorrect	それは不正確です	Sore wa fuseikakudesu
Short	That's right! (Exactly! That is correct!)	それは正しいです! / それでおしまい! / そのとおりです (その通りです!)/ そうです * (ie. そうですね! , 'Is that so?' ! / それだけです!	Sore wa tadashī desu! / Sore de oshimai desu! / Sono tōridesu/ Sōdesu! * (ie. Sōdesune!, 'Is that so?' ! / Sore dakedesu!
Short	That is true	それは本当です	Sore wa hontōdesu
Short	What is it? (What was that?; What was that again?)	何だっけ (なんだっけ)?/ 何なのか (なになのか)?	Nandakke? * (What is it?; what was that?; what was that again?)/ Nanina no ka? * (what is it (that); the meaning of something; what something is about)

Short	What is that?/ What is this? (What is it?)	それは何ですか?/ これは何ですか?	Sorehanandesuka?/ Korehanandesuka?
Short	What is it about?	どんな内容ですか?/ それは何についてですか?/ 何なのか (なになのか)?	Don'na naiyōdesu ka?/ Sore wa nani ni tsuitedesu ka?/ Nanina no ka? * (what is it (that); the meaning of something; what something is about)
Short	What is it for? (what for?)	それはなんのためですか? (何のために?)	Sore wa nan no tamedesu ka? (Nan'notameni?)
Short	You're right	(あなたは) 正しいです ((あなたが) 正しいです)	(anata wa) Tadashīdesu ((anata ga) tadashīdesu) * (usually the Japanese quickly leave out personal pronouns such as I, me, you, he, his, we, us, etc.)
Short	Thank you (formal)	ありがとうございます (有難うございます)/ 全然です	Arigatōgozaimasu/ Zenzen desu * (can be used as a thank you reply to a compliment, as 'arigatou' may sound a bit selfish to the Japanese, so watch out with saying that/ used in negative sentence)
Short	Thank you (polite)	よろしくお願いします/ ありがとうございます (有難うございます)/ 全然です	Yoroshiku onegai shimasu (yoroshikuonegaishimasu)/ Arigatōgozaimasu/ Zenzen desu * (can be used as a thank you reply to a compliment, as 'arigatou' may sound a bit selfish to the Japanese, so watch out with saying that/ used in negative sentence)
Short	Thank you (very polite)	宜しくお願い致します (よろしくお願いいたします)/ 全然でございます	Yoroshiku onegai itashimasu (yoroshikuonegaiitashimasu)/ Zenzen degozaimasu * (can be used as a thank you reply to a compliment, as 'arigatou' may sound a bit selfish to the Japanese, so watch out with saying that/ used in negative sentence)
Short	Thank you very much	どうもありがとうございました	Dōmo arigatōgozaimashita
Short	Thanks (informal)	ありがとう (有り難う)/ どうも/ 全然	Arigatō/ Dōmo/ Zenzen * (can be used as a thank you reply to a compliment, as 'arigatou' may sound a bit selfish to the Japanese, so watch out with saying that/ used in negative sentence)
Short	Thanks to you I am fine	お陰様で元気です	Okagesamade genkidesu
Short	Thank you for letting me know (thank you for the information)	お知らせいただきありがとうございます	Oshirase itadaki arigatōgozaimasu
Short	Thanks for everything (thank you for everything)	すべてに感謝します (すべてに感謝します)	Subete ni kansha shimasu (subete ni kansha shimasu)
Short	You are welcome	どういたしまして	Dōitashimashite
Short	Anytime (ie. reply to thank you)	いつでも (何時でも)/ いつでもどうぞ (つまり, お礼の返信)	Itsudemo/ Itsu demo dōzo (tsumari, orei no henshin)

Short	Here you go (There you go)	さあ、どうぞ/ さて、どうぞ/ どうぞ (さあ、どうぞ)	Sā, dōzo/ Sate, dōzo/ Dōzo (sā, dōzo)
Short	Here you are (please!)	はい、どうぞ/ お願いします！	Hai, dōzo/ Onegaishimasu!
Short	Go ahead (go forward, please proceed)	どうぞ (どうぞお進みください; 進みます; 進んでください)	Dōzo (dōzo o susumi kudasai; susumimasu; susunde kudasai)
Short	Go on (continue; proceed)	続ける (続ける; 進む)	Tsudzukeru (tsudzukeru; susumu)
Short	Be my guest (go ahead)	私のゲストになってください/ どうぞご自由に (どうぞ)	Watashi no gesuto ni natte kudasai * (please be my guest)/ Dōzo gojiyūni * (please feel free (to); (do) just as you like) (dōzo)
Short	As you please (do as one pleases)	あなたの好きなように (好きなようにしてください)	Anata no sukina yō ni (sukina yō ni shite kudasai)
Short	As you like (do as you like)	好きなように (好きなようにして)	Sukina yō ni (sukina yō ni shite)
Short	As you wish (do as you wish)	あなたの望むように (あなたの望むようにしてください)	Anata no nozomu yō ni (anata no nozomu yō ni shite kudasai)
Short	Please do as you like (please do as you wish)	ご自由にどうぞ (ご自由にどうぞ)	Go jiyū ni dōzo (gojiyūni dōzo)
Short	Can I help you? (can I assist you?)	いかがなさいましたか?/ お手伝いできますか?/ 手伝ってもいいですか?/ 手伝うことができますか?/ お手伝いしましょうか?/ 何か手伝うことある? (手伝ってもいいですか?)	Ikaga nasaimashita ka? * (how may I help you? ; polite)/ Otetsudai dekimasu ka?/ Tetsudatte mo īdesu ka?/ Tetsudau koto ga dekimasu ka?/ Otetsudai shimashou ka? * (may I help you?)/ Nani ka tetsudau koto aru? * (is there anything I can help you with?/ is there anything I can do to help you?) (Tetsudatte mo īdesu ka?) * (you can add 'me' or 'you' in the sentences if you like so that it is more clear if you need help (anata wa/ watashi ga) or if you would like to help someone (watashi wa/ anata ga). But usually these words are left out in Japanese as they sound too strong in the sentence. You can see in the context/ situation of the moment if you need to ask help or if you would like to help someone)
Short	Can you help me? (can you assist me?)	手伝うことができますか?/ 手伝ってもらえますか?/ 助けてもらえますか?/ 手伝って頂けますか? (手伝ってもらえますか?)	Tetsudau koto ga dekimasu ka?/ Tetsudatte moraemasu ka?/ Tasukete moraemasu ka?/ Tetsudatte itadakemasu ka? * Humble) (Tetsudatte moraemasu ka?) * (you can add 'me' or 'you' in the sentences if you like so that it is more clear if you need help (anata wa/ watashi ga) or if you would like to help someone (watashi wa/ anata ga). But usually these words are left out in Japanese as they sound too strong in the sentence. You can see in the context/ situation of the moment if you need to ask help or if you would like to help someone)

Short	Allow me (let me please)	許可してください (許可してください/ (Verb stem +) せてください/ させてください)	Kyoka shite kudasai (kyoka shite kudasai/ (Verb stem +) Sete kudasai * (please let me)/ Sa sete kudasai * (let me try; let me do))
Short	Don't worry	心配ない * (informal)/ 心配ありません * (polite)	Shinpai nai * (informal)/ Shinpai arimasen * (polite)
Short	Everything okay?	大丈夫ですか？	Daijōbudesuka?
Short	Everything is okay (everything is fine)	すべては大丈夫です (すべては大丈夫です)	Subete wa daijōbudesu (subete wa daijōbudesu)
Short	Everything is well (everything is fine)	すべてが上手く行っています/ すべてがよろしいです/ すべてが順調です/ 万事順調	Subete ga umaku itte imasu/ Subete ga yoroshidesu/ Subete ga junchōdesu/ Banji junchō
Short	I don't understand (I do not understand)	分かりません (わかりません)/ 分からない (わからない)	Wakarimasen (wakarimasen) * (polite)/ Wakaranai * (regular)
Short	I don't get it	理解できません/ 分かりません (わかりません)/ 分からない (わからない)/ 意味がわかりません	Rikai dekimasen/ Wakarimasen * (polite)/ Wakaranai * (regular)/ Imi ga wakarimasen
Short	It is nothing	それは何でもありません	Sore wa nani demo arimasen
Short	Let's get back to work	仕事に戻りましょう/ 仕事に戻ろう	Shigoto ni modorimashou * (formal)/ Shigoto ni modorou * (informal)
Short	Let's get going (let's go; let's get started)	行きましょう/(さあ,) 始めましょう/ さあ行こう	Ikimashou/ (Sā,) hajimemashou/ Sāikō
Short	Let me know	知らせて	Shirasete
Short	Please let me know	ご連絡ください	Go-renraku kudasai
Short	Come on! (Let's go!)	来て!/ いい加減にして! (さあ行こう!/ 行きましょう!/ 行きます!)	Kite!/ Īkagen'ni shite! (Sāikō!/ Ikimashou!/ Ikimasu!)
Short	Mind if i...?	よろしいでしょうか...?	Yoroshiideshouka...?
Short	Never mind (I don't care)	どうでも/ 気にしない(で)/ 気にしないでください/ ネバーマインド/ 気にするな	Dō demo/ Kinishinai (de)/ Kinishinaide kudasai/ Nebāmaindo/ Kinisuruna
Short	No big deal (nothing special)	大したことない/ 大したことのない/ 特別なことではない/ 特別なことじゃない	Taishitakotonai/ Taishita koto no nai/ Tokubetsuna kotode wanai/ Tokubetsuna koto janai
Short	No problem	問題がありません/ 問題ない	Mondai ga arimasen/ Mondainai
Short	No, thank you ('I am fine')	(いいえ、) 結構です * (polite refusal)/ いいえ、ありがとうございます	(Īe,) kekkōdesu* (polite refusal)/ ĩe, arigatōgozaimasu

Short	Not at all (not in the least)	全然/ 何とも (なんとも)/ とんでもない/ いいえ/ 全くありません/ 全くない/ 些とも (ちっとも)/ 到底 (とうてい)/ 毛頭/ どう致しまして (どういたしまして)/ まったくそうではありません (少なくともそうではありません)	Zenzen * (can be used as a thank you reply to a compliment, as 'arigatou' may sound a bit selfish to the Japanese, so watch out with saying that/ used in negative sentence)/ Nantomo * (used with negative verb)/ Tondemonai/ Īe/ Mattaku arimasen/ Mattaku nai/ Chitomo/ Tōtei/ Mōtō * (used in negative sentence)/ Dōitashimashite * (not at all as in 'you're welcome; don't mention it')/ Mattaku sōde wa arimasen (Sukunakutomo sōde wa arimasen * (not in the least))
Short	Nothing much (not much)	あまり何もない (あまりない)	Amari nanimonai (amari nai)
Short	Nothing special	特別なことではありません/ 特にない	Tokubetsuna kotode wa arimasen/ Tokuni nai
Short	Please continue (continue please; please proceed)	続けてください (続けてください)	Tsudzukete kudasai (tsudzukete kudasai)
Short	Tell me (please tell me; so tell me)	教えてください (教えてください、だから教えてください)	Oshietekudasai (oshietekudasai, dakara oshietekudasai)
Short	Understood (I understand)	分かりました (わかりました) * (formal)/ 分かった (わかった) * (informal) (よし)/ 理解しました/ 委細心得ました * (very polite)	Wakarimashita * (formal)/ Wakatta * (informal) (Yoshi)/ Rikai shimashita/ / Isai kokoroemashita* (very polite)
Short	What a mess	なんて混乱だ	Nante konranda
Short	Roger (understood; OK)	了解 (する)/ ロジャー/ 合点承知之助	Ryōkai (suru)/ Rojā/ Gatten shōchinosuke
Short	Excuse me	すみません (済みません)	Sumimasen
Short	Pardon me	ごめんなさい (御免なさい)	Gomen'nasai
Short	I am sorry (formal)	申し訳ございません/ ごめんなさいです (御免なさいです) (正式)/ 申し訳ありません/ 恐れ入ります	Mōshiwakegozaimasen/ Gomen'nasai desu (seishiki)/ Mōshiwakearimasen/ Osoreirimasu * (to be sorry; to beg pardon; to be much obliged; to feel small)
Short	I'm sorry (Informal)	ごめんなさい (御免なさい) (非公式)/ 申し訳ない/ 恐れ入る	Gomen'nasai (hikōshiki)/ Mōshiwakenai/ Osoreiru * (to be sorry; to beg pardon; to be much obliged; to feel small)
Short	Can you please...? (Can you do me a favour)?	お願いできますか?	Onegai dekimasu ka?
Short	Excuse me for disturbing (bothering)	お騒がせしてすみません/ 邪魔してすみません/ 迷惑をかけてごめんなさい/ 邪魔して申し訳ありません/ お手数をおかけしてすみません	O sawagase shite sumimasen/ Jama shite sumimasen/ Meiwaku o kakete gomen'nasai/ jama shite mōshiwakearimasen/ Otesū o okake shite sumimasen
Short	Oh man!	ああ、なんてことだ!	Aa, nante koto da!
Short	Oh no!	ああ、いや!	Aa, iya!
Short	Oh god!	ああ、神様!	Aa, kamisama!

Short	Oops! (Darn it)	仕舞った/ 仕舞うた/ あっちゃ/ おっと/ うわ/ ウップス/ おとっと! (くそっ)	Shimatta/ Shimauta/ Atcha/ Otto/ Uwa/ Uppusu/ Ottotto! (Kuso ~tsu)
Short	We are on time	(我々は) 時間通りです/ (我々は) 間に合う (我々は) 間に合います)	(wareware wa) Jikan-dōridesu/ (wareware wa) Maniau ((wareware wa) maniaimasu)
Short	I am late	私は遅刻だ/ 私は遅れました	Watashi wa chikokuda/ Watashi wa okuremashita
Short	A fast car	速い車	Hayai kuruma
Short	The car is slow	車が遅いです	Kuruma ga osoi desu
Short	I am so sorry	申し訳ありません	Mōshiwakearimasen
Short	I am very sorry	申し訳ございませんでした	Mōshiwakegozaimasendeshita
Short	I apologize (I am sorry)	申し訳ございません/ 謝罪 (する/ します)/ 申し訳ありません	Mōshiwakegozaimasen/ Shazai (suru/ shimasu)/ Mōshiwakearimasen
Short	I made a mistake	私は間違えました	Watashi wa machigaemashita
Short	I was wrong (I made a mistake)	(私は) 間違いました/ 違いました * (from 違う, literally: 'to be wrong')/ 誤りました/ 私は間違っていた/ 私は違いました/ 私は失敗しました	(Watashi wa) Machigaimashita/ Chigaimashita* (from chigau, literally: 'to be wrong')/ Ayamarimashita/ Watashi wa machigatte ita/ Watashi wa chigaimashita/ Watashi wa shippai shimashita
Short	I'm very sorry (to have neglected someone after a long time; ie. by not writing etc.)	(大変) ご無沙汰しております	(Taihen) gobusatashiteorimasu
Short	By mistake	誤って	Ayamatte
Short	Sorry about it (i am sorry about it)	申し訳ありません (申し訳ありません)	Moushiwake arimasen (moushiwake arimasen)
Short	Sorry for being late (i am sorry for being late)	遅れてすみません (遅れてすみません)	Okurete sumimasen (okurete sumimasen)
Short	Sorry I have forgotten our appointment	約束を忘れてしまいました	Yakusoku o wasurete shimaimashita
Short	I would like ... (polite)	...をお願いします	... o Onegai shimasu (onegaishimasu)
Short	I would like (I'd like; I want)	欲しいです (ほしいです)/ 私は verb stem+たいと思います/ Verb stem+たいのですが/ 私はverb stem+たいです	Hoshīdesu/ Watashi wa verb stem +tai to omoimasu/ Verb stem +tai nodesuga/ Watashi wa verb stem + taidesu
Short	I want ...	...が欲しいです	.. Ga hoshīdesu
Short	Please	お願いします/ ください	Onegai shimasu (onegaishimasu) * (humble language)/ Kudasai * (normal language, but can sound impolite to people you don't know and also to people of higher social status than you)
Short	Please forgive me (i'm sorry)	ご免ください (ごめんください/ 御免下さい)/ 許してください/ お許ください	Gomen kudasai (gomenkudasai)/ Yurushitekudasai/ O yurushi kudasai

Short	Please wait (please wait a bit; please wait a minute)	お待ちください (少々お待ちください)/ ちょっとだけ待ってください/ ちょっと待ってください/ 少しだけです/ ちょっとだけです	Omachikudasai (shōshōomachikudasai)/ Chotto dake mattekudasai/ Chottomattekudasai (chotto matte kudasai)/ Sukoshi dakedesu/ Chotto dakedesu
Short	Hold on! (Hang on! Give me a second! Just a moment!)	持続(する)! (ちょっと待って! ちょっと待って! ! ちょっと待って!)	Jizoku (suru)! (Chottomatte! Chottomatte! Chottomatte!)
Short	Just a moment	ちょっとまってください (ちょっと待ってください)	Chotto matte kudasai (chottomattekudasai)
Short	Wait a moment	ちょっと待って	Chotto matte
Short	Yes, please	はい, お願いします	Hai, onegaishimasu
Short	Not now please	今はしないでください/ 今はだめです、お願いします/ 今はやめてください/ 今じゃない/ ...(し)ないでください	Ima wa shinaide kudasai * (please don't do it now)/ Ima wa damedesu, onegaishimasu * (polite form)/ Ima wa yamete kudasai * (please stop now; please quit now)/ Ima janai * (tells someone just 'not now', also no please/ kudasai extension is used, which may sound very rude)/ ... (shi)naide kudasai * (request not to do anything, like for example please do not come 'konaide kudasai' or please do not visit 'hōmon shinaide kudasai'. If the verb is a To do/ 'suru' verb, then use shinaide, else use the negative verb stem (ie. kuru - to come/ konai) and add '+de kudasai extension')
Short	It's a pleasure	喜んで	Yorokonde
Short	With pleasure	喜んで	Yorokonde
Short	Please do ... (please take care of ...) * (polite)	...をよろしくお願いします	... o Yoroshiku onegai shimasu (... o yoroshikuonegaishimasu)
Short	Please do ... (please take care of ...) * (very polite)	...を宜しくお願い致します (よろしく願ひいたします)	... o Yoroshiku onegaii tashimasu (... o yoroshikuonegaītashimasu)
Short	It is too (it is also; is too; is also)	それものです (それものです; もです; もです)	Sore modesu (sore modesu; modesu; modesu)
Short	It is not	そうではない	Sōde wanai
Short	Up to you (it's up to you; it is up to you)	あなた次第 (それはあなた次第; それはあなた次第)	Anata shidai (sore wa anata shidai; sore wa anata shidai)
Eat&Drink	I am hungry	お腹が空いた/ お腹が空きました	Onakagasuita/ Onaka ga akimashita
Eat&Drink	I am thirsty	のどが渴きました/ 喉が渴いた	Nodo ga kawakimashita/ Nodo ga kawaita
Eat&Drink	I am full (I have had enough)	満腹です (もう十分です/ お腹いっぱいです)	Manpukudesu (mō jūbundesu/ Onaka-ippaidesu)
Eat&Drink	Bon appetit! (Enjoy the meal)	戴きます!/ 召し上がれ!/ どうぞお召し上がりください!	Itadakimasu!/ Meshiagare! /Dōzo omeshiagarikudasai! (dōzo o meshiagari kudasai!)
Eat&Drink	Enjoy your meal	どうぞお召し上がりください/ お食事をお楽しみください/ お食事を楽しんでください	Dōzo omeshiagarikudasai/ O shokuji o o tanoshimi kudasai/ O shokuji o tanoshinde kudasai

Eat&Drink	Cheers!	乾杯!	Kanpai!
Eat&Drink	Thank you for the meal	ごちそうさまでした (ご馳走様でした/ ご馳走さまでした)	Gochisōsamadeshita
Eat&Drink	Go for a coffee (going to get a coffee)	コーヒーを飲みに行く	Kōhī o nomi ni iku
Eat&Drink	What would you like to drink?	飲み物は何にしますか?	Nomimono wa nani ni shimasu ka?
Eat&Drink	What would you like to have?	あなたは何が食べたいですか?	Anata wa nani ga tabetaidesu ka?
Eat&Drink	What do you want? (What would you like?)	なんでしょう? (あなたは何をしたい?)	Nan deshou? (Anata wa nani o shitai?)
Eat&Drink	Can i have some coffee? (May I have some coffee?/ Can I get some coffee?)	コーヒーを飲んでもいいですか? (コーヒーを飲んでもいいですか?/ コーヒーを飲んでもいいですか?)	Kōhī o nonde mo īdesu ka? (Kōhī o nonde mo īdesu ka? / Kōhī o nonde mo īdesu ka?)
Eat&Drink	Can you bring some tea?	お茶を持ってきてもらえますか?	Ocha o motte kite moraemasu ka?
Eat&Drink	I am going to get a drink	お酒を飲みに行く	O sake o nomi ni iku
Eat&Drink	I would like to have some coffee (I would like to get some coffee)	コーヒーを飲みたいです (コーヒーを飲みたいです)	Kōhī o nomitaidesu (Kōhī o nomitaidesu)
Eat&Drink	I would like to see the menu (can I see the menu?)	メニューが見たいです	Menyū ga mitaidesu
Short	Help!	助けて! / ヘルプ!	Tasukete! / Herupu!
Short	Fire!	火! / 火事!	Hi! / Kaji!
Short	Police!	警察!	Keisatsu!
Short	Thief!	泥棒!	Dorobō!
Short	Doctor!	医者!	Isha!
Short	Run!	走る!	Hashiru!
Short	Good luck!	幸運を!	Kōun o!
Short	Best of luck to you!	頑張ってください!	Ganbattekudasai!
Short	Success!	成功(です)!	Seikō (desu)!
Short	Pay attention!	注意を払う! / 注意してください!	Chūiwoharau! / Chūi shite kudasai!
Short	Enjoy!	楽しみ! / 楽しい!	Tanoshimi! / Tanoshī!
Short	Relax!	リラックスしてください! / リラックス!	Rirakkusushitekudasai! / Rirakkusu!
Short	Take it easy (take it slowly)	ゆっくりしてください/(お) 元気で/ 元気でね (ゆっくりしてください)	Yukkuri shite kudasai/ (o) Genkide/ Genkide ne (yukkuri shite kudasai)
Short	Have a good time!	楽しい時間をお過ごしください!	Tanoshī jikan o osugoshi kudasai!
Short	Have fun!	楽しむ! / 楽しんで!	Tanoshimu! / Tanoshinde!
Short	Do your best!	頑張ってください! / がんばってね!	Ganbattekudasai! / Ganbatte ne!
Short	Wish you all the best	ご多幸をお祈り申し上げます	Go takō o oinori mōshiagemasu

Short	Look! (Look here!)	見て(ここ見て)!/ ほら! (こっち見て)!	Mite! (koko mite!)/ Hora! (kotchi mite!)
Short	Look out!	外を見る!	Soto o miru!
Short	Please look (please see)	ご覧ください/ 見てください/ 参照してください/ ほら	Goran kudasai/ Mitekudasai/ Sanshō shite kudasai/ Hora * (very informal, means 'look!')
Short	Watch out!	気を付けて!	Ki o tsukete!
Short	It looks good (it looks nice)	よく見えます/ 良さそうです	Yoku miemasu/ Yo-sa-sōdesu
Short	Oh my God/ Oh my God	オーマイゴッド/ オーマイゴッド	ōmaigoddo/ ōmaigoddo
Short	Be careful!	気をつけて(気を付けて)!	Kiwotsukete! (Ki wo tsukete!)
Short	Behold!	見よ!	miyo!
Short	Beware (beware of)	注意(する)/ 用心(する)(注意 する)/ 用心(する))	Chūi (suru)/ Yōjin (suru) (chūi (suru)/ yōjin (suru))
Short	Calm down	落ち着く	Ochitsuku
Short	Get well soon! (Take care of yourself)	お大事に	Odaijini
Short	Go away!	どこかに行って!	Doko ka ni itte!
Short	God bless you	神のお恵みがありますように	Kami no o megumi ga arimasu yō ni
Short	Get lost!	迷子になる!	Maigoninaru!
Short	Hurry up (hurry)	急いで/ 其々/ 其れ其れ(急いで)	Isoide * (hurriedly; in haste; in a rush; quickly/ hurry up!; quickly!; get going!)/ Soso soso * (come on; hurry up; chop chop)/ Sore sore (sorezore) * (come on; hurry up; chop chop) (isoide)
Short	Just kidding	冗談です	Jōdan desu
Short	Just joking	ただの冗談	tada no jōdan
Short	Be quiet!	静かにして!/ 静かにしてください!	Shizukani shite!/ Shizukani shite kudasai!
Short	Shut up!	黙れ!/ うるさい!	Damare!/ Urusai!
Short	Cut it out!	やめて!	Yamete!
Short	Stop it! (Please stop!/ Stop doing that!)	やめてください! (やめてください!/ そんなことは やめてください!)	Yamete kudasai! (yamete kudasai! / sonna koto wa yamete kudasai!)
Short	Quit it! (Please quit!)	やめてください! (やめてください!)	Yamete kudasai! (yamete kudasai!)
Short	I give up (i quit)	あきらめる	Akirameru
Short	Don't give up (don't quit)	諦めないで (やめないで)	Akiramenai de (yamenai de)
Short	We will see (we'll see)	見てみましょう/ 見てみよう/ 様子を見よう (見てみましょう)	Mite mimashou * (let's see, normal formality)/ Mite miyou * (let's see, more informal)/ Yōsu o miyou (mite mimashou)
Short	Let's see	見てみよう	Mite miyō
Short	We will see about that (we will see about it)	それについては後で確認します (後で確認します)	Sore ni tsuite wa ato de kakunin shimasu (ato de kakunin shimasu)
Short	Who knows	誰が知る/ 知るか (よ!)/ 知ってる人	Dare ga shiru/ Shiruka (yo!)/ Shitteru hito
Short	As planned	計画通り/ 矢張り (やっぱり)/ さすが (流石)	Keikakudōri/ Yappari/ Sasuga
Short	By no means (never!)	真逆 (です)	Magyaku (desu)

Short	Congratulations!	おめでとう (御目出度う) (ございます * (polite))!/ 寿 (ことぶき)/ 万丈/ 万歳 (する)	Omedetō (gozaimasu * (add the extension 'gozamiasu' to make it more polite))!/ Kotobuki * (means 'congratulations; felicitations; best wishes', but also means 'longevity; long life')/ Banjō * (hurrah!; long life; congratulations; full vent)/ Banzai (suru) * (means 'banzai; hurrah; hurrah; hooray/ something to cheer about; something worthy of celebration/ giving up; throwing one's hands up', but also means 'eternal life and prosperity')
Short	Good point of view (nice perspective; good point)	いい視点ね/ 良い点	Ī shiten ne/ Yoi ten
Short	Hurray!	万歳 (する)!/ やったー!	Banzai (suru)/ Yattaa!
Short	Happy birthday!	お誕生日おめでとう!	Otanjōbiomedetō!
Short	Happy new year!	明けましておめでとうございます! / 明けましておめでとう!	Akemashiteomedetōgozaimasu!/ Akemashiteomedetō!
Short	Merry christmas!	メリークリスマス!	Merī kurisumasu!
Short	New years eve	大晦日/ 除夜	Ōmisoka/ Joya
Short	New year's resolutions	新年の抱負	Shinnen no hōfu
Short	It is boring	それは退屈です/ それはつまらないです (それは詰まらないです)	Sore wa taikutsudesu/ Sore wa tsumaranaidesu
Short	It is cheap	安いです	Yasuidesu
Short	It's complicated	複雑	Fukuzatsu
Short	It is difficult (it is hard; it is tough)	大変です (大変です; 大変です)	Taihendesu (taihendesu; taihendesu)
Short	It is difficult to do	やるのは難しい	Yaru no wa muzukashī
Short	It is easy (it is simple; it is not complicated)	簡単です (簡単です; 複雑ではありません)	Kantandesu (kantandesu; fukuzatsude wa arimasen)
Short	It is emotional	感情的です	Kanjō-tekidesu
Short	It is exciting	それは興奮します/ 興奮です/ 刺激的です/ ワクワク (する)	Sore wa kōfun shimasu/ Kōfundesu/ Shigeki- tekidesu/ Wakuwaku (suru)
Short	It is expensive	高いです/ 高価です	Takaidesu/ Kōkadesu
Short	It is fast	速いです	Hayaidesu
Short	It is funny	それは面白いです	Sore wa omoshiroidesu
Short	It is important	大事です	Daijidesu
Short	It is impossible (it is not possible)	ありえない (ありえない)	Arienai (arienai)
Short	It is not possible (there is no way; it is impossible)	仕方がない/ 仕方ない/ それは不可能です (方法がない; 不可能です)	Shikataganai/ Shikatanai * (informal)/ Sore wa fukanōdesu (Hōhō ga nai; Fukanōdesu)
Short	It is interesting	それは面白いです	Sore wa omoshiroidesu
Short	It is misleading	誤解を招く	Gokaiwomaneku
Short	It is obvious	それは明らかです	Sore wa akiraka desu
Short	It is possible	可能です	Kanōdesu

Short	It's possible that ... (is it possible that?)	それは可能ですか?/ その可能性はありますか?/ 可能ですか?/もししたら... (そんな可能性はありますか?)	Sore wa kanōdesu ka?/ Sono kanōsei wa arimasu ka?/ Kanōdesu ka?/ Moshika shitara... * (maybe...?; perhaps ...?) (Son'na kanōsei wa arimasu ka?)
Short	It is sad	悲しいです	Kanashī desu
Short	It is strange	不思議ですね	Fushigidesu ne
Short	That's odd (that's strange)	それはおかしい (おかしい)	Sore wa okashii (Okashii)
Short	It is slow	遅いです	Osoidesu
Short	It is considered	それは考えられています	Sore wa kangae rarete imasu
Short	That is crazy	それはおかしい	Sore wa okashii
Short	That is sad	それは悲しいです	Sore wa kanashīdesu
Short	That is so strange	それはとても奇妙です	Sore wa totemo kimyou desu
Short	This is scary	これは怖いです	Kore wa kowaidesu
Short	What a surprise (it is a surprise)	なんとも驚きです (驚きです)	Nantomo odorokidesu (odorokidesu)
Short	I am curious about it	それについて興味があります	Sore ni tsuite kyōmigārimasu
Short	I am glad	私は嬉しいです	Watashi wa ureshīdesu
Short	I am interested in it (it seems interesting; it sounds interesting)	興味があります (面白そうです; 面白そうです)	Kyōmigārimasu (omoshiro-sōdesu; omoshiro-sōdesu)
Short	It is well-thought of (it is well thought about)	よく考えられている (よく考えられている)	Yoku kangae rarete iru (yoku kangae rarete iru)
Short	It looks like fun	楽しそう	Tanoshisō
Short	It seems like fun	楽しそう	Tanoshisō
Short	It sounds good	いいですね	Ii desu ne
Short	It sounds like fun	楽しそう	Tanoshisō
Short	It sounds reasonable	合理的に聞こえる	Gouriteki ni kikoeru
Short	It sounds strange	奇妙に聞こえる	Kimyou ni kikoeru
Short	I guess so (I think so; maybe)	たぶんそうだ/ そう思う/ そうみたいです	Tabun sōda/ Sō omou/ Sō mitaidesu * (it seems so; I guess so)
Short	It seems so (it looks like that)	ようです (様です) * (less certain, from rumours)/ そのようです/ そうらしい (です)/ そうみたいです	Yōdesu * (less certain, can be from rumours, not much from own observation)/ Sono yōdesu/ Sōrashī (desu)/ Sō mitaidesu * (it seems so; I guess so)
Short	I suppose you are right (I guess you are right)	あなたは正しいと思います (私はあなたが正しいと思います)	Anata wa tadashii to omoimasu (watashi wa anata ga tadashii to omoimasu)
Short	It was done (done!; it was finished!)	されました/ 終わりました/ 終了されました/ 完成されました/ 済み (済/ ずみ)です	Saremashita/ Owarimashita/ Shūryō sa remashita/ Kansei sa remashita/ Zumi desu
Short	I wonder why (I am wondering why)	どうしてだろう (どうしてだろう)	Dōshitedarou (dōshitedarou)
Short	It's unavoidable (there is no other way; it cannot be helped; it cannot be prevented)	仕様が無い (仕様が無い/ しょうがない) * (formal)/ 仕方が無い (仕方が無い) * (informal)	Shiyōganai * (formal)/ shikataganai * (informal)

Short	I've had it up to here with you!	もうわしは怒ったぞ	Mō washi wa okotta zo!
Short	I agree	同意します	Dōi shimasu
Short	I'd say so	そう思う	Sō omou
Short	I certainly say so	確かにそう思う	Tashika ni sō omou
Short	I do not agree (I don't agree)	同意しません (同意しません)	Dōi shimasen (dōi shimasen)
Short	I disagree	違います * (from 違う, literally: 'it is different')	Chigaimasu* (from chigau, literally: 'it is different')
Short	It's okay (it is okay; I agree; I do agree)	大丈夫です (大丈夫です; 同意します; 同意します)	Daijōbudesu (daijōbudesu; dōi shimasu; dōi shimasu)
Short	I totally agree	全くもって同じ意見です	Mattaku motte onaji iken desu
Short	Just right	ちょうどいい (ちょうど良い/ 丁度いい/ 丁度良い/ 丁度よい)	Chōdo ī
Short	Just about right	ちょうどいいくらい	Chōdo ī kurai
Short	Just think about it	ちょっと考えてみる	chotto kangaete miro
Short	Make yourself at home	お寛ぎ下さい/ 自宅にいるように	O kutsurogi kudasai/ Jitaku ni iru yō ni
Short	My condolences/ my deepest condolences	謹んでお悔やみ申し上げます/ 心よりお悔やみ申し上げます	Tsutsushinde okuyamimōshiagemasu/ kokoroyori okuyamimōshiagemasu
Short	That is a shame (that is a pity)	それは残念です (それは残念です)	Sore wa zan'nendesu (sore wa zan'nendesu)
Short	That is life	それは人生です	Sore wa jinseidesu
Short	That is so (that seems so)	そうです (ね)/ そうだ	Sōdesu (ne) * (more certain, from own obervation/ polite/ 'isn't it?'; you can add 'ne' for extra stress) * (more certain than 'yōdesu', from own obervation)/ Sōda * (regular)
Short	That is to say	つまり	Tsumari
Short	You can't be serious	本気じゃないだろう	honki ja nai darou
Short	You can't do that (you cannot do that)	それはできません (それはできません)	Soreha dekimasen (soreha dekimasen)
Short	You got it	わかりました	Wakarimashita
Short	Well done	よくできた	yoku dekita
Short	Well done! (good work!)	素晴らしい!/ 善哉!/ 良くしました! (よくしました) (良くした!)/ 良くやった! (よくやった) (よくやりました!)/ よくできました (良くできました)/ 天晴れ! * (literally means: clear skies)	Subarashī! / Zenzai! / Yoku shimashita! (Yoku shita!)/ Yoku yatta! (Yoku yarimashita!)/ Yoku dekimashita/ Ten hare! * (literally means: clear skies)
Short	Well said (well spoken)	よく言われる (よく言われる)	Yoku iwa reru (yoku iwa reru)
Short	Well spoken	よく話す	yoku hanasu

Short	Bravo	ブラボー/(お) 見事 (お美事/ おみごと)(です/ な)/ 天晴れ(な)/ やんや(の/ と)/ 善哉/ ようよう/ 良くやった/ 善哉善哉	Burabō * (from Italian)/ (o) Migoto (desu/ na) * ('well done!; bravo' when saying 'o migoto' and 'splendid; magnificent; excellent; fine; superb; beautiful; admirable' when saying 'migoto desu')/ Ten hare (na) * (splendid; praiseworthy; admirable; brilliant/ well done!; bravo!)/ Yan ya (no/ to) * (hooray!; cheers!; bravo!/ loud (e.g. applause); enthusiastic; tumultuous)/ Zenzai * (well done!; bravo!)/ Yōyō * (hullo there!; way to go!; bravo!)/ Yoku yatta * (well done!; good job!; good work!; you did it!; bravo!)/ Zenzai zenzai * (well done!; great!; bravo!)
Short	Good work! (good job!)	よくできました! (よくできました!)	Yoku dekimashita! (yoku dekimashita!)
Short	That's a pity	それは残念だ	sore wa zan'nenda
Short	What a pity!	残念です! / お気の毒に! / なんと残念なことでしょう!	Zan'nendesu! / O kinodoku ni! / Nanto zan'nen'na kotodeshou!
Conv1	Do you speak X?	Xを話しますか?	X o hanashimasu ka?
Conv1	I can speak a little X	私は少し話すことができますX	Watashi wa sukoshi hanasu koto ga dekimasu X
Conv1	I speak a little X	私は少しXを話します	Watashi wa sukoshi X o hanashimasu
Conv1	Do you understand?	わかりますか?	Wakarimasu ka?
Conv1	I understand you	私はあなたの言う事が分かります	Watashi wa anata no iu koto ga wakarimasu
Conv1	Can you say that again?	もう一度言ってもらえますか?/ もう一度言っていただけますか?/ もう一度言ってください/ それを繰り返してくれませんか?	Mōichido itte moraemasu ka?/ Mōichido itte itadakemasu ka?/ Mōichidoittekudasai/ Sore o kurikaeshite kuremasen ka? * (could you please repeat that?)
Conv1	Can you repeat that? (could you repeat that?)	もう一度言っていただけますか? (もう一度言っていただけますか?)	Mōichido itte itadakemasu ka? (mōichido itte itadakemasu ka?)
Conv1	What are you talking about?	何の話をしているの?	Nani no hanashi o shite iru no?
Conv1	Nice to hear	それはいい(です)	Sore wa ī (desu)
Conv1	Good to hear	聞いて良かった	Kiite yokatta
Conv1	Good to know (useful information)	知っておくと良い/ 知っておくと便利/ お役立ち情報	Shitte okuto yoi/ Shitte okuto benri/ O yakudachi jōhō
Writing	For your information	参考までに	Sankō made ni
Writing	Dear (person)	拝啓	Haikai
Writing	Please refer to the following	以下をご参照ください	Ika o go sanshō kudasai
Writing	Please see below	下記をご参照ください	Kaki o go sanshō kudasai
Writing	Cordially	敬具	Keigu
Writing	Regards	よろしく (宜しく)	Yoroshiku

Writing	With kind regards	よろしく願いいたします/ よろしく願います	Yoroshikuonegaītashimasu * (very polite/ formal)/ Yoroshikuonegaishimasu * (polite/ formal)
Conv1	I learned x at school	私は学校でxを学びました	Watashi wa gakkō de x o manabimashita
Conv1	I learned it myself	自分で学んだ	Jibun de mananda
Conv1	I studied it at school	学校で勉強しました	Gakkō de benkyō shimashita
Conv1	I studied it myself	自分で勉強しました	Jibun de benkyō shimashita
Conv1	He can write something in this language	彼はこの言語で何かを書くことが できます	Kare wa kono gengo de nanika o kaku koto ga dekimasu
Conv1	I cannot read this very well	これはよく読めない	Kore wa yoku yomenai

Grammar Rules

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Grammar	Grammar rules with example sentences		
Grammar	Order of the words	Verb goes in the back of the sentence; the personal pronoun can be left out after the first sentence (as you know what you are talking about)	

Grammar	Characters	Scripture has entirely different letters as English and the Japanese have 3 (even 4 scriptures). These are: 1) Kanji (Chinese characters, example 出来る - dekiru, this verb 'to can' has the first 2 characters that are Kanji and the third character is hiragana), 2) Hiragana (their traditional letters, ie. できる/ Dekiru, the verb 'to can' - written entirely in hiragana), 3) Katakana (used to read foreign words, アップル/ Appuru - Apple) and 4) Romaji (our Western Alphabet, table, cat, dog, etc.) and they are often all used in one text and Japanese like this and find this modern and hip. Words can be written in all 4 of the scriptures using the respective letters. A second thing is that each Japanese consonant with the exception of the letter 'n', there must be a consonant. Hence Japanese people often have much difficulty in pronouncing West European words, like 'Amsterdam' then is 'アムステルダム/ Amusuterudamu' (note the vowel after every consonant)	

Grammar	Scripture	First, the Kanji scripture uses Chinese characters, though in Japanese they may have a different meaning, for example the word 切手/ Kitte - means 'stamp' in Japanese and exists of 2 characters, 'cut' and 'hand'. However, Chinese doesn't have this, so when a Chinese person is looking at the word without having any affinity with Japanese, he sees 'cut hand'. - Second, Kanji/ Chinese characters are a picture language that is interpreted in an emotional and symbolic way. A character like 日 means sun, but can also mean day (days) or date. And the pronunciation can even vary (hi or nichi) also depending on if it is linked with another kanji or written on itself or only with other hiragana characters. For example 日 (sun or day) is pronounced as 'hi', and the word 日記/ Nikki means diary and the character 日 is pronounced as 'ni'. However in the word 日曜日/ nichiyōbi which means 'sunday' it is pronounced as 'nichi'. This can be confusing. - Third, the Japanese can have simple kanji existing out of only	
Grammar	Pronunciation	Japanese pronunciation is usually 'flat' like west European, but note, they pronounce all letters and vowels. Also after each Japanese consonant with the exception of the letter 'n', there must be a consonant. Hence Japanese people often have much difficulty in pronouncing West European words, like 'Amsterdam' then is 'アムステルダム/ Amusuterudamu' (note the vowel after every consonant). Also there can be some kanji characters like ame (雨 - ame - rain/ 飴 - ame - candy) that have a slightly different intonation, though some Japanese pronounce them the same. Or longer sounds like 'fuu' as in 暴風/ Bōfū - Storm)	

Grammar	Formality	Japanese has a lot of formality levels, there are multiple pronouns and different verbs used depending on who you are talking to in society. One has to be careful to check that. The word 'desu' for a description and 'masu' at the end of the verb conjugation make up the regular politeness level. Even for the word 'to do' there can be many variations, for example the verb 'to do' can range from yaru * (to do informal), yarimasu * (informal, polite version), suru * (regular), shimasu * (polite version of suru), nasaru * (honorable/ polite), * nasaimasu (polite version of nasaru), itasu * (honorable, mainly used on yourself that you will do something, itashimasu * (very honorable, polite version of itasu). And so on. Also when addressing someone it is good to use 'san' (sir/ madam)	
Grammar	Pronouns (I, you, he, we...)	They can be left away pretty quickly. It depends on the context of the sentence what the pronoun is. If you start a new topic or change a topic then it's good to mention the pronoun once. So in the first sentence you speak there should be a pronoun and later on when you change the subject/ topic of the conversation	
Grammar	Verb conjugations	Verbs do not conjugate, but change depending on politeness levels. For example '食べる/ taberu', to eat is a regular informal verb, '食べます/ tabemasu' is the polite form. It doesn't matter if you say I eat, you eat, we eat, it's the same.	
Grammar	Past tense	Past tense; verbs do not conjugate, but change depending on politeness levels	

Grammar	Polite/ Regular use of words/ verbs	Yes, different pronoun words can be used politely or regularly & people can be addressed by title (sir/ madam) (the Japanese lean heavily on different levels of politeness for many words for different levels of society. They do not often expect outsiders to know this but if you live longer in Japan for example they would expect you to know them)	
Grammar	Loan words	Many foreign words from different countries in katakana * (Appuru, tēburu, etc.). Be careful, some of them do not mean the same as you think they do. For example 'Arubaito' sounds like arbeit in German which normally means 'work', but in Japan it means 'part time job'	
Grammar	Question/ Sentence ending	The word か (ka) is used at the end of a sentence	
Grammar	Masculine/ Feminine/ Impartial Words	Not applicable	
Grammar	Cases (Nominative/ Genitive/ Dative/ Accusative/ Vocative/ Locative)	Not applicable	
Grammar	Grammar examples		
Grammar	The man is tall	その男は背が高い	Sono otoko wa segataikai
Grammar	The woman is tall	その女性は背が高いです	Sono josei wa segatakaidesu
Grammar	The man is smart	その男は賢い	Sono otoko wa kashikoi
Grammar	The woman is smart	女は賢いよ	On'na wa kashikoi yo
Grammar	The house is there	家はそこにあります	Ie wa soko ni arimasu
Grammar	I am at the house	私は家にいます	Watashi wa ie ni imasu
Grammar	I go to the house	私は家に行きます	Watashi wa ie ni ikimasu
Grammar	He stops by the house	彼は家に立ち寄ります	Kare wa ie ni tachiyorimasu
Grammar	It is from the house	家からです	Ie karadesu
Grammar	I give it to the house	家にあげます	Ie ni agemasu
Grammar	He goes by car	彼は車でいきます	Kare wa kuruma de ikimasu
Grammar	She goes by train	彼女は電車でいきます	Kanojo wa densha de ikimasu

Grammar	The meeting is at the library	会議は図書館です	Kaigi wa toshokandesu
Grammar	I go to my friend on friday	金曜日に友達のところに行きます	Kin'yōbi ni tomodachi no tokoro ni ikimasu
Grammar	I go to my friend by car on friday in the evening	金曜日の夕方に車で友達のところに行きます	Kin'yōbi no yūgata ni kuruma de tomodachi no tokoro ni ikimasu
Grammar	I go with my colleague at eight o'clock to his house	私は8時に同僚と一緒に彼の家に行きます	Watashi wa 8-ji ni dōryō to issho ni kare no ie ni ikimasu
Grammar	I go with my colleague at eight o'clock to his house to watch a movie	私は8時に同僚と一緒に彼の家に映画を見に行きます	Watashi wa 8-ji ni dōryō to issho ni kare no ie ni eiga o mi ni ikimasu
Grammar	A running man (a man who is running)	走る男 (走っている男性)	Hashiruotoko (hashitte iru dansei)
Grammar	A working machine (a machine at work)	作業機械 (働いている機械)	Sagyō kikai (hataraitte iru kikai)
Grammar	I am going to the store	お店に行きます	O-ten ni ikimasu
Grammar	It is in this building	この建物の中にあります	Kono tatemono no naka ni arimasu
Grammar	I am sitting at the table	私はテーブルに座っています	Watashi wa tēburu ni suwatte imasu
Grammar	There is an event at the library	図書館でイベントがあります	Toshokan de ibento ga arimasu
Grammar	I am going there by bus	私はバスでそこへ行きます	Watashi wa basu de soko e ikimasu
Grammar	The train goes from Amsterdam to Den Hague	列車はアムステルダムからデンハーグまで行きます	Ressha wa Amusuterudamu kara den hāgu made ikimasu
Grammar	The party is on Friday	パーティーは金曜日にあります	Pāti wa kin'yōbi ni arimasu
Grammar	I am going to visit my grandparents on Friday	私は金曜日に祖父母を訪ねるつもりです	Watashi wa kin'yōbi ni sofubo o tazuneru tsumoridesu
Grammar	I will leave on holiday at Friday evening	金曜日の夜に休日に出発します	Kin'yōbi no yoru ni kyūjitsu ni shuppatsu shimasu
Grammar	I will see him on Saturday at 2 o Clock in my house	土曜の2時に家で彼に会います	Doyō no 2-ji ni ie de kare ni aimasu
Grammar	I am coming to see my friend on Saturday evening at a local café	土曜の夜に友達に会いに地元のカフェに行く予定です	Doyō no yoru ni tomodachi ni ai ni jimoto no kafe ni iku yoteidesu
Grammar	I go to the store	私はお店に行きます	Watashi wa o-ten ni ikimasu
Grammar	He will go to the park	彼は公園に行きます	Kare wa kōen ni ikimasu
Grammar	We will go to our house	私たちは家に行きます	Watashitachiha-ka ni ikimasu
Grammar	He can do the work	彼はその仕事ができます	Kare wa sono shigotogadekiru
Grammar	She can go to the cinema tomorrow	彼女は明日映画館に行くことができます	Kanojo wa ashita eigakan ni iku koto ga dekimasu
Grammar	He is coming to see me	彼は私に会いに来ています	Kare wa watashi ni ai ni kite imasu

Grammar	I can see you doing this	あなたがこれをしているのが見えます	Anata ga kore o shite iru no ga miemasu
Grammar	I would like to see you be able to do that	あなたがそれができるようになってほしいです	Anata ga sore ga dekiru yō ni natte hoshīdesu
Grammar	I am thinking about it	それについて考えています	Sore ni tsuite kangaete imasu
Grammar	He is exercising right now	彼は今運動中です	Kare wa ima undō-chūdesu
Grammar	I do not eat pork (I don't eat pork)	私は豚肉を食べません (私は豚肉を食べません)	Watashi wa butaniku o tabemasen (watashi wa butaniku o tabemasen)
Grammar	I will not be here tomorrow	明日はここにいません	Ashita wa koko ni imasen
Grammar	The blue car	青い車	Aoi kuruma
Grammar	A red box	赤い箱	Akai hako
Grammar	A big green plant	大きな緑の植物	Ōkina midori no shokubutsu
Grammar	An opened red box	開いた赤い箱	Aita akai hako
Grammar	A brown big old chest	茶色の大きな古いチェスト	Chairo no ōkina furui chesuto
Grammar	A dusty red big old chest	ほこりっぽい赤い大きな古いチェスト	Hokori ppoi akai ōkina furui chesuto
Grammar	A colorfully specially decorated old green house	カラフルに特別に装飾された古い緑の家	Karafuru ni tokubetsu ni sōshoku sa reta furui midori no ie
Grammar	Cases - Nominative/ Genitive/ Dative/ Accusative/ Vocative/ Locative examples		
Grammar	The smart man	賢い男	
Grammar	The smart woman	賢い女	
Grammar	The smart dog	賢い犬	
Grammar	I see the smart man	賢い男が見える	
Grammar	I see the smart woman	賢い女が見える	
Grammar	I see the small house	小さな家が見える	
Grammar	I see the smart dog	賢い犬が見える	
Grammar	It is for the smart man	それは賢い男のものだ	
Grammar	It is for the smart woman	それは賢い女のものだ	
Grammar	It is for the smart dog	それは賢い犬のものだ	
Grammar	I go to the smart man	私は賢い男のところへ行く	
Grammar	I go to the smart woman	私は賢い女のところへ行く	
Grammar	I go to the smart dog	私は賢い犬のところへ行く	
Grammar	A great opportunity	素晴らしい機会	Subarashī kikai

Grammar	A very good opportunity	とても良い機会です	Totemo yoi kikaidesu
Grammar	A quite interesting conversation	かなり興味深い会話	Kanari kyōmibukai kaiwa
Grammar	A not so bold attempt	それほど大胆ではない試み	Sorehodo daitande wanai kokoromi

Vocabulary List - Times & Dates

Time	Time	時間/ 時 (とき)/ 間 (ま)/ 時 (どき) * (time for ...; time to ..., ie. 食べ時, time to eat)/ 時期	Jikan * (time; hour/ period; of time; interval of time; amount of time)/ Toki (ji) * (time; hour; moment)/ Ma/ Doki * (time for ...; time to ..., ie. tabe-doki, time to eat)/ Jiki * (time; season; period; phase; stage)
Time	Period	期間/ 間 (あいだ/ かん)/ 期 (き)/ 限目/ ピリオド/ 時間帯	Kikan/ Aida (aida/ kan, but not 'ma' which means 'time; pause')/ Ki/ Genme * (nth period (e.g. nth class in school day))/ Piriado/ Jikantai * (period of time; time slot)
Time	Age	歳 (才/ さい)/ 年 (歳/ とし)/ 年齢 (年令/ ねんれい)	Sai/ Toshi/ Nenrei
Time	Ages ago (back in the day)	昔 (昔)	Mukashi (mukashi)
Time	Bronze age	青銅器時代	Seidōki jidai
Time	Stone age	石器時代	Sekki jidai
Time	Time zone	時間帯	Jikantai
Time	Day	日 (ひ/ にち)/ 日付/ 日にち/ 一日 (いちにち)/ ある日	Hi (nichi * (counter for days)) * (the kanji for day can have many different pronounciations, hi, nitchi, you, etc. depending on the kanji it combines with)/ Hidzuke * (date; dating/ calendar date)/ Hinichi * (date (of a planned event, act, etc.); day/ (number of) days)/ Ichi nichi * (one day/ all day (long); the whole day; from morning till night/ 1st day of the month)/ Aru hi * (one day; (on) a certain day, ie. ah...one day I will)
Time	Date	日付/ 日 (ひ)/ デート (する)/ 日にち/ 期日	Hidzuke * (date; dating/ calendar date)/ Hi * (date; deadline)/ Dēto (suru) * (can mean date (day), but can also mean 'date (with someone); (social) outing (for two); date night')/ Hinichi * (date (of a planned event, act, etc.; day/ (number of) days))/ Kijitsu * (fixed date; appointed date; set date/ deadline; due date)
Time	Deadline (time limit; closing day)	期限/ 締め切り日 (締切日)/ 締め切り/ 締め日	Kigen/ Shimekiri-bi (shimekiribi)/ Shimekiri/ Shimebi
Time	End date	終了日/ 終了日付/ 完成の日付/ 完了の日付/ 締め日/ 終わりの日	Shūryō-bi/ Shūryō hidzuke/ Kansei no hidzuke/ Kanryō no hidzuke/ Shimebi/ Owari no hi

Time	Start date	開始日/ 開始日付/ スタート日/ 始めの日	Kaishi-bi/ Hajime no hi
Time	Validity date	有効期限	Yūkō kigen
Time	Week	週 (しゅう)	Shū
Time	Month	月 (つき/ げつ)	Tsuki (getsu/ gatsu)
Time	Year	年 (とし/ ねん)	Toshi (nen)
Time	Light year	光年/ ライトイヤー	Kōnen/ Raitoiyā
Time	Century	世紀	Seiki
Time	Era	時代/ 年代/ 紀元/ 世紀/ 世 (よ)	Jidai/ Nendai/ Kigen * (era/ CE (Common Era); AD (Anno Domini)/ epoch (reference date))/ Seiki * (century/ era)/ Yo * (can mean 'world; society; public', but can also mean 'life; lifetime' or 'reign; rule' or 'age; era; period; epoch; generation')
Time	Hour	時間/ 時 (じ)	Jikan/ Ji * (same character as 'toki' which means time)
Time	Minute	分 (ぶん)	Bun (fun)
Time	Second	秒 (びょう)	Byō
Time	Daytime	昼間/ 日中 (にっちゅう/ ひなか)/ 昼 (午/ 晝/ ひる)/ 白昼/ 日 (ひ)/ 日脚 (日足/ ひあし)/ 昼中/ 昼の部/ 昼日中 (昼ひなか/ 昼日なか/ ひるひなか)/ 日間/ デー (デイ/ ディ)/ デイタイム (データイム)	Hiruma/ Nitchū (hinaka)/ Hiru/ Hakuchū/ Hi/ Hiashi/ Hiru naka (hiru-chū)/ Hiru no bu/ Hiruhinaka/ Nikkan/ Dē (dei/ di)/ Deitaimu (dētaimu)
Time	During the day	日中	Nicchuu
Time	Evening time	夕方/ 夕方の時間	Yūgata/ Yūgata no jikan
Time	Nighttime	夜間/ 夜分	Yakan/ Yabun
Time	At this hour (in this hour)	この時間に (この時間に)	Kono-jikan ni (kono-jikan ni)
Time	Last minute	泥縄式	Doronawa-shiki
Time	Within the hour	1時間以内に	1-Jikan inai ni
Time	Dated	時代遅れ	Jidaikure
Time	Outdated	時代遅れ	Jidaikure
Time	It is 2.07 AM (it is seven past two)	午前2時7分 (2時7分)	Gozen 2-ji 7-bu (2-ji 7-bu)
Time	It is 3.15 AM (a quarter past three)	午前3時15分 (3時15分)	Gozen 3-ji 15-bu (3-ji 15-bu)
Time	It is 4.52 PM (it is eight to five)	午後4時52分です (8時から5時です)	Gogo 4-ji 52-budesu (8-ji kara 5-jidesu)
Time	It is 5 o'clock	5時です	5-jidesu
Time	Morning	朝	Asa
Time	Break of dawn	夜明けの休憩	yoake no kyuukei
Time	Break of day	夜明け	Yoake
Time	Daybreak (break of day)	夜明け (夜明け)	yoake (yoake)

Time	Early morning (dawn)	朝早く/ 早朝/ 朝方/ 朝っぱら (朝っ腹/ あさっぱら)/ 早天/ 朝早い/ 朝腹/ 朝まだき/ 終朝/ 早よ (早/ はよ) (明け方 (明方/ 明けがた/ あけがた)/ 夜明け (夜明/ よあけ)/ 暁 (暁/ あかとき/ あかつき)/ 曙/ 天明/ 曙光/ 夜明け方/ 暁天/ 引明け (引き明け/ ひきあけ)/ 払暁 (ふっきょう)/ 昧旦/ 彼は誰時 (彼誰時/ かわたれ時/ かわたれどき)/ 朝明け/ 白白明け (白々明け/ しらじらあけ/ しらしらあけ)/ 明け/ 黎明/ 東雲/ 早暁/ 早天)	Asa hayaku/ Sōchō/ Asagata/ Asappara/ Sōten/ Asa hayai/ Asa hara/ Asamadaki/ Shūchō/ Hayo (Akegata/ Yoake/ Akatsuki/ Akebono/ Tenmei/ Shokō/ Yoake hō/ Gyōten/ Hikiake/ Futsugyō/ Kura dan/ Kahataredoki/ Asaake/ Shirashiraake/ Ake/ Reimei/ Shinonome/ Sōgyō/ Sōten)
Time	Small hours	深夜	Shinya
Time	Sunrise	日の出/ 日出/ 朝陽 (朝陽)/ サンライズ	Hinode/ Nisshutsu/ Asahi/ Sanraizu
Time	Midday	正午/ 昼 (午/ 晝/ ひる)/ 真昼/ 白昼	Shōgo/ Hiru/ Mahiru/ Hakuchū
Time	The middle of the day	日中	Nicchuu
Time	Afternoon (noon)	午後	Gogo
Time	Noonday	正午	Shougo
Time	Evening red	タベの赤	Yūbe no aka
Time	Sunset	日没/ 日の入り/ 暮れ/ 日暮れ (日ぐれ/ 日暮/ ひぐれ)/ 夕焼け (夕焼/ ゆうやけ)/ 晩照/ 入相 (入り相/ いりあい)/ サンセット/ 暮れ方 (暮方/ くれがた)	Nichibotsu
Time	Setting sun	沈む太陽	Shizumu taiyō
Time	Evening (dusk)	晩/ 夜/ タ/ 夕方/ タベ/ 夕暮れ/ イブニング	Ban/ Yoru/ Yū/ Yūgata/ Yūbe/ Yūgure/ Ibuningu
Time	Twilight	黄昏 (たそがれ)/ 日暮れ/ トワイライト/ 夕暮れ/ 薄明	Tasogare/ Higure/ Towairaito/ Yūgure/ Hakumei
Time	Late evening	夜遅く	Yoru osoku
Time	Night	夜/ 晩/ 夜間/ ナイト	Yoru/ Ban/ Yakan/ Naito/ Hinoiri/ Kure/ Higure/ Yūyake/ Banshō/ Iriai/ San setto/ Kuregata
Time	Midnight	夜中/ 深夜 (に)	Yonaka/ Shin'ya (ni)
Time	Late night	深夜	Shin'ya
Time	The middle of the night	夜中/ 真夜中/ 深更/ 夜夜中/ 丑三つ時	Yonaka/ Mayonaka/ Shinkō/ Yoru yonaka * (emphatic form of 夜中)/ Ushimitsu-ji * (dead of night; middle of the night; midnight/ third quarter of the hour of the ox (2-2:30am, or 3- 3:30am))
Time	Dead of night	真夜中 (に)	Mayonaka (ni)
Time	Deep in the night	真夜中 (に)	Mayonaka (ni)
Time	Golden hour	ゴールデンアワー	Gōruden'awā

Time	Morning glow (sunrise colors)	朝焼け (朝焼/ あさやけ)/ 朝霞 (ちょうか)/ 夜明けの色/ 日の出の色	Asayake/ Asagasumi/ Yoake no iro/ Hinode no iro
Time	Today (this day)	今日/ 本日	Kyō/ Honjitsu
Time	Yesterday	昨日	Kinō
Time	Tomorrow	明日	Ashita
Time	Day before yesterday	一昨日 (おととい)	Ototoi
Time	Day after tomorrow	明後日 (あさって)	Asatte
Time	Next (coming)	次/ 来	Tsugi (ji)/ Ki
Time	Previous (last)	前/ 昨/ 先/ 去	Mae (zen)/ Saku/ Saki (sen)/ Sa (kyo)
Time	Last (ago)	最後/ 昨	Saigo/ Saku
Time	Every (each)	毎	Mai (goto)
Time	Last month	先月/ 去月	Sengetsu/ Kyogetsu
Time	Last time (previous time)	前回/ 以前	Zenkai/ Izen
Time	Last week	先週	Senshū
Time	Last year	先年/ 去年	Sen'nen/ Kyonen
Time	Next day (tomorrow)	次の日/ 翌日	Tsugi no hi/ Yokujitsu
Time	Next month	次の月/ 次の月/ 来月/ 翌月	Tsugi no tsuki/ Tsugi no tsuki/ Raigetsu/ Yokugetsu
Time	Next time	次の時間/ 次回	Tsugi no jikan/Jikai
Time	Next week	次の週/ 次週/ 来週/ 翌週	Tsugi no shū/ Jishū/ Raishū/ Yokushū
Time	Next year	次の年/ 次年/ 来年/ 翌年	Tsugi no toshi/ Jinen * (not 'ji toshi')/ Rainen/ Yokunen
Time	Previous day (yesterday)	前の日/ 前日	Mae no hi/ Zenjitsu
Time	Previous month	前の月/ 前月	Mae no tsuki/ Sengetsu
Time	Previous week	前の週/ 前週	Mae no shū/ Zenshū
Time	Previous year	前の年/ 前年	Mae no toshi/ Zen'nen
Time	A new day	新しい日/ 新日	Atarashī hi/ Shin'nichi
Time	At the beginning of the next month	翌月上旬	Yokugetsu jōjun
Time	Beginning of the day	日のはじめ (日の初め/ 日の始め)	Ni~Tsu no hajime
Time	End of the day	日の終り/ 一日の終わり	Ni~Tsu no owari/ Ichinichinoowari
Time	The beginning of a new day	新しい一日の始まり/ 新しい一日が始まり	Atarashī tsuitachi no hajimari/ Atarashī tsuitachi ga hajimari
Time	The beginning the year	年明け/ 年始/ 年頭/ 年初/ 新年早々 (新年早早)	Toshiake/ Nenshi/ Nentō/ Nensho/ Nhin'nen sōsō
Time	The end of last year	去年末	Kyonen matsu
Time	This time	今回/ この時	Konkai/ Kono toki
Time	Last evening	昨晚/ 昨夜/ 昨の晩/ 昨の夜/ 前晩/ 前夜/ 晩前	Sakuban/ Sakuya/ Saku no ban/ Saku no yoru/ Zen ban/ Zen'ya/ Ban mae
Time	Last night	昨夜/ 昨晚/ 昨の夜/ 昨の晩/ 前夜/ 前晩/ 夜前	Sakuya/Ssakuban/ Saku no yoru/ Saku no ban/ Zen'ya/ Zen ban/ Yazen
Time	Yesterday evening	昨日の夜/ 昨日の夕方	Kinō no yoru/ Kinō no yūgata
Time	Tomorrow afternoon	明日の午後	Ashita no gogo
Time	Tomorrow morning	明日の朝/ 明朝	Ashita no asa/ Myō chō (minchō)
Time	Every evening	毎晩/ 毎夜/ 毎の晩/ 毎の夜	Maiban/ Maiyo/ Mai no ban/ Mai no yoru

Time	Every night	毎夜/ 毎晩/ 毎の夜/ 毎の晩	Maiyo/ Maiban/ Mai no yoru/ Mai no ban
Time	Five days from now (after 5 days)	今から5日後 (5日後)	Ima kara 5-nichi-go (5-nichi-go)
Time	From the past couple months	ここ数ヶ月から	Koko sū-kagetsu kara
Time	In five weeks (after 5 weeks)	五週間後 (5週間後)	5 Shūkangō
Time	In the coming months	今後数か月で/ 今後数か月のうちに/ 数ヶ月のうちに	Kongo sū-kagetsu de/ Kongo sū-kagetsu no uchi ni/ Sū-kagetsu no uchi ni
Time	In three days (in 3 days)	三日で (三日で)	Mikka de (mikka de)
Time	Seven days earlier (7 days earlier)	7日前 (に)	7-nichi mae (ni)
Time	Two days ago (2 days ago)	2 日前 (に) (2 日前)	2-nichi mae (ni) (2-nichi mae)
Time	Three years and five months ago	3年5ヶ月前/ 3年5か月前	3-Nen 5kagetsu mae/ 3-nen 5-kagetsu mae
Time	In the eighties	80年代	80-Nendai
Time-Per	Periodically	定期的 (に)	Teikiteki (ni)
Time-Per	Periodic activities	定期活動	Teiki katsudō
Time-Per	Daily (day by day)	毎日/ 各日/ 日日 (日々) (に)	Mainichi/ Kakujitsu (kaku-bi)/ Nichinichi (hibi) (ni)
Time-Per	Every day (each day)	毎日 (毎日)	Mainichi (mainichi)
Time-Per	Everyday	毎日 (の)/ 日常 (の)	Mainichi (no) * (every day)/ Nichijō (no) * (everyday; daily; ordinary; usual; routine; regular)
Time-Per	Day and night	昼と夜	Hiru to yoru
Time-Per	From morning till night (day and night; always)	夙夜/ 不眠不休 (の)/ 昼夜兼行/ 四六時中/ 昼夜を分かつたず/ 昼夜を問わず/ 旦夕	Shukuya/ Fumin fukyū (no)/ Chūya kenkō/ Shirokujichū/ Chūya o wakatazu/ Chūya o towazu/ Tanseki
Time-Per	Monthly	毎月/ 各月	Maitsuki/ Kakutsuki
Time-Per	Night and day (day and night)	夜と昼/ 昼と夜/ 日夜/ 夜日/ 夜昼/ 昼夜 (の)/ 二六時中/ ナイトアンドデイ/ 昼も夜も/ 日夕/ 朝晩	Yoru to hiru/ Hiru to yoru/ Nichiya/ Yoru-bi/ Yoruhiru/ Chūya (no)/ Nirokujichū/ Naitoandodei/ Hiru mo yoru mo/ Nisseki/ Asaban
Time-Per	Overnight	一晩中/ 一晚	Hitobanjū (Ichi ban chū)/ Hitoban
Time-Per	The whole night	一晩中	Hitobanjū

Time-Per	Up all night	徹夜 (する/ の)/ 一晩中起きる/ 完徹 (する)/ 夜明かし (する)/ 夜の間も寝ない/ 夜の間も寝ず/ 徹夜明け (の)/ オールナイト/ オール (する)/ 遅くまで起きる	Tetsuya (suru/ no) * (staying up all night)/ Hitobanjū okiru * (to stay up all night)/ Kantetsu (suru) * (all-nighter; staying up all night)/ Yoakashi (suru) * (staying up all night; all-night vigil)/ Yoru no me mo nenai * (staying up all night)/ Yoru no me mo nezu * (sitting up all night; staying up all night)/ Tetsuya-ake (no) * (after staying up all night)/ Ōrunaito * (all-night; all night)/ Ōru (suru) * (all, usually in compounds/ (pulling an) all-nighter; staying up all night * (colloquial, abbreviation))/ Osoku made okiru * (to stay up late)
Time-Per	Weekly	毎週/ 各週	Maishū/ Kakushū
Time-Per	Weekly job	ウィークリージョブ	U~ikurījobu
Time-Per	Yearly	毎年/ 各年	Maitoshi/ Kakutoshi
Time-Per	Someday (some day)	いつか (いつか)	Itsuka (itsuka)
Time-Per	Anyday (any day)	いつでも (どんな日でも)	Itsudemo (donna hi demo)
Time-Per	One day (oneday)	ある日 (いつか)	Aruhi (itsuka)
Time-Per	Annual (annually)	一年中 (毎年)	Ichinenjū (maitoshi)
Time-Per	Bi-weekly (every other week)	隔週	Kakushū
Time-Per	Fortnight (fortnightly)	2 週間 (4 週間ごと)	2-shukan (4-shukan goto)
Time-Per	Day by day	一日一日 (と)/ 日々 (日日/ ひび/ にちにち)/ 日増しに/ 日に日に/ 日ごとに (日毎に/ ひごとに)/ 一日増しに/ 逐日/ 一日ひと 日を追って/ 毎日毎日 (まいにちまいにち) (の)/ 日に異に/ 日を追うごとに (日を追う毎に/ ひをおうごとに)/ デイ・バイ・デイ (デイバイデイ)	Ichinichiichinichi (to)/ hibi (nichinichi/ hibi)/ Himashini/ Hinihini/ Higoto ni/ Ichi himashini/ Chikujitsu/ Hiichinichito/ Hiwootte/ Mainichi Mainichi (no)/ Hinike ni/ Hiwoou-goto ni (hi o ō goto ni)/ Dei bai Dei (deibaidei)
Time-Per	Day and night rhythm	昼と夜のリズム/ 昼夜リズム/ 概日リズム	Hiru to yoru no rizumu/ Chūya rizumu/ Gaijitsurizumu * (circadian rhythm)
Time	From 9 to 5 (from nine to five)	9時から5時まで (9時から5時まで)	9-ji kara 5-ji made (9-ji kara 5-ji made)
Time	From Amsterdam to Paris	アムステルダムからパリへ	Amusuterudamu kara pari e
Time	From beginning until end	最初から最後まで	Saisho kara saigo made
Time	Future	未来	Mirai
Time	Past	過去	Kako
Time	Present (the present)	現在 (の)/ 現行 (の)/ 本 (ほん) (に)	Genzai (no) * (present time; now)/ Genkō (no)/ Hon (ni)
Time	In the future	将来	shourai
Time	In the past	過去に	kako ni

Time	Times	回/ 度 (たび)/ タイムズ	Kai/ Tabi * (time (three times, each time, etc.); times)/ Taimuzu
Time	Two times	二度	Nido
Time	Four times	四回	Shikai (shi kai)
Time	Frequency	頻度/ 回数/ 度数/ 頻度数/ 周波/ 周波数	Hindo * (frequency (of occurrence))/ Kaisū * (number of times; frequency; count)/ Dosū * (frequency; number of times; incidence/ degree (e.g. temperature); strength (e.g. alcohol, lens, etc.))/ Hindosū * (frequency; frequency number; frequency count)/ Shūha * (cycle; wave; frequency)/ Shūhasū * (frequency (esp. of waveforms))
Position	Double	二重/ ダブル	Nijū/ Daburu
Position	Dual	二重/ デュアル	Nijū/ De~yuaru
Position	Triple	三重/ トリプル	Sanjū/ Toripuru
Position	Quadruple	四重	Shijū
Position	First	一番 (1番)/ 初め/ ファースト	Ichiban (1-ban)/ Hajime/ Fāsuto
Position	Second	二番 (2番)/ セカンド	Ni-ban (2-ban)/ Sekando
Position	Third	三番 (3番)/ サード	San-ban (3-ban)/ Sādo
Position	Primary	一次/ 主要 (な)	Ichiji * (primary (sources, industry, etc.); original/ first; preliminary)/ Shuyō (na) * (chief; main; principal; major)
Position	Secondary	二次	Niji
Position	Tertiary	三次	Sanji
Position	First class (1st class)	一等 (1等)/ ファーストクラス	Ittō (1-Tō)/ Fāsutokurasu
Position	Second class (2nd class)	二等 (2等)/ セカンドクラス	Ni-tō (2-Tō)/ Sekandokurasu
Position	Third class (3rd class)	三等 (3等)/ サードクラス	San-tō (3-tō)/ Sādokurasu
Position	First time	初めて/ 一回目 (1 回目)	Hajimete/ Ikkai-me (1-kai-me)
Position	Second time	二回目 (2回目)	Nikaime (2-kai-me)
Position	Third time	三回目 (3回目)	Sankaime (3-kai-me)
Position	First place	一位/ 第一位/ 最初の場所	Ichii/ Dai ichi'i/ Saisho no basho
Position	Second place	二位/ 第二位	Ni-i/ Daini'i
Position	Third place	三位/ 第三位	Sanmi/ Daisan'i
Position	Last place	最後の場所	Saigo no basho
Position	Second nearest (second closest)	二番近い	Ni-ban chikai
Position	Second chance (second opportunity)	セカンドチャンス (セカンドチャンス)	Sekando chansu (Sekando chansu)
Position	First in line	列の先頭に/ 最初の列に	Retsu no sentō ni/ Saisho no retsu ni
Position	Last in line	最後列に/ 最後列に	Saigo retsu ni/ Saigo retsu ni
Position	Single	単一	Tan'itsu
Position	Multiple	多数	Tasū
Position	11 houses	11戸	11-Ko
Position	3 boats	3艇	3-Tei

Position	3 days (three days)	三日/ 三の日	Mikka * (many counting words in Japanese have traditional pronunciation, like the number of days, 1 day, 2 days, etc.)/ San no hi
Position	4 cats	猫4匹	Neko 4-biki
Position	He has two houses in Greece	彼はギリシャに2つの家を持っています	Kare wa Girisha ni 2tsu no ie o motte imasu
Position	I have 5 cats in my house	私の家には5匹の猫がいます	Watashinoie ni wa 5-biki no neko ga imasu
Count	0/ Zero	0/ ゼロ/ 零	0/ Zero/ Rei
Count	1/ One	一	Ichi
Count	2/ Two	二	Ni
Count	3/ Three	三	San
Count	4/ Four	四	Shi (yon)
Count	5/ Five	五	Go
Count	6/ Six	六	Roku
Count	7/ Seven	七	Nana
Count	8/ Eight	八	Hachi
Count	9/ Nine	九	Kyū
Count	10/ Ten	十	Jū
Count	11/ Eleven	十一	Jū ichi
Count	12/ Twelve	十二	Jū ni
Count	13/ Thirteen	十三	Jū san
Count	14/ Fourteen	十四	Jūyon
Count	15/ Fifteen	十五	Jūgo
Count	16/ Sixteen	十六	Jūroku
Count	17/ Seventeen	十七	Jūnana
Count	18/ Eighteen	十八	Jūhachi
Count	19/ Nineteen	十九	Jūkyū
Count	20/ Twenty	20/ 二十	20/ Nijū
Count	21/ Twenty One	21 / 二十一	21/ Nijūichi
Count	30/ Thirty	30/ 三十	30/ 30
Count	40/ Forty	40/ 四十	40/ 40
Count	50/ Fifty	50/ 五十	50/ 50
Count	60/ Sixty	60/ 六十	60/ 60
Count	70/ Seventy	70/ 七十	70/ 70
Count	80/ Eighty	80/ 八十	80/ 80
Count	90/ Ninety	90/ 九十	90/ 90
Count	100/ Hundred	100/ 百	100/ Hyaku
Count	110/ Hundred ten	110/ 百十	110 / Hyakujū
Count	1000/ Thousand	1000/ 千	1000 / Sen
Count	1101/ Eleventhundred one	1101/ 千百一	1101 / Sen hyaku ichi
Count	10000/ Ten thousand	10000/ 万	10000 / Man
Count	100000/ Hundred thousand	100000/ 十万	100000 / 10 man
Count	1000000/ One million	1000000/ 百万	1000000 / 100 man
Count	10000000/ Ten million	10000000/ 千万	10000000 / 1000 man
Count	Million	百万	Hyaku man
Count	Trillion	兆	Chō

Count	Zillion	無数	Musū
Count	Null	無効	Mukō
Count	Void	空虚	Kūkyō
Count	One (ie. piece)	一つ/ 1つ	Hitotsu
Count	Two (ie. pieces)	二つ/ 2つ	Futatsu
Count	Three (ie. pieces)	三つ/ 3つ	Mittsu
Count	Four (ie. pieces)	四つ/ 4つ	Yottsu
Count	Five (ie. pieces)	五つ/ 5つ	Itsutsu
Count	Six (ie. pieces)	六つ/ 6つ	Muttsu
Count	Seven (ie. pieces)	七つ/ 7つ	Nanatsu
Count	Eight (ie. pieces)	八つ/ 8つ	Yattsu
Count	Nine (ie. pieces)	九つ/ 9つ	Kokonotsu
Count	Ten (ie. pieces)	十つ/ 10つ	TÔ tsu (jū-tsu)
Count	One piece	一個 (1個)/ ワンピース	Hitotsu no ko (1 ko) / Wanpīsu
Count	Two pieces	二個 (2個)	Futatsu no ko (2 ko)
Count	Three pieces	三個 (3個)	Mittsu no ko (3 ko)
Count	One bottle	一つのボトル	Hitotsu no botoru
Count	Two boxes	2つのボックス	Futatsu no bokkusu
Count	Three cars	3台の車	Santai no kuruma
Count	Four buildings	4つの建物	Yottsu no tatemono
Count	Five books	5冊	Gosatsu
Count	345975/ Threehundred fourtyfive ninehundred seventy five	345975/ 三百四十五九百七十五	345975 / san hyaku yon ju go kyu hyaku nana ju go
Count	I would like 5 beers, please	ビール (を) 5つお願いします/ ビール (を) 5杯お願いします	Bīru (o) itsutsu onegaishimasu/ Bīru (o) 5-pai onegaishimasu
Count	Half	半分	Hanbun
Count	Quarter	四分の一	Shibun no ichi
Count	One fourth	四分の一	Yonbun no ichi
Count	One half	半分	Hanbun
Count	One eighth	八分の一	Hachibun no ichi
Count	One tenth	十分の一 (10分の1)	Jūbun no ichi
Count	One hundreth	百分の一 (100分の1)	Hyakubun no ichi
Count	One thousandth	千分の一 (1000分の1)	Senbun no ichi
Count	Number	数/ 番号/ 番/ ナンバー	Kazu/ Bangō/ Ban/ Nanbā
Count	Add	追加 (する/ の)	Tsuika (suru/ no)
Count	Subtract	減算 (する)	Genzan (suru)
Count	Addition	追加 (する/ の)/ 足し算/ 加算 (する)/ プラス (する)/ 加 (か)/ 積算 (する)	Tsuika (suru/ no)/ Tashizan/ Kasan (suru)/ Purasu (suru)/ Ka/ Sekisan (suru)
Count	Subtraction	引き算 (する)/ 控除 (する)/ マイナス (する)/ 差し引き (する)/ 減法/ 減算/ 減 (げん)	Hikizan (suru) * (subtraction * (mathematics))/ Kōjo (suru)/ Mainasu (suru)/ Sashihiki (suru)/ Genpō/ Genzan/ Gen
Count	Plus (+)	足す (たす)/ プラス/ 正/ 正号/ 加号/ 正符号	Tasu/ Purasu/ Sei/ Seigō/ Ka-gō/ Sei fugō

Count	Minus (-)	低い (ひく) / マイナス / 負 / 負号 / 負符号 / 減号	Hiku / Mainasu / Fu / Fugō / Fu fugō / Gen-gō
Count	Mean (middle; average)	平均 (する)	Heikin (suru)
Count	Multiply (X)	かける (掛ける)	Kakeru
Count	Divide (/)	割る (わる)	Waru
Count	Square root	平方根 / 自乗根 / 二乗根 / ルート	Heihōkon / Jijōkon / Jijōkon / Rūto
Count	Equality sign (=)	等号 / イコール (な)	Tōgō / Ikōru (na)
Count	Sum (=, equal)	和 (は / かず) / 総計 (する / の) / 全額 / 合計 (する) / 額 (がく) / 通算 (する) / サム	Wa (wa / kazu) / Sōkei (suru / no) / Zengaku / Gōkei (suru) / Gaku / Tsūsan (suru) / Samu
Count	Total	総計 (する / の) / 全額 / 合計 (する) / 全面的 (な) / 総 (そう) / 総数 (そうすう) / トータル (な) / 通算 (する)	Sōkei (suru / no) / Zengaku / Gōkei (suru) / Zenmen-teki (na) / Sō / Sōsū / Tōtaru (na) / Tsūsan (suru)
Count	Total (counting; number of people, items)	員数	Insū
Count	Subtotal	小計	Shōkei
Count	Grand total	総計	Sōkei
Count	Percentage (percent)	割合 (に) / パーセンテージ (パーセント)	Wariai (ni) / Pāsenteji (pāsento)
Count	Hundred percent	百パーセント / 100%	Hyaku pāsento / 100%
Count	Ratio	比率	Hiritsu
Count	Calculation	計算 (する) / 勘定 (する) / 算出 (する) / 算定 (する / の) / 計数 (する) / 積もり / 算数 / 算 (する) / キャルキュレーション	Keisan (suru) / Kanjō (suru) / Sanshutsu (suru) / Santei (suru / no) / Keisū (suru) / Tsumori / Sansū / San (suru) / Kyarukyurēshon
Count	Calculus	微積分	Bisekibun
Count	Comparison (equation)	比較 (する / の) / 比べ物 (式 / 方程式 / 計算式)	Hikaku (suru / no) / Kurabemono (Shiki / Hōteishiki / Keisan-shiki)
Count	Countdown	秒読み / カウントダウン (する)	Byōyomi / Kauntodaun (suru)
Count	Formula	方式 / 方程式 / 計算式	Hōshiki / Hōteishiki / Keisan-shiki
Count	Math formula	数学の公式	Sūgaku no kōshiki
Date	Monday	月曜日	Getsuyōbi
Date	Tuesday	火曜日	Kayōbi
Date	Wednesday	水曜日	Suiyōbi
Date	Thursday	木曜日	Mokuyōbi
Date	Friday	金曜日	Kin'yōbi
Date	Saturday	土曜日	Doyōbi
Date	Sunday	日曜日	Nichiyōbi
Date	January	1月 / 一月	Ichigatsu
Date	February	2月 / 二月	Nigatsu
Date	March	3月 / 三月	Sangatsu
Date	April	4月 / 四月	Shigatsu
Date	May	5月 / 五月	Gogatsu
Date	June	6月 / 六月	Rokugatsu
Date	July	7月 / 七月	Shichigatsu

Date	August	8月/ 八月	Hachigatsu
Date	September	9月/ 九月	Kyūgatsu
Date	October	10月/ 十月	Jūgatsu
Date	November	11月/ 十一月 (十一月)	Jūichigatsu
Date	December	12月/ 十二月 (十二月)	Jūnigatsu
Date	Half of January (half January)	1月の半分 (1月の半分)	1 Tsuki no hanbun (1 tsuki no hanbun)
Date	At the end of September	9月の終わりに	9 tsuki no owari ni
Date	By the middle of February	2月中旬まで	2 tsuki chūjun made
Unit	Unit	単位	Tan'i
Unit	Unit of measure	測定単位/ 測定の単位/ 計測単位	Sokutei tan'i/ Sokutei no tan'i/ Keisoku tan'i
Unit	Kilo (kilogram)	キロ (匁 (キログラム))	Kiro (kiroguramu)
Unit	Kilometer	キロメートル	Kiromētoru
Unit	Gram (grams)	瓦 (グラム) (グラム)	Guramu (guramu)
Unit	Liter	リットル/ 立 (りつ)	Rittoru * (from French)/ Ritsu
Unit	Meter (ie. one meter, ten meter)	米 (メートル) (つまり、1 メートル、10 メートル)	Mētoru (tsumari, 1 mētoru, 10 mētoru)
Unit	Mili-	ミリ～	Miri ~
Unit	Milimeter	ミリメートル (耗)	Mirimētoru
Unit	Milisecond	ミリ秒	Miribyou
Unit	Mile	マイル	Mairu
Unit	Micro-	マイクロ	Maikuro
Unit	Microsecond	マイクロ秒	Maikurobyou
Unit	Nanosecond	ナノ秒	Nanobyō
Unit	Dozen (a dozen)	ダース (ダース)	Dāsu (dāsu)
Unit	Half a dozen	半ダース	Han dāsu
Unit	Ounce	オンス	Onsu
Unit	Pound	ポンド	Pondo
Quantity	Quantity	入数 (入り数)	Haisu (Hairi-sū)
Quantity	Quantity (amount; volume)	量/ 数量/ 分量/ 高 (たか)	Ryō/ Sūryō/ Bunryō/ Taka
Quantity	Quantity (per carton, etc.) (number contained (in a packet, etc.))	入り数 (入数)	Hairi-sū
Quantity	Mass	質量	Shitsuryō
Quantity	Volume	容量/ 体積/ 容積/ 量 (りょう)/ 数量/ 高 (たか)/ ボリューム/ 音量	Yōryō/ Taiseiki/ Yōseki/ Ryō/ Sūryō/ Taka * (quantity; amount; volume; number; amount of money)/ Boryūmu/ Onryō * (volume (sound))
Quantity	Weight (weights)	重量/ 目方/ 重み/ 重さ (ウェイト)	Jūryō/ Mekata/ Omomi/ Omo-sa (u~eito)
Quantity	Gross	総額	Sōgaku
Quantity	Net	純額	Jungaku
Quantity	Tare	風袋	Fūtai

Figures	Size	大小/ 寸法/ 大きさ/ 広さ/ サイズ	Daishō/ Sunpō/ Ōki-sa/ Hiro-sa/ Saizu
Figures	Length	長さ/ 縦 (たて)/ 寸 (すん)	Naga-sa/ Tate/ Sun
Figures	Height (long; stature)	丈/ 長	Take/ Naga
Figures	Width (breadth)	広さ/ 幅/ 横幅/ 横周	Hiro-sa/ Haba/ Yokohaba/ Yokoshū
Figures	Dimension (dimensions)	寸法/ 大きさ/ 広さ (寸法)/ 次元 * (ie. three dimensions - 3 次元)/ ディメンション/ ダイメンション	Sunpō/ Ōki-sa/ Hiro-sa (sunpō)/ Jigen* (ie. three dimensions - 3-jigen)/ Dimenshon/ Daimenshon
Figures	Measurements	量り/ 測定 (する)/ 寸法/ 計量 (する)/ 計測 (する)/ 寸 (すん)/ 測度	Hakari/ Sokutei (suru)/ Sunpō/ Keiryō (suru)/ Keisoku (suru)/ Sun/ Sokudo
Figures	Bent (curved, crooked)	曲がっている (曲がっている、曲がっている)	Magatte iru (magatte iru, magatte iru)
Figures	Even	平 (の)	Hira (no)
Figures	Flat	平ら (な)/ フラット (な)	Taira (na)/ Furatto (na)
Figures	Uneven (rough; hilly; crude)	不均一 (粗い; 起伏のある; 粗い)	Fu kin'itsu (arai; kifuku no aru; arai)
Figures	Block	ブロック (する)/ 塊 (かたまり)/ 封鎖 (する)/ 遮断 (する)/ 閉塞 (する)/ 町 (まち)/ 区画 (する)/ 障害物/ 障害 (する)/ 邪魔 (する)/ 支障/ 壁 (かべ)/ 完封 (する)	Burokku (suru)/ Katamari * (lump; mass; bundle; clump; clod; cluster)/ Fūsa (suru)/ Shadan (suru)/ Heisoku (suru)/ Machi/ Kukaku (suru)/ Shōgai-mono/ Shōgai (suru)/ Jama (suru)/ Shishō/ Kabe/ Kanpū (suru)
Figures	Circle	丸 (円)/ サークル	Maru (en)/ Sākuru
Figures	Semicircle	半円	Han'en
Figures	Cone (conical)	コーン (円錐形)	Kōn (ensuigata)
Figures	Cross	クロス/ 十字	Kurosu/ Jūji
Figures	Cube	立方体/ 角 (かく)/ 立方/ キューブ	Rippōtai/ Kaku/ Rippō/ Kyūbu
Figures	Curve	曲線	Kyokusen
Figures	Cylinder	気筒/ 円筒/ 円柱/ 筒 (つつ)/ シリンダー	Kitō/ Entō/ Enchū/ Tsutsu/ Shirindā
Figures	Diameter	直径/ 径 (けい)/ ダイアミター	Chokkei/ Kei/ Daiamitā
Figures	Flat	平ら (な)	Taira (na)
Figures	Mass (large quantity; lump; bundle)	質量/ 大量 (大量 (な/ の); 塊 (かたまり); 束 (たば))	Shitsuryō/ Tairyō (Tairyō (na/ no); Katamari; Taba * (bundle; bunch; sheaf))
Figures	Oblong	長円形	Chōenkei
Figures	Oval	楕円形 (だ円形/ だえんけい)/ 歪 (いびつ) (な)/ 卵円/ 小判型/ オーバル (な)/ 小判 (の)/ 卵形 (の)/ 長円 (の)	Daen katachi/ Hizumi (na)/ Ran'en/ Koban-gata/ ōbaru (na)/ Koban (no)/ Rankei (no)/ Chōen (no)
Figures	Prism	角柱/ 三稜鏡/ 柱体/ 柱/ プリズム	Kakuchū/ Sanryōkyō/ Hashira-tai/ Hashira/ Purizumu
Figures	Radius	半径/ ラジウス/ R (r) * (radius/ mathematics)	Hankei/ Rajiusu/ R (r)
Figures	Round	丸い (円い)/ ラウンド	Marui/ Raundo
Figures	Sphere	球体	Kyūtai
Figures	Spiral	螺旋	Rasen
Figures	Square	四角/ 角 (かく)/ 四角い/ 平方/ 正方形	Shikaku/ Kaku/ Shikaku * (adjective)/ Heihō * (square (e.g. metre), algebra term)/ Seihōkei
Figures	Swirl	渦巻き	uzumaki
Figures	Triangle	三角形	Sankakkei

Figures	Angle (degree)	角 (かく)/ 角度 (度)	Kaku/ Kakudo (Do)
Figures	Degree (degrees)	度数/ 度 (度)	Dosū/ do (do)
Figures	Degree (grade)	度 (ど)/ 程度/ 度 (たび)/ 度数 (級/ 等級/ 段階/ 階級/ 段/ グレード)	Do * (degree of angle, temperature, scale, etc)/ Teido * (amount; grade; degree)/ Tabi * (same kanji as Do, but means more 'time/ times/ degree')/ Dosū * (degree (e.g. temperature); strength (e.g. alcohol, lens, etc.)) (Kyū/ Tōkyū/ Dankai/ Kaikyū/ Dan/ Gurēdo)
Figures	Horizontal (horizontally)	水平 (すいへい)/ 横 (よこ)/ ホリゾンタル (な) (水平)	Suihei/ Yoko/ Horizontaru (na) (suihei)
Figures	Vertical (vertically)	垂直 (すいちよく)/ 縦 (たて)/ バーチカル (な) (縦)	Suichoku/ Tate/ Bāchikaru (na) (tate)
Figures	Diagonal (diagonally)	斜め (ななめ) (の/ な)/ 斜 (はす)/ 対角 (たいかく)/ 対角線/ ダイアゴナル (な) (斜め)	Naname (no/ na)/ Hasu/ Taikaku/ Taikakusen/ Daiagonaru (na) (naname)
Figures	Perimeter	周囲/ 境界	Shūi/ kyōkai
Figures	Rectangle	矩形	Kukei
Figures	Slanted	斜め (の/ な)	Naname (no/ na)
Figures	Symmetry	対称	Taishō
Figures	Symmetric	対称	Taishō
Figures	Longitude	経度/ 経 (けい)/ 経線/ ロンジチュード	Keido/ Kei/ Keisen/ Ronjichūdo
Figures	Latitude	緯度/ ラチチュード	Ido/ Rachichūdo
Figures	Median (middle, center)	中央値/ 中位数/ メディアン (中央; 中央)	Chūō-chi/ Chūisū/ Median (chūō; chūō)
Figures	Atom	原子/ アトム/ 微塵	Genshi/ Atomu/ Mijin
Figures	Molecule	分子	Bunshi
Lesson	Multiple particles behind one word	ここにはも	koko ni wa mo * (words can have multiple particles behind them, for example 'ni' for location or time, 'wa' for the topic and 'mo' for also/ too)

Vocabulary List - Verbs

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation

Verb-Cmr	To be	です (だ) * (to be; descriptive, for about anything)/ いる (居る) (います) * (to be/ to exist; for the location of physical objects)/ ある (有る) (あります) * (to be/ to exist; for the location of non-physical objects)	Desu * (polite) (da * (regular)) * (only used to describe things, like 'this is a cat, this is a man, this is a book')/ Iru (imasu - polite) * (to be/ to exist - only used for physical objects, ie. people, animals. Mainly used in locations, 'the cat is here')/ Aru (arimasu - polite) * (to be/ to exist - only used for non-physical objects, ie. table, book. Mainly used in locations, 'the book is here')
Verb-Cmr	To can (to be able)	できる (出来る)	Dekiru * (note that Japanese also often use the word 'possible', like '可能です / kanōdesu, 'it is possible')
Verb-Cmr	To become	(に)なる (成る)	(ni) Naru
Verb-Cmr	There is (there are)	あります (あります)	Arimasu (arimasu)
Verb-Exa	It is a cat	猫です	Nekodesu
Verb-Exa	It is a car	それは車です	Sore wa kurumadesu
Verb-Exa	There is a car	車があります	Kuruma ga arimasu
Verb-Exa	There is a dog	犬がいます	Inu ga imasu
Verb-Cmr	To come	来る	Kuru
Verb-Cmr	To go	行く	Iku
Verb-Cmr	To return	戻る	Modoru
Verb-Cmr	To go around	巡る (回る/ 廻る/ 繞る/ めぐる)/ 周りに行く (回りに行く)/ 通う	Meguru/ Mawari ni iku (mawari ni iku)/ Kayou * (to go to and from (a place); to go back and forth between; to run between (e.g. bus, train, etc.); to ply between)
Verb-Cmr	To go back	戻る	Modoru
Verb-Cmr	To go home	家に帰る/ 帰る	Ienikaeru/ Kaeru
Verb-Cmr	To go to (to go to see; to go to eat; to go to do)	Verb stem + に行く (見に行く、食へに行く、しに行く)	Verb stem + ni iku (mi ni iku, tabe ni iku, shi ni iku)
Verb-Cmr	To go together (to go along)	一緒に行く	Issho ni iku
Verb-Cmr	To wait	待つ/ 待ち受ける/ 待ち構える/ 様子を見る	Matsu * (to wait/ to await; to look forward to; to anticipate)/ Machiukeru * (to await; to wait for; to expect)/ Machikamaeru * (to lie in wait (for); to be on the watch (for); to wait (for); to watch (for))/ Yōsu o miru * (to wait and see; to see how things go; to survey the situation)
Verb-Cmr	To enter	入る/ 込む	Hairu/ Komu
Verb-Cmr	To leave	去る/ 出る/ 残す/ 離れる	Saru * (to leave; to go away)/ Deru * (to leave; to exit; to go out; to come out; to get out/ to leave (on a journey); to depart; to start out; to set out)/ Nokosu * (to leave (behind)/ to leave (undone); to not finish)/ Hanareru * (to leave; to go away)
Verb-Cmr	To exit	出る	Deru
Verb-Cmr	To stay (to remain)	とどまる (留まる)/ (残る)	Todomaru (tomaru)/ (nokoru)

Verb-Cmr	To stay at (e.g. hotel)	泊まる (泊る) (ホテルなど)/ 宿る (やどる)	Tomaru (hoteru nado)/ Yadoru * (to stay at; to take shelter at; to stop at; to lodge at)
Verb-Cmr	To advance	進む/ 進める/ 進行 (する)	Susumu/ Susumeru/ Shinkō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To approach (to come forward)	近づく/ 近寄る/ 寄る/ 迫る/ 差し掛かる/ アプローチ (する) (前に出る/ 名乗り出る)	Chikadzuku * (to approach; to draw near; to get close/ to get acquainted with; to get closer to; to get to know)/ Chikayoru/ Yoru/ Semaru/ Sashikakaru/ Apurōchi (suru) (Mae ni deru * (to come forward; to make a forward move; to pull ahead/ Nanorideru * (to introduce oneself; to announce oneself (e.g. as the person sought); to come forward (e.g. as a witness, with a claim, etc.)))
Verb-Cmr	To arrive	到着 (する)	Tōchaku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To chase	追いかける	Oikakeru
Verb-Cmr	To delay	遅れる (後れる)/ 遅らせる (後らせる)/ 遅らす (後らす)/ 遅延 (する)/ 遅滞 (する)/ 先延ばしにする	Okureru/ Okuraseru/ Okurasu/ Chien (suru)/ Chitai (suru)/ Saki nobashi ni suru
Verb-Cmr	To depart	出発 (する)	Shuppatsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To drive (ie. car, machine)	運転 (する) (つまり, 車, 機械)	Unten (suru) (tsumari, kuruma, kikai)
Verb-Cmr	To follow (a road, path, etc.) (to trace)	辿る (たどる)/ 道なりに進む/ 進む/ 歩む	Tadoru/ Michinari ni susumu * (follow the path; follow the road)/ Susumu * (to advance; to go forward/ to precede; to go ahead (of); to move along)/ Ayumu * (to tread (a figurative path); to follow; to lead (a life); to experience)
Verb-Cmr	To follow (ie. a person)	従う/ 踏む	Shitagau/ Fumu * (to follow (rules, principles, etc.); to go through (e.g. formalities); to complete)
Verb-Cmr	To go in	中に入る	Chū ni hairu
Verb-Cmr	To go out (to get out)	出かける (出掛ける)/ 出る	Dekakeru/ Deru
Verb-Cmr	To go outside	外に行く	Soto ni iku
Verb-Cmr	To go inside	中に入る	Chū ni hairu
Verb-Cmr	To go up	上がる	Agaru
Verb-Cmr	To go down	下がる	Sagaru
Verb-Cmr	To hurry	急ぐ/ 急行 (する)	Isogu/ Kyūkō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To jog	ジョギング (する)	Jogingu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To land	着陸 (する)/ 着地 (する)/ 上陸 (する)/ 着く	Chakuriku (suru)/ Chakuchi (suru)/ Jōriku (suru)/ Tsuku
Verb-Cmr	To move (to stir; to shift; to shake)	移動 (する)/ 動く	Idō (suru)/ Ugoku
Verb-Cmr	To move aside (to move out of the way)	脇に移動する (邪魔にならないように移動する)	Waki ni idō suru (jama ni naranai yō ni idō suru)
Verb-Cmr	To move away	遠ざかる	Tōzakaru
Verb-Cmr	To move back	戻る	Modoru
Verb-Cmr	To move forward	前に進む	Mae ni susumu
Verb-Cmr	To move house	(家を) 引っ越す/ 家を移動する/ 移る	(Ie o) Hikkosu/ Ie o idō suru/ Utsuru
Verb-Cmr	To move on	次に進む	Tsugini susumu

Verb-Cmn	To navigate	航海 (する)/ 航行 (する)/ 通航 (する)/ 回航 (する)/ 運航 (する)/ 舟行 (する)/ ナビゲート (する)/ ナビゲーション (する)	Kōkai (suru) * ((sea) voyage; navigation; sailing; passage; cruise)/ Kōkō (suru) * (cruise; navigation; sailing)/ Tsūkō (suru) * (navigation; sailing)/ Kaikō (suru) * (navigation; cruise)/ Unkō (suru) * (operation (of a ship or aircraft route); service; navigation; flight)/ Shūkō (suru) * (boating; sailing; navigation)/ Nabigēto (suru)/ Nabigēshon (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To park (to park the car)	駐車 (する)/ 止める/ パーク (する) (車を駐車する)	Chūsha (suru)/ Tomeru * (to park)/ Pāku (suru) (kuruma o chūsha suru)
Verb-Cmn	To pass (to pass through, ie. bridge, mountain, etc.)	過ぎる/ 通る/ 通過 (する) (橋や山などを通過 (する))/ 通り過ぎる/ 過ぎ去る	Sugiru/ Tōru/ Tsūka (suru) (Hashi ya yama nado o tsūka (suru))/ Tōrisugiru/ Sugisaru
Verb-Cmn	To postpone (to put off)	延期 (する)/ 後回し (する)/ 繰り延べる/ 遅らせる/ ずらす/ 見合わせる/ 持ち越す/ 渋る/ 先延ばしにする/ 譲る/ 後にする/ 見合わず/ 遅らす/ 繰り下げる/ 伸べる (延べる)/ 伸びる	Enki (suru)/ Atomawashi (suru)/ Kurinoberu/ Okuraseru/ Zurasu/ Miawaseru/ Mochikosu/ Shiburu/ Saki nobashi ni suru/ Yuzuru/ Atonisuru/ Miawasu/ Okurasu/ Kurisageru/ Noberu * (to postpone; to extend)/ Nobiru * (to be postponed; to be delayed; to be put off)
Verb-Cmn	To pursue	追求 (する)/ 追跡 (する)/ 探求 (する)/ 追行 (する)/ 修業 (する)/ 勉強 (する)/ 追撃 (する)/ パシュート (する)/ 急追 (する)/ 猛追 (する)	Tsuikyū (suru) * (pursuit (of a goal, ideal, etc.); search; chase; seeking after)/ Tsuiseki (suru) * (chase; pursuit; tracking; stalking/ following up; tracing)/ Tankyū (suru) * (search; quest; pursuit)/ Tsuikō (suru) * (pursuit; carrying out)/ Shūgyō (suru) * (pursuit of knowledge; studying; learning; training; completing a course)/ Bengaku (suru) * (study; pursuit of knowledge)/ Tsuigeki (suru) * (pursuit (of a fleeing enemy); chase; follow-up attack)/ Pashūto (suru) * (pursuit/ team pursuit; sports term)/ Kyūtsui (suru) * ((being in) hot pursuit)/ Mōtsui (suru) * (hot pursuit; hot chase)
Verb-Cmn	To put off	延期 (する)	Enki (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To reach (to arrive)	到達 (する)/ 着く/ 達する/ 到着 (する)/ 届く/ 至る	Tōtatsu (suru)/ Tsuku/ Tassuru/ Tōchaku (suru)/ Todoku/ Itaru
Verb-Cmn	To reach (to touch)	届く	Todoku
Verb-Cmn	To remain	残る	Nokoru

Verb-Cmn	To retire	引退 (する)/ 辞める/ 降りる/ 下がる/ 退職 (する)/ 脱退 (する)/ 隠居 (する)/ 退任 (する)/ 退陣 (する)/ 退却 (する)/ 定年 (する)/ 定年退職 (する)/ リタイア (する)/ 退官 (する)/ 隠遁 (する)/ 退隱 (する)/ 隠退 (する)/ 籠居 (する)/ 幽居 (する)	Intai (suru)/ Yameru/ Oriru * (means 'to descend (e.g. a mountain); to go down; to come down', but can also mean 'to step down; to retire; to give up; to quit; to fold')/ Sagaru * (means 'to come down; to go down; to fall; to drop; to sink; to get lower', but can also mean 'to move back; to step back; to withdraw; to retire')/ Taishoku (suru) * (retirement; resignation)/ Dattai (suru) * (withdrawal (e.g. from an organization); secession; leaving; pulling out)/ Inkyo (suru) * (retirement (from work); leading a quiet life (after retirement))/ Tainin (suru) * (retirement; resignation; stepping down)/ Taijin (suru) * (resignation; stepping down; retirement)/ Taikyaku (suru) * (retreat; withdrawal; retirement)/ Teinen (suru) * ((compulsory) retirement age; age limit/ (compulsory) retirement (on reaching retirement age); mandatory retirement)/ Teinen taishoku (suru) * ((compulsory) retirement (on reaching retirement age); mandatory retirement)/ Ritaia (suru) * (retirement/ retiring (from a race, match, etc.); dropping out)/ Taikan (suru) * (retirement from office)/ Inton (suru) * (retirement (from the world); seclusion)/ Taiin (suru) * (retirement (from an official position))/ Intai (suru) * (seclusion; reclusion; retirement (from activities))/ Rōkyo (suru) * (staying at home or indoors; living in seclusion)
Verb-Cmn	To run	走る	Hashiru
Verb-Cmn	To sail (to voyage; to navigate)	航海 (する)/ 帆走 (する/ の)/ 船出 (する)/ 出航 (する)/ 出港 (する)/ 出帆 (する)/ 乗り出す/ 走る/ 乗り切る	Kōkai (suru)/ Hansō (suru/ no)/ Funade (suru)/ Shukkō (suru)/ Shukkō (suru)/ Shuppan (suru)/ Noridasu/ Hashiru/ Norikiru
Verb-Cmn	To sightsee (sightseeing)	観光 (する)/ 見物 (する)/ 遊覧 (する)/ サイトシーイング (する)	Kankō (suru)/ Kenbutsu (suru)/ Yūran (suru)/ Saitoshīngu (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To step (to pace)	踏む/ 跨ぐ/ 踏み出す/ 退く (しりぞく)/ 退く (どく)/ ステップ (する) (ペースを合わせる)	Fumu * (to step on; to tread on; to trample on/ to set foot on (e.g. foreign soil); to stand on; to visit)/ Matagu * (to step over; to step across; to stride over; to stride across; to cross)/ Fumidasu * (to step forward; to step forth; to advance)/ Shirizoku * (to step back; to move back; to retreat)/ Doku * (to step aside; to move (i.e. out of the way); to make way/ please notice the word has the same kanj as 'shirizoku', only different hiragana characters)/ Suteppu (suru) (Pēsū o awaseru)
Verb-Cmn	To take a walk (to stroll)	散歩 (する)/ 散策 (する)	Sanpo (suru)/ Sansaku (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To tour (to take a tour)	観光 (する)/ ツアー (する) (ツアーに参加する; 観光)	Kankō (suru)/ Tsuā (suru) (tsuā ni sankā suru; kankō)

Verb-Cmr	To travel (to make a trip)	旅行 (する)/ 旅する	Ryokō (suru)/ Tabi suru
Verb-Cmr	To visit	訪問 (する)/ 訪れる	Hōmon (suru)/ Otozureru
Verb-Cmr	To walk	歩く / 歩む	Aruku/ Ayumu * (to walk; to go on foot)
Verb-Cmr	To walk around (to walk about; to walk to and fro)	歩き回る (歩きまわる/ 歩き廻る/ あるきまわる)/ 立ち回る/ 巡り歩く / 徘徊 (する)/ 散歩 (する)/ 散策 (する)/ 立ち回り (する)/ 彷徨 (する)/ 遊行 (する)/ ほっつき回る/ 彷徨う (さまよう) (歩き回る; あちこち歩き回る)	Arukimawaru/ Tachimawaru/ Meguri aruku * (to walk around; to travel around)/ Haikai (suru) * (wandering (around); roaming; loitering; prowling; hanging around/ to wander around)/ Sanpo (suru)/ Sansaku (suru)/ Tachimawari (suru) * (walking about; walking around)/ Hōkai (suru) * (walking around aimlessly/ to walk around aimlessly)/ Yugyō (suru) * (gadding around; gallivanting; tour/ wandering; walking aimlessly)/ Hottsuki mawaru * (to wander about; to wander around; to hang around; to loiter)/ Samayō * (to loiter; to putter; to prowl; to wander about; to roam about; to knock around) (arukimawaru; achikochi arukimawaru)
Verb-Cmr	To emigrate	移住 (する)	iju (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To immigrate	移民 (する)	imin (suru)
Verb-Exa	I come there	そこに来ます	Soko ni kimasu
Verb-Exa	You go home	あなたは家に帰ります	Anata wa ie ni kaerimasu
Verb-Exa	He goes to the store	彼は店に行きます	Kare wa mise ni ikimasu
Verb-Exa	They visit me	彼らは私を訪ねてきます	Karera wa watashi o tazunete kimasu
Verb-Cmr	To do	する (します)/ 為さる (formal)/ やる (informal)/ 行う/ 決行 (する)/ そう (する)/ 致す	Suru (shimasu * (polite)/ Nasaru (formal)/ Yaru (informal)/ Okonau * (to perform; to do; to conduct oneself; to carry out)/ Kekkō (suru) * (doing (with resolve); carrying out (e.g. a plan))/ Sō (suru) * (to do so; to do thus)
Verb-Cmr	To make	作る	Tsukuru
Verb-Cmr	To create	作る/ 作成 (する)/ 生成 (する)	Tsukuru/ Sakusei (suru)/ Seisei (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To shape (to form)	形作る/ 形にする/ 形成 (する) (形にする)	Katachidzukuru/ Katachi ni suru/ Keisei (suru) (katachi ni suru)
Verb-Cmr	To act	行動 (する)/ 動く	Kōdō (suru)/ Ugoku
Verb-Cmr	To be made from (to be made of)	から作られる (から作られる)	Kara tsukura reru (kara tsukurareru)
Verb-Cmr	To build (to construct)	建てる/ 造る/ 建築 (する) (構築 (する))/ 築く/ 作る/ 構える	Tateru/ Tsukuru/ Kenchiku (suru) (Kōchiku (suru))/ Kizuku/ Tsukuru/ Kamaeru
Verb-Cmr	To help (to assist)	助ける/ 手伝う	Tasukeru/ Tetsudau
Verb-Cmr	To need help	助けが必要である/ ... は助けが必要です	Tasuke ga hitsuyōdearu/ ... wa tasuke ga hitsuyōdesu
Verb-Cmr	To support	支持 (する)/ 支援 (する)/ 支える/ サポート (する)/ 援助 (する)/ 後押し (する)/ 引き立てる	Shiji (suru)/ Shien (suru)/ Sasaeru/ Sapōto (suru)/ Enjo (suru)/ Atooshi (suru)/ Hikitateru * (to support; to favor; to favour; to promote; to patronize)
Verb-Cmr	To try (to attempt)	みる/ 試す/ 試みる/ しようとする	Miru * (no kanji is used in the word)/ Tamesu/ Kokoromiru/ Shiyō to suru

Verb-Cmr	To behave (to act)	振る舞う (振舞う) / (に) 行動 (する)	Furumau / (ni) Kōdō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To cause	引き起こす / 原因 (する) / 起因 (する)	Hikiokosu * (to cause; to induce; to bring about; to provoke) / Gen'in (suru) * (cause; origin; source) / Kiin (suru) * (to be caused by; to result from; to arise from; to stem from; to be due to / cause; origin)
Verb-Cmr	To color (to colour)	色を付ける (色を付ける)	Irowotsukeru (irowotsukeru)
Verb-Cmr	To decide (to) (to determine)	決定 (する) / 決める / 事にする (ことにする) * (be aware of 異にする with the same pronunciation but different meaning) / 定める / 決定づける	Kettei (suru) / Kimeru / Koto ni suru (kotoni suru) / Sadameru / Ketteidzukeru
Verb-Cmr	To decorate	飾る / 飾り付ける	Kazaru / Kazaritsukeru
Verb-Cmr	To design	設計 (する) / デザイン (する)	Sekkei (suru) / Dezain (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To draw	描く (画く)	Kaku
Verb-Cmr	To dye	染める	Someru
Verb-Cmr	To examine (to investigate)	調べる / 見る / 検討 (する) / 検査 (する)	Shiraberu / Miru / Kentō (suru) / Kensa (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To exercise (to work out)	運動 (する) / 練る	Undō (suru) / Neru
Verb-Cmr	To judge	判断 (する) / 判定 (する)	Handan (suru) / Hantei (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To map	地図にする / 画する / 画す	Chizu ni suru * (map; atlas; chart; plan) / Kaku suru * (to demarcate; to mark; to divide; to map out) / Kakusu * (to demarcate; to mark; to divide; to map out)
Verb-Cmr	To warm up (to warm-up)	ウォームアップ (する) / 肩慣らし (する) / 準備運動 (する) / 温まる / 調子付く / 暖機 (する) / 温める / 興が乗る / ウォーミングアップ (する) / アップ (する)	U~ōmuappu (suru) * (warm-up) / Katanarashi (suru) * (warming up; limbering up) / Junbi undō (suru) * (warming (limbering) up; warming-up exercises) / Atatamaru * (to warm oneself; to sun oneself; to warm up; to get warm) / Chōshidzuku * (to warm up to; to become enthusiastic about; to be elated) / Danki (suru) * (warm up (e.g. engine)) / Atatameru * (to warm (up); to heat (up)) / Kyōganoru * (to warm up to; to get interested in; to get excited by) / U~ōminguappu (suru) * (warming up; warm-up) / Appu (suru) * (warm-up; abbreviation of 'u~ōminguappu')
Verb-Cmr	To fail	失敗 (する)	Shippai (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To force	強制する / 強いる / 押し付ける / 無理強い (する)	Kyōsei suru / Shiiru / Oshitsukeru / Murijii (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To happen (to occur; to take place)	起こる (起る) / 発生 (する) / 持ち上がる (持上る) (起きる / 出来 (しゅったい) (する) / 生起 (する))	Okoru / Hassei (suru) / Mochiagaru (Okiru / Shuttai (* not 'deki' with exactly the same Kanji characters) (suru) / Seiki (suru))
Verb-Cmr	To hinder	妨害 (する)	Bōgai (suru)

Verb-Cmn	To hold (a conference, exhibition, etc.; to open; to host)	開催 (する)	Kaisai (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To interfere	干渉 (関渉/ かんしょう) (する)/ 差し支える/ 口を出す/ 障る/ 立ち入る/ 話の腰を折る/ 世話を焼く/ ちょっかいを掛ける/ 嘴を挟む/ ちょっかいを出す/ 触る/ 突っ込む/ 口出し (する)/ (お) 邪魔 (な /する)/ 妨害 (する)/ 容喙 (する)	Kanshō (suru)/ Sashitsukaeru/ Kuchiwodasu/ Sawaru/ Tachiiru/ Hanashinokoshiwooru/ Sewawoyaku/ Chokkai o kakeru/ Kuchibashiwohasamu/ Chokkai o dasu/ Sawaru/ Tsukkomu/ Kuchidashi (suru)/ (o) Jama (na/ suru)/ Bōgai (suru)/ Yōkai (suru) * (interference; meddling; formal or literary term)
Verb-Cmn	To interrupt (to hinder)	(お) 邪魔 (ををする)/ 妨げる/ 乱す (紊す/ みだす)/ 崩す/ 阻む (はばむ)	(o) Jama (o suru)/ Samatageru/ Midasu/ Kuzusu/ Habamu
Verb-Cmn	To join (to participate)	参加 (する)/ 加わる/ 加入 (する)/ 入る (はいる)	Sanka (suru)/ Kuwawaru/ Kanyū (suru)/ Hairu
Verb-Cmn	To marry	結婚 (する)	Kekkon (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To measure	測定 (する)/ 計る (測る/ 量る)/ 処置 (する)/ 措置 (する)	Sokutei (suru)/ Hakaru/ Shochi (suru) * (measure; step; dealing with)/ Sochi (suru) * (measure; step; action)
Verb-Cmn	To meddle	口出しする/ 干渉する (関渉する)	Kuchidashi suru/ Kanshō suru
Verb-Cmn	To occur	起こる	Okoru
Verb-Cmn	To organize	整理する/ 組織する	Seiri suru/ Soshiki suru
Verb-Cmn	To paint	塗る/ 彩る/ 絵取る/ 描く	Nuru/ Irodoru/ Edozu/ Kaku
Verb-Cmn	To participate	参加 (する)/ 関与 (する)/ 関係 (する)/ 出場 (する)/ 加担 (する)/ 参列 (する)/ 加わる/ 携わる/ 乗る	Sanka (suru) * (participation; joining; entry)/ Kan'yo (suru) * (participation; taking part in; participating in; being concerned in)/ Kankei (suru) * (participation; involvement; concern/ relation; relationship; connection)/ Shutsujō (suru) * (participation (in a tournament, match, race, etc.); entry; taking part (in); competing (in); appearance)/ Katan (suru) * (support; participation; assistance; complicity; conspiracy)/ Sanretsu (suru) * (attendance; participation; presence)/ Kuwawaru * (to join in (e.g. a group of friends); to participate)/ Tazusawaru * (to engage in; to participate in; to take part in; to be involved in)/ Noru * (to take part; to participate; to join)
Verb-Cmn	To please	喜ばせる/ 喜ばす	Yorokobaseru/ Yorokobasu * (to delight; to please; to make (someone) happy; to give pleasure (to))
Verb-Cmn	To prevent	妨げる/ 阻む/ 防ぐ/ 封ずる	Samatageru/ Habamu/ Fusegu/ Fūzuru * (means 'to seal (letter)', but can also mean 'to prevent; to forbid; to block')

Verb-Cmr	To produce	生産 (する)/ 作り出す/ プロデュース (する)	Seisan (suru)/ Tsukuridasu/ Purode~yūsu (suru) * (to produce (e.g. movie, play, show, event, musical recording, etc.); to design (e.g. new commercial product, restaurant concept, etc.); to create)
Verb-Cmr	To put up	我慢 (する)	Gaman (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To react	反応 (する)/ リアクションを取る	Han'nō (suru)/ Riakushon o toru
Verb-Cmr	To redo (to rework)	やり直す (やりなおす)/ し直す (仕直す/ 為直す/ 仕なおす/ しなおす)/ 仕替える/ 遣り返す (やり直す (やりなおす)/ 手直し (する)/ 再加工 (する)/ 作り直す/ 再構築 (する)/ 手戻り (する)/ 練り直す)	Yarinaosu/ Shinaosu * (to do over; to remake; to resume)/ Shikaeru * (to do over; to start anew)/ Yarikaesu * (to redo; to do over; to try again) (Yarinaosu/ Tenaoshi (suru) * (rework; adjustment; tweaking; improvement; modification; tinkering; minor alteration; correction)/ Sai kakō (suru) * (reprocessing; rework)/ Tsukurinaosu * (to remake; to rebuild; to recreate)/ Sai kōchiku (suru) * (to reconstruct; to rebuild; reconstruction; rebuilding)/ Te modori (suru) * (reworking; returning; sending back; refactoring)/ Nerinaosu * (literally means 'to knead again', but can also mean 'to rework; to revise; to polish'))
Verb-Cmr	To undo	元に戻す	Motonimodosu
Verb-Cmr	To solve (to resolve)	解決 (する)/ 解く/ 説き明かす/ 判ずる (はんずる)/ 判じる (はんじる)/ 解き明かす/ 解答 (する)/ 正解 (する)	Kaiketsu (suru)/ Hodoku/ Tokiakasu/ Hanzuru/ Hanjiru/ Tokiakasu/ Kaitō (suru)/ Seikai (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To sport (to play sports)	スポーツ (する)/ スポーツを遊ぶ	Supōtsu (suru)/ Supōtsu o asobu
Verb-Cmr	To succeed (to have success)	成功する (成功する)	Seikō suru (seikō suru)
Verb-Cmr	To trigger	起こす/ トリガー (する)/ (を) 起動 (する)	Okosu/ Torigā (suru)/ (O) Kidō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To try out (something)	(何かを) 試みる/ 試してみる/ 試す	(nanika o) Kokoromiru/ Tameshite miru/ Tamesu
Verb-Cmr	To use (to utilize)	使う/ 利用 (する)/ 使用 (する)	Tsukau/ Riyō (suru)/ Shiyo (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To work (on/ for/ as a)	働く/ 仕事 (を) する/ 仕事 (する)/ 作業 (する)	Hataraku/ Shigoto (o suru)/ Shigoto (suru)/ Sagyō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To work as (a)	(...) として仕事する/ として働く/ として機能 (する)	(...) To shite shigoto suru/ To shite hataraku/ To shite kinō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To work hard (to make effort)	頑張る/ 頑張って仕事する/ 励む/ 努める/ 努力 (する)/ 精を出す/ 刻苦 (する)/ 勤しむ/ 取り組む/ 取っ組む	Ganbaru/ Ganbatte shigoto suru/ Hagemu/ Tsutomeru/ Doryoku (suru)/ Seiwodasu/ Kokku (suru)/ Isoshimu/ Torikumu/ Tokkumu
Verb-Cmr	To work out (to think out, ie. a plan)	編み出す (あみ出す)/ 練る	Amidasu/ Neru
Verb-Cmr	To labor (to work; manual work)	労働 (する)/ 勤労 (する)/ 労苦 (する)/ 働く/ 仕事 (を) する/ 仕事 (する)	Rōdō (suru)/ Kinrō (suru)/ Rōku (suru)/ Hataraku/ Shigoto (o suru)/ Shigoto (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To craft (to work; to do handiwork)	細工 (する)	Zaiku (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To do one's best	最善を尽くす	Saizenwotsukusu
Verb-Cmr	To work overtime	残業 (する)	Zangyō (suru)
Verb-Exa	I do the work	仕事は私がやります	Shigoto wa watashi ga yarimasu
Verb-Exa	You draw a painting	あなたは絵を描きます	Anata wa e o kakimasu
Verb-Exa	He helps her	彼は彼女を助けます	Kare wa kanojo o tasukemasu
Verb-Exa	He works in the company	彼は会社で働いています	Kare wa kaisha de hataraitte imasu
Verb-Cmr	To sit	座る (座る)	Suwaru (suwaru)
Verb-Cmr	To stand	立つ	Tatsu
Verb-Cmr	To bend	曲がる (曲る/ まがる)/ 曲げる (枉げる/ まげる)/ 屈する	Magaru/ Mageru/ Kussuru
Verb-Cmr	To bet	賭ける	Kakeru
Verb-Cmr	To gamble (to bet)	賭ける/ ギャンブル (する) (賭する/ 賭す)	Kakeru/ Gyanburu (suru) (To suru/ Tosu)
Verb-Cmr	To bow	お辞儀をする/ 敬礼 (する)/ 屈する/ 曲げる (枉げる/ まげる)	Ojigiwosuru/ Keirei (suru)/ Kussuru/ Mageru
Verb-Cmr	To bounce	跳ねる/ 弾む/ バウンド (する)	Haneru * (to jump; to leap; to prance; to spring up; to bound; to hop)/ Hazumu * (to spring; to bound; to bounce)/ Baundo (suru) * (bounce; bound)
Verb-Cmr	To bury	埋める/ 埋葬 (する)	Umeru/ Maisō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To catch	捕まえる/ キャッチ (する)	Tsukamaeru/ Kyatchi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To climb	上る (登る)	Noboru
Verb-Cmr	To crawl	這う (匍う/ 延う/ はう)/ クロールを (する)	Hau/ Kurōru o (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To dance	踊る	Odoru
Verb-Cmr	To dig	掘る	Horu
Verb-Cmr	To dive	潜る/ ダイビング (する)	Moguru/ Daibingu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To drag	引きずる/ ドラッグ (する)/ 引き摺り出す/ 引っ張る/ ずる	Hikizuru/ Doraggu (suru)/ Hikizuri dasu * (to drag out)/ Hipparu * (to drag; to haul; to tow)/ Zuru * (to drag; to pull)
Verb-Cmr	To drift	漂う	Tadayou
Verb-Cmr	To embrace	抱きしめる/ 擁する/ 抱擁 (する)/ 相擁 (する)/ 抱く/ 抱きつく/ 抱き合う/ 抱き抱える/ 抱え込む/ 縋りつく (すがりつく)	Dakishimeru * (to hug someone close; to hold someone tight; to embrace closely)/ Yōsuru * (to embrace; to hug)/ Hōyō (suru) * (embrace; hug; holding in one's arms)/ Aiyō (suru) * (embrace; hug)/ Idaku * (to hold in one's arms (e.g. a baby); to embrace; to hug)/ Dakitsuku * (to cling to; to embrace; to throw one's arms around)/ Dakiau * (to embrace each other)/ Daki kakaeru * (to hold; to carry; to embrace (in one's arms))/ Kakaekomu * (to hold a thing in one's arms; to carry in one's arms; to embrace (e.g. a baby))/ Sugari tsuku * (to cling to; to depend on; to embrace; to hug)
Verb-Cmr	To fish	魚釣りをする	Sakanatsuri o suru

Verb-Cmr	To float	浮く/ 浮かべる/ 浮かぶ/ 漂う/ 浮かす/ 浮き上がる (浮き上る/ 浮上がる/ 浮上る)	Uku/ Ukaberu/ Ukabu/ Tadayou/ Ukasu/ Ukiagaru
Verb-Cmr	To float (to set adrift)	流す	Nagasu
Verb-Cmr	To fly	飛ぶ/ 跳び越える (飛び越える)	Tobu/ Tobikoeru * (to jump over; to leap over; to clear/ to fly over; to fly across)
Verb-Cmr	To hop	跳ねる	Haneru
Verb-Cmr	To hug (to embrace)	抱きしめる/ 抱く (いだく/ だく) * (be careful when using 'daku' which has the same kanji and also next to to hug or embrace, means to have sex with)	Dakishimeru/ Idaku/ Daku
Verb-Cmr	To jump	飛ぶ/ ジャンプ (する)/ 跳び越える (飛び越える)	Tobu/ Janpu (suru)/ Tobikoeru * (to jump over; to leap over; to clear/ to fly over; to fly across)
Verb-Cmr	To kiss	キスを (する)/ 接吻 (する)/ 口付ける	Kisu o (suru)/ Seppun (suru)/ Kuchidzukeru
Verb-Cmr	To lean	傾く/ 偏る/ 寄りかかる/ 曲げる/ 傾斜 (する)/ 傾ける	Katamuku * (to incline toward; to slant; to lurch; to heel over; to be disposed to; to trend toward; to be prone to)/ Katayoru * (to lean (to one side); to incline/ to be unbalanced (e.g. diet); to be unduly weighted towards; to be concentrated on/ to be partial; to be biased; to be prejudiced)/ Yorikakaru * (to lean against; to recline on; to lean on)/ Mageru * (to bend; to crook; to bow; to curve; to curl/ to lean; to tilt; to incline; to slant/ to bend (the truth); to bend the truth; to distort; to twist; to pervert)/ Keisha (suru) * (inclination; slant; slope; bevel; list; dip; tilt; lean)/ Katamukeru * (to incline; to lean; to tip; to tilt; to slant; to bend; to list)
Verb-Cmr	To mine	採掘 (する)/ 採鉱 (する)/ 掘採 (する)/ ミニング (する/ の)	Saikutsu (suru)/ Saikō (suru)/ Kutsusai (suru)/ Miningu (suru/ no)
Verb-Cmr	To mount	乗る/ マウント (する)	Noru/ Maunto (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To pat	撫でる	Naderu
Verb-Cmr	To pet	撫でる (なでる)/ 可愛がる	Naderu/ Kawaigaru
Verb-Cmr	To play	遊ぶ/ プレイ (する)	Asobu/ Purei (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To play a game (ie. of chess)	ゲームをする (チェスなど)	Gēmu o suru (chesu nado)
Verb-Cmr	To play football	サッカー (をする)	Sakkā (o suru)
Verb-Cmr	To play tennis	テニス (をする)	Tenisu (o suru)
Verb-Cmr	To play the piano	ピアノの演奏 (する)	Piano no ensō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To raise a hand	手を上げる	Tewoageru
Verb-Cmr	To ride	乗る	Noru

Verb-Cmr	To risk	危険を冒す (危険をおかす/ きけんをおかす)/ 冒険 (する/ な)/ 冒す/ 賭ける (かける)/ 賭ける (とける)/ 賭す (とす)	Kikenwookasu/ Bōken (suru/ na)/ Okasu/ Kakeru * (more used as to risk when gambling or betting)/ Tokeru * (same kanji as kakeru, only means to stake; to risk; to bet; to wager)/ Tosu
Verb-Cmr	To roll	転がす/ 転がる	Korogasu * (to roll; to wheel; to trundle; to drive (a car))/ Korogaru * (to roll; to tumble)
Verb-Cmr	To rub	こする (擦る)	Kosuru
Verb-Cmr	To shrug one's shoulders	肩をすくめる/ 首をすくめる/ すくめる (竦める)/ すぼめる (窄める)	Katawosukumeru * (to shrug one's shoulders)/ Kubi o sukumeru * (to duck one's head; to pull in one's head; to duck down; to shrug one's shoulders)/ Sukumeru * (to shrug (shoulders); to duck (head); to draw back (body))/ Subomeru * (to make narrower; to shut (an umbrella); to shrug (one's shoulders); to purse (one's lips))
Verb-Cmr	To sing	歌う	Utau
Verb-Cmr	To sink (to go down; to submerge)	沈む/ 沈没 (する)	Shizumu/ Chinbotsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To squeeze	絞る	Shiboru
Verb-Cmr	To stroke	撫でる	Naderu
Verb-Cmr	To swim	泳ぐ	Oyogu
Verb-Cmr	To tickle	くすぐる (擽る)	Kusuguru
Verb-Cmr	To touch	触る/ 触れる/ タッチ (する)	Sawaru/ Fureru/ Tatchi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To tow	牽引 (する)/ レッカー (する)	Ken'in (suru) * (traction; towing; hauling; pulling; drawing/ driving (e.g. economic growth))/ Rekkā (suru) * (tow truck; wrecker * (abbreviation)/ towing (a vehicle))
Verb-Cmr	To turn (rotate)	回す/ 向ける	Mawasu/ Mukeru
Verb-Cmr	To twist	ひねる (捻る)/ 振る (捻る)	Hineru/ Nejiru
Verb-Cmr	To wring	絞る	Shiboru
Verb-Cmr	To exist	存在 (する/ の)/ 生きる/ 現在 (する/ の)/ 居る (いる)/ 有る (ある)/ 存する/ 居る (おる)/ 生存 (する)/ 実在 (する/ の)	Sonzai (suru/ no) * (to exist; existence; being; presence)/ Ikiru * (to live; to exist)/ Genzai (suru/ no) * (to actually exist; to exist right now; to exist right in front of one)/ Iru * (to be (of animate objects, ie. people, animals); to exist)/ Aru * (to be (of inanimate objects, ie. table, book, etc.); to exist; to live)/ Sonsuru * (to exist)/ Oru * (to be (animate); to be; to exist (humble (kenjougo) language))/ Seizon (suru) * (to exist; to live; to survive)/ Jitsuzai (suru/ no) * (actual existence; real existence; existing in real life)
Verb-Cmr	To live (ie. to live in/ at)	住む (つまり、住んでいる/で)/ 生活 (する)	Sumu (tsumari, sunde iru/ de)/ Seikatsu (suru) * (livelihood; (one's) living)
Verb-Cmr	To live (to be alive)	生きる/ 生活 (する)	Ikiru/ Seikatsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To be born (at/ in)	生まれる (産れる) (で/で)	Umareru (de/ de)
Verb-Cmr	To be born and raised (in)	生まれ育つ	Umare sodatsu

Verb-Cmr	To become attached (to) (to become affectionate (with))	懐く	Natsuku
Verb-Cmr	To die (to pass away)	死ぬ/ 目をつぶる (目を瞑る/ 目を瞑る/ 目をつむる)	Shinu/ Mewotsuburu
Verb-Cmr	To experience (to go through; to have experience)	味わう/ 舐める/ 事がある (ことがある)/ 経験 (する)/ 体験 (する) * (personal experience)/ 踏む	Ajiwau/ Nameru/ Koto ga aru/ Keiken (suru)/ Taiken (suru) * (personal experience)/ Fumu * (to experience; to undergo)
Verb-Cmr	To survive	生き残る/ 助かる/ 生き延びる/ 生存 (する)	Ikinokoru * (to survive)/ Tasukaru * (to be saved; to be rescued; to survive/ to escape harm; to be spared damage/ to be helped; to be saved trouble)/ Ikinobiru * (to survive; to live long)/ Seizon (suru) * (existence; being; life; survival)
Verb-Exa	He sits there	彼はそこに座っています	Kare wa soko ni suwatte imasu
Verb-Exa	They dance together	彼らは一緒に踊ります	Karera wa issho ni odorimasu
Verb-Exa	He plays a game of chess	彼はチェスのゲームをします	Kare wa chesu no gēmu o shimasu
Verb-Exa	She lives in that town	彼女はあの町に住んでいます	Kanojo wa ano machi ni sunde imasu
Verb-Cmr	To have	持つ	Motsu
Verb-Cmr	To own	所有 (する)/ 持つ/ 有する	Shoyū (suru)/ Motsu/ Yūsuru
Verb-Cmr	To prepare (to get ready)	準備 (する)/ 用意 (する)/ 設ける/ 備える (具える)/ 揃える/ 整える	Junbi (suru)/ Yōi (suru)/ Mōkeru/ Sonaeru/ Soroeru/ Totonoeu
Verb-Cmr	To take	取る	Toru
Verb-Cmr	To get (to obtain)	得る/ 取得 (する)/ 掴む (つかむ)/ 入手 (する)/ 調達 (する)/ 手に入れる/ 手に入る/ 取る/ 有り付く (ありつく)	Eru/ Shutoku (suru)/ Tsukamu/ Nyūshu (suru)/ Chōtatsu (suru)/ Teniireru/ Tenihairu/ Toru/ Ari tsuku
Verb-Cmr	To give	あげる (上げる)/ 与える * (especially to someone of lower status)/ 捧げる (献げる)	Ageru/ Ataeru * (especially to someone of lower status)/ Sasageru
Verb-Cmr	To give * (ie. I gave something to someone)	上げる (あげる)	Ageru * (the verb ageru 上げる also means "to raise/elevate (something)" which has nothing to do with it)
Verb-Cmr	To give (to let (one) have)	くれる (呉れる)	Kureru
Verb-Cmr	To accept	受け入れる (受け入れます)/ 入れる (容れる)/ 受ける/ 受け付ける/ 受け取る/ 貰う (もらう)/ 頂く/ 引き受ける	Ukeireru (ukeiremasu)/ Ireru/ Ukeru/ Uketsukeru/ Uketoru/ Morau/ Itadaku * (humble, polite)/ Hikiukeru
Verb-Cmr	To alarm	アラームを鳴らす/ 警報 (する)/ 発報 (する)	Arāmu o narasu * (to sound the alarm; to ring the alarm)/ Keihō (suru) * (alarm; warning)/ Happō (suru) * (activation of an alarm; sounding a warning)
Verb-Cmr	To allow	許可 (する)/ 許す	Kyoka (suru)/ Yurusu * (to permit; to allow; to approve; to consent to)

Verb-Cmr	To alert	警告する/ アラートを出す/ 注意を喚起する	Keikoku suru/ Arāto o dasu/ Chūi o kanki suru
Verb-Cmr	To belong	所属 (する)	Shozoku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To bring (to get)	持ってくる (手に入れる)	Motte kuru (Teniireru)
Verb-Cmr	To bring (to take; to carry)	持ってくる (持ってくる)/ 持参 (する)	Motte kuru/ Jisan (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To bring someone (to)	誰かを (に) 連れてくる	Dareka o (ni) tsuretekuru
Verb-Cmr	To carry	運ぶ	Hakobu
Verb-Cmr	To deliver (to forward; to send)	配信 (する)/ 配達 (する)/ 配送 (する)/ 届ける/ 搬送 (する)	Haishin (suru)/ Haitatsu (suru)/ Haisō (suru)/ Todokeru/ Hansō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To deny	否定 (する)	Hitei (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To donate	寄付 (する)	Kifu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To drop	落とす	Otosu
Verb-Cmr	To faint	失神 (する)	Shisshin (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To fall (to drop; to fall down)	落ちる/ 倒れる/ 転ぶ/ 落下 (する)/ ダウン (する)	Ochiru/ Taoreru/ Korobu/ Rakka (suru)/ Daun (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To fetch	取ってくる/ 取り出す/ 持ってくる/ 取って参る	Totte kuru * (to fetch; to go and get)/ Toridasu * (to fetch; to retrieve)/ Motte kuru * (to bring; to take (something) along; to fetch; to get)/ Totte mairu * (to fetch (something))/ humble (kenjougo) language)
Verb-Cmr	To give back (to return something to)	返す/ 還元 (する) (何かを返す)	Kaesu/ Kangen (suru) (nanika o kaesu)
Verb-Cmr	To keep (to hold)	保つ	Tamotsu
Verb-Cmr	To lack	欠ける/ 欠如 (する)/ 不足 (する)/ 欠乏 (する)/ 欠く/ 事欠く/ 欠失 (する)/ 欠落 (する)/ 少なすぎる/ 湿る	Kakeru * (to be lacking (in); to be short (of); to be deficient; to be wanting (in)/ to be missing (from a set, team, etc.); to be absent; to become lost)/ Ketsujo (suru) * (lack; absence; shortage; deficiency; privation)/ Fusoku (suru) * (insufficiency; deficiency; shortage; lack; scarcity; deficit/ dissatisfaction; discontent; complaint)/ Ketsubō (suru) * (deficiency; insufficiency; shortage; lack; want; dearth; scarcity)/ Kaku * (means 'to chip; to nick; to break; to crack', but can also mean 'to lack')/ Kotokaku * (to lack)/ Ketsu shitsu (suru) * (deficiency; lack; being missing)/ Ketsuraku (suru) * (lack; absence; omission)/ Sukuna sugiru * (to be lacking in options; to be too few)/ Shimeru * (means 'to become damp; to become moist; to become wet', but can also mean 'to lack energy; to be in a slump; to be in low spirits; to feel depressed')
Verb-Cmr	To let	させる	Saseru
Verb-Cmr	To make an exception	例外を作る/ 取り除ける	Reigai o tsukuru * (to make an exception (for/ from something/ someone))/ Torinokeru * (to except from; to make an exception of/ to remove; to clear away/ to lay aside; to set aside)

Verb-Cmr	To message	メッセージ (する)	Messēji (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To offer	提供 (する)/ 供する	Teikyō (suru)/ Kyōsuru
Verb-Cmr	To receive * (ie. I received something from someone)	受け取る/ 貰う (もらう)	Uketoru/ Morau
Verb-Cmr	To reject	断る (断わる)/ 拒否 (する)/ 退ける/ 拒む/ 蹴る/ 否む/ 撥ねる	Kotowaru/ Kyohi (suru)/ Shirizokeru/ Kobamu/ Keru/ Inamu/ Haneru
Verb-Cmr	To let go of (to let it go)	手放す (手放す)	Tebanasu (tebanasu)
Verb-Cmr	To release (ie. let loose from hold)	解放 (する)/ リリースする (つまり、ホールドから解放する)	Kaihō (suru)/ Rirīsu suru (tsumari, hōrudo kara kaihō suru)
Verb-Cmr	To send (ie. mail)	送る/ 送信 (する) (つまりメール)	Okuru/ Sōshin (suru) (tsumari meru)
Verb-Cmr	To ship	送る/ 出荷 (する)/ 発送 (する)	Okuru/ Shukka (suru)/ Hassō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To take along	持っていく/ 持ってくる/ 連れて行く	Motte iku * (to take (something) along; to bring with one; to carry (something) away; to bear)/ Motte kuru * (to bring; to take (something) along; to fetch; to get)/ Tsureteiku * (to take (someone to a place); to take (someone) with one; to take along; to lead away)
Verb-Cmr	To take back	撤回 (する)	Tekkai (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To take out	出す/ 持ち出す/ 引き出す/ 取り出す/ 出してくれる	Dasu/ Mochidasu/ Hikidasu/ Toridasu/ Dashite kureru * (to take out (e.g. garbage); to put out (e.g. dishes on table); to serve (e.g. meal); to get out (e.g. food from cupboard); to submit (e.g. ideas, opinions); to provide for; to pay for; to foot the bill)
Verb-Cmr	To take someone (to)	誰か (を/ に) 連れて行く	Dareka (o/ ni) Tsureteiku
Verb-Cmr	To transfer (to forward, to send)	転送 (する)/ 送る/ 搬送 (する)	Tensō (suru)/ Okuru/ Hansō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To transport (to ship)	輸送 (する)/ 搬送 (する)	Yusō suru/ Hansō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To warn	警告 (する)/ 忠告 (する)/ 注意 (する)/ 言い聞かせる/ 言い聞かず/ 諫める/ 申し聞かせる	Keikoku (suru)/ Chūkoku (suru)/ Chūi (suru)/ Iikikaseru/ Iikikasu/ Isameru/ Mōshi kikaseru
Verb-Cmr	To do a favor (to do something for someone; to do someone a favor)	Verb stem + てくれる (て呉れる)/ Verb stem + てあげる (て上げる)/ お願いをする/ 引き立てる (誰かにお願いをする)	Verb stem + te kureru/ Verb stem + te ageru/ Onegai o suru/ Hikitateru (dareka ni onegai o suru)
Verb-Cmr	To get somebody to do something	Verb stem + てもらう (て貰う)	Verb stem + te morau
Verb-Cmr	Let's (let us; ie. let's go)	Verb stem + ましょう (ie. 行きましょう)	Verb stem + Mashou (ie. ikimashou)
Verb-Cmr	To want someone to do something	誰かに何かをしてもらいたい/ 誰かに何かをしてきて/ 誰かに何かをしてもらいたいと思う	Dareka ni nanika o shite moraitai/ Dareka ni nanika o shite kurete/ Dareka ni nanika o shite moraitai to omou
Verb-Exa	I have an own house	私は自分の家を持っています	Watashi wa jibun no ie o motte imasu

Verb-Exa	I get a present from him	私は彼からプレゼントをもらいます	Watashi wa kare kara purezento o moraimasu
Verb-Exa	She lets it go	彼女はそれを手放す	Kanojo wa sore o tebanasu
Verb-Exa	You send a mail to her	あなたは彼女にメールを送ります	Anata wa kanojo ni mēru o okurimasu
Verb-Cmr	To eat	食べる (たべる)	Taberu
Verb-Cmr	To drink	飲む	Nomu
Verb-Cmr	To cook	料理 (する)/ 調理 (する)/ 炊く	Ryōri (suru)/ Chōri (suru)/ Taku
Verb-Cmr	To bite	噛む (かむ)/ 噛み付く/ 刺す/ 食う/ 齧る (かじる)	Kamu/ Kamitsuku * (to bite (at); to snap at/ to snap at (someone); to flare up at; to jump down (someone's) throat)/ Sasu * (to sting; to bite/ to pierce; to stab; to prick; to stick; to thrust)/ Kuu * (to bite; to sting (as insects do)/ to eat)/ Kajiru * (to gnaw; to nibble; to bite; to munch; to crunch)
Verb-Cmr	To boil (to simmer; to stew; to seethe)	炊く/ 沸く/ 滾る (たぎる)/ 煮る/ 沸かす	Taku * (to cook (grains, e.g. rice)/ to boil; to simmer; to stew; to seethe)/ Waku * (to grow hot (e.g. water); to boil)/ Tagiru * (to boil; to seethe)/ Niru * (to boil; to simmer; to stew; to seethe/ simmering)/ Wakasu * (to boil; to heat (a liquid); to prepare (a bath, hot drink))
Verb-Cmr	To chew (to bite)	噛む/ 噛み締める	Kamu * (to chew; to gnaw; to masticate/ to bite)/ Kamishimeru * (to chew thoroughly; to bite (e.g. one's lip))
Verb-Cmr	To feed (to give food to)	餌をやる/ 餌をする (餌をあげる/ 餌を与える)	Esa o yaru/ Esa o suru (Esa o ageru/ Esa o ataeru)
Verb-Cmr	To lick	舐める (なめる)/ しゃぶる/ 舐る (舐ぶる/ ねぶる)/ リック (する)/ ひと舐め (する)	Nameru/ Shaburu/ Neburu/ Rikku (suru)/ Hito name (suru) * (a lick; one lick)
Verb-Cmr	To sip	一口にする/ 吸う	Hitokuchi ni suru * (gulp; sip; draft; draught/ mouthful; morsel; bite)/ Suu * (to suck; to sip; to slurp)
Verb-Cmr	To slurp	すする (嘍る)/ 吸う/ ジュルジュル (する)	Su suru * (to slurp; to sip (loudly))/ Suu * (to suck; to sip; to slurp)/ Jurujuru (suru) * (slurp; slurping sound)
Verb-Cmr	To spit	唾を吐く/ 吐きかける/ 唾く/ 唾する	Tsubawohaku/ Haki kakeru/ Tsuba ku/ Tsuba suru
Verb-Cmr	To swallow	飲み込む/ 飲む/ 飲み下す	Nomikomu/ Nomu/ Nomikudasu
Verb-Cmr	To taste (to savor)	味わう/ 味がする	Ajiwau/ aji ga suru
Verb-Cmr	To tip	チップを渡す	Chippu o watasu
Verb-Exa	I eat my breakfast	私は朝食を食べます	Watashi wa chōshoku o tabemasu
Verb-Exa	He drinks some water	彼は水を少し飲みます	Kare wa mizu o sukoshi nomimasu
Verb-Exa	They cook dinner	彼らは夕食を作ります	Karera wa yūshoku o tsukurimasu
Verb-Exa	He tastes the food	彼は食べ物の味見をする	Kare wa tabemono no ajimi o suru
Verb-Cmr	To burn	燃やす/ 焼く (焚く/ 燬く)/ 焼ける/ 燃える/ 焼け付く (焼けつく)/ 注す (点す)	Moyasu/ Yaku/ Yakeru/ Moeru/ Yaketsuku/ Sasu

Verb-Cmr	To cool (to cool down)	冷やす/ 冷ます/ 冷める/ 冷える/ 冷やかす/ クールダウン (する)/ クールをする/ クールする	Hiyasu/ Samasu/ Sameru/ Hieru/ Hiyakasu/ Kūrudaun (suru)/ Kūru o suru/ Kūru suru
Verb-Cmr	To dampen	湿らせる	Shimeraseru
Verb-Cmr	To drip	垂れる/ ドリップ (する)/ 点滴 (する)	Tareru/ Dorippu (suru)/ Tenteki (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To dry	干す (乾す)/ 乾かす/ 乾燥 (する)	Hosu/ Kawakasu/ Kansō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To explode	爆発 (する)	Bakuhatsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To fall (from the sky, ie. rain)	降る	Furu
Verb-Cmr	To fog	霧にする	Kiri ni suru
Verb-Cmr	To illuminate (to light up)	照明 (する)/ 照らす/ ライトアップ (する)	Shōmei (suru)/ Terasu/ Raitoappu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To light	照らす/ 点灯 (する)/ 灯す/ 焚く/ 注す (点す)/ 火がつく	Terasu/ Tentō (suru)/ Tomosu/ Taku/ Sasu/ Higatsuku
Verb-Cmr	To lighten	明るくする	Akaruku suru
Verb-Cmr	To rain	雨が降る	Amegafuru (ame ga furu)
Verb-Cmr	To get dark (to grow dark)	暮れる/ 陰る/ 日が暮れる	Kureru/ Kageru/ Higakureru
Verb-Cmr	To get wet (to shower)	濡れる (シャワーを浴びる)	Nureru (Shawā o abiru)
Verb-Cmr	To leak	漏る/ 漏らす/ 漏れる	Moru/ Morasu/ Moreru
Verb-Cmr	To mist	霧にする	Kiri ni suru
Verb-Cmr	To plant	植える/ 生ける/ 植え付ける/ 蒔く (まく)/ 植え込む/ 植う/ 注ぐ	Ueru * (to plant; to grow; to raise)/ Ikeru * (to arrange (flowers); to plant)/ Uetsukeru * (to plant; to transplant)/ Maku * (to sow; to plant; to seed/ to sow (the seeds of; e.g. conflict)/ to sprinkle (gold or silver powder on lacquerware))/ Uekomu * (to plant; to insert)/ Ueu * (to plant; to grow)/ Sosogu * (to sprinkle on (from above); to water (e.g. plants); to pour onto; to spray/ to pour (into)/ to shed (tears)/ to flow into (e.g. of a river); to run into; to drain into/ to fall (of rain, snow); to pour down/ to concentrate one's energy (strength, attention, etc.) on; to devote to; to fix (one's eyes) on)
Verb-Cmr	To pour	注ぐ (灌ぐ/ 澆ぐ)	Sosogu
Verb-Cmr	To slide	滑る (にる/ すべる)/ スライド (する)/ スリッパ (する)/ ずる	Suberu/ Suraido (suru)/ Surippu (suru)/ Zuru * (to slide; to slip off; to get dislocated)
Verb-Cmr	To slip	滑る	Suberu
Verb-Cmr	To snow	雪が降る	Yukigafuru (yuki ga furu)
Verb-Cmr	To soak	浸す (漬す/ ひたす)/ 漬ける (浸ける/ つける)/ 濡らす (濡す/ ぬらす)/ 染みる (沁みる/ 浸みる/ 滲みる/ 沁みる / しみる)	Hitasu/ Tsukeru/ Nurasu/ Shimiru * (more to pierce; to penetrate; to soak in)
Verb-Cmr	To spill	こぼす (零す)	Kobosu

Verb-Cmn	To splash	飛ぶ/ はねかす (撥ねかす)/ 跳ね返る/ 飛ばす/ はね上げる/ 掛ける/ し吹く (繁吹く)/ 飛び散る	Tobu * (to spatter; to scatter; to splash; to fly (e.g. of sparks))/ Hane kasu * (to splash; to splatter)/ Hanekaeru * (to splash/ to rebound; to recoil; to spring back up; to bounce back)/ Tobasu * (to spray; to splash; to spatter)/ Haneageru * (to splash)/ Kakeru * (to pour (liquid) onto; to sprinkle (powder or spices) onto; to splash; to throw (e.g. water) onto)/ Shi fuku * (to splash; to spray)/ Tobichiru * (to fly around; to scatter)
Verb-Cmn	To storm	嵐にする/ 暴風が吹く/ 時化 (する)	Arashi ni suru/ bōfū ga fuku/ shike (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To warm (to warm up)	温める (暖める)	Atatameru (atatameru)
Verb-Cmn	To water (to give water)	水をあげる/ 水をする/ 水をやる	Mizu o ageru/ mizu o suru/ mizu o yaru
Verb-Cmn	To wet	濡れる (濡る)	Nureru
Verb-Cmn	To search (for; to seek; to look for)	探す/ 検索 (する)/ 求める/ 探る	Sagasu/ Kensaku (suru)/ Motomeru/ Saguru
Verb-Cmn	To find	見つける	Mitsukeru
Verb-Cmn	To find out (to discover)	知る (識る)/ 見出す (見いだす/ 見い出す/ 見出だす/ みいだす/ みだす)/ 見付け出す (見つけ出す/ 見つけだす)/ 探り当てる/ 調べる (発見 (する)/ 見出す (見いだす/ 見い出す/ 見出だす/ みいだす/ みだす)/ 見付け出す (見つけ出す/ 見つけだす))	Shiru/ Miidasu (miidasu/ midasu)/ Mitsukedasu/ Saguriateru/ Shiraberu (Hakken (suru)/ Miidasu (miidasu/ midasu)/ Mitsukedasu)
Verb-Cmn	To raise	上げる/ 起こす/ 持ち上げる	Ageru/ Okosu * (to raise; to raise up; to set up; to pick up)/ Mochiageru * (to elevate; to raise; to lift up)
Verb-Cmn	To lower	下げる/ 下ろす/ 引き下げる	Sageru/ Orosu * (to take down; to bring down; to lower (a hand, flag, shutter, etc.); to drop (an anchor, curtain, etc.); to let down (hair); to launch (a boat))/ Hakisageru * (to pull down; to lower; to reduce; to withdraw)
Verb-Cmn	To increase	上げる (あげる)/ 増える/ (を) 増やす/ アップ (する)	Ageru/ Fueru/ (o) Fuyasu/ Appu (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To decrease	下げる (さげる)/ 減る/ 減らす/ 減じる/ 減ずる	Sageru/ Heru/ Herasu/ Genjiru/ Genzuru
Verb-Cmn	To explore	探索 (する)	Tansaku (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To grow	成長 (する) (拡大する)	Seichō (suru) (kakudai suru)
Verb-Cmn	To grow (ie. to cultivate plants)	植える/ 成長 (する) (栽培する, すなわち植物)/ 芽生える	Ueru/ Seichō (suru) (saibai suru , sunawachi shokubutsu)/ Mebaeru
Verb-Cmn	To grow up	成長 (する)	Seichō (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To hunt	狩る/ 狩り (をする)	Karu/ Kari (o suru)
Verb-Cmn	To enlarge	拡大 (する)	Kakudai (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To locate	見つける/ 探し出す/ 位置 (する)/ ロケート (する)	Mitsukeru/ Sagashidasu/ Ichi (suru)/ Rokēto (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To reduce	削減 (する)	Sakugen (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To rise	上昇 (する)	Jōshō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To track	探し出す/ 追跡 (する)/ 記録 (する)/ トラッキング (する)	Sagashidasu * (to track down; to locate; to find out)/ Tsuiseki (suru) * (chase; pursuit; tracking; stalking/ following up; tracing)/ Kiroku (suru) * (to record; to document)/ Torakkingu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To win (ie. match)	勝つ (つまり、試合する)	Katsu (tsumari, shiai suru)
Verb-Cmr	To win (ie. prize)	勝つ (すなわち、賞品)	Katsu (sunawachi, shōhin)
Verb-Cmr	To lose (ie. match)	負ける (つまりマッチする)	Makeru (tsumari matchi suru)
Verb-Cmr	To lose (something)	失う (何か)	Ushinau (nanika)
Verb-Cmr	To clean	掃く/ きれいにする (綺麗にする)	Haku/ kirei ni suru
Verb-Cmr	To wash	洗う	Arau
Verb-Cmr	To bleach	漂白 (する)/ 晒す/ 白化 (する)/ ブリーチング (する)/ 脱色 (する)/ 晒し (する)	Hyōhaku (suru) * (blanching; bleaching)/ Sarasu * (can mean 'to expose (to the sun, public, danger, etc.)', but can also mean 'to bleach; to refine')/ Hakuka (suru) * (bleaching; whitening; chlorosis)/ Burīchingu (suru)/ Dasshoku (suru) * (decolourization; decolorization; decolourisation; decolorisation; bleaching)/ Sarashi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To brush	磨く (研く)/ ブラッシング (する)	Migaku/ Burassshingu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To brush one's teeth (to brush your teeth)	歯を磨く	Hawomigaku
Verb-Cmr	To do the laundry	洗濯をする	Sentaku o suru
Verb-Cmr	To groom	繕う/ 手入れ (する)/ 身繕い (する)/ 毛づくろい (する)	Tsukurou * (to fix (hair, clothes, appearance, etc.); to adjust; to tidy up; to groom)/ Teire (suru) * (care; looking after; repair; maintenance; tending; trimming; grooming)/ Midzukuroi (suru) * (dressing oneself; personal grooming)/ Kedzukuroi (suru) * (grooming oneself (esp. animals); mutual grooming (e.g. monkeys); social grooming; personal grooming)
Verb-Cmr	To iron (to iron one's clothes)	アイロンをかける (アイロンを掛ける) (服にアイロンをかける)	Aironwokakeru (airon o kakeru) (fuku ni aironwokakeru)
Verb-Cmr	To polish (to brush; to grind; to shine)	磨く (研く)	Migaku
Verb-Cmr	To rinse (to wash out)	すすぐ (濯ぐ/ 雪ぐ/ そそぐ/ ゆすぐ)/ 洗う	Susugu (sosogu/ yusugu)/ Arau
Verb-Cmr	To scrub	こする (擦る)/ 摩する/ 磨く	Kosuru/ Ma suru/ Migaku
Verb-Cmr	To smear (to rub)	塗る/ スミア (する) (擦る (錯る/ こする))	Nuru/ Sumia (suru) (Kosuru)

Verb-Cmr	To spread (to spread out; to lay out)	敷く/ 広める/ 広まる/ 広げる/ 広がる/ 取り広げる/ 普及 (する)/ 拡散 (する)/ 伝わる	Shiku/ Hiromeru/ Hiromaru * (to spread; to be propagated)/ Hirogeru/ Hirogaru/ Torihirogeru * (to enlarge; to widen; to spread out)/ Fukyū (suru) * (diffusion; spread; popularization; promulgation; familiarization)/ Kakusan (suru) * (spreading; disseminating; scattering/ diffusion (of light, gas))/ Tsutawaru * (to spread (of a rumour, news, etc.); to travel; to circulate; to go around; to be passed around; to become known)
Verb-Cmr	To stain	染み (シミ) (する)/ 汚す	Shimi (suru)/ Yogosu
Verb-Cmr	To stretch	伸びる	Nobiru
Verb-Cmr	To sew (to stitch)	縫う/ 付ける (つける) (縫う)	Nuu/ Tsukeru * (means more 'to attach; to stick; to fasten, general word') (nuu)
Verb-Cmr	To shake	振る	Furu
Verb-Cmr	To share	共有 (する)/ シェア (する)/ 分け合う/ 分かち合う/ 分け持つ	Kyōyū (suru)/ Shea (suru)/ Wakeau/ Wakachi au/ Wake motsu
Verb-Cmr	To stick (to get stuck)	悶える/ 張る (貼る)/ 付く (附く) (支える/ つっかえる/ つかえる)	Tsukaeru/ Haru/ Tsuku (tsukkaeru/ tsukaeru)
Verb-Cmr	To stir	混ぜる/ 動く/ かき回す/ 動かす/ 攪拌 (する)	Mazeru/ Ugoku/ Kakimawasu/ Ugokasu/ Kakuhan (suru) * (agitation; stirring; whipping; beating)
Verb-Cmr	To sweep	掃く/ スイプ (する)	Haku/ Suīpu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To clean the house (to tidy up the house)	家を掃除 (する)/ 家を片付ける	Ie o sōji (suru)/ Ie o katadzukeru
Verb-Cmr	To clean up (to tidy up)	掃除 (する) (片付ける)	Sōji (suru) (katadzukeru)
Verb-Cmr	To wash the dishes	食器洗い (する)	Shokkiarai (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To wipe	ふく (拭く)	Fuku
Verb-Cmr	To read	読む/ 読書 (する)	Yomu/ Dokusho (suru) * (reading (a book))
Verb-Cmr	To write	書く/ 書き込み (する)	Kaku/ Kakikomi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To write down	書き留める	Kakitomeru
Verb-Cmr	To learn	習う/ 学ぶ/ 学習 (する)	Narau/ Manabu/ Gakushū (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To mark (to highlight)	マークを付ける/ マーク (する) (ハイライトする/ 強調 (する)/ スポットを当てる/ 前面に出す/ クローズアップ (する)/ 強調表示 (する))	Māku o tsukeru/ Māku (suru) (Hairaito suru/ Kyōchō (suru)/ Supottowoateru/ Zenmen ni dasu/ Kurōzuappu (suru)/ Kyōchō hyōji (suru) * (highlighting * (computing; marking something, ie. in a word or Excel document, etc.))
Verb-Cmr	To master	マスター (する)/ 使いこなす	Masutā (suru) * (to master (a skill))/ Tsukaikonasu * (to handle (men); to master (a tool); to manage; to acquire a command of (a language)/ to make full use of it; to use it well)

Verb-Cmn	To note (to list; to mark)	手記 (する)/ 記す (誌す/ 識す/ する/ きす)/ 注 (註) (する)/ 付記 (する)/ 書き留める (書きとめる/ 書き止める/ 書留める/ かきとめる/ かきとどめる)/ メモる/ 書留 (する/ の)/ 記する/ 筆記 (する/ の)/ 控える (扣える)/ 書き取る (書取る)/ 注記 (註記) (する)/ 注釈 (する)/ 手控える/ 認める/ メモ (する)/ ノート (する) (リストする, マークする)	Shuki (suru)/ Shirusu/ Chū (suru)/ Fuki (suru)/ Kakitomeru (kakitomeru/ kaki todomeru)/ Memoru/ Kakitome (suru/ no)/ Ki suru/ Hikki (suru/ no)/ Hikaeru/ Kakitoru/ Chūki (suru)/ Chūshaku (suru)/ Tebikaeru/ Shitatameru/ Memo (suru)/ Nōto (suru) (Risuto suru, Māku suru)
Verb-Cmn	To progress	進歩 (する)/ 進行 (する)/ 進展 (する)/ 前進 (する)/ 上達 (する)/ 進捗 (する)/ 経過 (する)/ 進化 (する)/ 向上 (する)/ 推移 (する)/ 捗る/ 上進 (する)/ 運ぶ	Shinpo (suru)/ Shinkō (suru)/ Shinten (suru)/ Zenshin (suru)/ Jōtatsu (suru) * (improvement (e.g. in skill, ability); advance; progress)/ Shinchoku (suru) * (progress; advance; making (good) progress)/ Keika (suru) * (means 'passage (of time); elapsing; lapse', but can also mean 'progress; development; course (of events)' or 'transit')/ Shinka (suru) * (evolution; becoming more advanced; progress; development; improvement)/ Kōjō (suru) * (elevation; rise; improvement; advancement; progress)/ Suii (suru) * (transition; change; progress; development; shift)/ Hakadoru * (to make (good) progress; to move right ahead (with the work); to advance)/ Jōshin (suru) * (progress; advance)/ Hakobu * (means 'to carry; to transport; to move; to convey' or 'to come; to go' in honorific or respectful (sonkeigo) language, but can also mean 'to go (well, etc.); to proceed; to progress')
Verb-Cmn	To recite	朗読 (する)	Rōdoku (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To register	登録 (する)	Tōroku (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To study	勉強 (する)/ 学習 (する)/ 学ぶ/ スタディー (する)/ スタディーをする/ 就く (つく)	Benkyō (suru)/ Gakushū (suru)/ Manabu/ Sutadī (suru)/ Sutadī o suru/ Tsuku * (to study (under teacher); to be an apprentice)
Verb-Cmn	To study and learn	習い学ぶ	Narai manabu
Verb-Cmn	To realize (to become aware (of))	気づく (気付く)	Kidzuku
Verb-Cmn	To record	レコード (する)/ 記録 (する)	Rekōdo (suru)/ Kiroku (suru)
Verb-Exa	I am reading a book	私は本を読んでいます	Watashi wa hon o yonde imasu
Verb-Exa	He writes an e-mail	彼はメールを書いています	Kare wa mēru o kaite imasu
Verb-Exa	What are you learning?	何を学んでいますか？	Nani o manande imasu ka?
Verb-Exa	He studies the Dutch language	彼はオランダ語を勉強しています	Kare wa Oranda-go o benkyō shite imasu

Verb-Cmr	To open	開ける (空ける/ 明ける/ あける)/ 開く (ひらく)/ 開く (空く/ 明く/ あく)/ オープン (する)/ 開封 (する)	Akeru/ Hiraku/ Aku * (same kanji as hiraku, different hiragana)/ Ōpun (suru)/ Kaifū (suru) * (opening (a letter, parcel, etc.); breaking the seal/ unboxing (a product)/ unsealed mail)
Verb-Cmr	To close	閉じる/ 閉める/ 閉まる/ クローズ (する)/ 緘する	Tojiru/ Shimeru/ Shimarū/ Kurōzu (suru)/ Kansuru
Verb-Cmr	To begin	始まる/ 始める/ 開始 (する)/ 仕掛ける (仕かける)	Hajimaru/ Hajimeru/ Kaishi (suru)/ Shikakeru
Verb-Cmr	To start	始める/ 始まる/ 開始 (する)/ 仕掛ける (仕かける)/ スタート (する)/ 就く (つく)	Hajimeru/ Hajimaru/ Kaishi (suru)/ Shikakeru * (to start; to begin; to commence)/ Sutāto (suru)/ Tsuku * (to start (on a journey); to commence; to depart)
Verb-Cmr	To end	終わる/ 済む/ 終わらせる/ 仕舞う (しまう)/ 暮れる	Owaru/ Sumu/ Owaraseru/ Shimau/ Kureru
Verb-Cmr	To finish (to complete)	済む/ 終わる/ 終わらせる/ 仕舞う (しまう)/ アップ (する)	Sumu/ Owaru/ Owaraseru/ Shimau/ Appu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To knock	打つ/ 叩く/ ノック (する)	Utsu/ Tataku/ Nokku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To tap	打つ/ 叩く/ タップ (する)/ ノック (する)	Utsu * (to hit; to strike; to knock; to beat; to punch; to slap; to tap; to bang; to clap; to pound)/ Tataku * (to strike; to hit; to beat; to knock; to pound; to bang; to slap; to spank; to tap; to pat; to clap (one's hands); to play (the drums))/ Tappu (suru) * (tap)/ Nokku (suru) * (knock; knocking/ tap; click (e.g. of a retractable pen or mechanical pencil))
Verb-Cmr	To refrain	控える/ 遠慮 (する)/ 慎む/ やめる (止める)	Hikaeru * (to be temperate in; to refrain; to abstain; to hold back; to restrain oneself from excessive ...)/ Enryo (suru) * (declining; refraining)/ Tsutsushimu * (to do in moderation; to refrain (from overdoing); to abstain/ to be careful; to be discreet)/ Yameru * (to cancel; to abandon; to give up; to abolish; to abstain; to refrain)
Verb-Cmr	To quit	辞める (やめる)/ 降りる/ 離れる/ 止める	Yameru/ Oriru * (to step down; to retire; to give up; to quit; to fold)/ Hanareru * (to leave (a job, etc.); to quit; to give up)/ Tomeru * (to stop (an activity); to cease; to discontinue; to end; to quit/ to cancel; to abandon; to give up; to abolish; to abstain; to refrain)

Verb-Cmn	To stop	止まる/ 止める/ ストップ (する)/ 停止 (する)/ 中止 (する)/ 途絶 (する)/ 休止 (する)/ 中絶 (する)/ 閉止 (する)/ 停車 (する)	Tomaru/ Tomeru/ Sutoppu (suru)/ Teishi (suru) * (stoppage; coming to a stop; halt; standstill/ ceasing (movement, activity, etc.); suspension (of operations); interruption (e.g. of electricity supply); cutting off)/ Chūshi (suru) * (interruption; discontinuance; suspension; stoppage/ cancellation (of a planned event); calling off)/ Tozetsu (suru) * (stoppage; interruption; cessation; suspension)/ Kyūshi (suru) * (pause; suspension; rest; stoppage)/ Chūzetsu (suru) * (to abort; abortion/ discontinuance; stoppage; suspension; interruption)/ Heishi (suru) * (to stop; stoppage)/ Teisha (suru) * (stopping of a train; stopping of a car; stopping of a vehicle, etc.); stop; stopping)
Verb-Cmn	To change (to convert)	変える/ 変化 (する)/ 変更 (する)/ 変わる/ 交代 (する)/ 改変 (する)/ 一変 (する)	Kaeru/ Henka (suru)/ Henkō (suru)/ Kawaru/ Kōtai (suru) * (alternation; change; relief; relay; shift; substitution (sports, etc.); taking turns)/ Kaihen (suru) * (change; alteration; modification)/ Ippen (suru) * (to change completely; complete change; about-face)
Verb-Cmn	To choose (to select)	選択 (する)/ 選ぶ	Sentaku (suru)/ Erabu
Verb-Cmn	To select	選ぶ/ 選択 (する)/ 選び出す	Erabu/ Sentaku (suru)/ Erabidasu
Verb-Cmn	To continue	続ける/ 続く	Tsudzukeru/ Tsudzuku
Verb-Cmn	To convert (to change)	変換 (する)/ 変える/ 変わる	Henkan (suru)/ Kaeru/ Kawaru
Verb-Cmn	To exchange (to swap; to replace)	交換 (する)/ 交わす/ 取り替える (取り換える/ 取りかえる/ 取換える/ 取替える/ 取換る)	Kōkan (suru)/ Kawasu/ Torikaeru
Verb-Cmn	To extend	延長 (する)	Enchō (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To flip	反転 (する)/ 弾く/ 繰る/ 翻る	Hanten (suru) * (rolling over; turning over/ turning around (the other way); reversal (of direction, course, etc.); inversion; flipping/ producing a positive from a negative; producing a negative from a positive)/ Hajiku * (to flip; to snap; to flick)/ Kuru * (to turn (pages); to flip through (a book); to leaf through (a book); to consult (a dictionary); to refer to (an encyclopedia)/ to reel; to wind; to spin (thread))/ Hirugaeru * (to turn over; to flip over/ to flutter (in the wind); to wave; to flap; to fly/ to suddenly change (attitude, opinion, etc.); to suddenly switch; to alter; to flip)

Verb-Cmr	To grab (to grasp; to seize)	掴む (つかむ)/ 取る (とる)/ 捕まえる (捉まえる/ 掴まえる/ つかまえる)/ 捉える (捕らえる/ 捕える/ とらえる)/ 引っ掴む/ 掴みかかる (掴み掛かる/ つかみかかる)/ ひっ捕まえる (引っ捕まえる/ ひつつかまえる)/ ふんだくる (掴む; 掴む)	Tsukamu/ Toru/ Tsukamaeru/ Toraeru/ Hittsukamu/ Tsukamikakaru/ Hittsukamaeru/ Fundakuru (tsukamu; tsukamu)
Verb-Cmr	To snatch	奪う	Ubau
Verb-Cmr	To improve	改善 (する)/ 向上 (する)/ 上がる	Kaizen (suru)/ Kōjō (suru)/ Agarū
Verb-Cmr	To improvise	即興 (する)	Sokkyō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To lock	鍵をかける (鍵を掛ける/ かぎを掛ける/ カギを掛ける)/ ロックする/ 閉ざす	Kagiwokakeru/ Rokku suru/ Tozasu
Verb-Cmr	To unlock	ロックを解除する/ 開ける/ 開錠 (する)/ アンロック (する)	Rokku o kaijo suru/ Akeru/ Kaijō (suru)/ Anrokku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To pick	選ぶ	Erabu
Verb-Cmr	To pick out	選ぶ	Erabu
Verb-Cmr	To pick up	拾う/ 拾い上げる/ 取り上げる/ 取る	Hirou/ Hiroiageru/ Toriageru/ Toru
Verb-Cmr	To pluck	摘み取る	Tsumamitoru
Verb-Cmr	To blend	混ぜる	mazeru
Verb-Cmr	To merge (to fuse; to combine)	併合 (する)/ 結合 (する)/ 溶け込む/ 合流 (する)/ 合併 (する)/ 合う/ マージ (する) (融合する; 結合する)	Heigō (suru) * (merger; joining into one; amalgamation; melding; merging; annexation; absorption)/ Ketsugō (suru) * (combination; union; joining; linking; coupling)/ Tokekomu * (to melt into; to dissolve into; to merge into/ to blend into (surroundings); to fit in; to adapt to; to integrate)/ Gōryū (suru) * (confluence (of rivers); merge (of traffic); conflux; junction; joining/ union (e.g. of forces); linking up; merging; coming together)/ Gappei (suru) * (merger (of companies, towns, etc.); combination; union; amalgamation; consolidation; coalition; fusion; annexation; affiliation; incorporation)/ Au * (to come together; to merge; to unite; to meet)/ Māji (suru) * (merge; merging; computing) (Yūgō suru; Ketsugō suru)
Verb-Cmr	To mix	混ぜる/ 交える (混える)/ 混合 (する)/ 混和 (する)/ 交錯 (する)	Mazeru/ Majieru/ Kongō (suru)/ Konwa (suru)/ kōsaku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To buy (to purchase)	買う	Kau
Verb-Cmr	To pay (e.g. money, bill)	支払う/ 払う/ ペイ (する)	Shiharau/ Harau/ Pei (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To sell (sales)	売る/ 販売 (する)/ 発売 (する)	Uru/ Hanbai (suru)/ Hatsubai (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To shop	買い物(を)する/ ショッピング(を)する/ 買い物に行/ を買いに行く	Kaimono (o)suru/ Shoppingu (o)suru/ Kaimono ni gyō * (to go shopping)/ o Kai ni iku * (to go shopping; to go to buy)
Verb-Cmr	To afford	余裕がある (余裕はあります)/ 手が届く/ 与える/ 金銭的な余裕がある	Yoyūgāru (yoyū wa arimasu * (polite)) * (literally translated: 'there is room for ...; there is space for ...; there is time for ...', so in other words, one can afford it; it's a polite and careful way of saying this)/ Togatodoku * (to be able to reach; to be within one's reach; to be able to afford; to have the means to buy)/ Ataeru * (to provide; to afford; to offer; to supply)/ Kinsen-tekina yoyūgāru * (to have financial means)
Verb-Cmr	To bid	入札 (する)	Nyūsatsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To borrow (to loan)	借りる	Kariru
Verb-Cmr	To cost	費用がかかる	Hiyō ga kakaru
Verb-Cmr	To discharge	解雇 (する)/ 排出 (する)/ 免除 (する)/ 発射 (する)/ 解任 (する)/ 罷免 (する)/ 退院 (する)/ 放免 (する)/ 免職 (する)/ 解職 (する)	Kaiko (suru) * (dismissal (of an employee); discharge; firing; layoff/ termination of employment)/ Haishutsu (suru) * (discharge; evacuation; emission (e.g. of CO2); ejection; excretion)/ Menjo (suru) * (exemption; exoneration; discharge)/ Hassha (suru) * (firing (esp. a rocket or missile); launching; shooting; discharge; catapult/ ejaculation * (slang))/ Kainin (suru) * (dismissal (from a post); discharge; removal)/ Himen (suru) * (dismissal (from a position); discharge)/ Taiin (suru) * (leaving hospital; discharge from hospital)/ Hōmen (suru) * (release (from custody); discharge; liberation; setting free; letting go; letting off; acquittal)/ Menshoku (suru) * (dismissal; sacking; discharge)/ Kaishoku (suru) * (discharge; dismissal)
Verb-Cmr	To dismiss	却下 (する)	Kyakka (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To hire (to employ)	雇う/ 借りる/ 使う	Yatou/ Kariru/ Tsukau
Verb-Cmr	To lay	横になる	Yoko ni naru
Verb-Cmr	To lay down	横になる	Yoko ni naru
Verb-Cmr	To pass time (to elapse)	過ぎる/ 経過 (する)/ 推移 (する)	Sugiru/ Keika (suru)/ Suii (suru) * (means 'transition; change; progress; development; shift', but can also mean 'passing (of time)')
Verb-Cmr	To pass time (to spend time)	過ごす	Sugosu
Verb-Cmr	To price	価格(に) (する)/ 価格設定(に) (する)/ 値段をつける	Kakaku (ni) (suru)/ Kakaku settei (ni) (suru) * (to set a price; to decide on a price)/ Nedan o tsukeru * (to put a price on)
Verb-Cmr	To put (to place)	置く (おく)/ 配置 (する)	Oku/ Haichi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To put down (to lay; to lay down)	置く (おく)	Oku
Verb-Cmr	To rent (to lease)	借りる/ レンタル (する) (リースする)	Kariru/ Rentaru (suru) (rīsu suru)

Verb-Cmr	To save	保存 (する) * (to store)/ 節約 (する) * (to economize)	Hozon (suru) * (to store)/ Setsuyaku (suru) * (to economize)
Verb-Cmr	To spend (money)	(お金) を使う	(okane) o Tsukau
Verb-Cmr	To spend (time)	(時間) を過ごす	(Jikan) o Sugosu
Verb-Cmr	To spend time	時間を過ごすために	Jikan o sugosu tame ni
Verb-Cmr	To stash	隠す	Kakusu
Verb-Cmr	To store	保管 (する)/ 蓄える (貯える)/ 溜める	Hokan (suru)/ Takuwaeru/ Tameru
Verb-Cmr	To take (a resource, e.g. time or money)	掛かる (かかる)	Kakaru
Verb-Cmr	To value	価値を置く / 大切にする	Kachi o oku/ Taisetsu ni suru
Verb-Cmr	To trade	取引 (する)/ 商売 (する)/ 貿易 (する)	Torihiki (suru)/ Shōbai (suru)/ Bōeki (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To export	輸出 (する)/ エクスポート (する)	Yushutsu (suru)/ Ekusupōto (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To import	輸入 (する)/ インポート (する)	Yunyū (suru)/ Inpōto (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To lie down (and go to bed)	横になる	Yoko ni naru
Verb-Cmr	To go to bed	寝る/ 寝付く/ 寝に行く/ 床につく (床に就く)	Neru/ Netsuku/ Ne ni iku/ Yuka ni tsuku
Verb-Cmr	To nap (to take a nap)	昼寝 (する)/ 仮眠 (する)/ 一眠り (ひと眠り/ 一睡り) (する)/ 一寝入り (ひと寝入り) (する)/ うたた寝 (転寝/ 転た寝/ 仮寝) (する)/ 一睡 (する)/ 午睡 (する)/ 仮寝 (する)/ 仮睡 (する) (昼寝 (する))	Hirune (suru)/ Kamin (suru)/ Hitonemuri (suru)/ Hitoneiri (suru)/ Utatane (suru)/ Issui (suru)/ Gosui (suru)/ Karine (suru)/ Kasui (suru) (hirune (suru))
Verb-Cmr	To sleep	寝る	Neru
Verb-Cmr	To be asleep	眠る	Nemuru
Verb-Cmr	To dream	夢を見る	Yumewomiru
Verb-Cmr	To fall asleep	眠りに落ちる/ 寝入る/ 寝込む/ 眠り込む/ 寝付く/ 寝静まる/ 眠りにつく (眠りに付く)/ 夢を結ぶ	Nemuriniochiru/ Neiru * (to fall asleep/ to sleep soundly/ to become dull; to lose vigour; to slacken)/ Nekomu * (to fall fast asleep/ to be confined to one's bed; to be laid up)/ Nemurikomu * (to fall asleep; to sleep deeply)/ Netsuku * (to go to bed; to go to sleep; to fall asleep/ to be laid up (with a cold); to be ill in bed)/ Neshizumaru * (to fall asleep)/ Nemurinitsuku * (to fall asleep)/ Yume o musubu * (to sleep; to fall asleep)
Verb-Cmr	To snore	いびきをかく (鼾を掻く)	Ibiki o kaku
Verb-Cmr	To breathe	息をする/ 吐く (つく)/ 呼吸 (する)/ ブレス (する)	Iki o suru/ Tsuku/ Kokyū (suru)/ Buresu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To get up	起きる	Okiru
Verb-Cmr	To rest (to take a break; to pause)	休む/ 休憩 (する)/ 休息 (する)/ 休養 (する)/ 一休み (する)	Yasumu/ Kyūkei (suru)/ Kyūsoku (suru)/ Kyūyō (suru)/ Hitoyasumi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To comb	梳かす (とかす)/ 髪を梳かす (髪をとかす/ かみをとかす)	Tokasu/ Kamiwotokasu
Verb-Cmr	To cut one's hair	髪を切る/ 散髪をする (散髪する)	Kamiwokiru/ Sanpatsu o suru (sanpatsu suru)

Verb-Cmr	To shave	剃る (そる/ する)/ 削る/ 削り取る/ 剃り落とす/ 削ぐ/ そり上げる/ 深剃り (する)/ 刮げる	Soru (soru/ suru) * (to shave/ used for personal shaving)/ Kezuru * (to shave (wood, leather, etc.); to sharpen (e.g. pencil); to plane; to whittle; to pare; to scrape off; to erode/ used for shaving materials, like wood, leather)/ Kezuritoru * (to shave off; to scrape off)/ Soriotosu * (to shave off (hair))/ Sogu * (to chip (off); to shave off; to slice off; to cut off)/ Soriageru * (to shave off)/ Fukazori (suru) * (close shave)/ Kosogeru * (to scrape off; to shave off)
Verb-Cmr	To shower	シャワーを浴びる	Shawā o abiru
Verb-Cmr	To take a bath (to bathe)	お風呂に入る/ 入浴 (する)/ 浴する/ 浴す/ 一風呂/ 水浴 (する)/ バス (する) * (same katakana as 'bus')	Ofuronihairu/ Nyūyoku (suru)/ Yoku suru/ Yokusu/ Hitofuro/ Suiyoku (suru)/ Basu (suru) *
Verb-Cmr	To trim	刈り込む/ トリミング (する)	Karikomu/ Torimingu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To wake	目覚める	Mezameru
Verb-Cmr	To wake up	覚める/ 目を覚ます/ 覚ます	Sameru/ Mewosamasu (me wo samasu)/ Samasu
Verb-Cmr	To dress	服を着る/ ドレスにする/ ドレスする	Fukuwokiru/ Doresu ni suru/ Doresu suru
Verb-Cmr	To wear	着る/ 着用 (する)	Kiru/ Chakuyō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To change clothes (to change clothing)	着替える (着替える)/ 着直す (着なおす/ きなおす)	Kigaeru (kigaeru)/ Ki naosu
Verb-Cmr	To avoid (to evade)	避ける/ 回避 (する) (回避 (する))	Yokeru/ Kaihi (suru) (Kaihi (suru))
Verb-Cmr	To cover (to conceal; to hide)	覆う/ カバー (する)/ 被覆 (する)	Ōu/ Kabā (suru)/ Hifuku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To disappear (to vanish)	消える/ 失せる/ 姿を消す	Kieru/ Useru/ Sugata o kesu
Verb-Cmr	To disguise	変装 (する)/ 覆う/ 覆面 (する/ の)/ 偽装 (する)	Hensō (suru)/ Ōu/ Fukumen (suru/ no) * (mask; veil; disguise/ anonymous; unmarked; incognito)/ Gisō (suru) * (camouflage; disguise/ pretense; feigning; masquerade)
Verb-Cmr	To distract	気をそらす/ 気を散らす	Ki o sorasu * (to distract)/ Ki o chirasu * (to distract a person's attention)
Verb-Cmr	To divert	転用 (する/ の)	Ten'yō (suru/ no)
Verb-Cmr	To escape	脱出 (する)/ 逃げる/ エスケープ (する)/ 逃れる/ 逃げ出す/ 落ち延びる/ 逃げ失せる/ ずらかる	Dasshutsu (suru)/ Nigeru/ Esukēpu (suru)/ Nogareru/ Nigedasu/ Ochinobiru/ Nigeuseru/ Zurakaru
Verb-Cmr	To flee	逃げる	Nigeru
Verb-Cmr	To hide (to conceal)	隠れる/ 隠す/ 潜伏 (する)/ 秘匿 (する)/ 隠蔽 (する)/ 隠秘 (する)	Kakureru/ Kakusu/ Senpuku (suru) * (concealment; hiding; ambush)/ Hitoku (suru) * (hiding; concealment)/ Inpei (suru) * (concealment; hiding; covering up; suppression)/ Inpi (suru) * (making secret; not revealing; hiding (something))
Verb-Cmr	To rescue	救助 (する)/ 救出 (する)/ 救援 (する)/ 救済 (する)/ 助ける	Kyūjo (suru)/ Kyūshutsu (suru)/ Kyūen (suru)/ Kyūsai (suru)/ Tasukeru

Verb-Cmr	To shroud (to envelope; to cover)	巻く (巻かれる)/ 包む	Maku (Makareru)/ Tsutsumu
Verb-Cmr	To vanish	消える	Kieru
Verb-Cmr	To see	見る	Miru
Verb-Cmr	To look (to watch)	見る	Miru
Verb-Cmr	To look around (looking around)	見て回る (見てまわる)/ 辺りを見回す (辺りを見回す)/ 見向く/ 見回す (見まわす/ 見廻す)/ 環視 (する)/ 観光 (する)/ 見るだけです (見ているだけです * just looking around)	Mitemawaru/ Atari o mimawasu/ Mimuku/ Mimawasu/ Kanshi (suru)/ Kankō (suru)/ Mirudake desu (mite iru dakedesu * just looking around)
Verb-Cmr	To feel	感じる/ 知る	Kanjiru/ Shiru
Verb-Cmr	To feel good	気分が良いです/ きぶんがいいです/ 気持ちがいい (きもちがいい)/ 気分良くする/ 良く感じる/ 良い感じですよ/ いいかんじですよ	Kibun ga yoidesu/ Kibun ga īdesu/ Kimochigai/ Kibun yoku suru/ Yoku kanjiru/ Yoi kanjidesu/ Ī kanjidesu
Verb-Cmr	To feel bad (to not feel good)	気分が悪いです (気分が良くない)	Kibungawarui desu (Kibun ga yokunai)
Verb-Cmr	To think	思う/ 考える	Omou * (more to think of, to feel)/ Kangaeru * (more to think about, more mental than omou)
Verb-Cmr	To think of (to come up with)	思いつく (思い付く)/ 考えつく (考え付く)/ 考える/ 考え出す (考えだす)	Omoitsuku/ Kangaetsuku/ Kangaeru/ Kangaedasu
Verb-Cmr	To know	知る/ 存じる	Shiru/ Zonjiru
Verb-Cmr	To notice (to see; to become aware; to realize)	知らせる/ 気づく (気付く)/ 知る	Shiraseru/ Kidzuku/ Shiru
Verb-Cmr	To display (to demonstrate)	実演 (する)/ 表示 (する)/ 示す/ デモンストレーション (する)	Jitsuen (suru)/ Hyōji (suru)/ Shimesu/ Demonsutorēshon (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To sense (to perceive; to notice)	感知 (する)/ 感覚 (する)/ 感じる/ 感ずる/ 察知 (する)/ 知る	Kanchi (suru)/ Kankaku (suru)/ Kanjiru/ Kanzuru/ Satchi (suru)/ Shiru
Verb-Cmr	To seem (to appear; to look)	見える/ そう (です) * (based on own experience, ie, 'it seems')/ よう (です) * (based on no direct experience, assumption, ie. 'it appears, it may seem')/ 気 * (suffix)	Mieru/ Sō (desu)/ Yō (desu)/ Ki * (suffix)
Verb-Cmr	To show (to display)	見せる/ 示す/ 表示 (する)/ ちらつかせる	Miseru/ Shimesu/ Hyōji (suru)/ Chiratsuka seru * (to show; to display; to flash)
Verb-Cmr	To spot	見つける/ 染みをつける	Mitsukeru * (to discover; to find (e.g. an error in a book); to come across; to detect; to spot/ to locate; to find (e.g. something missing); to find fault)/ Shimi o tsukeru * (to blot; to stain; to smudge)

Verb-Cmr	To understand	分かる (わかる)/ 理解 (する)/ 知る/ 把握 (する)/ 汲み取る/ 汲む	Wakaru/ Rikai (suru)/ Shiru/ Haaku (suru)/ Kumitoru * (to understand (someone's feelings, etc.); to grasp; to surmise; to take into consideration)/ Kumu * (to consider (feelings, the situation, etc.); to sympathize with; to intuit; to understand)
Verb-Cmr	To remember (to memorize; to keep in mind)	覚える/ 覚えておく/ 思い出す/ 心がける (心掛ける/ 心懸ける)/ 思いつく (思い付く)/ 偲ぶ	Oboeru/ Oboete oku/ Omoidasu/ Kokorogakeru/ Omoitsuku/ Shinobu * (to recollect; to remember; to reminisce; to be nostalgic for)
Verb-Cmr	To forget	忘れる	Wasureru
Verb-Cmr	To care (for/ about)	気にする (のために/ について)/ 気にかける/ 面倒を見る	Kinisuru (no tame ni/ ni tsuite)/ kinikakeru/ Mendōwomiru
Verb-Cmr	To care for (to care about)	気にする/ 面倒を見る/ 気遣う/ 構う/ 気にかける	Kinisuru/ Mendōwomiru/ Kidzukau/ Kamau/ Kinikakeru
Verb-Cmr	To hear	聞く	Kiku
Verb-Cmr	To listen	聞く	Kiku
Verb-Cmr	To smell	嗅ぐ/ においをかぐ/ すする (噉る)	Kagu/ Nioi o kagu/ Su suru * (to sniffle; to sniff)
Verb-Cmr	To blink	瞬く (またたく)/ 瞬く (しばたたく)/ 瞬く (めたたく)/ 瞬ぐ (まじろぐ)	Matataku * (to blink (one's eyes); to wink; to bat)/ Shibatataku * (to blink (one's eyes) repeatedly/ same kanji character as matataku, but different hiragana characters)/ Metataku * (to blink (one's eyes); to wink; to bat/ same kanji character as matataku, but different hiragana characters)/ Majirogu * (to wink; to blink; to twinkle; to flicker)

Verb-Cmn	To frown	眉をひそめる (眉を顰める)/ 渋い顔をする/ 眉を寄せる/ 曇らせる/ 顔をしかめる/ 顰める (しかめる)/ 苦り切る/ 眉根を寄せる/ 眉を曇らす/ 難しい顔をする/ 顰蹙を買う/ 白眼視 (する)/ 睥睨 (する)/ 顰蹙 (ヒンシュク) (する)	Mayuwohisomeru * (to knit one's brows (in discomfort, unease, disapproval, etc.); to raise one's eyebrows; to frown; to scowl)/ Shibui kao o suru * (to frown (on); to be grim-faced; to look sullen)/ Mayuwoyoseru * (to frown; to scowl)/ Kumoraseru * (to cloud; to make dim or dull; to frown)/ Kaowoshikameru * (to grimace; to frown)/ Shikameru * (to screw up (one's face); to scrunch up; to pucker up; to furrow (one's brow); to wrinkle)/ Nigarikiru * (to look sour; to look disgusted; to scowl; to frown)/ Mayune o yoseru * (to frown; to squint)/ Mayuwokumorasu * (to knit one's brows; to frown)/ Muzukashī kao o suru * (to look displeased; to frown; to scowl; to look grave; to look serious)/ Hinshukuwoku * (to be frowned on; to invite frowns of disapproval; to displease (people); to disgust)/ Hakugan-shi (suru) * (looking coldly on; looking upon disapprovingly; frowning on)/ Heigei (suru) * (glaring at; scowling at; looking contemptuously at/ frowning down upon; domineering with a coercive look)/ Hinshuku (suru) * (frowning on; looking on with scorn; showing disapproval)
Verb-Cmn	To gaze	見つめる/ 眺める/ 凝視 (する)/ 見入る/ 見守る/ 見続ける/ 見据える/ 見やる/ 見とれる/ 眺めやる/ じっと見返す/ 眺め渡す/ 望み見る	Mitsumeru/ Nagameru/ Gyōshi (suru) * (stare; gaze; fixation)/ Miiru * (to gaze (at); to stare intently (at); to look fixedly (at); to fix one's eyes (on))/ Mimamoru * (can mean 'to watch over; to keep watch over; to keep an eye on', but can also mean 'to watch intently; to stare; to gaze; to watch (and see what happens); to follow')/ Mi tsudzukeru * (to gaze long at)/ Misueru * (to stare fixedly at; to fix one's gaze on)/ Miyaru * (to look at; to gaze; to stare at)/ Mitoreru * (to be fascinated (by); to be captivated by; to be enchanted by; to gaze admiringly at; to watch in fascination)/ Nagame yaru * (to gaze out at; to look out over)/ Jitto mikaesu * (to gaze back at)/ Nagame watasu * (to gaze out over)/ Nozomi miru * (to gaze into the distance)

Verb-Cmr	To peek	覗く / ピーク (する) / 窺う	Nozoku * (to peek (through a keyhole, gap, etc.)/ to look down into (a ravine, etc.)/ to peek into (a shop, bookstore, etc.)/ to sneak a look at; to take a quick look at/ to peep (through a telescope, microscope, etc.)/ to stick out (a scarf from a collar, etc.); to peek through (sky through a forest canopy, etc.))/ Piku (suru) * (peek)/ Ukagau * (to peep (through); to peek; to examine (esp. covertly))
Verb-Cmr	To squint	目を細める / 眇める / 眉根を寄せる	Me o hosomeru * (to close one's eyes partly; to squint/ to smile with one's whole face; to look fondly at)/ Sugameru * (to squint (one eye); to narrow)/ Mayune o yoseru * (to frown; to squint)
Verb-Cmr	To watch the clock	時計を見る	Tokei o miru
Verb-Cmr	To wink	瞬き (する) / ウィンク (する) / 瞬く (またたく) / 瞬く (しばたたく) / 瞬く (めたたく) / 瞬ぐ (まじろぐ) / 目配せ (する) / 瞬せ (する) / 目交ぜ (する)	Mabataki (suru) * (blink (of eyes); wink)/ Uinku (suru) * (wink)/ Matataku * (to blink (one's eyes); to wink; to bat)/ Shibatataku * (to blink (one's eyes) repeatedly/ same kanji character as matataku, but different hiragana characters)/ Metataku * (to blink (one's eyes); to wink; to bat/ same kanji character as matataku, but different hiragana characters)/ Majirogu * (to wink; to blink; to twinkle; to flicker)/ Mekubase (suru) * (signalling with the eyes; exchanging looks; winking)/ Mekuwase (suru) * (signalling with the eyes; exchanging looks; winking)/ Memaze (suru) * (winking)
Verb-Cmr	To yawn	欠伸が出る / 欠伸 (あくび) (する)	Akubi ga deru/ Akubi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To miss (to overlook)	見逃す (見遁す) / 見落とす (見落す) / 逸する (佚する) / 逸す / 見損なう	Minogasu/ Miotosu/ Issuru/ Issu/ Misokonau
Verb-Cmr	To sound	鳴らす / 鳴る / 聞こえる (聞える / 聴こえる / 聴える)	Narasu/ Naru/ Kikoeru
Verb-Cmr	To creak	きしむ (軋む) / きしる (軋る)	Kishimu * (to jar; to creak; to grate)/ Kishiru * (to creak; to squeak; to grate; to grind; to rasp)
Verb-Cmr	To squeak	きしむ (軋む) / きしる (軋る)	Kishimu * (to jar; to creak; to grate)/ Kishiru * (to creak; to squeak; to grate; to grind; to rasp)
Verb-Cmr	To guide (to show around; to lead the way)	案内 (する) / 導く / ガイド (する) / 道案内 (する) / 先導 (する)	An'nai (suru)/ Michibiku/ Gaido (suru)/ Michian'nai (suru)/ Sendō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To look good ('it looks good')	よく見える (良く見える)	Yoku mieru
Verb-Cmr	To appear (ie. somewhere)	出現 (する) (どこかに) / 出頭 (する) / 現れる	Shutsugen (suru) (doko ka ni)/ Shuttō (suru)/ Arawareru

Verb-Cmn	To appear to want something (to seem to want something)	欲しがる	Hoshigaru
Verb-Cmn	To blush	赤面 (する)/ 紅潮 (する)/ 赤らむ/ 恥じらう/ 恥ずかしがる/ 赤らめる/ 赤める/ 顔を赤らめる/ 頬を染める/ 頬染める/ 頬を紅潮させる	Sekimen (suru) * (blushing; getting red in the face/ embarrassment)/ Kōchō (suru) * (flush; blush)/ Akaramu * (to become red; to redden; to blush)/ Hajirau * (to feel shy; to be bashful; to blush)/ Hazukashi garu * (to be shy of; to be bashful; to be abashed; to blush)/ Akameru * (to blush; to redden)/ Akameru * (to blush; to redden)/ Kao o akameru * (to blush; to go red in the face; to change color; to change colour)/ Hōwosomeru * (to blush)/ Hoho someru * (to blush)/ Hoho o kōchō saseru * (to blush; to have flushed cheeks)
Verb-Cmn	To depend (on the situation)	場合による (場合によって)	Baai ni yoru (baainiyotte)
Verb-Cmn	To depend (on) (to rely on)	依存 (する)	Izon (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To exaggerate (to say too much)	誇張 (する)/ 言い過ぎる/ 嘯く/ 大げさに言う (大袈裟に言う)	Kochō (suru)/ Iisugiru/ Usobuku/ Ōgesaniiu
Verb-Cmn	To show signs of (being) ...	がる/ めく	Garu/ Meku
Verb-Cmn	To reconsider (to rethink)	思い直す (思いなおす)/ 考え直す (考えなおす)/ 再考 (する)/ 見つめ直す (見つめなおす)/ 見詰め直す/ 見詰めなおす/ 洗い直す (洗いなおす)	Omoinaosu/ Kangaenaosu/ Saikō (suru)/ Mitsume naosu/ Arainaosu (literally: 'to wash again')
Verb-Cmn	To regard (to regard something as)	考える/ 思う/ みなす (見なす)/ 尊重 (する)/ 配意 (する)/ 覚える/ 心得る (何かをそう考える)	Kangaeru * (to consider (as); to regard (as); to look on (as); to take; to view)/ Omou * (to judge; to assess; to regard)/ Minasu * (to regard (as); to consider (to be); to deem; to look upon (as); to think of (as))/ Sonchō (suru) * (respect; esteem; regard)/ Hai i (suru) * (regard; consideration; thoughtfulness)/ Oboeru * (to think; to regard)/ Kokoroeru * (to know; to understand; to be aware of; to regard as; to take for) (nanika o sō kangaeru)
Verb-Cmn	To rethink	考え直す/ 再考 (する)	Kangaenaosu/ Saikō (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To mistake (to make a mistake)	間違える/ 間違う/ 違う/ 間違いを犯す/ 失敗 (する)/ 誤る	Machigaeru/ Machigau/ Chigau/ Machigai o okasu/ Shippai (suru)/ Ayamaru
Verb-Cmn	To misunderstand (to misinterpret)	誤解 (する)/ 取り違える/ 思い違いをする/ 履き違える/ 読み間違える/ 聞き間違える/ 行き違う (行違う)/ 勘違い (する)/ 思い違い (する)/ 考え違い/ 誤聞 (する)/ 失考/ 行き違い/ ミスアンダスタンディング	Gokai (suru)/ Torichigaeru/ Omoichigai o suru/ Hakichigaeru/ Yomi machigaeru/ Kiki machigaeru/ Yukichigau/ Kanchigai (suru)/ Omoichigai (suru)/ Kangaechigai/ Gobun (suru)/ Shikkō/ Ikichigai/ Misuandasutandingu

Verb-Cmr	To remind	思い出させる/ 念を押す/ 注意(する)/ 連想(する)/ 思い浮かぶ/ 釘を刺す/ 思い当たる/ 思い浮かべる	Omoidasaseru * (to recall; to remember; to recollect)/ Nenwoosu * (to remind (someone of something); to call (someone's) attention (to)); to tell (someone) again (to make sure); to make (doubly) sure (of); to emphasize; to reconfirm)/ Chūi (suru) * (advice; warning; caution; reminder)/ Rensō (suru) * (association (of ideas); being reminded (of something); suggestion/ association (psychology))/ Omoi ukabu * (to occur to; to remind of; to come to mind)/ Kugiwosasu * (to give a warning; to remind (a person) of; to drive in a nail)/ Omoiataru * (to suddenly understand (esp. on basis of experience or memory); to come to mind; to recall (in a flash); to be reminded of; to call to mind; to think of; to strike on; to hit on an answer; to seize the crux of a problem)/ Omoiukaberu * (to be reminded of; to call to mind)
Verb-Cmr	To mute	黙らせる/ ミュート(する)	Damaraseru/ Myūto (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To silence	沈黙させる/ 沈黙(する)/ 箱口(する)/ 黙り込む/ 口を封じる/ 緘する/ 口止め(する)/ 黙する	Chinmoku saseru/ Chinmoku (suru)/ Kankō (suru) * (keeping silent; silence)/ Damarikomu * (to say no more; to sink into silence)/ Kuchiwofūjiru * (to muzzle; to silence)/ Kansuru * (means 'to seal; to shut; to close', but can also mean 'to silence; to gag; to hush; to muzzle')/ Kuchidome (suru) * (forbidding mentioning (something to others); imposing silence (on); ordering (someone) to keep quiet; muzzling (someone); gagging; hushing up/ hush money)/ Mokusuru * (to stop talking; to be silent)
Verb-Exa	I see his new car	彼の新しい車が見える	Kare no atarashī kuruma ga mieru
Verb-Exa	The weather looks good today	今日は天気良さそうだ	Kyō wa tenki ga yo-sa-sōda
Verb-Exa	It sounds like a nice plan	いい計画ですね/ いい計画だ	Ī keikakudesu ne * (polite)/ Ī keikakuda * (informal)
Verb-Exa	She shows me the city center	彼女は私に市の中心部を案内してくれる	Kanojo wa watashi ni ichi no chūshin-bu o an'nai shite kureru
Verb-Cmr	To like (be fond of)	好き(すき)(な)/ 大好きです	Suki (na) * (ie. watashi wa sore wo suki desu - I like it)/ Daisukidesu * (liking very much; loving (something or someone); adoring; being very fond of)
Verb-Cmr	To love	愛する/ 愛でる/ 大好きです	Aisuru/ Mederu/ Daisukidesu * (liking very much; loving (something or someone); adoring; being very fond of)

Verb-Cmr	To apologize	詫びる (詫る)/ 謝る/ 謝す/ 謝する/ 恐縮 (する)	Wabiru/ Ayamaru/ Shasu/ Sha suru/ Kyōshuku (suru) * (feeling sorry (for troubling someone); feeling ashamed (e.g. of an error); feeling embarrassed (e.g. by someone's compliments, hospitality, etc.))
Verb-Cmr	To celebrate	祝う	Iwau
Verb-Cmr	To charm (to seduce)	魅了 (する) (誘惑 (する))	Miryō (suru) (yūwaku (suru))
Verb-Cmr	To cheat (to deceive)	騙す/ 誤魔化す/ 偽る/ せしめる/ 掠める/ 誑かす/ まやかす/ パクる/ 不正行為をする/ チート (する)/ カンニング (する) (騙す)	Damasu/ Gomakasu/ Itsuwaru * (to lie; to pretend; to feign; to falsify)/ Seshimeru/ Kasumeru/ Taburakasu/ Mayakasu/ Pakuru * (to filch; to snatch; to pinch; to swindle; to cheat (someone out of something); to rip off/ to steal (an idea, work, etc.); to plagiarize)/ Fusei kōi o suru/ Chīto (suru)/ Kan'ningu (suru) * (cheating (on an examination); cribbing; from English “cunning”) (damasu)
Verb-Cmr	To complain	文句を言う/ 訴える/ 零す (溢す/ 翻す/ こぼす)/ 文句をつける (文句を付ける/ もんくをつける)/ 愚痴る (グチる)/ クレームを出す/ ぼやく (ボヤク)/ 不足を言う	Monkuwoiu/ Uttaeru/ Kobosu/ Monku o tsukeru/ Guchiru * (to grumble; to gripe; to complain)/ Kurēmu o dasu/ Boyaku/ Fusoku o iu
Verb-Cmr	To compliment	褒める	Homeru
Verb-Cmr	To congratulate	祝福 (する)	Shukufuku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To convince	納得させる/ 説き伏せる	Nattoku saseru * (to convince; to persuade)/ Tokifuseru * (to confute; to argue down; to persuade; to convince; to prevail on)
Verb-Cmr	To dare	挑戦 (する)/ 敢えて (あえて) (する)	Chōsen (suru)/ Aete (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To deceive	欺く/ 誤魔化す/ 騙す/ 偽る/ 図る	Azamuku/ Gomakasu/ Damasu/ Itsuwaru * (to lie; to pretend; to feign; to falsify)/ Hakaru * (means 'to plan; to attempt; to devise', but can also mean 'to plot; to conspire; to scheme/ to deceive; to trick; to take in')
Verb-Cmr	To dislike	嫌がる/ 嫌い/ 嫌う	Iyagaru/ Kirai/ Kirau
Verb-Cmr	To flirt (to flirt with)	いちゃつく (いちゃつく)	Ichatsuku (ichatsuku)
Verb-Cmr	To fool	騙す	Damasu
Verb-Cmr	To hate	嫌い/ 嫌う/ 憎む/ 好かん/ 否む	Kirai/ Kirau/ Nikumu/ Sukan/ Inamu

Verb-Cmr	To fancy	心が動く/ 気になる/ ような気がする/ 気に入る/ 空想 (する/ の)/ 妄想 (する)	Kokorogaugoku * (to take a fancy to something; to be moved; to feel inclined to)/ Ki ni naru * (to be interested (in); to be curious (about); to wonder (about); to catch one's eye/ to feel like (doing); to feel inclined to; to bring oneself to (do))/ Yōna ki ga suru * ((I) think (that); (I) have a feeling (that); (I) fancy (that))/ Kiniiru * (to like; to be pleased with; to be delighted with; to take a liking to; to suit one's fancy)/ Kūsō (suru/ no) * (daydream; fantasy; fancy; vision)/ Mōsō (suru) * (delusion; wild idea; (wild) fancy; (ridiculous) fantasy)
Verb-Cmr	To inspire	インスピレーションを与える	Insupirēshon o ataeru
Verb-Cmr	To lie (to tell a lie)	嘘をつく/ 空を使う	Uso o tsuku/ Sora o tsukau
Verb-Cmr	To mourn (to grieve)	嘆く (悲しむ)	Nageku (kanashimu)
Verb-Cmr	To persuade	説得 (する)	Settoku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To promise	(お) 約束 (する)/ 約する/ 約諾 (する)/ 言い交す	(o) Yakusoku (suru)/ Yakusuru/ Yakudaku (suru)/ likawasu
Verb-Cmr	To reflect (to introspect; to meditate)	反省 (する) (内省 (する); 瞑想 (する))	Hansei (suru) (Naisei (suru); Meisō (suru))
Verb-Cmr	To reflect (ie. light)	反射 (する)/ 映す/ 照り返す/ 映し出す (写し出す/ うつしだす)/ 反映 (する)	Hansha (suru)/ Utsusu/ Terikaesu/ Utsushidasu/ Han'ei (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To respect	敬う/ 尊敬 (する)/ 尊重 (する)/ 重んじる/ 畏敬 (する)/ 仰ぐ/ 尊ぶ (貴ぶ/ 尚ぶ/ たつとぶ/ とうとぶ)/ 払う	Uyamau/ Sonkei (suru)/ Sonchō (suru)/ Omonjiru/ Ikei (suru)/ Aogu/ Tattobu (tattobu/ tōtobu)/ Harau * (to pay (e.g. attention); to show (e.g. respect, concern))
Verb-Cmr	To amuse	楽しませる	Tanoshimaseru
Verb-Cmr	To appreciate (to enjoy; to admire)	味わう/ 哀れむ (憐れむ/ 関れむ)/ 愛でる	Ajiwau/ Awaremu/ Mederu
Verb-Cmr	To appreciate (to recognize)	評価 (する)/ 買う/ 認める	Hyōka (suru)/ Kau/ Shitatameru
Verb-Cmr	To be thankful (to show gratitude)	恐縮 (する)/ 感謝 (する)/ 多とする/ 有り難がる/ ありがたく思う (有り難く思う)	Kyōshuku (suru)/ Kansha (suru)/ Ta to suru/ Arigatagaru/ Arigataku omou
Verb-Cmr	To beg	物乞い (する)/ お願いします/ 乞う/ 頼む/ 願う	Monogoi (suru)/ onegaishimasu/ kou/ tanomu/ negau
Verb-Cmr	To believe (in, to have faith in)	信じる/ 信ずる/ 信念 (する)/ 確信 (する)/ 信賴 (する)	Shinjiru/ Shinzuru/ Shin'nen (suru)/ Kakushin (suru)/ Shinrai (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To bless	祝福 (する)	Shukufuku (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To calm	落ち着く/ 鎮静 (する)/ 宥める/ 治まる/ 和らぐ/ 静める/ 和む/ 冷やす/ 静まる/ 風ぐ (なぐ)/ 和める/ 落ち着ける/ 和ます/ 冷却 (する)	Ochitsuku/ Chinsei (suru) * (calming down; settling down; quieting down; quietening down; subsiding; pacification; appeasement/ sedation)/ Nadameru/ Osamaru/ Yawaragu/ Shizumeru/ Nagomu/ Hiyasu * (means 'to cool (from room temperature); to chill; to refrigerate', but can also mean 'to calm down; to cool off; to regain one's composure; to relax')/ Shizumaru/ Nagu/ Nagomeru/ Ochitsukeru/ Nagomasu/ Reikyaku (suru) * (means 'cooling; refrigeration' but can also mean 'cooling down (of a political conflict, etc.); calming down')
Verb-Cmr	To chant	唱える	Tonaeru
Verb-Cmr	To cherish	大切にする	Taisetsu ni suru
Verb-Cmr	To concentrate (to focus)	集中 (する)/ 凝らす/ 焦点を合わせる/ 焦点を与える	Shūchū (suru)/ Korasu/ Shōtenwoawaseru/ Shōten o ataeru
Verb-Cmr	To confuse	混乱させる	Konran sa seru
Verb-Cmr	To delight	喜ばせる	yorokobaseru
Verb-Cmr	To deserve (to be entitled to)	値する/ 相応しい/ 足りる (たりる)/ 足る (たる) (権利がある)	Ataisuru * (to be worth; to be worthy of; to deserve; to merit)/ Fusawashī * (appropriate; adequate; suitable; fitting; worthy/ deserving)/ Tariru * (to be worth doing; to be worthy of; to deserve)/ Taru * (to be worth doing; to be worthy of; to deserve) (Kenri ga aru * (to have the right; to have a right; to have the privilege; to have a privilege))
Verb-Cmr	To desire	望む/ 願う/ 願望 (する)/ 欲求 (する)/ 志望 (する)	Nozomu/ Negau/ Ganbō (suru)/ Yokkyū (suru)/ Shibō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To enjoy	楽しむ/ エンジョイ (する)/ 遊ぶ (あそぶ)/ 味わう/ 面白がる/ 満喫 (する)/ 衰れむ	Tanoshimu/ Enjoi (suru)/ Asobu/ Ajiwau/ Omoshirogaru/ Mankitsu (suru)/ Awaremu * (to enjoy the beauty of; to appreciate; to admire/ poetical term)
Verb-Cmr	To excuse (to pardon)	言い訳する/ 申し訳 (する)/ 許す (許す)	Iiwake suru * (excuse; to excuse/ explanation; to explain)/ Mōshiwake (suru) * (apology; excuse; to apologize; to excuse)/ Yurusu * (to forgive; to pardon; to excuse; to tolerate/ to permit; to allow; to approve; to consent to) (Yurusu)
Verb-Cmr	To expect	期待 (する/ の)/ 予期 (する)/ 予想 (する/ の)	Kitai (suru/ no)/ Yoki (suru)/ Yosō (suru/ no)

Verb-Cmr	To feel sorry for (about) (to be sorry for (about))	(約) を残念に思う/ 哀れがる/ 気の毒に思う/ 恐れ入る/ 恐縮 (する)/ 惜しむ/ (を) 憐れむ (哀れむ)/ (に) 同情 (する) ((約) を残念に思う)	(yaku) o Zan'nen ni omou * (to repent; to regret; to be sorry; to rue)/ Awaregaru * (to feel sorry for; to pity)/ Kinodoku ni omou * (to feel sorry (for, that); to regret (that); to feel pity; to sympathize)/ Osoreiru * (to be sorry; to beg pardon; to be much obliged; to feel small/ to be grateful)/ Kyōshuku (suru) * (feeling sorry (for troubling someone); feeling ashamed (e.g. of an error); feeling embarrassed (e.g. by someone's compliments, hospitality, etc.)/ feeling (much) obliged; being (very) grateful; being thankful)/ Oshimu * (to regret (e.g. a loss); to feel sorry (for))/ (o) Awaremu * (to pity; to feel sympathy for; to sympathize with; to sympathise with; to commiserate with; to have mercy on)/ (ni) Dōjō (suru) * (sympathy; compassion; pity) ((yaku) o zan'nen ni omou)
Verb-Cmr	To focus	集中 (する)/ フォーカス (する)/ 凝らす/ 見据える	Shūchū suru/ Fōkasu (suru)/ Korasu/ Misueru * (to make sure of; to set one's eyes on (e.g. the future); to focus on)
Verb-Cmr	To forgive	許す/ 恕する/ 仮す	Yurusu/ Jo suru/ Kasu
Verb-Cmr	To glow	光る/ 映える (栄える/ はえる)/ 輝く (耀く/ 赫く/ かがやく)/ 照り映える	Hikaru/ Haeru/ Kagayaku/ Terihaeru
Verb-Cmr	To go well	上手くいく (うまくいく)/ にあう (似合う)/ 順調に運ぶ	Umaku iku (umakuiku)/ Niau/ Junchō ni hakobu
Verb-Cmr	To hope	希望 (する)/ 願う/ 望む/ 念じる/ 念ずる/ といい (と良い/ よい) (だ/ です)	Kibō (suru)/ Negau/ Nozomu/ Nenjiru/ Nenzuru/ To ī (to yoi) (da/desu)
Verb-Cmr	To imagine	想像する/ 考える/ 思い込む/ 思い描く/ 描く/ 偲ぶ/ 心に描く	Sōzō suru/ Kangaeru/ Omoikomu/ Omoiegaku/ Kaku/ Shinobu * (to imagine; to guess; to infer)/ Kokoro ni kaku * (to picture in mind; to imagine; to envisage)
Verb-Cmr	To look forward to	楽しみにする/ 楽しむ/ 待ち望む/ 心待ちにする/ 思う/ 楽しみに待つ/ 待ち設ける	Tanoshimini suru * (to look forward to)/ Tanoshimu * (to look forward to)/ Machinozomu * (to wait eagerly for; to look forward to)/ Kokoromachi ni suru * (to look forward to)/ Omou * (to expect; to look forward to)/ Tanoshiminimatsu * (to wait expectantly; to await in anticipation)/ Machimōkeru * (to expect; to look for; to look forward to; to anticipate; to wait for)

Verb-Cmr	To may (to might)	Verb stem + てもいい (です/ よ)/ (し) てもよい (ても良い)/ Verb + かもしれない (かも知れない)/ かもしれません (かも知れません)	Verb stem + Te mo ī (desu/ yo) * (asking permission)/ (shi) Te mo yoi * (granting permission; alright to do; can do; do not mind doing; gladly do; might as well do/ indicates concession or compromise/ indicates permission)/ Verb + Kamo shirenai * (informal)/ Kamo shiremasen *(formal; polite/ may; might; perhaps; may be; possible; possibly)
Verb-Cmr	To meditate	瞑想 (する)	Meisō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To have to	Verb stem + なければならない (verb stem + なければなりません)	Verb stem + nakereba naranai (verb stem + nakereba narimasen * (polite))
Verb-Cmr	To must (to have to)	Verb stem (neg.) + なければならぬ/ なりません * (ie. 行かなければなりません - must go)/ 違いがない (違い無い)/ 必要がある/ 必要 (だ/ です)/ 無いと (ないと)/ ざるを得ない/ ないと行けない (無いといけない/ 無いと行けない)/ ざる得ない/ ざるを得ぬ/ ざる終えない	Verb stem (neg.) + nakereba naranai/ narimasen * (ie. Ikanakereba narimasen - must go)/ Chigainai/ Hitsuyō ga aru/ Hitsuyō (da/desu)/ Naito/ Zaruwoenai/ Nai to ikenai/ Zaru enai/ Zaru o enu/ Zaru oenai
Verb-Cmr	To have to do (to must do)	しなければならぬ (しなければならぬ)	Shinakereba naranai (shinakereba naranai)
Verb-Cmr	To need (to require)	必要とする/ 必要がある/ 要求がある/ 要求を持つ/ 要する/ 求める/ 要る/ 必要です	Hitsuyō to suru/ Hitsuyō ga aru/ Yōkyū ga aru/ Yōkyū o motsu/ Yōsuru/ Motomeru/ Iru/ Hitsuyōdesu
Verb-Cmr	To pray	祈る/ 祈りを捧げる/ 願う/ 念じる/ 念ずる	Inoru/ Inori o sasageru/ Negau/ Nenjiru/ Nenzuru
Verb-Cmr	To pray silently	念じる/ 念ずる	Nenjiru/ Nenzuru
Verb-Cmr	To prefer	好む	Konomu
Verb-Cmr	To advise	助言 (する)/ 勧告 (する)/ アドバイス (する)/ 知らせる	Jogen (suru)/ Kankoku (suru)/ Adobaisu (suru)/ Shiraseru
Verb-Cmr	To overreact	過剰反応 (する)	
Verb-Cmr	To recommend (to advise)	勧める/ 推す/ 推奨 (する)/ 推挙 (する)/ 推薦 (する)/ お勧め (する)/ 慫慂 (する)	Susumeru/ Osu/ Suishō (suru)/ Suikyo (suru)/ Suisen (suru)/ o Susume (suru)/ Shōyō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To relax (to enjoy; to have fun)	楽しむ/ 楽にする/ 寛ぐ (くつろぐ)/ リラックス (する)	Tanoshimu * (to enjoy; to take pleasure in; to have a good time; to have fun)/ Raku ni suru * (to relax; to make oneself comfortable)/ Kutsurogu * (to relax; to feel at home)/ Rirakkusu (suru) * (relaxing; relaxation/ relax)
Verb-Cmr	To shame	恥じ入らせる	Haji iraseru
Verb-Cmr	To shine	輝く/ 光る/ 照る/ 映える	Kagayaku/ Hikaru/ Teru/ Haeru
Verb-Cmr	To should	すべき (すべき)/ 可き (べき)/ はず (筈)	Subeki/ Beki/ Hazu
Verb-Cmr	To should do (to ought to do)	すべき/ やるべき (するべき/ やるべき)	Surubeki * (regular)/ Yarubeki * (informal) (surubeki/ yarubeki)
Verb-Cmr	To sympathize (to empathize)	共感 (する)/ 感情移入 (する)/ 掬する/ 感応 (する)	Kyōkan (suru)/ Kanjō inyū (suru)/ Kiku suru/ Kan'nō (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To sympathize (to pity; to show compassion)	同情 (する)/ 思いやる/ 思いやりを示す/ 労る/ 哀れむ/ 察する/ 拝察 (する/ いたす)/ 汲む/ 気の毒に思う/ 気持ちを汲む/ 察す/ 理解 (する)	Dōjō (suru)/ Omoiyaru/ Omoiyari o shimesu/ Itawaru/ Awaremu/ Sassuru/ Haisatsu (suru/ itasu)/ Kumu/ Kinodoku ni omou/ Kimochi o kumu/ Sassu/ Rikai (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To sympathize deeply with	身につまされる/ ～に深く共感する	Minitsumasareru/ ~ Ni fukaku kyōkan suru
Verb-Cmr	To thank (to be thankful)	感謝 (する)/ 礼を言う/ 謝す/ 謝する/ 厚く礼を述べる (恐縮 (する)/ 感謝 (する))	Kansha (suru)/ Reiwoiu/ Shasu/ Sha suru/ Atsukureiwonoberu * (to express gratitude; to express one's deepest gratitude/ to thank (a person) heartily) (Kyōshuku (suru)/ Kansha (suru))
Verb-Cmr	To treat	扱う	Atsukau * (to deal with (a person); to treat; to handle; to take care of; to entertain/ to deal with (a problem); to handle; to manage)
Verb-Cmr	To trust	信頼 (する)/ 信用 (する)/ 信任 (する)/ 信じる/ 信ずる/ 信託 (する)	Shinrai (suru)/ Shin'yō (suru)/ Shin'nin (suru)/ Shinjiru/ Shinzuru/ Shintaku (suru) * (trust; entrusting; leaving in someone's trust)
Verb-Cmr	To want	欲しい (ほしい) (です)/ 求める/ 要る/ 欲求 (する)/ 欲する/ 求む	Hoshī (desu)/ Motomeru/ Iru/ Yokkyū (suru)/ Yoku suru/ Motomu
Verb-Cmr	To will	Verb or / する (します)	Verb or / suru (shimasu)
Verb-Cmr	To will (may; perhaps; possibly)	かもしれません (かも知れません)	Kamo shiremasen
Verb-Cmr	To will (probably)	Verb + でしょう	Verb + Deshou
Verb-Cmr	To wish (to desire; to hope)	希望 (する)/ 願う/ 望む/ 念じる/ 念ずる	Kibō (suru)/ Negau/ Nozomu/ Nenjiru/ Nenzuru
Verb-Cmr	To wonder (to be curious; to be doubtful)	不思議に思う/ 疑問に思う / かな (あ) * (at the end of a sentence)/ かしら * (at the end of a sentence; female term)/ だろうか/ 不思議がる/ 気になる	Fushigi ni omou/ Gimon ni omou/ Kana (a) * (at the end of a sentence)/ Kashira* (at the end of a sentence; female term)/ Darou ka/ Fushigi garu/ Ki ni naru
Verb-Cmr	To worship	祭る/ 崇拜 (する)	Matsuru/ Sūhai (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To would like	Verb stem + たい * (ie. 食べたい - would like to eat)/ (object) をお願いします	Verb stem + tai * (ie. tabetai - would like to eat)/ (object) o Onegaishimasu
Verb-Cmr	To be glad (to feel glad)	喜ぶ/ 嬉しいがる/ 嬉しい (です) (嬉しいと感じる)	Yorokobu * (to be delighted; to be glad; to be pleased; to rejoice)/ Ureshi garu * (to seem glad; to look happy; to be glad)/ Ureshī (desu) * (happy; glad; pleased; delighted; overjoyed/ joyful; delightful; gratifying; pleasant) (ureshī to kanjiru)
Verb-Cmr	To be happy (to feel happy)	喜ぶ/ 幸せになる (幸せを感じる)	Yorokobu/ Shiawase ni naru (shawase o kanjiru)
Verb-Cmr	To be sad (to feel sad)	悲しく思う/ 悲しく感じる/ 悲しみがある/ 悲しみのある/ 悲しみある/ 悲しむ (哀しむ)/ 悲しい気持ちになる/ 落ち込む/ 悲しくなる	Kanashiku omou/ Kanashiku kanjiru/ Kanashimi ga aru/ Kanashimi no aru/ Kanashimi aru/ Kanashimu/ Kanashī kimochi ni naru/ Ochikomu/ Kanashiku naru
Verb-Cmr	To be healthy	健康になる	Kenkō ni naru

Verb-Cmr	To feel healthy	健康を感じる	Kenkō o kanjiru
Verb-Cmr	To be well	元気になる	Genkininaru (genki ni naru)
Verb-Cmr	To become better	良くなる (よくなる) (気分が良くなる; 元気になる)/ 治る	Yoku naru (kibun ga yoku naru; genkininaru)/ Naoru
Verb-Cmr	To become healthy	健康になる	Kenkō ni naru
Verb-Cmr	To become sick	病気になる	Byōkininaru
Verb-Cmr	To become well	元気になる	Genkininaru (genki ni naru)
Verb-Cmr	To energize	活力を与える	Katsuryoku o ataeru
Verb-Cmr	To falter	たじろぐ	Tajirogu
Verb-Cmr	To feel hungry	お腹が空く / 空腹を感じる	Onakagasuku/ Kūfuku o kanjiru
Verb-Cmr	To be famished (to be very hungry)	お腹が空く (とてもお腹が空く)	Onakagasuku (totemo onakagasuku)
Verb-Cmr	To be full (to be stuffed)	お腹がいっぱいになる (お腹がいっぱいになる)	Onaka ga ippai ni naru (onaka ga ippai ni naru)
Verb-Cmr	To feel okay (to feel alright)	大丈夫だと感じる (大丈夫だと感じる)	Daijōbuda to kanjiru (daijōbuda to kanjiru)
Verb-Cmr	To feel thirsty	のどが渴く (喉が渴く)	Nodo ga kawaku
Verb-Cmr	To be parched (to be very thirsty)	カラカラになる (喉が渴く)	Karakara ni naru (nodogakawaku)
Verb-Cmr	To get better (to feel better; to get well)	良くなる (よくなる) (気分が良くなる; 元気になる)/ 治る	Yoku naru (kibun ga yoku naru; genkininaru)/ Naoru
Verb-Cmr	To get well	良くなる (よくなる) (気分が良くなる; 元気になる)/ 治る	Yoku naru (kibun ga yoku naru; genkininaru)/ Naoru
Verb-Cmr	To flourish (to thrive)	繁栄 (する) (繁栄 (する))	Han'ei (suru) (han'ei (suru))
Verb-Cmr	To heal (to cure)	治す (直す)/ 癒す/ 医する/ 治する (治す/ 治療 (する)/ 治癒 (する))	Naosu/ Iyasu/ I suru/ Jisuru (Chi suru) (Naosu/ Chiryō (suru)/ Chiyu (suru))
Verb-Cmr	To hesitate	躊躇う (ためらう)/ 躊躇 (する)/ 憚る/ 渋る/ 迷う (紕う)/ 怯む/ 二の足を踏む/ 悪びれる (悪怯れる)/ 淀む (澱む)	Tamerau/ Chūcho (suru)/ Habakaru/ Shiburu/ Mayou/ Hirumu/ Ninoashi o fumu/ Warubireru/ Yodomu
Verb-Cmr	To poison	毒 (する)	Doku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To regret	後悔 (する)/ 悔いる/ 憾む	Kōkai (suru)/ Kuiru/ Uramu
Verb-Cmr	To repent	悔い改める/ 悔やむ/ 残念に思う/ 後悔 (する/ の)/ 反省 (する)/ 改悛 (する)	Kuiaratameru/ Kuyamu/ Zan'nen ni omou/ Kōkai (suru/ no)/ Hansei (suru)/ Kaishun (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To stumble	つまづく (躓く)/ 転蹶 (する)/ 蹉跌 (する)/ 躓き (する)/ 蹢躅めく / 蹢躅ける/ 蹢躅く / 足がもつれる/ ひよろける/ 蹈躪を踏む/ 蹢躅つく / 泳がせる/ 泳がす	Tsumazuku * (to trip (over); to stumble/ to fail; to suffer a setback)/ Tenketsu (suru) * (stumbling; tripping; failure)/ Satetsu (suru) * (failure; stumbling; setback)/ Tsumazuki (suru) * (stumbling/ failure; misstep; setback)/ Yoromeku * (to stagger; to stumble; to totter/ to misconduct oneself; to have a love affair; to waver; to feel some inclination)/ Yorokeru * (to stagger; to stumble)/ Ketsumazuku * (to stumble (over); to trip/ to fail; to suffer a setback)/ Ashi ga motsureru * (to trip (over one's own feet); to stumble)/ Hi ~yorokeru * (to stagger; to stumble; to be unsteady on one's feet)/ Tatarawofumu * (to stumble a step or two forward (when trying to stop); to pass one's destination and stumble a step or two forward; to totter)/ Sōrō tsuku * (to stagger; to stumble; to totter)/ Oyogaseru * (to make (someone) stumble forward; to make stagger; to make lurch/ to let (someone) swim; to make (someone) swim; to release (fish) into the water; to set (fish) swimming)/ Oyogasu * (to make (someone) stumble forward; to make stagger; to make lurch/ to let (someone) swim; to make (someone) swim; to release (fish) into the water; to set (fish) swimming)
Verb-Cmr	To abuse	虐待 (する)	Gyakutai (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To abuse (verbally) (to yell at)	罵る/ 悪口 (する)/ 言葉で虐待 (する) (怒鳴る)	Nonoshiru/ Waruguchi (suru)/ Kotoba de gyakutai (suru) (Donaru)
Verb-Cmr	To annoy	苛立たせる	Iradataseru
Verb-Cmr	To mistreat	虐待 (する)	Gyakutai (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To bother (to mind)	気にする (気にする)	Kinisuru (kinisuru)
Verb-Cmr	To fear (to be afraid of)	恐れる (恐れる)	Osoreru (osoreru)
Verb-Cmr	To frustrate	イライラさせる	Iraira saseru
Verb-Cmr	To get angry	怒る	Okoru
Verb-Cmr	To get upset	動揺 (する)/ 取り乱す	Dōyō (suru)/ Torimidasu
Verb-Cmr	To ignore	無視 (する)/ 黙殺 (する)/ 見逃す	Mushi (suru) * (disregarding; ignoring; to disregard; to ignore)/ Mokusatsu (suru) * (ignoring; disregarding; taking no notice of; refusing to comment on; turning a deaf ear to)/ Minogasu * (to let pass (a matter); to overlook (e.g. a wrongdoing); to turn a blind eye to)
Verb-Cmr	To intimidate	威嚇 (する)/ 脅かす (おびやかす)/ 脅かす (おどかす)/ 恫喝 (する)	Ikaku (suru)/ Obiyakasu/ Odokasu/ Dōkatsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To irritate	イライラさせる	Iraira saseru

Verb-Cmr	To mind (i hope you don't mind)	気にする/ 構う (気にしないでほしいと思います/ 気にしないで欲しいです)	Kinisuru * (to mind (negative nuance); to care about; to worry; to pay undue (amount of) attention to (something))/ Kamau * (to mind; to care about; to be concerned about; to have a regard for) (Ki ni shinaide hoshī to omoimasu/ Ki ni shinaide hoshī desu)
Verb-Cmr	To miss (ie. lonely)	恋しい(すなわち、寂しい) * (no verb. ie - 彼は彼女が恋しい/ 寂しいです - he misses her)/ 寂しがる	Koishī (sunawachi, sabishī) * (no verb. ie - Kare wa kanojo ga koishī/ sabishīdesu - he misses her)/ Sabishi garu
Verb-Cmr	To neglect	怠る/ 等閑(な/ する)/ 怠ける (懶ける)/ ネグレクト(する)	Okotaru/ Tōkan (na/ suru)/ Namakeru/ Negurekuto (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To overwhelm	圧倒(する)(圧倒される)/ 圧する/ 威張る/ 嵩にかかる/ オラオラ (する/ な)	Attō (suru) * (to overwhelm (e.g. an opponent); to overpower; to crush; to defeat completely/ to overwhelm (someone with emotion); to move; to impress; to fill with emotion/ to intimidate; to frighten; to threaten) (Attō sareru)/ Assuru * (to press/ to oppress; to dominate; to overwhelm)/ Ibaru * (to put on airs; to act big; to throw one's weight about; to be overbearing; to be domineering; to be bossy; to be pushy; to be proud; to be haughty; to be arrogant; to swagger; to boast; to brag)/ Kasanikakaru * (to be highhanded; to be arrogant; to be overbearing)/ Oraora (suru/ na) * (pushy; overbearing; self-assured; aggressive/ hey!; c'mon! * (colloquial, roughly ordering someone around))

Verb-Cmn	To threaten	脅迫 (する)/ 脅威 (する)/ 恐喝 (する)/ 威嚇 (する)/ 脅喝 (する)/ 恫喝 (する)/ 威迫 (する)/ 恐嚇 (する)/ 脅す/ 脅かす/ 圧倒 (する) (圧倒される)/ ドスを効かす/ 脅しつける/ ドスを効かせる/ 凄む/ 凄みを利かせる/ 嚇す/ 脅しをかける/ 凄みを利かす/ 暗雲が立ち込める	Kyōhaku (suru) * (threat; menace; coercion; blackmail/ intimidation)/ Kyōi (suru) * (threat; menace)/ Kyōkatsu (suru) * (blackmail; extortion; threat (to extort money))/ Ikaku (suru) * (threat; intimidation; menace)/ Kyōkatsu (suru) * (threat; intimidation; menace/ has the same pronunciation as the other 'kyōkatsu' word, but different kanji characters)/ Dōkatsu (suru) * (intimidation; threat; bluster)/ Ihaku (suru) * (menace; threat; intimidation)/ Kyōkaku (suru) * (intimidation; threat)/ Odosu * (to threaten; to menace; to frighten (into doing))/ Odokasu * (to threaten; to menace; to intimidate)/ Attō (suru) * (to overwhelm (e.g. an opponent); to overpower; to crush; to defeat completely/ to overwhelm (someone with emotion); to move; to impress; to fill with emotion/ to intimidate; to frighten; to threaten) (attō sareru)/ Dosu o kikasu * (to threaten)/ Odoshitsukeru * (to threaten; to terrify; to frighten)/ Dosu o kika seru * (to threaten)/ Sugomu * (to threaten; to intimidate; to be threatening)/ Sugomi o kikaseru * (to threaten; to intimidate)/ Kakusu * (to threaten; to menace)/ Odoshi o kakeru * (to threaten; to make threats)/ Sugomi o kikasu * (to threaten; to intimidate)/ An'un ga tachikomeru * (literally means 'dark clouds gather', but means 'threatening signs emerge; trouble is afoot')
Verb-Cmn	To worry (anxiety; fear)	心配 (する)	Shinpai (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To worry (to bother; be bothered)	気にする	Kinisuru
Verb-Cmn	To talk	話す	Hanasu
Verb-Cmn	To talk out	話す	Hanasu
Verb-Cmn	To speak	話す/ 挨拶 (あいさつ) (する/ の)	Hanasu/ Aisatsu (suru/ no) * (speech (congratulatory or appreciative); address/ to give a speech; to hold a speech)
Verb-Cmn	To say	言う	Iu
Verb-Cmn	To say (to tell) (polite)	申し上げる	Mōshiageru * (humble)
Verb-Cmn	To greet	挨拶 (あいさつ) (する)/ 迎える/ 温かく迎える	Aisatsu (suru) * (greeting; greetings; salutation; salute; condolences; congratulations)/ Mukaeru * (to go out to meet; to receive; to welcome; to greet; to salute; to hail)/ Atatakaku mukaeru * (to warmly welcome someone; to give someone a warm welcome)
Verb-Cmn	To interpret	通訳 (する)/ 解釈 (する)/ 訳す/ 訳する	Tsūyaku (suru)/ Kaishaku (suru)/ Yakusu/ Yakusuru
Verb-Cmn	To pronounce	発音 (する)	Hatsuon (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To spell	綴る	Tsudzuru

Verb-Cmr	To translate	翻訳 (する)/ 訳す/ 訳する	Hon'yaku (suru)/ Yakusu/ Yakusuru
Verb-Cmr	To agree	同意 (する)/ 受け入れる/ 賛成 (する/ の)/ 一致 (する)	Dōi (suru)/ Ukeireru/ Sansei (suru/ no)/ Itchi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To disagree	反対 (する/ の/ な)	Hantai (suru/ no/ na)
Verb-Cmr	To answer (to reply)	答える/ 応答 (する)/ 返信 (する)/ 回答 (する)/ 返事 (する)	Kotaeru/ Ōtō (suru)/ Henshin (suru)/ Kaitō (suru)/ Henji (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To approve (to allow; to grant)	承認 (する)/ 認める	Shōnin (suru)/ Shitatameru
Verb-Cmr	To comment (to remark)	論評 (する)/ コメント (する) (コメント (する)/ 意見を言う)/ 注 (する)	Ronpyō (suru)/ Komento (suru) (komento (suru)/ Ikenwoiu)/ Chūi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To remark	発言 (する)/ 言説 (する)/ 注釈 (する)/ コメント (する)	Hatsugen (suru)/ Gensetsu (suru)/ Chūshaku (suru)/ Komento (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To forbid	禁止 (する)/ 禁ずる/ 禁じる/ 禁ず/ 止める (留める; 停める; とめる)/ 封じる/ 封ずる/ 戒める (誡める; 警める; いましめる)/ 差し止める (差し止める)/ 禁断 (する/ の)	Kinshi (suru)/ Kinzuru/ Kinjiru/ Kinzu/ Tomeru/ Fūjiru * (to prevent (e.g. movement); to forbid; to block (e.g. speech); to seal off (e.g. a building))/ Fūzuru * (means 'to seal (letter)', but can also mean 'to prevent; to forbid; to block')/ Imashimeru/ Sashitomeru/ Kindan (suru/ no)
Verb-Cmr	To limit (to restrict)	限る/ 縛る/ 制限 (する)/ 拘束 (する)/ 限定 (する)/ 制約 (する)	Kagiru/ Shibaru/ Seigen (suru)/ Kōsoku (suru)/ Gentei (suru)/ Seiyaku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To restrict	制限 (する)/ 限る/ 縛る/ 拘束 (する)/ 限定 (する)/ 制約 (する)/ 束縛 (する)	Seigen (suru)/ Kagiru/ Shibaru/ Kōsoku (suru)/ Gentei (suru)/ Seiyaku (suru)/ Sokubaku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To ask	聞く/ 質問 (する)/ 問い合わせる/ お尋ね (する) * (respectful)/ 尋ねる	Kiku/ Shitsumon (suru)/ Toiawaseru/ Otazune (suru) * (respectful)/ Tazuneru
Verb-Cmr	To ask for (to invite)	お願い (する)/ お願いします/ お願いいたします/ お願い申し上げます/ お願いできますか/ 求める/ 願い出る/ 申し受ける/ 尋ねる/ 問う/ 招く (誘う)	Onegai (suru) * (request; favour (to ask); wish/ polite (teineigo) language)/ Onegaishimasu * (please/ humble (kenjougo) language)/ Onegai itashimasu * (please/ humble (kenjougo) language)/ Onegai mōshiageru * (to ask (humbly); to request (humbly)/ humble (kenjougo) language)/ Onegai dekimasu ka * (may I ask (for); might I ask (that)/ polite (teineigo) language)/ Motomeru * (to request; to demand; to require; to ask for/ to want; to wish for)/ Negaideru * (to ask for; to apply for; to make an application for; to file a request for; to submit (e.g. one's resignation))/ Mōshiukeru * (to ask for (e.g. a fee); to charge (a price))/ Tazuneru * (to ask; to enquire; to inquire)/ Tou * (to ask; to inquire)/ Maneku * (to invite; to ask) (Izanau * (to invite; to ask (someone to do); to call (for); to take (someone) along))
Verb-Cmr	To call	呼ぶ/ 呼び出す/ 呼び出し (する)	Yobu/ Yobidasu/ Yobidashi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To charge (ie. phone)	充電 (する) (つまり、電話)	Jūden (suru) (tsumari, denwa)

Verb-Cmr	To chat	喋る/ チャット (する)/ お喋りする (おしゃべりする)	Shaberu/ Chatto (suru)/ Oshaberi suru
Verb-Cmr	To clear	澄ます/ 晴れる/ 片付ける/ 澄む/ 冴える/ クリア (する/ な)	Sumasu * (to clear; to make clear)/ Hareru * (to clear up; to clear away; to be sunny; to stop raining)/ Katadzukeru * (to settle (problem); to clear (dispute))/ Sumu * (to become clear (water, air, etc.); to become transparent)/ Saeru * (to be clear (of a sight, sound, colour, etc.); to be bright; to be vivid; to be crisp)/ Kuria (suru/ na) * (clear; transparent)
Verb-Cmr	To clear up	澄ます/ 晴れる/ 片付ける/ 澄む/ 冴える/ クリア (する/ な)	Sumasu * (to clear; to make clear)/ Hareru * (to clear up; to clear away; to be sunny; to stop raining)/ Katadzukeru * (to settle (problem); to clear (dispute))/ Sumu * (to become clear (water, air, etc.); to become transparent)/ Saeru * (to be clear (of a sight, sound, colour, etc.); to be bright; to be vivid; to be crisp)/ Kuria (suru/ na) * (clear; transparent)
Verb-Cmr	To answer the phone	電話に出る (電話にでる)/ 電話口に出る	Denwanideru/ Denwa-guchi ni deru
Verb-Cmr	To disadvise (to discourage)	忠告 (する) (落胆させる)	Chūkoku (suru) (rakutan saseru)
Verb-Cmr	To get a phone call	電話が掛かる (電話がかかる)/ 電話がかかってくる (電話が掛かってくる/ 電話が掛かって来る)	Denwa ga kakaru/ Denwa ga kakatte kuru
Verb-Cmr	To hang up the phone	電話を切る/ 切る/ 回線を切断する/ 電話を切断する/ 受話器を切る/ 電話を置く/ 受話器を置く (電話を切る)	Denwa o kiru/ Kiru * (to terminate (e.g. a conversation); to hang up (the phone); to disconnect)/ Kaisen o setsudan suru * (to hang up the line; to disconnect the line)/ Denwa o setsudan suru * (to hang up the phone; to disconnect the call)/ Juwaki o kiru * (to hang up; to hang up the telephone receiver)/ Denwa o oku * (to put down the phone)/ Juwaki o oku * (to hang up; to put down the telephone receiver) (denwa o kiru)
Verb-Cmr	To phone (to call on the phone)	電話 (する) (電話をかける/ 電話を掛ける)	Denwa (suru) (Denwawokakeru)
Verb-Cmr	To ring	鳴らす/ 鳴る/ 打ち鳴らす	Narasu/ Naru/ Uchi narasu * (to ring; to clang)
Verb-Cmr	To take a call (to pick up the phone)	電話を取る	Denwa o toru
Verb-Cmr	To accuse	責める/ 訴える	Semeru/ Uttaeru

Verb-Cmr	To admit	入れる/ 許す/ 認める	Ireru * (to admit; to accept; to employ; to hire; to allow)/ Yurusu * (to permit; to allow; to approve; to consent to)/ Shitatameru * (means 'to approve; to deem acceptable; to allow', but can also mean 'to admit; to accept; to confess (to a charge)', for example, 'I have to admit that...', and 'to admit a mistake' - '誤りを認める - ayamari o shitatameru')
Verb-Cmr	To argue	議論 (する)/ 口論 (する)/ 主張 (する)/ 渡り合う	Giron (suru)/ Kōron (suru)/ Shuchō (suru)/ Watariau * (to argue (with); to have an argument; to have a dispute; to debate)
Verb-Cmr	To assume (to assume that; to be convinced that)	仮定 (する)/ 前提とする/ 思い込む/ 決め込む/ 就く (つく) (そう仮定 (する); そう確信 (する))	Katei (suru) * (assumption; supposition; hypothesis)/ Zentei to suru * (condition; assumption; prerequisite; hypothesis)/ Omoikomu * (to be convinced (that); to be under the impression (that); to feel sure (that); to assume (that))/ Kimekomu * (to take for granted; to assume; to be convinced (that); to jump to the conclusion (that))/ Tsuku * (to take (seat, position, course, office, etc.); to assume; to be hired; to be employed/ to ascend (the throne); to accede) (Sō katei (suru); Sō kakushin (suru) * (conviction; belief; confidence))
Verb-Cmr	To communicate	通信 (する)	Tsūshin (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To conclude	結論 (と) (する)/ 結論を出す	Ketsuron (to) (suru)/ Ketsuronwodasu
Verb-Cmr	To confess	告白 (する)/ 言い表す/ さらけ出す/ 口を割る (口をわる/ くちをわる)/ 白状 (する)/ 自白 (する)/ 自供 (する)	Kokuhaku (suru)/ Iarawasu/ Sarakedasu/ Kuchiowaru/ Hakujo (suru)/ Jihaku (suru)/ Jikyo (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To contact	連絡 (する)	Renraku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To cough	咳をする/ 咳がある	Sekiwosuru/ Seki ga aru
Verb-Cmr	To cry	泣く/ 泣き声 (する)	Naku/ Nakigoe (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To wave	振る/ 手を振る	Furu * (to wave; to shake; to swing/ to sprinkle; to throw (dice)/ to cast (actor); to allocate (work))/ Tewofuru * (to wave one's hand)
Verb-Cmr	To weep	涙を流す	Namidawonagasu
Verb-Cmr	To debunk	誤りを暴く	ayamari o abaku
Verb-Cmr	To define	定義 (する)	Teigi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To discuss	話し合う	Hanashiau
Verb-Cmr	To cheer	応援 (する)/ 歓声を上げる/ 声援を送る/ 声援 (する)/ 励ます/ 勇気づける (勇気付ける/ ゆうきづける)/ 奮い立つ (奮い起つ/ ふるいたつ)	Ōen (suru)/ Kansei o ageru/ Seien o okuru/ Seien (suru)/ Hagemasu/ Yūkidzukeru/ Furuitatsu

Verb-Cmr	To cheer up (to brighten; to liven)	元気づける (元気付ける/ げんきづける)/ 励ます/ 引き立つ (引立つ/ ひきたつ)/ 奮い立つ/ 勇み立つ/ 元気を出す/ 気を晴らす/ カづける/ 気分が弾む/ 勇む (明るくする; 活気づける (活気付ける; かっきづける))	Genkidzukeru/ Hagemasu/ Hikitatsu/ Furuitatsu/ Isamitatsu/ Genki o dasu/ Ki o harasu/ Chikaradzukeru/ Kibun ga hazumu/ Isamu (Akaruku suru; Kakkidzukeru)
Verb-Cmr	To encourage (to empower)	奨励 (する)/ 元気を付ける/ 奮い立つ/ カ付ける (カづける)/ 力を付ける (力をつける)/ エンパワー (する)	Shōrei (suru)/ Genkiwotsukeru/ Furuitatsu/ Chikaradzukeru / Chikara o tsukeru/ Enpawā (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To explain	説明 (する)	Setsume (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To gossip	うわさ話 (噂話) をする/ ゴシップする	Uwasa-banashi (uwasabanashi) o suru/ Goshippu suru
Verb-Cmr	To grin	ニヤニヤ (する/ と)/ ニマニマ (する/ と)/ にっこり (する/ と)/ 笑いかける/ ニコニコ (する/ と)/ 頬が緩む	Niyaniya (suru/ to) * (grinning; smirking)/ Nimanima (suru/ to) * (smiling; grinning)/ Nikkori (suru/ to) * (sweetly (smiling); broadly (grinning))/ Waraikakeru * (to smile (at); to grin (at))/ Nikoniko (suru/ to) * (with a friendly grin; smilingly)/ Hōgayurumu * (to grin/ literally means 'let the cheeks relax, loosen')
Verb-Cmr	To growl	唸る	Unaru
Verb-Cmr	To guess (to speculate)	推測 (する/ の)/ 察する/ 推し量る (推し測る/ 推量る/ 推測る)/ 忖度 (する)	Suisoku (suru/ no)/ Sassuru/ Oshihakaru/ Sontaku (suru) * (surmise (about someone's feelings); guess; conjecture/ this is a concept in Japanese that could be translated as "surmising the feelings of others" or "acting upon the implicit desires of another person." This term implies an ability to assess how others are feeling, and to respond accordingly)
Verb-Cmr	To hint (to indicate; to suggest)	仄めかす (ほのめかす)/ 暗示 (する)	Honomekasu/ Anji (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To inform (to give notice; to tell in advance)	通知 (する)/ 断る (断わる)	Tsūchi (suru)/ Kotowaru
Verb-Cmr	To intend	するつもり (する積もり)/ 意図 (する)	Suru tsumori/ Ito (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To insult (to offend)	侮辱 (する)/ 悪口を言う (悪口をいう)	Bujoku (suru)/ Waruguchiwoiu
Verb-Cmr	To introduce	紹介 (する)/ 入門 (する)	Shōkai (suru)/ Nyūmon (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To invite	招待 (請待) (する)/ 招き (する)/ 招き入れる/ 誘う (さそう/ いざなう)/ 招く/ 迎える (邀える)/ 召す * (honorific/ respectful)	Shōtai (suru)/ Maneki (suru)/ Manekiireru/ Izanau (sasou/ izanau)/ Maneku/ Mukaeru/ Mesu* (honorific/ respectful)

Verb-Cmn	To involve	関与 (干与) (する)/ 巻き込む * (involved/ caught up - 巻き込まれた)/ 関係 (する)/ 関連 (する)	Kan'yo (suru)/ Makikomu * (involved/ caught up - makikomareta)/ Kankei (suru)/ Kanren (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To joke (to tell a joke)	冗談を言う (冗談を言う)	Jōdan o iu (jōdan o iu)
Verb-Cmn	To laugh	笑う/ 一笑 (する)	Warau/ Isshou (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To make fun of (to banter; to jeer at)	冷やかす (冷かす)/ 揶揄う (からかう)/ ふざける (巫山戯る)	Hiyakasu/ Karakau/ Fuzakeru
Verb-Cmn	To mean	意味 (する)	Imi (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To mention	言及 (する)/ 述べる	Genkyu (suru)/ Noberu
Verb-Cmn	To motivate (to stimulate)	刺激 (する)/ やる気を起こさせる	Shigeki (suru)/ Yaruki o okosaseru
Verb-Cmn	To name (to call; to be called)	呼称 (する)/ 言う/ 名前を付ける/ 名前を与える/ 名付ける (呼ぶ; 呼ばれる; 申す)	Koshō (suru)/ Iu/ Namaewotsukeru/ Namae o ataeru/ Nadzukeru * (to name; to call; to christen; to term) (Yobu; Yoba reru; Mōsu * (to say; to be called; humble (kenjougo) language))
Verb-Cmn	To notify	通知 (する)	Tsūchi (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To pant	あえぐ (喘ぐ)	Aegu
Verb-Cmn	To practise (to exercise)	練習 (する)	Renshū (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To put up with	我慢 (する)	Gaman (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To refer	言及 (する)	Genkyū (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To refuse (to reject; to dismiss; to turn down; to decline)	断る (断わる)/ 拒否 (する)/ 退ける/ 拒む/ 蹴る/ 否む/ 撥ねる	Kotowaru/ Kyohi (suru)/ Shirizokeru/ Kobamu/ Keru/ Inamu/ Haneru
Verb-Cmn	To repeat	繰り返す/ 繰り返し (する)/ 度重なる/ 反復 (する)/ 重複 (する/ の)	Kurikaesu * (to repeat; to do something over again)/ Kurikaeshi (suru) * (repetition; repeat; reiteration; iteration; refrain; cycle/ repeatedly)/ Tabikasanaru * (to repeat; to be frequent)/ Hanpuku (suru) * (repetition; iteration; recursion; recurrence; recapitulation)/ Chōfuku (jūfuku) (suru/ no) * (duplication; repetition; overlapping; redundancy; restoration)
Verb-Cmn	To resist (to endure)	耐える/ 我慢 (する)/ 抵抗 (する)	Taeru/ Gaman (suru)/ Teikō (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To resist (to resist someone)	抵抗 (する) (誰かに抵抗する)	Teikō (suru) (dareka ni teikō suru)
Verb-Cmn	To rumor (to rumour; to gossip)	噂 (する) (うわさ話する (噂話する); うわさ話する (噂話する))	Uwasa (suru) (uwasa-banashi suru * (gossip; to gossip); uwasa-banashi suru)
Verb-Cmn	To scream	叫ぶ	Sakebu
Verb-Cmn	To shout	叫ぶ/ 喚く (叫く)/ シャウト (する)	Sakebu/ Wameku/ Shauto (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To shut up	黙る * (please shut up - お黙り下さい (お黙り下さい))	Damaru * (please shut up - o damari kudasai)
Verb-Cmn	To smile	笑顔をする/ 笑顔する/ 微笑む/ 笑う/ 一笑 (する)	Egao o suru/ Egao suru/ Hohoemu/ Warau/ Isshou (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To smirk (to grin)	ニヤニヤ (する)/ にやにや笑う	Niyaniya (suru)/ Niyaniyawarau
Verb-Cmn	To sneeze	くしゃみ (する) (嚏 (する))	Kushami (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To stimulate	刺激 (する)/ 促す/ 進める/ 突き動かす/ 唆る/ 掻き立てる/ 活を入れる/ 振り起こす/ 興奮 (する)/ 奨励 (する)/ 挑発 (挑撥) (する)/ 勧奨 (する)/ 振起 (する)/ 弾む	Shigeki (suru)/ Unagasu/ Susumeru/ Tsuki ugokasu/ Sosoru/ Kakitateru/ Katsu o ireru/ Furiokosu/ Kōfun (suru)/ Shōrei (suru)/ Chōhatsu (suru)/ Kanshō (suru)/ Shinki (suru)/ Hazumu * (means 'to spring; to bound; to bounce', but also means 'to be stimulated; to be encouraged; to get lively')
Verb-Cmr	To suffer	苦しむ	Kurushimu
Verb-Cmr	To summarize	要約 (する)/ 纏める/ 摘む/ 掻い摘む/ 括る/ サマライズ (する)	Yōyaku (suru)/ Matomeru/ Tsumu/ Kaitsumamu/ Kukuru/ Samaraizu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To surprise	驚く * (ie. 驚いた! - 'what a surprise/ I am/ was surprised!')/ 吃驚 (びっくり) (する)/ 恐れ入る	Odoroku * (ie. Oodoroita! - 'what a surprise/ I am/ was surprised!')/ Bikkuri (suru)/ Osoreiru
Verb-Cmr	To teach	教える	Oshieru
Verb-Cmr	To tell	伝える/ 告げる	Tsutaeru/ Tsugeru
Verb-Cmr	To term	名付ける	Nadzukeru
Verb-Cmr	To tolerate	容認 (する)	Yōnin (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To welcome	歓迎 (する/ の)/ 迎える/ ようこそ/ 挨拶 (あいさつ) (する/ の)	Kangei (suru/ no)/ Mukaeru/ Yōkoso/ Aisatsu (suru/ no) * (greeting; greetings; salutation; salute; condolences; congratulations)
Verb-Cmr	To whisper	ささやく (囁く/ 私語く)	Sasayaku
Verb-Cmr	To whistle	口笛を吹く/ 吹く	Kuchibue o fuku/ Fuku
Verb-Cmr	To yell	叫ぶ	Sakebu
Verb-Cmr	To attach	付ける/ 添付 (する)	Tsukeru/ Tenpu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To combine (to join; to bond; to put together)	組み合わせる/ 結び付ける (結びつける)/ 結合 (する)/ コンバイン (をする)/ 合わせる/ 合わす/ 合わさる/ 組み合す/ 纏める (まとめる)	Kumiawaseru/ Musubitsukeru/ Ketsugō (suru)/ Konbain (o suru)/ Awaseru/ Awasu/ Awasaru/ Kumiawasu/ Matomeru
Verb-Cmr	To connect (to link)	接続 (する)/ 繋ぐ (つなぐ)/ 繋げる/ 結ぶ/ 紐づける (紐付ける)/ 関連付ける (関連づける)/ 結び合わす (結び合す)/ 結び合わせる (結び合せる)/ 引き結ぶ/ 連係 (連繫/ 聯繫) (する)/ 連接 (する/ の)/ 合わせる (併せる/ 合せる)	Setsuzoku (suru)/ Tsunagu/ Tsunageru/ Musubu/ Himo dzukeru/ Kanrendzukeru/ Musubi awaseru/ Musubi awaseru/ Hiki musubu/ Renkei (suru)/ Rensetsu (suru/ no)/ Awaseru
Verb-Cmr	To disconnect	切断 (する)	Setsudan (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To empty	空にする/ 開ける/ 無にする	Karanisuru/ Akeru/ Mu ni suru
Verb-Cmr	To extract	抽出 (する)	Chūshutsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To fill	埋める/ 満ちる (充ちる/ 盈ちる)/ 詰める/ 満たす (充たす)/ 一杯にする (いっぱいにする)/ 満杯にする	Umeru/ Michiru/ Tsumeru/ Mitasu/ Ippainisuru (ippai ni suru)/ Manpai ni suru
Verb-Cmr	To fill in (field, entry, etc.) (to fill out (form))	書き込む/ 記入 (する)	Kakikomu/ Kinyū (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To input	入力 (する)/ 挿入 (する)	Nyūryoku (suru)/ Sōnyū (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To insert	挿入 (する)	Sōnyū (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To match (implies competition) (to rival)	叶う (適う/ 敵う)	Kanau
Verb-Cmr	To put away	仕舞う (します)/ しまい込む/ 片付ける/ 直す	Shimau/ Shimai komu/ Katadzukeru/ Naosu
Verb-Cmr	To put back	戻す/ 直す/ 返す	Modosu/ Naosu/ Kaesu
Verb-Cmr	To put in (to insert)	入れる/ 入れ込む	Ireru/ Irekomu
Verb-Cmr	To unite	団結 (する)	Danketsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To check (to confirm; to verify)	確認 (する)/ 確定 (する)/ チェック (する)	Kakunin (suru)/ Kakutei (suru)/ Chekku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To confirm	確認 (する)	Kakunin (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To plan (to scheme)	計画 (する)/ 企てる/ 構える/ プラン (する)	Keikaku (suru)/ Kuwadateru/ Kamaeru/ Puran (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To plan (to make plans; to scheme)	企画 (する)/ 計画を立てる/ 図る (謀る/ はかる)	Kikaku (suru)/ Keikaku wo tateru/ Hakaru
Verb-Cmr	To book	予約 (する)	Yoyaku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To cancel	取り消す/ 取り止める/ 止める/ キャンセル (する)	Torikesu/ Toriyameru/ Tomeru/ Kyanseru (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To command	命じる/ 命令 (する)	Meijiru/ meirei (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To confirm a booking	予約を確認する	Yoyaku o kakunin suru
Verb-Cmr	To control	制御 (する)/ 抑制 (する)/ コントロール (する)	Seigyo (suru)/ Yokusei (suru)/ Kontorōru (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To direct	誘導 (する)	Yūdō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To dominate	支配 (する)/ 握る/ 扼す/ 優位に立つ/ 圧する/ 圧す/ ドミネート (する)	Shihai (suru)/ Nigiru/ Yakusu/ Yūi ni tatsu/ Assuru/ Osu/ Dominēto (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To influence	影響 (する)/ 影響を与える/ 影響力を与える	Eikyō (suru)/ Eikyōwoataeru/ Eikyō-ryoku o ataeru
Verb-Cmr	To lead (to manage; to direct; to supervise)	導く/ 監督 (する)/ リード (する)/ 管理 (する)/ 督する/ 指揮 (する)	Michibiku/ Kantoku (suru)/ Rīdo (suru)/ Kanri (suru)/ Toku suru/ Shiki (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To manage	管理 (する)	Kanri (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To manipulate (to gain control)	操作 (する)/ 使う (遣う/ つかう) (制御 (する)/ 制御を得る/ 支配を得る/ 支配を取る/ 支配 ((を) する)/ 管理できる/ コントロールを得る)/ 操縦 (する)/ 誤魔化し (する)	Sōsa (suru)/ Tsukau (Seigyo (suru)/ Seigyo o eru/ Shihai o eru/ Shihai o toru/ Shihai ((o) suru)/ Kanri dekiru/ Kontorōru o eru)/ Sōjū (suru)/ Gomakashi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To order (to command)	命じる/ 命令 (する)	Meijiru/ Meirei (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To order (to request)	注文 (する)/ 発注 (する)	Chūmon (suru)/ Hatchū (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To request (to require; to ask for)	求める/ 要望 (する)/ お願い (する)/ 頼む/ リクエスト (する)/ 願う/ 要求 (する)/ 指名 (する)	Motomeru/ Yōbō (suru)/ Onegai (suru)/ Tanomu/ Rikuesuto (suru)/ Negau/ Yōkyū (suru)/ Shimei (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To reserve	予約 (する)	Yoyaku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To meet	会う	Au
Verb-Cmr	To become good-looking (to start looking appropriate) (for something)	様になる (さまになる) * (the Kanji is the same as 様になる (ようになる), but the pronunciation is different)	Sama ni naru
Verb-Cmr	To come across	出会う	Deau

Verb-Cmr	To compare	比較 (する)/ 比べる/ 突き合わせる	Hikaku (suru)/ Kuraberu/ Tsukiawaseru
Verb-Cmr	To confront (to face)	直面 (する)/ 当面 (する)/ 向き合う/ 立ち向かう/ 合わせる (向き合う)	Chokumen (suru) * (confrontation/ to face; to confront; to encounter)/ Tōmen (suru) * (to confront (an issue); to face (up to something))/ Mukiau * (to be opposite; to face each other/ to confront (an issue); to face)/ Tachimukau * (to fight against; to oppose; to face)/ Awaseru * (to face; to be opposite (someone)) (Mukiau)
Verb-Cmr	To encounter	会う/ 出会う/ 遭遇 (する)/ 直面 (する)/ 逢着 (する)/ 接する/ ぶつかる (ぶつつかる)/ 出会 (する)/ 会する/ 遭逢 (する)/ 差し当たる/ 会す/ 目にする/ エンカウント (する)/ 鉢合わせる	Au * (to meet; to encounter; to see)/ Deau * (to meet (by chance); to come across; to run across; to encounter; to happen upon)/ Sōgū (suru) * (encounter; running into; meeting with (e.g. an accident); being confronted with (e.g. a difficulty))/ Chokumen (suru) * (to face; to confront; to encounter/ confrontation)/ Hōchaku (suru) * (encountering; facing; being confronted with; coming upon)/ Sessuru * (to touch; to come in contact with; to border on; to adjoin; to be adjacent; to be close/ to encounter; to come across)/ Butsukaru * (to bump into; to run into; to collide with; to hit; to strike/ to encounter; to meet with; to come upon; to face; to run up against; to be confronted with/ to clash (of opinions, people, etc.); to conflict; to be at odds (with)/ to clash (of events); to fall (on); to occur at the same time (as)/ to tackle head-on (a difficulty); to confront boldly)/ Deai (suru) * (encounter; chance meeting)/ Kaisuru * (to meet; to assemble; to gather/ to encounter; to run into)/ Sōhō (suru) * (meeting by chance; running into; coming upon; encounter)/ Sashiataru * (to face (a situation); to encounter; to be confronted with)/ Kaisu * (to meet; to assemble; to gather/ to encounter; to run into)/ Menisuru * (to see; to witness; to observe; to catch sight of; to get a glimpse of; to encounter)/ Enkaunte (suru) *
Verb-Cmr	To exclude	除外 (する)/ 除く/ 省く/ 外す/ 締め出す (閉め出す)/ のけ者にする (除け者にする)/ 撥ねる (刎ねる)/ 退ける (除ける)/ 除する/ 省略 (する)	Jogai (suru)/ Nozoku/ Habuku/ Hazusu/ Shimidasu/ Nokemononisuru/ Haneru/ Nokeru/ Josuru/ Shōryaku (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To fit (to match)	合う * (note the difference with the word 会う - Au with the same pronunciation, but different Kanji)/ 合わせる/ 合わす/ フィット (する)/ 適する/ 適す/ 嵌める/ 嵌まる (填る/ 嵌る)/ 揃う/ 収まる	Au/ Awaseru/ Awasu/ Fitto (suru)/ Teki suru * (to fit; to suit)/ Tekisu * (to fit; to suit)/ Hameru * (to fit (e.g. a pane into a frame); to insert (e.g. a cork); to fasten (a button))/ Hamaru * (to fit; to get into; to go into; to be fitted with (e.g. door with a window))/ Sorou * (to be equal; to be uniform; to be even; to match; to agree)/ Osamaru * (to fit into (a box, frame, category, etc.); to be contained within; to fall within (e.g. a budget))
Verb-Cmr	To get to know each other (to make acquaintance)	知り合う	Shiriau
Verb-Cmr	To get used to (to become familiar with)	慣れる (慣れる)/ 手馴れる (手慣れる)	Nareru (nareru)/ Tenareru
Verb-Cmr	To gradually become (to reach a point where)	様になる (ようになる)/ (慣れる) なれる	Yō ni naru/ Nareru
Verb-Cmr	To leave out (to omit)	省略 (する) (省略 (する))	Shōryaku (suru) (shōryaku (suru))
Verb-Cmr	To match (to compare; to check)	突き合わせる	Tsukiawaseru
Verb-Cmr	To match (to have consistency)	一致 (する)/ 揃う	Itchi (suru)/ Sorou
Verb-Cmr	To skip	スキップ (する)/ 跳躍 (する/ の)/ 抜かす/ 怠ける/ 抜く (ぬく)/ サボる (さぼる)/ 飛ばす/ 飛び回る/ ブッチ (する)/ サボタージュ (する)	Sukippu (suru) * (skip (bounding forward with alternate hops on each foot)/ skipping (over))/ Chōyaku (suru/ no) * (jump; leap; skip; bound)/ Nukasu * (to omit; to leave out; to skip)/ Namakeru * (to be lazy; to be idle; to slack/ to neglect (e.g. one's work); to be neglectful of; to skip (e.g. school))/ Nuku * (to omit; to leave out; to go without; to skip)/ Saboru * (to be truant; to slack off; to play hooky; to skip school; to cut class; to skip out)/ Tobasu * (means 'to let fly; to make fly; to send flying; to blow off (e.g. in the wind); to launch; to fire; to hurl; to shoot', but can also mean 'to skip over; to leave out; to omit; to drop (e.g. a stitch)')/ Tobimawaru * (to fly about; to skip about; to bustle about)/ Butchi (suru) * (to skip (a class, responsibility, etc.); to shirk; to dodge; to avoid/ to break (a promise); to ignore/ slang)/ Sabotāju (suru) * (work-to-rule; go-slow strike; slowdown * (from French "sabotage")/ being idle; slackening; being truant; playing hooky; skipping school; skipping out)
Verb-Cmr	To tie (to fasten; to tie up)	結ぶ/ 縛る/ 繋ぐ (つなぐ)	Musubu/ Shibaru/ Tsunagu
Verb-Cmr	To tie up	結ぶ	Musubu
Verb-Cmr	To untie	解く	Hodoku

Verb-Cmn	To unwrap (to unpack)	開梱 (する) (開梱 (する))	Kaikon (suru) (kaikon (suru))
Verb-Cmn	To come loose (to come untied; to come undone; to unravel)	解ける (ほどける)/ 解ける (とける)	Hodokeru/ Tokeru
Verb-Cmn	To correct	直す (なおす)/ 訂正 (する/ の)/ 訂する/ 正解 (する)/ 正す	Naosu * (to repair; to mend; to fix; to correct (a mistake, bad habit, etc.); to put right; to restore; to straighten (e.g. a tie); to tidy up (one's hair, make-up, etc.); to revive (one's spirits))/ Teisei (suru/ no) * (correction; revision; amendment)/ Tei suru * (to correct; to revise)/ Seikai (suru) * (correct answer; right solution; correct interpretation/ right decision; right choice; appropriate judgement)/ Tadasu * (to correct; to rectify; to reform; to amend; to redress/ to straighten (one's posture, collar, etc.); to adjust)
Verb-Cmn	To equip	装備 (する)	Sōbi (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To furnish	供給 (する)	Kyōkyū (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To fasten	締める	Shimeru
Verb-Cmn	To hang (to hang up)	吊るす/ 下げる/ 掛ける/ 掛かる/ ハングアップ (する)	Tsurusu * (to hang; to hang up)/ Sageru * (to hang; to suspend; to wear (e.g. decoration))/ Kakeru * (to hang up (e.g. a coat, a picture on the wall); to let hang; to suspend (from); to hoist (e.g. sail); to raise (e.g. flag))/ Kakaru * (to hang)/ Hangu appu (suru) * (hang up)
Verb-Cmn	To loosen	緩める	Yurumeru
Verb-Cmn	To fix (to correct; to repair; to amend)	修正 (する)/ 直す/ 繕う/ 修理 (する)	Shūsei (suru)/ Naosu/ Tsukurou/ Shūri (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To fix (to secure; to anchor; to fasten)	固定 (する)	Kotei (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To install	取り付ける/ 入れる/ インストール (する)/ 備える/ 装置 (する)/ 設備 (する)/ 導入 (する)/ 取り付け (する)/ 据え付け (する)/ 設置 (する)/ インスタレーション (する)	Toritsukeru * (to install; to fit; to fix; to set up; to furnish; to equip)/ Iru * (to put in; to let in; to take in; to bring in; to insert; to install (e.g. software); to set (a jewel, etc.); to ink in (e.g. tattoo))/ Insutoru (suru)/ Sonaeru * (to furnish with; to equip with; to provide; to install)/ Sōchi (suru) * (equipment; device; installation; apparatus)/ Setsubi (suru) * (equipment; facilities; installation; accommodations; conveniences; arrangements)/ Dōnyū (suru) * (introduction; bringing in; installation; setting up; importation)/ Toritsuke (suru) * (installation; mounting; furnishing; fitting)/ Suetsuke (suru) * (installation; setting; fitting; mounting)/ Setchi (suru) * (establishment; institution/ installation (of a machine or equipment))/ Insutarēshon (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To line	整列	Seiretsu

Verb-Cmn	To mend	修復 (する)	Shūfuku (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To position	位置 (する)/ 位置決め (する)/ 所在 (する)/ ポスト (する)/ 定位 (する)/ 立地 (する)/ 置き換える	Ichī (suru) * (place; position; location/ position; standing; status; situation)/ Ichigime (suru) * (registration/ positioning)/ Shozai (suru) * (location (of); position; whereabouts; place where one is)/ Posuto (suru) * (can mean 'postbox; mailbox; mail box; pillar box', but can also mean 'post; position')/ Teii (suru) * (position; orientation)/ Ritchi (suru) * (standpoint; position/ location (geography)/ choosing a site (e.g. for industry); deciding on a location)/ Okikaeru * (to replace; to move; to change the position of)
Verb-Cmn	To recover (to retrieve; to collect)	回収 (する)/ 回復 (する)	Kaishū (suru)/ Kaifuku (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To repair	修理 (する)/ 直す/ 繕う/ 修繕 (する)/ 補修 (する)/ 手入れ (する)/ 修復 (する)	Shūri (suru)/ Naosu/ Tsukurou/ Shūzen (suru)/ Hoshū (suru)/ Teire (suru)/ Shūfuku (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To restore	回復 (する)/ 復元 (復原) (する)/ 戻す/ 直す/ 復す/ 復する/ 復旧 (する)/ 修復 (する)/ 復活 (する)/ 復興 (する)	Kaifuku (suru) * (restoration; rehabilitation; recovery; return; replevin; improvement/ recovery (from an illness); recuperation; convalescence)/ Fukugen (suru) * (restoration (to the original state or location); reconstruction; restitution)/ Modosu/ Naosu/ Fukusu/ Fuku suru/ Fukkyū (suru) * (restoration; restitution; rehabilitation)/ Shūfuku (suru) * (restoration; repair; mending)/ Fukkatsu (suru) * (revival (of an old system, custom, fashion, etc.); restoration; return; comeback)/ Fukkō (suru) * (revival; reconstruction; restoration; rebuilding; recovery; renaissance)
Verb-Cmn	To rope	ロープで縛る/ ロープを張る	Rōpu de shibaru/ Rōpu o haru
Verb-Cmn	To salvage	引き上げる/ 引き上げ (する)/ 救難 (する)/ サルベージ (する)	Hikiageru * (to pull up; to drag up; to lift up/ to salvage)/ Hikiage (suru) * (pulling up; drawing up; salvage; re-flotation/ raising; increase; upward revision)/ Kyūnan (suru) * (rescue; salvage)/ Sarubēji (suru)
Verb-Cmn	To set	セット (する)	Setto (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To set up	設定 (する)/ セットアップ (する)/ 起こす/ 立てる/ 並べる/ 構える/ セット (する)/ 組み立てる/ 取り付ける/ 置く/ 準備 (する)/ 組織 (する)	Settei (suru)/ Settoappu (suru)/ Okosu * (to raise; to raise up; to set up; to pick up)/ Tateru * (to stand up; to put up; to set up; to erect; to raise)/ Naraberu * (to line up; to set up; to arrange in a line)/ Kamaeru * (to set up (a house, store, etc.); to build; to establish; to run; to maintain)/ Setto (suru) * (setting up; preparing; arranging; placing; positioning; configuring; setting (e.g. an alarm))/ Kumitateru * (to assemble; to put together; to set up; to construct; to build; to compose (a story, poem, etc.))/ Toritsukeru * (to install; to fit; to fix; to set up; to furnish; to equip)/ Oku * (to establish (an organization, a facility, a position, etc.); to set up)/ Junbi (suru) * (preparation; arrangements; getting ready; provision; setup; reserving)/ Soshiki (suru) * (structure; construction; setup; constitution)
Verb-Cmr	To tear (to rip)	裂く/ 破る/ 破く/ 引き裂く/ 引き離す/ 分割 (する)/ 裂ける (引き裂く)	Saku * (to tear; to rip up/ to cut up; to cleave; to cut open)/ Yaburu * (to tear; to rip; to break; to destroy)/ Yabuku * (to tear; to rip)/ Hikisaku * (to tear up; to tear off; to rip up; to tear to pieces)/ Hikihanasu * (to pull apart; to separate)/ Bunkatsu (suru) * (partition; division; separation; segmenting; splitting)/ Sakeru * (to split; to tear; to burst; to be separated; to be divided) (hikisaku)
Verb-Cmr	To tighten	締める	Shimeru
Verb-Cmr	To wrap	包む/ 包装 (する)/ ラッピング (する)/ ラップ (する)	Tsutsumu/ Hōsō (suru)/ Rappingu (suru)/ Rappu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To throw	投げる	Nageru
Verb-Cmr	To arm	武装 (する)	Busō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To arrest	逮捕 (する)/ 捉える (捕らえる)/ 捕まえる/ 挙げる (あげる/ 上げる)	Taiho (suru)/ Toraeru/ Tsukamaeru/ Ageru
Verb-Cmr	To attack	攻撃 (する)	Kōgeki (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To retreat	後退 (する)/ 撤退 (する)	Kōtai (suru)/ Tettai (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To battle	戦う/ 戦闘 (する)/ 闘争 (する)	Tatakau/ Sentō (suru)/ Tōsō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To beat	勝つ	Katsu
Verb-Cmr	To betray	裏切る	Uragiru
Verb-Cmr	To bleed	出血 (する)	Shukketsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To break (to be broken)	壊す/ 壊れる	Kowasu/ Kowareru
Verb-Cmr	To challenge	挑戦 (する)/ 挑む/ チャレンジ (する)	Chōsen (suru)/ Idomu/ Charenji (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To chop	刻む	Kizamu
Verb-Cmr	To clap	拍手 (する)	Hakushu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To collide	衝突 (する)	Shōtotsu (suru)

Verb-Cmr	To crash	衝突 (する)/ 墜落 (する)/ 激突 (する)/ 打付ける/ 突き当たる (衝き当たる)/ 突っ込む (突っこむ/ 突込む/ ツッコむ)/ 打っ付ける/ ぶち当たる (打ち当たる)/ クラッシュ (する)	Shōtotsu (suru)/ Tsuiraku (suru)/ Gekitotsu (suru)/ Uchitsukeru/ Tsukiataru/ Tsukkomu/ Utsukeru/ Buchi ataru/ Kurasshu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To cut	切る/ 断ち切る (裁ち切る/ 截ち切る)/ 切り取る (切りとる/ 切取る)/ カットする	Kiru/ Tachikiru/ Kiritoru/ Katto suru
Verb-Cmr	To damage	損傷 (する)/ 破損 (する)	Sonshō (suru)/ Hason (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To decay	腐る/ 腐敗 (する)/ 衰退 (する)/ 荒廃 (する)/ 崩壊 (する)/ 減退 (する)/ 朽ちる/ 衰微 (する)	Kusaru * (to rot; to go bad; to decay; to spoil; to fester; to decompose; to turn sour (e.g. milk))/ Fuhai (suru) * (decomposition; putrefaction; putrescence; spoilage/ corruption; degeneracy; decay; depravity)/ Suitai (suru) * (decline; degeneration; decay; waning; ebbing)/ Kōhai (suru) * (ruin; destruction; devastation; waste; decay)/ Hōkai (suru) * (collapse; crumbling; breaking down; caving in/ (radioactive) decay; disintegration)/ Gentai (suru) * (decline; ebb; failure; decay; decrease; loss)/ Kuchiru * (to rot; to decay/ to die in obscurity/ to be forgotten with time)/ Suibi (suru) * (decline; decay; ebb)
Verb-Cmr	To defeat	負かす	Makasu
Verb-Cmr	To defend	守る/ 警備 (する)	Mamoru/ Keibi (suru) * (defense; defence; guard; policing; security)
Verb-Cmr	To dodge (to move away)	躲す/ 逃げる/ はぐらかす/ 身をかわす/ 往なす/ 受け流す/ 外す/ 身を翻す/ 体をかわす/ 体を開く	Kawasu/ Nigeru/ Hagurakasu/ Miwokawasu/ Inasu/ Ukenagasu/ Hazusu/ Miwohirugaesu/ Tai o kawas (karada o kawas)/ Tai o hiraku (karada o hiraku)
Verb-Cmr	To duck	竦める/ 縮める/ 首をすくめる/ 首を縮める	Sukumeru/ Chidjimeru/ Kubi o sukumeru/ Kubi o chidjimeru
Verb-Cmr	To fight	戦う/ 戦闘 (する)/ 喧嘩 (する)/ 闘争 (する)/ 渡り合う/ 立ち向かう	Tatakau/ Sentō (suru)/ Kenka (suru) * (quarrel; brawl; fight; squabble; scuffle; argument)/ Tōsō (suru) * (fight; battle; combat; conflict/ struggle (for rights, higher wages, etc.); strife; (labor) dispute; strike)/ Watariau * (to fight (with); to cross swords; to compete (with)/ to argue (with); to have an argument; to have a dispute; to debate)/ Tachimukau * (to fight against; to oppose; to face)
Verb-Cmr	To fire (to shoot; ie. gun)	(銃を) 撃つ/ 火を噴く (火を吹く)/ 狙い撃ち (する)/ 狙撃 (する)	(Jū o/ wo) Utsu/ Hiwofuku/ Neraiuchi (suru)/ Sogeki (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To hack	叩き切る/ 切り進む/ ハッキングする	Tatakikuru/ Kiri susumu/ Hakkingu suru
Verb-Cmr	To hit	打つ	Utsu

Verb-Cmr	To hurt	傷つける	Kizutsukeru
Verb-Cmr	To imprison (to lock up)	投獄 (する)/ 閉じ込める	Tōgoku (suru)/ Tojikomeru
Verb-Cmr	To invade	侵入 (する)/ 侵す/ 荒らす/ 攻め込む/ 攻め入る/ 殴りこむ/ 仇する/ 侵略 (侵掠) (する)/ 侵犯 (する)/ 侵攻 (侵寇) (する)/ 侵害 (する)/ 襲来 (する)/ 侵襲 (する)/ 来攻 (する)	Shin'nyū (suru)/ Okasu/ Arasu/ Semekomu/ Semeiru/ Naguri komu/ Kyū suru/ Shinryaku (suru)/ Shinpan (suru)/ Shinkō (suru)/ Shingai (suru)/ Shūrai (suru)/ Shinshū (suru)/ Raikō (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To kick	蹴る/ キック (する)	Keru/ Kikku (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To kill	殺す	Korosu
Verb-Cmr	To knead	こねる (捏ねる)	Koneru * (to knead; to mix with fingers/ to quibble; to argue for argument's sake)
Verb-Cmr	To lift	高める/ 差し上げる/ 持ち上げる/ 捧げる/ 引き上げる/ 上げる (あげる)/ リフト (する)/ レイズ (する)/ 解除 (する)/ アップ (する)/ 解禁 (する)/ 排除 (する)	Takameru * (To raise; to lift; to boost; to enhance)/ Sashiageru/ Mochiageru/ Sasageru * (to lift up; to hold up; to hold above eye level)/ Hikiageru/ Ageru * (to raise; to elevate)/ Rifuto (suru)/ Reizu (suru) * (raising (object); lifting)/ Kaijo (suru) * (to lift; to remove; to release; to lift restrictions/ lifting (of a ban, sanctions, etc.); removal; release (from obligations); cancellation (of a warning, alert, etc.); calling off (e.g. a strike); releasing (a lock))/ Appu (suru) * (rise; increase; raising; lifting; going up)/ Kaikin (suru) * (lifting a ban; raising an embargo; opening a season (hunting, fishing, etc.))/ Haijo (suru) * (exclusion; removal; elimination; clearing away; getting rid of)
Verb-Cmr	To nudge	そっと促す	Sotto unagasu * (literally means 'to gently urge/ to gently prompt')
Verb-Cmr	To pierce	突き刺す	Tsukisasu
Verb-Cmr	To pinch	摘む (摘まむ/ つまむ)	Tsumamu
Verb-Cmr	To poke	突く (つつく)	Tsutsuku
Verb-Cmr	To press	押す/ 押さえる	Osu/ Osaeru
Verb-Cmr	To pull	引く/ 引っ張る	Hiku/ Hipparu
Verb-Cmr	To punish	処罰 (する)	Shobatsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To push	押す/ プッシュ (する)	Osu/ Pusshu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To rob	強奪 (する)	Gōdatsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To sabotage	妨害行為をする/ 妨害/ 妨害工作/ 怠業 (する)/ 破壊工作/ 破壊活動/ 足を引っ張る	Bōgai kōi o suru * (interference; obstruction; sabotage)/ Bōgyō * (sabotage)/ Bōgai kōsaku * (sabotage)/ Taigyō (suru) * (sabotage; slow- down tactics)/ Hakai kōsaku * (sabotage; subversive activities)/ Hakai katsudō * (subversive activities; sabotage/ Ashiwohipparu * (to hold back (someone) from achieving success; to stand in the way of; to sabotage)
Verb-Cmr	To scam	詐欺をする	Sagi o suru

Verb-Cmr	To shoot	撃つ/ 射る/ 放つ/ 撮影(する)/ 撮る/ 写す/ 飛ばす/ 射止める/ 打ち上げる	Utsu * (to shoot (a gun, person, etc.); to fire)/ Iru * (to shoot (arrow, bolt, dart))/ Hanatsu * (to fire (gun, arrow, questions, etc.); to shoot; to hit (e.g. baseball); to break wind/ to set free; to release; to let loose/ to emit (e.g. light); to give off (e.g. a scent)/ to send out (a person to carry out a duty))/ Satsuei (suru) * (photography (still or motion); photographing; filming; shooting; (video) recording/ cinematography)/ Toru * (to take (a photograph)/ to record (audio or video); to film; to shoot)/ Utsusu * (to copy; to duplicate; to reproduce; to trace; to transcribe/ to take (a photo); to photograph; to film; to shoot)/ Tobasu * (to let fly; to make fly; to send flying; to blow off (e.g. in the wind); to launch; to fire; to hurl; to shoot)/ Itomeru * (to shoot dead; to bring down (an animal)/ to win (a prize, someone's heart, etc.); to make one's own)/ Uchiageru * (to launch; to shoot up)
Verb-Cmr	To slam	叩きつける	Tatakitsukeru
Verb-Cmr	To slap	平手打ちをする/ 打つ/ 叩く	Hirateuchi o suru * (slap; smack; spanking)/ Utsu * (to hit; to strike; to knock; to beat; to punch; to slap; to tap; to bang; to clap; to pound)/ Tatau * (to strike; to hit; to beat; to knock; to pound; to bang; to slap; to spank; to tap; to pat; to clap (one's hands); to play (the drums))
Verb-Cmr	To slice	削ぐ/ スライス(する)	Sogu * (to chip (off); to shave off; to slice off; to cut off/ to sharpen)/ Suraisu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To sprain	捻挫(する)	Nenza (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To stab	刺す/ 突く(衝く/ 撞く/ つく)/ 刺さる	Sasu/ Tsuku/ Sasaru * (to stick into (of something with a sharp point); to prick; to pierce; to get stuck (in); to lodge (in))
Verb-Cmr	To steal	盗む/ 奪う/ 掠める/ 猫ばば(猫糞) (する)/ 盗る * (not to be confused with the 'to take' Kanji - 'toru')/ 掏る * (not to be confused with the 'to do' Kanji - 'suru')/ 窃盗(する)/ 抜く	Nusumu/ Ubau/ Kasumeru/ Neko baba (suru)/ Toru * (not to be confused with the 'to take' Kanji - 'toru')/ Suru * (not to be confused with the 'to do' Kanji - 'suru')/ Settō (suru)/ Nuku
Verb-Cmr	To strain	緊張させる	Kinchō saseru * (to strain; to tense; to stress/ tension; strain; nervousness; stress)
Verb-Cmr	To struggle	闘争(する)/ 抗争(する)	Tōsō (suru) * (struggle (for rights, higher wages, etc.); strife; (labor) dispute; strike)/ Kōsō (suru) * (rivalry; feud; conflict; dispute; struggle; strife; contention; resistance)

Verb-Cmr	To surrender	降伏 (する)/ 降参 (する)/ 投降 (する)/ 放棄 (する)/ 負ける/ 屈服 (する)/ 失陥 (する)/ 譲る/ 下る (くだる)/ 帰伏 (する)/ 自首 (する)	Kōfuku/ Kōsan (suru)/ Tōkō (suru)/ Hōki (suru) * (surrender as in 'abandonment; renouncement; giving up')/ Makeru * (surrender as in 'to succumb; to give in')/ Kuppuku (suru)/ Shikkan (suru)/ Yuzuru/ Kudaru/ Kifuku (suru)/ Jishu (suru) * (surrender (to the authorities); giving oneself up; turning oneself in/ literally means: 'own neck')
Verb-Cmr	To swing	振る/ スイング (する)/ 揺らぐ/ 動く	Furu/ Suingu (suru)/ Yuragu/ Ugoku
Verb-Cmr	To tamper	改ざん (する)	kaizan (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To trap	罠にかける (わなにかける)/ 引っ掛ける/ 陥穽 (する)/ 陥れる	Wana ni kakeru * (to trap; to put in a trap)/ Hikkakeru * (to hook; to catch; to trap; to ensnare)/ Kansei (suru) * (trap; pitfall)/ Otoshīreru * (to trap (into a difficult situation); to put (in a fix); to throw (e.g. into turmoil); to trick (into doing); to lure (into a trap); to frame (for a crime))
Verb-Cmr	To trespass (to transgress; to overstep)	不法侵入する/ 侵入 (する)/ 立ち入る/ 侵犯 (する)/ 侵害 (する)/ 侵す/ 乱入 (する)/ トレスパス (する) (違反 (する); 踏み越える)	Fuhō shin'nyū suru/ Shin'nyū (suru)/ Tachiiru * (to enter; to go into; to trespass (on)/ to meddle (in); to interfere (in); to pry (into))/ Shinpan (suru) * (violation (of foreign territory, rights, etc.); invasion; infringement)/ Shingai (suru)/ Okasu * (to invade; to raid; to violate (airspace, etc.); to intrude; to trespass)/ Ran'nyū (suru) * (intrusion; bursting into; barging into; breaking into; forcing one's way into)/ Toresupasu (suru) (Ihan (suru); Fumikoeru * (to step over or across; to overcome))
Verb-Cmr	To turn off (ie. machine, computer, light, etc.)	(機械; コンピュータ; 照明など) を消す/ 電源を切る/ 止める (留める/ 停める/ とめる)/ 消える/ 切る	(kikai, konpyūta, shōmei nado) o Kesu/ Dengenwokiru/ Tomeru/ Kieru/ Kiru
Verb-Cmr	To turn off the light	消灯 (する)/ 明かりを消す/ 消す/ 灯を切る (明かりを切る)/ ライトをオフにする	Shōtō (suru)/ Akariwokesu/ Kesu/ Akari o kiru/ Raito o ofunisuru
Verb-Cmr	To turn on (ie. machine, computer, light, etc.)	点ける (付ける/ つける)/ 点く (つく/ つく)/ 電源を入れる (機械、コンピューター、照明など) / 入る/ 入れる	Tsukeru/ Tsuku/ Dengenwoireru (kikai, konpyūtā, shōmei nado)/ Hairu/ Ireru
Verb-Cmr	To turn on the light	点灯 (する)/ 灯をつける (灯を付ける/ 灯を点ける; 明かりをつける; 明かりを点ける)/ 灯す/ ライトをオンにする	Tentō (suru)/ Akari o tsukeru/ Tomosu/ Raito o on'nisuru

Verb-Cmr	To violate	違反 (する)/ 違犯 (する)/ 侵害 (する)/ 侵犯 (する)/ 違背 (する)/ 干犯 (する)/ 侵す/ 反する/ 犯す/ 破る (やぶる)	lhan (suru)/ lhan (suru) * (please note that both the kanji 違反 & 違犯 have the same pronunciation)/ Shingai (suru)/ Shinpan (suru) * (violation (of foreign territory, rights, etc.); invasion; infringement)/ lhai (suru) * (violation; transgression)/ Kanpan (suru) * (infringement; violation)/ Okasu * (to invade; to raid; to violate (airspace, etc.); to intrude; to trespass)/ Hansuru * (to act contrary to (rules or guidelines); to violate; to transgress)/ Okasu * (to break (e.g. rule); to violate; to transgress; to contravene)/ Yaburu * (to violate (e.g. rule); to break (e.g. promise); to infringe)
Verb-Cmr	To wound	傷つける	Kizutsukeru
Verb-Cmr	To add	追加 (する)/ 加算 (する)/ 足す (たす)/ 付け加える	Tsuika (suru)/ Kasan (suru)/ Tasu/ Tsukekuwaeru
Verb-Cmr	To supplement	補足 (する/ の)/ 追加 (する/ の)/ 補充 (する)/ 補う/ サプリメント (する)	Hosoku (suru/ no) * (supplement; complement)/ Tsuika (suru/ no) * (addition; supplement; appending; appendix)/ Hojū (suru) * (replenishment; supplementation; supplement; replacement; refilling)/ Oginau * (to supplement; to make up for; to compensate for; to cover (a shortage, loss, etc.); to fill (e.g. a vacancy))/ Sapurimento (suru) * (supplement/ dietary supplement)
Verb-Cmr	To remove	削除 (する)/ 外す/ 消除 (する)/ 削去 (する)/ 拭う/ 取り除く	Sakujo (suru)/ Hazusu/ Shō jo (suru)/ Sakki ~yo (suru) * (rare)/ Nuguu * (literally means 'to wipe; to mop up', but can also mean 'to get rid of (an impression, feeling, blemish, etc.); to dispel (e.g. shame); to erase; to remove')/ Torinozoku * (to remove; to deinstall; to take away; to set apart)
Verb-Cmr	To compensate (for)	補償 (する)/ 補う/ 埋め合せる (埋め合せる)/ 償う/ 埋め合わす/ 追いつく	Hoshō (suru)/ Oginau/ Umeawaseru/ Tsugunau/ Umeawasu/ Oitsuku
Verb-Cmr	To compromise (to reach an agreement; to come to an understanding)	折り合う (折合う)/ 妥協 (する)/ 譲歩 (する)	Oriau/ Dakyō (suru)/ Jōho (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To copy	コピー (する)/ 写す/ 複写 (する)/ 模写 (する)/ プリント (する)	Kopī (suru) * (copy; photocopy)/ Utsusu * (to copy; to duplicate; to reproduce; to trace; to transcribe)/ Fukusha (suru) * (copying; duplication; reproduction; copy)/ Mosha (suru) * (copy (of the real thing); copying; reproduction; tracing)/ Purinto (suru) * (print; printing; (printed) copy/ handout; flyer)

Verb-Cmr	To account	説明 (する)/ 会計 (する/ の)/ 記述 (する)/ 勘定 (する)/ アカウントにする	Setsumeï (suru) * (explanation; exposition; description; account; caption; legend)/ Kaikei (suru/ no) * (accounting; finance; account; reckoning)/ Kijutsu (suru) * (description; account)/ Kanjō (suru) * (calculation; computation; counting; reckoning; count/ bill; check; account; payment (of a bill); settlement (of an account))/ Akaunto ni suru * (account)
Verb-Cmr	To calculate	計算 (する)/ 勘定 (する)/ 割り出す/ 算を置く/ はじき出す (弾き出す/ 弾きだす/ はじきだす)/ 算出 (する)/ 算定 (する/ の)/ 計数 (する)/ 算 (さん) (する)	Keisan (suru)/ Kanjō (suru)/ Waridasu * (to calculate; to compute)/ Sanwooku * (to calculate; to divine)/ Hajikidasu * (to calculate; to work out)/ Sanshutsu (suru)/ Santei (suru/ no)/ Keisū (suru)/ San (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To count	数える (算える)/ 計算 (する)/ 勘定 (する)/ 計数 (する)/ 算 (さん) (する)/ カウント (する)	Kazoeru/ Keisan (suru)/ Kanjō (suru)/ Keisū (suru)/ San (suru)/ Kaunto (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To sum	合計 (する)	Gōkei (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To delete (to erase)	消す (消す)/ 削除 (する)/ 削る/ 抹消 (する)/ 消除 (する)	Kesu (kesu)/ Sakujo (suru)/ Kezuru/ Masshō (suru)/ Shōjo (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To destroy	破壊 (する)/ 崩す	Hakai (suru)/ Kuzusu
Verb-Cmr	To post	投稿 (する)/ 掲示 (する)/ ポスト (する)/ 提出 (する)	Tōkō (suru)/ Keiji (suru)/ Posuto (suru)/ Teishutsu (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To print (to print out)	印刷 (する)/ 刷る/ プリント (する)/ 刷り出す/ 刷り込む/ 焼く/ 捺染 (する)/ 印す/ 活字体で書く (プリントアウト (する)/ 打ち出す)	Insatsu (suru)/ Suru/ Purinto (suru)/ Suri dasu * (to print; to publish; to begin to print)/ Surikomu * (to print (on); to insert (an illustration); to stencil (a pattern)/ to instill (a thought, impression, etc.); to imprint (e.g. on one's subconscious))/ Yaku * (means 'to burn', but can also mean 'to print (a photo); to burn (an optical disc)')/ Nassen (suru) * ((textile) printing)/ Shirusu * (to leave (a mark, trace, etc.); to print; to stamp)/ Katsujitaidekaku * (to print (on a press)) (Purintoauto (suru) * (printout; (computer) printing)/ Uchidasu * (to print out; to print))
Verb-Cmr	To sign	署名 (する)/ サイン (する)	Shomei (suru)/ Sain (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To download	ダウンロード (する)/ 落とす/ ダウン (する)	Daunrōdo (suru)/ Otosu/ Daun (suru) * (abbreviation from download)
Verb-Cmr	To upload (to post online)	アップロード (する)/ 載せ込む/ アップ (する)	Appurōdo (suru)/ Nose komu/ Appu (suru) * (abbreviation from upload)
Verb-Cmr	To waste	無駄にする/ 浪費 (する/ の)/ 無駄遣い (する)/ 空費 (する)/ 荒廃 (する)/ 消耗 (する)/ 費やす/ 荒らす/ 徒費 (する)/ 乱費 (する)	Mudanisuru * (to render futile; to bring to naught; to waste; to not make good use of)/ Rōhi (suru/ no)/ Mudadzukai (suru)/ Kūhi (suru)/ Kōhai (suru)/ Shōmō (suru)/ Tsuiyasu/ Arasu/ Tohi (suru)/ Ranpi (suru)
Verb-Cmr	To weigh	重さを量る	Omosawohakaru

Verb-Cmr	To go to be (to go to become)	なるために行く (なるために行く)	Naru tame ni iku (naru tame ni iku)
Verb-Cmr	To go to do	しに行く / やりに行く	Shi ni iku * (regular)/ Yari ni iku * (informal)
Verb-Cmr	To go to see	見に行く	Mi ni iku
Verb-Cmr	To go to visit	訪ねに行く / 訪問に行く / 見舞いに行く	Tazune ni iku/ Hōmon ni iku/ Mimai ni iku
Verb-Cmr	To go to work	仕事に行く	Shigoto ni iku
Verb-Cmr	To come to do	しに来る / やりに来る	Shi ni kuru * (regular)/ Yari ni kuru * (informal)
Verb-Cmr	To come to see	見に来る	Mi ni kuru
Verb-Cmr	To come to visit	訪ねに来る / 訪問に来る / 遊びに来る	Tazune ni kuru/ Hōmon ni kuru/ Asobinikuru * (to come and stay; to drop in; to visit)
Other Verbs (less commonly used)			
Verb-Mov	To get going (to start off)	行き始める / 動き出す / やり始める	Iki hajimeru/ Yari hajimeru
Verb-Mov	To get going (to take our leave; to take our farewell)	出発 (する) (休暇を取る; 別れを告げる)	Shuppatsu (suru) (Kyūkawotoru; Wakare o tsugeru)
Verb-Mov	To need not (to not have to)	必要はないです / 必要ないとする / 必要としません	Hitsuyō wanaidesu/ Hitsuyō nai to suru/ Hitsuyō to shinaidesu
Verb-Mov	To alight	降りる	Oriru
Verb-Mov	To arrive on time (to arrive in time)	時間通りに到着する (時間通りに到着する)	Jikandōrini tōchaku suru (jikandōrini tōchaku suru)
Verb-Mov	To arrive too early	あまりにも早く到着する	Amarini mo hayaku tōchaku suru
Verb-Mov	To arrive too late	到着が遅すぎる	Tōchaku ga oso sugiru
Verb-Mov	To ascend (to go up)	上昇 (する) / 上る (登る / 昇る) / 上がる (あがる)	Jōshō (suru)/ Noboru/ Agaru
Verb-Mov	To be run over	ひかれる (轢かれる)	Hikareru
Verb-Mov	To break out (to break free; to become free)	抜け出す / 自由になる / 振り放す / 逃げる	Nukedasu/ Jiyū ni naru/ Furihanasu/ Nigeru
Verb-Mov	To break out of (to escape)	そこから抜け出す (逃げる)	Soko kara nukedasu (nigeru)
Verb-Mov	To break out (to start)	ブレイクアウト (する) (始める)	Bureikuauto (suru) (hajimeru)
Verb-Mov	To budge	動かす	Ugokasu
Verb-Mov	To commute	通う	Kayou
Verb-Mov	To cross (legs or arms)	組む / (足や腕を) 交差させる	Kumu/ (ashi ya ude o) Kōsa sa seru
Verb-Mov	To cross (to pass)	渡る / 越える / 過ぎる / 越す / 交差 (する)	Wataru/ Koeru/ Sugiru/ Kosu * (to cross over (e.g. mountain); to go across)/ Kōsa (suru) * (crossing; intersection)
Verb-Mov	To dash	突進 (する) / 競走 (する) / 疾走 (する) / 駆ける / 走る (はしる) / ダッシュ (する)	Tosshin (suru) * (rush; dash; charge)/ Kyōsō (suru) * (race; run; dash; sprint/ racing)/ Shissō (suru) * (sprint; dash; scampering)/ Kakeru * (to run; to dash; to race)/ Hashiru * (to run/ to rush (to); to dash; to race)/ Dasshu (suru)

Verb-Mov	To depart on time (to depart in time)	時間通りに出発する (時間通りに出発する)	Jikandōrini shuppatsu suru (jikandōrini shuppatsu suru)
Verb-Mov	To depart too early	出発が早すぎる	Shuppatsu ga haya sugiru
Verb-Mov	To depart too late	出発が遅すぎる	Shuppatsu ga oso sugiru
Verb-Mov	To descend (e.g. a mountain) (to go down)	下降(する)/ 下る/ 降りる(下りる)/ 下がる(さがる)	Kakō (suru)/ Kudaru/ Oriru/ Sagaru
Verb-Mov	To disembark	下船(する)	Gesen (suru)
Verb-Mov	To do a dance	ダンスをする/ 踊りをする	Dansu o suru/ Odori o suru
Verb-Mov	To dock	泊まる/ 入渠(する/ の)/ 離岸(する)/ ドッキング(する)	Tomaru * (to be docked; to be berthed; to be moored)/ Nyūkyo (suru/ no) * (entering a dock)/ Rigan (suru) * (setting sail; leaving the shore, dock, etc.)/ Dokkingu (suru) * (docking)
Verb-Mov	To drive back	車で戻る	Kuruma de modoru
Verb-Mov	To dwell	住む/ 宿る/ 居住(する)	Sumu/ Yadoru * (to dwell; to live; to remain/ to stay at; to take shelter at; to stop at; to lodge at)/ Kyojū (suru) * (residence; abode; dwelling/ residency (domicile))
Verb-Mov	To embark	乗船(する)	Jōsen (suru)
Verb-Mov	To evacuate	立ち退く/ 空にする/ (に) 避難(する)	Tachinoku/ Karanisuru/ (Ni) hinan (suru)
Verb-Mov	To excavate (to delve)	掘る/ 発掘(する)/ 掘り抜く/ 開削(する)/ 穴掘り(する)/ 掘削(する)/ 掘進(する)(掘り下げる)	Horu/ Hakkutsu (suru)/ Hori nuku/ Kaisaku (suru)/ Ana hori (suru)/ Kussaku (suru)/ Kusshin (suru) (Horisageru)
Verb-Mov	To explore (parts unknown) (to enjoy (natural beauty))	探る	Saguru
Verb-Mov	To fall into (to plunge into)	陥る/ 嵌まる/ 倒れる	Ochīru/ Hamamaru/ Taoreru
Verb-Mov	To fall on	落ちる/ 倒れる/ 落下(する)/ 転ぶ	Ochiru/ Taoreru/ Rakka (suru)/ Korobu
Verb-Mov	To ferry across (e.g. a river) (to carry across; to traverse)	渡す	Watasu
Verb-Mov	To get away	逃げる	Nigeru
Verb-Mov	To get away with	逃げる	Nigeru
Verb-Mov	To get away with something	何かで逃れる/ 何かを持ち逃げする	Nanika de nogareru/ Nanika o mochinige suru
Verb-Mov	To go back to the start (to go back to the beginning)	元に戻す	Motonimodosu
Verb-Mov	To go downhill	下り坂に行く	Kudarizaka ni iku
Verb-Mov	To go uphill	上り坂に行く	Noborizaka ni iku
Verb-Mov	To go fast	早く行く/ スピードを出す/ 走らせる/ 走らす	Hayaku iku/ Supīdo o dasu * (to go fast; to drive fast; to speed)/ Hashiraseru * (to dispatch (someone); to send; to make run/ to make go fast (a car, horse, etc.); to drive; to ride; to sail)/ Hashirasu * (to dispatch (someone); to send; to make run/ to make go fast (a car, horse, etc.); to drive; to ride; to sail)
Verb-Mov	To get lost	迷う/ 道に迷う	Mayou/ Michinimayou

Verb-Mov	To get off (to go out)	降りる/ 下車 (する)/ 降車 (する)	Oriru/ Gesha (suru)/ Kōsha (suru)
Verb-Mov	To get on (to board)	乗る/ 乗車 (する)	Noru/ Jōsha (suru)
Verb-Mov	To go into (to come into; to get in; to step in)	入り込む/ 込む	Hairikomu/ Komu
Verb-Mov	To go into hiding	隠れる/ 行方をくらます/ 地下に潜る/ 跡をくらます	Kakureru/ Yukue o kuramasu * (to disappear; to vanish; to bolt; to go into hiding)/ Chikanimoguru * (to go underground; to go into hiding)/ Ato o kuramasu * (to disappear; to vanish; to bolt; to go into hiding)
Verb-Mov	To go on (to keep going)	続ける/ 続く (続けていくこと)	Tsudzukeru/ Tsudzuku (tsudzukete iku koto)
Verb-Mov	To go on tour	ツアーに行く/ 観光に行く/ 旅行に行く/ ツアーに参加する/ 旅行に参加する/ 観光に参加する/ 巡回に行く	Tsuā ni iku/ Kankō ni iku * (to go sightseeing)/ Ryokōniiku * (to go on travel; to go for travel; to go on a trip; to go on a tour)/ Tsuā ni sankā suru * (to participate in a tour; to join a tour)/ Ryokō ni sankā suru * (to take part in a trip; to join a tour)/ Kankō ni sankā suru/ Junkai ni iku * (to go around; to go on patrol)
Verb-Mov	To go out for dinner	夕食に出かける	Yūshoku ni dekakeru
Verb-Mov	To go straight (to)	直行 (する/ の)	Chokkō (suru/ no)
Verb-Mov	To go the wrong way (to go in the wrong direction)	間違った方向に行く/ 間違った方向に進む	Machigatta hōkō ni iku/ Machigatta hōkō ni susumu
Verb-Mov	To go to Japan	日本に行く/ 日本へ行く	Nihon ni iku/ Nihon e iku
Verb-Mov	To go towards (to head towards)	向かう/ 向ける/ 向く/ 足が向く/ 向けて移動 (する)	Mukau/ Mukeru/ Muku/ Ashigamuku/ Mukete idō (suru)
Verb-Mov	To happen to pass by	通りかかる (通り掛かる/ 通り掛る)/ 通りすぎる	Tōrikakaru/ Tōri sugaru
Verb-Mov	To head to (to go towards)	向ける/ 向かう/ 向かっていく (向かって行く)/ ...に行く	Mukeru/ Mukau/ Mukatte iku/ ... Ni iku
Verb-Mov	To intersect	交差 (する)	Kōsa (suru)
Verb-Mov	To keep on going (to keep going)	進み続ける/ 成り立つ/ 立ち行く/ 生き続ける (進み続ける)	Susumi tsudzukeru/ Naritatsu * (to be viable (of a business, lifestyle, etc.); to carry on; to keep going)/ Tachiyuku * (to maintain itself; to last; to make itself pay; to make a living; to keep going)/ Iki tsudzukeru * (to carry on; to go on with one's life/ to keep alive; to stay alive; to survive) (susumi tsudzukeru)
Verb-Mov	To levitate	浮揚する	Fuyō suru
Verb-Mov	To lie scattered (to be covered with)	降りしく (降り敷く/ 降敷く)	Furishiku
Verb-Mov	To look for shelter	避難所を探す	Hinansho o sagasu
Verb-Mov	To lunge (to lunge into)	突進 (する) (突進 (する))	Tosshin (suru) (tosshin (suru))
Verb-Mov	To make haste	急ぐ (急いで)	Isogu (Isoide)
Verb-Mov	To make room for	スペースを空ける	Supēsu o akeru
Verb-Mov	To make way for	道を譲る	Michi o yuzuru

Verb-Mov	To move about	動き回る/ 回る/ 右往左往 (する/ の)	Ugokimawaru * (to move around; to move about; to get around)/ Mawaru * (to move around (to another place or position); to come around; to go over (e.g. to the opposing side))/ Uōsaō (suru/ no) * (moving about in confusion; going every which way; going this way and that)
Verb-Mov	To move around	動き回る/ 転々とする/ 移動 (する)/ 回る/ 並べ替える	Ugokimawaru * (to move around; to move about; to get around)/ Tenten to suru * (moving from place to place; being passed around repeatedly)/ Idō (suru) * (movement; transfer; migration; removal; travel/ mobile; moving; traveling; travelling; roving)/ Mawaru * (to move around (to another place or position); to come around; to go over (e.g. to the opposing side))/ Narabe kaeru * (to rearrange; to reorder; to move around; to sort; to collate)
Verb-Mov	To move towards	に向かって進む/ に向かって動く/ 押し寄せる	Ni mukatte susumu/ Ni mukatte ugoku/ Oshiyoseru * (to advance on; to close in; to march on; to descend on (the enemy); to move towards; to surge forward (crowd, wave of nostalgia, wave, etc.); to rush for (the door); to inundate; to overwhelm; to push aside)
Verb-Mov	To must go (to have to go; to need to go)	行かなければなりません (行かなければならない; 行くことが必要です; 行かざるを得ない)	Ikanakereba narimasen * (polite) (ikanakereba naranai * (regular); iku koto ga hitsuyōdesu; ikazaru o enai)
Verb-Mov	To operate (to run; to work; to handle)	動く/ 操作 (する)/ 実行 (する)/ 動作 (する)/ 扱う/ 取扱う (取り扱う)	Ugoku/ Sōsa (suru)/ Jikkō (suru)/ Dōsa (suru)/ Atsukau/ Toriatsukau * (to handle; to operate (a machine, etc.); to use)
Verb-Mov	To part (to say goodbye; to separate; to farewell)	別れる (さよならを言う; 別れを告げる)	Wakareru (Sayonara o iu; wakare o tsugeru)
Verb-Mov	To persecute (to oppress)	迫害 (する)/ 虐げる	Hakugai (suru)/ Shītageru
Verb-Mov	To repatriate	帰国 (する)/ 帰還 (する)/ 送還 (する)/ 復員 (する)	Kikoku (suru)/ Kikan (suru)/ Sōkan (suru) * (sending home; repatriation; deportation)/ Fukuin (suru) * (demobilization; demobilisation; repatriation)
Verb-Mov	To run away (to escape; to run off)	逃げる (逃げる)/ 逃げ出す/ 走り去る/ 走る/ 落ち延びる/ 飛び出す/ 逃げ失せる/ ずらかる	Nigeru (nigeru)/ Nigedasu/ Hashirisaru/ Hashiru/ Ochinobiru/ Tobidasu/ Nigeuseru/ Zurakaru
Verb-Mov	To run into (to rush into)	駆け込む/ 突き当たる/ ぶつかる	Kakekomu/ Tsukiataru/ Butsukaru
Verb-Mov	To rush	急ぐ	Isogu
Verb-Mov	To bid farewell	別れを告げる/ さよならを言う (サヨナラを言う)	Wakare o tsugeru/ Sayonara o iu
Verb-Mov	To scramble	スクランブル (する)	Sukuranburu (suru)

Verb-Mov	To seek refuge (in) (to take shelter in)	駆け込む/ (に) 避難 (する)	Kakekomu/ (Ni) hinan (suru)
Verb-Mov	To sneak	抜け出す/ こっそり (する)	Nukedasu/ Kossori (suru)
Verb-Mov	To step aside (to move (i.e. out of the way))	退く (どく)	Doku
Verb-Mov	To step back (to move back; to withdraw)	退く (しりぞく)	Shirizoku
Verb-Mov	To step down	降りる/ 下がる/ 下る (くだ)/ 退任 (する)/ 辞す/ 辞する	Oriru * (to descend (e.g. a mountain); to go down; to come down/ to step down; to retire; to give up; to quit; to fold)/ Sagaru * (to come down; to go down; to fall; to drop; to sink; to get lower/ to move back; to step back; to withdraw; to retire)/ Kudaru * (to descend; to go down; to come down)/ Tainin (suru) * (retirement; resignation; stepping down)/ Jisu * (to resign (from); to step down; to leave (one's position); to quit/ to take one's leave; to excuse oneself; to leave; to depart)/ Ji suru
Verb-Mov	To step forward (to step forth; to advance)	踏み出す/ 進み出る	Fumidasu/ Susumideru
Verb-Mov	To step into (e.g. someone else's territory; to break into)	踏み込む	Fumikomu
Verb-Mov	To step on (to stand on; to trample on; to set foot on)	踏む	Fumu
Verb-Mov	To step over (to step across)	跨ぐ	Matagu
Verb-Mov	To step up	上る (登る/ 昇る)/ 上がる (あがる)/ ステップアップ (する)/ 歩み寄る	Noboru * (to ascend; to go up; to climb)/ Agaru * (to rise; to go up; to come up; to ascend; to be raised)/ Suteppuappu (suru) * (step-up; advance; progress; increase)/ Ayumiyoru * (can mean 'to step up to; to walk up to; to approach', but can also mean 'to compromise; to meet halfway')
Verb-Mov	To surface	表面化 (する)	Hyōmen-ka (suru) * (coming to a head; coming to the surface; becoming an issue; breaking)
Verb-Mov	To take off (ie. plane) (to depart)	離陸 (する) (飛行機) (出発する)	Ririku (suru) (hikōki) (shuppatsu suru)
Verb-Mov	To trip (to tackle)	躓く/ 蹴躓く/ トリップ (する) (タックル (する))	Tsumazuku * (to trip (over); to stumble)/ Ketsumazuku * (to stumble (over); to trip)/ Torippu (suru) (Takkuru (suru) * (tackling (to the ground)/ tackle (in rugby, hockey, etc./ sports)/ tackle (position in American football/ sports)))
Verb-Mov	To tackle (to trip)	取り組む (つまずく)	torikumu
Verb-Mov	To turn around	振り返って	Furikaette

Verb-Mov	To veer	方向転換 (する)/ 振れる/ 逸れる	Hōkō tenkan (suru) * (change of course)/ Fureru * (to veer; to deflect; to lean towards)/ Soreru * (to turn away; to bear off; to veer away; to swerve from; to miss (e.g. a target)/ to deviate (e.g. of a conversation); to digress; to go astray; to wander)
Verb-Mov	To wiggle	くねくね (クネクネ) (する)/ ピクピク動く (ぴくぴく動く)	Kunekune (suru)/ Pickupiku ugoku
Verb-Mov	To wing	飛ぶ/ 翼にする	Tobu/ Tsubasa ni suru
Verb-Act	To work efficiently (to work focused)	効率よく仕事をする/ 手際よく仕事をする/ 効率的に動作する/ 効率よく動く (集中して仕事をする)	Kōritsu yoku shigoto o suru/ Tegiwa yoku shigoto o suru/ Kōritsu-teki ni dōsa suru/ Kōritsu yoku ugoku (Shūchū shite shigoto o suru)
Verb-Act	To try one's best (to do one's best)	最善を尽くす/ 頑張る/ 精を出す/ 出し切る/ 全力を尽くす/ ベストを尽くす/ 腕によりをかける/ 身を尽くす/ 鯨立ち (する)/ 奮闘努力 (する)	Saizenwotsukusu/ Ganbaru/ Seiwodasu/ Dashikiru * (to use up (all one's strength, ideas, etc.); to exert oneself; to do one's best)/ Zenryokuwotsukusu/ Besutowotsukusu/ Udeniyoriwokakeru * (to put all one's skill (into doing something); to do something to the best of one's ability)/ Miwotsukusu/ Shachihokodachi (suru)/ Funtō doryoku (suru)
Verb-Act	To abdicate	退位 (する)/ 放棄 (抛棄) (する)/ 譲位 (讓位) (する)/ 捨てる/ 辞める (罷める/ 退める)	Taii (suru)/ Hōki (suru)/ Jōi (suru)/ Suteru/ Yameru
Verb-Act	To abort (to discontinue; to stop doing; to cancel)	中止 (する)/ 打ち切る/ アボート (する)/ 中絶 (する)/ 中断 (する) (辞める (やめる); 辞める (やめる); 取り消す/ 取り止める/ 止める/ キャンセル (する))	Chūshi (suru) * (Interruption; discontinuance; suspension; stoppage/ cancellation (of a planned event); calling off)/ Uchikiru * (to stop; to abort; to discontinue; to close)/ Abōto (suru) * (abort/ computing)/ Chūzetsu (suru) * (abortion/ discontinuance; stoppage; suspension; interruption/ can also be used for pregnancy)/ Chūdan (suru) * (interruption; suspension; break) (Yameru * (to resign; to retire; to quit; to leave (one's job, etc.))); Yameru; Torikesu/ Toriyameru/ Tomeru/ Kyanseru (suru) * (from English "cancel")
Verb-Act	To absorb	吸収 (する)/ 吸い取る (吸取る/ 吸いとる)	Kyūshū (suru)/ Suitoru
Verb-Act	To abstain	棄権 (する)	Kiken (suru)
Verb-Act	To accommodate	収容 (する)/ 宿泊 (する)/ 適応 (する)/ 順応 (する)/ 泊める	Shūyō (suru)/ Shukuhaku (suru) * (accommodation; lodging)/ Tekiō (suru) * (adaptation; accommodation; conformity)/ Jun'nō (suru) * (adaptation; accommodation; conforming; adjustment)/ Tomeru * (to give shelter to; to lodge; to put up; to accommodate)

Verb-Act	To accompany (to keep company)	同行 (する) (付き添う (付添う))	Dōkō (suru) (Tsukisou)
Verb-Act	To account for (to make up)	占める	Shimeru
Verb-Act	To achieve (to reach; to get; to realize)	達成 (する)/ 果たす	Tassei (suru)/ Hatasu
Verb-Act	To acquire	取得 (する)/ 得る/ 獲得 (する/ の)/ 入手 (する)	Shutoku (suru)/ Eru/ Kakutoku (suru/ no)/ Nyūshu (suru)
Verb-Act	To activate (to enable)	活性化する/ 有効にする/ 始動 (する)/ 起動 (する)	Kassei-ka suru/ Yūkōnisuru/ Shidō (suru)/ Kidō (suru)
Verb-Act	To activate the power	電源を有効にする	Dengen o yūkōnisuru
Verb-Act	To adhere to	遵守 (順守) (する)/ 守る (護る/ 成る)/ 従う (随う/ 遵う/ 順う)	Junshu (suru)/ Mamoru/ Shitagau
Verb-Act	To adjust	調整 (する)/ 合わせる	Chōsei (suru)/ Awaseru
Verb-Act	To adventure (venture)	冒険 (する)/ アドベンチャー (する)	Bōken (suru)/ Adobenchā (suru)
Verb-Act	To aim (at) (to turn towards)	向ける/ 狙う/ 狙いを定める (ねらいを定める)/ 狙いをつける (狙いを付ける)	Mukeru/ Nerai/ Nerai o sadameru/ Nerai o tsukeru
Verb-Act	To aim at doing (to make it a principle to ...)	旨とする	Mune to suru
Verb-Act	To aim for (to set up as a goal)	目指 (目指し/ 目差し/ 目差) (する)/ 目指す/ 狙う/ 目掛ける (目がける)/ 図る/ 狙い撃ち (する)/ 狙いをつける (狙いを付ける)/ 向ける	Mezashi (suru)/ Mezasu/ Nerai/ Me kakeru/ Haku * (to aim for; to strive for; to work towards; to seek)/ Neraiuchi (suru)/ Nerai o tsukeru/ Mukeru

Verb-Act	To alter	変更 (する)/変える /改める /転じる /直す (なおす)/ 違える/ 改む/ 転ずる/ 変化 (する)/ 改訂 (する/ の)/ 改正 (する/ の)/ 修正 (する)/ 改造 (する)/ 調整 (する)/ 変造 (する)/ 改ざん (する)	Henkō (suru) * (change; modification; alteration; revision; amendment)/ Kaeru * (to change; to alter; to transform; to convert; to turn; to vary/ to reform; to revise; to amend)/ Aratameru * (to change; to alter; to revise; to replace/ to reform; to correct; to mend; to improve)/ Tenjiru * (to turn; to shift; to alter; to distract)/ Naosu * (to change; to alter; to convert; to translate)/ Tagaeru * (to change; to alter)/ Aratamu * (to change; to alter; to revise; to replace)/ Tenzuru * (to turn; to shift; to alter; to distract)/ Henka (suru) * (change; variation; alteration; mutation; transition; transformation; transfiguration; metamorphosis/ variety; diversity)/ Kaitei (suru/ no) * (revision (of text); alteration; change)/ Kaisei (suru/ no) * (revision; amendment; alteration)/ Shūsei (suru) * (amendment; correction; revision; modification; alteration; retouching; update; fix)/ Kaizō (suru) * (remodeling; remodelling; reconstruction; conversion; alteration; renovation; modification; reshuffling (e.g. a cabinet); reorganization; restructuring)/ Chōsei (suru) * (adjustment; regulation; coordination; reconciliation; tuning; fixing; tailoring)/ Henzō (suru) * (alteration; defacement; debasement; falsification; forgery)/ Kaizan (suru) * (alteration; falsification; faking)
Verb-Act	To ambush	待ち伏せ (する)	Machibuse (suru)
Verb-Act	To amplify	増幅 (する)/ 拡大 (する)/ 増幅させる/ アンプリファイ (する)/ 倍率 (する)/ 拡声 (する)/ 敷衍 (する)	Zōfuku (suru)/ Kakudai (suru)/ Zōfuku saseru/ Anpurifai (suru)/ Bairitsu (suru)/ Kakusei (suru)/ Fuen (suru)
Verb-Act	To anchor (to moor)	停泊 (する)/ 係留 (する)	Teihaku (suru)/ Keiryū (suru)
Verb-Act	To annihilate	全滅 (する)/ 壊滅 (する)/ 消滅 (する)	Zenmetsu (suru)/ Kaimetsu (suru) * ((complete) destruction; annihilation; devastation)/ Shōmetsu (suru) * (extinction; extinguishment; disappearance; vanishing; termination; lapse/ annihilation * (physics))
Verb-Act	To announce	発表 (する)/ 発表を行う	Happyō (suru)/ Happyō o okonau
Verb-Act	To apply (for; to make an application)	申し込む (申込む/ 申しこむ)/ 申請 (する)/ 応募 (する)	Mōshikomu/ Shinsei (suru)/ ōbo (suru)
Verb-Act	To apply to use (to apply and use)	申請して利用する/ 利用申請 (する)	Shinsei shite riyō suru/ Riyō shinsei (suru)

Verb-Act	To apprehend	逮捕 (する)/ 召し捕る/ 絡め取る/ 囚われる/ 危惧 (する)/ 捕縛 (する)	Taiho (suru) * (arrest; apprehension; capture)/ Meshitoru * (to arrest; to apprehend)/ Karametoru * (to catch and tie up; to apprehend; to arrest; to capture/ to entangle; to trap; to get (something) stuck; to trip up)/ Torawareru * (to be caught; to be captured; to be taken prisoner; to be arrested; to be apprehended/ to be seized with (fear, etc.); to be a slave to; to stick to; to adhere to; to be swayed by)/ Kigu (suru) * (apprehension; misgivings; uneasiness; fear; anxiety)/ Hobaku (suru) * (arrest; apprehension; capture)
Verb-Act	To arrange (to organize; to prepare, ie. meeting etc.)	手配 (する)/ 整える/ 組織 (する)/ 準備 (する)	Tehai (suru)/ Totonoeu/ Soshiki (suru)/ Junbi (suru)
Verb-Act	To arrange (to sort; to organize, ie. items)	整理 (する)	Seiri (suru)
Verb-Act	To assassinate	暗殺 (する)/ アサシネイト (する)/ 弑する/ 寝首をかく/ 闇討ち (する)/ 暗殺を謀る/ 暗殺を図る	Ansatsu (suru) * (assassination)/ Asashineito (suru) * (assassinate)/ Shisuru * (to kill (one's master, king, father, etc.); to murder; to assassinate)/ Nekubiwokaku * (to cut off the head of a sleeping person; to assassinate someone while they sleep/ to catch someone off their guard by setting traps)/ Yamiuchi (suru) * (attack under the cover of darkness/ surprise attack; sneak attack)/ Ansatsuwohakaru * (to plot an assassination)/ Ansatsu o hakaru * (to plan to assassinate; to attempt to assassinate)
Verb-Act	To assemble (to put together)	取り合わせる (取合わせる/ 取りあわせる/ とりあわせる)/ 組み立てる (組立てる/ 組み立てる/ くみたてる)/ 集める/ 集まる (集る)/ 組む/ アセンブル (する)	Toriawaseru/ Kumitateru * (to assemble; to put together; to set up; to construct; to build; to compose (a story, poem, etc.))/ Atsumeru/ Atsumaru/ Kumu/ Asenburu (suru)
Verb-Act	To augment	増強 (する)/ 増やす/ 積み増し (する)	Zōkyō (suru)/ Fuyasu/ Tsumimashi (suru) * (increase (in an amount of money or goods); augmentation)
Verb-Act	To backfire	裏目に出る/ 裏目に出てしまう/ バックファイアーする	Uramenideru/ Urame ni dete shimau/ Bakkufaiā suru

Verb-Act	To backup (to support)	バックアップ(する)/ 下支え(する)/ 助太刀(する)/ 退避(する)/ 支持(する)/ 後退(する)/ 裏打ち(する)/ 味方(する)/ 翼賛(する)/ フォロー(する)/ 援護射撃(する)/ バック(する)(サポート(する))	Bakkuappu (suru) * (backing (an initiative, candidate, etc.); support/ backing up (another player); covering (sports)/ backup (computing, ie. making a backup of one's harddrive))/ Shitazasae (suru) * (support; backup; prop; backstay; underpinning)/ Sukedachi (suru) * (assistance (in a fight); help; aid; backup)/ Taihi (suru) * (means 'taking refuge; evacuation', but can also mean 'backup (of data)/ computing')/ Shiji (suru) * (support; backing; endorsement; approval/ propping up; holding up; support)/ Kōtai (suru) * (retreat; falling back; moving backwards; reversing; backing up (of a vehicle); retrogression; retraction)/ Urauchi (suru) * (lining; backing/ backing up (e.g. a theory); support; bolstering)/ Mikata (suru) * (taking sides (with); supporting; standing by; backing up)/ Yokusan (suru) * (supporting (e.g. a government); backing up; assistance; countenance)/ Forō (suru) * (means 'follow', or 'following (on social media, esp. Twitter)/ networking, WWW', but can also mean 'backing-up; covering for; patching things up; support')/ Engo shageki (suru) * ((providing) covering fire/ supporting (someone in a debate, dispute, etc.); backing (someone) up)/ Bakku (suru) * (means 'back; rear', or 'background; backdrop', but can also mean 'backing (up); going backwards; reversing' or 'backing; support; backing')
Verb-Act	To back off	後退(する)/ 後ずさる/ 手控える/ 遅らせる	Kōtai (suru) * (retreat; falling back; moving backwards; reversing; backing up (of a vehicle); retrogression; retraction)/ Atozusaru * (to retreat; to back off; to draw back; to step back; to shrink away)/ Tebikaeru * (to hang (hold) back; to hold off; to refrain; to reduce or cut back on)/ Okuraseru * (to delay; to postpone; to put off; to slow down; to hold up; to retard; to put back (a clock))
Verb-Act	To back up (to copy)	バックアップ(する)(コピー(する)/ 複写(する)/ プリント(する)/ 写す/ 模写(する))	Bakkuappu (suru) * (backup * (computing)) (Kopī (suru) * (copy; photocopy)/ Fukusha (suru) * (copying; duplication; reproduction; copy)/ Purinto (suru) * (print; printing; (printed) copy)/ Utsusu * (to copy; to duplicate; to reproduce; to trace; to transcribe)/ Mosha (suru) * (copy (of the real thing); copying; reproduction; tracing))
Verb-Act	To bake a cake	ケーキを焼く	Kēki o yaku
Verb-Act	To balance	バランスをとる	Baransuwotoru

Verb-Act	To ban	禁止 (する)/ 厳禁 (する)/ 禁制 (する/ の)/ 禁圧 (する)/ 禁輸 (する) (禁止 (する))	Kinshi (suru)/ Genkin (suru) * (ban as in strict prohibition)/ Kinsei (suru/ no)/ Kin'atsu (suru) * (ban as in suppression)/ Kin'yu (suru) * (embargo, official ban) (kinshi (suru))
Verb-Act	To bang	打つ/ 叩く/ 強打 (する)	Utsu * (to hit; to strike; to knock; to beat; to punch; to slap; to tap; to bang; to clap; to pound)/ Tataku * (to strike; to hit; to beat; to knock; to pound; to bang; to slap; to spank; to tap; to pat; to clap (one's hands); to play (the drums))/ Kyōda (suru) * (heavy blow; thump; wallop; belt; whack)
Verb-Act	To banish	追放 (する)	Tsuihō (suru)
Verb-Act	To barter	物々交換する (物物交換する)/ 交換 (する)/ 取り替える (取り換える/ 取りかえる/ 取換える/ 取替える/ 取換る)	Butsubutsukōkan suru/ Kōkan (suru)/ Torikaeru
Verb-Act	To be blocked (road, pipe, nose, etc.); to be clogged; to be plugged up	詰まる	Tsumaru
Verb-Act	To be blown away	吹き飛ばす (吹き飛ばされる)/ 吹き飛ぶ/ 吹き流す/ 消し飛ぶ/ 吹っ飛ばす/ 消し飛ばす/ 飛ばす	Fukitobasu (fukitoba sareru)/ Fukitobu/ Fukinagasu/ Keshitobu/ Futtobasu/ Keshitobasu/ Tobasu
Verb-Act	To be called	申す/ 呼ばれる/ と言われる	Mōsu/ Yobareru/ To iwareru
Verb-Act	To be caught (to get arrested)	捕まる	Tsukamaru
Verb-Act	To be challenged	挑戦される	Chōsen sareru
Verb-Act	To be conned	騙される	Damasareru
Verb-Act	To be contained (in) (to be included (in); to be inside (e.g. a box))	入る	Hairu
Verb-Act	To be done (to take place; to be held; to be practiced)	行われる (行なわれる)	Okonawareru
Verb-Act	To be exhausted	疲れ果てる	Tsukare hateru
Verb-Act	To be fired (to be dismissed)	首になる (首に成る)	Kubi ni naru (kubininaru)
Verb-Act	To be fully in it	完全にその中に入る	Kanzen ni sono nakanihairu
Verb-Act	To be heard (to be audible; to reach one's ears)	聞こえる (聞える/ 聴こえる/ 聴える)	Kikoeru

Verb-Act	To be in control (to have it under control)	コントロール (する)/ 制御 (する)/ 制御である/ 管理 (する)/ 收拾 (する)/ 抑制 (する)/ 制御下に置く/ 收拾である/ アンダーコントロールである (コントロール下に置く)	Kontorōru (suru)/ Seigyo (suru) * (control (of a machine, device, etc.)/ control (over an opponent, one's emotions, etc.); governing; management; suppression; keeping in check)/ Seigyodearu (seigyo de aru)/ Kanri (suru) * (control; management (e.g. of a business))/ Shūshū (suru) * (control; bringing under control; settling (a matter); putting in order)/ Yokusei (suru) * (control; restraint; suppression; constraint; curtailment; inhibition; check; curb)/ Seigyo-ka ni oku * (to put under control, to place under control, to bring under control, to keep under control)/ Shūshūdearu/ Andākontorōrudearu (andā kontorōru de aru) * (to be under control) (kontorōru-ka ni oku)
Verb-Act	To be in labor	陣痛中である	Jintsū-chūdearu
Verb-Act	To be listed	上場予定 (がある/ する)	Jōjō yotei (ga aru/ suru)
Verb-Act	To be mixed (to be blended with; to join)	混ざる (交ざる/ 雑ざる)	Mazaru
Verb-Act	To be noisy	煩い (うるさい)	Urusai (urusai)
Verb-Act	To be packed (with); to be full (space, schedule, etc.)	詰まる	Tsumaru
Verb-Act	To be present	出席 (する)/ 同席 (する)/ 存在 (する)/ 立ち会う	Shusseki (suru) * (to be present as in 'attendance; appearance')/ Dōseki (suru) * (to be present as in 'being present (at the same meeting, occasion, etc.); attendance (with)')/ Sonzai (suru) * (to be present as in 'existence; being')/ Tachiau * (to be present as in 'to be witness to')
Verb-Act	To be removed (of restrictions) (to be lifted (e.g. a ban)	解ける (とける)/ 外れる	Tokeru/ Hazureru
Verb-Act	To be safe	安全である	Anzendearu
Verb-Act	To be silent	静かにする	Shizukani suru
Verb-Act	To be stuck (to get stuck)	行き詰まる/ 立ち往生 (する)/ 足止め (する)/ 引っかかる/ スタック (する) (行き詰まる)	Ikidzumaru * (to come to a dead end; to come to a standstill; to reach a deadlock; to reach an impasse; to reach a stalemate)/ Tachiōjō (suru) * (being brought to a standstill; being stranded; getting stuck; stalling; deadlock)/ Ashidome (suru) * (preventing (someone) from leaving; confinement; keeping indoors; inducement to stay/ being stranded; grounding)/ Hikkakaru * (to be caught in; to be stuck in)/ Sutakku (suru) (ikidzumaru)
Verb-Act	To be temperate in (to hold back)	控える/ 差し控える/ 節制 (する) (我慢 (する))	Hikaeru/ Sashihikaeru/ Sessei (suru) (Gaman (suru))

Verb-Act	To be together	一緒にいる/ 共にいる/ 相まっている	Issho ni iru/ Tomoni iru/ Aimate iru * (coupled with; together)
Verb-Act	To be trapped (to become trapped)	閉じ込められる/ 逼塞 (する)/ 引っ掛ける/ 陥穽 (する) (閉じ込められる)	Tojikomerareru * (to lock up; to shut up; to imprison)/ Hissoku (suru) * (being trapped (and having no way out))/ Hikkakeru * (to hook; to catch; to trap; to ensnare)/ Kansei (suru) * (trap; pitfall) (tojikomerareru)
Verb-Act	To be unavailable (to be away; to not be present)	利用できない/ 無効 (の/ な)/ 入手不可能 (の/ な)/ 入手不可 (の/ な)/ 問える (つかえる) (離れている; 存在していない (存在していません; 存在しません; 存在しない))	Riyō dekinai/ Mukō (no/ na)/ Nyūshu fukanō (no/ na)/ Nyūshu-fuka (no/ na) * (unavailable (stock, etc.))/ Tsukaeru (Hanarete iru; Sonzai shite inai (sonzai shite imasen; sonzai shimasen; sonzai shinai))
Verb-Act	To be up (in points, games, etc.) (to be ahead; to be leading) * (sports term)	アップ (する)	Appu (suru)
Verb-Act	To beat up	殴られる	Nagurareru
Verb-Act	To become empty	空になる (からになる)/ 空っぽになる/ 空ける	Kara ni naru/ Karappo ni naru/ Utsukeru * (to empty; to remove; to make space; to make room)
Verb-Act	To become full	満杯になる/ 満ちる/ 満腹になる	Manpai ni naru/ Michiru/ Manpuku ni naru * (become full for the stomach, to have eaten enough)
Verb-Act	To behead	斬首 (する)/ 馘す/ 首切る/ 首を落とす/ 首を切る/ 刎ねる/ 首になる/ 介錯 (する)/ 馘首 (する)/ 断獄 (する)/ 首を洗って待つ	Zanshu (suru) * (decapitation/ decapitated head)/ Kakusu * (to behead)/ Kubi kiru * (to behead; to decapitate)/ Kubi o otosu * (to behead; to decapitate)/ Kubiwokiru * (to behead/ to cut off the head)/ Haneru * (to cut off (someone's head); to behead; to decapitate)/ Kubi ni naru * (to be beheaded)/ Kaishaku (suru) * (beheading (as the ending to a seppuku))/ Kakushu (suru) * (beheading; decapitation)/ Dangoku (suru) * (trying of a crime; conviction/ condemnation to death by beheading)/ Kubi o aratte matsu * (to wait for one's punishment; to wait before one gets what's coming to one; to wash one's neck and wait (i.e. for one's beheading))
Verb-Act	To bend down	屈む (かがむ)/ 伏す/ 伏する	Kagamu/ Fusu * (to bend down; to bow down; to prostrate oneself)/ Fuku suru * (to crouch; to stoop; to bend down; to prostrate oneself; to lie down)
Verb-Act	To bequeath	遺贈 (する)/ 譲る/ 伝える/ 残す (遺す)/ 遺産 (する)	Izō (suru)/ Yuzuru/ Tsutaeru/ Nokosu/ Isan (suru)
Verb-Act	To block (to interrupt; to obstruct)	遮る/ 塞ぐ/ 閉ざす/ 封ずる/ ブロック (する)	Saegiru/ Fusagu/ Tozasu/ Fūzuru * (means 'to seal (letter)', but can also mean 'to prevent; to forbid; to block')/ Burokku (suru)
Verb-Act	To blow up	爆破 (する)	Bakuha (suru)

Verb-Act	To blunt	鈍らす/ 鈍る/ 禿びる/ 鈍磨 (する)/ 腐る	Namarasu * (to blunt; to dull; to weaken)/ Namaru * (to become blunt; to grow dull)/ Chibiru * (to get blunt; to dull; to wear out)/ Donma (suru) * (becoming dull (of a knife, one's wits, etc.); becoming blunt)/ Kusaru * (to become useless; to blunt; to weaken (from lack of practice))
Verb-Act	To bomb (to bombard; to barrage)	爆撃 (する)/ 投弾 (する) (砲撃 (する); 集中砲火する)	Bakugeki (suru) * (bombing)/ Nagedama (suru) * (dropping a bomb) (Hōgeki (suru); Shūchū hōka suru)
Verb-Act	To breach	違反 (する)	Ihan (suru)
Verb-Act	To break down	打破 (する)/ 崩壊 (する)/ 壊崩 (する)/ 崩れる/ 破れる/ 熟す/ ガタガタになる/ 潰える/ 分解 (する)	Daha (suru)/ Hōkai (suru)/ Kaihō (suru)/ Kuzureru/ Yabureru/ Jukusu/ Gatagata ni naru/ Tsuieru/ Bunkai (suru)
Verb-Act	To breathe fire	火を噴く (火を吹く)	Hiwofuku
Verb-Act	To brew	醸造 (する)/ 作る/ 醸す	Jōzō (suru)/ Tsukuru/ Kamosu
Verb-Act	To bring down	倒す/ ダウンさせる	Taosu/ Daun sa seru
Verb-Act	To bring in (to put in; to take in; to insert)	持ち込む/ 入れる/ 取り込む/ 採り込む/ 引き込む/ 運び込む/ 呼び入れる/ 呼び込む/ 運び入れる (入れる; 取り込む; 挿入 (する))	Mochikomu * (to bring in; to take in; to carry in/ to approach (someone) with (a proposal, offer, problem, etc.); to bring; to lodge (a complaint); to propose (e.g. a project)/ to bring (to another stage); to take (e.g. to court, to extra time, to a play-off))/ Ileru * (to put in; to let in; to take in; to bring in; to insert; to install (e.g. software); to set (a jewel, etc.); to ink in (e.g. tattoo))/ Torikomu * (to take in; to bring in; to adopt (e.g. behaviour); to introduce)/ Torikomu * (to let in (light, air, etc.))/ Hikikomu * (to pull into; to draw in; to bring in/ to win over)/ Hakobikomu * (to carry in; to bring in)/ Yobiireru * (to call in; to invite; to bring in)/ Yobikomu * (to call in; to invite; to bring in)/ Hakobi ireru * (to carry or bring in(to)) (Ileru; Torikomu; Sōnyū (suru) * (insertion; incorporation; infixing))
Verb-Act	To bring in (to earn)	持ち込む (持ち込んでいます)/ 持ってくる (持ってきます) (稼ぐ/ 得る)	Mochikomu (mochikonde imasu * (polite)) * (to bring in; to take in; to carry in)/ Motte kuru (motte kimasu * (polite)) * (to bring; to take (something) along; to fetch; to get/ can be used to bring in something, ie. money) (Kasegu * (to earn (income); to make (money))/ Eru * (to get; to earn; to acquire; to procure; to gain; to secure; to attain; to obtain; to win))
Verb-Act	To bring out	引き出す (引出す/ 引きだす)/ 持ち出す (持出す)	Hikidasu/ Mochidasu
Verb-Act	To bring up	育てる/ 育む	Sodateru * (to raise; to rear; to bring up)/ Hagukumu * (to raise; to bring up; to rear)

Verb-Act	To bump	突き当たる/ ぶつかる/ 出くわす/ バンプ (する)/ 凸凹 (の/ な/ する)	Tsukiataru * (to run into; to collide with; to crash into; to bump against)/ Butsukaru * (to bump into; to run into; to collide with; to hit; to strike/ to encounter; to meet with; to come upon; to face; to run up against; to be confronted with/ to clash (of opinions, people, etc.); to conflict; to be at odds (with)/ to clash (of events); to fall (on); to occur at the same time (as))/ Dekuwasu * (to happen to meet; to come across; to run into; to bump into)/ Banpu (suru) * (bump; to bump)/ Dekoboko (no/ na/ suru) * (unevenness; roughness; ruggedness; bumpiness/ inequality; imbalance; unevenness; difference)
Verb-Act	To burp	げっぷをする (ゲップをする)	Geppu o suru
Verb-Act	To burst into flames (to catch fire)	火を噴く (火を吹く)/ 火がつく (火が付く/ 火が点く/ ひがつく)/ 点く	Hiwofuku/ Higatsuku (hi ga tsuku)/ Tsuku
Verb-Act	To button	ボタン (する)	Botan (suru)
Verb-Act	To unbutton	ボタンを外す	Botan o hazusu
Verb-Act	To bypass	迂回 (する)/ バイパス (する)/ 無視 (する)/ 回避 (する)	Ukai (suru)/ Baipasuru (suru)/ Mushi (suru) * (disregarding; ignoring; to disregard; to ignore)/ Kaihi (suru)
Verb-Act	To call off (to cancel)	中止 (する)/ 取り止める/ 解除 (する) (キャンセル (する))	Chūshi (suru) * (cancellation (of a planned event); calling off/ interruption; discontinuance; suspension; stoppage)/ Toriyameru * (to cancel; to call off)/ Kaijo (suru) * (lifting (of a ban, sanctions, etc.); removal; release (from obligations); cancellation (of a warning, alert, etc.); calling off (e.g. a strike); releasing (a lock)/ termination (of a contract); cancellation; rescinding; rescission) (Kyanaseru (suru) * (to cancel; cancellation/ from English “cancel”))

Verb-Act	To call on	伺う/ 訪ねる (たずねる)/ 訪れる (おとずれる)/ 呼ぶ/ 呼び出し (する)/ 召す/ 頼む/ 訪う/ 押しかける	Ukagau * (to call on someone; to call at a place; to pay a visit; to wait on someone)/ Tazuneru * (to visit; to call on; to pay a visit to)/ Otozureru * (to visit; to call on/ please note that the kanji is the same as tazuneru, only the hiragana word is different)/ Yobu * (to call out (to); to call; to invoke/ to summon (a doctor, etc.)/ to invite)/ Yobidashi (suru) * (call; summons; paging; curtain call/ call; invocation)/ Mesu * (to call; to summon; to send for; to invite/ honorific or respectful (sonkeigo) language)/ Tanomu * (to request; to beg; to ask/ to call; to order; to reserve/ to rely on)/ Otonau * (to visit; to call on)/ Oshikakeru * (to go uninvited; to call on without an invitation; to barge in on; to gatecrash)
Verb-Act	To call to action	行動を促す	Kōdō o unagasu
Verb-Act	To camouflage	偽装 (擬装) (する)/ カモフラージュ (する)	Gisō (suru)/ Kamofurāju (suru)
Verb-Act	To camp	キャンプ (する)	Kyampu (suru)
Verb-Act	To capture	キャプチャ (する)/ 捉える (捕らえる)/ 捕まえる	Kyapucha (suru)/ Toraeru/ Tsukamaeru
Verb-Act	To carry on	続ける/ 事を運ぶ/ 生き続ける	Tsudzukeru * (to continue; to keep up; to keep on)/ Koto o hakobu * (to go ahead; to proceed; to carry on)/ Iki tsudzukeru * (to carry on; to go on with one's life/ to keep alive; to stay alive; to survive)
Verb-Act	To carry out (to perform)	実行 (する)/ 持ち出す/ 果たす/ 遂げる/ 為る (する)/ 行う/ 実施 (する)/ 決行 (する)/ 執行 (する)/ 断行 (する)/ 敢行 (する) (実行 (する))	Jikkō (suru)/ Mochidasu/ Hatasu * (to accomplish; to achieve; to carry out; to fulfill; to fulfil; to realize; to execute; to perform; to do)/ Togeru * (to accomplish; to achieve; to carry out)/ Naru (suru) * (to do; to carry out; to perform)/ Okonau * (to perform; to do; to conduct oneself; to carry out)/ Jisshi (suru) * (enforcement; implementation; putting into practice; carrying out; operation; working (e.g. working parameters); enactment)/ Kekkō (suru) * (doing (with resolve); carrying out (e.g. a plan))/ Shikkō (suru) * (execution; carrying out; performance; enforcement; exercise; service; conduct)/ Dankō (suru) * (decisive action; carrying out; resolute enforcement; execution)/ Kankō (suru) * (decisive action; going through with; daring to do; carrying out) (jikkō (suru))

Verb-Act	To cast	投じる/ 映す/ 落とす/ 成型 (する)/ 投げる/ 捨てる/ 振る/ 鋳る/ キャスト (する)/ 目を向ける	Tōjiru * (to throw; to cast (e.g. vote, light, shadow))/ Utsusu * (to project; to reflect; to cast (shadow))/ Otosu * (to drop; to lose; to let fall; to shed (light); to cast (one's gaze); to pour in (liquid); to leave behind)/ Seikei (suru) * (cast; mold; mould; casting; molding; moulding; compacting (e.g. in metallurgy)/ forming; shaping; fashioning)/ Nageru * (to throw; to hurl; to fling; to toss; to cast)/ Suteru * (to throw away; to cast away; to dump; to discard/ to abandon; to desert; to leave)/ Furu * (can mean 'to wave; to shake; to swing' or 'to sprinkle; to throw (dice)', but can also mean 'to cast (actor); to allocate (work)')/ Iru * (to cast; to mint; to coin)/ Kyasuto (suru) * (cast (play, film, etc.)/ cast (e.g. type conversion))/ Mewomukeru * (to cast an eye on (to look at something quickly, often in order to give your opinion about it); to shift one's attention to; to shift one's focus on)
Verb-Act	To cast aside	脇に置く (傍に置く/ わきに置く/ 脇におく/ わきにおく)/ かなぐり捨てる/ 捨てる	Waki ni oku/ Kanagurisuteru/ Suteru
Verb-Act	To check out (something)	(何かを) チェックアウト (する) * (can be used both for checking out, ie of a hotel as well as checking something out)/ 洗い立てる	(nanika o) Chekkuauto (suru) * (can be used both for checking out, ie of a hotel as well as checking something out)/ Araitateru
Verb-Act	To circulate	循環 (する/ の)/ 伝わる/ 回す/ 流れる/ 流通 (する)/ 流布 (する)/ 通う/ 通用 (する)	Junkan (suru/ no) * (circulation; rotation; cycle; loop)/ Tsutawaru * (to spread (of a rumour, news, etc.); to travel; to circulate; to go around; to be passed around; to become known)/ Mawasu * (to turn; to rotate; to spin; to twist; to gyrate/ to pass around; to send around; to hand around; to circulate)/ Nagareru * (means 'to stream; to flow (liquid, time, etc.); to run (ink)', but can also mean 'to sweep (e.g. rumour, fire); to spread; to circulate')/ Ryūtsū (suru) * (circulation (of money, goods, etc.); distribution/ circulation (of air, water, etc.); ventilation; flow)/ Rufu (suru) * (circulation; dissemination)/ Kayou * (to circulate (e.g. blood, electricity); to be communicated (e.g. thought))/ Tsūyō (suru) * ((common) use (of a language, currency, etc.); current use; circulation; currency; validity (e.g. of a ticket))

Verb-Act	To circumvent	回避 (する)/ 迂回 (する)/ 無効化 (する)	Kaihi (suru) * (evasion; avoidance)/ Ukai (suru) * (detour; circumvention)/ Mukō-ka (suru) * (disabling; invalidation; nullification; override; voiding; circumvention)
Verb-Act	To clean the room	部屋を掃除する/ 部屋をきれいにする	Heya o sōji suru/ Heya o kirei ni suru
Verb-Act	To click	クリック (する)	Kurikku (suru) * (click/ computing)
Verb-Act	To climb the tree	木に登る	Ki ni noboru
Verb-Act	To coagulate	凝固 (する)/ 凝り固まる	Gyōko (suru)/ Korikatamaru
Verb-Act	To coincide	一致 (する)/ ダぶる (だぶる)/ かち合う/ 符合 (する)	Itchi (suru)/ Daburu * (to overlap; to fall together (of dates, etc.); to coincide)/ Kachiau * (to clash; to collide; to conflict; to coincide)/ Fugō (suru) * (agreement; coincidence; correspondence; conformity)
Verb-Act	To collapse	崩れる/ 崩壊 (する)/ 倒れる/ 壊れる (毀れる)/ 滅亡 (する)	Kuzureru * (to crumble, to break down)/ Hōkai (suru) * (to crumble, to break down)/ Taoreru * (to fall over)/ Kowareru * (to break, to be destroyed; to be damaged)/ Metsubō (suru) * (destruction, ruin)
Verb-Act	To collect (to gather)	集める/ 集まる/ 揃う	Atsumeru/ Atsumaru/ Sorou
Verb-Act	To combat	戦う/ 戦闘 (する)/ 闘争 (する)	Tatakau/ Sentō (suru)/ Tōsō (suru)
Verb-Act	To come back (to recover; to rally, ie. 'he makes a comeback')	再起 (する)	Saiki (suru)
Verb-Act	To come down	降りてくる/ 下がる (さがる)/ 降りる/ 下る (くだる)/ 落ちる/ 降る/ 落下 (する)	Oritekuru * (to come down)/ Sagaru * (to come down; to go down; to fall; to drop; to sink; to get lower)/ Oriru * (to descend (e.g. a mountain); to go down; to come down)/ Kudaru * (to descend; to go down; to come down)/ Ochiru * (to fall; to drop; to come down; to crash; to collapse; to cave in; to give way)/ Furu * (to fall (of rain, snow, ash, etc.); to come down/ this verb is mostly used for the weather, like the falling of rain)/ Rakka (suru) * (fall; drop; descent; coming down)
Verb-Act	To come first	最初に来る/ 一番先に来る	Saisho ni kuru/ Ichiban sakini kuru
Verb-Act	To come last	最後に来る	Saigo ni kuru
Verb-Act	To come into existence (to materialize)	成立 (する)/ 存在に来る/ 生まれる (現実化 (する))	Seiritsu (suru)/ Sonzai ni kuru/ Umareru (genjitsu-ka (suru))
Verb-Act	To come out of nowhere	どこからともなく出てくる	Dokokara tomonaku detekuru
Verb-Act	To come to Japan (to visit Japan)	来日 (する)/ 日本に来る	Rainichi (suru)/ Nihon ni kuru
Verb-Act	To come to stay over (to come to spend the night)	来泊 (する)	Raihaku (suru)

Verb-Act	To complement	補完 (する)/ 補足 (する/ の)/ 相補 (する/ の)/ 補い合う	Hokan (suru) * (complementation; supplementation; completion)/ Hosoku (suru/ no) * (supplement; complement)/ Sōho (suru/ no) * (complement)/ Oginaiau * (to complement)
Verb-Act	To compose (music)	作曲 (する)	Sakkyoku (suru)
Verb-Act	To compose (to form; to organize; to configure)	構成 (する)	Kōsei (suru)
Verb-Act	To confiscate	没収 (する)	Bosshū (suru)
Verb-Act	To contain	含む/ 含有 (する)/ 入る	Fukumu/ Gan'yū (suru)/ Hairu * (to contain; to be contained (in); to be included (in); to be inside (e.g. a box); to come under (a heading); to belong (in a category))
Verb-Act	To contend	争う/ 戦う/ 競う/ 挑む/ 張り合う/ 奪い合う/ 戦わす	Arasou * (to compete; to contest; to contend/ to quarrel; to argue; to dispute; to be at variance; to oppose)/ Tatakau * (to struggle (against adversities, etc.); to fight; to contend; to resist)/ Kisou * (to compete; to contend; to vie; to contest)/ Idomu * (to challenge to (a fight, game, etc.); to throw down the gauntlet; to contend for)/ Hariau * (to compete (with each other); to contend for; to vie for; to rival)/ Ubaiau * (to scramble for; to struggle for; to contend for; to fight for)/ Tatakawasu * (to compete; to vie; to contend)
Verb-Act	To cooperate (to work together)	(ご) 協力 (する)/ 共同 (する)/ 連携 (する)/ 助け合う/ 力を合わせる/ 握手 (する)/ 一緒に働く/ 一緒に仕事をする (協力 (する)/ タッグを組む/ 机を並べる)	(go) Kyōryoku (suru)/ Kyōdō (suru)/ Renkei (suru)/ Tasukeau/ Chikarawoawaseru/ Akushu (suru)/ Issho ni hataraku/ Issho ni shigoto o suru (Kyōryoku (suru)/ Taggu o kumu/ Tsukue o naraberu)
Verb-Act	To coordinate	調整 (する)/ コーディネート (する)	Chōsei (suru)/ Kōdinēto (suru)
Verb-Act	To corrode	腐る/ 腐食 (する)	Kusaru * (to rot; to go bad; to decay; to spoil; to fester; to decompose; to turn sour (e.g. milk)/ to corrode; to weather; to crumble/ to become useless; to blunt; to weaken (from lack of practice))/ Fushoku (suru) * (corrosion; etching; erosion; rot; decay; rust)
Verb-Act	To counteract	対抗 (する)	Taikō (suru)
Verb-Act	To crack	ひび割れ (する)	Hibiware (suru)

Verb-Act	To crouch down (to cower; to cringe)	しゃがむ/ 蹲る/ 屈む/ 蹲う/ しゃがみ込む/ 伏する (しゃがみこむ)/ 蹲む (縮こまる; 縮こまる)	Shagamu * (to squat; to crouch)/ Urukumaru * (to crouch; to squat; to cower)/ Kagamu * (to stoop; to lean over; to bend forward/ to bend down; to crouch; to squat)/ Tsukubau * (to crouch; to squat)/ Shagami komu * (to squat; to crouch down (completely, generally with face looking through knees))/ Fuku suru * (to crouch; to stoop; to bend down; to prostrate oneself; to lie down)/ Tsukunamu * (to squat; to crouch) (Chidjikomaru * (to curl oneself up; to squeeze oneself in; to be huddled); Chidjikomaru)
Verb-Act	To crush	潰す/ 砕く/ 押しつぶす (押し潰す/ 押し潰す)	Tsubusu/ Kudaku/ Oshitsubusu
Verb-Act	To cultivate	栽培 (する)/ 生やす/ 培う/ 耕す/ 耕作 (する)	Saibai (suru) * (cultivation)/ Hayasu * (to grow; to cultivate/ to let grow (e.g. weeds))/ Tsuchikau * (to cultivate; to foster)/ Tagayasu * (to till; to plow; to plough; to cultivate)/ Kōsaku (suru) * (cultivation; farming)
Verb-Act	To curl	渦巻く/ 曲げる/ カール (する)	Uzumaku * (to whirl; to eddy; to swirl; to curl (smoke)/ to be all jumbled together (feelings, thoughts, etc.))/ Mageru * (to bend; to crook; to bow; to curve; to curl)/ Kāru (suru) * (to curl)
Verb-Act	To cut off	断ち切る/ 切り取る/ 切る/ 切り出す	Tachikiru * (to cut (cloth, paper, etc.); to cut off/ to sever (ties); to break off (relations); to give up (an attachment, habit, etc.); to stop (e.g. a vicious cycle)/ to cut off (a supply route, enemy's retreat, etc.); to block; to break up (e.g. an intelligence network))/ Kiritoru * (to cut off; to excise; to tear off; to cut out; to whittle down; to tear out; to cut down; to amputate)/ Kiru * (to cut; to cut through; to perform (surgery))/ Kiridasu * (to quarry; to cut (timber); to cut and carry off)
Verb-Act	To cut the power (to cut off the power)	電源を切る/ 電源を消す (電源を切る)	Dengenwokiru/ Dengen o kesu (dengenwokiru)
Verb-Act	To dabble	手を出してみる/ 齧る (かじる)	Te o dashite miru/ Kajiru * (to gnaw; to nibble; to bite; to munch; to crunch/ to dabble in; to know a little bit about; to learn a little of; to have a smattering of)

Verb-Act	To dangle	ぶらぶら (ブラブラ) (と/ する/ な)/ ぶらんぶらん (ブランブラン) (する/ と/ の/ な)/ 下がる/ 垂れ下がる/ ぶら下がる/ 垂れる/ ぶら下げる	Burabura (to/ suru/ na) * (dangling; swaying; swinging/ (walking) leisurely; aimlessly; strolling; wandering; rambling/ idly; lazily; leisurely; aimlessly)/ Buran buran (suru/ to/ no/ na) * (dangling * (onomatopoeic or mimetic word))/ Sagaru * (to hang; to dangle)/ Taresagaru * (to hang; to dangle)/ Burasagaru * (to hang down (from); to dangle; to swing; to be suspended)/ Tareru * (to hang; to droop; to dangle; to sag; to lower; to pull down)/ Burasageru * (to hang; to suspend; to dangle; to swing; to carry)
Verb-Act	To deal with (to treat; to handle; to cope with)	対処 (する)/ 処理 (する)/ 対応 (する)/ 手がける/ 扱う/ 処する/ 取扱う (取り扱う)/ 善処 (する)	Taisho (suru)/ Shori (suru)/ Taiō (suru)/ Tegakeru/ Atsukau/ Sho suru/ Toriatsukau * (to deal with (an issue); to manage)/ Zensho (suru) * (dealing appropriately (with a situation); taking proper measures; handling (an issue) carefully; making the best of (a bad bargain))
Verb-Act	To decompose	分解 (する)	Bunkai (suru)
Verb-Act	To dedicate (to devote)	捧げる (献げる)	Sasageru
Verb-Act	To demolish	取り壊す (取壊す/ 取毀す/ 取り毀す)	Torikowasu
Verb-Act	To denounce	非難 (する)/ こき下ろす/ 呼ばわり (する)/ 吊るし上げる/ 非を鳴らす/ 吊上げ (する)/ 非難轟々 (な/ する)	Hinan (suru)/ Kokiorosu/ Yobawari (suru) * (denouncing; calling (e.g. someone a thief); branding (as))/ Tsurushi ageru * (can mean 'to hoist; to lift up', but can also mean 'to (crowd around and) rebuke; to (gang up and) criticize; to reproach severely; to subject to a kangaroo court; to torment with hostile questions')/ Hiwonarasu * (to cry against; to denounce publicly)/ Tsuriage (suru) * (can mean 'hung up; hoist', but can also mean 'denounced; severely criticised; kangaroo court')/ Hinan gōgō (na/ suru) * (loud criticism; torrent of criticism; fierce denouncement (from many people); uproarious outcry)
Verb-Act	To deplete (to use up; to take all)	取り尽くす/ 取り切る/ 使い果たす (遣い果す)/ 枯渇させる (涸渇させる)	Tori tsukusu/ Tori kiru/ Tsukaihataasu/ Kokatsu sa seru
Verb-Act	To detox	デトックス (する)	Detokkusu (suru)

Verb-Act	To deviate	逸脱 (する)/ ずれる/ 逸する/ 逸れる/ 悖る/ 逸す/ 脱線 (する)	Itsudatsu (suru) * (deviation; departure/ omission)/ Zureru * (to slide; to slip off; to get dislocated; to be out of alignment; to get dislodged; to deviate; to shift (position); to be out of sync; to be slightly off; to be off-point)/ Issuru* (can mean 'to lose (a chance); to miss (a chance)' or 'to overlook; to omit; to forget', but can also mean 'to deviate')/ Soreru * (can mean 'to turn away; to bear off; to veer away; to swerve from; to miss (e.g. a target)', but can also mean 'to deviate (e.g. of a conversation); to digress; to go astray; to wander')/ Motoru * (to go against; to act contrary to; to run counter to; to deviate from)/ Issu * (can mean 'to lose (a chance); to miss' or 'to overlook; to omit; to forget', but can also mean 'to deviate; to depart from (the norm, etc.)')/ Dassen (suru) * (can mean 'derailment', but can also mean 'digression; deviation')
Verb-Act	To dial	ダイヤル (する)	Daiyaru (suru)
Verb-Act	To dilate	拡張 (する)/ 散大 (する)	Kakuchō (suru) * (expansion; extension; enlargement/ escape; ESC * (computing))/ Sandai (suru) * (dilation (of the pupil), physiology)
Verb-Act	To dilute	薄める/ 水増し (する)/ 希釈 (する)/ 加水 (する)/ 割る/ 伸ばす	Usumeru * (to dilute; to water down)/ Mizumashi (suru) * (dilution; watering down/ inflation (of budget, claim, etc.); padding)/ Kishaku (suru) * (dilution)/ Kasui (suru) * (adding water; dilution with water)/ Waru * (means 'to divide' or 'to cut; to halve; to separate; to split; to rip', or 'to break; to crack; to smash', but can also mean 'to dilute')/ Nobasu * (means 'to grow long (e.g. hair, nails)' or 'to lengthen; to extend; to stretch', but can also mean 'to dilute; to thin out')
Verb-Act	To dine (to have dinner)	食事 (を) (する)/ 夕食を食べる/ ディナーを食べる (夕食をとる)	Shokuji (o) (suru)/ Yūshoku o taberu/ Dinā o taberu (yūshokuwotoru)
Verb-Act	To disengage	外れる/ 解除 (する)	Hazureru * (to be disconnected; to get out of place; to be off; to be out (e.g. of gear)/ to be removed; to be excluded)/ Kaijo (suru) * (termination (of a contract); cancellation; rescinding; rescission/ lifting (of a ban, sanctions, etc.); removal; release (from obligations); cancellation (of a warning, alert, etc.); calling off (e.g. a strike); releasing (a lock))

Verb-Act	To dispel	晴らす/ 吹き飛ばす/ 解く (とく)/ 解き明かす/ ぶっ飛ばす/ 払拭 (する)	Harasu * (to dispel; to clear away; to refresh (oneself))/ Fukitobasu * (to dispel; to drive away/ to blow away; to blow off; to blow up)/ Toku * (to dispel (misunderstanding, etc.); to clear up; to remove (suspicion); to appease)/ Tokiakasu * (to uncover; to solve; to reveal)/ Buttobasu * (to drive away (one's sorrows, worries, etc.); to dispel)/ Fusshoku (suru) * (wiping out; sweeping away; eradicating; dispelling)
Verb-Act	To disperse	分散 (する)	Bunsan (suru)
Verb-Act	To dispose (to throw away)	処分 (する)/ ほかす/ 捨てる/ 投げ捨てる/ 投げる/ 始末 (する)	Shobun (suru)/ Hokasu/ Suteru/ Nagesuteru/ Nageru/ Shimatsu (suru)
Verb-Act	To disassemble	分解 (する)/ 解体 (する)/ ばらす (バラす)/ 逆アセンブル (する)	Bunkai (suru) * (disassembly; dismantling; disaggregating; taking apart; breaking up; analysis; parsing/ decomposition; resolution; disintegration; degradation)/ Kaitai (suru) * (demolition; taking down; dismantling; disassembly; taking apart/ dissolution (of an organization, company, etc.); breaking up)/ Barasu * (to take apart; to take to pieces; to disassemble)/ Gyaku asenburu (suru) * (disassembly/ computing)
Verb-Act	To disseminate	広める/ ばら撒く/ 言いふらす/ 分配 (する)/ 周知徹底 (する)/ 散布 (する)/ 流布 (する)/ 伝送 (する)/ 宣布 (する)	Hiromeru * (to spread; to propagate; to popularize; to disseminate)/ Baramaku * (to scatter; to disseminate (e.g. a rumor); to spread (e.g. germs); to broadcast/ to distribute widely (e.g. leaflets); to hand out freely; to spend recklessly)/ Iifurasu * (to spread (e.g. a rumor); to circulate; to disseminate)/ Bunpai (suru) * (division; splitting; sharing; distribution; dissemination; allocation)/ Shūchi tettei (suru) * (dissemination; spreading of information)/ Sanpu (suru) * (dissemination; scattering; sprinkling; spraying)/ Rufu (suru) * (circulation; dissemination)/ Densō (suru) * (transmission; communication; circulation; dissemination; diffusion; propagation; delivery)/ Senpu (suru) * (proclamation; dissemination; promulgation)

Verb-Act	To dissipate (to disappear)	消散 (する/ の)/ 消耗 (する)/ 解ける (とける)/ すり潰す (磨り潰す)/ 爛れる	Shōsan (suru/ no) * (evaporation; dispersion; dissipation)/ Shōmō (suru) * (exhaustion; consumption; using up; dissipation; waste)/ Tokeru * (to dissipate (of anger, tension, etc.); to melt away; to ease; to be appeased; to be resolved (of a dispute, misunderstanding, etc.); to be cleared up)/ Suritsubusu * (to dissipate (a fortune); to run through; to lose/ to mash; to grind; to pulverize; to pulverise; to deface)/ Tadareru * (to be dissipated; to be dissolute; to indulge in)
Verb-Act	To dissipate (of anger, tension, etc.)	解ける (とける)	Tokeru
Verb-Act	To distribute	配る/ 分配 (する)/ 分布 (する)/ 配布 (する)/ 配分 (する)/ 流通 (する)/ 配給 (する)/ 分与 (する)/ 頒布 (する)/ 配信 (する)/ 送配 (する)	Kubaru/ Bunpai (suru)/ Bunpu (suru)/ Haifu (suru)/ Haibun (suru)/ Ryūtsū (suru)/ Haikyū (suru)/ Bun'yo (suru)/ Hanpu (suru)/ Haishin (suru)/ Sōhai (suru)
Verb-Act	To dive into the water (to jump into the water)	水に飛び込む (水に飛び込む)	Mizu ni tobikomu (mizu ni tobikomu)
Verb-Act	To diversify	多様化 (する)/ 多角化 (する)/ 経営多角化 (する)/ 転作 (する)	Tayō-ka (suru)/ Takaku-ka (suru)/ Keiei takaku-ka (suru) * (management diversification; diversification)/ Tensaku (suru) * (crop diversification; crop rotation; change of crops)
Verb-Act	To divide (to split; to share)	分割 (する)/ 分ける/ 分かつ/ 割る	Bunkatsu (suru)/ Wakeru/ Wakatsu/ Waru
Verb-Act	To divide into equal parts	等分 (する)/ 山分け (する)/ 割り切る	Tōbun (suru)/ Yamawake (suru)/ Warikiru * (to divide exactly (without remainder); to divide evenly)
Verb-Act	To do in the same way (as)	(と) 同じように行う	(to) Onaji yō ni okonau
Verb-Act	To do on my own	自分でやる/ 自分でする	Jibun de yaru/ Jibun de suru
Verb-Act	To do the impossible	不可能を可能にする/ 不可能なことをする/ 無理をする (無理する)	Fukanō o kanō ni suru/ Fukanōna koto o suru/ Muri o suru (murusuru)
Verb-Act	To domesticate	飼い慣らす/ 慣らす/ 慣れる/ 家畜化 (する)	Kainarasu/ Narasu/ Nareru * (to become tame; to become domesticated)/ Kachiku-ka (suru)
Verb-Act	To dose	投与 (する)/ 一服 (服/ いっぱく) (する)/ 調薬 (する)	Tōyo (suru) * (administering a dose)/ Ippuku (suru) * (a dose, a puff)/ Chōyaku (suru) * (dose, dispense)
Verb-Act	To downgrade	ダウングレード (する)	Daungurēdo (suru)
Verb-Act	To doze	居眠り (する) (居眠り (をする))/ 居眠る	Inemuri (suru) (inemuri (o suru))/ Inemuru
Verb-Act	To doze off	居眠り (する)	Inemuri (suru)

Verb-Act	To nod off	居眠る/ 居眠り (する)/ 船を漕ぐ/ うとうと (と/ する)/ うつらうつら (と/ する)/ こっくりこっくり (と/ する)/ こっくり (と/ する)	Inemuru * (to doze off; to nod off; to snooze)/ Inemuri (suru) * (nodding off (while sitting); dozing)/ Funewokogu * (to nod off (while sitting); to doze off; to row a boat)/ Utōto (to/ suru) * (falling into a doze; dozing off; nodding off)/ Utsurautsura (to/ suru) * (drowsily; nodding off)/ Kokkuri kokkuri (to/ suru) * (niddle-noddle; nid-nod; nodding off)/ Kokkuri (to/ suru) * (repeatedly nodding and dozing off/ nodding (in agreement, with approval, etc.)/ suddenly (dying))
Verb-Act	To drag under	下にドラッグ (する)	Shita ni doraggu (suru)
Verb-Act	To draw out	引き出す/ 抜く/ 引き抜く/ 抜き取る/ 抜き出す/ 画する/ 描画 (する)	Hikidasu * (to pull out; to take out; to draw out)/ Nuku * (to pull out; to draw out; to extract; to unplug; to weed)/ Hikinuku * (to extract; to pull out; to draw out; to uproot)/ Nukitoru * (to pull out; to draw out; to disconnect)/ Nukidasu * (to extract; to draw out; to pull out; to distill)/ Kakusuru * (to draw (a line)/ to demarcate; to mark; to divide; to map out/ to plan/ to draw out)/ Byōga (suru) * (drawing; painting)
Verb-Act	To dress up	着飾る/ ドレスアップ (する)	Kikazaru/ Doresuappu (suru) * (from English “dress up”)
Verb-Act	To drink a glass of wine	ワインを一杯飲む	Wain o ippainomu
Verb-Act	To drive around	その辺を運転する/ 周りに運転する/ この辺を運転する/ 特定の目的なく運転する/ 車で走り回る/ 走り回る	Sono hen o unten suru/ Mawari ni unten suru/ Kono hen o unten suru/ Tokutei no mokuteki naku unten suru/ Kuruma de hashirimawaru/ Hashirimawaru
Verb-Act	To drop down	落下 (する)/ 落とす/ ドロップダウン (する)	Rakka (suru)/ Otosu/ Doroppudaun (suru)
Verb-Act	To dry one's hair	髪を乾かす	Kami o kawakasu
Verb-Act	To duplicate	複製 (する)	Fukusei (suru)
Verb-Act	To dwindle	衰退 (する)	Suitai (suru)
Verb-Act	To earn	稼ぐ/ 得る	Kasegu * (to earn (income); to make (money))/ Eru * (to get; to earn; to acquire; to procure; to gain; to secure; to attain; to obtain; to win)
Verb-Act	To earn money (to earn income)	お金を稼ぐ (収入を得る/ 収入を稼ぐ)	Okane o kasegu (shūnyū o eru/ Shūnyū o kasegu)
Verb-Act	To eat a meal	食事 ((を) する)	Shokuji ((o) suru)
Verb-Act	To eavesdrop	盗聴 (する)/ 立ち聞く/ 立ち聞き (する)/ 盗み聞き (する)	Tōchō (suru) * (interception (email); wiretap; bug)/ Tachi kiku * (to listen in; to eavesdrop)/ Tachigiki (suru) * (eavesdropping)/ Nusumigiki (suru) * (eavesdropping; tapping)
Verb-Act	To elect	選出 (する)	Senshutsu (suru)
Verb-Act	To emanate	発散 (する)/ 発する	Hassan (suru)/ Hassuru

Verb-Act	To embody	体現 (する)/ 現れる/ 現る (あらわる)/ 具体化 (する)/ 具現化 (する)/ 具象 (する)/ 具現 (する)	Taigen (suru) * (personification; impersonation; embodiment)/ Arawareru * (to appear; to come in sight; to become visible; to come out; to embody; to materialize; to materialise)/ Arawaru * (to appear; to come in sight; to become visible; to come out; to embody; to materialize; to materialise)/ Gutai-ka (suru) * (embodiment; materialization; actualization; realization; taking form; taking shape)/ Gugen- ka (suru) * (embodiment; realization; materialization)/ Gushō (suru) * (concreteness; embodiment; expressing concretely)/ Gugen (suru) * (incarnation; embodiment; realization; giving concrete form (to))
Verb-Act	To employ (to hire)	採用 (する)/ 抱える	Saiyō (suru)/ Kakaeru
Verb-Act	To emulate	倣う/ エミュレート (する)/ エミュレーション (する)	Narau * (to imitate; to follow; to copy; to emulate)/ Emyurēto (suru)/ Emyurēshon (suru)
Verb-Act	To encumber	(お) 邪魔 (する)	(o) Jama (suru)
Verb-Act	To endanger	危険にさらす/ 脅かす (劫かす/ おびやかす)	Kiken'nisarasu/ Odokasu
Verb-Act	To endeavour	努力 (する)/ 尽力 (する)/ 努める/ 励む/ 心がける/ 勤しむ (いそしむ)	Doryoku (suru) * (effort; exertion; endeavour; endeavor; hard work; striving)/ Jinryoku (suru) * (efforts; exertion; endeavour; assistance; services)/ Tsutomeru * (to endeavor (to do); to endeavour; to try hard; to work hard; to strive; to make an effort; to exert oneself; to devote oneself; to be committed (to doing))/ Hagemu * (to work hard; to try hard; to strive; to endeavour; to endeavor; to devote oneself to; to make an effort; to be zealous)/ Kokorogakeru * (to keep in mind; to bear in mind; to try; to aim to do; to endeavor; to endeavour)/ Isoshimu * (to work hard at; to devote oneself to; to be diligent in)
Verb-Act	To end up	(に) 終わる/ 成る (なる)/ 羽目になる (ハメになる)	(ni) Owaru * (to end; to come to an end; to finish; to close; to be over/ to finish; to complete; to conclude)/ Naru * (to result in; to turn out; to end up; to prove (to be))/ Hameninaru * (to get stuck with (some job); to end up with (something unpleasant))
Verb-Act	To engage	従事 (する)/ 携わる/ 関与 (干与/ かんよ) (する)/ 参画 (する)/ 行動を起こす/ 参加 (する)	Jūji (suru)/ Tazusawaru/ Kan'yo (suru)/ Sankaku (suru)/ Kōdō o okosu/ Sanka (suru)

Verb-Act	To enhance	強化 (する)/ 高める/ 引き立てる/ 充実 (する)	Kyōka (suru) * (strengthening; intensifying; reinforcement; enhancement; solidification)/ Takameru * (to raise; to lift; to boost; to enhance)/ Hikitateru * (to set off to advantage; to bring into prominence; to enhance)/ Jūjitsu (suru) * (enhancement; improvement; enrichment; upgrading)
Verb-Act	To enlist	入隊 (する)/ 兵役に入れる/ 募集 (する)	Nyūtai (suru)/ Heieki ni ireru/ Boshū (suru)
Verb-Act	To enroll	登録 (する)/ 入る (はいる)/ 上げる (あげる)/ 連なる/ 入学 (する)/ 在籍 (する)/ 入会 (する)/ 入団 (する)/ 入園 (する)/ 編入 (する)/ 入校 (する)/ 在館 (する)/ 在学 (する)/ 籍を置く	Tōroku (suru) * (registration; accession; register; entry; record)/ Hairu * (to join (a club, company, etc.); to enter (a university, the army, etc.); to enroll (in); to go into (e.g. politics); to get into)/ Ageru * (to enrol (one's child in school); to enroll)/ Tsuranaru * (to enrol; to enroll; to join)/ Nyūgaku (suru) * (admission (to a school or university); entrance; enrolment; enrollment; matriculation)/ Zaiseki (suru) * (being enrolled (at a school); being registered; being a member (of a team, organization, etc.))/ Nyūkai (suru) * (admission (to a society, club, etc.); joining; entrance; enrollment; enrolment; becoming a member)/ Nyūdan (suru) * (joining (a group, team, etc.); enrollment; enrolment)/ Nyūen (suru) * (enrollment in kindergarten; enrolment in nursery school/ entering a park, garden, zoo, etc.)/ Hen'nyū (suru) * (admission; incorporation; enlistment; enrollment)/ Nyūkō (suru) * (admission (to a school); entrance; enrolment; enrollment)/ Zai-kan (suru) * (being in an embassy, aquarium, museum, etc./ being enrolled)/ Zaigaku (suru) * (attending (school, college, etc.); being enrolled; being a student)/ Seki o oku * (to be enrolled (in a college, course of study, etc.); to be a member (of an organization))
Verb-Act	To enthrone (to ascend the throne)	即位 (する) (王位に就く)/ 新天皇を擁立する/ 新皇帝を擁立する	Sokui (suru) (Ōi ni tsuku)/ Shin ten'nō o yōritsu suru * (to install a new emperor, ie. mainly used for the emperor of Japan)/ Shin kōtei o yōritsu suru * (to install a new emperor)
Verb-Act	To erect	立てる	Tateru
Verb-Act	To erupt	噴火 (する)/ 噴出 (する)	Funka (suru)/ Funshutsu (suru)
Verb-Act	To establish	確立 (する)	Kakuritsu (suru)
Verb-Act	To etch	エッチング (する)	Etchingu (suru)

Verb-Act	To evolve	進化 (する)/ 進化を遂げる/ 展開 (する)	Shinka (suru) * (evolution; becoming more advanced; progress; development; improvement)/ Shinka o togeru * (to make progress; to develop; to evolve (method, style, etc.))/ Tenkai (suru) * (development; evolution; progression; unfolding; (plot) twist/ expansion; spreading out; extending; deployment; building up)
Verb-Act	To exclude someone	誰かを排除する	Dareka o haijo suru
Verb-Act	To exhale	息を吐く/ 息を吐き出す	Ikiwohaku/ Ikiwohakidasu
Verb-Act	To exhaust	排気 (する)	Haiki (suru)
Verb-Act	To exile	追放 (する)/ 竄する/ 流す/ 島流し (する)/ 配流 (する)/ 流罪 (する)/ 流刑 (する)/ 配す/ 配する	Tsuihō (suru)/ Zansuru/ Nagasu/ Shimanagashi (suru)/ Hairu (suru)/ Ruzai (suru)/ Rukei (suru)/ Haisu/ Hai suru
Verb-Act	To go into exile (to exile)	亡命 (する) (亡命 (する))	Bōmei (suru) (bōmei (suru))
Verb-Act	To expedite	迅速化 (する)/ 早める/ 拍車をかける/ 拍車がかかる/ 急ぐ/ 促す/ 進める/ 促進 (する) の/ 早まる	Jinsokuka (suru)/ Hayameru * (to quicken (e.g. one's step); to speed up; to accelerate/ to bring forward (e.g. by 3 hours); to advance; to hasten (e.g. one's death); to expedite; to precipitate)/ Hakushawokakeru * (to spur (on); to expedite; to encourage)/ Hakusha ga kakaru * (to expedite; to encourage; to spur (on))/ Isogu * (to hurry; to rush; to hasten; to make something happen sooner)/ Unagasu * (to urge; to encourage; to press; to prompt; to draw (attention to)/ to stimulate (e.g. growth); to hasten (e.g. development); to quicken; to accelerate; to promote)/ Susumeru * (to advance; to move forward; to put (a clock, watch) forward/ to carry forward (plans, work, etc.); to proceed with; to make progress in; to further; to advance; to hasten; to speed up/ to raise; to elevate; to promote; to develop; to stimulate (e.g. one's appetite))/ Sokushin (suru/ no) * (promotion; acceleration; encouragement; facilitation; spurring on)/ Hayamaru * (to be brought forward (e.g. by three hours); to be moved up; to be advanced/ to be hasty; to be rash/ to quicken; to speed up; to gather speed)
Verb-Act	To expire	期限が切れる	Kigen ga kireru
Verb-Act	To expunge	拭い取る/ 消去 (する)/ 抹殺 (する)/ 滅殺 (する)	Nugui toru * (to wipe off; to wipe out; to expunge)/ Shōkyo (suru) * (erasure; deletion; elimination; clearing)/ Massatsu (suru) * (erasure; obliteration)/ Messatsu (suru) * (obliteration; annihilation)

Verb-Act	To fabricate	加工 (する)/ 作り上げる/ でっち上げる/ 朝日る (アサヒる)/ 作る/ 偽造 (する/ の)/ 創作 (する)/ 虚構 (する/ の)/ 捏造 (する)	Kakō (suru) * (manufacturing; processing; treatment; machining)/ Tsukuriageru * (can mean 'to build up; to complete; to construct; to create; to put together', but also 'to make up; to fabricate; to invent; to cook up')/ Detchiageru * (can mean 'to fabricate; to invent; to make up (a story); to cook up; to trump up (a charge); to concoct', but also 'to cobble together; to put together (in a slapdash manner)')/ Asahiru * (to fabricate (stories); to make up/ slang, Jocular, humorous term, based on alleged behaviour of the Asahi newspaper)/ Tsukuru * (means 'to make; to produce; to manufacture; to build; to construct', but can also mean 'to prepare (food); to brew (alcohol)' or 'to fabricate (an excuse, etc.)'/ Gizō (suru/ no) * (forgery; counterfeiting; fabrication; falsification/ counterfeit)/ Sōsaku (suru) * (can mean 'creation; production; creative work (novel, film, etc.); original work; (creative) writing', but can also mean 'fabrication; fiction; invention')/ Kyokō (suru/ no) * (fiction; fabrication; concoction)/ Netsuzō (suru) * (fabrication; forgery; falsehood; hoax/ frameup)
Verb-Act	To facilitate	促進 (する)/ 容易にする/ 助ける/ 円滑にする/ 易化 (する)	Sokushin (suru) * (promotion; acceleration; encouragement; facilitation; spurring on)/ Yōi ni suru * (to facilitate; to make easy; to simplify)/ Tasukeru * (to facilitate; to stimulate; to promote; to contribute to)/ Enkatsu ni suru * (to smooth; to harmonize; to facilitate; to streamline)/ Ika (suru) * (simplification; facilitation; becoming easy)
Verb-Act	To fade	色褪せる/ 萎む/ 抜ける/ 薄れる	Iroaseru * (to fade (of a colour); to grow dull in color (colour)/ to lose vividness; to lose freshness; to grow stale; to pale)/ Shibomu * (to wither (of flowers, dreams, etc.); to wilt; to droop; to shrivel; to fade (away); to sag; to deflate)/ Nukeru * (means 'to fade; to discolour', but can also mean 'to come out; to fall out; to be omitted; to be missing; to escape; to come loose')/ Usureru * (to fade; to become dim)
Verb-Act	To fall off	落ちる	Ochiru
Verb-Act	To fasten one's seat belt	シートベルトを締める	Shitoberuto o shimeru

Verb-Act	To feature	機能 (する)/ 特集 (する)/ フィーチャー (する)	Kinō (suru) * (function; facility; faculty; feature)/ Tokushū (suru) * (feature (e.g. newspaper); special edition; report)/ Fīchā (suru) * (feature)
Verb-Act	To fill up (the bathtub) with (hot) water	お湯張り (お湯はり) (する)	Oyu hari (suru)
Verb-Act	To filter (to filter out)	フィルタリングする/ 滲す/ 漏れる/ 濾過 (する) (フィルタリングする)	Firutaringu suru/ Kosu * (to filter; to strain)/ Moreru * (to leak out; to escape; to come through; to shine through; to filter out)/ Roka (suru) * (filtration; filtering; percolation) (firutaringu suru)
Verb-Act	To find a solution (to search for a solution)	解決策を見つける/ 八方丸く収まる (解決策を探す/ 模索 (する)/ 求める)	Kaiketsusaku o mitsukeru/ Happō marukuosamaru * (to find a solution (after struggle)) (Kaiketsusaku o sagasu/ Mosaku (suru) * (groping (for); fumbling around (for); searching (for an answer, solution, etc.); trying to find)/ Motomeru * (to seek; to search for; to look for; to pursue (pleasure); to hunt (a job); to find (a solution)))
Verb-Act	To fit in	フィット (する)/ 溶け込む/ 適合 (する)/ 入る/ 入りきる/ 入れる	Fitto (suru)/ Tokekomu * (to blend into (surroundings); to fit in; to adapt to; to integrate/ to melt into; to dissolve into; to merge into)/ Tekigō (suru) * (conformity; compatibility; adaptability; congruity; congruence)/ Hairu * (to (be able to) fit (in a container, building, etc.); to be (able to be) held; to be (able to be) accommodated)/ Iri kiru * (to fit (inside something))/ Ireru * (to put in; to let in; to take in; to bring in; to insert; to install (e.g. software); to set (a jewel, etc.); to ink in (e.g. tattoo)/ to admit; to accept; to employ; to hire/ to admit; to accept; to employ; to hire/ to include)
Verb-Act	To fizzle	シュワシュワ (する)/ ポシャる/ 立ち消える/ 不発に終わる	Shuwashuwa (suru) * (Bubbliness (of a carbonated drink); sound of bubbles)/ Posharu * (to fall through (of a plan, project, etc.); to fail)/ Tachigieru * (to fall through (of plans, etc.); to fizzle out)/ Fuhatsu ni owaru * (to come to naught; to end in failure; to fizzle out)
Verb-Act	To flick	弾く/ フリック (する)	Hajiku * (to flip; to snap; to flick)/ Furikku (suru)
Verb-Act	To flunk	失敗 (する)/ 試験ではねられる	Shippai (suru) * (failure; mistake; blunder)/ Shiken de hanerareru * (to get flunked in an examination)
Verb-Act	To follow the road (the follow the way)	道に従う (道に従う)	michi ni shitagau (michi ni shitagau)
Verb-Act	To forge (to counterfeit)	偽造 (する/ の)/ 似せる/ 擬製 (する)/ 模造 (模造) (する/ の)	Gizō (suru/ no)/ Niseru/ Gisei (suru)/ Mozō (suru/ no)

Verb-Act	To fracture	折る/ 折れる/ 骨折 (する)	Oru * (to break; to fracture; to break off; to snap off; to pick (e.g. flowers)/ to fold; to bend)/ Oreru * (to break; to be broken; to snap; to fracture/ to be folded)/ Kossetsu (suru) * (bone fracture)
Verb-Act	To fry	揚げる	Ageru
Verb-Act	To fulfill (to meet demands/ requirements)	満たす/ 叶える (適える)	Mitasu/ Kanaeru
Verb-Act	To fuse	融合 (する)	Yūgō (suru)
Verb-Act	To gang up on	群がる (叢がる/ 簇がる)/ 集団で攻撃する/ ギャングアップ (する)	Muragaru/ Shūdan de kōgeki suru/ Gyanguappu (suru)
Verb-Act	To gape	穴が開く/ 大口を開ける	Anagaaku/ Ōguchi o akeru * (to gape; to open one's mouth wide)
Verb-Act	To gargle	うがいをする (嗽をする) (うがい (する))/ 含嗽 (する)/ 漱ぐ (すすぐ)/ 漱ぐ (くちすすぐ)	Ugai o suru (ugai suru) * (gargling; rinsing one's mouth)/ Gansō (suru) * (gargling; rinsing one's mouth)/ Susugu * (to rinse (one's mouth); to gargle)/ Kuchisusugu * (to gargle; to rinse (the mouth)/ same kanji as susugu, only different hiragana characters)
Verb-Act	To gather	集まる/ 集める	Atsumaru/ Atsumeru
Verb-Act	To gather dust	ほこりを集める	Hokori o atsumeru
Verb-Act	To gather wood	木材を集める	Mokuzai o atsumeru
Verb-Act	To generate	生成 (する)/ 来たす/ ジェネレート (する)	Seisei (suru)/ Kitasu/ Jenerēto (suru)
Verb-Act	To get drunk	よっぱらう (酔っ払う)/ 酔う/ 酔いが回る/ 食べ酔う/ 酒気を帯びる	Yopparau/ You * (to get drunk; to become intoxicated/ to feel sick (e.g. in a vehicle); to become nauseated/ to be elated; to be exalted; to be spellbound; to be in raptures)/ Yoigamawaru * (to get drunk; to become tipsy)/ Tabe you * (to get drunk)/ Shukiwoobiru * (to tie one on * (to become intoxicated; go on a drinking spree); to get drunk)
Verb-Act	To get food (let's get some food)	食べ物を得る/ 食べ物を手に入れる/ 何か食べるものを手に入れる/ 出してくれる (食べ物を手に入れましょう)	Tabemono o eru/ Tabemono o teniireru/ Nani ka taberu mono o teniireru * (to get something to eat)/ Dashite kureru * (to take out (e.g. garbage); to put out (e.g. dishes on table); to serve (e.g. meal); to get out (e.g. food from cupboard); to submit (e.g. ideas, opinions); to provide for; to pay for; to foot the bill) (tabemono o te ni iremashou)
Verb-Act	To get hurt	怪我をする/ 怪我 (する)/ 傷がつく/ 傷つく/ 傷つけたく	Kegawosuru/ Kega (suru)/ Kizu ga tsuku/ Kizutsuku/ Kizutsuketaku * (to wound; to injure/ to hurt someone's feelings (pride, etc.)/ to damage; to chip; to scratch)
Verb-Act	To get ready (for/ to)	準備 (する)/ 用意 (する)/ 備える (具える)/ 揃える/ 整える	Junbi (suru)/ Yōi (suru)/ Sonaeru/ Soroeru/ Totonoeu

Verb-Act	To get rid of	取り除く / 退治 (する) / 消し去る / 排除 (する) / 除去 (する) / 根絶 (する) / 無くす (なくす) / 跳ね除ける	Torinozoku * (to remove; to deinstall; to take away; to set apart) / Taiji (suru) * (extermination; elimination; eradication; destruction; suppression; subjugation; getting rid of; stamping out; wiping out; rooting out) / Keshi saru * (to get rid of; to erase; to dispel; to eradicate; to wipe away) / Haijo (suru) * (exclusion; removal; elimination; clearing away; getting rid of) / Jokyo (suru) * (removal; getting rid of) / Konzetsu (suru) * (eradication; extermination; rooting out; stamping out; getting rid of) / Nakusu * (to get rid of; to eliminate; to remove; to eradicate; to abolish/ to lose (something)) / Hanenokeru * (to reject; to remove; to take out/ to push aside; to thrust aside; to brush aside; to throw off; to shrug off (e.g. pressure))
Verb-Act	To get something fixed	何かを修正する	Nanika o shūsei suru
Verb-Act	To get up early (to wake up early)	早く起きる (早く起きる)	Hayaku okiru (hayaku okiru)
Verb-Act	To get up late (to wake up late)	遅く起きる (遅く起きる)	Osoku okiru (osoku okiru)
Verb-Act	To get used up	切れる / 切らす / 尽きる / 無くなる (なくなる) / 無うなる (のうなる) / 費える (ついでる) / 仕舞う (しまう) / 済む / 終わる	Kireru / Kirasu / Tsukiru / Nakunaru / Nō naru / Tsuieru * (to be used up (of money, savings, etc.); to dwindle away/ to be wasted (of time)/ to have faded) / Shimau * (to do completely; to finish) / Sumu * (to finish; to end; to be completed) / Owaru * (to end; to come to an end; to close; to finish)
Verb-Act	To give (someone) a treat	奢る	Ogoru
Verb-Act	To give a break (ie. give me a break)	休憩を与える (つまり、私に休憩を与える)	Kyūkei o ataeru (tsumari, watashi ni kyūkei o ataeru)
Verb-Act	To give a gift (to provide a gift)	贈り物をする (贈り物をする)	Okurimono o suru (okurimono o suru)
Verb-Act	To give away	上げる (あげる)	Ageru
Verb-Act	To give birth	出産 (する)	Shussan (suru)
Verb-Act	To give shelter to (to lodge; to accommodate)	泊める	Tomeru
Verb-Act	To give up	諦める	Akirameru
Verb-Act	To go off (to detonate)	発火 (する) (爆発 (する))	Hakka (suru) * (ignition; combustion; catching fire) (Bakuhatsu (suru) * (explosion; detonation; blast; blowing up; eruption/ outburst (of emotion); explosion (e.g. of anger); eruption (e.g. of discontent)))
Verb-Act	To gobble	むしゃむしゃ食べる / ペロりと平らげる	Mushamushataberu / Perori to tairageru
Verb-Act	To graduate	卒業 (する) / 終わる	Sotsugyō (suru) / Oeru

Verb-Act	To grapple (to wrestle)	組む/ 組み合う/ 取り組む (格闘 (する))	Kumu/ Kumiau * (to form a partnership or association; to join together; to grapple with)/ Torikumu * (to grapple with; to wrestle with; to engage in a bout; to be matched against) (Kakutō (suru))
Verb-Act	To grate	下ろす (おろす)	Orosu
Verb-Act	To graze	放牧 (する)	Hōboku (suru)
Verb-Act	To guard	警備 (する)/ 護衛 (する)/ 守る/ 衛護 (する)/ 警衛 (する)/ 警戒 (する)/ ガード (する)	Keibi (suru)/ Goei (suru)/ Mamoru/ Eigo (suru)/ Keiei (suru)/ Keikai (suru)/ Gādo (suru)
Verb-Act	To gulp (to gulp down)	飲み込む/ 飲む/ がぶ飲み (する)/ ごっくん (する)/ がぶがぶ (する)/ 呷る/ 飲み下す/ かき込む (ゴクゴクと飲み込む/ ゴクゴク飲む)	Nomikomu/ Nomu/ Gabunomi (suru)/ Gokkun (suru)/ Gabugabu (suru)/ Aoru/ Nomikudasu/ Kakikomu * (to bolt down (food); to gulp down; to shovel (into one's mouth)) (Gokugoku to nomikomu/ Gokugoku nomu)
Verb-Act	To gyrate	回転 (する)	Kaiten (suru)
Verb-Act	To hammer	打ち込む/ ハンマーで叩く/ 叩く	Uchikomu/ Hanmā de tataku/ Tataku
Verb-Act	To hand over	渡す/ 引き渡す/ 受渡す/ 譲る	Watasu/ Hikiwatasu/ Ukwatasu/ Yuzuru
Verb-Act	To hang around	徘徊 (する)/ うろちょろ (ウロチョロ) (する)/ ぶらぶら (ブラブラ) (する/ と/ な)/ 彷徨く/ 入り浸る/ うろうろ (する)	Haikai (suru)/ Urochoro (suru)/ Burabura (suru/ to/ na)/ Urotsuku/ Iribitaru/ Urōro (suru)
Verb-Act	To hang out (to hang around; to dangle)	ぶらぶら (ブラブラ) (する/ と/ な)/ 彷徨く/ 入り浸る	Burabura (suru/ to/ na)/ Urotsuku/ Iribitaru
Verb-Act	To happen unexpectedly	予期せぬことが起こる/ 舞い込む	Yokisenu koto ga okoru/ Maikomu * (to drop in unexpectedly; to happen unexpectedly)
Verb-Act	To harden (to solidify)	固まる/ 固める (堅める)	Katamaru/ Katameru
Verb-Act	To harvest	収穫 (する)	Shūkaku (suru)
Verb-Act	To hasten (to haste)	急ぐ (急ぐ)	Isogu (isogu)
Verb-Act	To have (problems, debts, etc.) (to be burdened with)	問題がある/ 問題を持つ/ 問題である/ 問題が発生する/ 問題が生じる/ 抱える/ 波立つ	Mondai ga aru/ Mondai o motsu/ Mondaidearu/ Mondai ga hassei suru/ Mondai ga shōjiru/ Kakaeru/ Namidatsu
Verb-Act	To have a sip	一口飲む	Hitokuchi nomu
Verb-Act	To have a tunnel vision (to roominate)	トンネルビジョンを持つ/ トンネルビジョンがある/ 自分勝手な物の見方をする (自分勝手なものの見方をする)/ 自分勝手な方の見方をする	Ton'nerubijon o motsu/ Ton'nerubijon ga aru/ Jibungattena mono no mikata o suru * (to have a selfish way of looking at things; to have an egoistical way of looking at things; to be egoistic)/ Jibungattena kata no mikata o suru

Verb-Act	To have an eye on	目を光らせる/ 目をつける/ 目指す/ 目がとまる/ 狙う	Me o hikaraseru * (to keep a watchful eye on)/ Mewotsukeru * (to have an eye on; to zero in on)/ Mezasu * (to aim at (for, to do, to become); to try for; to have an eye on)/ Me ga tomaru * (to have one's eye caught on something; to have one's attention drawn to something)/ Nerau * (to aim at (with a weapon, etc.)/ to be after (something or someone); to have an eye on; to plan to make one's own/ to aim for; to set up as a goal)
Verb-Act	To have another go	もう一度行く	Mōichido iku
Verb-Act	To have enough (to have sufficient) (of)	十分に持つ/ 十分がある	Jūbun ni motsu/ Jūbun ga aru
Verb-Act	To have enough of (ie. to have had enough of (it), I had enough of it)	懲り懲り (する/ な)/ お腹いっぱい	Korigori (suru/ na)/ Onaka-ippai
Verb-Act	To have plenty	たくさん持つ (沢山持つ)	Takusan motsu
Verb-Act	To have sex	愛し合う/ セックス (する)/ 抱く (だく)/ 体を交える	Aishiau/ Sekkusu (suru)/ Daku/ Karada o majieru
Verb-Act	To help out	助け出す/ 救う/ 力を貸す/ 手を伸べる/ 助ける/ 急を救う/ 愛恤 (する)/ 差し伸べる	Tasukedasu * (to help out of (trouble); to extricate)/ Sukuu * (to rescue from; to help out of; to save)/ Chikara o kasu * (to assist; to help out)/ Te o noberu * (to lend a hand; to give a hand; to help; to extend a helping hand)/ Tasukeru * (to help; to assist)/ Kyūwosukuu * (to help (a person) out of danger)/ Aiji ~yutsu (suru) * (helping someone out of pity)/ Sashinoberu * (to hold out; to extend (e.g. one's hands); to stretch; to reach out for/ to offer (e.g. aid, help, etc.))
Verb-Act	To help each other out	お互いに助け合う	Otagai ni tasukeau
Verb-Act	To help someone out	誰かを助ける	Dareka o tasukeru
Verb-Act	To herd	群れる/ 群集 (する)/ 追い込む	Mureru * (to crowd; to flock; to swarm)/ Gunshū (suru) * (crowd; community; group; herd; gathering; assembly)/ Oikomu * (to herd; to drive; to chase; to corral/ to corner; to force someone into doing/ to go hard; to push yourself; to make a last charge)
Verb-Act	To hike	ハイキング (する)	Haikingu (suru)
Verb-Act	To hold (to maintain)	保持 (する)	Hoji (suru)
Verb-Act	To hold an event	イベントを開催 (する)/ 催しを開催 (する)	Ibento o kaisai (suru)/ Moyōshi o kaisai (suru)
Verb-Act	To hold an object	物体を保持 (する)/ 物体を持つ	Buttai o hoji (suru)/ Buttai o motsu
Verb-Act	To hold apart (to keep apart; to keep separate)	離しておく/ 離しておく; 離しておく)	Hanashite oku (hanashite oku; hanashite oku)

Verb-Act	To hold back something (to keep something hidden)	制する/(を) こらえる (堪える)/ 何かを抑える/ 抑える (何かを隠しておく)	Seisuru * (to hold back, ie. emotions etc.)/ (o) Koraeru/ Nanika o osaeru * (it can also mean to hold back something literally, ie. push something down; hold something down, ie. object)/ Osaeru (nanika o kakushite oku)
Verb-Act	To hold out (for)	持ちこたえる/ 耐える	Mochikotaeru * (to hold out (e.g. against an attack); to hang on; to withstand; to endure; to last)/ Taeru * (to bear; to stand; to endure; to put up with/ to support; to withstand; to resist; to brave)
Verb-Act	To hollow out	抉る/ 凹める/ えぐり取る (抉り取る/ えぐりとる)/ 決る/ 中空にする	Eguru * (to gouge; to hollow out; to bore; to excavate; to scoop out)/ Kubomeru * (to hollow out)/ Eguri toru * (to dig out; to hollow out; to cut into)/ Kimaru * (to dig out; to gouge out; to hollow out)/ Chūkū ni suru * (to make hollow)
Verb-Act	To hone	研ぐ/ 磨く/ 研ぎ澄ます/ ホーン (する)/ 磨きをかける	Togu * (to sharpen; to hone; to whet; to grind/ to scour; to polish; to burnish)/ Migaku * (to polish; to shine; to burnish; to scour; to scrub; to brush (teeth); to grind (e.g. a lens)/ to refine (a skill, etc.); to improve; to hone; to polish (up); to cultivate (one's character))/ Togisumasu * (to sharpen; to grind; to whet; to hone; to make keen)/ Hōn (suru) * (hone (tool); whetstone)/ Migaki o kakeru * (to polish up (on); to refine; to hone; to round out/ to polish (by rubbing))
Verb-Act	To ignite	着火 (する)	Chakka (suru)
Verb-Act	To imbibe	吸い込む/ 吸収 (する)	Suikomou/ Kyūshū (suru)
Verb-Act	To imitate (to copy; to mimic)	真似 (マネ) (する)/ 倣う/ 真似る/ 写す/ 見習う/ 模す/ 擬す/ 模する/ 擬する/ 似せる/ 模擬 (模擬) (する/ の)/ 人まね (する) (模倣 (する/ の), 模倣 (する/ の))	Mane (suru)/ Narau/ Maneru/ Utsusu/ Minarau/ Mosu/ Gisu/ Mo suru/ Gisuru/ Niseru/ Mogi (suru/ no)/ Hitomane (suru) (Mohō (suru/ no), mohō (suru/ no))
Verb-Act	To impersonate	なりすます (成りすます) * (yes, the verb looks like a polite form by standard)/ 名乗る/ 声色を使う/ 名を騙る	Narisumasu/ Nanoru * (to give one's name (as); to introduce oneself (as)/ to claim to be; to call oneself; to wear the title of/ to reveal oneself (as); to admit to being/ to adopt as one's name; to take (a name)/ to call oneself (name, label, etc.); to give one's name (as); to impersonate or claim (to be someone))/ Kowairo o tsukau * (to mimic someone's voice; to impersonate)/ Na o kataru * (to impersonate someone; to go under a false name; to make fraudulent use of someone's name)
Verb-Act	To illegally download (e.g. of copyrighted works)	違法ダウンロード (する)	Ihō daunrōdo (suru)
Verb-Act	To include	含める/ 含む	Fukumeru/ Fukumu

Verb-Act	To infect	感染 (する)/ 移す (遷す)	Kansen (suru)/ Utsusu
Verb-Act	To inhale (to breathe)	息をする/ 吸う/ 呼吸 (する)/ 息をつく (息を吐く/ 息を付く/ いきをつく)/ ブレス (する)	Iki o suru/ Suu/ Kokyū (suru)/ Iki o tsuku * (to take a breath; to take a short rest)/ Buresu (suru)
Verb-Act	To initiate	開始 (する)/ 始める	Kaishi (suru)/ Hajimeru
Verb-Act	To innovate	革新 (する)/ 改革 (する)/ 更新 (する)/ 変革 (する)	Kakushin (suru) * (reform; innovation)/ Kaikaku (suru) * (reform; reformation; reorganization; innovation)/ Kōshin (suru) * (renewal; update; replacement; renovation; breaking (a record))/ Henkaku (suru) * (change; transformation; reform; revolution; revolutionizing; innovation; upheaval)
Verb-Act	To insert the card (to insert a card)	カードを入れる (カードを入れる)	Kādo o ireru (kādo o ireru)
Verb-Act	To intercept	迎撃 (する)/ 邀撃 (する)/ 遮る/ せき止める/ 傍受 (する)/ 盗聴 (する)/ 要撃 (する)/ インターセプト (インタセプト) (する)/ 迎え撃つ	Geigeki (suru) * (intercept; interception; counter-attack)/ Yōgeki (suru) * (interception; counter-attack)/ Saegiru * (to interrupt; to obstruct (a view, someone's way, etc.); to block (light, wind, etc.); to intercept; to cut off)/ Sekitomeru * (to dam up; to hold back; to keep back; to bring to a halt; to intercept/ to stem (an activity); to check (e.g. progress))/ Bōju (suru) * (interception; monitoring; tapping)/ Tōchō (suru) * (interception (email); wiretap; bug/ telephone tapping)/ Yōgeki (suru) * (ambush/ interception; counter-attack)/ Intāseputo (intaseputo) (suru) * (interception (of a pass)/ intercept)/ Mukaeutsu * (to meet (the enemy) and attack; to engage (the approaching enemy); to confront; to intercept)
Verb-Act	To invent	発明 (する)/ 考え出す/ 生み出す	Hatsumei (suru)/ Kangaedasu/ Umidasu
Verb-Act	To invert (to turn around)	反転 (する) (振り返る/ 振り向く/ 向きを変える)	Hanten (suru) * (rolling over; turning over/ turning around (the other way); reversal (of direction, course, etc.); inversion; flipping/ producing a positive from a negative; producing a negative from a positive * (photography)) (Furikaeru * (to turn one's head; to look over one's shoulder; to turn around; to look back/ to think back (on); to reminisce; to look back (on); to reflect (on))/ Furimuku * (to turn one's face; to turn around; to look over one's shoulder)/ Mukiwokaeru * (to change direction))
Verb-Act	To isolate	隔離 (する/ の)	Kakuri (suru/ no)
Verb-Act	To jab	ジャブ (する)	Jabu (suru)

Verb-Act	To jeopardize	危険にさらす/ 脅かす	Kiken'nisarasu * (to expose to danger; to imperil; to jeopardize)/ Odokasu * (to threaten (e.g. peace); to jeopardize; to endanger; to imperil)
Verb-Act	To jettison	投棄 (する)/ 捨てる/ 投げ捨てる/ 投げる	Tōki (suru) * (abandonment; giving up; throwing away; disposal; dumping)/ Suteru * (to throw away; to cast away; to dump; to discard/ to abandon; to desert; to leave/ to give up; to resign)/ Nagesuteru * (to throw away)/ Nageru * (to throw; to hurl; to fling; to toss; to cast)
Verb-Act	To journey (to travel; to make a trip)	旅行 (する)/ 旅する	Ryokō (suru)/ Tabi suru
Verb-Act	To jump over the fence	柵を飛び越える/ 垣を飛び越える	Saku o tobikoeru/ Kaki o tobikoeru
Verb-Act	To keep	保つ	Tamotsu
Verb-Act	To keep away	遠ざける/ 遠ざく	Tōzakeru * (to keep away; to keep at a distance)/ Tohozaku * (to keep away; to keep at a distance)
Verb-Act	To keep in effect	効果を維持する	Kōka o iji suru
Verb-Act	To keep in place	所定の位置に保つ	Shotei no ichi ni tamotsu
Verb-Act	To keep safe	安全を守る	Anzen o mamoru
Verb-Act	To keep someone busy	誰かを忙しくさせる/ 忙しくする/ 忙しく保つ/ 忙しく続ける	Dareka o isogashiku saseru * (to keep someone busy)/ Isogashiku suru * (to keep busy)/ Isogashiku tamotsu * (to keep busy)/ Isogashiku tsudzukeru * (to continue being busy, to keep being busy; to keep on being busy)
Verb-Act	To kick off	キックオフ (する)/ 蹴飛ばす	Kikkuofu (suru) * (kickoff/ kick-off)/ Ketobasu * (to kick away; to kick off; to kick hard/ to refuse curtly; to reject outright)
Verb-Act	To knit	編む/ 組む	Amu/ Kumu * (to braid; to plait)
Verb-Act	To knock down (to floor; to be knocked down)	ダウン (する)	Daun (suru)
Verb-Act	To label (to label something; to label someone as)	ラベルを付ける/ 札を付ける (何かにラベルを付ける; レッテルを貼る/ 誰かにラベルを付ける)	Raberu o tsukeru/ Fudawotsukeru (Nanika ni raberu o tsukeru; Retteru o haru * (to label (someone as))/ Dareka ni raberu o tsukeru)
Verb-Act	To launch (ie. to release a product on the market)	発売 (する)/ 進出 (する)	Hatsubai (suru)/ Shinshutsu (suru)
Verb-Act	To launch (to shoot)	発射 (する)/ 打ち上げる (打上げる/ 打ち揚げる/ 打揚げる/ うちあげる)	Hassha (suru)/ Uchiageru

Verb-Act	To lay awake	目を覚まして横たわる/ 眠らずに横になって (眠らずに横になる/ 眠らずに横になっている)/ 眠らないでいる/ 目を覚ましたまま横になっている/ 目覚めたままである/ 目覚めたまま(で)/ 眠らず/ 寝ず	Me o samashite yokotawaru/ Nemurazu ni yoko ni natte (nemurazu ni yoko ni naru/ nemurazu ni yoko ni natte iru)/ Nemuranaide iru/ Me o samashita mama yoko ni natte iru/ Mezameta mama de iru * (keep waking up; staying awake)/ Mezameta mama (de)/ Nemurazu * (without sleep; no sleep)/ Nezu * (without sleep; no sleep)
Verb-Act	To lean forward	前傾(する)	Zenkei (suru) * (forward inclination (of the body); bending forward)
Verb-Act	To lean backward	後ろに傾く	Ushiro ni katamuku
Verb-Act	To let pass	見送る/ 見過ごす(見過す)/ 見逃す (見遁す)/ 通す	Miokuru/ Misugosu/ Minogasu/ Tōsu
Verb-Act	To lever	レバーにする	Rebā ni suru
Verb-Act	To leverage	活用(する)/ 生かす	Katsuyō (suru) * (practical use; application; making good use of; putting to good use; capitalizing on)/ Ikasu * (to make (the best) use of; to put to good use; to leverage (skills, attributes, experience, etc.); to capitalise on (experience, etc.))
Verb-Act	To lift weights	重を持ち上げる/ 重量を持ち上げる/ ウェイトを持ち上げる/ ウェイトを引き上げる/ ウェイトを上げる/ 重みを上げる	Omomi o mochiageru/ Jūryō o mochiageru/ U~eito o mochiageru/ Ueito o hikiageru/ Ueito o ageru/ Omomi o ageru
Verb-Act	To limp	ぐったり(する/ と)	Guttari (suru/ to)
Verb-Act	To line up (to stand in line)	並ぶ(列に並ぶ)/ 列に並んで待つ	Narabu (retsu ni narabu)/ Retsu ni narande matsu * (to wait in line)
Verb-Act	To link (to cooperate; to work together)	連携(する)	Renkei (suru)
Verb-Act	To live up to (ie. to live up to one's standards)	(に) 応える/ 沿う(そう)/ 添う (副う/ そう)(つまり, 自分の基準に従う)	(ni) Kotaeru/ Sou (sō)/ Sou (sō) (tsumari, jibun no kijun ni shitagau)
Verb-Act	To load (to stow; ie. cargo, luggage)	積み込む/ 積む/ 載せる(乗せる)/ 載せ込む(乗せ込む)/ ロード(する)	Tsumikomu/ Tsumu/ Noseru (noseru)/ Nose komu (nose komu)/ Rōdo (suru)
Verb-Act	To load (to upload; ie. a data file in a computer)	載せ込む(乗せ込む)/ ロード (する)/ 載荷(する)	Nose komu/ Rōdo (suru)/ Saika (suru)
Verb-Act	To lock out	閉鎖(する)/ ロックアウト(する)	Heisa (suru)/ Rokkuauto (suru)
Verb-Act	To log off (to log out; to sign off)	ログオフ(する)(ログアウト (する); サインオフ(する))	Roguofu (suru) (roguauto (suru); sain'ofu (suru))
Verb-Act	To log on (to log in; to sign in)	ログオン(する)(ログイン(する); サインイン(する))	Roguon (suru) (roguin (suru); sain'in (suru))
Verb-Act	To loot (to sack)	略奪(する)/ 略取(する)/ 鹵獲 (する)/ 盗掠(する)(略奪(する))	Ryakudatsu (suru) * (pillage; plunder; looting; robbery)/ Ryakushu (suru) * (capture; looting; plundering)/ Rokaku (suru) * (capture (of enemy weapons, supplies, etc.); seizure; plunder/ looting)/ Tōryaku (suru) * (stealing; looting; plundering) (ryakudatsu (suru))

Verb-Act	To magnify (to intensify)	拡大 (する) (強める)	Kakudai suru (tsuyomeru)
Verb-Act	To maintain	維持 (する)/ 保存 (する)/ 保持 (する)/ 保つ/ 繋ぐ (つなぐ)	iji (suru)/ Hozon (suru)/ Hoji (suru)/ Tamotsu/ Tsunagu
Verb-Act	To maintain standards	基準を維持する/ 品質を維持する	Kijun o iji suru/ Hinshitsu o iji suru
Verb-Act	To make a difference	違いを生む	Chigai o umu
Verb-Act	To make no difference	違いを生まない	Chigai o umanai
Verb-Act	To make dinner (to cook dinner)	夕食を作る/ 夕食を調理する/ 夕食を料理する	Yūshoku o tsukuru/ Yūshoku o chōri suru/ Yūshoku o ryōri suru
Verb-Act	To make dirty	汚す	Yogosu
Verb-Act	To make pale (to become pale)	青ざめる/ 青白くする/ 漂白 (する) (青ざめる)	Aozameru/ Aojiroku suru/ Hyōhaku (suru) (aozameru)
Verb-Act	To make preparations	準備をする	Junbi o suru
Verb-Act	To make sure (that; to see to it that)	様にする (ようにする)/ (それを) 確かめる/ 確認 (する)	Yō ni suru/ (sore o) Tashikameru/ Kakunin (suru)
Verb-Act	To make the bed	ベッドを作る/ 布団を敷く/ 床を伸べる (床を延べる)	Beddo o tsukuru/ Futonwoshiku * (to lay out a futon; to make a bed)/ Toko o noberu * (to spread (make) a bed)
Verb-Act	To make widely known	表す/ 広く知らしめる/ 広く知らせる	Arawasu/ Hiroku shira shimeru/ Hiroku shiraseru
Verb-Act	To malfunction	故障 (する)/ 狂う/ 誤作動 (する)/ 誤動作 (する)	Koshō (suru) * (fault; trouble; breakdown; failure; being out of order/ damage (to a part of the body); injury; hurt)/ Kuruu * (can mean 'to go mad; to lose one's mind; to go crazy; to go insane', but can also mean 'to get out of order; to go amiss; to malfunction; to become imprecise')/ Go sadō (suru) * (malfunction; failure)/ Godōsa (suru) * (malfunction)
Verb-Act	To manufacture	製作 (する)/ 製造 (する)	Seisaku (suru)/ Seizō (suru)
Verb-Act	To maximalize	最大限に抑える/ 最大限に活用する	Saidaigen ni osaeru/ Saidaigen ni katsuyō suru
Verb-Act	To maximize	最大化 (する)	Saidai-ka (suru)
Verb-Act	To may happen (to might happen)	起こるかもしれない (起こるかもしれない)	Okoru kamo shirenai (okoru kamo shirenai)
Verb-Act	To merge in one	一つに統合する (ひとつに統合する)/ 一つに融合する (ひとつに融合する)	Hitotsu ni tōgō suru/ Hitotsu ni yūgō suru
Verb-Act	To mine gold (to mine for gold)	金を採掘する (金を採掘する)	Kin o saikutsu suru (kin o saikutsu suru)
Verb-Act	To minimize	最小限に抑える	Saishōgen ni osaeru
Verb-Act	To minimize	最小化 (する)	Saishō-ka (suru)
Verb-Act	To miss (to not hit, ie. to miss the ball)	逃す/ 外す/ ミスする (ミスヒット)	Nogasu/ Hazusu/ Misu suru (misu hitto)
Verb-Act	To miss out	見逃す	Minogasu

Verb-Act	To miss out on	逃す/ Verb stem + そびれる/ 見逃す	Nogasu * (to miss (e.g. a chance); to lose; to let get away)/ Verb stem + Sobireru * (to miss a chance to do; to fail to do)/ Minogasu * (to miss; to overlook; to fail to notice/ to let pass (a matter); to overlook (e.g. a wrongdoing); to turn a blind eye to/ to pass up (e.g. an opportunity))
Verb-Act	To modernize	近代化 (する)/ 現代化 (する)/ 今めかす/ モダナイズ (する)	Kindai-ka (suru)/ Gendai-ka (suru)/ Ima mekasu/ Modanaizu (suru)
Verb-Act	To mold (to mould)	成形 (する)/ 鑄型にする	Seikei (suru)/ Igata ni suru
Verb-Act	To moor at night	夜泊 (する)	Yahaku (suru)
Verb-Act	To mop	拭う/ モップをかける	Nuguu * (to wipe; to mop up/ to get rid of (an impression, feeling, blemish, etc.); to dispel (e.g. shame); to erase; to remove)/ Moppuwokakeru
Verb-Act	To munch	むしゃむしゃ食べる	Mushamushataberu
Verb-Act	To murder	殺人 (する)/ 殺害 (せつがい/ せちがい)/ 殺す/ 消す/ ばらす (バラす)/ 戮する/ 戮す/ 殺める (危める)	Satsujin (suru)/ Satsugai (setsugai/ sechigai) (suru)/ Korosu/ Kesu/ Barasu/ Riku suru/ Rikusu/ Ayameru
Verb-Act	To mutiny	反乱を起こす	Hanran o okosu
Verb-Act	To neutralize	中和 (する)	chūwa (suru)
Verb-Act	To nibble	かじる (齧る)	Kajiru
Verb-Act	To nick	欠く/ がめる (ガメル)	Kaku * (to chip; to nick; to break; to crack)/ Gameru * (to swipe; to nick; to pilfer)
Verb-Act	To nominate	指名 (する)/ 指す/ 推す/ 任じる/ 任ずる/ 名指す	Shimei (suru)/ Sasu/ Osu/ Ninjiru/ Ninzuru/ Nazasu
Verb-Act	To obey	従う (随う/ 順う/ 遵う)/ 守る (護る/ 成る)/ 服する/ 聞く (聴く)/ 服す/ 奉じる/ 奉ずる	Shitagau/ Mamoru/ Fuku suru/ Kiku/ Fukusu/ Hōjiru/ Hōzuru
Verb-Act	To obfuscate	難読化 (する)	Nandoku-ka (suru)
Verb-Act	To obliterate	消滅させる	Shōmetsu saseru
Verb-Act	To occupy (to hold)	占める/ 占領 (する)	Shimeru/ Senryō (suru)
Verb-Act	To order food	食べ物を注文する/ 食品を注文する	Tabemono o chūmon suru/ Shokuhin o chūmon suru
Verb-Act	To overcome	克服 (する)/ 排する/ 排す	Kokufuku (suru)/ Hai suru/ Haisu
Verb-Act	To overdo (to do too much; to try too hard)	無理をする/ 為過ぎる (し過ぎる)/ 過ごす/ 過ぎる/ 淫する (姪する)	Muri o suru/ Shisugiru/ Sugosu/ Sugiru/ Insuru
Verb-Act	To overhear	立ち聞く	Tachi kiku
Verb-Act	To overload	過負荷になる	Ka fuka ni naru
Verb-Act	To overlook (a mistake, fault, etc.) (to tolerate)	大目に見る/ 見逃す (見遁す)	Ōmenimiru/ Minogasu
Verb-Act	To overpack	過剰梱包 (する)	Kajō konpō (suru)
Verb-Act	To overwork (to work overtime)	過労 (する)/ 働き過ぎる/ 仕事をし過ぎる/ 仕事し過ぎる	Karō (suru)/ Hataraki sugiru/ Shigoto o shi sugiru/ Shigoto shi sugiru
Verb-Act	To pack (to wrap up)	包む (つつむ)/ 包み込む/ 包む (つつむ/ くるむ)/ パック (する)/ 詰める/ 包装 (する)/ 梱包 (する)	Tsutsumu/ Tsutsumikomu/ Tsutsumu (Kurumu)/ Pakku (suru)/ Tsumeru/ Hōsō (suru)/ Konpō (suru) * (packing; crating; packaging)

Verb-Act	To parry	往なす (去なす)/ パリー (する)	Inasu/ Parī (suru)
Verb-Act	To partake	参加 (する)	Sanka (suru)
Verb-Act	To patrol	巡回 (巡廻) (する)/ 巡行 (する)/ 警ら (警邏) (する)/ 見回る (見廻る)/ 循行 (する)/ 回る (廻る)/ 警衛 (する)/ 一巡 (一順) (する)/ 巡邏 (する)/ 巡警 (する)/ 巡察 (する)/ パトロール (する)	Junkai (suru)/ Junkō (suru)/ Keira (suru)/ Mimawaru/ Junkō (suru)/ Mawaru/ Keiei (suru)/ Ichijun (suru)/ Junra (suru)/ Junkei (suru)/ Junsatsu (suru)/ Patorōru (suru)
Verb-Act	To pay a visit	訪問 (する/ の)/ 訪ねる/ 伺う	Hōmon (suru/ no) * (call; visit)/ Tazuneru * (to visit; to call on; to pay a visit to)/ Ukagau * (to call on someone; to call at a place; to pay a visit; to wait on someone)
Verb-Act	To peel	皮をむく/ むく (剥く)	Kawa o muku/ Muku
Verb-Act	To penetrate	浸透 (する)/ 染みる (沁みる/ 浸みる/ 滲みる/ 泌みる)/ 貫く/ 突き破る (突破る)/ 染み込む (しみ込む/ 染みこむ/ 沁み込む/ 滲み込む/ 染込む)/ 通る (徹る)/ 入り込む/ (を) 打開 (する)	Shintō (suru)/ Shimiru/ Tsuranuku/ Tsukiyaburu/ Shimikomu/ Tōru/ Hairikomu/ (O) Dakai (suru) * (to break through)
Verb-Act	To perform (play, stage acting/ musical)	上演 (する)/ 演奏 (する)	Jōen (suru)/ Ensō (suru)
Verb-Act	To perform (to act)	演技 (する)	Engi (suru)
Verb-Act	To perform (to execute, to run; to be carried out)	実行 (する)/ 行う	Jikkō (suru)/ Okonau
Verb-Act	To permeate	浸透 (する)/ 染みる/ 染み込む/ 充満 (する)/ 滲入 (する)/ 瀰漫 (する)/ 透過 (する/ な)	Shintō (suru)/ Shimiru * (to pierce; to penetrate; to soak in; to permeate)/ Shimikomu * (to soak into; to sink into; to seep into; to permeate)/ Jūman (suru) * (being filled with; being full of; permeation)/ Shin'nyū (suru) * (permeation)/ Biman (suru) * (spread; pervasion; permeation)/ Tōka (suru/ na) * (penetration; permeation; transmission)
Verb-Act	To persevere	頑張る/ 耐え忍ぶ/ 耐える/ 根を詰める/ 粘る/ 粘り強くする	Ganbaru * (to persevere; to persist; to keep at it; to hang on; to hold out; to do one's best/ to insist that; to stick to (one's opinion)/ to remain in a place; to stick to one's post; to refuse to budge)/ Taeshinobu * (to put up with; to endure; to bear patiently)/ Taeru * (to bear; to stand; to endure; to put up with/ to support; to withstand; to resist; to brave)/ Konwotsumeru * (to persevere; to keep at something (regardless of one's fatigue))/ Nebaru * (to be sticky; to be adhesive/ to persevere; to persist; to stick to; to hold out; to linger)/ Nebaridzuyoku suru * (do with persistence)

Verb-Act	To persist	持続(する)/ 長引く/ 頑張る/ 踏ん張る/ 粘る/ 突っ張る/ 押し通す/ 食い下がる/ 決める/ 貫く/ し続ける/ 持ち続ける/ 存続 (する)/ 固執(する)/ 持久(する)/ 固持(する)	Jizoku (suru) * (continuation; persisting; lasting; sustaining; enduring)/ Nagabiku * (to be prolonged; to drag on; to take a long time; to persist; to linger)/ Ganbaru * (to persevere; to persist; to keep at it; to hang on; to hold out; to do one's best/ to insist that; to stick to (one's opinion)/ to remain in a place; to stick to one's post; to refuse to budge)/ Funbaru * (to brace one's legs; to stand firm; to plant one's feet (firmly on the ground)/ to hold out; to persist; to make an effort; to exert oneself)/ Nebaru * (to be sticky; to be adhesive/ to persevere; to persist; to stick to; to hold out; to linger)/ Tsupparu * (to be insistent; to persist (in one's opinion); to stick to one's guns)/ Oshitōsu * (to persist in; to carry out; to have one's own way; to push through; to carry through)/ Kuisagaru * (to hang on to; to hang from; to cling to/ to hound; to keep after (someone); to refuse to back down; to persist; to tenaciously face (someone); to doggedly oppose)/ Kimeru * (to decide; to choose; to determine; to make up one's mind; to resolve; to set one's heart on; to settle; to arrange; to set; to appoint; to fix/ to persist in doing; to go through with)/ Tsuranuku * (to stick to (opinion, principles, etc.); to carry out; to persist with; to keep (e.g. faith); to maintain (e.g. independence))/ Shi tsudzukeru * (to continue to do; to persist in doing)/ Mochi
Verb-Act	To pick flowers	花を摘む/ 花を摘み取る	Hanawotsumu/ Hana o tsumitoru
Verb-Act	To pick the lock	ロックを選ぶ	Rokku o erabu
Verb-Act	To pick up a package (to collect a package; to get a package)	小包を受け取る/ パッケージを受け取る/ 荷物を受け取る/ 包みを受け取る/ パッケージを受ける/ 荷物を受ける/ 荷物を貰う (荷物を受け取る; 荷物を受け取る)	Kodzutsumi o uketoru/ Pakkēji o uketoru/ Nimotsu o uketoru * (nimotsu can mean 'luggage; baggage; package')/ Tsutsumi o uketoru/ Pakkēji o ukeru/ Nimotsu o ukeru/ Nimotsu o morau (nimotsu o uketoru; nimotsu o uketoru)
Verb-Act	To pile (to pile up; to stack)	積む (積み重ねる; 積み重ねる)	Tsumu (tsumikasaneru; tsumikasaneru)

Verb-Act	To pillage (to plunder)	略奪 (する)/ 強奪 (する)/ 奪掠 (する)/ 劫掠 (する) (略奪 (する)/ 奪い取る/ 強取 (する)/ 鹵獲 (する)/ 掠める/ 分捕る/ 掠め奪う/ 収奪 (する)/ 略取 (する))	Ryakudatsu (suru)/ Gōdatsu (suru)/ Datsuryaku (suru)/ Gōryaku (suru) (Ryakudatsu (suru)/ Ubaitoru/ Gōshu (suru) * (seizure; plunder; robbery; taking something by force)/ Rokaku (suru) * (capture (of enemy weapons, supplies, etc.); seizure; plunder)/ Kasumeru * (to steal; to rob; to snatch; to pocket; to plunder)/ Bundoru * (to capture; to seize; to plunder)/ Kasume ubau * (to plunder)/ Shūdatsu (suru) * (plundering; exploitation) / Ryakushu (suru) * (capture; looting; plundering/ abduction (using violence or threats); kidnapping))
Verb-Act	To plaster	漆喰にする	Shikkui ni suru
Verb-Act	To play in the mud	泥の中で遊ぶ	Doro no naka de asobu
Verb-Act	To plop	ザブンとする/ どんぶりこする/ ドブンとする/ はねる (跳ねる)/ 座り込む	Zabun to suru * (splash; plop)/ Donburi kosuru * (plop; splash)/ Dobun to suru * (plop; splash)/ Haneru * (to jump; to leap; to prance; to spring up; to bound; to hop/ to break up; to close; to come to an end/ to hit (e.g. to have a car hit something or someone))/ Suwarikomu * (to (enter and) sit down; to plop oneself down; to plant oneself down/ to sit down (and refuse to move); to sit in (in protest))
Verb-Act	To plough (to plow)	耕す	Tagayasu
Verb-Act	To plunder	略奪 (する)	Ryakudatsu (suru)
Verb-Act	To pose	ポーズを取る (ポーズをとる)/ 成りすます (成り済ます/ なり済ます/ 成済ます/ なりすます)/ 決め込む (決めこむ/ 極め込む/ 決込む/ きめこむ)/ 見得を切る (デモンストレーションする)	Pōzu o toru/ Narisumasu/ Kimekomu/ Miewokiru (demonstōrēshon suru)
Verb-Act	To possess	所有 (する)/ 憑依 (する)	Shoyū (suru) * (one's possessions; ownership)/ Hyōi (suru) * (possession (by a spirit, demon, etc.)/ dependence (on))
Verb-Act	To pounce	飛びかかる/ 襲いかかる/ 飛びつく/ 言葉尻を捉える	Tobikakaru * (to spring at; to leap upon; to swoop down on; to throw oneself upon (e.g. an enemy))/ Osoikakaru * (to attack; to go for; to come at; to pounce on; to jump on; to swoop down on)/ Tobitsuku * (to jump at; to leap at; to fly at; to spring at; to pounce on)/ Kotobajiri o toraeru * (to pounce on someone's words; to cavil at someone's words; to trip someone up with their own words)
Verb-Act	To power (to put force)	電源を入れる/ 動力を与える/ 電源する/ 力にする (力を入れる/ 努力する)	Dengenwoireru/ Dōryoku o ataeru/ Dengen suru/ Chikara ni suru (Chikarawoireru/ Doryoku suru)

Verb-Act	To prepare food (to make food)	料理を用意する/ 料理を準備する (料理を作る)	Ryōri o yōi suru/ Ryōri o junbi suru (ryōri o tsukuru)
Verb-Act	To prevail	勝つ/ 行き渡る/ 蔓延る	Katsu * (to win; to gain victory)/ Ikiwataru * (to diffuse; to spread throughout; to prevail; to become widespread; to reach everyone)/ Habikoru * (means 'to become overgrown; to grow thick', but can also mean 'to spread; to run rampant; to thrive; to prevail; to become powerful')
Verb-Act	To proceed (to move forward)	進行 (する)/ 進む/ 進める/ 行く/ 運ぶ	Shinkō (suru)/ Susumu/ Susumeru/ Iku/ Hakobu
Verb-Act	To prolong	延長 (する)/ 引きずる/ 長引かせる/ 伸ばす/ 引っ張る/ 伸びる/ 長引く	Enchō (suru) * (extension; elongation; prolongation; lengthening)/ Hikizuru * (to prolong; to drag out)/ Nagabika seru * (to prolong; to protract; to draw out)/ Nobasu * (means 'to grow long (e.g. hair, nails)/ to lengthen; to extend; to stretch/ to reach out; to hold out/ to straighten; to smooth out', but can also mean 'to postpone' or 'to prolong')/ Hipparu * (means 'to pull; to draw; to pull tight', but can also mean 'to delay; to prolong')/ Nobiru * (means 'to stretch; to extend; to lengthen; to grow (of hair, height, grass, etc.)', but can also mean 'to be prolonged (of a meeting, life span, etc.); to be extended (e.g. of a deadline); to lengthen (e.g. of the days)'/ Nagabiku * (to be prolonged; to drag on; to take a long time; to persist; to linger)
Verb-Act	To propagate	伝播 (する)	Denpa (suru)
Verb-Act	To protect (to defend)	守る/ 防ぐ/ 防御 (する)/ 守護 (する)	Mamoru/ Fusegu/ Bōgyo (suru)/ Shugo (suru)
Verb-Act	To protrude	はみ出す (食み出す/ はみだす)	Hamidasu
Verb-Act	To publish (to announce)	公開 (する)/ 発表 (する)	Kōkai (suru)/ Happyō (suru)
Verb-Act	To publish a book	本を出版する	Hon o shuppan suru
Verb-Act	To pull off (to pull it off)	引き離す (引離す)/ 捲る (引き離す (引離す))	Hikihanasu * (to pull apart; to separate/ to have a lead over; to pull ahead of; to outdistance)/ Mekuru * (to tear off; to strip off; to take off; to pull off (e.g. a blanket); to pull up (e.g. floorboards); to tear up) (hikihanasu)
Verb-Act	To pull off heists	強盗を成功させる	Gōtō o seikō sa seru
Verb-Act	To pull out (to draw out; to take out)	引き出す	Hikidasu
Verb-Act	To pull up	引き上げる	Hikiageru
Verb-Act	To pulse	脈動 (する)	Myakudō (suru)
Verb-Act	To puncture	穴を開ける	Anawoakeru

Verb-Act	To purge	一掃 (する)/ 廓清 (する)/ 肅清 (する)/ 追放 (する)/ 消去 (する)/ 浄化 (する)/ 清める/ パージ (する)	Issō (suru) * (clean sweep; purging; doing away with; eradication)/ Kakusei (suru) * (purification; cleaning up; purging)/ Shukusei (suru) * ((political) purge)/ Tsuihō (suru) * (exile; banishment; eviction; deportation; purge; expulsion; ousting/ elimination (e.g. of poverty); removal)/ Shōkyō (suru) * (erasure; deletion; elimination; clearing/ elimination (of variables) * (mathematics)/ extinction * (psychology))/ Jōka (suru) * (purification/ cleanup (e.g. of politics); purge)/ Kiyomeru * (to purify; to cleanse; to exorcise; to purge; to ward off)/ Pāji (suru) * (purging (data) * (computing)/ purge (esp. of public officials))
Verb-Act	To push forward	前進する	Zenshin suru
Verb-Act	To quaff	飲み込む/ 嚥る/ 仰ぐ/ がぶ飲み (ガブ飲み/ ガブ呑み/ がぶ呑み/ がぶのみ) (する)	Nomikomu/ Susuru/ Aogu/ Gabunomi (suru)
Verb-Act	To quench	癒す (癒やす/ いやす)/ クエンチ (する)/ 渴を癒やす/ 喉の渴きを潤す / 光を消す/ 消光 (する)	Iyasu * (to heal; to cure; to satisfy (e.g. hunger, thirst); to alleviate (e.g. sorrow, fatigue))/ Kuenchi (suru)/ Katsu o iyasu * (to quench one's thirst)/ Nodonokawaki o uruosu * (to quench one's thirst)/ Hikari o kesu * (to quench the light; to extinguish the light; to put out the light (ie. to turn off the light; to switch off the light))/ Shōkō (suru) * (extinction (of light; physics)/ quenching (of fluorescence); chemistry))
Verb-Act	To quicken (to make faster)	速くする/ 早める (速める)	Hayakusuru/ Hayameru
Verb-Act	To raid	襲撃 (する)	Shūgeki (suru)
Verb-Act	To rake	かき集める	Kakitsumeru
Verb-Act	To rampage	暴れる	abareru
Verb-Act	To randomize (to make random)	ランダム化する (ランダムにする)	Randamu-ka suru (randamu ni suru)
Verb-Act	To raze	破壊 (する)/ 突き崩す/ 取り壊す/ 崩す/ 取り崩す	Hakai (suru) * (destruction; disruption)/ Tsuki kuzusu * (to knock down; to tear down; to level; to raze/ to crush (e.g. enemy); to throw into confusion/ to refute; to pick apart; to undermine)/ Torikowasu * (to demolish; to tear down; to pull down)/ Kuzusu * (to destroy; to demolish; to pull down; to tear down; to level)/ Torikuzusu * (to demolish; to tear down; to pull down)
Verb-Act	To reach out to someone/ somebody	誰かに連絡する/ 誰かに連絡する	Dareka ni renraku suru/ Dareka ni renraku suru

Verb-Act	To read through (to peruse)	通読 (する)/ 読破 (する)/ 読みきる/ 読み上げる/ 読み終わる/ 読み破る/ 読み通す (熟読 (する)/ 紐解く)	Tsūdoku (suru) * (reading through; reading over)/ Dokuha (suru) * (reading through (a book); finishing (a book))/ Yomi kiru * (to finish reading; to read through)/ Yomiageru * (to finish reading; to read through)/ Yomi owaru * (to finish reading; to read through)/ Yomiyaburu * (to read through (difficult passage or particularly long book))/ Yomitōsu * (to read to the end; to read through; to read from cover to cover) (Jukudoku (suru) * (careful reading; reading thoroughly; perusal)/ Himotoku * (to read (a book); to open (a book) to read))
Verb-Act	To recall (to revoke)	取り消す (取消す) (リボーク (する))	Torikesu (Ribōku (suru))
Verb-Act	To retract	撤回 (する/ の)	Tekkai (suru/ no)
Verb-Act	To receive (a favor, blessing, benefit)	沐する	Mokusuru
Verb-Act	To recharge your phone	携帯電話を充電する	Geitaidenwa o jūden suru
Verb-Act	To reconstruct (to revive; to restore)	復興 (する)	Fukkō (suru)
Verb-Act	To recruit	募集 (する)/ 採用 (する)/ リクルート (する)	Boshū (suru)/ Saiyō (suru)/ Rikurūto (suru)
Verb-Act	To rectify (to correct; to reform)	正す	Tadasu
Verb-Act	To rectify (to fix)	修正 (する)	Shūsei (suru)
Verb-Act	To recycle	リサイクル (する)/ 再生 (する)	Risaikuru (suru)/ Saisei (suru)
Verb-Act	To refine (a skill, etc.) (to improve)	磨く (研く)	Migaku
Verb-Act	To refrain from doing (to keep from doing)	(する)ことを控える (やらないようにする)	(suru) Koto o Hikaeru * (to be temperate in; to refrain; to abstain; to hold back; to restrain oneself from excessive ...) (Yaranai yō ni suru)
Verb-Act	To refurbish	改修 (する)/ 新装 (する)/ 新調 (する/ の)	Kaishū (suru) * (repair; improvement)/ Shinsō (suru) * (redecorating; remodelling; remodeling; refurbishment)/ Shinchō (suru/ no) * (making (a new suit, dress, etc.); having (something) made; buying new; refurbishing; renovating/ new tune; new melody; new composition)
Verb-Act	To reinstate	復元 (する)	Fukugen (suru)
Verb-Act	To relegate	降格 (する)/ 左遷 (する)	Kōkaku (suru)/ Sasen (suru)
Verb-Act	To render	レンダリング (する)	Rendaringu (suru)
Verb-Act	To renounce	放棄 (抛棄) (する)/ 諦める/ 捨てる (棄てる)/ 投げる/ 投げ出す/ 見放す (見離す)/ 遺棄 (する)/ 投棄 (する)	Hōki (suru)/ Akirameru/ Suteru/ Nageru/ Nagedasu/ Mihanasu/ Iki (suru)/ Tōki (suru)
Verb-Act	To renovate	改修 (する)	Kaishū (suru)

Verb-Act	To reorganize	再編成 (する)/ 再組織 (する)/ 改革 (する)/ 組織再編 (する)/ 改編 (する)/ 改組 (する)/ 再編 (する)/ 改装 (する)/ 改造 (する)/ 立て直す/ 並び替える/ 機構改革 (する)/ 統廃合 (する)/ 再設 (する)/ 再構成 (する)	Sai hensei (suru)/ Sai soshiki (suru)/ Kaikaku (suru) * (reform; reformation; reorganization)/ Soshiki saihen (suru) * (reorganization; reorganisation; restructuring)/ Kaihen (suru)/ Kaiso (suru) * (reorganization; reorganisation; reshuffle)/ Saihen (suru) * (reorganization; reorganisation; reshuffle)/ Kaisō (suru) * (remodelling; remodeling; reorganization; reorganisation)/ Kaizō (suru) * (remodeling; remodelling; reconstruction; conversion; alteration; renovation; modification; reshuffling (e.g. a cabinet); reorganization; restructuring)/ Tatenaosu * (to restore (to former strength); to revive (e.g. the economy); to reorganize; to rearrange; to put right; to recover; to put back on its feet)/ Narabi kaeru * (to reorganize; to rearrange; to put (things) in order)/ Kikō kaikaku (suru) * (reorganization; reorganisation; structural reform)/ Tōhaigō (suru) * (reorganization (e.g. of a company); reorganisation; consolidation; scrap-and-build)/ Sai Setsu (suru) * (re-establishment; reorganization; reorganisation)/ Sai kōsei (suru) * (reconstruction; reorganization; reorganisation; reconstitution; reconfiguration)
Verb-Act	To resign (to resignate)	辞任 (する)/ 辞める/ 辞す/ 辞する/ 止す (辞任 (する))	Jinin (suru)/ Yameru/ Jisu * (to resign (from); to step down; to leave (one's position); to quit)/ Ji suru * (to resign (from); to step down; to leave (one's position); to quit)/ Yosu (Jinin (suru))
Verb-Act	To restart	再起動 (する)	Sakidō (suru)
Verb-Act	To reuse	再使用 (する)/ 再利用 (する/ の)/ もう一度使う/ リユース (する)	Sai shiyō (suru)/ Sai riyō (suru/ no)/ Mōichido tsukau/ Riyūsu (suru)
Verb-Act	To revise (to correct)	改訂 (する) * (revision of text)/ 改定 (する) * (revision of a rule, price, etc.)/ 訂正 (する)	Kaitei (suru) * (revision of text)/ Kaitei (suru) * (revision of a rule, price, etc.)/ Teisei (suru)
Verb-Act	To ring the bell (to ring a bell)	ベルを鳴らす (ベルを鳴らす)	Beruwonarasu (beruwonarasu)
Verb-Act	To rinse your mouth	口をすすぐ	Kuchi o susugu
Verb-Act	To rotate	回転 (する)	Kaiten (suru)
Verb-Act	To ruin	壊す (毀す)/ 滅ぼす/ 倒す (斃す/ 殞す/ 仆す)/ 滅びる (亡びる)/ 台無しにする/ 荒廃 (する)/ 破滅 (する)/ 滅亡 (する)/ 没落 (する)	Kowasu/ Horobosu/ Taosu/ Horobiru/ Dainashi ni suru/ Kōhai (suru)/ Hametsu (suru)/ Metsubō (suru)/ Botsuraku (suru)
Verb-Act	To ruin (to squander; to empty)	傾ける	Katamukeru

Verb-Act	To rule (to reign; to govern)	統治 (する)/ 支配 (する)/ 司る/ 治める/ 経略 (する)/ 見す/ 指導 (する)/ 規定 (する) (統治 (する); 統治 (する))	Tōchi (suru)/ Shihai (suru)/ Tsukasadoru/ Osameru/ Keiryaku (suru)/ Misu/ Shidō (suru)/ Kitei (suru) * (stipulation; provision; regulation) (tōchi (suru); tōchi (suru))
Verb-Act	To run errands (for someone else)	使い走り (する)	Tsukaipashiri (suru)
Verb-Act	To run errands (to go on errands)	用足し (する)	Yōtashi (suru)
Verb-Act	To run out of (to use up; to bring to a close)	しまう (仕舞う)/ しまった (仕舞った)/ 切らす/ 尽きる/ 使い果たす (遣い果す)/ 無くなる (なくなる)/ (Noun/ Verb) + 切れ/ 切れる	Shimau/ Shimatta/ Kirasu/ Tsukiru/ Tsukaihatsu/ Nakunaru/ (Noun/ Verb) + gire (kire)/ Kireru
Verb-Act	To run out of stock (to be out of stock)	品切れする (品切れになる)	Shinagire suru (Shinagire ni naru)
Verb-Act	To run short (of) (to have a shortage)	不足 (する/ な) (不足 (する/ な))	Fusoku (suru/ na) (fusoku (suru/ na))
Verb-Act	To sacrifice	犠牲を払う/ 捧げる (献げる/ ささげる)/ 供える	Gisei o harau/ Sasageru * (devotion, dedication)/ Sonaeru * (offering, dedication)
Verb-Act	To safeguard (to protect; to guard)	保護 (する)/ 保障措置/ 守護 (する/ の)/ 防御 (する)/ セーフガード (する)	Hogo (suru)/ Hoshō sochi/ Shugo (suru/ no)/ Bōgyo (suru)/ Sēfugādo (suru)
Verb-Act	To sand (to polish)	やすりで磨く/ やすりをかける (磨く)	Yasuri de migaku/ Yasuri o kakeru (migaku)
Verb-Act	To satisfy oneself (to feel satisfied; to be proud)	善がる (良がる)	Yogaru
Verb-Act	To saturate	飽和 (する)	Hōwa (suru)
Verb-Act	To saw	鋸で切る/ 切り進む/ 製材 (する)/ 引き切る/ 切り取る	Nokogiri de kiru/ Kiri susumu/ Seizai (suru)/ Hiki kiru/ Kiritoru * (to cut off; to excise; to tear off; to cut out)
Verb-Act	To scavenge	漁る (すなどる/ いさる)/ 清掃 (する)	Asaru (sunadoru/ isaru)/ Seisō (suru)

Verb-Act	To scoop	スクープ (する)/ 掬う/ 汲む/ 汲み取る/ すくい上げる/ 汲み上げる/ 抉る/ 掬する/ 決る/ かい出す/ えぐり出す/ 汲み出す/ すくい取る	Sukūpu (suru)/ Sukuu * (to scoop; to ladle out)/ Kumu * (to draw (water); to ladle; to dip up; to scoop up; to pump)/ Kumitoru * (to draw (water); to scoop up; to dip up; to pump out)/ Sukuiageru * (to scoop up; to dip up)/ Kumiageru * (to draw (water, etc.); to scoop up; to pump up; to dip up)/ Eguru * (to gouge; to hollow out; to bore; to excavate; to scoop out)/ Kiku suru * (to scoop up (with both hands))/ Shakuru * (to dig out; to gouge out; to hollow out/ to scoop; to ladle; to bail/ has the same kanji as 'kimaru', to decide, but different hiragana characters)/ Kaidasu * (to bail out (water); to scoop out)/ Eguri dasu * (to gouge out; to cut out; to scoop out)/ Kumidasu * (to bail out (water); to dip out; to ladle out; to scoop out; to pump out)/ Sukui toru * (to dip out; to scoop up; to ladle out)
Verb-Act	To scratch	掻く/ スクラッチ (する)/ 引っ掻く	Kaku * (to scratch)/ Sukuratchi (suru) * (to scratch)/ Hikkaku * (to scratch; to claw)
Verb-Act	To seclude	隠遁 (する)/ 隔離 (する/ の)/ 隠退 (する)/ 隔絶 (する)/ 幽居 (する)/ 隠れる/ 閉じこもる	Inton (suru) * (retirement (from the world); seclusion)/ Kakuri (suru/ no) * (isolation; segregation; separation; quarantine)/ Intai (suru) * (seclusion; reclusion; retirement (from activities))/ Kakuzetsu (suru) * (isolation; separation; remoteness; seclusion; reclusion; inaccessibility; sequestration)/ Yūkyo (suru) * (hermitage; retreat; retirement; seclusion)/ Kakureru * (to live in seclusion; to retire (from the world))/ Tojikomoru * (to seclude oneself; to shut oneself away)
Verb-Act	To sedate	鎮静 (する)/ 鎮静剤を打つ/ 与えて眠らせる * (ie. 鎮静剤 is sedative; tranquilizer; tranquiliser)	Chinsei (suru)/ Chinsei-zai o utsu/ Ataete nemuraseru * (to give and put to sleep) * (ie. chinsei-zai is sedative; tranquilizer; tranquiliser)
Verb-Act	To seize	没収 (する)/ 掴む (つかむ)/ 差し押さえる	Bosshū (suru) * (forfeiture; seizure; confiscation; impounding)/ Tsukamu * (to seize; to catch; to grasp; to grip; to grab; to clutch; to hold; to catch hold of; to lay one's hands on/ to obtain; to acquire; to get; to win; to capture)/ Sashiosaeru * (to seize; to impound; to garnish; to attach goods)

Verb-Act	To send (to dispatch (e.g. a person))	向ける/ 送る/ 差し向ける/ 遣る (やる)/ 遣わす (つかわす)/ 走らせる/ 走らす	Mukeru/ Okuru * (to send (a thing); to dispatch; to despatch; to transmit)/ Sashimukeru * (to send; to direct; to dispatch (person, car, etc.))/ Yaru * (to send; to dispatch; to despatch)/ Tsukawasu * (to send; to dispatch; to despatch)/ Hashiraseru * (to dispatch (someone); to send; to make run/ to make go fast (a car, horse, etc.); to drive; to ride; to sail)/ Hashirasu * (to dispatch (someone); to send; to make run/ to make go fast (a car, horse, etc.); to drive; to ride; to sail)
Verb-Act	To separate	分離 (する)/ 切り離す/ 離れる/ 淘げる	Bunri (suru)/ Kirihanasu/ Hanareru/ Yonageru * (to separate and discard; to sieve and sort; to wash out (impurities, etc.))
Verb-Act	To serve (to work for)	勤める/ 奉仕 (する)/ 勤務 (する)	Tsutomeru/ Hōshi (suru)/ Kinmu (suru)
Verb-Act	To shake hands	握手をする	Akushu o suru
Verb-Act	To shake off (ie. someone)	振り払う/ 振り切る	Furiharau/ Furikiru
Verb-Act	To shake out	振り出す (振出す)/ 振り落す (振り落とす)	Furidasu/ Furiotosu
Verb-Act	To shatter (someone's hopes, confidence, etc.)	砕く	Kudaku
Verb-Act	To showjump	障害飛越 (する)	Shōgai tobikoshi (suru)
Verb-Act	To show up	姿を見せる/ 姿を現す/ 出現 (する)/ 現れる	Sugata o miseru * (to show up; to appear; to turn up)/ Sugatawoarawasu (sugata o arawasu) * (to make an appearance; to show up)/ Shutsugen (suru) * (appearance; emergence; advent; arrival; showing up; coming to existence)/ Arawareru * (to appear; to come in sight; to become visible; to come out; to embody; to materialize; to materialise)
Verb-Act	To shrink	縮小 (する)	Shukushō (suru)
Verb-Act	To shut down (ie. computer)	シャットダウンする (コンピュータなど)	Shattodaun suru (konpyūta nado)
Verb-Act	To sieve	篩う/ 篩に掛ける (ふるいにかける)	Furuu * (to sieve (flour))/ to eliminate (possibilities)/ Furuinikakeru (furui ni kakeru) * (to sieve; to sift; to winnow; to separate (wheat from chaff)/ to screen (candidates))
Verb-Act	To sign up	申し込む/ サインアップ (する)	Mōshikomu/ Sain'appu (suru)
Verb-Act	To sit down	座る (据わる/ 坐る/ 据る/ すわる)/ 腰掛ける (腰かける/ 腰掛る/ こしかける)	Suwaru/ Koshikakeru
Verb-Act	To sit side by side (to adjoin each other)	隣り合う (隣合う)/ 机を並べる	Tonariau * (more used to sit side by side/ to adjoin each other)/ Tsukue o naraberu * (to sit side by side more in cooperation to work together)
Verb-Act	To skate	スケート (する)	Sukēto (suru)
Verb-Act	To ski	スキー (する)	Sukī (suru)

Verb-Act	To slow down	スピードを下げる/ 減速 (する)/ 遅らせる (後らせる)/ 遅らす (後らす)	Supīdo o sageru/ Gensoku (suru)/ Okuraseru/ Okurasu
Verb-Act	To smash (to break)	潰す/ 砕く/ 破る/ スマッシュ (する)/ 割る/ 打ち破る/ 打ち砕く/ へし折る/ 叩き割る	Tsubusu/ Kudaku/ Yaburu/ Sumasshu (suru)/ Waru/ Uchiyaburu/ Uchikudaku/ Heshioru/ Tatakiwaru
Verb-Act	To smite	殴る/ 殴る蹴る (する)	Naguru/ Nagurukeru (suru) * (punching and kicking)
Verb-Act	To smoke (ie. a cigarette)	吸う	Suu
Verb-Act	To smoke (to smolder, ie. a fire)	(火が) 煙る/ 燻る	(hi ga) Kemuru/ Iburu
Verb-Act	To smoke a cigarette	タバコを吸う	Tabakowosuu (Tabako wo suu)
Verb-Act	To smoke weed (to smoke marijuana)	大麻を吸う (マリファナを吸う)	Taima o suu (marifanawosuu)
Verb-Act	To smuggle	密輸 (する)/ 密売 (する)/ 密航 (する)/ 密貿易 (する)/ 密輸入 (する)/ 密入国 (する)/ 密輸出 (する)/ 密出国 (する)	Mitsuyu (suru) * (smuggling; contraband trade)/ Mitsubai (suru) * (illicit sale; smuggling; bootlegging; trafficking)/ Mikkō (suru) * (smuggling (people); stowing away)/ Mitsu bōeki (suru) * (smuggling)/ Mitsuyunyū (suru) * (smuggling in; importing through illegal channels)/ Mitsunyūkoku (suru) * (smuggling oneself into a country; illegal immigration)/ Mitsuyushutsu (suru) * (smuggling out)/ Mitsu shukkoku (suru) * (smuggling oneself out of a country)
Verb-Act	To snap	折れる/ スナップ (する)	Oreru * (to break; to be broken; to snap; to fracture/ to be folded)/ Sunappu (suru) * (snap (of the wrist; in baseball, golf, etc.))
Verb-Act	To snare	罠にかける (わなにかける)/ 罠にかかる	Wana ni kakeru/ Wana ni kakaru * (to be caught in a trap (snare, etc.)/ to fall for (a trick, ambush, etc.))
Verb-Act	To soften (to weaken)	柔らかく (する) (柔らかくする)/ やわらげる (和らげる) (弱くする/ 弱める)	Yawarakaku (suru) (yawarakakusuru)/ Yawarageru (yowaku suru/ yowameru)
Verb-Act	To solidify (to fortify; to shield)	固める/ 固まる (固める/ 盾にする)/ 強化 (する)	Katameru/ Katamaru (katameru/ Tate ni suru)/ Kyōka (suru)
Verb-Act	To sort (to arrange; to organize)	整理 (する)/ 仕分 (する)	Seiri (suru)/ Shiwake (suru)
Verb-Act	To speed up (to accelerate)	速くする/ 加速 (する)/ 早める (速める)/ 速度を上げる/ スピードを上げる/ スピードアップ (する)	Hayakusuru/ Kasoku (suru)/ Hayameru/ Sokudowageru/ Supīdo o ageru/ Supīdoappu (suru)

Verb-Act	To spend the night somewhere	どこかで一夜を過ごす/ どこかで夜を過ごす/ 泊まり込む/ 泊まり (する)/ どこかで1泊する/ どこかに1泊する/ 来泊 (する)	Doko ka de ichiya o sugosu/ Doko ka de yoru o sugosu/ Tomarikomu * (to stay overnight; to stop (e.g. at a hotel or inn))/ Tomari (suru) * (overnight stay; stopover)/ Doko ka de 1 haku suru * (stay overnight somewhere; stay one night somewhere; stay somewhere for one night; stay somewhere for 1 night)/ Doko ka ni 1 haku suru * (stay overnight somewhere; stay one night somewhere; stay somewhere for one night; stay somewhere for 1 night)/ Raihaku (suru) * (coming to stay over; coming to spend the night)
Verb-Act	To spend the night in a car	車中泊 (する)/ 車で一晩過ごす/ 車の中で一夜を過ごす/ 車で夜を過ごす/ 車で夜を明かす/ 車に夜間を過ごす	Shachū haku (suru) * (spending the night in a car, train, bus, etc.)/ Kuruma de hitoban sugosu/ Kuruma no naka de ichiya o sugosu/ Kuruma de yoru o sugosu/ Kuruma de yowoakasu/ Kuruma ni yakan o sugosu
Verb-Act	To spin	回転/ 回る (廻る/ まわる)/ 回す (廻す/ まわす)/ スピン (する)	Kaiten/ Mawaru/ Mawasu/ Supin (suru)
Verb-Act	To split (to divide; to part)	分ける/ 分割 (する)/ 割る	Wakeru/ Bunkatsu (suru)/ Waru
Verb-Act	To spoil	甘やかす/ 台無しにする/ 壊す/ 腐る	Amayakasu * (to pamper; to spoil)/ Dainashi ni suru * (to spoil; to ruin; to destroy; to make a mess of)/ Kowasu * (to break; to destroy; to demolish/ to wreck; to ruin; to spoil; to damage)/ Kusaru * (to rot; to go bad; to decay; to spoil; to fester; to decompose; to turn sour (e.g. milk)/ to corrode; to weather; to crumble/ to become useless; to blunt; to weaken (from lack of practice)/ to become depraved; to be degenerate; to be morally bankrupt; to be corrupt/ to be depressed; to be dispirited; to feel discouraged; to feel down)
Verb-Act	To spray	噴射 (する)/ 吹き付ける (吹きつける/ 吹き着ける/ ふきつける)/ スプレー (する)/ 注ぐ (灌ぐ/ 潑ぐ)/ 飛ばす/ 吹きかける/ 振りまく (振り撒く/ ふりまく)/ し吹く (繁吹く/ 重吹く/ しぶく)	Funsha (suru)/ Fukitsukeru/ Supurē (suru)/ Sosogu * (to sprinkle on (from above); to water (e.g. plants); to pour onto; to spray)/ Shibuki * (spray; splash)/ Tobasu * (to spray; to splash; to spatter)/ Fukikakeru * (to blow upon; to breathe on; to spray)/ Furimaku/ Shi fuku
Verb-Act	To spy	スパイ (する)/ 探る	Supai (suru)/ saguru
Verb-Act	To stabilize	安定 (する)/ 安定させる/ 固める	Antei (suru)/ Antei sa seru/ Katameru
Verb-Act	To stack (to pile up)	積む/ 積み重ねる	Tsumu/ Tsumikasaneru
Verb-Act	To stall	失速 (する)/ エンスト (する)/ エンジンストップ (する)	Shissoku (suru) * (stall * (aviation)/ downturn; slowdown; slump; weakening; decline/ stall (flight))/ Ensuto (suru) * (engine stall/ stall (engine) * (abbreviation))/ Enjin sutoppu (suru) * (engine stall/ wasei, word made in Japan, from English “engine stop”)

Verb-Act	To stand on tiptoe (to stand on tiptoes)	つま先立ちする (つま先立ちする)	Tsumasakidachi suru (tsumasakidachi suru)
Verb-Act	To stand up	立ち上がる/ 突っ立つ	Tachiagaru/ Tsuttatsu
Verb-Act	To staple	ホッチキスで留める	Hotchikisu de todomeru
Verb-Act	To stay close (to keep close)	近くにいる (近くにいる)	Chikaku ni iru (chikaku ni iru)
Verb-Act	To stay for the night (to stay overnight)	一晩滞在 (する)/ 泊まり込む	Hitoban taizai (suru)/ Tomarikomu
Verb-Act	To stay in one place for a long time	沈没 (する)	Chinbotsu (suru)
Verb-Act	To stay long (to stay for a long time)	泊を重ねる/ 入り浸る	Haku o kasaneru/ Iribitaru
Verb-Act	To stay overnight	宿泊 (する)	Shukuhaku (suru)
Verb-Act	To stay up all night (to stay up all night long)	一晩中起きている (一晩中起きている)	Hitobanjū okite iru (hitobanjū okite iru)
Verb-Act	To stop someone from doing something	誰かが何かをするのを止める	Darekaga nanika o suru no o tomeru
Verb-Act	To stow	収納 (する)	Shūnō suru
Verb-Act	To strike	攻撃 (する)/ 当たる/ 殴る/ 打つ	Kōgeki (suru)/ Ataru * (to be hit; to strike)/ Naguru * (to strike; to hit; to beat; to punch)/ Utsu * (to hit (someone); to strike; to beat)
Verb-Act	To string	文字列にする/ 紐を作る/ 引っ張る/ 張り詰める	Mojiretsu ni suru * (to make a string; to make into a string/ character string * (computing)/ string * (computer science))/ Himo o tsukuru * (to make a string; to make a cord)/ Hipparu * (to string (lines); to run (cable); to stretch)/ Haritsumeru * (to strain; to stretch; to string up; to make tense)
Verb-Act	To strive	努力 (する)/ 励む/ 努める/ 闘争 (する)	Doryoku (suru) * (effort; exertion; endeavour; endeavor; hard work; striving)/ Hagemu * (to work hard; to try hard; to strive; to endeavour; to endeavor; to devote oneself to; to make an effort; to be zealous)/ Tsutomeru * (to endeavor (to do); to endeavour; to try hard; to work hard; to strive; to make an effort; to exert oneself; to devote oneself; to be committed (to doing))/ Tōsō (suru) * (fight; battle; combat; conflict/ struggle (for rights, higher wages, etc.); strife; (labor) dispute; strike)
Verb-Act	To stub	スタブ (する)	Sutabu (suru)

Verb-Act	To subdue	征服 (する)/ 治める/ 従える/ 圧伏 (する)/ 屈する	Seifuku (suru) * (conquest; subjugation/ overcoming (a difficulty); conquering (e.g. a mountain); mastery (of a skill))/ Osameru * (to rule; to govern; to reign over; to administer; to manage (e.g. a household)/ to subdue; to suppress; to quell; to settle (e.g. a dispute))/ Shitagaeru * (to conquer; to subjugate; to subdue)/ Appuku (suru) * (overpower; subdue; keep down)/ Kussuru * (to subdue; to overpower)
Verb-Act	To submit (ie. article, etc.)	提出 (する)/ 差し出す/ 願い出る/ 折れる/ 供する/ 服する/ 供す/ 伏する/ 投稿 (する)/ 申し出る/ 出す/ 出る (記事など)	Teishutsu (suru) * (presentation (of documents); submission (of an application, report, etc.); production (e.g. of evidence); introduction (e.g. of a bill); filing; turning in)/ Sashidasu * (to present; to submit; to tender; to hold out)/ Negaideru * (to ask for; to apply for; to make an application for; to file a request for; to submit (e.g. one's resignation))/ Oreru * (to give in; to back down; to yield; to submit)/ Kyōsuru * (to offer; to present; to submit; to supply; to make available)/ Fuku suru * (to obey; to submit to; to yield to; to accept; to abide by/ to serve (in the army, a prison sentence, etc.))/ Kyōsu * (to offer; to present; to submit; to supply; to make available)/ Fuku suru * (to yield; to submit; to surrender/ different kanji character than the other 'fuku suru' word)/ Tōkō (suru) * (contribution (to a newspaper, magazine, etc.); submission; post (on a blog, social media, etc.))/ Mōshideru * (to offer; to propose; to suggest; to put forward; to request; to ask (for); to apply (for); to report (to); to notify)/ Dasu * (means 'to take out; to get out', but can also mean 'to submit (e.g. thesis); to turn in')/ Deru * (can mean 'to leave; to exit; to go out; to come out; to get out', but can also mean 'to be given; to get; to receive; to be offered; to be provided; to be presented; to be submitted; to be handed in; to be turned in; to
Verb-Act	To subordinate	部下にする	Buka ni suru
Verb-Act	To subscribe	購読 (する/ の)/ 応募 (する)/ 申し込む/ (お) 申し込み (をする)/ 予約購読 (する)/ 定期購読 (する)/ サブスクリプション (する)	Kōdoku (suru/ no)/ Ōbo (suru)/ Mōshikomu/ (o) Mōshikomi (o suru)/ Yoyaku kōdoku (suru)/ Teiki kōdoku (suru)/ Sabusukuripushon (suru)
Verb-Act	To succumb (to yield; to relent)	屈服 (屈伏/ くっぷく) (する)/ 負ける (敗ける/ 敗北る/ まける)/ 屈する/ 陥る (屈服 (する); 屈服 (する))	Kuppuku (suru)/ Makeru/ Kussuru/ Ochīru (kuppuku (suru); kuppuku (suru))
Verb-Act	To suck	吸う/ 舐める (なめる)/ しゃぶる	Suu/ Nameru/ Shaburu

Verb-Act	To suit (e.g. a purpose) (to meet (wishes, ideals, etc.))	叶う (適う/ 敵う)	Kanau
Verb-Act	To supply (to provide)	提供 (する)/ 供する/ 供給 (する)/ 設ける/ 補給 (する)/ 調達 (する)	Teikyō (suru)/ Kyōsuru/ Kyōkyū (suru)/ Mōkeru/ Hokyū (suru)/ Chōtatsu (suru)
Verb-Act	To suppress	抑制 (する)/ 抑圧 (する)/ 弾圧 (する)	Yokusei (suru)/ Yokuatsu (suru)/ Dan'atsu (suru)
Verb-Act	To surf	サーフィン (する)/ サーフィング (する)	Sāfin (suru)/ Sāfingu (suru)
Verb-Act	To suspend (to cancel)	中断 (する)/ 一時停止する/ 休止 (する)/ 中止 (する) (中止 (する))	Chūdan (suru)/ Ichiji teishi suru/ Kyūshi (suru) * (pause; suspension; rest; stoppage)/ Chūshi (suru) (Chūshi (suru))
Verb-Act	To sustain	持続 (する)/ 維持 (する)/ 支持 (する)/ 保つ/ 支える/ ～を持続的に支持する/ 持続させる	Jizoku (suru) * (continuation; persisting; lasting; sustaining; enduring)/ Iji (suru) * (maintenance; preservation; improvement)/ Shiji (suru) * (support; backing; endorsement; approval)/ Tamotsu * (to keep; to preserve; to hold; to retain; to maintain; to sustain/ to last; to endure; to keep well (food); to wear well; to be durable)/ Sasaeru * (to support; to prop; to sustain; to underlay; to hold up; to defend)/ ~ O jizoku-teki ni shiji suru/ Jizoku sa seru
Verb-Act	To switch on	スイッチを入れる	Suitchiwoireru
Verb-Act	To switch off	スイッチを切る	Suitchi o kuru
Verb-Act	To tackle (to deal with (e.g. a problem))	挑む/ 取り組む/ 取っ組む/ ぶつかる (対処 (する))	Idomu/ Torikumu/ Tokkumu/ Butsukaru (Taisho (suru))
Verb-Act	To tackle a problem (to seize the problem)	取り組む/ 挑む/ 取っ組む/ 問題に対処する/ 問題を扱う/ 問題の解決策を見つける/ 問題を解決する/ 問題进行处理する/ 割り切る (思い当たる)	Torikumu/ Idomu/ Tokkumu/ Mondai o taisho suru/ Mondai o atsukau/ Mondai no kaiketsusaku o mitsukeru/ Mondai o kaiketsu suru/ Mondai o shori suru/ Warikiru * (to find a clear solution; to come to a clean decision; to give a clear explanation; to reason out; to conclude; to be pragmatic; to be practical) (Omoiataru)
Verb-Act	To tag	タグ付け (する)/ タグ (する)/ 札を付ける	Tagudzuke (suru)/ Tagu (suru)/ Fudawotsukeru
Verb-Act	To take (to escort) (a person somewhere) (to see off (a person))	連れる/ 送る	Tsureru/ Okuru
Verb-Act	To take a detour	回り道をする/ 迂回する/ 迂回をする/ 回り道 (回り路/ 廻り道/ 廻り路/ まわり道) (する)	Mawarimichi o suru/ Ukai suru/ Ukai o suru/ Mawarimichi (suru)
Verb-Act	To take a hold of	掴む (つかむ)/ 把握する	Tsukamu/ Haaku suru
Verb-Act	To take a long time	長い時間をかける/ 手間取る/ 長引く/ 長い時間を過ごす	Nagai jikanwokakeru/ Temadoru * (to take more time than expected; to take a long time; to be delayed)/ Nagabiku * (to be prolonged; to drag on; to take a long time; to persist; to linger)/ Nagai jikan o sugosu * (to spend a long time; to spend much time (in))

Verb-Act	To take a ride (to make a ride; to ride)	乗る (乗る)	Noru (noru)
Verb-Act	To take a swing	スイングをする	Suingu o suru
Verb-Act	To take a turn	順番を取る	Junban o toru * (to take a turn)
Verb-Act	To take by force	力ずくで奪う	Chikarazuku de ubau
Verb-Act	To take turns	順番に交代する/ ローテーションを組む/ 立ち替わる/ 代わり合う/ 交代 (する)	Junban ni kōtai suru * (to take turns)/ Rōtēshon o kumu * (to take turns doing; to do in rotation)/ Tachikawaru * (to alternate; to take turns)/ Kawariau * (to relieve each other; to take turns (to do))/ Kōtai (suru) * (alternation; change; relief; relay; shift; substitution (sports, etc.); taking turns)
Verb-Act	To take action (to make a move)	動く / 行動 (する/ の) / 行動を取る / 行動を起こす	Ugoku/ Kōdō (suru/ no)/ Kōdō o toru/ Kōdō o okosu
Verb-Act	To take away (to steal; to snatch away)	奪う / 取る	Ubau/ Toru
Verb-Act	To take cover	身を守る/ 隠れる (匿れる/ かくれる) / 避難 (する) / カバーを取る/ 援護 (する) / 退避 (する) / カバー (する)	Miwomamoru * (to defend oneself; to protect oneself)/ Kakureru * (to hide; to conceal oneself)/ Hinaru (suru) * (taking refuge; finding shelter; evacuation)/ Kabā o toru * (to take cover)/ Engo (suru) * (covering (from enemy attack); protection)/ Taihi (suru) * (taking refuge; evacuation)/ Kabā (suru)
Verb-Act	To take down	下ろす/ テイクダウン (する) / 下がる	Orosu/ Teikudau (suru)/ Sagaru * (to lower; to come down; to go down; to fall; to drop; to sink; to get lower)
Verb-Act	To take initiative (to take the initiative; to take action)	率先して行動する (率先して行動する)	Sossen shite kōdō suru (sossen shite kōdō suru)
Verb-Act	To take out the garbage	ゴミを取り出す/ ゴミを出す / ゴミを取る/ 出してくれる	Gomi o toridasu/ Gomi o dasu/ Gomi o toru/ Dashite kureru * (to take out (e.g. garbage); to put out (e.g. dishes on table); to serve (e.g. meal); to get out (e.g. food from cupboard); to submit (e.g. ideas, opinions); to provide for; to pay for; to foot the bill)
Verb-Act	To take out the trash	ゴミを取り出す/ ゴミを出す / ゴミを取る	Gomi o toridasu/ Gomi o dasu/ Gomi o toru
Verb-Act	To take over	引き継ぐ/ 受け継ぐ/ 継ぐ (つぐ)	Hikitsugu * (to take over; to hand over)/ Uketsugu * (to inherit; to succeed; to take over)/ Tsugu * (to succeed (a person, to a position, etc.); to inherit; to take over; to follow)
Verb-Act	To take place	出来 (する) / 生起 (する) / 起きる / 開催 (する)	Deki (suru)/ Seiki (suru)/ Okiru/ Kaisai (suru) * (holding (a conference, exhibition, etc.); opening; hosting (e.g. the Olympics))
Verb-Act	To take with you	と一緒に取る	To issho ni toru
Verb-Act	To team up	チームを組む/ 団結 (する) / タッグを組む	Chimu o kumu/ Danketsu (suru) * (unity; union; solidarity; combination; teaming up)/ Taggu o kumu * (to work together; to strive together; to form a tag team)

Verb-Act	To teleport	テレポート (する)/ 瞬間移動 (する)	Terepōto (suru)/ Shunkan idō (suru)
Verb-Act	To tell the time (to tell time)	時間を告げる (時間を告げる)	Jikan o tsugeru (jikan o tsugeru)
Verb-Act	To terminate	終了 (する)/ 極まる/ 切る/ 解除 (する)/ 終止 (する)/ 消滅 (する)/ 満了 (する)/ 解止 (する)	Shūryō (suru) * (end; close; termination)/ Kiwamaru * (to reach an extreme; to reach a limit; to terminate; to come to an end)/ Kiru * (to terminate (e.g. a conversation); to hang up (the phone); to disconnect/ to cut; to cut through; to perform (surgery)/ to sever (connections, ties)/ to sever (connections, ties)/ to turn off (e.g. the light))/ Kaijo (suru) * (termination (of a contract); cancellation; rescinding; rescission/ lifting (of a ban, sanctions, etc.); removal; release (from obligations); cancellation (of a warning, alert, etc.); calling off (e.g. a strike); releasing (a lock))/ Shūshi (suru) * (termination; cessation; stop)/ Shōmetsu (suru) * (extinction; extinguishment; disappearance; vanishing; termination; lapse)/ Manryō (suru) * (expiration; termination)/ Kaishi (suru) * (termination; law)
Verb-Act	To throw away	捨てる	Suteru
Verb-Act	To throw back	投げ返す	Nage kaesu
Verb-Act	To tie together	括る/ 結い付ける/ 結び合わせる (結び合せる)	Kukuru/ Yui tsukeru/ Musubi awaseru
Verb-Act	To tilt	傾ける/ 傾げる/ 傾斜 (する)/ 曲げる/ 傾く/ 首をひねる/ 首をかしげる/ 斜めってる	Katamukeru * (to incline; to lean; to tip; to tilt; to slant; to bend; to list)/ Kashigeru * (to tilt (esp. head); to lean; to incline; to slant)/ Keisha (suru) * (inclination; slant; slope; bevel; list; dip; tilt; lean)/ Mageru * (to bend; to crook; to bow; to curve; to curl/ to lean; to tilt; to incline; to slant/ to bend (the truth); to distort; to twist; to pervert/ to yield (a point); to depart (from a principle); to ignore (what one really thinks))/ Katamuku * (to lean (esp. of a ripe ear of rice); to incline; to slant; to tilt/ to behave oddly; to attire oneself strangely)/ Kubi o hineru * (to cock one's head in puzzlement; to tilt one's head in contemplation; to wrack one's brain; to think hard)/ Kubiwokashigeru * (to incline one's head to the side (in doubt); to tilt one's head to the side (in confusion); to be puzzled)/ Nanametteru * (to be leaning (to one side); to be tilting)
Verb-Act	To topple (to fall)	倒れる (倒れる)/ 落下 (する)/ 転ぶ/ 落ちる	Taoreru (taoreru)/ Rakka (suru)/ Korobu/ Ochiru

Verb-Act	To topple over (to capsize)	ひっくり返る/ 覆る	Hikkurikaeru/ Kutsugaeru
Verb-Act	To toss	投げる/ 突き上げる/ 放る/ トス (する)/ 放り込む/ 返球 (する)/ 振り立てる	Nageru * (to throw; to hurl; to fling; to toss; to cast)/ Tsukiageru * (to push up; to force up; to toss)/ Hōru * (to throw; to fling; to hurl; to toss)/ Tosu (suru) * (toss (of a ball); tossing * (sports)/ (coin) toss)/ Hōrikomu * (to throw into; to toss into)/ Henkyū (suru) * (return toss (e.g. from a catcher to a pitcher))/ Furitateru * (to toss (i.e. one's head); to wave (i.e. a flag); to stand up energetically; to raise one's voice)
Verb-Act	To trace (to track)	追跡 (する)/ 辿る (たどる)/ トレース (する)/ 手繰る (追跡 (する))	Tsuiseki (suru)/ Tadoru * (to follow (a road, path, etc.); to trace)/ Torēsu (suru)/ Taguru * (to trace (history, threads of a story, etc.); to retrace (e.g. memories); to go over; to unravel) (Tsuiseki (suru))
Verb-Act	To transfer (ie. department, to move house)	移る/ 移す/ 移動 (する)	Utsuru/ Utsusu/ Idō (suru)
Verb-Act	To transfer (phone call) (to put a person through)	繋ぐ (つなぐ)/ 繋げる	Tsunagu/ Tsunageru
Verb-Act	To transmit	送信 (する)	Sōshin (suru)
Verb-Act	To tread water	踏み水	Fumi-sui
Verb-Act	To try desperately	必死に努力する	Hisshi ni doryoku suru
Verb-Act	To undertake	引き受ける	Hikiukeru
Verb-Act	To undress	服を脱ぐ	Fukuwonugu
Verb-Act	To update	更新 (する)/ 修正 (する)/ アップデート (する)/ アプデ (する)	Kōshin (suru) * (update as in renewal; replacement)/ Shūsei (suru) * (update as in correction; fix)/ Appudēto (suru)/ Apude (suru) * (abbreviation)
Verb-Act	To upgrade (to upcycle)	アップグレード (する)/ 向上 (する)/ 等級を上げる/ 品質をよくする (アップサイクル (する))	Appugurēdo (suru)/ Kōjō (suru)/ Tōkyū o ageru/ Hinshitsu o yoku suru * (to improve the quality) (Appu saikuru (suru))
Verb-Act	To uphold	支持 (する)/ 守る	Shiji (suru) * (support; backing; endorsement; approval/ propping up; holding up; support)/ Mamoru * (to protect; to guard; to defend/ to keep (i.e. a promise); to abide (by the rules); to observe; to obey; to follow)
Verb-Act	To uphold the law	法律を守る	Hōritsu o mamoru
Verb-Act	To venture	ベンチャーにする (ベンチャーをする)/ 冒険 (する)	Benchā ni suru (benchā o suru) * (to venture)/ Bōken (suru) * (adventure; venture/ venture which is unlikely to succeed; risky attempt; danger; hazard; risk)
Verb-Act	To vibrate	振動させる/ 振動 (する)/ 震わせる	Shindō sa seru/ Shindō (suru)/ Furuwaseru
Verb-Act	To violate rights	権利を侵す/ 権利を侵害 (する)/ 権利を違反 (する)	Kenriwookasu/ Kenri o shingai (suru)/ Kenri o ihan (suru)

Verb-Act	To wait for months	何ヶ月も待つ	Nan-kagetsu mo matsu
Verb-Act	To wash again	洗い直す (洗いなおす)/ もう一度洗う	Arainaosu/ Mōichido arau
Verb-Act	To wash clean	きれいに洗う (綺麗に洗う)/ きれいに洗い流す (綺麗に洗い流す)	Kirei ni arau/ Kirei ni arainagasu
Verb-Act	To wash one's hair or body (to bathe in water)	沐する	Mokusuru
Verb-Act	To wash the laundry (to do the laundry)	洗濯をする (洗濯をする)	Sentaku o suru (sentaku o suru)
Verb-Act	To wash with cold water (without using soap, etc.)	水洗い (する)	Mizuarai (suru)
Verb-Act	To weaponize	武器化 (する)/ 武器にする	Buki-ka (suru) * (to weaponize)/ Buki ni suru * (to make it a weapon/ to make it into a weapon)
Verb-Act	To weave	織る	Oru
Verb-Act	To wedge	割り込む/ 割って入る/ 楔を打ち込む/ 離間 (する)/ くさびにする/ くさびに入れる	Warikomu/ Wattehairu/ Kusabiwouchikomu * (to drive a wedge into (e.g. enemy defences); to wedge apart)/ Rikan (suru) * (estrangement; alienation; sowing discord; driving a wedge)/ Kusabi ni suru * (to do a wedge; chock; linchpin; lynchpin)/ Kusabi ni ireru * (to put in a wedge; chock; linchpin; lynchpin)
Verb-Act	To wedge out	ウェッジアウトする/ くさびで出す (楔で出す)	U~ejjiauto suru/ Kusabi de dasu
Verb-Act	To whisk	泡立てる	Awadateru
Verb-Act	To wield (ie. a weapon)	(武器を) 振るう/ 振り回す/ 運ぶ/ 振りかざす/ 振り回す	(buki o) Furū * (to swing; to wield (physically); to exert/ to exercise (e.g. power, ability); to exhibit; to display; to wield (metaphorically))/ Furimawasu * (to wield; to brandish; to flourish; to wave (about); to swing; to swing around/ to display (one's knowledge); to show off)/ Hakobu * (to wield (a tool, etc.); to use)/ Furikazasu * (to raise (esp. overhead); to brandish (e.g. sword); to flourish/ to wield (e.g. power, authority); to proclaim one's principles)/ Furimawasu * (to wield; to brandish; to flourish; to wave (about); to swing)
Verb-Act	To wind (to coil)	巻く	Maku
Verb-Act	To window shop (to look at without buying)	冷やかす (冷かす/ 素見す)/ 素見 (する)/ 冷やかし (冷かし / 素見 * (same Kanji characters as sunken)) (する/ の)	Hiyakasu/ Suken (suru)/ Hiyakashi (suru/ no)
Verb-Act	To wipe off	拭き取る	Fukitoru

Verb-Act	To withdraw	退会 (する)/ 引っ込める	Taikai (suru) * (withdrawal (from a society, club, etc.); resignation; secession; unsubscribing (from a mailing list, etc.))/ Hikkomeru * (to withdraw; to take back (e.g. words))
Verb-Act	To withhold (to suppress; to hold back)	差し控える/ 見合わせる/ 保留 (する)/ 留保 (する)/ 預かる/ 見合わず (抑える; 差し控える)	Sashihikaeru * (to refrain (from doing); to withhold (an announcement, comment, etc.)/ to be moderate in; to be temperate in; to not do too much of)/ Miawaseru * (to postpone; to put off; to withhold; to abandon)/ Horyū (suru) * (reservation; putting on hold; deferment; withholding)/ Ryūho (suru) * (reserving; withholding/ reservation (law))/ Azukaru * (means 'to look after; to take care of; to keep; to hold on to; to keep in custody', but can also mean 'to withhold (an announcement); to reserve (judgment); to leave undecided')/ Miawasu * (means 'to exchange glances; to look at each other' and 'to contrast; to compare', but can also mean 'to postpone; to put off; to withhold; to abandon') (Osaeru * (to keep within limits (e.g. spending); to restrain (e.g. emotions); to control; to curb; to hold in check/ to hold back (e.g. an enemy); to check; to curb; to contain; to quell; to subdue; to suppress; to repress); Sashihikaeru)
Verb-Act	To work through something	何かを通して働く/ 何かをやり遂げる/ 何かを通り抜ける/ 何かに対処する/ 何かを克服する/ 働き通す	Nanika o tōshite hataraku/ Nanika o yaritogeru * (to accomplish something; to carry through something; to finish something; to follow through something)/ Nanika o tōrinukeru * (to go through something; to pass through something; to get through something; to cut across something)/ Nanika ni taisho suru * (to deal with something; to cope with something)/ Nanika o kokufuku suru * (conquest (of a difficulty, illness, crisis, etc.); overcoming; surmounting; bringing under control)/ Hataraki tōsu * (to work straight through without stopping)
Verb-Act	To wrench	ねじる (振る)	Nejiru
Verb-Act	To write back	書き戻す	Kaki modosu
Verb-Act	To write out	書き出す	Kakidasu

Verb-Act	To yield	産出 (する)/ 生じる/ 生ずる/ 生む	Sanshutsu (suru) * (production; output; turning out)/ Shōjiru * (to produce; to yield; to cause/ to result from; to arise; to be generated)/ Shōzuru * (to produce; to yield; to cause/ to result from; to arise; to be generated)/ Umu * (to give birth; to bear (child); to lay (eggs)/ to produce; to yield; to give rise to; to deliver)
Verb-Act	To zap	ザッピング (する)/ ザップ (する)	Zappingu (suru) * (zapping (through TV channels); channel surfing)/ Zappu (suru)
Verb-Act	To zip (to zip one's bag)	ジッパーを閉める (バッグのジッパーを閉める)	Jippā o shimeru (baggu no jippā o shimeru)
Verb-Act	To zone (zoning)	ゾーン (する) (ゾーン (する))	Zōn (suru) (zōn (suru))
Verb-Act	To zoom (to zoom in/ to zoom out)	ズーム (する) (拡大 (する); ズームイン (する)/ 縮小 (する); ズームアウト (する))	Zūmu (suru) (Kakudai (suru); Zūmuin (suru)/ Shukushō (suru); Zūmuauto (suru))
Verb-Emc	To acclimatize	順応 (する)	Jun'nō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To act arrogantly	おごり高ぶる (驕り高ぶる/ 驕りたかぶる/ 傲り高ぶる)	Ogori takaburu
Verb-Emc	To actually feel (to feel on this moment; real feeling)	実感 (する)/ 実際に感じる/ (今)この瞬間に感じる	Jikkan (suru)/ Jissai ni kanjiru * (to actually feel)/ (ima) Kono shunkan ni kanjiru * (to feel in this moment; to feel now)
Verb-Emc	To adapt	適応 (する)	Tekiō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To admire	賞賛 (する)	Shōsan suru
Verb-Emc	To admonish	諭す/ 忠告 (する)/ 言い聞かせる/ 戒める/ 諫める/ 教え諭す/ 言い聞かす/ 苦言を呈する/ 申し聞かせる	Satosu/ Chūkoku (suru)/ iikikaseru/ Imashimeru/ Isameru/ Oshiesatosu/ iikikasu/ Kugenwoteisuru/ Mōshi kikaseru
Verb-Emc	To adore	愛好 (する)	Aikō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To afflict	苦しめる	Kurushimeru
Verb-Emc	To amaze	驚かせる	Odoroka seru
Verb-Emc	To anticipate	予想 (する)/ 見込む/ 見越す/ 待つ/ 期待 (する)/ 予期 (する)/ 先見 (する)/ 心待ち (する)	Yosō (suru)/ Mikomu/ Mikosu * (to anticipate; to foresee)/ Matsu * (can mean 'to wait', but can also mean 'to await; to look forward to; to anticipate')/ Kitai (suru) * (expectation; anticipation; hope/ promising; rising; up-and-coming)/ Yoki (suru) * (expectation; anticipation; forecast)/ Senken (suru) * (foresight; anticipation)/ Kokoromachi (suru) * (anticipation; expectation)
Verb-Emc	To appal	愕然とする/ 驚愕 (する)/ ぞっと (する)	Gakuzen to suru/ Kyōgaku (suru)/ Zotto (suru)
Verb-Emc	To appease	宥める (なだめる)	Nadameru

Verb-Emc	To aspire (to want to become)	憧れる/ 志す/ 希望 (する)/ 志願 (する/ の)/ 願望 (する)/ 希求 (する)/ 吸引 (する)/ 憧憬 (する)/ 目指 (目指し/ 目差し/ 目差) (する)/ 目指す/ 思う/ 志を立てる (なりたい (成りたい (です)))	Akogareru * (to long for; to yearn for; to hanker after; to be attracted by; to be drawn to; to aspire to; to admire; to adore)/ Kokorozasu * (to plan; to intend; to aspire to; to set aims (sights on))/ Kibō (suru) * (hope; wish; aspiration)/ Shigan (suru/ no) * (aspiration; volunteering; desire; application)/ Ganbō (suru) * (desire; wish; aspiration)/ Kikyū (suru) * (longing; great desire; aspiration)/ Kyūin (suru) * (absorption; suction; aspiration/ attraction; draw)/ Dōkei (suru) * (longing; yearning; aspiration; adoration)/ Mezashi (suru)/ Mezasu * (to aim at (for, to do, to become); to try for; to have an eye on/ to go toward; to head for)/ Omou * (to feel; to be (in a state of mind); to desire; to want)/ Kokorozashi o tateru * (to set one's ambition to; to set one's goal to; to set one's aim to; to set one's will to) (Naritai)
Verb-Emc	To associate (with; to link with; to connect with; to relate with)	関連付ける (関連づける)/ 連想 (する)	Kanrendzukeru/ Rensō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To associate with (to keep company with; to go out with)	付き合う (付合う)	Tsukiau
Verb-Emc	To astonish	驚かせる	Odoroka seru
Verb-Emc	To attract	引きつける/ 引く/ 誘致 (する)	Hikitsukeru/ Hiku/ Yūchi (suru)
Verb-Emc	To attract someone's attention (to arouse someone's interest)	気を引く	Kiwohiku
Verb-Emc	To be affectionate to (to show one's love (for); to cherish)	可愛がる	Kawai garu
Verb-Emc	To be afraid of (to feel afraid of/ to be frightened; to be nervous)	怖がる/ ビビる/ 冷や冷や (ヒヤヒヤ) (する/ と)	Kowagaru/ Bibiru/ Hiyahiya (suru/ to)

Verb-Emc	To be amazed	驚く/ 呆れる/ 吃驚(する)/ 恐れ入る/ 魂消る/ 目を丸くする/ 驚き入る/ 目を見張る/ 呆れ入る	Odoroku * (to be surprised; to be astonished)/ Akireru * (to be amazed; to be shocked; to be astonished; to be astounded; to be disgusted; to be exasperated; to be fed up)/ Bikkuri (suru) * (to be surprised; to be amazed; to be frightened; to be astonished; to get startled; to jump/ surprise (e.g. surprise party))/ Osoreiru * (to be amazed; to be filled with awe; to be surprised)/ Tamageru * (to be astonished; to be flabbergasted; to be startled; to be amazed)/ Me o marukusuru * (to stare in wonder; to be amazed)/ Odorokiiru * (to be astonished; to be amazed)/ Mewomiharu * (to open one's eyes wide (in astonishment, wonder, etc.); to be wide-eyed; to be amazed)/ Akire hairu * (to be dumbfounded; to be amazed)
Verb-Emc	To be attached to	添付(する)/ 付く(つく)/ 懐く (なつく)/ 執着(する)/ 馴染む/ 付いてる/ 情が移る/ 恋々(恋恋) (たる/ と/ する/ な)/ 愛しむ/ 愛おしむ/ 情がわく(情が湧く)/ 愛着がわく/ 愛着(する)/ 恋着 (する)/ 接続(する)/ 別添(する)/ 配属(する)	Tenpu (suru) * (attaching (documents, etc.); appending; affixing)/ Tsuku * (to be attached; to be connected with; to adhere; to stick; to cling)/ Natsuku * (to become attached (to); to take (to); to become affectionate (with); to be tamed; to get close (e.g. to someone emotionally); to become intimate (with))/ Shūchaku (suru) * (attachment; adhesion; insistence; tenacity; fixation; obsession; clinging (e.g. to old customs))/ Najimu * (to become familiar with; to get used to; to become accustomed to; to adapt oneself to; to become attached to; to become friendly with)/ Tsuiteru * (to be attached; to have; to be included; to come with; to contain; to be in a state)/ Jōgautsuru * (to become attached; to begin to love)/ Renren (taru/ to/ suru/ na) * (affectionately attached; reluctant to part)/ Itoshimu * (to love; to be attached to; to cherish; to caress)/ Itōshimu * (to love; to be attached to; to cherish; to caress)/ Jō ga waku * (to develop feelings (for); to become attached (to))/ Aichaku ga waku * (to grow fond of; to grow attached to; to become enamoured with)/ Aichaku (suru) * (attachment (esp. to things); love; affection; fondness)/ Renchaku (suru) * (attachment; love)/ Setsuzoku (suru) * (connection; attachment; union; join; joint; link)/ Bottem (suru) * (attachment; annexation; annex)
Verb-Emc	To be balanced	バランスをとる(バランスを取る)	Baransuwotoru

Verb-Emc	To be bored	退屈 (する)/ 飽き飽き (厭き厭き/ あきあき) (する)/ 辟易 (する)	Taikutsu (suru)/ Aki aki (suru) * (getting tired of; getting sick of; getting bored with; getting fed up with)/ Hekieki (suru) * (to be fed up (with); to be tired (of); to be bored (with); to be unable to bear)
Verb-Emc	To be burned out	燃え尽きてしまう	Moetsukite shimau
Verb-Emc	To be busy (to be occupied)	忙しい (忙しい)/ 忙しいことがある/ 忙しくがある/ 間える (支える/ つっかえる/ つかえる)/ 手が塞がる	Isogashī (isogashī)/ Isogashī koto ga aru/ Isogashiku ga aru/ Tsukaeru (tsukkaeru/ tsukaeru)/ Tegafusagaru
Verb-Emc	To be calm	落ち着く	Ochitsuku
Verb-Emc	To be confused	混乱がある/ 面食らう (面喰らう)/ 間誤付く/ 泡を食う/ 戸惑う	Konran ga aru/ Menkurau/ Magotsuku/ Awawokuu/ Tomadou
Verb-Emc	To be dazzled by (to be dizzied by; to be disoriented by)	眩む (くらむ/ 暗む/ 晦む)	Kuramu
Verb-Emc	To be excited	興奮 (する) (興奮した)/ 意気込みがある/ ワクワク (わくわく) (と/ する)/ 激昂 (する)/ 沸く/ 高ぶる/ 浮き立つ/ 熱する/ 盛り上がる	Kōfun (suru) (kōfun shita)/ Ikigomi ga aru * (to be excited; to have a high spirit; to be in high spirits; to be enthusiastic (about))/ Wakuwaku (to/ suru) * (trembling; getting nervous; excited; thrilled)/ Gekikō (suru) * (excitement; exasperation; indignation; rage; fury)/ Waku * (means 'to grow hot (e.g. water); to boil', but also means 'to get excited (at); to erupt (in applause, cheering, etc.); to be in a ferment; to take place energetically')/ Takaburu * (to become aroused (of emotions, nerves, etc.); to become excited; to become stirred up; to become worked up)/ Ukitatsu * (to be enlivened; to be exhilarated; to be excited; to be cheered up; to be in high spirits)/ Netsu suru * (means 'to heat; to heat up', but can also mean 'to get excited; to get worked up; to get fired up')/ Moriagaru * (to rouse; to get excited)
Verb-Emc	To be flexible	柔軟である	Jūnandearu
Verb-Emc	To be fond of (to become attached to; to become fond of)	好きになる/ 好きです (すきです)/ 大好きです (執着 (する); 好きになる)	Suki ni naru/ Sukidesu/ Daisukidesu * (liking very much; loving (something or someone); adoring; being very fond of) (Shūchaku (suru); Sukininaru)
Verb-Emc	To be free (to be available)	手が空く/ 開く (空く/ 明く)/ 暇 (閑/ 遑/ ひま/ ヒマ/ いとま) (な/ の/ です)/ 自由 (な/ の/ です) (手があく/ 手がすく/ てがあく/ てがすく)	Te ga aku/ Aku/ Hima (hima/ itoma) (na/ no/ desu)/ Jiyū (na/ no/ desu) (Te ga suku)
Verb-Emc	To be frightened (at) (to be scared (of))	冷やす (冷す)	Hiyasu

Verb-Emc	To be funny	面白い (です)	Omoshiroi (desu)
Verb-Emc	To be glad and sad (to swing between joy and sorrow; to have happiness and fear)	一喜一憂 (する)	Ikkiichiyū (suru)
Verb-Emc	To be gloomy (to be clouded (expression); to be downcast)	曇る	Kumoru
Verb-Emc	To be happy for someone	よかったね/ よかったですね/ 誰かのために幸せになる/ 誰かのために幸せです	Yokatta ne * (good for you; I am happy for you/ fixed expression, usually followed by something like 'I am happy too/ also/ as well'; watashi mo ureshī desu/ yo")/ Yokattadesu ne * (fixed expression)/ Dareka no tame ni shiawase ni naru/ Dareka no tame ni shiawasedesu
Verb-Emc	To be healthy	健康になる/ 元気になる	Kenkō ni naru/ Genkininaru
Verb-Emc	To be impressed	感動 (する)/ 感じ入る/ 染み込む	Kandō (suru) * (being deeply moved emotionally; excitement; passion; inspiration; deep emotion; strong impression)/ Kanjiiru * (to be deeply impressed (by); to be moved (by); to admire greatly)/ Shimikomu * (means 'to soak into; to sink into; to seep into; to permeate', but can also mean 'to sink into (one's mind); to be (deeply) ingrained; to be instilled; to be embedded; to be impressed')
Verb-Emc	To be in love	愛する/ 恋する	Aisuru * (to love)/ Koisuru * (to fall in love, but can also mean to love)
Verb-Emc	To be in the mood for (to feel like; to look forward to)	～の気分になる (～のような気分になる; 楽しみにする)	～ no Kibun ni naru (～ no yōna kibun ni naru; tanoshimini suru)
Verb-Emc	To be in thoughts (in thoughts)	考え込む (考え込む)	Kangaekomu (kangaekomu)
Verb-Emc	To be in trouble	困る/ 苦境に立つ/ 悩む/ 悩める/ 迷惑 (する)/ 困ったことに	Komaru/ Kikyō ni tatsu/ Nayamu/ Nayameru/ Meiwaku (suru)/ Komattakoto ni
Verb-Emc	To be inclined	傾く/ 傾ぐ/ 傾ける/ 傾斜 (する)/ 傾向がある/ 気が向く/ 気がある/ 気が進む/ 気に乗る/ 心が動く/ 気になる	Katamuku/ Kashigu/ Katamukeru/ Keisha (suru)/ Keikō ga aru/ Kigamuku * (to feel like; to feel inclined to do)/ Kigāru * (to have an interest (in something); to feel inclined (toward doing something))/ Ki ga susumu * (to be inclined to do; to be willing to do)/ Ki ga noru * (to become inclined to do; to get excited about; to take an interest)/ Kokorogaugoku * (to take a fancy to something; to be moved; to feel inclined to)/ Ki ni naru * (to feel like (doing); to feel inclined to; to bring oneself to (do))
Verb-Emc	To be interested	興味がある	Kyōmīgāru

Verb-Emc	To be into	凝りだす/ 好き (な/ の)/ 夢中になる	Kori dasu * (to be into something (e.g. a hobby))/ Suki (na/ no) * (liking; being fond of; to one's liking; to one's taste; preferred; favourite)/ Muchūninaru * (to be into; to be absorbed in; to be immersed in; to be crazy about; to be obsessed with; to be devoted to/ can come on much stronger than 'just being into some hobby')
Verb-Emc	To be jealous (to envy)	嫉妬 (する)/ 妬む/ 羨む/ 嫉む/ 妬く/ やきもちを焼く/ やっかむ/ ヤキモチ焼く/ ジェラシる/ 僻む/ 焼ける (妬む)	Shitto (suru)/ Netamu/ Urayamu/ Sonemu/ Yaku/ Yaki mochi o yaku/ Yakkamu * (to envy; to be envious (of); to be jealous (of)/ Kantou dialect)/ Yakimochi yaku/ Jerashiru * (to be jealous; slang)/ Higamu * (to be jealous; to be envious; to have an inferiority complex)/ Yakeru * (can mean 'to burn; to burn down; to go down in flames/ to be roasted; to be thoroughly cooked', but can also mean 'to be jealous; to be envious') (Netamu)
Verb-Emc	To be looking forward to	楽しみにする/ 待ち望む/ 心待ちにする/ 楽しみに待つ/ 待ち設ける	Tanoshimini suru * (to look forward to)/ Machinozomu * (to wait eagerly for; to look forward to)/ Kokoromachi ni suru * (to look forward to)/ Tanoshiminimatsu * (to wait expectantly; to await in anticipation)/ Machimōkeru * (to expect; to look for; to look forward to; to anticipate; to wait for)
Verb-Emc	To be lost in (greed, lust, etc.)	眩む (くらむ/ 暗む/ 晦む)	Kuramu
Verb-Emc	To be meant to be	あることを意味する/ 赤い糸で結ばれる/ ... であることになっている	Aru koto o imi suru/ Akai ito de musuba reru/ ... Dearu koto ni natte iru
Verb-Emc	To be motivated to do something (to feel motivated to do something, ie. 'I feel motivated to do something')	何かをする意欲がある (何かをする意欲を感じる; すなわち, '何かをする意欲があると感じる')	Nanika o suru iyoku ga aru (nanika o suru iyoku o kanjiru; sunawachi, 'nanika o suru iyoku ga aru to kanjiru')
Verb-Emc	To be named	指名される	Shimei sa reru
Verb-Emc	To be on one's mind (on my mind)	心の中にいる (私の心に)	Kokoronouchi ni iru (watashi no kokoro ni)
Verb-Emc	To be proud of	誇りに思う/ 奢る/ 誇る/ (とても) 誇りにする/ 鼻を高くする * (literally: to raise one's nose/ to raise the nose)	Hokori ni omou/ Ogoru/ Hokoru/ (totemo) Hokori ni suru/ Hanawotakakusuru * (literally: to raise one's nose/ to raise the nose)
Verb-Emc	To be quite attached to (I am quite attached to)	(に) かなり執着する/ 愛おしむ/ 愛しむ (私はかなり執着している)	(ni) Kanari shūchaku suru/ Ai oshimu * (to love; to be attached to; to cherish; to caress)/ Oshimu * (to love; to be attached to; to cherish; to caress) (watashi wa kanari shūchaku shite iru)

Verb-Emc	To be relieved (to feel relieved)	安心 (する)/ 休まる/ ふぐりが下がる/ 胸を撫で下ろす/ 胸のつかえが下りる/ つかえが取れる/ 任を解かれる/ 荷が下りる (安心 (する))	Anshin (suru) * (peace of mind; relief; (sense of) security; safety; assurance; confidence)/ Yasumaru * (to be rested; to feel at ease; to repose; to be relieved)/ Fuguri ga sagaru * (to feel relieved; to be relieved)/ Mune o nade orosu * (to be relieved; to feel relieved)/ Mune no tsukae ga oriru * (to be relieved of a worry; to get a load off one's chest)/ Tsukae ga toreru * (to get a load off one's chest; to be relieved of a worry)/ Ninwotokareru * (to be relieved of one's post)/ Nigaoriru * (to feel relieved; to feel happy after having been relieved of a responsibility; to be relieved from a duty) (anshin (suru))
Verb-Emc	To be reminded of	連想 (する)	Rensō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To be restored to life (to come to life again; to regenerate)	再生 (する)/ 更生 (する)	Saisei (suru)/ Kōsei (suru)
Verb-Emc	To be satisfied (to be pleased)	満足 (する)/ 満ち足りる/ 満たす/ 添う (副う/ 沿う) (喜ぶ)	Manzoku (suru)/ Michitariru/ Mitasu/ Sō (sou) (Yorokobu)
Verb-Emc	To be shrouded in mystery	謎に包まれる (謎に包まれている)/ 霧に包まれている/ ベールに包まれている/ ベールに覆われている/ 謎めいている/ 秘密めいている/ 不思議 (な)	Nazo ni tsutsumareru (nazo ni tsutsuma rete iru)/ Kiri ni tsutsuma rete iru/ Bēru ni tsutsuma rete iru/ Bēru ni ōwa rete iru/ Nazo meite iru/ Himitsu meite iru/ Fushigi (na)
Verb-Emc	To be shy	恥ずかしがる (こと)	Hazukashi garu (koto)
Verb-Emc	To be sufficient (to be enough)	足りる/ 足る/ 十分である/ 十分である/ 十分 (な)/ 満ち足りる	Tariru/ Taru/ Jūbundearu/ Jūbundearu/ Jūbun (na)/ Michitariru
Verb-Emc	To be sunk in (e.g. despair) (to be lost in (e.g. thought); to be overcome with)	暮れる	Kureru
Verb-Emc	To be the best	最高になる/ ずば抜ける	Saikō ni naru/ Zubanukeru * (to be by far the best; to be much better; to excel; to be exceptional; to be prominent; to be outstanding; to be a cut above; to tower above the rest)
Verb-Emc	To be touched (to be (deeply) moved by affection)	感動 (をする/ する)/ 絆される/ 心を動かされる	Kandō (o suru/ suru)/ Hodasareru/ Kokoro o ugokasa reru
Verb-Emc	To be touched (to be influenced)	動く/ 関わる/ 引きずられる	Ugoku/ Kakawaru/ Hikizurareru
Verb-Emc	To be troubling someone (somebody) (you are troubling me)	誰かを困らせている (あなたは私を困らせている)	Dareka o komaraseteru (Anata wa watashi o komaraseteiru)
Verb-Emc	To be upset	動揺 (する)	Dōyō (suru)

Verb-Emc	To be vigilant	警戒(する)/ 用心深い/ ヴィジラント(の)	Keikai (suru)/ Yōjinbukai/ Vu~ijiranto (no)
Verb-Emc	To be welcome (to be welcomed)	歓迎される/ 持てる/ 持て成す/ 迎える/ 奉迎される/ 接遇される/ 接待される (歓迎される)	Kangei sareru * (welcome; reception)/ Moteru * (to be well liked; to be popular; to be pampered (spoiled, doted upon, etc.); to be welcomed)/ Motenasu * (to treat (a guest); to receive; to entertain; to be hospitable to; to make welcome)/ Mukaeru * (to go out to meet; to receive; to welcome; to greet; to salute; to hail)/ Hōgei sareru * (welcome)/ Setsugu sareru * (reception; welcome)/ Settai sareru * (entertainment (of guests; esp. in the corporate world); treating (to food and drinks); wining and dining) (kangei sareru)
Verb-Emc	To be well known (to be famous)	聞こえる (聞える/ 聴こえる/ 聴える)/ 売れる	Kikoeru/ Ureru
Verb-Emc	To be worth doing	し甲斐/ やり甲斐 (遣り甲斐/ やりがい) (です)/ 足りる/ 足る/ 価値ある/ やる価値がある	Shi kai/ Yarigai (desu)/ Tariru/ Taru/ Kachiaru/ Yaru kachi ga aru
Verb-Emc	To be worth it	価値がある/ 割に合う (割りに合う)/ 骨折り甲斐がある (骨折りがいがある)	Kachigāru/ Wariniau/ Honeori kai gāru
Verb-Emc	To be worth the wait	待つ価値がある	Matsu kachi ga aru
Verb-Emc	To bear (burden, responsibility; to carry on one's shoulder)	担う/ 負う/ 着る	Ninau/ Ou/ Kiru
Verb-Emc	To become emotional	感情的になる	Kanjō-teki ni naru
Verb-Emc	To become intimate (with)	出来る (出きる)/ 引っ付く (引つつく)/ くっ付く (食っ付く)/ 出来合う/ 馴れ合う (なれ合う)	Dekiru/ Hittsuku/ Kutttsuku/ Deki au/ Nareau
Verb-Emc	To beguile	騙す/ 紛らす	Damasu * (to trick; to cheat; to deceive/ to coax; to wheedle; to soothe and humor (humour))/ Magirasu * (to divert (e.g. one's mind); to distract; to relieve (boredom, sorrow, etc.); to drown (one's sorrows); to beguile (the time)/ to conceal (e.g. one's grief with a smile); to hide; to shift (the conversation); to change (the subject))
Verb-Emc	To behave like a spoiled child (to fawn on)	甘える/ 甘ったれる/ 駄々っ子のように振る舞う/ 駄々っ子のように行動する	Amaeru/ Amattareru/ Dadakko no yō ni furumau/ Dadakko no yō ni kōdō suru
Verb-Emc	To betray (to backstab)	裏切る/ 寝返る/ 裏返る/ 寝返りを打つ/ 背信(する)/ 寝返り (する)/ ダブルクロス(する) (バックスタブする)	Uragiru/ Negaeru/ Uragaeru/ Nekaeriwoutsu/ Haishin (suru)/ Negaeri (suru)/ Daburu kurosu (suru) * (double cross) (Bakkusutabu suru * (backstab))

Verb-Emc	To blame (to criticize)	責める/ 咎める/ 非難 (する)/ 問責 (する)/ 恨む/ 糾弾 (する)/ 指弾 (する)/ 責め立てる	Semeru/ Togameru/ Hinan (suru)/ Monseki (suru)/ Uramu * (to bear a grudge against; to resent; to blame; to curse; to feel bitter towards)/ Kyūdan (suru) * (censure; denunciation; (verbal) attack; blaming)/ Shidan (suru) * (criticism; blame; rejection; disdain; contempt/ flick (of the finger) - original meaning)/ Semetateru * (to criticize harshly; to blame; to accuse; to grill/ to urge; to press)
Verb-Emc	To blow a kiss	投げキッスをする/ 投げキスをする	Nagekissu o suru * (thrown kiss; blown kiss; air kiss)/ Nagekisu o suru * (thrown kiss; blown kiss; air kiss)
Verb-Emc	To boast	自慢 (する)	Jiman (suru)
Verb-Emc	To bolster	強化 (する)/ テコ入れ (する)/ 裏打ち (する)	Kyōka (suru) * (strengthening; intensifying; reinforcement; enhancement; solidification)/ Tekoire (suru) * (shoring up (a company, industry, etc.); propping up; bolstering; support; promotion)/ Urauchi (suru) * (lining; backing/ backing up (e.g. a theory); support; bolstering)
Verb-Emc	To bond	親近 (する)/ 接着 (する)/ と仲良くする	Shinkin (suru) * (bonding; becoming closer; developing an affinity; familiarity/ close relation; close relative; close friend)/ Setchaku (suru) * (adhesion; glueing; gluing; bonding; binding; adhering; fastening)/ To nakayoku suru * (on good terms (with); on friendly terms (with); (getting along) well; in harmony; happily; peacefully/ to get along with)
Verb-Emc	To bother (to annoy)	煩わす/ うるさがらせる/ 迷惑をかける (イライラする/ 困らせる/ 悩ませる)	Wazurawasu/ urusa gara seru/ meiwakuwokakeru (iraira suru/ komara seru/ nayama seru)
Verb-Emc	To break the spell	呪文を解く	Jumonwotoku
Verb-Emc	To break up (ie. broken up)	別れる/ 分裂 (する)/ 解散 (する)/ 分散 (する)/ 破婚 (する)/ 一家離散 (する) (つまり, 解散 (する))	Wakareru * (to part (usu. of people); to part from; to part with; to be apart from/ to separate (of a couple); to break up; to divorce/ to lose (e.g. one's mother); to be bereaved)/ Bunretsu (suru) * (split; division; break up)/ Kaisan (suru) * (breaking up (a meeting, gathering, etc.); dispersal (e.g. of a crowd)/ dissolution (of a company, organization, etc.); winding-up; disbandment; split-up/ dissolution (of the Diet, Parliament, etc.))/ Bunsan (suru) * (dispersion; breakup; scattering; decentralization; decentralisation; distribution)/ Hakon (suru) * (marriage breakup; divorce; engagement breakup)/ Ikka risan (suru) * (the breakup (dispersal) of a family) (tsumari, kaisan (suru))

Verb-Emc	To bring out the best of someone	誰かの良さを引き出す	Dareka no yo-sa o hikidasu
Verb-Emc	To bring to life	生き返らせる	Ikikaeraseru
Verb-Emc	To calm down (to become calm; to cool off)	落ち着く/ 凪ぐ/ 治まる/ 冷やす (冷す)	Ochitsuku/ Nagu/ Osamaru/ Hiyasu
Verb-Emc	To cannot resist doing (to cannot help doing)	それをせずにはいられない/ やらずにはいられない/ そうすることに抵抗できない (やらずにはいられない)	Sore o sezu ni hairarenai/ Yarazu ni hairarenai/ Sō suru koto ni teikōdekinai (yarazu ni hairarenai)
Verb-Emc	To captivate	魅了(する)/ 奪う/ 魅する/ 魅せる/ 目を奪う/ 迷う/ 見とれる/ 心を奪われる/ 惑う/ 目を奪われる/ 魅惑(する/ の)	Miryō (suru)/ Ubau/ Mi suru/ Miseru/ Me o ubau * (to dazzle one's eyes; to hold one's gaze; to fascinate; to captivate)/ Mayou * (literally means 'to lose one's way; to get lost' or 'to waver; to hesitate; to be of two minds over; to be puzzled; to be perplexed', but can also mean 'to be charmed; to be infatuated; to be captivated; to be smitten')/ Mitoreru/ Kokoro o ubawareru * (to be captivated by ...; to be fascinated with ...)/ Madou * (means 'to get lost; to lose one's bearings' or 'to be puzzled; to be perplexed; to be confused; to be at a loss', but can also mean 'to be tempted; to be seduced; to be captivated')/ Me o ubawareru * (to be captivated (visually))/ Miwaku (suru/ no)
Verb-Emc	To care for someone deeply	誰かを深く思いやるという	Dareka o fukaku omoiyaru to iu
Verb-Emc	To care too little (to be careless)	あまり気にしない (不注意になる)	Amari kinishinai (Fuchūi ni naru)
Verb-Emc	To care too much	気にしすぎる	Ki ni shi sugiru
Verb-Emc	To caress (to fondle)	愛撫(する) (愛撫(する))	Aibu (suru) * (caressing; fondling; (sexual) petting/ physical intimacy) (aibu (suru))
Verb-Emc	To cast a light (to shine a light on)	光を当てる/ (に) 光を放つ/ ライトを当てる (光を当てる/ 照らし出す/ 光を通す)	Hikariwoateru/ (ni) Hikariwohanatsu * (to shed light; to cast light)/ Raito o ateru (Hikariwoateru/ Terashi dasu * (to illuminate; to shine a light on; to light up)/ Hikariwotōsu * (to allow light to pass through; to shine light through))
Verb-Emc	To cast a spell	呪文を唱える/ 魔法を唱える	Jumon o tonaeru/ Mahō o tonaeru
Verb-Emc	To change one's mind (to have second thoughts about something; to have a change of heart)	気が変わる/ 考えを変える/ 翻意(する)/ 思い直す (思いなおす/ おもいなおす)/ 思いとどまる (思い止まる/ 思い留まる/ おもいとどまる)/ 思い返す/ 意識を変える (意識をかえる/ いしきをかえる)/ 心変わり (心変り/ ころがわり)(する) (何かについて考え直す; 心変わりする)	Ki ga kawaru/ Kangae o kaeru/ Hon'i (suru)/ Omoinaosu/ Omoitodomaru/ Omoikaesu/ Ishiki o kaeru/ Kokorogawari (suru) * (change of heart, also used for love interest) (Nanika ni tsuite kangaenaosu; kokorogawari suru)

Verb-Emc	To charm (to conjure; to cast a spell (on someone))	呪う	Majinau * (not norou)
Verb-Emc	To clap one's hands in prayer	拍手を打つ	Kashiwa de o utsu (hakushu o utsu)
Verb-Emc	To come alive	生き返る	Ikikaeru
Verb-Emc	To come to mind (to recall; to come to think of)	思い当たる/ 思いつく/ 浮かぶ/ 思い浮かぶ/ 思い出す/ 考え当たったことがある/ 頭に浮かぶ/ 目に浮かぶ/ 偲ばれる	Omoiataru/ Omoitsuku/ Ukabu * (to come to mind; to have inspiration; standard means 'to float' & 'to rise to the surface; to appear')/ Omoi ukabu/ Omoidasu/ Kangae atatta koto ga aru * (something occurs to my mind; something occurred to my mind)/ Atama ni ukabu * (to come to mind; to pop into one's head)/ Meniukabu * (to picture; to come into one's mind; to remember)/ Shinobareru
Verb-Emc	To come to think of it	考えてみれば (考えて見れば/ かんがえてみれば)/ そう言えば/ よく考えたら (良く考えたら/ よくかんがえたら)/ そういや (そういやあ)/ そう思うようになりました	Kangaete mireba/ Sō ieiba/ Yoku kangaetara/ Sōiya/ Sō omou yō ni narimashita
Verb-Emc	To compete (to contest; to rival; to race)	競争 (する)	Kyōsō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To condone	(行為/ 行動を) 大目に見る	(kōi/ kōdō o) Ōmenimiru
Verb-Emc	To confusate	混乱させる	Konran saseru
Verb-Emc	To conjure (to conjure up)	思い起こさせる/ 手品をする/ (...)を手品で出す (思い起こさせる)	Omoioiosa seru/ Tejina o suru * (magic (illusion); conjuring; magic trick; conjuring trick; sleight of hand)/ (...) o Tejina de dasu * (magic (illusion); conjuring; magic trick; conjuring trick; sleight of hand) (omoioiosa seru)
Verb-Emc	To consecrate	奉獻する	Hōken suru
Verb-Emc	To contemplate	考える/ 顧みる (顧る/ 省みる)/ 反省 (する)	Kangaeru/ Kaerimiru/ Hansei (suru)
Verb-Emc	To cool down	クールダウン (する)	Kūrudaun (suru)
Verb-Emc	To cool off (to calm down; to collect oneself)	冷静になる/ 冷やす/ 治まる	Reisei ni naru/ Hiyasu/ Osamaru
Verb-Emc	To create drama	ドラマを生み出す/ ドラマを作る/ ドラマを作成する/ ドラマを創作する/ 演劇を生み出す/ 戯曲を生み出す/ 劇を生み出す/ 芝居を生み出す	Dorama o umidasu/ Dorama o tsukuru/ Dorama o sakusei suru/ Dorama o sōsaku suru * (make a creative work; create an original work; make an original work)/ Engeki o umidasu/ Gikyoku o umidasu/ Geki o umidasu/ Shibai o umidasu
Verb-Emc	To cringe	辟易 (する)/ すくみ上がる	Hekieki (suru) * (to wince; to shrink back; to cringe)/ Sukumiagaru * (to cringe with fear; to cower with fright; to be terribly afraid)
Verb-Emc	To cross the line	一線を越える	Issenwokoeru

Verb-Emc	To curse (to put a curse on; to detest intensely)	呪う	Norou
Verb-Emc	To dazzle (to daze)	眩惑(する)/ 幻惑(する)/ ギラギラ(と/ する)/ 奪う/ 目くるめく(目眩く)/ ぎらつく(ギラつく)/ くらます(眩ます)/ 目を奪う/ くらむ(眩む)/ 目がくらむ(目が眩む)/ ちらつく(チラつく)/ ちらちら(チラチラ/ チラッチラッ)(と/ する)/ ピカッと(ぴかっと)(する)(呆然とする)	Genwaku (suru) * (dazzlement; bewilderment; daze)/ Genwaku (suru) * (fascination; bewitchment; entrancement; dazzlement/ same hiragana characters as the other word)/ Giragira (to/ suru) * (glaringly; dazzlingly; blazingly)/ Ubau * (to absorb (one's attention); to fascinate; to captivate; to charm; to dazzle)/ Mekurumeku * (to dazzle; to blind)/ Giratsuku * (to glare; to dazzle/ to glitter)/ Kuramasu * (to dazzle; to make dizzy; to bewilder)/ Me o ubau * (to dazzle one's eyes; to hold one's gaze; to fascinate; to captivate)/ Kuramu * (to be dazzled by; to be dizzied by; to be disoriented by)/ Megakuramu * (to be dizzy; to be disoriented/ to be dazzled)/ Chiratsuku * (to flicker; to glimmer; to flit/ to fall lightly (snow, rain))/ Chirachira (chirachira/ chiratchira~tsu) (to/ suru) * (flickering; twinkling; glimmering; sparkling; dazzling/ falling lightly (e.g. snow, petals, confetti); fluttering/ appearing and disappearing; catching glimpses/ glancing (repeatedly)/ (hear, see) from time to time; intermittently)/ Pikatto (suru) * (with a flash; brightly; dazzlingly; sparkingly; brilliantly (shining)) (Bōzen to suru * (to be stunned; to be dumbfounded; to be dazed))
Verb-Emc	To deal with one's feelings (to process one's feelings; to work through one's feelings)	自分の感情に対処する/ 自分の感情を取扱う/ 気持ちと向き合う/ 自分の気持ちと対峙する (自分の感情を処理する; 自分の感情を処理する)	Jibun no kanjō ni taisho suru/ Jibun no kanjō o toriatsukau/ Kimochi to mukiau * (to confront one's feelings; to face one's feelings; to deal with one's feelings)/ Jibun no kimochi to taiji suru * (to confront one's feelings; to face one's feelings) (jibun no kanjō o shori suru; jibun no kanjō o shori suru)
Verb-Emc	To deface	汚す	Yogosu

Verb-Emc	To defy	無視(する)/ 逆らう/ 楯突く/ 抗する(こうする)/ 凌ぐ/ 挑戦 (する)/ 否定(する)/ 挑む/ 反抗 (する)	Mushi (suru) * (disregarding; ignoring; to disregard; to ignore)/ Sakarau * (to go against; to oppose; to disobey; to defy)/ Tatetsuku * (to defy; to disobey; to rebel against; to oppose; to resist)/ Kō suru * (to resist; to defy)/ Shinogu * (to surpass; to outdo; to excel; to eclipse; to defy; to slight)/ Chōsen (suru) * (to challenge; to defy; challenge; defiance; dare; attempt; try)/ Hitei (suru) * (to deny; denial; negation; repudiation; disavowal)/ Idomu * (to challenge to (a fight, game, etc.); to throw down the gauntlet; to contend for)/ Hankō (suru) * (opposition; resistance; insubordination; defiance; hostility; rebellion)
Verb-Emc	To deplore (to be sad; to lament)	嘆く/ 悲しむ	Nageku/ Kanashimu
Verb-Emc	To desecrate	冒瀆する	Bōtoku suru
Verb-Emc	To deserve respect	尊敬に値する	Sonkeiniataisuru (sonkei ni atai suru)
Verb-Emc	To despise	輕蔑(する)/ 唾棄(する)/ 見下ろす/ 見下す/ 蔑む/ 輕んずる/ 見くびる/ 侮る/ 卑しめる/ 見下げ果てる/ 下に見る/ 卑しむ	Keibetsu (suru)/ Daki (suru)/ Miorosu/ Mikudasu * (to look down (on); to condescend (to))/ Sagesumu * (to scorn; to despise; to hold in contempt; to look down on; to disdain)/ Karonzuru * (to despise; to belittle; to look down on)/ Mikubiru * (to underrate; to belittle; to look down on; to despise)/ Anadoru * (to disdain; to look down on; to make light of; to hold in contempt; to scorn; to despise)/ Iyashimeru * (to demean; to despise; to treat with contempt; to abase)/ Misage hateru * (to despise; to scorn; to look down on)/ Shita ni miru * (to look down on; to condescend)/ Iyashimu * (to despise; to disdain; to scorn; to hold in contempt; to look down on)
Verb-Emc	To devote oneself to (to concentrate on)	傾ける	Katamukeru
Verb-Emc	To discredit	信用を落とす/ 覆る/ (～)(の) 名を汚す	Shin'yō o otosu * (to lose credibility; to lose one's credit; to lose one's confidence/ to damage one's trust; to damage one's reputation; to damage one's confidence)/ Kutsugaeru * (to topple over; to be overturned; to capsize/ to be overruled; to be reversed; to be discredited)/ (～) (no) Nawokegasu * (to bring discredit to; to bring dishonor to the name of; to bring shame to; to give ~ a bad name; to ruin the reputation of/ to shame the name (of); to blot the reputation (of))

Verb-Emc	To discriminate	差別 (する)/ 弁える/ 弁別 (する)/ 識別 (する)/ 区別 (する)/ 鑑別 (する)/ 鑑識 (する)/ 判別 (する)/ 分け隔て (する)/ 特別扱い (する)/ 分別 (する)/ 分ける	Sabetsu (suru) * (distinction; differentiation; discrimination/ discrimination (against people))/ Wakimaeru * (to discern (e.g. right from wrong); to discriminate; to distinguish)/ Benbetsu (suru) * (distinguishing; distinction; discrimination; telling apart)/ Shikibetsu (suru) * (discrimination; discernment; identification)/ Kubetsu (suru) * (distinction; differentiation; discrimination; difference)/ Kanbetsu (suru) * (discrimination; judgement; judgment; separation; sorting)/ Kanshiki (suru) * (judgement; judgment; discernment; discrimination; having an eye for)/ Hanbetsu (suru) * (distinction; discrimination; distinguishing; discernment)/ Wake hedate (suru) * (distinction; favoritism; favouritism; discrimination)/ Tokubetsu atsukai (suru) * (preferential treatment/ special treatment; discrimination)/ Bunbetsu (suru) * (separation (e.g. of rubbish when recycling); classification; discrimination; division; distinction)/ Wakeru * (means 'to divide (into); to split (into); to part; to separate; to divide up; to classify; to sort out; to divide out', but also means 'to distinguish; to discriminate; to differentiate (between)')
Verb-Emc	To disdain	軽蔑 (する)	Keibetsu (suru)
Verb-Emc	To disguise one's feelings (to hide one's feelings)	気持ちを隠す (気持ちを隠す)	Kimochi o kakusu (kimochi o kakusu)
Verb-Emc	To disown	勘当 (する)	Kandō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To disquiet	不安にさせる	Fuan ni sa seru
Verb-Emc	To disrespect	軽蔑 (する)	Keibetsu (suru)
Verb-Emc	To dissemble	晦ます	Kuramasu
Verb-Emc	To disturb	(お) 邪魔 (する/ な)/ 妨げる/ 動揺 (する)/ 妨害 (する)	(o) Jama (suru/ na)/ Samatageru/ Dōyō (suru) * (disturbance; unrest; agitation; excitement; commotion; turmoil; discomposure; feeling shaken)/ Bōgai (suru) * (obstruction; hindrance; blocking; disturbance; interference; interruption; jamming (a signal))
Verb-Emc	To divine	占う/ 読む/ 易を見る/ 占い当てる/ トする	Uranau/ Yomu/ Eki o miru/ Uranai ateru/ Boku suru
Verb-Emc	To divorce	離婚 (する)	Rikon (suru)
Verb-Emc	To do as one wishes (to get one's way)	幅にする	Haba ni suru
Verb-Emc	To do something meaningful	意味のあることをする	Imi no aru koto o suru
Verb-Emc	To do something that matters	大切なことをする	Taisetsunakoto o suru

Verb-Emc	To do the right thing	正しいことをする (正しい事をする)/ 適切なことをする/ 適切な行動をする/ うまいことやる/ 当然のことをする/ 正しいことを行う/ 正しい行動をする/ 正しい行動を行う/ 正しいことをやる/ 正しいことをなさる/ 正業を行う	Tdashī koto o suru * (to do right; to do the correct thing; to do the right thing; to do a right thing; to do what is fair)/ Tekisetsuna koto o suru * (to do anything right; to do the appropriate thing; to do the proper thing; to do the right thing)/ Tekisetsuna kōdō o suru * (to do the right thing)/ Umai koto yaru * (to do the right thing; to swing it)/ Tōzen no koto o suru * (to do the right thing)/ Tdashī koto o okonau/ Tdashī kōdō o suru/ Tdashī kōdō o okonau/ Tdashī koto o yaru * (informal)/ Tdashī koto o nasaru * (honorific; respectful; very polite)/ Seigyō o okonau * (to do the right action; to do proper work; Buddhism)
Verb-Emc	To do without remorse (to do something without being ashamed)	後悔せずに行う/ 後悔なくしています (後悔なくする) (恥ずかしがらずに何かをする)	Kōkai sezu ni okonau/ Kōkai naku shite imasu (kōkai naku suru) (Hazukashi garazu ni nanika o suru)
Verb-Emc	To draw attention	注意を引く (注意をひく / 注意を惹く) / 注目を引く / 目に触れる / 注目を浴びる / 関心を集める / 注目を集める	Chūiwohiku/ Chūmoku o hiku/ Menifureru/ Chūmokuwoabiru/ Kanshin o atsumeru/ Chūmokuwoatsumeru
Verb-Emc	To dream of (to dream about)	夢見る (夢見る)	Yumemiru (yumemiru)
Verb-Emc	To drive crazy (to drive someone crazy)	狂わせる (誰かを狂わせる)	Kuruwaseru * (to drive mad; to upset; to disturb; to confuse) (dareka o kuruwaseru)
Verb-Emc	To dwell on	思い続ける / 考え続ける / 述べ立てる	Omoi tsudzukeru * (to think constantly about; to dwell on)/ Kangae tsudzukeru * (to keep thinking about; to continue thinking about)/ Nobe tateru * (to relate at great length; to dwell eloquently (on))
Verb-Emc	To eclipse	食する / 日食 (する) / 月食 (する) / 凌ぐ / 顔負け (する)	Shoku suru * (to eclipse (often, but not exclusively, the sun or the moon)/ eclipse (solar, lunar, etc.); occultation * (astronomy)/ to eat)/ Nisshoku (suru) * (to eclipse the sun/ solar eclipse * (astronomy))/ Gesshoku (suru) * (to eclipse the moon/ lunar eclipse * (astronomy))/ Shinogu * (to surpass; to outdo; to excel; to eclipse; to defy; to slight)/ Kaomake (suru) * (being put to shame; being outshone; being eclipsed; feeling embarrassed)
Verb-Emc	To embarrass (to humiliate)	恥をかく / 恥じる / 恥じらう / 恥ずかしがる / 恥をかかせる (屈辱を与える)	Haji o kaku/ Hajiru/ Hajirau/ Hazukashi garu/ Haji o kaka seru (Kutsujoku o ataeru)

Verb-Emc	To emphasize (to attach importance to; to stress)	強める/ 取り立てる/ エンファサイズ (する)/ 重きを置く/ 強調 (する)/ 力説 (する)/ 重視 (する)	Tsuyomeru/ Toritateru/ Enfasaizu (suru)/ Omokiwooku/ Kyōchō (suru)/ Rikisetsu (suru) * (emphasizing (a point, argument, etc.); stressing; insistence; arguing strongly (for, against))/ Jūshi (suru) * (regarding as important; attaching importance to; taking a serious view of; putting emphasis on)
Verb-Emc	To emphasize too much (to make too much of; to attach too much importance to)	偏重 (する)/ 強調しすぎる (強調しすぎる; 重視しすぎる)	Henchō (suru)/ Kyōchō shi sugiru (kyōchō shi sugiru; jūshi shi sugiru)
Verb-Emc	To end up well	うまく終わる	Umaku owaru
Verb-Emc	To endure	我慢 (する)/ 耐える/ 保つ/ 耐え忍ぶ/ 持ちこたえる/ 忍耐 (する)/ 辛抱 (する)/ 持久 (する)/ 隠忍 (する)/ 難航 (する)	Gaman (suru)/ Taeru/ Tamotsu/ Taeshinobu * (to put up with; to endure; to bear patiently)/ Mochikotaeru/ Nintai (suru)/ Shinbō (suru)/ Jikyū (suru)/ In'nin (suru)/ Nankō (suru) * (difficult voyage; stormy passage; hard flight/ rough going; running into trouble; proceeding with difficulty; rough passage)
Verb-Emc	To entertain (to amuse)	振る舞う (振舞う)/ 扱う/ 娯楽 (する)/ ご馳走 (御馳走) (する)/ 持て成し (する)	Furumau/ Atsukau/ Goraku (suru)/ Gochisō (suru)/ Motenashi (suru)
Verb-Emc	To envisage	想像 (する)/ 心に描く	Sōzō (suru) * (imagination; supposition; guess)/ Kokoro ni kaku * (to picture in mind; to imagine; to envisage)
Verb-Emc	To exalt	称賛 (賞賛) (する)/ 発揚 (する)/ 称える (讃える/ 賛える/ たたえる)/ 高める	Shōsan (suru)/ Hatsuyō (suru)/ Tataeru/ Takameru
Verb-Emc	To exert	力を発揮 (する)	Chikara o hakki (suru) * (to make a difference; to exert; to make a contribution; to work hard)
Verb-Emc	To exert control (to exert power)	コントロールを発揮する (力を発揮する)	Kontorōru o hakki suru (chikara o hakki suru)
Verb-Emc	To exhilarate	爽快 (する/ な)/ 痛快 (する/ な)/ 爽快になる/ 爽快感になる/ 高揚になる/ 高揚感になる/ 痛快になる	Sōkai (suru/ na)/ Tsūkai (suru/ na)/ Sōkai ni naru/ Sōkai-kan ni naru/ Kōyō ni naru/ Kōyō-kan ni naru/ Tsūkai ni naru
Verb-Emc	To exhort	勧める/ 諭す/ 叱咤 (する)	Susumeru * (to recommend (someone to do); to advise; to encourage; to urge)/ Satosu * (to make (someone) understand (a fault, mistake, etc.); to reason with; to advise; to try to persuade; to exhort; to admonish; to warn (against doing))/ Shitta (suru) * (means 'scolding; rebuke; reprimand', but can also mean 'fierce encouragement; exhorting')
Verb-Emc	To express (to show)	表現 (する)/ 表す (あらわす)/ 表す (ひょうす)/ 表する (ひょうする)/ 現れる	Hyōgen (suru)/ Arawasu/ Hyōsu/ Hyō suru/ Arawareru * (to be expressed (e.g. emotions); to become apparent (e.g. trends, effects))

Verb-Emc	To express one's feelings (to express your feelings; expressing your feelings)	気持ちを表現する/ 感情を表現する/ 気持ちを現れる/ 気持ちを言葉にする/ 気持ちを伝える/ 気持ちを出す/ 気持ちを出せる (気持ちを表現する; 気持ちを表現する)	Kimochi o hyōgen suru/ Kanjō o hyōgen suru/ Kimochi o arawareru/ Kimochi o kotoba ni suru * (to show your feelings; to put your feelings into words; to give expression to your feelings; to state your feelings)/ Kimochi o tsutaeru * (to convey your feelings; to communicate your feelings; to tell your feelings; to impart your feelings; to propagate your feelings)/ Kimochi o dasu * (to express one's feelings; to reveal one's feelings; to show one's feelings)/ Kimochi o daseru * (to express your feelings; to show your feelings; to let your feelings come out; to come out with your feelings; to put out your feelings; to reveal your feelings) (kimochi o hyōgen suru; kimochi o hyōgen suru)
Verb-Emc	To extol	称赞(賞賛)(する)/ 持ち上げる/ 褒めそやす/ 謳う/ 褒めちぎる/ 称える(讃える/ たたえる)/ 褒め上げる/ 賞する/ そやす/ 賛美 (する)/ 褒め立てる/ 賛嘆(する)/ 称揚(賞揚)(する)/ 顕揚(する)/ 嘆美(歎美)(する)/ 激賞(する)	Shōsan (suru)/ Mochiageru/ Homesoyasu/ Utau/ Homechigiru/ Tataeru/ Home ageru/ Shō suru/ Soyasu/ Sanbi (suru)/ Hometateru/ Santan (suru)/ Shōyō (suru)/ Ken'yō (suru)/ Tanbi (suru)/ Gekishō (suru)

Verb-Emc	To fall in love (with)	(に/ と/ を) 恋に落ちる/ 恋する/ 恋をする/ 惚れる/ 恋慕(する)/ 惚れ直す/ 情けを知る/ 見初める/ 思いを寄せる/ ベタ惚れ(する)/ 大好きになる/ 好きになる/ 懸想 (する)	(ni/ to/ o) Koi ni ochiru * (expressing love in Japanese may very quickly come across as being far too direct. Most Japanese people do it in a very indirect way. In order to not let a Japanese person lose face due to embarrassment, it's far better to use 'sukininaru' (to come to like/ to become fond of) or maybe some hint)/ Koisuru/ Koi o suru/ Horeru * (to fall in love; to be in love; to be charmed with; to lose one's heart to)/ Renbo (suru) * (love; attachment; tender emotions; falling in love)/ Hore naosu * (to rekindle one's love; to fall in love again (with a person one has previously been in love with))/ Nasakewoshiru * (to fall in love (for the first time); to know love/ to be compassionate)/ Misomeru * (be careful, this word means 'to fall in love at first sight', but can also mean 'to see for the first time; to meet for the first time/ to have sexual relations for the first time')/ Omoiwoyoseru * (to give one's heart to; to fall in love/ to turn one's mind towards; to think of/ can mean literally 'to send your thoughts; to come near with your thoughts')/ Beta hore (suru) * ((falling) deeply in love)/ Daisuki ni naru * (to come to like a lot; to fall in love)/ Sukininaru * (to come to like; to become fond of; to fall in love)/ Kesō (suru) * (falling in love; attachment)
Verb-Emc	To fantasize	空想する	Kūsō suru
Verb-Emc	To feel a sudden chill (feeling a shiver)	冷やっと (ヒヤッと) (する)	Hiyatto (suru)
Verb-Emc	To feel around for (to fumble for; to grope for)	探る	Saguru
Verb-Emc	To feel at ease (to feel calm; to feel peaceful)	安心する (落ち着く; 穏やかな気分になる)	Anshin suru (ochitsuku; odayakana kibun ni naru)
Verb-Emc	To feel at one's best	最高の気分にいる/ 最高の気分を感じる/ 素晴らしいと感じる/ 感じが凄いです/ 最高を感じる/ 気分爽快です/ 調子がいいです	Saikō no kibun de iru/ Saikō no kibun o kanjiru/ Subarashī to kanjiru/ Kanji ga sugoidesu/ Saikō o kanjiru/ Kibun sōkaidesu * (feeling great (refreshed))/ Chōshigaīdesu * (in good condition; in fine shape; in form; in good health; (feeling) well; in working order; going well; running smoothly)
Verb-Emc	To feel blessed to be in one's position (to be thankful for one's good fortune)	冥利に尽きる	Myōrinitsukiru
Verb-Emc	To feel blue	青く感じる	Aoku kanjiru

Verb-Emc	To feel cared for (to feel care)	大切にされていると感じる/ 気にかけていると感じる (大切にされていると感じる)	Taisetsu ni sa rete iru to kanjiru/ Ki ni kake rarete iru to kanjiru (taisetsu ni sa rete iru to kanjiru)
Verb-Emc	To feel changed	変化を感じる	Henka o kanjiru
Verb-Emc	To feel chilly	冷や冷や(ヒヤヒヤ)(する/と)	Hiyahiya (suru/ to)
Verb-Emc	To feel cold	寒さを感じる/ 冷たく感じる	Samu-sa o kanjiru/ Tsumetaku kanjiru
Verb-Emc	To feel defeated (to feel down)	敗北を感じる/ 敗北感を味わう (落ち込む(落ち込む/ 落ちこむ)/ 気分が落ち込む/ 凹む(ヘコむ)/ 滅入る/ 沈む * (here it means 'to feel depressed' but literally means to sink; to go under; to submerge)/ 湿る (しめる/ しとる) * (here it means 'to feel depressed', but literally means to become damp; to become moist; to become wet)/ 気が滅入る (気がめいる)/ 塞ぐ/ 気がふさぐ (気が塞ぐ)/ 鬱ぐ/ 気分がふさぐ (気分が塞ぐ))	Haiboku-kan o kanjiru/ Haiboku-kan o ajiwau (Ochikomu/ Kibun ga ochikomu/ Hekomu/ Meiru/ Shizumu/ Shimeru (shimeru/ shitoru)/ Kigameiru/ Fusagu/ Ki ga fusagu/ Fusagu/ Kibungafusagu)
Verb-Emc	To feel down (to feel sad)	気分が落ち込む/ 落ち込む/ 腐る/ 凹む(ヘコむ)/ 面倒になってしまう (悲しく感じる/ 落ち込む/ もやもや(モヤモヤ)(と/する)/ 悲しい気持ちになる)	Kibun ga ochikomu/ Ochikomu/ Kusaru/ Hekomu/ Mendō ni natte shimau (Kanashiku kanjiru/ Ochikomu/ Moyamoya (to/ suru)/ Kanashī kimochi ni naru)
Verb-Emc	To feel fancy	オシャレな気分になる	Osharena kibun ni naru
Verb-Emc	To feel guilty	罪悪感を感じる/ 申し訳ない/ 気がとがめる(気が咎める)/ 悪びれる	Zaiaku-kan o kanjiru/ Mōshiwakenai/ Ki ga togameru/ Warubireru * (to act timid; to show diffidence; to be hesitant; to appear embarrassed; to look ashamed)
Verb-Emc	To feel hot (to feel warm)	熱く感じる (熱く感じる)	Atsuku kanjiru (atsuku kanjiru)
Verb-Emc	To feel irritated (to feel annoyed)	イライラ(苛々/ 苛苛/ いらいら) (する/と)/ むかつく(イライラ (苛々/ 苛苛/ いらいら)(する/と))	Iraira (suru/ to)/ Mukatsuku (iraira (suru/ to))
Verb-Emc	To feel miserable	惨めな気持ちになる	Mijimena kimochi ni naru
Verb-Emc	To feel motivated (to feel energetic)	やる気を感じる(元気になる)	Yaruki o kanjiru (Genkininaru)
Verb-Emc	To feel offended	気分を害(する)	Kibun o gai (suru)
Verb-Emc	To feel okay (to feel alright)	気分がいい(気分がいい)	Kibungaī (kibungaī)
Verb-Emc	To feel rushed	急いでいるように感じる	Isoide iru yō ni kanjiru
Verb-Emc	To feel safe (to feel protected)	安心(する)/ 安心感を得る/ 安全だと感じる (守られていると感じる/ 保護されていると感じる/ 安心感を得ている/ 守られてるって気がする/ 保護されていると感じている)	Anshin (suru)/ Anshin-kan o eru/ Anzenda to kanjiru (Mamora rete iru to kanjiru/ Hogo sa rete iru to kanjiru/ Anshin-kan o ete iru/ Mamora re teru tte ki ga suru/ Hogo sa rete iru to kanjite iru)

Verb-Emc	To feel something different (to feel different)	何か違うものを感じる (違うものを感じる)	Nani ka chigau mono o kanjiru (chigau mono o kanjiru)
Verb-Emc	To feel sorry for oneself	自分自身を憐れむ	Jibun jishin o awaremu
Verb-Emc	To feel special	特別な気分になる	Tokubetsuna kibun ni naru
Verb-Emc	To feel sudden surprise (fright, horror, etc.) (shuddering)	冷やっと (ヒヤッと) (する)	Hiyatto (suru)
Verb-Emc	To feel tension (to experience tension)	緊張を感じる/ 緊迫を感じる/ 張りを感じる/ 緊張を感じる/ 切迫を感じる (緊張を感じる)	Kinchō o kanjiru/ Kinpaku o kanjiru/ Hari o kanjiru/ Kinchō o kanzuru/ Seppaku o kanjiru * (to feel the pressure; to feel the urgency; to feel the tension; to feel the imminence; to feel the acuteness) (kinchō o kanjiru)
Verb-Emc	To feel the same	同じように感じる	Onajiyōni kanjiru
Verb-Emc	To feel up to it (to feel up for it)	気合を入れる (気合を入れて)	Kiaiwoireru (Kiai o irete)
Verb-Emc	To feel welcomed	歓迎されていると感じる/ 歓迎されました/ 歓迎する気分にさせます/ 快く迎える/ 温かく迎える	Kangei sa rete iru to kanjiru * (to feel welcome)/ Kangei saremashita * (to be welcomed)/ Kangei suru kibun ni sasemasu * (to make you feel welcome; to give you a welcome feeling)/ Kokoroyoku mukaeru * (to welcome someone cheerfully; to welcome someone happily)/ Atatakaku mukaeru * (to warmly welcome someone; to make someone feel welcome)
Verb-Emc	To feign friendliness (to play the hypocrite)	猫をかぶる (猫を被る)	Neko o kaburu * (literally: wear a cat)
Verb-Emc	To feign sleep	狸寝入り (する)	Tanukineiri (suru) * (literally translated: 'raccoon dog sleep')
Verb-Emc	To figure out (i figured it out)	読みきる/ 目星が付く/ うかがい知る/ 理解 (する) (私はそれを理解しました)	Yomi kiru * (means 'to finish reading; to read through', but can also mean 'to figure out; to fully anticipate')/ Meboshi ga tsuku * (to figure out; to get an idea)/ Ukagai shiru * (to infer; to figure out; to get an idea of; to tell; to imagine; to guess; to grasp; to fathom; to understand; to know)/ Rikai (suru) * (understanding; comprehension; appreciation) (watashi wa sore o rikai shimashita)
Verb-Emc	To find enjoyment	楽しみを見つける	Tanoshimi o mitsukeru
Verb-Emc	To find one's purpose	自分の目的を見つける	Jibun no mokuteki o mitsukeru
Verb-Emc	To flash	点滅 (する)	Tenmetsu (suru)
Verb-Emc	To flatter	お世辞を言う	Osejiwoiu
Verb-Emc	To forget something ever existed (to pretend something didn't happen)	無かったことにする (無かった事にする)	Nakatta koto ni suru
Verb-Emc	To forgive and forget	水に流す	Mizuninagasu

Verb-Emc	To form an idea	観念を形にする/ 考えを形にする/ アイデアを形にする	Kan'nen o katachi ni suru/ Kangae o katachi ni suru/ Aidea o katachi ni suru
Verb-Emc	To foster	培う/ 育てる/ 育む/ 養う/ 養い育てる/ フォスター (する)	Tsuchikau/ Sodateru * (to raise; to rear; to bring up/ to train; to teach; to educate/ to promote the growth of; to nurture; to foster; to develop)/ Hagukumu * (to raise; to bring up; to rear/ to cultivate; to foster; to nurture)/ Yashinau * (to support; to maintain; to provide for/ to bring up; to raise; to rear; to feed/ to cultivate (a habit, a quality, etc.); to develop; to build up; to foster)/ Yashinai sodateru * (to bring up; to foster; to rear)/ Fosutā (suru)
Verb-Emc	To frisk	フリスクへ (する)	Furisuku e (suru)
Verb-Emc	To fumble	手探り (する)	Tesaguri (suru)
Verb-Emc	To galvanize	刺激 (する)	Shigeki (suru)
Verb-Emc	To gasp	あえぐ (喘ぐ)	Aegu
Verb-Emc	To gather courage	勇気を集める	Yūki o atsumeru
Verb-Emc	To get along (to get on well; to be compatible)	馬が合う (ウマが合う)/ しっくり行く/ 相和する/ 肌に合う/ 肌が合う (膚が合う)/ 折り合う (折合う)/ うまくやって行く (旨くやって行く)/ 性が合う/ 睦み合う (睦みあう)/ 馬の合う/ 仲良くやる	Umagaau (uma ga au) * (to get on well (with a person); to be a good match with one's horse (e.g. of a rider); idiomatic expression)/ Shikkuriiku/ Aiwasuru/ Hada ni au * (literally: to suit one's skin (of cosmetics); to agree with one's skin)/ Hada ga au/ Oriau/ Umakuyatteiku/ Shōgaau/ Mutsumi au/ Umanoau/ Nakayoku yaru
Verb-Emc	To get carried away	夢中になる	Muchūninaru
Verb-Emc	To get caught up	巻き込まれる	Makikomareru
Verb-Emc	To get close to	(に) 近づく	(ni) Chikadzuku
Verb-Emc	To get divine response (to be divinely inspired; to be inspired)	感応 (する)	Kan'nō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To get even	仕返し (する)/ 仕返す	Shikaeshi (suru)/ Shikaesu
Verb-Emc	To get excited (to excite)	興奮 (する/ させる)/ わくわく (する)/ 熱する/ 沸かす/ 沸く	Kōfun (suru/ sa seru)/ Wakuwaku (suru)/ Netsu suru/ Wakasu * (means 'to boil; to heat (a liquid); to prepare (a bath, hot drink)', but can also mean 'to excite; to rouse; to stir')/ Waku * (means 'to grow hot (e.g. water); to boil', but can also mean 'to get excited (at); to erupt (in applause, cheering, etc.); to be in a ferment; to take place energetically')
Verb-Emc	To get on well (to be intimate or close)	睦む/ 睦ぶ	Mutsumu/ Mutsubu
Verb-Emc	To get respect (to earn respect)	尊敬を得る (尊敬を得る)	Sonkei o eru (sonkei o eru)
Verb-Emc	To get under the weather (to feel a bit unwell)	体調の不良を感じる/ 気分がす ぐれず	Taichō no furyō o kanjiru/ Kibun ga sugurezu

Verb-Emc	To give a chance (to give someone a fair chance)	チャンスを与える (誰かに公平なチャンスを与える)	Chansu o ataeru (dareka ni kōheina chansu o ataeru)
Verb-Emc	To give a compliment (to praise someone)	褒め言葉を与える	Homekotoba o ataeru
Verb-Emc	To give support	支援を与える/ サポートを与える	Shien o ataeru/ Sapōto o ataeru
Verb-Emc	To give the feeling (to give someone a feeling) (of)	感情を与える (誰かに感情を与える) (の)	Kanjō o ataeru (dareka ni kanjō o ataeru) (no)
Verb-Emc	To glare	睨む/ 睨みつける/ 睨め付ける/ ガンを飛ばす/ 睨み据える/ 睨める/ ギラギラ (ぎらぎら) (する/ と)/ ぎらつく (ギラつく)	Niramu/ Niramitsukeru/ Neme tsukeru/ Gan o tobasu * (to stare (at); to glare; slang, Kantou dialect)/ Nirami sueru * (to stare at with a fixed gaze; to glare)/ Nemeru * (to glare at; to scowl at; to glower at)/ Giragira (suru/ to) * (glaringly; dazzlingly; blazingly; glare; glaring)/ Giratsuku * (to glare; to dazzle/ to glitter)
Verb-Emc	To go bananas (to go gorillas)	バナナに行く (ゴリラに行く)/ 気が狂う	Banana ni iku (gorira ni iku)/ Ki ga kuruu
Verb-Emc	To go crazy (to go berzerk)	狂ってしまう/ 狂う/ 気が変になる/ 気が狂う/ 気がふれる/ 頭が変になる/ 凄い事になる/ 正気を失う/ 夢中になる (狂ってしまう)	Kurutte shimau/ Kuruu/ Ki ga hen ni naru * (to go crazy; to lose one's mind)/ Ki ga kuruu * (to go mad; to go crazy; to go insane)/ Kigafureru * (to go mad; to go crazy; to lose one's mind)/ Atama ga hen ni naru * (to go crazy; to go off one's head)/ Sugoi koto ni naru * (to go crazy (esp. of a situation or thing); to get out of hand; to end up in an extreme state)/ Shōki o ushinau * (to lose one's mind; to go crazy; to lose one's senses; to lose one's marbles/ to lose consciousness)/ Muchūninaru * (absorbed in; immersed in; crazy about; obsessed with; devoted to/ forgetting oneself; daze; trance; ecstasy; delirium/ within a dream; while dreaming) (kurutte shimau)
Verb-Emc	To grieve	悲しむ	Kanashimu
Verb-Emc	To hang on	持ち堪える/ 頑張る	Mochikotaeru/ Ganbaru
Verb-Emc	To harass	嫌がらせをする/ 手を焼かせる/ 悩ます/ 苦しめる/ 悩ませる	Iyagarase o suru/ Te o yaka seru * (to bother; to embarrass; to harass; to give someone a hard time; to give someone a lot of trouble)/ Nayamasu * (to afflict; to torment; to harass; to molest)/ Kurushimeru * (to harass; to cause (emotional) pain; to afflict; to distress; to bother; to trouble; to stump; to baffle)/ Nayama seru * (to annoy; to harass; to bother; to get someone in trouble; to haunt)
Verb-Emc	To haunt	出没 (する)/ 巢食う/ 祟る/ 足繁く通う (足しげく通う)/ 悩ます/ 憑く/ 幽霊が出る	Shutsubotsu (suru)/ Sukuu/ Tataru/ Ashishigekukayou/ Nayamasu/ Tsuku/ Yūrei ga deru
Verb-Emc	To have a meaning	意味を持/ 意味がある	Imi o motsu/ Imi ga aru

Verb-Emc	To have a hard time (to have a rough time)	苦勞する/ 辛い時間を過ごす	Kurō suru/ Tsurai jikan o sugosu
Verb-Emc	To have a sad parting (to go separate ways)	哀別 (する)	Aibetsu (suru)
Verb-Emc	To have one's revenge (to have revenge)	復讐 (する)/ 濯ぐ (雪ぐ/ すすぐ)/ 報復 (する)	Fukushū (suru)/ Sosogu/ Hōfuku (suru)
Verb-Emc	To have too much fun (esp. in a red-light district, etc.) and missing work or neglecting one's duties	沈没 (する)	Chinbotsu (suru)
Verb-Emc	To hold a grudge (having something emotionally bothering)	恨みを抱く/ 恨む (怨む/ うらむ)/ 根に持つ/ 渋る/ 抱く (いだく)/ 目の敵にする/ 執念深い (です)/ 抱く (何かの感情的なことを迷惑がある/ 何か感情的に面倒なことがある)	Urami o daku/ Uramu/ Nenimotsu/ Shiburu/ Idaku/ Menokataki ni suru * (emotionally heavier word, means 'to hate the very sight of; to hold a grudge against; to treat like an enemy; to bear constant enmity')/ Shūnenbukai (desu) * (vindictive; tenacious; persistent; spiteful; vengeful)/ Idaku * (to have (a thought or feeling); to hold; to harbour (suspicion, doubt, etc.); to harbor; to bear (a grudge, ill will, etc.); to entertain (hope, illusions, etc.); to cherish (e.g. an ambition)) (Nanika no kanjō-tekina koto o meiwaku ga aru/ Nanika kanjō-teki ni mendōna koto ga aru)
Verb-Emc	To hold in one's arms (to carry in one's arms)	抱える/ 抱きしめる (抱き締める/ 抱締める)	Kakaeru/ Dakishimeru
Verb-Emc	To hope (to hold hope)	希望を抱く (希望を抱いて)	Kibō o daku (kibō o daite)
Verb-Emc	To hum	ハミング (する)	Hamingu (suru)
Verb-Emc	To humble	謙虚にする/ 謙遜 (する/ な)/ ハンブル (する)	Kenkyo ni suru * (to humble; to be modest)/ Kenson (suru/ na) * (modesty; humility; being humble)/ Hanburu (suru) * (humble)
Verb-Emc	To hypnotize (to mesmerize)	催眠術をかける/ 催眠 (する)/ 自己催眠 (する) (魅了 (する)/ 痺れる)	Saimin-jutsu o kakeru * (to hypnotize; to hypnotise)/ Saimin (suru) * (hypnosis)/ Jiko saimin (suru) * (auto-hypnosis; self-hypnosis; self-induced hypnotism) (Miryō (suru) * (charm; fascination/ to charm; to fascinate; to captivate; to mesmerize; to enthrall; to hold spellbound)/ Shibireru * (can mean 'to become numb; to go to sleep (e.g. a limb)' or 'to get an electric shock; to tingle (from an electric shock)', but can also mean 'to be excited; to be titillated; to be mesmerized; to be enthralled'))
Verb-Emc	To ideate	アイデアを出す/ 観念化 (する)/ 観念を出す/ 案を出す	Aidea o dasu/ Kan'nen-ka (suru) * (to ideate/ ideation; process of forming and relating ideas)/ Kan'nen o dasu/ An o dasu * (to come up with a plan; to make a plan; to come up with an idea)

Verb-Emc	To idolize (to admire; to adore; to look up to)	偶像化する/ 慕う (賞賛する, 崇拜する, 尊敬する)	Gūzō-ka suru/ Shitau (Shōsan suru, Sūhai suru, Sonkei suru)
Verb-Emc	To impair	弱る/ 障害 (な/ する)/ 不自由 (な/ する)/ 損減 (する)/ 減損 (する)/ 障害を与える/ 妨げる/ 差し支える	Yowaru * (to weaken; to grow weak; to wane; to decline (of one's health))/ Shōgai (na/ suru) * (obstacle; impediment; hindrance; barrier; difficulty/ disorder; defect; disability; handicap; impairment; dysfunction)/ Fujiyū (na/ suru) * (inability; disability; impairment (physical, mental, etc.); nonfluency (in a language))/ Songen (suru) * (decreasing; diminishing; abating; shortening; impairment)/ Genson (suru) * (decrease; diminution; loss; impairment)/ Shōgai o ataeru/ Samatageru * (to disturb; to prevent; to obstruct; to hinder)/ Sashitsukaeru * (to interfere (with); to hinder; to be hindered (from doing); to become impeded; to have difficulty; to suffer inconvenience)
Verb-Emc	To impede	妨害 (する)	Bōgai (suru)
Verb-Emc	To impress	感動させる (感動する)/ 印象づける/ 思わせる/ 言いなす	Kandō sa seru (kandō suru)/ Inshōdzukeru/ Omowa seru * (to make someone believe (something); to give someone the impression)/ iinasu * (to speak as though something were actually the case; to smooth over; to give the impression that; to make it sound that)
Verb-Emc	To indicate boundaries	境界を示す	Kyōkai o shimesu
Verb-Emc	To induce	誘発 (する)/ 引き起こす/ 仕向ける	Yūhatsu (suru) * (inducing; causing; triggering; giving rise to)/ Hikiokosu * (to cause; to induce; to bring about; to provoke)/ Shimukeru * (to induce (someone to do something); to tempt/ to act toward (someone in a certain way); to handle (men); to treat)
Verb-Emc	To indulge	贅沢 (する/ な)/ 贅沢をする/ 耽る (耽ける/ ふける)/ 淫する (姪する/ いんする)/ 溺れる/ 贅を尽くす/ 耽溺 (耽溺/ たんでき) (する)/ 惑溺 (する)/ 満喫 (する)	Zeitaku (suru/ na)/ Zeitaku o suru/ Fukeru/ Insuru/ Oboreru/ Zeiwotsukusu/ Tandeki (suru)/ Wakudeki (suru)/ Mankitsu (suru) * (having one's fill (of food or drink); eating (drinking) to one's heart's content/ enjoying to the full)
Verb-Emc	To inherit	継承 (する)/ 受け継ぐ (受けつぐ/ うけつぐ)/ 継ぐ (嗣ぐ/ 続ぐ/ 襲ぐ/ つぐ)/ 引き受ける (引受ける/ 引受る/ 引きうける/ ひきうける)/ 譲り受ける	Keishō (suru)/ Uketsugu/ Tsugu/ Hikiukeru/ Yuzuriukeru

Verb-Emc	To instigate (to urge; to encourage)	扇動 (する)/ 唆す (そそのか)/ 扇ぐ/ 囁ける (けしかける)/ 煽る/ 煽てる/ 唆す (そそなか)/ 焚き付ける/ アジる/ 教唆 (する)/ 使囁 (する) (促す; 奨励 (する))	Sendō (suru)/ Sosonokasu (so sono ka)/ Aogu/ Keshikakeru/ Aoru/ Odateru/ Sosonokasu (so so naka * (same Kanji character as so sono ka))/ Takitsukeru/ Ajiru/ Kyōsa (suru)/ Shisō (suru) (Unagasu; Shōrei (suru))
Verb-Emc	To instill (to imbue)	浸透させる/ 植える/ 植え付ける (染み込ませる)	Shintō saseru * (permeation (of thought, ideology, culture, etc.); infiltration (e.g. of ideas); spread; penetration (e.g. into a market); pervasion/ permeation (of a liquid, etc.); soaking; percolation)/ Ueru * (to instill (idea, value, etc.); to inculcate)/ Uetsukeru * (to instil (idea, feeling, etc.)) (Shimikomaseru * (to soak into; to sink into; to seep into; to permeate/ to sink into (one's mind); to be (deeply) ingrained; to be instilled; to be embedded; to be impressed))
Verb-Emc	To keep calm (to stay calm)	平静を保つ (平静を保つ)	Heiseiwotamotsu (heiseiwotamotsu)
Verb-Emc	To lavish	贅沢する	Zeitaku suru
Verb-Emc	To lift up one's spirits	精神を高揚させる	Seishin o kōyō sa seru
Verb-Emc	To light up (with happiness, hope, etc.)	輝く	Kagayaku
Verb-Emc	To live in abundance	豊かに暮らす	Yutaka ni kurasu
Verb-Emc	To live one's life	自分の人生を生きる * (ie. 私の人生を生きる)/ 自分の命を生きる * (ie. 私の命を生きる)/ 人生を生きる/ 命を生きる	Jibun no jinsei o ikiru* (ie. watashinojinsei o ikiru - 'I live my life')/ Jibun no inochi o ikiru* (ie. watashi no inochi o ikiru - 'I live my life')/ Jinsei o ikiru/ Inochi o ikiru
Verb-Emc	To live on air (to live on nothing)	霞を食う (かすみを食う/ かすみをくう)	Kasumiwokuu
Verb-Emc	To look after (to take care of)	預かる/ 世話をする	Azukaru/ Sewa o suru
Verb-Emc	To look after (to look after something or someone)	世話をする (何かまたは誰かの世話をする)/ 見守る	Sewa o suru (nanika matawa dareka no sewa o suru)/ Mimamoru * (to watch over; to keep watch over; to keep an eye on)
Verb-Emc	To look down on	見下す/ 見下げる/ 見下ろす (見おろす)/ 侮る	Mikudasu/ Misageru/ Miorosu/ Anadoru
Verb-Emc	To look smart	お洒落 (する/ な)/ 粋がる/ 粋ぶる/ 賢く見える	Oshare (suru/ na) * (stylish; fashionable; trendy; chic; smartly dressed; careful about one's appearance/ dressing (oneself) up; dressing smartly; dressing nicely; making oneself look attractive)/ Iki garu * (to be pretentious; to put on airs; to try to appear smart; to act brave; to try to look cool)/ Iki buru * (to be pretentious; to put on airs; to try to appear smart; to act brave; to try to look cool)/ Kashikoku mieru * (to look smart; to look clever; to look wise; to appear smart; to appear clever; to appear wise)

Verb-Emc	To look up to	仰ぐ/ 尊ぶ/ 見上げる/ 仰望 (する)/ 仰ぎ望み (する)/ 崇まふ/ 仰ぎ見る/ 尊む/ 尊敬 (する)	Aogu * (to look up (at)/ to look up to; to respect; to revere/ to ask for (e.g. guidance); to seek; to turn to (someone) for/ to depend on; to rely on)/ Tattobu * (to value; to prize; to esteem/ to respect; to honour; to honor; to revere; to look up to)/ Miageru * (to look up at; to raise one's eyes/ to look up to; to admire; to respect)/ Gyōbō (suru) * (looking up; looking upwards/ looking up to (someone); reverence)/ Aoginozomi (suru) * (look to (for help); look up to; reverence)/ Agamafu * (to look up to; to respect)/ Aogi miru * (to look up (at); to look upwards/ to respect; to look up to)/ Mikoto mu * (to value; to prize; to honor; to respect/ to respect; to honour; to honor; to revere; to look up to)/ Sonkei (suru) * (respect; esteem; reverence; honour; honor)
Verb-Emc	To look slightly upward (of a noh mask; indicating joy, etc.)	照る	Teru
Verb-Emc	To look tough	タフに見える/ 強いようです	Tafu ni mieru/ Tsuyoi yōdesu
Verb-Emc	To loosen up (e.g. tension)	解ける (ほどける)	Hodokeru
Verb-Emc	To lose face (to be humiliated; to be embarrassed)	面目を失う/ 恥をかく/ 面目を潰す/ 顔を潰される (屈辱を受ける; 恥ずかしい; 恥をかく)	Menboku o ushinau/ Haji o kaku/ Menboku o tsubusu/ Kao o tsubusareru (Kutsujoku o ukeru; Hazukashī; Haji o kaku)
Verb-Emc	To love what one does	自分のことを愛する	Jibun no suru koto o aisuru
Verb-Emc	To lure (to entice)	誘惑 (する) (誘惑 (する))	Yūwaku (suru) (yūwaku (suru))
Verb-Emc	To make a big deal of	大事にする	Daiji ni suru
Verb-Emc	To make a fuss about (to make a commotion)	騒ぎ立てる (騒ぎたてる/ さわぎたてる)/ 大騒ぎ (する)/ 大騒ぎをする/ 騒動 (する) (騒ぎを起こす)	Sawagitateru/ Ōsawagi (suru)/ Ōsawagi o suru/ Sōdō (suru) (Sawagi o okosu)
Verb-Emc	To make a perfect pair (to make a perfect team; to be in perfect harmony)	息が合う (息があう)	Ikigaau (iki ga au)
Verb-Emc	To make a prayer (to a god or Buddha)	願掛け (する)	Gankake (suru)
Verb-Emc	To make friends (with) (to become friends with)	(と) 友達を作る/ (と) 友達になる/ (と) 仲良くする	(to) Tomodachi o tsukuru/ (to) Tomodachi ni naru/ (to) Nakayoku suru
Verb-Emc	To make friends with (to get along well with)	馴れ合う (なれ合う)/ (と) 仲良くする	Nareau/ (to) Nakayoku suru
Verb-Emc	To make one feel (to make someone feel)	感じさせる/ 気分にする/ 気持ちにする (誰かに感じさせる)	Kanji saseru/ Kibun ni saseru/ Kimochi ni suru (dareka ni kanji saseru)

Verb-Emc	To make one think (to make you think)	考えさせる (考えさせる)	Kangae saseru (kangae saseru)
Verb-Emc	To make someone feel special (to let someone feel special)	誰かを特別な気分にする/ 誰かは特別を感じさせる/ 誰かをスペシャルな気分にする (誰かを特別な気分にする)	Dareka o tokubetsuna kibun ni saseru/ Dareka wa tokubetsu o kanji saseru/ Dareka o supesharuna kibun ni saseru (dareka o tokubetsuna kibun ni saseru)
Verb-Emc	To make up (to feign)	構える/ でっち上げる/ 作り上げる (創り上げる/ 造り上げる)	Kamaeru/ Detchiageru/ Tsukuriageru
Verb-Emc	To make up (to rectify)	補う/ 仲直り (する)/ 取り返す (直す (なおす))	Oginau * (to supplement; to make up for; to compensate for; to cover (a shortage, loss, etc.); to fill (e.g. a vacancy))/ Nakanaori (suru) * (reconciliation; making up (with); making peace (with); being friends again; patching up a quarrel)/ Torikaesu * (to get back; to regain; to recover; to make up (for); to catch up on) (Naosu * (to repair; to mend; to fix; to correct (a mistake, bad habit, etc.); to put right; to restore; to straighten (e.g. a tie); to tidy up (one's hair, make-up, etc.); to revive (one's spirits)))
Verb-Emc	To make something up (to think of something)	何かを作り上げる (何かを考える)	Nanika o tsukuriageru (nanika o kangaeru)
Verb-Emc	To mesmerize	魅了 (する)	Miryō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To mislead (to misunderstand)	誤解を招く/ 誤る/ 誤導 (する)/ 惑わす/ 迷わす	Gokaiwomaneku/ Ayamaru/ Godō (suru)/ Madowasu/ Mayowasu
Verb-Emc	To misrepresent	虚偽の表示をする	Kyogi no hyōji o suru
Verb-Emc	To need strength (to need courage)	力が必要である (勇気が必要である)	Chikara ga hitsuyōdearu (Yūki ga hitsuyōdearu)
Verb-Emc	To not care what other people think	他人がどう思うかを気にしない	Tanin ga dō omou ka o ki ni shinai
Verb-Emc	To not take into account someone's feelings	人の気持ちを考慮しない/ 他人の気持ちに配慮しない/ 他人の気持ちを大切にしない/ 他人の気持ちを察しない/ 他人の気持ちを尊重しない/ 他人の気持ちをかき乱す	Hito no kimochi o kōryo shinai/ Tanin no kimochi ni hairyo shinai/ Tanin no kimochi o taisetsu ni shinai/ Tanin no kimochi o sasshinai/ Tanin no kimochi o sonchō shinai * (to respect others' feelings)/ Tanin no kimochi o kakimidasu * (to upset other people's feelings)
Verb-Emc	To nurture	育成 (する)/ 育てる/ 育む/ 愛育 (する)/ 培養 (する)	Ikusei (suru) * (rearing; training; nurture; cultivation; promotion)/ Sodateru * (to raise; to rear; to bring up/ to promote the growth of; to nurture; to foster; to develop)/ Hagukumu * (to raise; to bring up; to rear/ to cultivate; to foster; to nurture)/ Aiiku (suru) * (tender nurture; affectionate rearing; raising with loving care)/ Baiyō (suru) * (cultivation (e.g. of a skill); nurture (of democracy, national power, etc.); growth/ cultivation (of plants); growing; raising/ culture; cultivation * biology)

Verb-Emc	To object (to disagree; to not agree)	反対 (する)/ 物申す/ 反論 (する) (反対する; 同意しない)	Hantai (suru)/ Monomōsu/ Hanron (suru) (Hantai suru; Dōi shinai)
Verb-Emc	To oblige	義務を負う	Gimu o ou
Verb-Emc	To obligate	義務付ける/ 義務を負う	Gimu tsukeru/ Gimu o ou
Verb-Emc	To obsess	執着 (する)/ 思い込む/ 耽る/ 拘る (こだわる)/ 取り付かれる/ 入れ込む/ くよくよ (クヨクヨ) (する/ と)/ 凝る/ 沼る	Shūchaku (suru) * (attachment; adhesion; insistence; tenacity; fixation; obsession; clinging (e.g. to old customs))/ Omoikomu * (to be convinced (that); to be under the impression (that); to feel sure (that); to assume (that)/ to make up one's mind; to set one's heart on; to be determined (to do); to be bent on/ to be obsessed (with a thought, idea, etc.); to think about obsessively)/ Fukeru * (to indulge in; to give oneself up to; to be obsessed by/ to be engrossed in; to be lost in; to be absorbed in)/ Kodawaru * (to be obsessive (about); to be overly concerned (with); to fuss (over); to worry too much (about); to be picky (about); to be hung up (on); to stick to)/ Toritsukareru * (to be possessed (by a spirit, demon, etc.)/ to be possessed (by an idea, delusion, etc.); to be obsessed (with))/ Irekomu * (to be enthusiastic (about); to be crazy (about); to be obsessed (with))/ Kuyokuyo (suru/ to) * (to fret (over); to brood (about); to mope; to worry/ worriedly; (fretting) constantly; (worrying) over this and that; (obsessing) to no end)/ Koru * (means 'to become stiff (of muscles)', but can also mean 'to get absorbed in; to develop a passion for; to devote oneself to; to become obsessed with; to get hooked on')/ Numaru * (to get hooked (on a video game, TV show, etc.); to become addicted (to); to become obsessed (with)/ to be in a
Verb-Emc	To offer condolences	お悔やみを申し上げる	Okuyami o mōshiageru
Verb-Emc	To offer up (incense, a prayer, etc.) to the gods (or Buddha, etc.)	捧げる/ 差し上げる/ 上がる/ 祈りを捧げる/ 供する	Sasageru * (to lift up; to hold up; to hold above eye level/ to give; to offer; to consecrate/ to devote; to sacrifice; to dedicate)/ Sashiageru * (to lift up; to hold up; to raise/ to give; to present; to offer)/ Agar * (to be offered (to the gods, etc.))/ Inori o sasageru * (to pray; to say a prayer; to offer up a prayer)/ Kyō suru * (to offer; to present; to submit; to supply; to make available/ to serve (food and drink)/ to offer (to the gods); to set up (before an altar))
Verb-Emc	To open up	心を開く/ 心を開ける	Kokoro o hiraku/ Kokoro o akeru
Verb-Emc	To oppose	反対 (する/ の/ な)/ 反抗 (する)/ 反発 (する)/ 抵抗 (する)	Hantai (suru/ no/ na)/ Hankō (suru)/ Hanpatsu (suru)/ Teikō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To outmaneuver	裏をかく	Ura o kaku * (to outwit; to outsmart; to counterplot; to defeat)

Verb-Emc	To outsmart (to outdo; to do better than)	裏をかく (裏を掻く)/ 出し抜く/ 鼻を明かす (上回る; よりも良いことをする)	Ura o kaku/ Dashinuku/ Hanawoakasu * (to outwit; to get the better of; to leave (an opponent) dumbfounded; to expose (someone's) nose) (Uwamawaru; Yori mo yoi koto o suru)
Verb-Emc	To overcompensate	過剰補償 (する)/ 超回復 (する)	Kajō hoshō (suru)/ Chō kaifuku (suru) * (supercompensation; overcompensation)
Verb-Emc	To overemphasize (to attach too much importance to)	偏重 (する)	Henchō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To underreact	過小反応 (する)	
Verb-Emc	To oversleep	寝坊 (する)	Nebō (suru) * (sleeping in late; oversleeping/ late riser; sleepyhead)
Verb-Emc	To overthink	考えすぎる (考え過ぎる)	Kangae sugiru
Verb-Emc	To pacify	なだめる (宥める)/ 静める	Nadameru/ Shizumeru * (means 'to appease (a spirit, soul, etc.); to pacify; to soothe', but can also mean 'to quiet (a child, crowd, etc.); to quieten; to make quiet/ to calm (one's nerves, excitement, etc.); to compose (oneself); to appease (someone's anger); to pacify; to settle (e.g. discord)')
Verb-Emc	To paralyze (to petrify)	麻痺させる/ 石化 (する)	Mahi saseru/ ishi-ka (suru)
Verb-Emc	To pardon (to forgive)	許す (許す)	Yurusu (yurusu) * (to permit; to allow; to approve; to consent to/ to forgive; to pardon; to excuse; to tolerate/ to exempt (someone) from; to remit; to release; to let off)
Verb-Emc	To paternalize	父性化する	Fusei-ka suru
Verb-Emc	To perk	元気づける	Genkidzukeru
Verb-Emc	To praise	褒める/ 称える (讃える/ 賛える/ 讃える/ たたえる)/ 賛美 (する)/ 賞賛 (する)/ 賛嘆 (する)/ 上げる	Homeru/ Tataeru/ Sanbi (suru)/ Shōsan (suru)/ Santan (suru)/ Ageru
Verb-Emc	To pray for harm or death to come upon someone (to curse)	呪う	Majinai * (not norou)
Verb-Emc	To pray that one avoids disaster or illness	呪う	Majinai * (not norou)
Verb-Emc	To predominate	優位に立つ	Yūi ni tatsu * (to dominate; to prevail; to be superior to; to get ahead of; to get the upper hand)

Verb-Emc	To prosper	繁栄 (する)/ 栄える/ 賑わう/ 盛る (さかる)/ 繁盛 (する)/ 成功 (する)/ 興盛 (する)/ 振作 (する)/ 時めく/ 振るう/ 賑あう/ 盛んになる/ 広げる (ひろげる)/ 興隆 (する)	Han'ei (suru) * (prosperity; thriving; flourishing)/ Sakaeru * (to prosper; to flourish)/ Nigiwau * (can mean 'to be crowded with people; to be bustling with', but can also mean 'to prosper; to flourish; to do thriving business')/ Sakaru * (to prosper; to flourish, do not confuse with 盛る (もる) - with the same kanji characters, but different hiragana characters, which means 'to serve (in a bowl, on a plate, etc.); to dish out; to dish up; to fill (a bowl) with')/ Hanjō (suru) * (prosperity; flourishing; thriving)/ Seikō (suru) * (means 'success; achievement', but can also mean 'succeeding (in life); (worldly) success; prosperity')/ Kōsei (suru) * (prosperity; flourishing; thriving)/ Shinsaku (suru) * (prosperity)/ Tokimeku * (to be prosperous; to prosper; to flourish; to enjoy great prosperity)/ Furū * (means 'to swing; to wield (physically); to exert', or 'to exercise (e.g. power, ability); to exhibit; to display; to wield (metaphorically)', but can also mean 'to flourish; to prosper; to thrive')/ Nigiau * (to prosper; to flourish; to do thriving business; to be crowded with people)/ Sakan ni naru * (to prosper; to flourish; to thrive; to become popular; to become widespread)/ Hirogeru * (means 'to spread; to extend; to expand; to enlarge; to widen; to broaden' but can also mean 'to make flourish;
Verb-Emc	To protest (to demonstrate against)	抗議 (する)/ 抗弁 (する)/ 抗告 (する)/ 抗言 (する)/ プロテスト (する) (反対するデモをする/ 反対してデモする)	Kōgi (suru)/ Kōben (suru)/ Kōkoku (suru)/ Kōgen (suru)/ Purotesuto (suru) (Hantai suru demo o suru/ Hantai shite demo suru)
Verb-Emc	To put at ease (to put someone at ease; to make someone feel calm and relaxed)	寛げる/ 安らぐ/ 安心させる/ 休まる (安まる) (誰かを安心させる; 穏やかでリラックスした気分にさ せる)/ 気持ちを楽にする	Kutsurogeru/ Yasuragu/ Anshin sa seru/ Yasumaru (dareka o anshin sa seru; odayakade rirakkusu shita kibun ni sa seru)/ Kimochi o raku ni suru * (to make one feel comfortable; to make someone feel comfortable; to make one feel relaxed; to make someone feel relaxed; to ease oneself; to let oneself go)
Verb-Emc	To put on airs (to act big)	威張る	Ibaru
Verb-Emc	To rationalize (to disbelieve)	合理化 (する)/ 理屈をつける (疑う/ 信じない/ 信じられない/ 不信仰を貫く)	Gōri-ka (suru)/ Rikutsu o tsukeru * (to find an excuse; to rationalize; to find a pretext) (Utagau/ Shinjinai/ shinjirarenai/ Fu shinkō o tsuranuku * (to remain in unbelief; to persist in unbelief; to have a lack of faith))
Verb-Emc	To re-energize	再びエネルギーを与える	Futatabi enerugi o ataeru
Verb-Emc	To realize (to achieve enlightenment)	悟る (悟る)	Satoru (satoru)

Verb-Emc	To rebuke	叱責 (する)/ 意見 (する)/ 叱る/ 叱り付ける/ 咎める/ 叱咤 (する)/ 窘める/ 厳責 (する)/ 譴責 (する)/ 詰る	Shisseki (suru)/ Iken (suru) * (means 'opinion; view; comment', but can also mean 'scolding; reprimand; rebuke; admonition; cautioning; warning')/ Shikaru/ Shikaritsukeru * (to rebuke; to scold harshly)/ Togameru * (to blame; to reproach; to censure; to rebuke; to reprove; to find fault; to take to task; to criticize; to criticise)/ Shitta (suru) * (means 'scolding; rebuke; reprimand', but can also mean 'fierce encouragement; exhorting')/ Tashinameru/ Genseki (suru) * (strong reprimand; rebuke)/ Kenseki (suru)/ Najiru * (means 'to rebuke; to scold; to tell off; to find fault; to harp on; to reprove', but can also mean 'to question persistently (in order to criticize or find fault with someone)')
Verb-Emc	To reconcile (to make up with)	仲直り (する)	Nakanaori (suru)
Verb-Emc	To recover (from)	(から) 回復 (する)/ 快癒 (する)/ 治癒 (する)	(kara) Kaifuku (suru)/ Kaiyu (suru)/ Chiyu (suru)
Verb-Emc	To refresh	晴らす/ 晴れる (霽れる)/ リフレッシュ (する)/ さっぱり (する/ と)/ すっと (する)	Harasu/ Hareru/ Rifuresshu (suru)/ Sappari (suru/ to)/ Sutto (suru)
Verb-Emc	To regain (to get back; to recover)	取り返す	Torikaesu
Verb-Emc	To regale	楽しませる/ 盛る/ (ご) 馳走 (する)	Tanoshima seru * (to amuse; to delight; to entertain; to please; to regale; to give someone a good time; to impart delight; to give pleasure to)/ Sakaru * (to serve (in a bowl, on a plate, etc.); to dish out; to dish up; to fill (a bowl) with)/ (go) Chisō (suru) * (treating someone (to food or drink); dinner; wonderful food)
Verb-Emc	To regard as important (to attach importance to)	重視 (する)	Jūshi (suru)
Verb-Emc	To rejuvenate	若返る/ 若返り (する)/ 蘇生 (する)	Wakagaeru/ Wakagaeri (suru)/ Sosei (suru)
Verb-Emc	To relieve tension (to lose tension)	緊張をほぐす/ 緊張を緩める/ 緊張を緩和する/ 緊張を解きほぐす/ 緊張を和らげる/ 筋肉をほぐす/ 緊張を解消する/ ストレスを解消する (筋肉をほぐします) (緊張を解く)	Kinchō o hogusu/ Kinchō o yurumeru/ Kinchō o kanwa suru/ Kinchō o tokihogusu/ Kinchō o yawarageru/ Kin'niku o hogusu (kin'niku o hogushimasu) * (relax one's muscles; relax your muscles)/ Kinchō o kaishō suru * (relieve tension; eliminate tension)/ Sutoresu o kaishō suru * (relieve stress; eliminate stress) (kinchō o hodoku)
Verb-Emc	To remind someone who he really is	誰かに本当の自分を思い出させる	Dareka ni hontō no jibun o omoidasaseru

Verb-Emc	To repeatedly admonish (to tell over and over)	口を酸っぱくする (口をすっぱくする)	Kuchiwosuppakusuru
Verb-Emc	To reproach (to blame)	咎める/ 責める	Togameru/ Semeru
Verb-Emc	To reprove	咎める (とがめる)/ 窘める/ 詰る	Togameru/ Tashinameru/ Najiru
Verb-Emc	To resent	憤慨する/ 憤る	Fungai suru/ Ikidōru
Verb-Emc	To respect someone's borders	誰かの境界線を尊重する/ 誰かの境界を尊重する	Dareka no kyōkai-sen o sonchō suru/ Dareka no kyōkai o sonchō suru
Verb-Emc	To respect someone's privacy	誰かのプライバシーを尊重する/ 他人のプライバシーを尊重する/ 誰かの私事を尊重する	Dareka no puraibashī o sonchō suru/ Tanin no puraibashī o sonchō suru * (to respect the privacy of others)/ Dareka no watakushigoto o sonchō suru * (to respect someone's personal affairs; to respect someone's private matters)
Verb-Emc	To resurrect	蘇る/ 回生 (する)/ 黄泉帰る/ 復活 (する)	Yomigaeru/ Kaisei (suru)/ Yomigaeru/ Fukkatsu (suru)
Verb-Emc	To retrospect	振り返る	Furikaeru
Verb-Emc	To reveal (to show; to display)	表す/ 明らかにする/ 出す/ 明かす/ 暴露 (する)/ ばらす (バラす)	Arawasu/ Akiraka ni suru/ Dasu/ Akasu/ Bakuro (suru)/ Barasu * (to expose (a secret); to disclose; to reveal; to lay bare; to let out; to give away)
Verb-Emc	To revel	楽しむ	Tanoshimu
Verb-Emc	To revile	罵倒 (する)	Batō (suru)
Verb-Emc	To revolt (to rebel)	反する/ 反乱を起こす/ 反発 (する)/ 反乱 (する)/ 謀反 (する)/ 暴動 (する) (反逆 (する)/ 楯突く/ 反抗 (する)/ 騒動 (する))	Hansuru/ Hanran o okosu/ Hanpatsu (suru)/ Hanran (suru)/ Muhon (suru)/ Bōdō (suru) (Hangyaku (suru)/ Tatetsuku/ Hankō (suru)/ Sōdō (suru))
Verb-Emc	To ruminate	反芻 (する)/ 思案 (する)/ 思いを馳せる	Hansū (suru) * (rumination; regurgitation; chewing the cud/ turning over in one's mind; thinking over (something); pondering; musing; rumination (about a subject))/ Shian (suru) * (careful thought; consideration; deliberation; reflection; rumination; pondering)/ Omoiwohaseru * (to think about; to send one's heart out to; to give more than a passing thought to; to think of something far away; to think nostalgically upon (esp. one's hometown))
Verb-Emc	To say many times (to tell over and over)	何度も言う/ (であると) 何度も伝える	Nando mo iu/ (dearu to) Nando mo tsutaeru
Verb-Emc	To seduce (to entice, to beguile, to charm)	誘惑 (する) (誘惑する, 惑わす, 魅了する)	Yūwaku (suru) (Yūwaku suru, Madowasu, Miryō suru)
Verb-Emc	To see the good in everyone	みんなの良いところを見る	Min'na no yoi tokoro o miru

Verb-Emc	To see through (to see it through)	見抜く / 見破る / 見透かす / 見通す / 見極める / 看破 (する) / 見果てる / やり抜く (それを見抜く)	Minuku * (to see through; to see into (someone's heart, mind, etc.); to perceive; to find out; to detect) / Miyaburu * (to see through (a plot, lie, etc.); to penetrate into; to discover; to find out) / Misukasu * (to see through (a lie, scheme, etc.); to see into (someone's mind); to read (someone's true feelings); to penetrate) / Mitōsu * (to see without obstruction; to get an unobstructed view (of); to see through/ to see into (someone's thoughts); to read (someone's feelings, intentions, etc.); to see through (e.g. someone's plans) / to foresee; to predict; to forecast; to anticipate) / Mikiwameru * (to ascertain; to make sure of; to determine; to probe; to get to the bottom (of something)) / Kanpa (suru) * (seeing through (e.g. someone's lies); reading (e.g. thoughts); penetrating; detecting) / Mihateru * (to see through to the finish; to be seen to the end) / / Yari nuku * (to carry out to completion; to carry through; to see (something) through; to complete; to accomplish) (sore o minuku)
Verb-Emc	To seek revenge	復讐を求める	Fukushū o motomeru
Verb-Emc	To seem proud (haughty)	得意がる / 奢る / 高ぶる / 幅にする	Tokui garu / Ogoru / Takaburu / Haba ni suru
Verb-Emc	To shock	衝撃を与える	Shōgeki o ataeru
Verb-Emc	To show compassion (to show kindness)	思いやりを示す / 思いやりを見せる / 同情を示す / 同情を見せる / 情けをかける (情けを掛ける) / 慈悲を示す	Omoiyari o shimesu / Omoiyari o miseru / Dōjō o shimesu / Dōjō o miseru / Nasake o kakeru / Jihi o shimesu
Verb-Emc	To show contempt	軽蔑を示す	Keibetsu o shimesu
Verb-Emc	To show favouritism (to show partiality; to be partial to)	可愛がる / 好意を示す (偏愛を示す / 偏り見る)	Kawai garu * (to show favouritism to; to be partial to) / Kōi o shimesu * (to show favor; to show kindness) (Hen'ai o shimesu / Katayori miru)
Verb-Emc	To show off	見せびらかす / 見せつける (見せ付ける / みせつける) / 振り回す (振りまわす / 振回す / ふりまわす) / 目立ちたがる / ひけらかす / 銜う	Misebirakasu / Misetsukeru / Furimawasu / Medachitagaru / Hikerakasu / Terau
Verb-Emc	To shrug off	肩をすくめる (肩を疎める) / 跳ね除ける (はね除ける / 撥ね退ける / 跳ねのける / 撥ね除ける / 跳ね退ける / はね退ける / 撥ねのける / はねのける)	Katawosukumeru / Hanenokeru

Verb-Emc	To sit out	我慢(する)* (to have to be patient - 我慢しなければなりません)/ 座って待つ/ 待って座る/ 座って耐える/ 耐えて座る/ 忍耐(する)/ 辛抱(する)/ 持久(する)/ 隠忍(する)/ 耐える/ 保つ/ 耐え忍ぶ/ 持ちこたえる/ 座る	Gaman (suru)* (to have to be patient - gaman shinakereba narimasen)/ Suwatte matsu * (to sit and wait)/ Matte suwaru * (to wait and sit)/ Suwatte taeru * (to sit and endure)/ Taete suwaru * (to sit patiently; to sit and endure)/ Nintai (suru)/ Shinbō (suru)/ Jikyū (suru)/ In'nin (suru)/ Taeru/ Tamotsu/ Taeshinobu * (to put up with; to endure; to bear patiently)/ Mochikotaeru/ Suwaru * (to sit)
Verb-Emc	To sober up (to become sober)	覚める/ 目を覚ます/ 覚ます/ 酔いが覚める/ 酔いを覚ます	Sameru/ Mewosamasu/ Samasu/ Yoi ga sameru/ Yoi o samasu
Verb-Emc	To soften (to mitigate; to alleviate)	和らげる (和らげる; 和らげる)	Yawarageru (yawarageru; yawarageru)
Verb-Emc	To sound someone out (to try to find out someone's true feelings; to (discreetly) probe someone's thoughts)	気を引く	Kiwohiku
Verb-Emc	To sparkle	輝く	Kagayaku
Verb-Emc	To stand out (to be conspicuous)	目立つ (目立つ)/ 際立つ/ 抜き出る	Medatsu (medatsu)/ Kiwadatsu/ Nukideru
Verb-Emc	To stand up to (to stand up against)	立ち向かう (立ち向かう)	Tachimukau (tachimukau)
Verb-Emc	To stare (to glance; to stare at; to look at)	見つめる (見詰める/ 覗める/ みつめる)/ 凝視(する)/ 眺める (ながめる)/ 見守る/ じっと見る/ 睨む/ 見入る/ じろじろ見る (ジロジロ見る/ ジロジロみる)/ 見据える (ちらっと見る (チラッと見る/ チラッとみる); じっと見つめる; 見つめる)	Mitsumeru/ Gyōshi (suru) * (stare; gaze; fixation)/ Nagameru * (to look at; to gaze at; to watch; to stare at)/ Mimamoru * (to watch intently; to stare; to gaze; to watch (and see what happens); to follow)/ Jitto miru * (to watch steadily; to stare; to stare at; to stare intently at; to stare fixedly at; to stare firmly at)/ Niramu * (to stare intensely at; to examine carefully)/ Miiru * (to gaze (at); to stare intently (at); to look fixedly (at); to fix one's eyes (on))/ Jirojiromiru * (to stare at; to look hard at; to look up and down; to scrutinize; to scrutinise)/ Misueru * (to stare fixedly at; to fix one's gaze on) (Chirattomiru/ Jitto mitsumeru; Mitsumeru)

Verb-Emc	To startle	脅かす/ あっと言わせる/ 耳目を驚かす/ 焦る/ びっくり (吃驚)(する)/ たまげる(魂消る)/ びっくり仰天(する)/ ぎょっと (する)/ ドキッと(する)/ 驚かせる	Odokasu * (to startle; to frighten; to scare/ to threaten; to menace; to intimidate)/ Atto iwaseru * (to startle; to surprise; to astonish; to make (someone) say "oh!"/ Jimokuwoodorokasu * (to take by surprise; to startle; to shock)/ Aseru * (to get a fright; to panic; to get flustered; to be startled)/ Bikkuri (suru) * (to be surprised; to be amazed; to be frightened; to be astonished; to get startled; to jump)/ Tamageru * (to be astonished; to be flabbergasted; to be startled; to be amazed)/ Bikkuri gyōten (suru) * (astonished; stunned; startled out of one's wits; thunderstruck; open-eyed astonishment)/ Gyotto (suru) * (being startled)/ Dokitto (suru) * (being startled; getting a shock)/ Odoroka seru * (to surprise; to frighten; to create a stir)
Verb-Emc	To stay calm (to keep calm)	冷静さを保つ (冷静さを保つ)	Reisei-sa o tamotsu (reisei-sa o tamotsu)
Verb-Emc	To stay positive (to maintain a positive mindset; to keep positive)	積極的に保つ/ 前向きに保つ/ ポジティブを保つ/ 気確かに持つ (ポジティブな考え方を維持する; 前向きな気持ちを維持する; ポジティブを保つ)	Sekkyokutekini tamotsu/ Maemuki ni tamotsu * (literally means 'to keep forward-looking; to keep positive; to keep constructive')/ Pojitibu o tamotsu/ Ki o tashika ni motsu * (to brace oneself; to keep one's spirits up; to keep one's composure; to pull oneself together; to stay strong) (pojitibuna kangaekata o iji suru; maemukina kimochi o iji suru; pojitibu o tamotsu)
Verb-Emc	To stupefy	呆然とさせる	Bōzento saseru
Verb-Emc	To suddenly understand (to come to mind; to get to the core of something; to hit on an answer)	思い当たる/ 急に理解する/ 急に分かる (急にわかる)/ 突然理解する/ 突然分かる/ 突然にわかる	Omoiataru/ Kyū ni rikai suru/ Kyū ni waku/ Totsuzen rikai suru/ Totsuzen waku/ Totsuzen ni waku
Verb-Emc	To suffer (e.g. an attack)	浴びる	Abiru
Verb-Emc	To take courage	勇気を出す	Yūkiwodasu * (to summon courage; to be brave)
Verb-Emc	To take credit (for)	自分の手柄を取る (ために)	Jibun no tegara o toru (tame ni)
Verb-Emc	To take for granted	当たり前のこととする/ 決め込む (決めこむ/ 極め込む/ 決込む/ きめこむ)/ 決める (極める/ きめる)	Atarimae no koto to suru/ Kimekomu/ Kimeru
Verb-Emc	To take offense	腹を立てる/ 気を悪くする/ 腹が立つ/ 剥れる/ 立腹 (する)	Harawotateru/ Ki o waruku suru/ Haragatatsu/ Hezureru/ Rippuku (suru)
Verb-Emc	To take revenge (to retaliate; to strike back)	復讐 (する) (報復 (する); 反撃 (する))	Fukushū (suru) (Hōfuku (suru); Hangeki (suru))
Verb-Emc	To take seriously	真剣に受け取る/ 真剣に受け止める/ 真に受ける/ 真面目に受け取る	Shinken ni uketoru/ Shinken ni uketomeru/ Maniukeru/ Majime ni uketoru

Verb-Emc	To take sides	肩を入れる/ 側につく/ 味方 (する/ の)	Kata o ireru * (to support; to back up; to side with; to take sides)/ Gawa ni tsuku * (to take sides)/ Mikata (suru/ no) * (taking sides (with); supporting; standing by; backing up/ friend; ally; supporter)
Verb-Emc	To tell how one feels (to tell how you feel)	気持ちを伝える/ 自分の気持ちを表現する (自分の気持ちを伝える)	Kimochi o tsutaeru/ Jibun no kimochi o hyōgen suru (jibun no kimochi o tsutaeru)
Verb-Emc	To tense up (to become formal)	構える	Kamaeru
Verb-Emc	To think positive (positive thinking)	積極的に考える/ 前向きに考える (前向きに考えてる)/ 意欲的に考える/ ポジティブに考える (ポジティブシンキング)	Sekkyokutekini kangaeru/ Maemuki ni kangaeru (maemuki ni kangae teru) * (literally means 'to think forward-looking; to think positive; to think constructive')/ Iyoku-teki ni kangaeru * (to think keen; eager; enthusiastic; motivated; determined; positive; ambitious)/ Pojitibu ni kangaeru (pojitibushinkingu)
Verb-Emc	To thrive	繁栄 (する)/ 繁盛 (する)/ 興盛 (する)/ 賑わう/ 生い茂る/ 流行る	Han'ei (suru)/ Hanjō (suru)/ Kōsei (suru)/ Nigiwau * (to be crowded with people; to be bustling with/ to prosper; to flourish; to do thriving business)/ Oishigeru * (to grow thickly; to be overgrown; to thrive; to grow in abundance)/ Hayaru * (to flourish; to thrive/ to be popular; to come into fashion/ to be prevalent; to spread widely (e.g. disease); to be endemic)
Verb-Emc	To thwart	妨害 (する)/ 潰す/ 阻む/ 取り潰す/ 食い止める/ 阻止 (する)	Bōgai (suru) * (obstruction; hindrance; blocking; disturbance; interference; interruption; jamming (a signal))/ Tsubusu * (to wreck; to break; to block; to thwart)/ Habamu * (to keep someone from doing; to stop; to prevent; to check; to hinder; to obstruct; to oppose; to thwart)/ Tori tsubusu * (to disrupt; to ruin; to hinder; to thwart)/ Kuitomeru * (to check; to hold back; to keep at bay; to stop; to prevent; to stem; to curb; to halt)/ Soshi (suru) * (obstruction; prevention; hindrance; check; blocking; stopping)
Verb-Emc	To tithe	十分の一を納める/ 十分の一を献金する/ 十分の一を与える/ 十分の一を上げる	Jūbun'noichi o osameru/ Jūbun'noichi o kenkin suru/ Jūbun'noichi o ataeru/ Jūbun'noichi o ageru
Verb-Emc	To torture (to torment)	責める	Semeru
Verb-Emc	To transfix	釘付けにする	Kugidzuke ni suru
Verb-Emc	To treat illness (with a prayer)	呪う	Majinau * (not norou)
Verb-Emc	To treat someone with contempt	誰かを軽蔑して扱う	Dareka o keibetsu shite atsukau

Verb-Emc	To try to impress	好印象を与えようとする/ ～に好かれようとする/ 見栄を張る/ 見栄を張ったりする/ 印象づけようとする/ 印象づけることを試みる/ 印象づける	Kōinjō o ataeyou to suru/ ～ Ni suka reyou to suru * (try to be liked by (someone))/ Miewoharu * (to show off)/ Mie o hattari suru * (to show off); to keep up with the Joneses * (means 'to show off', usually with money pretending that one is rich comparing to their neighbours)/ Inshōdzukeyou to suru * (To try to make an impression on; trying to make an impression on; to try to make an impression)/ Inshōdzukeru koto o kokoromiru * (to try to impress (someone); to try to make an impression)/ Inshōdzukeru * (to impress (someone))
Verb-Emc	To underscore	強調 (する)/ 力説 (する)/ 重視 (する)/ 強める/ アンダースコア (する)	Kyōchō (suru) * (emphasis; stress; highlighting; underlining; underscoring/ accentuating (a feature or certain part); accenting)/ Rikisetsu (suru) * (emphasizing (a point, argument, etc.); stressing; insistence; arguing strongly (for, against))/ Jūshi (suru) * (regarding as important; attaching importance to; taking a serious view of; putting emphasis on)/ Tsuyomeru * (to strengthen; to emphasize; to emphasise)/ Andāsukoa (suru)
Verb-Emc	To uplift	高揚させる/ 高揚する/ 擡げる	Kōyō sa seru/ Kōyō suru/ Motageru
Verb-Emc	To urge (to press)	責める/ 促す	Semeru/ Unagasu
Verb-Emc	To use one's intuition (to use one's instinct; to use one's head)	勘を働かせる/ 感覚を使う/ 直感を使う/ 感覚を使用する/ 感覚を利用する	Kanwohatarakaseru/ Kankaku o tsukau/ Chokkan o tsukau/ Kankaku o shiyō suru/ Kankaku o riyō suru
Verb-Emc	To venerate	崇拜 (する)/ 尊崇 (する)/ 欽仰 (する)	Sūhai (suru) * (worship; adoration; admiration; cult)/ Sonsū (suru) * (reverence; veneration)/ Kingō (suru) * (reverence; adoration; veneration)
Verb-Emc	To walk over someone (to walk all over someone)	踏みつける (足げにする)	Fumitsukeru (Ashige ni suru)
Verb-Emc	To wallow	浸る/ うろうろ (する)	Urouro (suru)/ Hitaru
Verb-Emc	To wane	弱る/ 傾く/ 衰退 (する)/ 後退 (する)/ ウェイン (する)	Yowaru * (to weaken; to grow weak; to wane; to decline (of one's health))/ Katamuku * (to decline; to wane; to ebb; to fall away)/ Suitai (suru) * (decline; degeneration; decay; waning; ebbing)/ Kōtai (suru) * (retreat; falling back; moving backwards; reversing; backing up (of a vehicle); retrogression; retraction)/ U~Ein (suru)

Verb-Emc	To waver	躊躇う/ 揺れる/ 揺るぐ/ 迷う/ 揺らぐ/ 蹣跚めく/ ウェイバー (する)	Tamerau * (to hesitate; to waver)/ Yureru * (to shake; to sway; to waver)/ Yurugu * (to shake; to waver; to tremble)/ Mayou * (to waver; to hesitate; to be of two minds over; to be puzzled; to be perplexed)/ Yuragu * (can mean 'to swing; to sway; to shake; to tremble', but can also mean 'to waver; to feel shaken; to become unstable')/ Yoromeku * (means 'to stagger; to stumble; to totter', but it can also mean 'to misconduct oneself; to have a love affair; to waver; to feel some inclination')/ U~eibā (suru)
Verb-Emc	To whine	泣き言を言う	Nakigotowoiu
Verb-Emc	To wish someone well	誰かの幸せを願う	Dareka no shiawase o negau
Verb-Emc	To withstand	耐える	Taeru
Verb-Emc	To work well together (to be on the same page)	呼吸が合う	Kokyū ga au
Verb-Emc	To worsen (to deteriorate; to become gloomy)	陰る	Kageru
Verb-Emc	To yearn (to long for; to desire something very much)	切望 (する/ の)/ 慕う/ 憧れる/ 懐かしむ/ 恋焦がれる/ 恋い慕う/ 恋しがる/ 胸を焦がす/ 想望 (する)/ 憧憬 (する)/ 思慕 (する)/ 焦がれる/ 傾慕 (する)/ 追慕 (する) (切望 (する/ の); (何かを) 強く望む/ 喉から手が出る)	Setsubō (suru/ no)/ Shitau/ Akogareru * (to long for; to yearn after; to admire; to be attracted by)/ Natsukashimu * (to yearn for (someone, something); to miss)/ Koikogareru * (to yearn (for); to pine (for); to long (for); to be madly in love (with); to be consumed with love (for))/ Koishitau/ Koishi garu/ Munewokogasu/ Sōbō (suru)/ Dōkei (suru) * (longing; yearning; aspiration; adoration)/ Shibo (suru) * (yearning; longing for; deep affection)/ Kogareru * (to yearn for; to be in love with)/ Keibo (Suru) * (yearning; wholehearted longing; deep adoration)/ Tsuibo (suru) * (cherishing the memory of; yearning for) (setsubō (suru/ no); (nanika o) tsuyoku nozomu/ nodokarategaderu)
Verb-Tlk	To accept (someone's words) (to agree; to understand)	聞こえる (聞える/ 聴こえる/ 聴える)	Kikoeru

Verb-Tlk	To acknowledge	認める/ 信認 (する)/ 許す/ 諒する/ 評価 (する)/ 承知 (する)/ 承認 (する)/ 諒とする/ 了承 (する)/ 認定 (する)	Shitatameru * (to renown; to give renown to; to appreciate; to acknowledge)/ Shin'nin (suru) * (acknowledge; acceptance; admission)/ Yurusu * (to acknowledge; to admit)/ Ryō suru * (to acknowledge; to understand; to appreciate)/ Hyōka (suru) * (appreciation; recognition; acknowledgement; rating highly; praising)/ Shōchi (suru) * (acceptance; consent; assent; agreement; compliance; acknowledgment; acknowledgement)/ Shōnin (suru) * (recognition; acknowledgment; acknowledgment; approval; consent; agreement)/ Ryō to suru * (to acknowledge; to understand; to appreciate)/ Ryōshō (suru) * (acknowledgement; acknowledgment; understanding; approval; consent)/ Nintei (suru) * (authorization; authorisation; acknowledgment; acknowledgement; certification; recognition)
Verb-Tlk	To adjudicate	裁く/ 判断 (する)/ 判定 (する)	Sabaku/ Handan (suru)/ Hantei (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To advocate	擁護 (する)	Yōgo (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To align (with)	(と) 整列 (する)	(to) Seiretsu (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To allude	ほのめかす (仄めかす)	Honomekasu
Verb-Tlk	To appeal to	訴える/ 要請 (する)/ (に) アピール (する)/ 陳情 (する)/ 抗告 (する)/ 呼びかける/ 嘆願 (する)/ 懇請 (する)/ 哀願 (する)/ 控訴 (する)/ 申し込む	Uttaeru * (to raise; to bring to (someone's attention)/ to appeal to (reason, emotions, etc.); to work on (one's emotions); to play on (one's sympathies))/ Yōsei (suru) * (appeal; call for something; request; claim; demand)/ (ni) Apīru (suru) * (appeal (e.g. for peace); plea; request/ appeal (of something); attractiveness; allure/ appeal (to the referee/ sports)/ emphasizing; calling attention to; making a display of; showing off; playing up; touting; using as a selling point; pitch)/ Chinjō (suru) * (petition; appeal)/ Kōkoku (suru) * (appeal; protest; complaint * (law))/ Yobikakeru * (to call out to; to hail; to address/ to appeal)/ Tangan (suru) * (entreaty; appeal; petition)/ Konsei (suru) * (appeal; entreaty; request)/ Aigan (suru) * (supplication; appeal; entreaty; petition)/ Kōso (suru) * (appeal to a higher court; intermediate appeal * (law))/ Mōshikomu * (to apply for; to make an application; to propose (marriage); to offer (mediation); to make an overture (of peace); to challenge; to lodge (objections); to request (an interview); to subscribe for; to book; to reserve)

Verb-Tlk	To articulate	明確に表現する/ 調音 (する)	Meikaku ni hyōgen suru/ Chōon (suru) * (articulation; linguistics)
Verb-Tlk	To ask leave (to excuse oneself (from))	断る (断わる)	Kotowaru
Verb-Tlk	To ask out (to ask on a date)	デートに誘う (デートに誘う)	Dēto ni izanau (dēto ni izanau)
Verb-Tlk	To ask someone out (to ask somebody out)	誰かをデートに誘う (誰かをデートに誘う)	Dareka o dēto ni sasou (dareka o dēto ni sasou)
Verb-Tlk	To bawl out (to scold)	喚き立てる/ 大声で叫ぶ (叱る/ 怒る/ 詰る/ 叱り付ける/ 決め付ける)	Wameki tateru * (to yell; to bawl out)/ Ōgoe de sakebu * (to yell in a loud voice; to yell with a loud voice; to scream in a loud voice; to shout in a loud voice) (Shikaru * (to scold; to chide; to rebuke; to reprimand)/ Okoru * (to scold; to tell (someone) off/ to get angry; to get mad; to lose one's temper)/ Najiru * (to rebuke; to scold; to tell off; to find fault; to harp on; to reprove/ to question persistently (in order to criticize or find fault with someone))/ Shikaritsukeru * (to rebuke; to scold harshly)/ Kime tsukeru * (to scold; to take (a person) to task/ to fix upon (one-sidedly); to (ignore someone's position and) arbitrarily decide something is the case))
Verb-Tlk	To be accused (ie. of a bad deed, of a crime)	責められた/ 告発される/ 罪を着る (すなわち; 悪行; 犯罪で)	Semerareta/ Kokuhatsu sareru/ Tsumiwokiru * (to take the blame (for another's crime or mistake); to take responsibility (for); to be charged with a crime) (sunawachi; akugyō; hanzai de)
Verb-Tlk	To be aware (of)	知る/ 気づく ((の)ことに気づく)/ 心得る/ 存じる/ 悟る/ 気がつく/ 意識 (する)/ 目覚める/ 存ずる/ 認識 (する)/ 承知 (する)/ 理会 (する)/ 心付く/ 意識化 (する)/ 知覚 (する)/ 感づく	Shiru/ Kidzuku ((no) koto ni kidzuku)/ Kokoroeru/ Zonjiru/ Satoru/ Kigatsuku/ Ishiki (suru)/ Mezameru/ Zonzuru/ Ninshiki (suru)/ Shōchi (suru)/ Rikai (suru)/ Kokoro tsuku/ Ishiki- ka (suru)/ Chikaku (suru)/ Kandzuku
Verb-Tlk	To be of benefit (to be beneficial; to be useful)	為になる (ためになる/ タメになる)	Tame ni naru
Verb-Tlk	To be promoted (to advance in rank)	昇進 (する)/ 昇任 (する)/ 取り立てる/ プロモート (する)	Shōshin (suru)/ Shōnin (suru)/ Toritateru/ Puromōto (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To be rectified (to be corrected; to be put right)	修正 (する) (修正 (する); 正しくする)	Shūsei (suru) (shūsei (suru); tadashiku suru)
Verb-Tlk	To be suspicious of (someone's motives); to suspect (that)	勘ぐる	Kanguru
Verb-Tlk	To bellow	怒鳴る	Donaru
Verb-Tlk	To bleep (to beep)	ピーピー鳴る (ピーピー鳴る/ ピーピー (する))	Pīpī naru * (to sound like peep; chirp; beep; whistling, chirping, piping, etc. sound made by birds, insects, pipes, children, etc.) (pīpī naru/ pīpī (suru))

Verb-Tlk	To blunder (to goof up; to screw up)	失敗 (する)/ 失策 (する)/ 粗相 (する)/ しくじる/ ミス (する)/ 仕損じる/ ポカ (ぽか) (する)/ 仕損ずる/ 錯和 (する)/ 月夜に釜を抜かれる/ ドジを踏む/ 毛氈をかぶる/ とちる (トチる)/ し損なう/ 遣らかす/ 演じる/ 演ずる (やっちまう; 失敗 (する))	Shippai (suru)/ Shissaku (suru)/ Sosō (suru)/ Shikujiru/ Misu (suru) * (mistake; error; blunder, from English “miss”)/ Shisonjiru/ Poka (suru)/ Shisonzuru/ Chonbo (Suru)/ Tsukiyo ni kama o nukareru * (to make a blunder; to blunder; literally means: to have one's kettle stolen on a moonlit night)/ Doji o fumu/ Mōsen o kaburu * (literally means: to hide under the carpet/ rug)/ Tochiru/ Shi sokonau/ Yara kasu/ Enjiru/ Enzuru (Yatchimau; shippai (suru))
Verb-Tlk	To brag (to boast)	自慢 (する/ の)/ 自慢話 (する)/ 威張る/ ホラを吹く (ほらを吹く)/ 嘯く/ 大口を叩く/ 吹きまくる/ 壮語 (する)/ 高言 (する)/ 大言壮語 (する/ の)/ 壮言大語 (する)/ 大言 (する)/ 豪語 (する)/ 大風呂敷を広げる/ 気炎を上げる/ 吹き飛ばす/ 吹く (自慢 (する))	Jiman (suru/ no)/ Jimanbanashi (suru)/ Ibaru/ Hora o fuku/ Usobuku/ Ōguchi o tatakuru/ Fukimakuru * (to brag endlessly; to boast ceaselessly)/ Sōgo (suru)/ Kōgen (suru)/ Taigensōgo (suru/ no) * (big talk; boasting; bragging)/ Sōgentaigo (suru) * (heroic words; big talk; boasting; bragging; grandiloquence; rodomontade)/ Taigen (suru) * (big talk; braggadocio)/ Gōgo (suru) * (boasting; big talk; bombast)/ Ōfuroshiki o hirogeru * (to talk big; to be bombastic)/ Kienwoageru * (to speak energetically; to talk big; to argue heatedly)/ Fukitobasu/ Fuku (Jiman (suru))
Verb-Tlk	To break the silence (to break one's silence)	沈黙を破る/ 切り出す (沈黙を破る)	Chinmoku o yaburu * (to break the silence; to break one's silence)/ Kiridasu * (to begin to talk; to break the ice; to broach) (chinmoku o yaburu)
Verb-Tlk	To bring up (to mention)	持ち出す/ 提起 (する)/ 取り上げる (言及 (する))	Mochidasu * (to mention something; to broach a topic; to bring up (a subject); to raise (an issue); to mention/ to take out; to carry out; to bring out from where it belongs)/ Teiki (suru) * (raising (a question); posing (a problem); bringing up (an issue); presenting)/ Toriageru * (to take issue with; to make a problem of; to bring up (as a point of criticism)/ to pick up/ to adopt (a proposal); to take up (a topic); to accept; to listen to) (Genkyū (suru) * (reference; allusion))
Verb-Tlk	To call back	折り返し電話する	Orikaeshi denwa suru
Verb-Tlk	To charge someone with something	誰かに何かを請求する/ 彼に何かを課す	Dareka ni nanika o seikyū suru/ Kare ni nanika o kasu
Verb-Tlk	To claim	主張 (する)	Shuchō (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To come back on something (to get back to something)	何かに戻る (何かに戻る)	Nanika ni modoru (nanika ni modoru)
Verb-Tlk	To come to an understanding (to come to an agreement)	了解する (合意に達する)	Ryōkai suru (gōi ni tassuru)

Verb-Tlk	To concur	同意 (する)	Dōi (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To confabulate	作話 (する)	Sakuwa (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To confide (to reveal; to disclose; to speak frankly)	打ち明ける	Uchiakeru
Verb-Tlk	To conjecture	推測 (する/ の)/ 推し量る/ 予想 (する/ の)/ 推量 (する)/ 推察 (する)/ 計る	Suisoku (suru/ no) * (guess; conjecture)/ Oshirawaru * (to guess; to conjecture; to surmise)/ Yosō (suru/ no) * (expectation; anticipation; prediction; forecast; conjecture)/ Suiryō (suru) * (guess; conjecture; supposition; inference)/ Suisatsu (suru) * (guess; conjecture; surmise)/ Hakaru * (means 'to measure; to weigh; to survey; to time (sound, gauge, estimate)', but can also mean 'to conjecture; to infer; to surmise')
Verb-Tlk	To connote	内包 (する)/ 含意 (する)/ 含蓄 (する)	Naihō (suru) * (connotation; comprehension; intension)/ Gan'i (suru) * (implication; connotation)/ Ganchiku (suru) * (implication; significance; connotation; depth of meaning; complications of a problem)
Verb-Tlk	To consider	検討 (する)/ 考慮 (する)/ 考慮に入れる/ 思う/ 考える/ 汲む/ 掬する	Kentō (suru)/ Kōryo (suru)/ Kōryoniireru/ Omou/ Kangaeru/ Kumu * (to consider (feelings, the situation, etc.); to sympathize with; to intuit; to understand)/ Kiku suru * (to empathize with; to take into consideration)
Verb-Tlk	To consult (to advise)	相談 (する)/ 諮る	Sōdan (suru)/ Hakaru
Verb-Tlk	To convict	有罪判決を下す/ 断罪 (する)/ 断獄 (する)	Uzaihanketsu o kudasu/ Danzai (suru) * (judgment (of a crime); conviction; condemnation)/ Dangoku (suru) * (trying of a crime; conviction/ rare term)
Verb-Tlk	To criticize (to bag out; to criticise)	批判 (する)/ 批評 (する)/ 評論 (する)/ 論評 (する) (非難 (する); 批判 (する))	Hihan (suru) * (criticism; judgement; judgment; comment)/ Hihiyō (suru) * (criticism; critique; review; commentary)/ Hyōron (suru) * (criticism; critique)/ Ronpyō (suru) * (comment; criticism; critique; review) (Hinan (suru) * (criticism; blame; censure; attack; reproach); Hihan (suru))
Verb-Tlk	To cry out	叫ぶ	Sakebu
Verb-Tlk	To cut contact (to cut off contact)	連絡を切る (連絡を切る)	Renraku o kiru (renraku o kiru)
Verb-Tlk	To decipher	解説 (する)/ 翻訳 (する)/ 読む/ 読み解く/ 判じる/ 判ずる/ 判読 (する)/ 復号化 (する)	Kaidoku (suru)/ Hon'yaku (suru)/ Yomu/ Yomitoku/ Hanjiru/ Hanzuru/ Handoku (suru)/ Fukugō-ka (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To declare	宣言 (する)/ 言う/ 申し立てる	Sengen (suru)/ Iu/ Mōshitateru

Verb-Tlk	To decline (to reject; to turn down)	断る/ 拒む/ 否む/ 辞す/ 辞する (拒否 (する); 断る)	Kotowaru/ Kobamu/ Inamu/ Jisu * (can mean 'to take one's leave; to excuse oneself; to leave; to depart' or 'to resign (from); to step down; to leave (one's position); to quit', but can also mean 'to decline; to turn down; to refuse')/ Ji suru * (can mean 'to take one's leave; to excuse oneself; to leave; to depart' or 'to resign (from); to step down; to leave (one's position); to quit', but can also mean 'to decline; to turn down; to refuse') (Kyohi (suru); Kotowaru)
Verb-Tlk	To defame (to slander)	名誉を毀損 (する)/ 中傷 (する)/ 誹毀 (する)/ 毀損 (する)/ 誹謗中傷 (する)/ 讒謗 (する)/ 誹謗 (する)/ 貶める (誹謗中傷 (する))	Meiyo o kison (suru)/ Chūshō (suru)/ Hiki (suru)/ Kison (suru)/ Hibou chūshō (suru)/ Zانبō (suru)/ Hibou (suru) * (slander; abuse)/ Otoshimeru * (to show contempt for; to look down upon; to have a low opinion of/ to cause to fall; to make decline) (Hibou chūshō (suru))
Verb-Tlk	To deliberate	諮る/ 論じ合う/ 慮る/ 審議 (する)/ 熟慮 (する)/ 思案 (する)/ 熟考 (する)/ 凝議 (する)/ 熟思 (する)/ 詮議 (する)/ 商量 (する)/ 考量 (する)	Hakaru/ Ronjiau/ Omonpakaru * (to consider carefully; to deliberate thoroughly; to think over)/ Shingi (suru)/ Jukuryo (suru) * (deliberation; (thoughtful) consideration)/ Shian (suru) * (careful thought; consideration; deliberation; reflection; rumination; pondering)/ Jukukō (suru) * (careful consideration; deliberation; thinking over carefully)/ Gyōgi (suru)/ Jukushi (suru)/ Sengi (suru)/ Shōryō (suru)/ Kōryō (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To demand	要求 (する)/ 請求 (する)/ 催促 (する)/ 要する/ 求める/ 要望 (する)/ 徴求 (する)	Yōkyū (suru)/ Seikyū (suru)/ Saisoku (suru)/ Yōsuru/ Motomeru/ Yōbō (suru)/ Chōkyū (suru)

Verb-Tlk	To denigrate	非難 (する)/ 難ずる/ 難じる/ とやかく言う/ 責める/ 叩く/ 咎める/ 擬く/ 非難 (する)/ 批評 (する)/ 批判 (する)/ 評論 (する)	Hinan (suru) * (criticism; blame; censure; attack; reproach)/ Nanzuru * (to criticize; to point out faults; to speak ill of)/ Nanjiru * (to criticize; to point out faults; to speak ill of)/ Toyakakui * (to say this and that (about); to say (critical) things; to criticize; to be critical (about); to find fault (with); to complain; to raise objections (to); to meddle (in); to interfere (in))/ Semeru * (to condemn; to blame; to criticize; to criticise; to reproach; to accuse)/ Tataku * (to attack; to bash; to criticize; to censure; to flame (on the Internet))/ Togameru * (to blame; to reproach; to censure; to rebuke; to reprove; to find fault; to take to task; to criticize; to criticise)/ Modoku * (to censure; to criticize; to criticise; to rebuke; to defy; to disobey)/ Hina (suru) * (criticism; blame; censure; attack; reproach)/ Hihyō (suru) * (criticism; critique; review; commentary)/ Hihan (suru) * (criticism; judgement; judgment; comment)/ Hyōron (suru) * (criticism; critique)
Verb-Tlk	To dictate (to spell)	口述 (する/ の)/ 書き取る (書取る)/ 口述筆記 (する) (綴る)	Kōjutsu (suru/ no) * (dictation; verbal statement)/ Kakitoru * (to write down (what someone says); to take down dictation; to take notes (e.g. of a lecture)/ to copy out (a text))/ Kōjutsu hikki (suru) * (taking dictation; note-taking) (Tsudzuru)
Verb-Tlk	To disclose	開示 (する)	Kaishi (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To discuss together	一緒に話し合う/ 話し合う/ 共に話し合う/ 共に検討する/ 語り合う/ 喋り合う	Issho ni hanashiau/ Hanashiau/ Tomoni hanashiau/ Tomoni kentō suru/ Katariau/ Shaberiau * (to talk together; to chat together)
Verb-Tlk	To dissent	異議を唱える	Igiwotonaeru
Verb-Tlk	To dissuade	思いとどまる/ 思いとどまらせる	Omoitodomaru * (to give up (an idea or plan); to abandon; to refrain from (doing); to change one's mind)/ Omoitodomaraseru
Verb-Tlk	To distrust (to doubt, to be suspicious of)	疑う/ 疑る/ 怪しむ/ 不信感を抱く	Utagau/ Utaguru/ Ayashimu/ Fushin-kan o daku
Verb-Tlk	To doubt (to distrust; to be suspicious)	疑う/ 疑問に思う/ 疑る	Utagau/ Gimon ni omou/ Utaguru
Verb-Tlk	To draw (e.g. criticism, attention, praise) (to have heaped upon; to be showered with)	浴びる	Abiru

Verb-Tlk	To elaborate	練る/ 詳しく説明する/ 込み入る/ 手が込む/ 精緻化 (する)/ 敷衍 (する)	Neru * (to polish (a plan, etc.); to refine; to elaborate; to work out)/ Kuwashiku setsumei suru * (to explain in detail)/ Komiiru * (to be complicated; to be elaborate)/ Tegakomu * (to be intricate; to be elaborate; to be complicated; to be complex)/ Seichi-ka (suru) * (refinement; elaboration)/ Fuen (suru) * (expatiation; enlargement (e.g. on a point); elaboration; amplification/ clear explanation; paraphrasing)
Verb-Tlk	To elucidate	説明 (する)	Setsumei (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To estimate	見積もる (見積る)/ 予測 (する)/ 推定 (する)/ 評価 (する)/ 踏む	Mitsumoru/ Yosoku (suru)/ Suitei (suru)/ Hyōka (suru)/ Fumu * (to estimate; to guess; to judge; to value; to appraise)
Verb-Tlk	To evaluate (to criticize; to comment)	品定め (する)	Shinasadame (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To evaluate (to value; to assess, to rate)	評価 (する)/ 評する/ 値踏み (する)	Hyōka (suru)/ Hyōsuru/ Nebumi (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To exemplify	例示 (する)	Reiji (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To expedite a conversation	会話を促進する/ 会話を進める/ 会話をスピードアップする/ 会話を促す/ 会話を加速する	Kaiwa o sokushin suru/ Kaiwa o susumeru/ Kaiwa o supīdoappu suru/ Kaiwa o unagasu/ Kaiwa o kasoku suru
Verb-Tlk	To fire away (ie. fire it away)	発射する (つまり、発射する)	Hassha suru (tsumari, hassha suru)
Verb-Tlk	To get into conversation with	会話を始める	Kaiwa o hajimeru
Verb-Tlk	To have a conversation	会話をする	Kaiwa o suru
Verb-Tlk	To have a relationship (to have a connection; to make a connection with)	関係を持つ/ 関係がある (つながりを持つ (繋がりを持つ); つながりを作る (繋がりを作る))	Kankei o motsu/ Kankeigāru
Verb-Tlk	To have an ulterior motive (to have an axe to grind)	為にする (ためにする)/ 下心を持つ/ 裏がある	Tame ni suru/ Shitagokoro o motsu/ Ura ga aru
Verb-Tlk	To have the last word (ie. he always has the last word)	最後の言葉を持っている (つまり、彼はいつも最後の言葉を 持っている)	Saigo no kotoba o motte iru (tsumari, kare wa itsumo saigo no kotoba o motte iru)
Verb-Tlk	To heed (to take into account; to bear in mind)	鑑みる/(ご) 注意 (する)	Kangamiru/ (go) chūi (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To hint at	示唆 (する)	Shisa (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To hiss	シューシューと鳴く/ シューツという音を立てる	Shūshū to naku/ Shūtto iu otowotateru
Verb-Tlk	To imply	暗示 (する/ の)/ 仄めかす/ 示唆 (する)/ 含蓄 (する)/ 包含 (する)	Anji (suru/ no)/ Honomekasu/ Shisa (suru)/ Ganchiku (suru) * (implication; significance; connotation; depth of meaning; complications of a problem)/ Hōgan (suru) * (inclusion; comprehension; implication; containing; covering)

Verb-Tlk	To incline (to lean; to tip; to tilt)	傾ける	Katamukeru
Verb-Tlk	To inculcate	教え込む/ 植える/ 吹き込む/ 刷り込む/ 染み込む	Oshiekomu * (to teach thoroughly; to instill (into); to instil; to inculcate; to drum (into); to drill (into); to hammer (into))/ Ueru * (can mean 'to plant; to grow; to raise', but can also mean 'to instill (idea, value, etc.); to inculcate')/ Fukikomu* (can mean 'to blow in (of wind, rain, etc.)', or 'to blow (air) into (e.g. a balloon); to breathe (new life) into', but also 'to inspire (someone) with; to put into someone's head; to instill; to infuse; to indoctrinate with')/ Surikomu * (can mean 'to print (on); to insert (an illustration); to stencil (a pattern)', but can also mean 'to instill (a thought, impression, etc.); to imprint (e.g. on one's subconscious)')/ Shimikomu * (to sink into (one's mind); to be (deeply) ingrained; to be instilled; to be embedded; to be impressed)
Verb-Tlk	To indoctrinate	教化 (する)	Kyōka (suru) * (education; enlightenment; civilization; civilisation; indoctrination)
Verb-Tlk	To insist (to claim)	主張 (する)/ 言い張る/ 言い立てる/ 鳴らす/ 唱える/ せよと言う/ しろと言う/ 執着 (する)	Shuchō (suru)/ liharu/ iitateru * (to assert; to declare; to claim; to state; to insist; to maintain)/ Narasu * (means 'to ring; to sound; to chime; to beat; to snort (nose); to snap (fingers); to crack (joints)', but can also mean 'to state; to insist; to complain')/ Tonaeru * (can mean 'to recite; to chant/ to cry; to yell; to shout', but can also mean 'to advocate; to advance; to preach; to insist')/ Seyo to iu * (to advise strongly; to insist (on something))/ Shiro to iu * (to advise strongly; to insist (on something))/ Shūchaku (suru) * (attachment; adhesion; insistence; tenacity; fixation; obsession; clinging (e.g. to old customs))
Verb-Tlk	To interact	対話 (する)	Taiwa (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To interject	口を挟む/ 間に入る/ 相槌を打つ	Kuchiwohasamu * (to cut into (a conversation); to interject)/ Aida ni hairu * (to act as an intermediary; to step in; to come between; to intervene; to interject)/ Aidzuchiwoutsu * (to make use of aizuchi (back-channeling; interjections indicating that one is paying attention); to back-channel; to throw in interjections to show that one is paying attention)
Verb-Tlk	To interrogate	尋問 (する)/ 問いただす (問い質す/ 問い糾す/ 問い正す/ 問い糺す)/ 審尋 (審訊) (する)	Jinmon (suru)/ Toitadasu/ Shinjin (suru)

Verb-Tlk	To invalidate	無効化 (する)/ 失効 (する)	Mukō-ka (suru) * (disabling; invalidation; nullification; override; voiding; circumvention)/ Shikkō (suru) * (lapse; abatement; invalidation; expiration; expiry; becoming void)
Verb-Tlk	To iterate	反復 (する)/ 繰り返し (する/ の)	Hanpuku (suru) * (repetition; iteration; recursion; recurrence; recapitulation)/ Kurikaeshi (suru/ no) * (repetition; repeat; reiteration; iteration; refrain; cycle/ repeatedly)
Verb-Tlk	To journal	日記 (する)/ 日記をつける/ 報道 (する)/ 仕分け (する)/ 仕分ける/ 探訪 (する)	Nikki (suru) * (diary; journal)/ Nikkiwotsukeru * (to keep a diary)/ Hōdō (suru) * (report (of news); reporting; news; information; (media) coverage/ journalism)/ Shiwake (suru) * (classification; sorting (out); grouping; assortment/ assortment journalizing (in bookkeeping)/ journal)/ Shiwakeru * (to assort; to classify; to journalize (in accounting); to journalise)/ Tanbō (suru) * (searching; hunting for news story; journalist)
Verb-Tlk	To keep in contract (to keep contact)	契約を続ける (連絡を続ける)	Keiyaku o tsudzukeru (renraku o tsudzukeru)
Verb-Tlk	To keep talking	話し続ける/ 言い続ける	Hanashi tsuzukeru/ Ii tsudzukeru * (to keep talking; to go on and on; to talk non-stop)
Verb-Tlk	To lie about something	何かについて嘘をつく	Nanika ni tsuite usowotsuku
Verb-Tlk	To make a mistake (to mistake)	間違える/ 違う/ 間違いを犯す/ 失敗 (する)/ 誤る	Machigaeru/ Chigau/ Machigai o okasu/ Shippai (suru)/ Ayamaru
Verb-Tlk	To make a vow (to take an oath)	契る/ 誓う/ 誓いを立てる	Chigiru/ Chikau/ Chikai o tateru
Verb-Tlk	To make small talk	雑談をする/ 世間話する	Zatsudan o suru/ Yokenbanashi suru
Verb-Tlk	To make someone's acquaintance	誰かの知り合いになる/ 知り合う	Dareka no shiriai ni naru/ Shiriau
Verb-Tlk	To manifest	明らかにする/ 明示 (する)/ 顕現 (する)/ 立ち現れる	Akiraka ni suru/ Meiji (suru)/ Kengen (suru) * (manifestation)/ Tachi arawareru
Verb-Tlk	To meddle in someone else's affairs (to meddle in someone else's business)	他人事に口出しする (他人事に口出しする)	Hitogoto ni kuchidashi suru (hitogoto ni kuchidashi suru)
Verb-Tlk	To mention something (bring up (a subject); to raise (an issue); to mention)	何かを言及する/ 持ち出する	Nanika o genkyū suru/ Mochidasuru
Verb-Tlk	To misjudge	判断を誤る/ 見損なう (見そこなう/ 見損う/ みそこなう)/ 見誤る/ 読み誤る (読誤る/ よみあやまる)/ 誤判 (する)	Handanwoayamaru/ Misokonau/ Miayamaru/ Yomiayamaru/ Gohan (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To misread (misinterpret)	誤読 (する)/ 誤解して読む	Godoku (suru)/ Gokai shite yomu

Verb-Tlk	To mistranslate	誤訳 (する)/ 誤翻訳 (する)	Goyaku (suru)/ Go hon'yaku (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To murmur	呟く (つぶやく)/ 囁く (私語く)/ 騒めく/ 私語 (する)/ ほざく (ホザく)/ ぼそぼそ (ボソボソ) (する/ と)/ 低語 (する)/ さらさら (サラサラ) (する/ と)	Tsubuyaku/ Sasayaku/ Zawameku/ Shigo (suru)/ Hozaku/ Bosoboso (suru/ to)/ Teigo (suru)/ Sarasara (suru/ to)
Verb-Tlk	To need to talk	話す必要がある	Hanasu hitsuyō ga aru
Verb-Tlk	To negotiate	交渉 (する)	kōshō (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To nod (to pay attention; to keep nodding)	相槌 (する)/ 頷く (うなづく)/ 首を縦に振る/ こっくりとうなづく (こっくりうなづく)	Aidzuchi (suru) * (back-channeling; interjections indicating that one is paying attention)/ Unazuku * (to nod; to bow one's head in assent; to agree)/ Kubiwotatenifuru * (to nod one's head; to nod yes; to agree)/ Kokkuri to unazuku (kokkuri unazuku) * (to nod in agreement; to nod in assent)
Verb-Tlk	To nod one's head	うなづく (頷く)/ 首を縦に振る	Unazuku * (to nod; to bow one's head in assent; to agree)/ Kubiwotatenifuru * (to nod one's head; to nod yes; to agree)
Verb-Tlk	To overestimate (to overvalue; to overvalue)	過大視 (する)/ 過大評価 (する/ の)/ 買いかぶる/ 見損なう/ 買いかぶり (買い被り) (する)	Kadai-shi (suru)/ Kadai hyōka (suru/ no)/ Kaikaburu/ Misokonau/ Kaikaburi (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To overstate	誇張 (する)	Kochō (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To pay attention (to)	注意を払う/ 気を配る (気をくばる)/ 気を配れる/ 気をつける (気を付ける)/ 目を留める (目を止める)/ 注意を注ぐ/ 心を配る/ 入れる (容れる)/ 気を使う (気を遣う/ 気をつかう)/ 顧みる (顧る)/ 念を入れる/ 目に留める/ 気に留める (気にとめる)/ 目する/ 止める/ 取り合う/ 意を用いる/ 心を用いる	Chūiwoharau/ Ki o kubaru/ Ki o kubareru/ Kiwotsukeru/ Mewotomeru/ Chūi o sosogu/ Kokoro o kubaru/ Ireru/ Kiwotsukau/ Kaerimiru/ Nenwoireru/ Me ni todomeru/ Kinitomeru/ Mokusuru/ Tomeru/ Toriau/ I o mochiiru/ Kokoro o mochiiru
Verb-Tlk	To pinpoint (to point out)	特定 (する/ の)/ 指す/ 拾い上げる (拾いあげる)/ ピンポイントで指摘する (指摘 (する))	Tokutei (suru/ no)/ Sasu/ Hiroiageru/ Pinpointo de shiteki suru (Shiteki (suru))

Verb-Tlk	To plead (to declare)	嘆願 (する)/ 強請る/ 申し立てる/ かき口説く/ 弁護 (する)/ 懇願 (する)/ 抗弁 (する)/ 再抗弁 (する)/ 再度弁論 (する)/ 代言 (する)/ 服罪 (する)/ 命乞い (する) (申し立てる)	Tangan (suru) * (entreaty; appeal; petition)/ Nedaru * (to beg; to pester; to plead; to coax; to hound; to importune)/ Mōshitateru * (to declare; to plead)/ Kaki kudoku * (to plead; to urge; to pester; to beg; to badger; to complain)/ Bengo (suru) * (defense; defence; pleading; advocacy)/ Kongan (suru) * (pleading; entreaty; supplication; petition)/ Kōben (suru) * (protest; refutation; pleading)/ Sai kōben (suru) * (pleading)/ Saido benron (suru) * (repleading; pleading again)/ Daigen (suru) * (advocacy; pleading by proxy; speaking for another; attorney)/ Fukuzai (suru) * (penal servitude; submitting to a sentence; pleading guilty/ undetected crime)/ Inochigoi (suru) * (begging for one's life; pleading for one's life) (Mōshitateru)
Verb-Tlk	To point out	指摘 (する)	Shiteki (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To preface	前置 (する)	Zenchi (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To prelude	前奏 (する)/ 前置 (する)	Zensō (suru)/ Zenchi (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To present	提示 (する)	Teiji (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To presume	推測 (する/ の)/ 推定 (する/ の)/ 察する/ 察す	Suisoku (suru/ no)/ Suitei (suru/ no)/ Sassuru/ Sassu
Verb-Tlk	To pretend (that) (to act (as if))	振りをする (ふりをする/ フリをする)/ 事にする (ことにする) * (be aware of 異にする with the same pronunciation but different meaning)/ 称する/ 見せかける (見せ掛ける)/ がる/ 格好をつける	Furi o suru/ Koto ni suru (kotoni suru)/ Shōsuru/ Misekakeru/ Garu/ Kakkō o tsukeru
Verb-Tlk	To pretend otherwise	そうでないふり (をする)	Sōdenai furi (o suru)
Verb-Tlk	To promote (ie. article publishing, propeganda)	宣伝 (する)	Senden (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To promote (to encourage)	促進 (する)	Sokushin (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To provoke (to arouse criticism; to cause a controversy)	物議を醸す/ 挑発 (する)/ 引き起こす	Butsugiwokamosu/ Chōhatsu (suru)/ Hikiokosu

Verb-Tlk	To quarrel	喧嘩 (する)/ 口論 (する)/ 口喧嘩 (する)/ 諍い (する)/ 衝突 (する)/ 競合 (する)/ 悶着 (する)/ 争う/ 騒動 (する)/ 言い争う/ 小競り合い (する)/ 言い合う/ やり合う/ 出入り (する)/ ゴタゴタ (する/ と)/ いがみ合う/ 諍う/ 擦れ合う/ 絡む/ 因縁をつける/ 大喧嘩 (する)/ 闘ぐ/ バトル/ 愚図る (ぐずる)/ 兄弟牆に闘ぐ/ 血で血を洗う/ 言い負ける/ 分かれ争う/ 喧嘩を売る/ 文つける/ 文を付ける	Kenka (suru)/ Kōron (suru)/ Kuchigenka (suru)/ Isakai (suru)/ Shōtotsu (suru) * (can mean 'collision; crash; impact; running into', but can also mean 'clash; skirmish; conflict; discord; quarrel; brush')/ Kyōgō (suru) * (contention; competition; rivalry; quarrel)/ Monchaku (suru) * (trouble; quarrel; dispute)/ Arasou * (can mean 'to compete; to contest; to contend', but also 'to quarrel; to argue; to dispute; to be at variance; to oppose')/ Sōdō (suru) * (means 'strife; riot; rebellion; turmoil' or '(media) uproar; brouhaha; (public) outcry; scandal; controversy', but can also mean 'feud; tussle; quarrel; dispute')/ iiarasou/ Kozeriai (suru) * (can mean 'skirmish; brush (with the enemy); small fight with a military enemy', but can also mean 'squabble; quarrel; brief argument; exchange of words')/ iiau * (can mean 'to say to each other; to exchange (jokes, comments, etc.)', but can also mean 'to quarrel; to dispute')/ Yariau/ Deiri (suru) * (can mean 'going in and out; entering and exiting', but also 'fight; trouble; quarrel; dispute')/ Gotagota (suru/ to)/ Igamiau * (to snarl (at each other); to growl (angrily)/ to quarrel; to fight; to argue; to feud; to wrangle)/ Isakau/ Sureau * (to rub against; to chafe; to quarrel)/ Karamu * (to twine; to get tangled; to get entangled; to get caught (in)/ to be involved (e.g. of money in a
Verb-Tlk	To question persistently (in order to criticize or find fault with someone)	詰る/ しつこく質問する/ 執拗に質問する	Najiru/ Shitsukoku shitsumon suru/ Shitsuyō ni shitsumon suru
Verb-Tlk	To raise the alarm	警報を発する/ 警鐘を鳴らす/ 警告を発する/ 注意を呼びかける	Keihō o hassuru/ Keishō o narasu * (to ring an alarm bell/ to sound a warning; to blow a whistle; to warn; to raise the alarm; to send a wake-up call)/ Keikoku o hassuru * (to give a warning; to issue a warning; to issue an alert; to blow a whistle; to offer some words of caution; to raise the sound; to raise the alarm; to sound a warning)/ Chūi o yobikakeru * (to put out an alert/ to raise the sound; to raise an alarm)

Verb-Tlk	To raise your eyebrow	眉を上げる/ 眉を顰める/ 目くじらを立てる/ 目くじら立てる	Mayuwoageru/ Mayu o shikameru * (to knit one's brows (in discomfort, unease, disapproval, etc.); to raise one's eyebrows; to frown; to scowl)/ Mekujirawotateru * (to find fault (with trivial matters); to scold over minor things; to get angry over trifles; to raise one's eyebrows)/ Mekujira tateru * (to find fault (with trivial matters); to scold over minor things; to get angry over trifles; to raise one's eyebrows)
Verb-Tlk	To reclaim	取り戻す/ 救出 (する)	Torimodosu * (to take back; to get back; to regain; to recover; to restore; to recoup)/ Kyūshutsu (suru) * (rescue; extricate; reclaim; deliverance)
Verb-Tlk	To refer to	言及 (する)	Genkyū (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To refute	反論 (する)/ 論駁 (する)/ 反駁 (する)/ 抗論 (する)/ 駁論 (する)/ 弁駁 (する)/ 論破 (する)/ 反証 (する)/ 抗弁 (する)	Hanron (suru)/ Ronbaku (suru)/ Hanbaku (suru)/ Kōron (suru)/ Bakuron (suru)/ Benbaku (suru)/ Ronpa (suru) * (defeating an argument; winning an argument; refutation; confutation)/ Hanshō (suru) * (proof to the contrary; disproof; counter-evidence; rebuttal; refutation)/ Kōben (suru) * (protest; refutation; pleading)
Verb-Tlk	To rephrase	言い換える	likaeru * (to say in other words; to put another way; to express in different words; to reword; to rephrase)
Verb-Tlk	To respond	返事 (返辞/ へんじ) (する)/ 応答 (する)/ 応じる/ 応える (報える; こたえる; 徹える; こたえる)/ 応ずる	Henji (suru)/ Ōtō (suru)/ Ōjiru/ Kotaeru/ Ōzuru
Verb-Tlk	To restate	言い直す/ 再び述べる	linaosu * (to correct oneself; to restate)/ Futatabi noberu * (to restate; to reiterate/ rare term)
Verb-Tlk	To roar	咆哮 (する)/ 轟く	Hōkō (suru)/ Todoroku
Verb-Tlk	To rouse	覚醒させる	Kakusei saseru
Verb-Tlk	To say hello	こんにちはと言う/ 挨拶 (する)	Kon'nichiwa to iu/ aisatsu (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To say something impulsively	衝動的に何かを言う	Shōdō-teki ni nanika o iu
Verb-Tlk	To say something without thinking	何も考えずに何かを言う	Nani mo kangaezu ni nanika o iu
Verb-Tlk	To share the news	知らせを共有する/ ニュースを共有する/ 知らせを分かち合う/ ニュースを分かち合う	Shirase o kyōyū suru/ Nyūsu o kyōyū suru/ Shirase o wakachiau/ Nyūsu o wakachiau
Verb-Tlk	To shush	静かにする/ しーっ (を) (する)	Shizukani suru * (to be quiet)/ Shī ~tsu (o) (suru) * (shh!; shush!; hush!; shoo!; scram!)
Verb-Tlk	To signal (to sign)	合図 (する)	Aizu (suru)

Verb-Tlk	To sing along	一緒に歌う/ 一緒にして歌う/ 合唱 (する)	Isshoniutau/ Issho ni shite utau/ Gasshō (suru) * (singing together; singing in union; chorus/ ensemble singing; choral singing; chorus/ choir)
Verb-Tlk	To slander	誹謗中傷する	Hibou chūshō suru
Verb-Tlk	To speak freely	自由に話す	Jiyū ni hanasu
Verb-Tlk	To speak positive of (to speak positive about)	肯定的に話す (肯定的に話す)	Kōtei-teki ni hanasu (kōtei-teki ni hanasu)
Verb-Tlk	To speak Truth	真実を話す	Shinjitsu o hanasu
Verb-Tlk	To stammer (to stutter; to speak haltingly)	どもる (吃る) (どもる (吃る); たどたどしく話す)	Domoru * (to stammer; to stutter) (Domoru; Tadotadoshiku hanasu * (to speak faltering; to speak tottering; to speak halting; to speak unsteady; to speak awkward; to speak clumsy))
Verb-Tlk	To state (to mention; to remark)	述べる/ 発言 (する)	Noberu/ Hatsugen (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To suggest (to propose; to offer)	申し入れる/ 申し出る	Mōshiireru/ Mōshideru
Verb-Tlk	To sulk	拗ねる	Suneru * (to be peevish; to sulk; to pout)
Verb-Tlk	To suspect (to be suspicious of)	怪しむ/ 疑う/ 気づく	Ayashimu/ Utagau/ Kidzuku
Verb-Tlk	To take into account (to take into consideration)	考慮 (する) (考慮 (する))	Kōryo (suru) (kōryo (suru))
Verb-Tlk	To take into consideration	考慮に入れる/ 考慮 (する)/ 検討 (する)/ 汲み上げる	Kōryoniireru/ Kōryo (suru)/ Kentō (suru)/ Kumiageru * (to draw on (ideas) (from subordinates, the public, etc.); to take into account; to adopt)
Verb-Tlk	To take notice (of)	(の) 注意を払う	(no) Chūiwoharau
Verb-Tlk	To talk (to have a conversation)	談話 (する)	Danwa (suru)
Verb-Tlk	To talk loudly	大声で話す	Ōgoe de hanasu
Verb-Tlk	To talk something out	話し合う/ 何かを話す	Hanashiau/ Nanika o hanasu
Verb-Tlk	To talk quietly	静かに話す/ 閑話 (する)/ 声を殺す	Shizuka ni hanasu/ Kanwa (suru)/ Koe o korosu
Verb-Tlk	To talk softly (to talk quietly)	静かに話す (静かに話す)	Shizuka ni hanasu (Shizuka ni hanasu)
Verb-Tlk	To tell a story	話をする/ ストーリーを語る/ 物語を語る	Hanashi o suru/ Sutōrī o kataru/ Monogatari o kataru
Verb-Tlk	To turn someone down (on some pretext) without offending them (to refuse gracefully; to decline politely)	体よく断る	Teiyoku kotowaru
Verb-Tlk	To underestimate (to undervalue)	過小評価 (過少評価) (する/ の)/ お見それ (する)/ 見逸れる	Kashō hyōka (suru/ no) (kashōhyōkasuru)/ Omisore (suru)/ Misoreru
Verb-Tlk	To understate	控えめに表現する	Hikaeme ni hyōgen suru
Verb-Tlk	To verse	詩を書く/ 作詩 (する)	Uta o kaku * (to write a poem; to write poetry)/ Sakushi (suru) * (versification; verse making)

Verb-Tlk	To wail	嘆き悲しむ	Nagekikanashimu
Verb-Tlk	To yell (to shout in anger)	怒鳴る	Donaru
Verb-Wea	To bask in (e.g. the sun) (to bathe in; to be flooded with (e.g. light); to be covered in)	浴びる	Abiru
Verb-Wea	To be soaked (to be submerged)	浸かる (漬かる/ つかる)	Tsukaru
Verb-Wea	To become clouded	曇る	Kumoru
Verb-Wea	To become dim	薄暗くなる	Usuguraku naru
Verb-Wea	To begin to fall (begin to rain; to begin to snow) (rain, etc.)	(雨/ 雪が) 降り出す/ 舞い込む (降りだす) (雨が降り始める; 雪が降り始める)/ 降り始める (降りはじめる)	(ame/ yuki ga) Furidasu * (to begin to fall)/ Maikomu * (to come fluttering in (e.g. leaves, snow, flowers, etc.); to come dancing in) (ame ga ori hajimeru; yuki ga ori hajimeru)/ Furi hajimeru
Verb-Wea	To bloom (to blossom)	咲く (咲く)	Saku
Verb-Wea	To blossom	花を咲かせる	hana o sakaseru
Verb-Wea	To blow (ie. of the wind)	吹く	Fuku
Verb-Wea	To bog	沼地にする	Numachi ni suru
Verb-Wea	To bog down	はまり込む	Hamari komu
Verb-Wea	To boil water	水を沸騰させる/ 水を煮る/ 水を沸かす/ 水を滾る/ 茹でる/ 湯をわかす	Mizu o futtō sa seru/ Mizu o niru/ Mizu o wakasu/ Mizu o tagiru/ Yuderu * (to boil (something in hot water))/ Yu o wakasu * (to boil water; to get the bath ready)
Verb-Wea	To brighten (to increase the light; to light up)	明るくする/ 輝かす/ 明るむ/ 光を増やす/ 光量を増やす/ 光量を上げる/ 明かりを上げる/ 増光 (する)	Akaruku suru/ Kagayakasu/ Akarumu/ Hikari o fuyasu/ Kōryō o fuyasu/ Kōryō o ageru/ Akari o ageru/ Zōkō (masumitsu) (suru)
Verb-Wea	To bubble (to foam)	泡立つ (泡だつ/ あわだつ)/ 泡が立つ/ 発泡 (する/ の)/ ぶくぶく (ブクブク) (する/ と)	Awadatsu/ Awa ga tatsu/ Happō (suru/ no)/ Bukubuku (suru/ to)

Verb-We	To burn down	焼ける/ 焼き払う/ 焼け落ちる/ 下火になる/ 全焼 (する)/ 焼失 (する)/ 煙になる/ 焼く/ 燃え尽きる/ 焼け出される/ 立ち消える	Yakeru * (to burn; to burn down; to go down in flames)/ Yakiharau * (to burn down (to the ground); to clear away by burning; to reduce to ashes; to burn off)/ Yakeochiru * (to be burned down)/ Shitabininaru * (to die down (of a fire); to be brought under control/ to decline; to wane; to fall off; to drop; to go out of fashion)/ Zenshō (suru) * (total destruction by fire; being burned down)/ Shōshitsu (suru) * (destruction by fire; losing in a fire; being burnt down)/ Kemuri ni naru * (to go up in smoke; to burn down; to be cremated; to vanish into thin air)/ Yaku * (to burn)/ Moetsukiru * (to burn out)/ Yakedasareru * (to be burned out (of one's home))/ Tachigieru * (to go out (of a fire, etc.); to die out (before burning to ash)/ to fall through (of plans, etc.); to fizzle out; to come to nothing)
Verb-We	To calm the storm	嵐を静める	Arashi o shizumeru
Verb-We	To char	焦げる	Kogeru
Verb-We	To clog	詰まる/ 詰まらせる/ 間える/ 塞がる/ 目詰まり (目詰り/ めづまり) (する)/ 湛水 (たんすい/ たたえみず) (する)	Tsumaru/ Tsumara seru/ Tsukaeru/ Fusagaru/ Me tsumari (suru)/ Tansui (Tansui/ Tataemizu) (suru)
Verb-We	To cloud (to envelop)	曇らせる (覆う/ 包み込む)	Kumoraseru (Ōu/ Tsutsumikomu)
Verb-We	To cloud up	雲が張る	Kumo ga haru
Verb-We	To come in (of rain or snow)	(雨/ 雪が) 降り込む (降込む)	(ame/ yuki ga) Furikomu
Verb-We	To condensate	凝縮 (する)	Gyōshuku (suru)
Verb-We	To condense	凝縮する	Gyōshuku suru
Verb-We	To continue to rain or snow	(雨/ 雪が) 降り続く	(ame/ yuki ga) Furitsudzuku
Verb-We	To cool (from room temperature) (to chill)	冷やす (冷す)	Hiyasu
Verb-We	To cool (to refrigerate)	冷やかす (冷かす)	Hiyakasu
Verb-We	To cool oneself (to cool off; to enjoy the cool air)	涼む	Suzumu
Verb-We	To crystallize	結晶化 (する)/ 結晶 (する)	Kesshō-ka (suru)/ Kesshō (suru)
Verb-We	To damp	湿らせる	Shimeraseru
Verb-We	To darken	(光を) 暗く (する)/ (明かりを) 暗くする/ (光量を) 暗くする	(hikari o) Kuraku (suru)/ (akari o) kuraku suru/ (kōryō o) kuraku suru
Verb-We	To darken (of a face)	陰る	Kageru
Verb-We	To dim the light (to darken the light)	減光 (する)/ 光を暗くする/ 明かりを暗くする/ 光量を暗くする	Genkō (suru)/ Hikari o kuraku suru/ Akari o kuraku suru/ Kōryō o kuraku suru
Verb-We	To dip	漬ける (浸ける/ つける)/ 浸す (漬す/ ひたす)/ 濡らす (濡す/ ぬらす)	Tsukeru/ Hitasu/ Nurasu

Verb-We	To drain (to pour; to run; to let flow; to flush)	流す	Nagasu
Verb-We	To dry up	涸れる/ 干上がる/ 枯れる	Kareru * (to dry up (spring, pond, etc.); to run out)/ Hiagaru * (to dry up; to parch; to ebb away)/ Kareru * (to wither (of a plant); to be blasted; to die)
Verb-We	To fall and pile up (e.g. snow) (to lie thick)	(雪が) 降り積もる (降積もる)	(yuki ga) Furitsumoru
Verb-We	To fall continuously (of rain, snow, etc.) (to fall heavily; to pour down)	(雨/ 雪が) 降りしきる (降り頻る)	(ame/ yuki ga) Furishikuru
Verb-We	To feel the summer breeze	夏のそよ風を感じる	Natsu no soyokaze o kanjiru
Verb-We	To flock	群がる	Muragaru
Verb-We	To flood	あふれさせる	Afure saseru
Verb-We	To flow (to stream)	流れる	Nagareru
Verb-We	To foam	泡立てる	Awadateru
Verb-We	To fog up	霧になる	Kiri ni naru
Verb-We	To forest	森林へ	shinrin e
Verb-We	To freeze	凍結 (する)/ 凍る/ 凍える/ 固める/ 凍てる/ 凍らす/ 凍む/ 凍てつく/ 凝らす/ 凍みる/ 凝らせる/ 固まる/ 引きつる/ 縮み上がる	Tōketsu (suru)/ Kōru/ Kogoeru/ Katameru * (to harden; to freeze; to strengthen; to solidify; to make (a fist); to tramp down (snow, dirt))/ Iteru/ Kōra su/ Sukumu * (to freeze (from fear, etc.); to be unable to move (e.g. from surprise); to be paralyzed (with horror, etc.))/ Itetsuku/ Korasu * (to freeze; to congeal)/ Shimiru/ Koraseru/ Katamaru * (to harden; to solidify/ to become firm; to become certain/ to freeze; to hang; to stop responding)/ Hikitsuru * (can mean 'to stiffen (of a face, expression); to freeze; to grow tight (e.g. of a voice)', but can also mean 'to have a cramp; to twitch; to spasm')/ Chidjimiagaru * (can mean 'to freeze (in fear, surprise, etc.); to cower; to flinch', but can also mean 'to shrink up; to shrink; to shrivel up')
Verb-We	To get cloudy (to cloud over; to become overcast)	曇る	Kumoru
Verb-We	To gush	湧き出す/ 湧く/ 吹き出す	Waki dasu/ Waku/ Fukidasu
Verb-We	To hail	雹を降らせる	Hyō o furaseru
Verb-We	To heat (to heat up)	熱する/ 温める (あたためる)/ 温める (ぬくめる) * (same kanji as atatameru)/ 焼く/ 焚く	Netsu suru/ Atatameru/ Nukumeru * (same kanji as atatameru)/ Yaku/ Taku
Verb-We	To immerse (to envelop)	浸す (包み込む)	Hitasu (tsutsumikomu)

Verb-We	To light a fire (to make a fire; to build a fire)	火をつける (火を付ける)/ 熾す/ 点火 (する)/ 焚く/ 切り出す (火をつける; 火を起こす/ 火を起こせる)	Hiwotsukeru (hi o tsukeru)/ Okosu/ Tenka (suru)/ Taku/ Kiridasu * (to start a fire (with flint, by rubbing sticks together, etc.)) (hiwotsukeru; hi o okosu/ Hi o okoseru)
Verb-We	To melt (to thaw; to fuse)	溶ける/ 溶かす/ 溶く/ 溶融 (する)	Tokeru/ Tokasu/ Toku/ Yōyū (suru) * (melting; fusion)
Verb-We	To mist up	霧が出る	Kiri ga deru
Verb-We	To moist	湿る/ しっとり (する)	Shimeru/ shittori (suru)
Verb-We	To overcast	曇る	Kumoru
Verb-We	To rain incessantly (to downpour)	(雨が/ を) 降り注ぐ (降りそそぐ/ 降注ぐ)	(ame ga/ o) Furisosogu
Verb-We	To replant	植え替える	Ue kaeru
Verb-We	To resonate	共鳴 (する)/ 共振 (する)/ 共鳴り (する)/ 刺さる/ 澄む	Kyōmei (suru) * (resonance/ sympathy (with a view, idea, etc.)/ resonance (physics))/ Kyōshin (suru) * (resonance; sympathetic vibration)/ Tomonari (suru) * (resonance/ sympathy (with a view, idea, etc.))/ Sasaru * (to resonate emotionally; to move)/ Sumu * (to resonate clearly (e.g. voice))
Verb-We	To reverberate	響きわたる/ 鳴り響く/ 響く/ 反響 (する)/ 木霊 (する)	Hibikiwataru/ Narihibiku/ Hibiku/ Hankyō (suru)/ Kodama (suru)
Verb-We	To rust	錆びる/ 赤錆びる/ 腐食 (する)	Sabiru/ Aka sabiru/ Fushoku (suru)
Verb-We	To rustle	騒ぐ (騒ぐ)/ カサカサ (かさかさ) (の/ な/ する/ と)/ ざわめく (騒めく)/ そよぐ (戦ぐ)/ さらさら (サラサラ) (する/ と)	Sawagu/ Kasakasa (no/ na/ suru/ to)/ Zawameku/ Soyogu/ Sarasara (suru/ to)
Verb-We	To scorch	焦げる	Kogeru
Verb-We	To seep (to ooze)	染み出す/ しみ出る (にじみ出る/ にじみでる)/ しみ出る (染み出る/ しみ出る/ しみでる)	Shimi dasu/ Nijimideru/ Shimi deru
Verb-We	To shiver	震える/ ぞくぞく (ゾクゾク) (と/ する)/ ぶるぶる (ブルブル) (と/ する)/ 胴震い (する)	Furueru/ Zokuzoku (to/ suru)/ Buruburu (to/ suru)/ Dōburui (suru)
Verb-We	To sleet	降る/ 霰がある	Furu/ Mizore ga aru
Verb-We	To sprinkle	ふりかける (振りかける/ 振り掛ける)/ 撒く/ 振りまく (振り撒く/ ふりまく)	Furikakeru/ Maku/ Furimaku
Verb-We	To spurt	噴出 (する)	Funshutsu (suru)
Verb-We	To stop raining or snowing	(雨/ 雪が) 降り止む	(ame/ yuki ga) Furi yamu
Verb-We	To sunbathe	日光浴 (する)/ 日光浴をする	Nikkōyoku (suru)/ Nikkōyoku o suru
Verb-We	To swamp	沼地へ	
Verb-We	To thaw	解凍 (する)/ 溶ける/ 雪解け (する)	Kaitō (suru)/ Tokeru/ Yukidoke (suru) * (snow thaw; thawing)

Verb-We	To ventilate	換気 (する)/ 流通 (する)/ 送風 (する)/ 通風 (する/ の)/ 排気 (する)/ 風を通す	Kanki (suru) * (ventilation)/ Ryūtsū (suru) * (circulation (of air, water, etc.); ventilation; flow)/ Sōfū (suru) * (ventilation)/ Tsūfū (suru/ no) * (ventilation; draft; airing)/ Haiki (suru) * (exhaust; emission (of gas from an engine)/ expulsion (of air); ventilation)/ Kaze o tōsu * (to ventilate; to let fresh air in)
Verb-We	To waft	漂う	Tadayou * (to waft (e.g. a scent); to hang in the air)
Verb-We	To water the plants	植物に水をやる	Shokubutsu ni mizu o yaru
Verb-We	To waterlog	水浸しになる	mizubishininaru
Verb-We	To wetten	濡れる	nureru
Verb-Plar	To abolish (to discontinue)	廃止 (する)	Haishi (suru)
Verb-Plar	To add up	合計 (する)/ 加える/ 足す/ 重ねる/ 連ねる/ 集計 (する)/ 掛ける (かける)	Gōkei (suru)/ Kuwaeru * (to add; to add up; to sum up; to append; to annex/ to increase; to gather (e.g. speed); to pick up/ to include; to count in; to let join)/ Tasu * (to add (numbers)/ to add (something); to top up (with something))/ Kasaneru * (to pile up; to heap up; to stack up; to put on top of another/ to repeat many times over; to go through repeatedly; to accumulate)/ Tsuraneru * (to line up; to put in a row/ to add (to a group); to accept (as a member of an organization, etc.); to join (e.g. a list))/ Shūkei (suru) * (totalization; totalisation; aggregation; tally (e.g. of votes); adding up; summing up)/ Kakeru * (to multiply (arithmetic operation; mathematics/ mathematical)
Verb-Plar	To analyze	分析 (する)	Bunseki (suru)
Verb-Plar	To apply for a job	求人に応募する/ 仕事に応募する/ 求職申し込みをする	Kyūjin ni ōbo suru * (to apply for a job offer; to apply for a job vacancy; to apply for recruitment; to apply for a job)/ Shigoto ni ōbo suru * (to apply for a job; to apply for work)/ Kyūshoku mōshikomi o suru * (job application)
Verb-Plar	To appropriate (to set aside; to assign)	充当 (する)/ 振り向ける/ 私物化 (する)/ 流用 (する)	Jūtō (suru) * (allocation; appropriation)/ Furimukeru * (to appropriate; to set aside; to allocate; to assign (for another purpose or use))/ Shibutsu-ka (suru) * (appropriation; misappropriation; making one's own)/ Ryūyō (suru) * (can mean 'diversion; appropriation (e.g. of funds); misappropriation', but can also mean 're-use (e.g. old computer parts); recycling')
Verb-Plar	To assign (to allocate)	割り当てる/ アサイン (する)/ 割り付ける/ 向ける	Wariateru/ Asain (suru)/ Waritsukeru/ Mukeru

Verb-Plar	To attend (to join; to participate)	出席 (する)/ 参加 (する)/ 参列 (する)/ 列席 (する)/ 通う	Shusseki (suru)/ Sanka (suru)/ Sanretsu (suru)/ Resseki (suru)/ Kayou
Verb-Plar	To audit	監査 (する)	Kansa (suru)
Verb-Plar	To authorise	承認 (する)	Shōnin (suru)
Verb-Plar	To bargain	交渉 (する)/ 値切る (直切る)/ 掛け合う (かけ合う/ 掛けあう/ 掛合う/ 懸け合う/ 懸合う)/ 駆け引き (する)	Kōshō (suru)/ Negiru/ Kakeau/ Kakehiki (suru)
Verb-Plar	To be a part of	の一員になる/ 列する/ (に) 参加 (する)/ (の) 一部になる/ (の) 一部である/ 一員である	No ichiin ni naru * (to become a member of; to become one of; to be part of)/ Retsu suru * (to line up with; to be a member of; to rank with)/ (ni) Sanka (suru) * (to participate; to join; to enter)/ (no) Ichibu ni naru * (to become a part of; to become part of)/ (no) Ichibudearu * (to be part of; to be a part of)/ Ichiindearu * (to be a member; to be part of)
Verb-Plar	To be among the possibilities (it is among the possibilities)	可能性の中にある/ 可能性がある (それは可能性の中にある)	Kanōsei no naka ni aru/ Kanōsei ga aru (Sore wa kanōsei no naka ni aru)
Verb-Plar	To be in a slump (business, economy, etc.) (to be in an unfavourable condition)	落ち込む	Ochikomu
Verb-Plar	To be in effect	有効になる	Yūkō ni naru
Verb-Plar	To be resolved to do something (to make up one's mind to do something; to have a wholehearted intention)	一念発起 (する)	Ichinhokki (suru)
Verb-Plar	To be solved (to be resolved)	解ける (とける)	Tokeru
Verb-Plar	To benefit	利益を得る	Riekiwoeru
Verb-Plar	To bestow	授ける	Sazukeru
Verb-Plar	To bind legally	法的に拘束する	Hōteki ni kōsoku suru
Verb-Plar	To book in advance (to reserve in advance; to reserve ahead)	事前に予約する/ 前もってに予約する/ 前に予約する (事前に予約する; 事前に予約する)	Jizen ni yoyaku suru/ Maemotte ni yoyaku suru/ Mae ni yoyaku suru (jizen ni yoyaku suru; jizen ni yoyaku suru)

Verb-Plar	To bribe	賄賂を渡す/ 賄賂を贈る/ 買収(する)/ 収賄(する)/ 贈賄(する)/ 握らせる/ 流職(する)/ 鼻薬を嗅がせる	Wairo o watasu * (to make a corrupt payment; to pay a bribe)/ Wairo o okuru * (to offer bribes; to give bribes)/ Baishū (suru) * ('can mean 'acquisition (esp. corporate); buy-out; takeover; purchase', but can also mean 'bribery; buying off; corruption')/ Shūwai (suru) * (to accept bribes; accepting bribes; corruption; graft)/ Zōwai (suru) * (bribery; graft)/ Nigira seru * (to let a person take hold of; to bribe by slipping money into a person's hand)/ Tokushoku (suru) * (corruption (esp. by a government employee); bribery)/ Hanagusuriwokagaseru * (literally means 'to smell/ to sniff nasal spray, but can also mean 'to bribe')
Verb-Plar	To broadcast	放送(する)	Hōsō (suru)
Verb-Plar	To budget	予算を立てる	Yosan o tateru
Verb-Plar	To carry through (to push through)	貫く/ 遣り通す/ やり遂げる(遣り遂げる/ やりとげる)/ 抜く/ 押し通す/ やり抜く(遣り抜く/ やりぬく)(押し通す/ 立て通す/ 分け入る)	Tsuranuku/ Yari tōsu/ Yaritogeru/ Nuku/ Oshitōsu/ Yari nuku (Oshitōsu/ Tatetōsu/ Wakeiru)
Verb-Plar	To change jobs	転職(する)	Tenshoku (suru)
Verb-Plar	To charge costs (to charge an amount)	費用を請求する(金額を請求する)	Hiyō o seikyū suru (kingaku o seikyū suru)
Verb-Plar	To close (a business, etc.; to close down; to shut down)	仕舞う(しまう)/ 休業(する)/ 店をたたむ(店を畳む)/ 潰す/ 看板を下ろす	Shimau/ Kyūgyō (suru)/ Mise o tatamu/ Tsubusu/ Kanban o orosu
Verb-Plar	To close down	仕舞う/ 閉じる/ たたむ(畳む)/ 閉店(する)	Shimau/ Tojiru/ Tatamu/ Heiten (suru) * (closing up shop (for the day)/ stopping business; going out of business)
Verb-Plar	To close the deal	取引を成立させる	Torihiki o seiritsu saseru
Verb-Plar	To close the shop for the day	閉店(する)	Heiten (suru)

Verb-Plar	To consolidate	連結 (する/ の)/ 統合 (する)/ 纏める/ 固める/ 括る (くる)/ 統べる/ 統一 (する)/ 整理 (する)	Renketsu (suru/ no) * (connection; linking; joining; coupling; attaching; junction; concatenation; consolidation (e.g. of company accounts))/ Tōgō (suru) * (integration; unification; unity; combination; consolidation; synthesis)/ Matomeru * (to collect; to put (it all) together; to integrate; to consolidate; to unify/ to summarize; to aggregate/ to bring to a conclusion; to finalize; to settle; to put in order/ to establish; to decide)/ Katameru * (can mean 'to put together; to collect; to gather; to consolidate', but also 'to harden; to freeze; to strengthen; to solidify; to make (a fist); to tramp down (snow, dirt)' or 'to make secure; to stabilize; to settle down; to strengthen (belief, resolution, etc.); to establish (evidence)' or 'to fortify; to reinforce; to support')/ Kukuru * (to summarize; to put (it all) together; to consolidate)/ Suberu * (to integrate; to consolidate; to unite; to incorporate)/ Tōitsu (suru) * (unity; consolidation; uniformity; unification; compatible)/ Seiri (suru) * (liquidation; settlement; consolidation; clearance (e.g. debt); paying off)
Verb-Plar	To correspond to (to be equivalent to)	対応 (する)/ 同等である/ (に) 等しい	Taiō (suru)/ Dōtōdearu/ (ni) Hitoshī
Verb-Plar	To cost money	お金がかかる	Okane ga kakaru
Verb-Plar	To credit	信用 (する)/ 信憑 (する)/ 貸借 (する)/ 買いかぶる/ 花を持たせる/ 付けで買う/ 掛け買い (する)/ 掛け売り (する)/ 貸し売り (する)/ 借り受ける/ 単位を落とす/ 面目を施す/ 自分の手柄にする/ 功を争う	Shin'yō (suru) * (means 'confidence; trust; faith; reputation', but can also mean 'credit (finance)')/ Shinpyō (suru) * (trust; credit; credence)/ Taishaku (suru) * (loan; debit and credit; lending and borrowing)/ Kaikaburu * (to overestimate (someone); to overrate; to think too highly of; to make too much of; to give (someone) too much credit)/ Hana o mota seru * (to let (someone) have the credit (for); to let (someone) hold the flowers)/ Tsuke de kau * (to buy on credit)/ Kakegai (suru) * (credit purchase)/ Kakeuri (suru) * (selling on credit)/ Kashiuri (suru) * (selling on credit)/ Kariukeru * (to borrow; to have a loan; to hire; to rent; to buy on credit)/ Tan'i o otosu * (to fail to earn a credit/ to fail to make the grade)/ Menboku o hodokosu * (to get credit; to win honor; to win honour)/ Jibun no tegara ni suru * (to take credit for)/ Kōwoarasou * (to contend for distinction; to claim credit)

Verb-Plar	To customize (to personalize)	カスタマイズ (する)/ カスタム化 (する)/ 属人化 (する)/ パーソナル化 (する)/ パーソナライズ (する)/ 自分に合わせてカスタマイズする	Kasutamaizu (suru)/ Kasutamu-ka (suru)/ Zokujin-ka (suru) * (individualization (of a task or job; as opposed to standardization); personalization)/ Pāsonaru-ka (suru) * (personalization; personalisation; product stopping being a luxury item)/ Pāsonaraizu (suru) * (personalization (esp. of web pages, online ads, product recommendations, etc.))/ Jibun ni awa sete kasutamaizu suru * (to customize it to suit you; to customize (something) to suit you)
Verb-Plar	To deploy	配置 (する)/ 配備 (する)/ デプロイ (する)	Haichi (suru)/ Haibi (suru)/ Depuroi (suru)
Verb-Plar	To deposit	預け入れる/ 預金 (する)/ 貯金 (する)/ 払い込む/ 供託 (する)/ 寄託 (する)/ 入金 (する)/ 仮納 (する)/ 保管 (する)/ 預ける/ 預け入れ (する)	Azukeireru/ Yokin (suru) * (deposit; bank account)/ Chokin (suru) * (putting money aside; savings; deposit (e.g. in a bank))/ Haraikomu * (to deposit; to pay in)/ Kyōtaku (suru) * (deposit)/ Kitaku (suru) * (deposit; entrusting)/ Nyūkin (suru) * (depositing; deposit; payment; partial payment/ receipt of money; money received; receipts)/ Kanō (suru) * (deposit)/ Hōkan (suru) * (charge; custody; safekeeping; deposit; storage)/ Adzakeru * (to leave (in someone's keeping); to put (in someone's care); to place (in someone's custody); to entrust (someone) with; to deposit)/ Adzukeire (suru) * (deposit)
Verb-Plar	To depreciate	減価償却 (する)	Gankashōkyaku (suru)
Verb-Plar	To determine (to decide)	決定 (する)/ 定める	Kettei (suru)/ Sadameru
Verb-Plar	To determine (to resolve)	決心 (する)	Kesshin (suru)
Verb-Plar	To detract	逸らす (そらす)/ 減じる/ 損なう	Sorasu/ Genjiru/ Sokonau
Verb-Plar	To develop (to program)	開発 (する)/ プログラム (する)	Kaihatsu (suru)/ Puroguramu (suru)
Verb-Plar	To devise a way (to devise)	工夫 (する)/ 方法を開発する/ 方法を考える/ 方法について考える/ 方法を思う	Kufū (suru)/ Hōhō o kaihatsu suru/ Hōhō o kangaeru/ Hōhō ni tsuite kangaeru/ Hōhō o omou
Verb-Plar	To differ (from; to be different)	違う * (Japanese say 違います to carefully say they disagree with something and 違いました to carefully say they have made a mistake)/ 異にする (ことにする) * (be aware of 事にする with the same pronunciation but different meaning)	Chigau * (Japanese say 'chigaimasu' to carefully say they disagree with something and 'chigaimashita' to carefully say they have made a mistake)/ Koto ni suru (koto ni suru)

Verb-Plar	To dismiss from the job	仕事を解雇する/ 仕事から解雇する/ 首を切る/ 首にする/ 辞めさせる/ 臈す	Shigoto o kaiko suru/ Shigoto kara kaiko suru/ Kubiwokiru * (can mean 'to fire from a job; to dismiss; to discharge', but can also mean 'to behead')/ Kubinisuru/ Yamesaseru/ Kakusu * (can mean 'to dismiss (from a job); to fire', but can also mean 'to behead')
Verb-Plar	To do business	事務を執る/ ビジネスをする/ 商売 (する)/ 事業を行う	Jimuwotoru/ Bijinesu o suru/ Shōbai (suru)/ Jigyō o okonau
Verb-Plar	To drop the charge	告訴を取り下げる/ 告発を取り下げる/ 請求を中止する	Kokuso o torisageru * (to drop the accusation; to drop the charge; to drop the complaint)/ Kokuhatsu o torisageru * (to drop the indictment; to drop the prosecution; to refrain from prosecution; to drop the complaint)/ Seikyū o chūshi suru * (to drop the claim; invoice)
Verb-Plar	To economize	節約 (する)/ エコノミー	Setsuyaku (suru)/ Ekonomī
Verb-Plar	To educate	教育 (する)/ 育てる/ 仕込む/ 育て上げる/ 養成 (する)/ 教養 (する)/ 学問 (する)/ 教化 (する)/ 陶冶 (する)/ 薫陶 (する)/ 啓発 (する)/ 教学 (する)	Kyōiku (suru)/ Sodateru/ Shikomu/ Sodateageru/ Yōsei (suru)/ Kyōyō (suru) * ((understanding or appreciation of) culture; (one's) education; cultivation; sophistication; refinement)/ Gakumon (suru)/ Kyōka (suru) * (education; enlightenment; civilization; civilisation; indoctrination)/ Tōya (suru) * (means 'training; education; cultivation', but can also mean 'making pottery and casting metal')/ Kuntō (suru) * (education; training; discipline)/ Keihatsu (suru) * (enlightenment; development; edification; public awareness; illumination; education; inspiration)/ Kyōgaku (suru) * (education and learning)
Verb-Plar	To enumerate	列挙 (する)	Rekkyō (suru)
Verb-Plar	To equal (to be equal to)	匹儔 (する)/ 揃う	Hitchū (suru) * (equal; match)/ Sorou * (to be equal; to be uniform; to be even; to match; to agree)
Verb-Plar	To equate	等価にする/ 同等にする/ 揃う/ 同値にする	Tōka ni suru * (equivalence; equal value; parity/ (logical) equivalence)/ Dōtō ni suru * (equality; equal; same rights; same rank; equivalence)/ Sorou * (to be equal; to be uniform; to be even; to match; to agree)/ Dōchi ni suru * (to make the same value; (logical) equivalence/ if and only if)
Verb-Plar	To escalate	エスカレート (する)/ 拡大 (する)	Esukarēto (suru)/ Kakudai (suru)
Verb-Plar	To exceed	超える (越える)/ 過ぎる/ 上回る (上まわる/ 上廻る)	Koeru/ Sugiru/ Uwamawaru
Verb-Plar	To fall short (of)	不足 (する)	Fusoku (suru)
Verb-Plar	To fall below	下に落ちる/ 下回る (下廻る)	Shita ni ochiru/ Shitamawaru
Verb-Plar	To file	ファイル (する)/ 綴じる/ 提出 (する)	Fairu (suru)/ Tojiru/ Teishutsu (suru)
Verb-Plar	To finalize	完成させる/ ファイナライズする/ 完成 (する)	Kansei sa seru/ Fainaraizu suru/ Kansei (suru)

Verb-Plar	To finalize the design	デザインを完成させる	Dezain o kansei sa seru
Verb-Plar	To fire from the job	仕事を解雇する/ 仕事から解雇する/ 首を切る/ 首にする/ 辞めさせる/ 馘す/ 首切る	Shigoto o kaiko suru/ Shigoto kara kaiko suru/ Kubiwokiru * (can mean 'to fire from a job; to dismiss; to discharge', but can also mean 'to behead')/ Kubinisuru/ Yamesaseru/ Kakusu * (can mean 'to dismiss (from a job); to fire', but can also mean 'to behead')/ Kubi kiru * (to fire; to dismiss)
Verb-Plar	To fluctuate	変動 (する)/ 増減 (する)/ 動く/ 上がり下がり (する)/ 高下 (する)/ 出入り (する)/ 上げ下げ (する)/ 揺れ動く	Hendō (suru)/ Zōgen (suru)/ Ugoku/ Agari sagari (suru)/ Kōge (suru)/ Deiri (suru)/ Agesage (suru) * (raising and lowering/ fluctuation (of prices, interest rates, etc.))/ Yureugoku * (to be unsettled; to be unstable; to fluctuate; to waver (e.g. between options); to vacillate; to seesaw)
Verb-Plar	To forecast	予測 (する)/ 予報 (する)/ 計算 (する)	Yosoku (suru)/ Yohō (suru)/ Keisan (suru)
Verb-Plar	To get a better opinion of	見直す	Minaosu
Verb-Plar	To go down (ie. computer system) (to crash)	ダウン (する)	Daun (suru)
Verb-Plar	To grant (a request) (to accept)	聞き届ける	Kikitodokeru
Verb-Plar	To grant (request, wish) (to bestow)	叶える (適える)/ 授ける (授ける)	Kanaeru / Sazukeru (Sazukeru)
Verb-Plar	To guarantee (to assure; to pledge; to warrant)	保証 (する)/ 担保 (する)	Hoshō (suru) * (guarantee; security; assurance; pledge; warranty)/ Tanpo (suru) * (security; guarantee; collateral; mortgage)
Verb-Plar	To harness	利用 (する)/ ハーネス (する)/ 繋駕 (する)	Riyō (suru) * (use; utilization; utilisation; application)/ Hānesu (suru) * (harness)/ Keiga (suru) * (harnessing (a horse to a cart, esp. for a race))
Verb-Plar	To have a meeting	打ち合わせる/ 会議 (する)/ 打ち合わせ (する)	Uchiawaseru/ Kaigi (suru)/ Uchiawase (suru)
Verb-Plar	To have an interview (to have a job interview)	面接を受ける/ 面接 (をする)	Mensetsu o ukeru/ Mensetsu (o suru)
Verb-Plar	To have been decided (so) that (to have been arranged (so) that)	事になる (ことになる)	Koto ni naru (kotoni naru)
Verb-Plar	To have effect (to be effective)	効く (利く)/ 影響 (する)/ 影響がある/ 結果 (する)/ 結果がある	Kiku/ Eikyō (suru)/ Eikyō ga aru/ Kekka (suru)/ Kekka ga aru
Verb-Plar	To have internet connection	インターネットに接続する	Intānetto ni setsuzoku suru
Verb-Plar	To have something going on	何かが起こっている	Nanika ga okotte iru
Verb-Plar	To have something happening (ie. something happens)	何かが起こる (つまり, 何かが起こる)	Nanika ga okoru (tsumari, nanika ga okoru)

Verb-Plar	To hedge (to buy or sell forward)	繋ぐ (つなぐ)	Tsunagu
Verb-Plar	To identify	識別 (する)/ 特定 (する)/ 見分ける/ アイデンティファイ (する)	Shikibetsu (suru)/ Tokutei (suru)/ Miwakeru/ Aidentifai (suru)
Verb-Plar	To implement	実装 (する)/ 実現 (する)/ 実施 (する)	Jissō (suru)/ Jitsugen (suru)/ Jisshi (suru)
Verb-Plar	To infuse	注入 (する)/ 煎じる/ 吹き込む/ 注ぎ込む/ 煎ずる/ 投入 (する)	Chūnyū (suru) * (pouring; injection)/ Senjiru * (to boil; to decoct; to infuse)/ Fukikomu * (to inspire (someone) with; to put into someone's head; to instill; to infuse; to indoctrinate with)/ Tsugikomu * (to invest in; to sink money into; to put into; to lay out (funds); to inject; to impregnate; to infuse; to instill; to implant; to imbue; to focus (attention, efforts))/ Sen zuru * (to boil; to decoct; to infuse)/ Tōnyū (suru) * (throwing in; inserting; depositing (e.g. a ballot)/ investment; commitment (of funds, personnel, etc.); injection; infusion)
Verb-Plar	To inspect	検査 (する)	Kensa (suru)
Verb-Plar	To instruct (to give instructions)	指示 (する)/ 指示を出す/ 言い含める	Shiji (suru)/ Shiji o dasu/ lifukumeru
Verb-Plar	To insure	保険をかける/ 保証 (する)	Hokenwokakeru * (to insure (something))/ to come up with a back-up plan; to hedge one's bets; to play it safe)/ Hoshō (suru) * (guarantee; security; assurance; pledge; warranty)
Verb-Plar	To integrate (to join; to unify)	インテグレート (する)/ 纏める/ 統合 (する)/ 総合 (する)/ 一貫 (する)/ 一体化 (する)	Integurēto (suru)/ Matomeru/ Tōgō (suru)/ Sōgō (suru)/ Ikkan (suru)/ Ittaika (suru)
Verb-Plar	To invest (in) (ie. in stocks or money)	(に) 投資 (する)/ 投じる/ 注ぎ込む (つぎ込む/ 注ぎこむ) (株式/ 株 や お金に)	(ni) Tōshi (suru)/ Tōjiru/ Tsugikomu (kabushiki/ kabu ya okane ni)
Verb-Plar	To join an organization	組織に参加 (する)/ 組織の加入 (する)/ 組織に入る	Soshiki ni sanku (suru)/ Soshiki no kanyū (suru)/ Soshiki o hairu
Verb-Plar	To keep the rules (to stick to the rules)	ルールを守る (ルールを守る)	Rūru o mamoru (rūru o mamoru)
Verb-Plar	To obey the rules	ルールを守る	Rūru o mamoru
Verb-Plar	To keep up to date (to stay tuned)	最新の情報を入手する (常に注目する)	Saishin no jōhō o nyūshu suru (tsuneni chūmoku suru)
Verb-Plar	To launch a new album (to publish a new album; to bring out a new album)	新しいアルバムを発売する (新しいアルバムを出版する; 新しいアルバムを出す)	Atarashī arubamu o hatsubai suru (Atarashī arubamu o shuppan suru; Atarashī arubamu o dasu)
Verb-Plar	To launch an event	イベントを開始する	Ibento o kaishi suru

Verb-Plar	To lead the way (to show the way)	道を導く / 方法を導く / 道をリードする / 方法をリードする / 導く / 先導 (する) / 先頭を切る / 嚮導 (する) / 案内 (する) (道を示す)	Michi o michibiku / Hōhō o michibiku / Michi o rīdo suru / Hōhō o rīdo suru / Michibiku / Sendō (suru) / Sentō o kiru / Kyōdō (suru) / An'nai (suru) (Michi o shimesu)
Verb-Plar	To lease	賃貸 (する) / 賃貸し (する) / リース (する)	Chintai (suru) * (leasing (out); renting out; hiring out; letting) / Chin ga shi (suru) * (leasing (out); renting out; hiring out; letting) / Rīsu (suru) * (lease / leasing)
Verb-Plar	To look again	見直す / もう一度見る	Minaosu / Mōichido miru
Verb-Plar	To make a list	リストを作成する / 一覧を作成する	Risuto o sakusei suru / Ichiran o sakusei suru
Verb-Plar	To make a plan (to come up with a plan)	計画を練る / 計画を立てる	Keikaku o neru / Keikakuwotateru
Verb-Plar	To make a reservation	予約 (する)	Yoyaku (suru)
Verb-Plar	To make use of (to utilize; application, practical use)	運用 (する) / 使う / 用いる	Un'yō (suru) / Tsukau / Mochiiru
Verb-Plar	To manage various business processes	各種業務プロセスの管理 (する)	Kakushu gyōmu puroseshu no kanri (suru)
Verb-Plar	To map out	計画を立てる / 画する / 画す	Keikakuwotateru * (to make plans; to design a plan; to draw out a scheme; to make a schedule) / Kaku suru * (to demarcate; to mark; to divide; to map out) / Kakusu * (to demarcate; to mark; to divide; to map out)
Verb-Plar	To meet an obligation	義務を果たす	Gimu o hatasu tame
Verb-Plar	To meet certain standards	一定の基準を満たす	Ittei no kijun o mitasu tame
Verb-Plar	To meet someone halfway	途中で誰かを満たす / 中間で落ち合うことにしよう	Tochū de dareka o mitasu / Chūkan de ochiau koto ni shiyō
Verb-Plar	To meet standards	基準を満たす	Kijun o mitasu tame ni
Verb-Plar	To meet the standard	基準にかなう	Kijun ni kanau
Verb-Plar	To meet the criteria	基準を満たす	Kijun o mitasu
Verb-Plar	To monitor (to check; to control)	監視 (する) (確認 (する), 制御 (する))	Kanshi (suru) (kakunin (suru), seigyō (suru))
Verb-Plar	To normalize	正常化 (する) / ノーマライズ (する)	Seijō-ka (suru) / Nōmaraizu (suru)
Verb-Plar	To observe	観察 (する) / 目撃 (する) / 認める / 見る	Kansatsu (suru) / Mokugeki (suru) / Shitatameru / Miru
Verb-Plar	To offer a different price	別の価格を提供する	Betsu no kakaku o teikyō suru
Verb-Plar	To open (to set up, to establish)	開設 (する) / 開ける	Kaisetsu (suru) / Akeru
Verb-Plar	To open a business (to start a business)	店を開く / 立ち上げる / 起業 (する) / 店開き (する)	Mise o hiraku / Tachi ageru / Kigyō (suru) / Misebiraki (suru)
Verb-Plar	To open a store (to open a branch office)	出店 (する)	Shutten (suru)
Verb-Plar	To optimize	最適化 (する)	Saiteki-ka (suru)

Verb-Plar	To opt out (to sign out; to unsubscribe)	オプトアウトする (サインアウトする; 購読を解除する)	Oputoauto suru (sain'auto suru; kōdoku o kaijo suru)
Verb-Plar	To overpay (to pay too much)	払いすぎる (払いすぎる)	Harai sugiru (harai sugiru)
Verb-Plar	To overrule	覆す	Kutsugaesu * (to overturn; to capsize; to upset/ to overthrow (government etc.)/ to reverse (decision etc.); to disprove (an established theory etc.); to overrule)
Verb-Plar	To oversee	監視 (する)	Kanshi (suru)
Verb-Plar	To overstock	過剰在庫になる	Kajō zaiko ni naru
Verb-Plar	To pay by card (to pay with card)	カードで支払う (カードで支払う)	Kādo de shiharau (kādo de shiharau)
Verb-Plar	To pay off (to make a payment)	返済 (する)/ 払い戻し (する)/ 償還 (する)/ 恩返し (する)/ 返却 (する)/ 返金 (する)/ 償却 (する/ の)/ 弁済 (する)/ 払いきる/ 払う (支払いをする)	Hensai (suru) * (repayment; reimbursement; refund; redemption)/ Haraimodoshi (suru) * (repayment; refund; payback)/ Shōkan (suru) * (repayment; redemption; amortization; amortisation)/ Ongaeshi (suru) * (paying back a favour; repayment (of an obligation, kindness, etc.))/ Henkyaku (suru) * (return of something; repayment)/ Henkin (suru) * (refund; repayment; reimbursement)/ Shōkyaku (suru/ no) * (repayment; redemption/ depreciation/ amortization; amortisation)/ Bensai (suru) * (repayment; settlement (of a debt); paying off; reimbursement (of expenses))/ Harai kiru * (to pay off completely (e.g. loan))/ Harau * (to pay (e.g. money, bill)) (Shiharai o suru * (to make a payment))
Verb-Plar	To pay the bill	請求書を支払う/ 勘定を支払う	Seikyū-sho o shiharau/ Kanjō o shiharau
Verb-Plar	To plan a journey	旅行を計画 (する)	Ryokō o keikaku (suru)
Verb-Plar	To plan a wedding	結婚式を計画する	Kekkonshiki o keikaku suru
Verb-Plar	To play by the rules	ルールに従って遊ぶ/ ルールに従ってプレーする/ ルールに従って勝負する/ 規則に従って行動する/ ルールに従って行動する/ フェアプレーをする	Rūru ni shitagatte asobu/ Rūru ni shitagatte purē suru/ Rūru ni shitagatte shōbu suru/ Kisoku ni shitagatte kōdō suru * (to act in accordance with the rules; to act according to the rules)/ Rūru ni shitagatte kōdō suru * (to act in accordance with the rules; to act according to the rules)/ Feapurē o suru * (to play by the rules; to play fair; to play nice; to play 'fair', to play 'nice')
Verb-Plar	To play it safe	安全に遊ぶ/ 安全にプレーする/ 安全に勝負する/ 安全に行動する	Anzen ni asobu/ Anzen ni purē suru/ Anzen ni shōbu suru/ Anzen ni kōdō suru * (to act safely; to behave safely)
Verb-Plar	To plot (to conspire; to scheme; to plan)	図る/ 陰謀を企てる	Hakaru/ Inbō wo kuwadateru
Verb-Plar	To plot (to have an idea; to plan; to have a plan)	構想 (する)/ 企てる/ 仕組む/ プロット (する)	Kōsō (suru)/ Kuwadateru/ Shikumu/ Purotto (suru)

Verb-Plar	To prebook (to prereserve)	事前予約する (事前予約する)	Jizen yoyaku suru (jizen yoyaku suru)
Verb-Plar	To predict	予測 (する)/ 予報 (する)/ 予想 (する/ の)	Yosoku (suru)/ Yohō (suru)/ Yosō (suru/ no)
Verb-Plar	To prescribe	処方 (する)/ 定める/ 盛る/ 定む/ 規定 (する)	Shohō (suru) * (prescription; formulation; formula; recipe)/ Sadameru * (to establish; to lay down; to prescribe; to provide; to stipulate)/ Moru * (to administer (medicine, poison); to dose out; to prescribe)/ Sadamu * (to establish; to lay down; to prescribe; to provide; to stipulate)/ Kitei (suru) * (stipulation; prescription; provision; regulation; rule)
Verb-Plar	To process	処理 (する)/ 作用 (する)/ 捌く/ 操作 (する)	Shori (suru)/ Sayō (suru)/ Sabaku * (to deal with; to manage; to settle; to sort; to process)/ Sōsa (suru) * (operation; management; handling)
Verb-Plar	To prosecute (to persecute)	起訴 (する)/ 検察 (する)/ 告発 (する)/ 訴追 (する)/ 公訴 (する)/ 立件 (する) (迫害 (する))	Kiso (suru) * (prosecution; indictment)/ Kensatsu (suru) * (examination; investigation; prosecution)/ Kokuhatu (suru) * (indictment; prosecution; complaint)/ Sotsui (suru) * (prosecution; indictment/ impeachment)/ Kōso (suru) * ((public) prosecution; indictment; accusation/ law term)/ Rikken (suru) * (assembling a criminal case) (Hakugai (suru))
Verb-Plar	To prove	証明 (する)	Shōmei (suru)
Verb-Plar	To put on the map (to put something on the map)	地図に載せる (地図上に何かを載せる)	Chizu ni noseru (chizu-jō ni nanika o noseru)
Verb-Plar	To put to print	印刷に出す/ 入稿 (する)/ 印刷して送る/ 印刷する書類を送る/ 印刷するために送信する/ 印刷 (する)/ 印刷するように置く	Insatsu ni dasu/ Nyūkō (suru) * (sending (a manuscript, artwork, etc.) to the printer/ receiving a manuscript (from the author))/ Insatsu shite okuru * (to send and print)/ Insatsu suru shorui o okuru * (to send documents to print)/ Insatsu suru tame ni sōshin suru * (to send to print; to send for printing)/ Insatsu (suru) * (printing; to print)/ Insatsu suru yō ni oku * (to put to print; to place to print)

Verb-Plar	To qualify	資格を得る/ 資格を有する/ 資格(する)/ 合格(する)/ 通過(する)/ 具備(する)	Shikaku o eru/ Shikaku o yūsuru/ Shikaku (suru) * (qualifications; requirements; capabilities)/ Gōkaku (suru) * (passing (an exam); pass; success; passing grade/ meeting (specifications, standards, etc.); passing (inspection); qualification; being found eligible)/ Tsūka (suru) * (means 'passing through (a tunnel, station, town, etc.); passing by (e.g. of a typhoon); transit', but can also mean 'passing (an examination, inspection, etc.); clearing; getting through (a preliminary round); qualification')/ Gubi (suru) * (possessing (what is required); having; fulfilling (conditions); satisfying (requisites); being endowed with)
Verb-Plar	To qualify for (to be eligible for)	資格を備える/ 資格を得る/ ... (のために/ に/ を) 資格する/ ... (のために/ に/ を) 合格する (資格を得る)	Shikaku o sonaeru * (to have a qualification (for); to be qualified for)/ Shikaku o eru * (to get a qualification; to get qualified)/ (... no tame ni/ ni/ o) Shikaku suru/ (... no tame ni/ ni/ o) Gōkaku suru (shikaku o eru)
Verb-Plar	To ration	配給(する)	Haikyū (suru)
Verb-Plar	To reach mutual understanding (to understand each other)	理解しあう (理解し合う)/ 解け合う (解合う)/ 話し合いがつく (話し合いが付く)	Rikai shi au/ Tokeau/ Hanashiai ga tsuku
Verb-Plar	To recognize	認識(する)	Ninshiki (suru)
Verb-Plar	To redact	編集(する)	Henshū (suru)
Verb-Plar	To reimburse	償還(する)	Shōkan (suru)
Verb-Plar	To relate to (to be related to)	関連(する)/ 関係(する) * (ie. relate to emotions/ feelings - '感情に関連する/ 気持ちに関連する/ 感情に関係する/ 気持ちに関係する', although people usually say '気持ちに共感する/ 感情に共感する', to sympathize with someone's feelings; to empathize with someone's feelings)	Kanren (suru)/ Kankei (suru) * (ie. relate to emotions/ feelings - 'kanjō ni kanren suru/ kimochi ni kanren suru/ kanjō ni kankei suru/ kimochi ni kankei suru', although people usually say 'Kimochi ni kyōkan suru/ Kanjō ni kyōkan suru', to sympathize with someone's feelings; to empathize with someone's feelings)
Verb-Plar	To release to the press	報道陣に公開する	Hōdōjin ni kōkai suru
Verb-Plar	To regulate	規制(する)/ 統制(する)/ 調節(する)/ 調整(する)/ 取り締まる	Kisei (suru)/ Tōsei (suru)/ Chōsetsu (suru)/ Chōsei (suru) * (adjustment; regulation; coordination; reconciliation; tuning; fixing; tailoring)/ Torishimaru * (to manage; to control; to supervise; to oversee; to command/ to crack down on; to keep under strict control; to enforce; to regulate)
Verb-Plar	To replenish	補充(する)/ 仕入れる/ 充填(する)/ 補給(する)	Hojū (suru)/ Shiireru/ Jūten (suru)/ Hokyū (suru)
Verb-Plar	To report	報告(する)/ 届ける	Hōkoku (suru)/ Todokeru

Verb-Plar	To represent (to delegate)	代表 (する)/ 表す	Daihyō (suru)/ Arawasu
Verb-Plar	To reproduce (to recreate)	再現 (する/ の)	Saigen (suru/ no)
Verb-Plar	To result (in)	結果とする (結果する)/ 収穫 (する) (収穫とする)/ 帰結 (する)/ なる (成る)	Kekka to suru (kekka suru) * (result; consequence; outcome; effect/ as a result of ...; as a consequence of ...; after ...; following .../ bearing fruit; fruiting)/ Shūkaku (suru) (shūkaku to suru) * (harvest; crop; ingathering/ fruits (of one's labors); gain; result; returns)/ Kiketsu (suru) * (consequence; result; conclusion)/ Naru * (to become; to get; to grow; to turn; to reach; to attain/ to result in; to turn out; to end up; to prove (to be)/ to be completed; to be realized; to succeed; to be attained; to be accomplished/ to change (into); to turn (into); to transform/ to come (to do); to begin (to do); to grow (to do)/ to come to; to amount to; to add up to; to make)
Verb-Plar	To reverse	逆にする/ 逆転 (する)	Gyaku ni suru/ Gyakuten (suru)
Verb-Plar	To review	見直す/ 見直し (する)/ 確認 (する)/ レビュー (する)	Minaosu/ Minaoshi (suru)/ Kakunin (suru)/ Rebyū (suru)
Verb-Plar	To run (ie. a program)	実行 (する)	Jikkō (suru)
Verb-Plar	To run a store (to run a shop)	店を営む/ 店を構える (店を経営する)	Mise o itonamu/ Mise o kamaeru (mise o keiei suru)
Verb-Plar	To run out of time	時間が無くなる/ 時間を使い果たす/ 時間切れになる/ 時間がありません (時間がない)	Jikan ga nakunaru/ Jikan o tsukaihatsu/ Jikangire ni naru/ Jikan ga arimasen * (regular; polite) (Jikanganai * (informal))
Verb-Plar	To save money	節約 (する)/ 金を貯める/ 貯める/ 貯まる	Setsuyaku (suru) * (economising; saving)/ Kanewotameru * (to save money)/ Tameru * (to save up (money))/ Tamaru * (to be saved up (of money))
Verb-Plar	To save up	節約 (する)	Setsuyaku (suru) * (economising; saving)
Verb-Plar	To screen or eliminate (candidates)	ふるい落とす (振るい落とす/ ふるい落す/ 振るい落す)	Furuiotosu

Verb-Plar	To seal	封印 (する)/ 封じる/ 押印 (する)/ 封緘 (する)/ 証印 (する)/ 刻印 (する)/ 封ずる/ 緘する/ 印する/ 押す (おす)/ 封止 (する)/ 篆刻 (する)/ 血判 (する)	Fūin (suru)/ Fūjiru/ Ōin (suru)/ Fūkan (suru)/ Shōin (suru) * (a seal affixed to a document)/ Kokuin (suru) * (engraving a seal; engraved seal; inscribed seal/ engraving; inscribing; stamping (an impression)/ brand (i.e. a mark of disgrace); stamp; reputation)/ Fūzuru * (to seal (letter)/ to prevent; to forbid; to block)/ Kansuru * (to seal; to shut; to close)/ Insuru * (to stamp (one's mark, etc.); to seal, but can also mean 'to leave (one's footprints, etc.)')/ Osu * (to stamp (i.e. a passport); to apply a seal)/ Fūji (suru) * (sealing; seal)/ Tenkoku (suru) * (seal engraving/ seal cutting)/ Keppan (suru) * (seal of blood; sealing with one's blood)
Verb-Plar	To seize property	財産を差し押さえる/ 資産を差し押さえる/ 所有物を差し押さえる/ 財産を没収する/ 資産を没収する/ 所有物を没収する	Zaisan o sashiosaeru/ Shisan o sashiosaeru/ Shoyū-mono o sashiosaeru/ Zaisan o bosshū suru/ Shisan o bosshū suru/ Shoyū-mono o bosshū suru
Verb-Plar	To sell wholesale	卸す	Orosu
Verb-Plar	To serialize	シリアル化 (する)/ シリアライズ (する)/ 直列化 (する)/ 逐次化 (する)	Shiriaru-ka (suru) * (serialization * (computing))/ Shiriarazu (suru) * (to serialize/ serialize; serialise/ serialization)/ Chokuretsu-ka (suru) * (serialization * (computing))/ Chikujika (suru) * (serialization * (computing))
Verb-Plar	To set up (a house, store, etc.) (to build; to establish)	構える	Kamaeru
Verb-Plar	To set up (to configure)	設定 (する)/ 構成 (する)/ セットアップ (する)/ コンフィグ (する)/ セット (する)	Settei (suru)/ Kōsei (suru)/ Settoappu (suru)/ Konfigu (suru)/ Setto (suru)
Verb-Plar	To setup a stall or booth (bazaar, festival, etc.) (to setup a shop)	出店 (する)/ 店を構える	Shutten (suru)/ Mise o kamaeru
Verb-Plar	To sign a contract (to sign an agreement)	契約を交わす/ 契約に署名する/ 契約を署名する/ 契約を結ぶ/ 契約書にサインする	Keiyaku o kawasu/ Keiyaku ni shomei suru/ Keiyaku o shomei suru/ Keiyaku o musubu/ Keiyakusho ni sain suru
Verb-Plar	To sign the document	文書に署名 (する)	Bunsho ni shomei (suru)
Verb-Plar	To simulate	シミュレーション (する)/ シミュレート (する)/ 模擬 (の/ する)	Shimiyurēshon (suru)/ Shimiyurēto (suru)/ Mogi (no/ suru) * (simulation; imitation)
Verb-Plar	To solve a puzzle	パズルを解く	Pazuru o hodoku
Verb-Plar	To spend money	お金を使う/ お金を過ごす	Okane o tsukau/ Okane o sugosu
Verb-Plar	To stamp (one's mark, etc.) (to seal)	印する	Insuru

Verb-Plar	To stand for (to represent)	(を) 表す/ 庇う (かばう)/ 成り代わる (表す)	(o) Arawasu * (to represent; to signify; to stand for)/ Kabau (Ōu) * (to protect (someone); to look after (e.g. an injured leg); to defend; to cover for; to stand up for; to stick up for)/ Narikawaru * (to take over for (someone); to stand in for; to substitute for/ to replace; to take the place of (something)) (arawasu)
Verb-Plar	To standardize (to make standard)	標準化 (する)/ 共通化 (する)/ 劃一化 (する)/ 画一化 (する)/ スタンダードにする/ 規格化 (する)	Hyōjunka (suru)/ Kyōtsū-ka (suru)/ Kakuitsu-ka (suru)/ Kakuitsu-ka (suru)/ Sutandādo ni suru/ Kikaku-ka (suru)
Verb-Plar	To start the meeting (To start a meeting)	会議を開始 (する) (会議を開始 (する))	Kaigi o kaishi (suru) (kaigi o kaishi (suru))
Verb-Plar	To stick to the plan	計画を守る	Keikaku o mamoru
Verb-Plar	To stick with a plan	計画に固執する	Keikaku ni koshūsuru
Verb-Plar	To stipulate	規定 (する)	Kitei (suru)
Verb-Plar	To stock (to stock up on)	仕込む/ ストック (する)/ 蓄える/ 仕入れる/ 買い置き (する)	Shikomu/ Sutokku (suru)/ Takuwaeru/ Shiireru/ Kaioki (suru)
Verb-Plar	To stop business (to go out of business)	閉店 (する)/ 事業を停止する	Heiten (suru)/ Jigyō o teishi suru
Verb-Plar	To strive for mutual understanding	相互理解を図る	Sōgorikaiwohakaru
Verb-Plar	To suffice	十分である/ 十分です/ 十分 (する)/ 十分に作る	Jūbundearu/ Jūbundesu/ Jūbun (suru)/ Jūbun ni suru
Verb-Plar	To sum up	総括 (する)/ 加える/ 掻い摘む (かいつまむ)/ 結論づける/ 集計 (する)	Sōkatsu (suru) * (summarization; summary; generalization)/ Kuwaeru * (to add; to add up; to sum up; to append; to annex)/ Kaitsumamu * (to sum up; to summarize; to summarise)/ Ketsurondzokeru * (to reason; to sum up; to conclude)/ Shūkei (suru) * (totalization; totalisation; aggregation; tally (e.g. of votes); adding up; summing up)
Verb-Plar	To supervise (to oversee)	監督 (する)	Kantoku (suru)
Verb-Plar	To synthesize (to combine; to integrate; to put together)	合成 (する)/ 総合 (する)/ 統合 (する)/ 総括 (する)	Gōsei (suru) * (composition; synthesis; compounding; combining)/ Sōgō (suru) * (synthesis; combination; integration; putting together)/ Tōgō (suru) * (integration; unification; unity; combination; consolidation; synthesis)/ Sōkatsu (suru) * (summarization; summary; generalization)
Verb-Plar	To take measurements (to take the size of)	寸法を測る (サイズを測る)	Sunpōwohakaru (saizu o hakaru)
Verb-Plar	To test (to examine)	テスト (する)/ 試験 (する)/ 検査 (する)	Tesuto (suru)/ Shiken (suru)/ Kensa (suru)
Verb-Plar	To trade (buying and selling; to deal)	売買 (する)	Baibai (suru)
Verb-Plar	To train (to teach; to educate)	仕込む/ 訓練 (する)/ 練習 (する)/ 育て上げる	Shikomu/ Kunren (suru)/ Renshū (suru)/ Sodateageru

Verb-Plar	To undermine	弱体化させる/ 弱体化 (する)/ 覆す/ 掘り崩す/ 突き崩す	Jakutai-ka sa seru/ Jakutai-ka (suru)/ Kutsugaesu * (to overturn; to capsize; to upset/ to overthrow (government etc.)/ to reverse (decision etc.); to disprove (an established theory etc.); to overrule)/ Hori kuzusu * (to undermine; to sap; to dig away)/ Tsuki kuzusu * (to knock down; to tear down; to level; to raze/ to crush (e.g. enemy); to throw into confusion/ to refute; to pick apart; to undermine)
Verb-Plar	To understock	不足在庫になる	Fusoku zaiko ni naru
Verb-Plar	To utilize	利用 (する)/ 用いる/ 用うる/ 使用 (する)/ フル活用 (する)	Riyō (suru)/ Mochīru/ Mochiuru/ Shiyō (suru) * (use; application; employment; utilization; utilisation)/ Furu katsuyō (suru) * (full use; extensive use; complete utilization)
Verb-Plar	To validate (to verify)	確認 (する)/ 検証 (する)	Kakunin (suru)/ Kenshō (suru)
Verb-Plar	To verify	検証 (する)	Kenshō (suru)
Verb-Plar	To vote (for/ against)	(に/ 反対 (の/ して) / 反対票) 投票 (する)/ 投じる	(ni/ hantai (no/ shite)/ hantai-hyō) Tōhyō (suru)/ Tōjiru
Verb-Plar	To write a list	リストを書く/ 一覧を書く	Risuto o kaku/ Ichiran o kaku
Verb-Plar	To win the elections	選挙に勝つ	Senkyo ni katsu
Verb-Plar	To lose the elections	選挙に負ける	Senkyo ni makeru
Verb-Con	To have time	時間がある	Jikangāru (Jikan ga aru)
Verb-Con	To take time	時間がかかる	Jikan ga kakaru
Verb-Con	To be on time	間に合う (間にあう)/ 時間通りに来る (時間どおりに来る)	Maniau (ma ni au)/ Jikandōrini kuru
Verb-Con	To give time	時間を与える/ 時間をあげる (時間を上げる)/ 時間を捧げる (時間を献げる)	Jikan o ataeru/ Jikan o ageru/ Jikan o sasageru
Verb-Con	To take a break	休憩 (する)/ 休憩を取る/ 休む/ 一息入れる/ 息を入れる/ 手を休める/ 骨を休める	Kyūkei (suru)/ Kyūkei o toru/ Yasumu/ Hitoikiireru/ Ikiwoireru/ Te o yasumeru/ Hone o yasumeru
Verb-Con	To get time off (to become free)	体が空く/ 休みを取る	Karada ga aku/ Yasumi o toru
Verb-Con	To make a habit of (to make it a practice to)	習慣づける/ 習慣にする/ (を) 習慣化する	Shūkan dzukeru/ Shūkan ni suru/ (o) Shūkan-ka suru
Verb-Con	To draw a picture	絵を描く/ 絵が書けず/ 図を描く	Ewokaku/ E ga kakezu/ Zuwokaku
Verb-Con	To take a picture	写真を取る/ 写真を撮る	Shashin o toru/ Shashin wo toru
Verb-Con	To take a photo	写真を撮る	Shashin wo toru
Verb-Con	To take a photo with a mobile phone	写メる	Utsumeru
Verb-Con	To e-mail a photo sent from a mobile phone	写メ (する)	Utsume (suru)
Verb-Con	To take photographs for later use (to shoot a video for archiving)	撮り溜める	Tori tameru
Verb-Con	To film (To make a movie)	映画を撮る (映画を作る)	Eiga o toru (Egawotsukuru)

Verb-Con	To finish shooting (a film)	アップ (する)	Appu (suru)
Verb-Con	To have an interest (in) (be interested (in))	(に) 興味を持つ	(ni) Kyōmi wo motsu
Verb-Con	To be interested (in)	(に) 興味がある	(ni) kyōmigāru
Verb-Con	To show interest	興味を示す	Kyōmi o shimesu
Verb-Con	To take a chance	チャンスをつかむ/ チャンスを取る/ 機会を取る/ 機会をつかむ	Chansu o tsukamu/ Chansu o toru/ Kikai o toru/ Kikai o tsukamu
Verb-Con	To get a second chance	二度目のチャンスを得る/ セカンドチャンスをつかむ (つかむ)/ セカンドチャンスを得る	Futatabime no chansu o eru/ Sekando chansu o tsukamu/ Sekando chansu o eru
Verb-Con	To take advantage of	甘える/ 利用 (する)/ 活用 (する)/ つけ込む (付け込む/ つけこむ)/ 乗じる/ 付け入る (つけ入る/ 付入る/ つけている)/ 乗ずる/ 利かせる (効かせる/ きかせる)/ 利かす (効かす/ きかす)/ 投じる/ 投ずる/ 利する/ 付け上がる	Amaeru/ Riyō (suru)/ Katsuyō (suru)/ Tsukekomu/ Jōjiru/ Tsukeiru/ Jōzuru/ Kikaseru/ Kikasu/ Tōjiru/ Tōzuru/ Ri suru/ Tsukeagaru * (to take advantage of in sense of 'to take advantage of someone's kindness or patience')
Verb-Con	To have a chance to (to get a chance to)	~(する) 機会がある/ ~(する) チャンスがある (~(する) 機会がある)	~ (suru) Kikai ga aru/ ~ (suru) Chansu ga aru (~ (suru) Kikai ga aru)
Verb-Con	To have the opportunity	機会を持つ	Kikai o motsu
Verb-Con	To take the opportunity (to) (to take a chance)	(に) 機会を利用する/ (に) 機会を使う/ チャンスを利用する/ チャンスを使う	(ni) Kikai o riyō suru/ (ni) Kikai o tsukau/ Chansu o riyō suru/ Chansu o tsukau
Verb-Con	To get the opportunity	機会を得る/ 機会をつかむ (つかむ)/ チャンスをつかむ (つかむ)	Kikai o eru/ Kikai o tsukamu/ Chansu o tsukamu
Verb-Con	To make an appointment	予約 (する)	Yoyaku (suru)
Verb-Con	To make art (to create art)	アートを作る/ 芸術を作る/ 美術を作る (美術を作成する/ 芸術を作成する)	Āto o tsukuru/ Geijutsu o tsukuru/ Bijutsu o tsukuru (Bijutsu o sakusei suru/ Geijutsu o sakusei suru)
Verb-Con	To turn on the power	電源を入れる	Dengenwoireru
Verb-Con	To turn off the power	電源を切る	Dengenwokiru
Verb-Con	To adopt a posture (to assume a stance)	構える	Kamaeru
Verb-Con	To ask a high price (to overcharge)	ぼる/ ぼっ手繰る/ 打ったくる	Boru/ Bottaguru/ Buttakuru
Verb-Con	To ask a question	質問 (する)/ 質問をする	Shitsumon (suru)/ Shitsumon o suru
Verb-Con	To be based in (a place) (to be located in)	拠点とする/ 拠点を置く/ 拠所に置く/ 本拠を置く/ 場所とする	Kyoten to suru/ Kyoten o oku/ Kyoten ni oku/ Honkyo o oku/ Basho to suru
Verb-Con	To be in a desperate situation	切羽詰まる	Seppatsumaru
Verb-Con	To be made public	明らかになる	Akiraka ni naru

Verb-Con	To be out of action (ie. due to exhaustion, illness, etc.); to be down (e.g. with a cold)	ダウン (する)	Daun (suru)
Verb-Con	To be recognized (by someone of higher status)	お目に留まる (御目に留まる)/ お目にかかる (御目に掛かる)	O menitomaru/ Omenikakaru
Verb-Con	To be systematic (to have orderly plans)	組織立つ	Soshiki tatsu
Verb-Con	To be the reason (for)	事になる (ことになる)	Koto ni naru (kotoni naru)
Verb-Con	To be the result (of); to be the outcome	事になる (ことになる)	Koto ni naru (kotoni naru)
Verb-Con	To be too much for someone	持て余す	Motemasu
Verb-Con	To become a disciple	入門 (する)	Nyūmon (suru)
Verb-Con	To become clear	明らかになる	Akiraka ni naru
Verb-Con	To betray a secret (to reveal a secret)	秘密を漏らす/ 秘密を暴露する	Himitsu o morasu/ Himitsu o bakuro suru
Verb-Con	To close one's eyes	目を閉じる	Mewotojiru
Verb-Con	To close one's eyes (to shut one's eyes)	目をつぶる (目を瞑る/ 目を瞑る/ 目をつむる)	Mewotsuburu
Verb-Con	To come into one's life	生活に入ってくる/ 人生に入ってくる	Seikatsu ni haitte kuru/ Jinsei ni haitte kuru
Verb-Con	To conduct electricity	電流を通す/ 電気を通す	Denryū o tōsu/ Denki o tōsu
Verb-Con	To confide in	打ち明ける/ 信じる/ 信ずる	Uchiakeru/ Shinjiru/ Shinzuru
Verb-Con	To cook a meal	食事を作る/ 料理をする/ 料理を作る	Shokuji o tsukuru/ Ryōri o suru/ Ryōri o tsukuru
Verb-Con	To deliver goods	商品をお届けする/ 商品を搬送する/ 商品を配達する	Shōhin o o todokeru/ Shōhin o hansō suru/ Shōhin o haitatsu suru
Verb-Con	To discuss in the same terms (to treat equally)	同列に論じる	Dōretsu ni ronjiru
Verb-Con	To do it my way	自分のやり方でやる	Jibun no yarikata de yaru
Verb-Con	To draw a check (bill, draft, etc.) (to issue (e.g. money order))	振り出す (振出す)	Furidasu
Verb-Con	To eat too little (to eat too few)	少なすぎて食べる/ 食べる量が少なすぎる	Sukuna sugite taberu/ Taberu ryō ga sukuna sugiru
Verb-Con	To establish a connection	接続を確立する	Setsuzoku o kakuritsu suru
Verb-Con	To expose one's true colors (colours) (to expose one's true character)	化けの皮を現わす	Bake no kawa o arawasu
Verb-Con	To fall onto (to befall)	降りかかる (降り掛かる/ 降り懸かる/ 降り懸る/ 降り掛る/ 降懸る)	Furikakaru
Verb-Con	To feign ignorance (to play dumb)	空惚ける (空とぼける/ そらとぼける)	Soratobokeru
Verb-Con	To fill in the details (work out the details)	詳細を詰める	Shōsai o tsumeru

Verb-Con	To fish for a compliment	褒め言葉を釣る (ほめことばをつる)/ 褒め言葉をもらおうとしている/ 褒めてもらおうとしている	Homekotoba o tsuru/ Homekotoba o moraou to shite iru/ Homete moraou to shite iru
Verb-Con	To follow something with one's eyes until it is out of sight	見送る	Miokuru
Verb-Con	To get dead drunk	沈没(する)	Chinbotsu (suru)
Verb-Con	To get down to business (to get down to work)	本題に入る/ 本題に取り掛かる/ ビジネスに取り掛かる/ 仕事に取り掛かる	Hondai ni hairu/ Hondai ni torikakaru/ Bijinesu ni torikakaru/ Shigoto ni torikakaru
Verb-Con	To get straight to the point	端的に言う/ 本題に入る/ 早速本題に入る/ 簡単に言う	Tanteki ni iu/ Hondai ni hairu/ Sassoku hondai ni hairu/ Kantan ni iu
Verb-Con	To get the best out of it	それを最大限に活用する	Sore o saidaigen ni katsuyō suru
Verb-Con	To get to the main subject (to move on to the main topic; to get down to business)	本題に入る	Hondai ni hairu
Verb-Con	To give a demonstration (to demonstrate)	デモンストレーションを行う/ デモンストレーション(をする)/ 証明(する)/ 示す/ 実演(する)	Demonsutorēshon o okonau/ Demonsutorēshon (o suru)/ Shōmei (suru)/ Shimesu/ Jitsuen (suru)
Verb-Con	To give a presentation (to present)	プレゼンテーションを行う/ プレゼンテーションをする/ 提示(する)	Purezentēshon o okonau/ Purezentēshon o suru/ Teiji (suru)
Verb-Con	To go through the proper procedures (to follow the required steps)	手順を踏む	Tejun o fumu
Verb-Con	To hear someone is coming	誰かが来ると聞く/ 誰かが来るのを聞く/ 誰かが来ることを聞く	Dareka ga kuru to kiku/ Dareka ga kuru no o kiku/ Dareka ga kuru koto o kiku
Verb-Con	To hide one's true intentions	仮面をかぶる	Kamenwokaburu
Verb-Con	To identify with (to view and treat as one; to regard as the same)	同一視(する)	Dō ichi-shi (suru)
Verb-Con	To join a political party	入党(する)	Nyūtō (suru)
Verb-Con	To keep a diet (to maintain a diet)	ダイエットを続ける (食事を維持する)	Daietto o tsudzukeru (Shokuji o iji suru)
Verb-Con	To keep an eye on	お目付け役(をする)/ お目付け(する)/ 見守る	Ometsuke-yaku (o suru)/ Ometsuke (suru)/ Mimamoru * (to watch over; to keep watch over; to keep an eye on/ to watch intently; to stare; to gaze; to watch (and see what happens); to follow)
Verb-Con	To leave alone (to back off)	一人で去る(後退(する))	Hitori de saru (Kōtai (suru))
Verb-Con	To leave as (to view as; to maintain the status quo)	にして置く/ 現状維持(する)	Nishiteoku/ Genjō iji (suru)

Verb-Con	To leave as it is (to defer)	据え置く / 捨てて置く / そっと (する)	Sueoku/ Suteteoku/ Sotto (suru)
Verb-Con	To let down one's guard (to relax one's guard)	警戒心を解く	Keikaishin o hodoku
Verb-Con	To let someone go	誰かを手放す	Dareka o tebanasu
Verb-Con	To make a practice of doing (to make it a rule to)	事にする (ことにする) * (be aware of 異にする with the same pronunciation but different meaning)	Koto ni suru (kotoni suru)
Verb-Con	To make it clear (to clarify; to make clear)	明らかにする / はっきりさせる / 明らかにする	Akiraka ni suru/ Hakkiri sa seru/ Akiraka suru
Verb-Con	To make it easier to understand (to make it easy to understand)	分かりやすくする / 分かり楽にしてくれる	Wakari yasuku suru/ Wakari-raku ni shite kureru
Verb-Con	To make something easy (to make it easy)	何かを簡単にする (簡単にする)	Nanika o kantan ni suru (kantan ni suru)
Verb-Con	To make something difficult (to make it difficult)	何かを難しくする / (何かを) 難しいものにする (難しくする)	Nanika o muzukashiku suru/ (nanika o) Muzukashī mono ni suru (muzukashiku suru)
Verb-Con	To meet (someone of higher status) * (humble)	お目にかかる (御目に掛かる)	Omenikakaru
Verb-Con	To overeat (to eat too much)	食べ過ぎる	Tabe sugiru
Verb-Con	To pay taxes	税金を払う / 納税 (する)	Zeikin o harau/ Nōzei (suru)
Verb-Con	To pretend not to know (to feign ignorance)	空を使う	Sora o tsukau
Verb-Con	To pretend not to see (to turn one's back on)	背を向ける	Sewomukeru
Verb-Con	To pretend to not be home (to pretend to be out)	留守を使う (留守をつかう)	Rusuwotsukau
Verb-Con	To probe someone's real intentions (to sound someone out; to try to fathom someone's thoughts)	腹を探る	Harawosaguru
Verb-Con	To pull something off	引き離す	Hikihanasu
Verb-Con	To put on an air (to assume an attitude)	構える	Kamaeru
Verb-Con	To return to the main topic (to get back to the subject at hand)	閑話休題 (する)	Kanwakyūdai (suru)
Verb-Con	To reveal a secret (to disclose a secret; to explain a secret)	種明かし (する) / 口外 (する) / 秘密を漏らす	Taneakashi (suru)/ Kōgai (suru)/ Himitsu o morasu
Verb-Con	To reveal one's true intentions (to show one's cards)	手の内を見せる	Tenouchiwomiseru

Verb-Con	To see for oneself (to see it for yourself)	自分で見る/ 自分の目で確かめる/ 自分自身を参照する * (ie. see for yourself - 自分自身を参照してください)	Jibun de miru/ Jibun no me de tashikameru/ Jibun jishin o sanshō suru * (ie. see for yourself - jibun jishin o sanshō shite kudasai)
Verb-Con	To see someone off (at a station, an airport, etc.) (to escort (e.g. home))	見送る/ 誰かを見送る	Miokuru/ Dareka o miokuru
Verb-Con	To seek for a way out of a desperate situation	死中に活を求める	Shichūnikatsuwomotomeru
Verb-Con	To setup a connection	接続を設定する	Setsuzoku o settei suru
Verb-Con	To show * (humble)	お目にかける (御目に掛ける)	O-me ni kakeru
Verb-Con	To skip school or work without a good reason	ズル休み (する)	Zuru yasumi (suru)
Verb-Con	To solidify the border (to fortify the border)	国境を固める	Kokkyō o katameru
Verb-Con	To start again (from the beginning)	一からやり直す/ 白紙に返す/ 仕替える/ 白紙に戻す/ 仕切り直し (する)/ 船出 (する)/ デビュー (する)/ ガラガラポン (する)	Ichikarayarinaosu/ Hakushinikaesu/ Shikaeru/ Hakushinimodosu/ Shikirinaoshi (suru)/ Funade (suru)/ Debyū (suru)/ Garagarapon (suru)
Verb-Con	To stay where you are	(personal noun) が場所にとどまる/ 元の場所に居る/ 待機してください/ そこにいろ/ 動かないで下さい	(personal noun) ga iru basho ni todomaru/ Gen no basho ni iro/ Taiki shite kudasai/ Soko ni iro/ Ugokanaide kudasai
Verb-Con	To stir feelings	感情をかき立てる (掻き立てる)/ 感情を揺さぶる/ 気持ちをかき立てる (掻き立てる)	Kanjō o kakitateru/ Kanjō o yusaburu/ Kimochi o kakitateru
Verb-Con	To take steps (measures)	手段を講じる/ 対策を講じる/ ステップを取る/ 手順を踏む	Shudan o kōjiru/ Taisaku o kōjiru/ Suteppu o toru/ Tejun o fumu
Verb-Con	To treat equally (to treat without discrimination)	平等に扱う/ 同一 (を) (する)	Byōdō ni atsukau/ Dōitsu (o) (suru)
Verb-Con	To try everything (to leave no stone unturned)	手段を尽くす/ 何でもする/ 何でもやる/ 全部 (する)/ 全て (する)	Shudan o tsukusu/ Nani demo suru/ Nandemo yaru/ Zenbu (suru)/ Subete (suru)
Verb-Con	To view as a problem (to problematize)	問題視 (する)	Mondaiji (suru)
Verb-Con	To view as hopeless (to feel that all is lost)	絶望視 (する)	Zetsubō-shi (suru)
Verb-Con	To waste one's time (to waste your time)	時間を無駄にする (時間を無駄にする)	Jikan o mudanisuru (jikan o mudanisuru)
Verb-Con	To wear a mask	仮面をかぶる	Kamenwokaburu
Verb-Con	To wear clothes	服を着る/ 着せる (被せる)/ 装う (粧う)/ 着飾る * (to dress up)	Fukuwokiru/ Kiseru/ Yosōu/ Kikazaru * (to dress up)
Verb-Con	To wiggle one's toes	足の指を小刻みに動かす	Ashi no yubi o kokizami ni ugokasu

Verb-oth	To abandon	捨て去る	sute-saru
Verb-oth	To abbreviate	短縮 (する)	Tanshuku (suru)
Verb-oth	To abduct	拉致	Rachi
Verb-oth	To abide	遵守 (する)	Junshu (suru)
Verb-oth	To abound	溢れる/ 豊富になる	Afureru/ Hōfu ni naru
Verb-oth	To abscond	逃亡 (する)	Tōbō (suru)
Verb-oth	To accelerate	加速 (する/ の)	Kasoku (suru/no)
Verb-oth	To accent	強調 (する)	kyouchou (suru)
Verb-oth	To accession	加入 (する)	ka'nyū (suru)
Verb-oth	To accomplish	達成 (する)	Tassei (suru)
Verb-oth	To accost	近づく	chikazuku
Verb-oth	To acerbate	激化させる	Gekika saseru
Verb-oth	To ache	痛む	Itamu
Verb-oth	To acquit	無罪にする	Muzai ni suru
Verb-oth	To act as (to act as a)	として行動する (として行動する)	Toshite kōdō suru (toshite kōdō suru)
Verb-oth	To act like nothing happened	何事もなかったかのように振る舞う	Nanigoto mo nakatta ka no yō ni furumau
Verb-oth	To act up	ふざける	Fuzakeru
Verb-oth	To address (someone)	(誰か) に宛てる/ 話しかける	(dareka) ni Ateru/ Hanashikakeru
Verb-oth	To adhere	遵守 (する)	junshu (suru)
Verb-oth	To administer	管理 (する)	kanri (suru)
Verb-oth	To administrate	管理 (する)	kanri (suru)
Verb-oth	To admonish	戒める	Imashimeru
Verb-oth	To adopt	養子縁組	Yōshi engumi
Verb-oth	To adore	崇拝する	Suuhai suru
Verb-oth	To adorn	飾る	Kazaru
Verb-oth	To adulterate	混ぜる	Mazeru
Verb-oth	To affirm	肯定 (する)	kōtei (suru)
Verb-oth	To affix	貼り付ける	Haritsukeru
Verb-oth	To age	年齢を重ねる	Nenrei o kasaneru
Verb-oth	To aggravate	悪化させる	Akka saseru
Verb-oth	To aggregate	集計 (する)	Shūkei (suru)
Verb-oth	To agitate	煽る	Aoru
Verb-oth	To aid	助ける	tasukeru
Verb-oth	To alienate	疎遠にする	Soen ni suru
Verb-oth	To align	調整 (する)	chosei (suru)
Verb-oth	To alleviate	軽減 (する)	Keigen (suru)
Verb-oth	To allocate	割り当てる	Wariateru
Verb-oth	To allot	割り当てる	Wariateru
Verb-oth	To allure	誘惑 (する)	Yūwaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To amble	ぶらぶら (する)	Burabura suru
Verb-oth	To ameliorate	改善 (する)	Kaizen (suru)
Verb-oth	To amend	修正 (する)	Shūsei (suru)
Verb-oth	To animate	アニメーション化 (する)	Animēshon-ka (suru)
Verb-oth	To annex	併合 (する)	Heigō (suru)
Verb-oth	To annul	破棄 (する)	Haki (suru)
Verb-oth	To answer a question (to answer the question)	質問に答える (質問に答える)	Shitsumon'nikotaeru (shitsumon'nikotaeru)

Verb-oth	To anthropomorphize	擬人化する	gijinka suru
Verb-oth	To ape	猿まね	Saru mane
Verb-oth	To apex	頂点へ	Chouten e
Verb-oth	To append	追加 (する)	Tsuika (suru)
Verb-oth	To applaud	拍手 (する)	hakushu (suru)
Verb-oth	To appoint	任命 (する)	Ninmei (suru)
Verb-oth	To appraise	評価 (する)	hyouka suru
Verb-oth	To approbate	賛同 (する)	sandou (suru)
Verb-oth	To approximate	近似 (する)	Kinji (suru)
Verb-oth	To archive	アーカイブ (する)	Ākaibu (suru)
Verb-oth	To arise	起こる/ 生じる	Okoru / shōjiru
Verb-oth	To arm	武装 (する)	busō (suru)
Verb-oth	To arouse	喚起 (する)	Kanki (suru)
Verb-oth	To array	並べる	naraberu
Verb-oth	To array	整列 (する)	Seiretsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To assail	襲う	Osou
Verb-oth	To assault	襲撃 (する)	shuugeki (suru)
Verb-oth	To assess	評価 (する)	Hyōka (suru)
Verb-oth	To assure	保証 (する)	Hoshō (suru)
Verb-oth	To astound	驚かせる	Odorokaseru
Verb-oth	To atone	償う	Tsugunau
Verb-oth	To attain	達成 (する)	tassei (suru)
Verb-oth	To attempt	試みる	Kokoromiru
Verb-oth	To attest	証明 (する)	shōmei suru
Verb-oth	To attire	服装	Fuku sō
Verb-oth	To avail	利用 (する)	Riyō (suru)
Verb-oth	To award	授与 (する)	juyo (suru)
Verb-oth	To babble	せせらぎ	Seseragi
Verb-oth	To back out	撤退	tettai
Verb-oth	To backdrop	背景にする	haikei ni suru
Verb-oth	To backstab	裏切り	Uragiri
Verb-oth	To bail	逃げる	Nigeru
Verb-oth	To bail out	救済 (する)	Kyūsai (suru)
Verb-oth	To bail out	脱出 (する)	Dasshutsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To bait	餌にする	Esa ni suru
Verb-oth	To bake a cake	ケーキを焼く	kēki o yaku
Verb-oth	To band	バンドにする (バンドする)	Bando ni suru (bando suru)
Verb-oth	To band with	一緒にバンドを組む	Issho ni bando o kumu
Verb-oth	To bang	叩く	tataku
Verb-oth	To banter	冗談を言う	Jōdan o iu
Verb-oth	To bar	遮断 (する)	shadan (suru)
Verb-oth	To bare	むき出しにする	mukidashi ni suru
Verb-oth	To barge (to barge in)	割り込む (割り込む)	warikomu
Verb-oth	To barrage	集中砲火	Shūchū hōka
Verb-oth	To barricade	バリケードにする	barikeedo ni suru
Verb-oth	To bash	殴る	Naguru
Verb-oth	To bate	焦らす	asarasu
Verb-oth	To batter	打ちのめされる	uchinomesareru
Verb-oth	To batter	打ちのめす	Uchinomesu
Verb-oth	To be a burden	重荷になる	Omone ni naru

Verb-oth	To be abundant in	豊富である	Hōfu de aru
Verb-oth	To be angry	イライラ (する)	Iraira (suru)
Verb-oth	To be ashamed	恥ずかしい	hazukashii
Verb-oth	To be aware of	承知 (する)/ 気がつく / 知る / 知っておくべきこと	Shōchi (suru)/ Kigatsuku/ Shiru/ Shitte okubeki koto
Verb-oth	To be bothered (to be bothered by)	迷惑をかける	Meiwakuwokakeru
Verb-oth	To be clad in	身に着ける	Mi ni tsukeru
Verb-oth	To be clad in	身を包む	mi o tsutsumu
Verb-oth	To be close to	近くににいる	Chikaku ni iru
Verb-oth	To be disposed of	処分 (する)	Shobun (suru)
Verb-oth	To be dominant (to be dominating)	支配的 (支配的である)	shihaiteki (shihaiteki de aru)
Verb-oth	To be entitled to	権利がある	Kenri ga aru
Verb-oth	To be excused	許してもらう	Yurushite morau
Verb-oth	To be fast	速くする	Hayaku suru
Verb-oth	To be friendly	友好的である	yuukouteki de aru
Verb-oth	To be glad	嬉しい	ureshii
Verb-oth	To be grounded	ある地に足の着いた	Aru chiniashinotsuita
Verb-oth	To be in charge	責任を負う	Sekininwoou
Verb-oth	To be in control	支配的である	shihaiteki de aru
Verb-oth	To be in for	参加する	Sanka suru
Verb-oth	To be in good hands	良い状態でいる	Yoi jōtai de iru
Verb-oth	To be in luck	幸運に恵まれる	Kōun ni megumareru
Verb-oth	To be located at (to be located in)	に位置する (に位置する)	ni Ichi suru (ni ichi suru)
Verb-oth	To be meant for	運命の人	Unmei no hito
Verb-oth	To be meant to	意図 (する)	Ito (suru)
Verb-oth	To be messed up	めちゃくちゃになる	Mechakucha ni naru
Verb-oth	To be off (to be off to)	休みになる (休みになる)	Yasumi ni naru (yasumi ni naru)
Verb-oth	To be on it (i am on it)	それに取り組んでいる (私はそれに取り組んでいる)	Sore ni torikunde iru (watashi wa sore ni torikunde iru)
Verb-oth	To be on the go	外出先でも	Gaishutsu saki demo
Verb-oth	To be on the lookout	目を光らせておく	Me o hikarasete oku
Verb-oth	To be on to something	何かに気づく	Nanika ni kidzuku
Verb-oth	To be overwhelming (to be overpowering)	圧倒的 (圧倒的である)	attouteki (attouteki de aru)
Verb-oth	To be slow	ゆっくり (する)/ 遅くする	Yukkuri (suru)/ Osoku suru
Verb-oth	To be stood up	すっぱかされる	Suppokasareru
Verb-oth	To be suspended	浮かぶ	ukabu
Verb-oth	To be too easy on (to be too soft on)	甘すぎる (甘すぎる)	amasugiru (amasugiru)
Verb-oth	To be too hard on (to be hard on)	厳しすぎる (厳しすぎる)	kibishisugiru (kibishisugiru)
Verb-oth	To be unfriendly	非友好的である	hi yuukouteki de aru
Verb-oth	To be up	起きる	Okiru
Verb-oth	To be up for	起きる	Okiru
Verb-oth	To be upset	動揺 (する)	Dōyō (suru)
Verb-oth	To be with you (to be near)	あなたと一緒にいる (近くににいる)	Anata to issho ni iru (chikaku ni iru)

Verb-oth	To beam	笑顔を浮かべる	egao o ukaberu
Verb-oth	To beat	殴る	Naguru
Verb-oth	To beckon	手招き (する)	Temaneke (suru)
Verb-oth	To become dark (to become darker)	暗くなる (暗くなる)	Kuraku naru (kuraku naru)
Verb-oth	To become light (to become lighter)	明るくなる (明るくなる)	Akaruku naru (akaruku naru)
Verb-oth	To become louder	声が大きくなる	Koe ga ookiku
Verb-oth	To become mandatory	義務化	Gimu-ka
Verb-oth	To become softer	柔らかくなる	Yawarakaku naru
Verb-oth	To bedim	ぼやかす	Boyakasu
Verb-oth	To befall	降りかかる	furi kakeru
Verb-oth	To befog	霧が立つ	Kiri ga tatsu
Verb-oth	To befuddle	混乱させる	Konran saseru
Verb-oth	To begrudge	恨む	Uramu
Verb-oth	To behold	見つめる	Mitsumeru
Verb-oth	To beleaguer	包囲 (する)	Hōi (suru)
Verb-oth	To belittle	軽視 (する)	Keishi (suru)
Verb-oth	To bellow	怒鳴る	donaru
Verb-oth	To bequeath	遺贈 (する)	Izō (suru)
Verb-oth	To besiege	包囲 (する)	Hōi (suru)
Verb-oth	To better	より良くする	Yori yoku suru
Verb-oth	To beware (to beware of)	注意 (する)/ 用心 (する) (注意 (する)/ 用心 (する))	Chūi (suru)/ Yōjin (suru) (chūi (suru)/ yōjin (suru))
Verb-oth	To bewilder	当惑させる	Touwaku saseru
Verb-oth	To bewilder	当惑させる	Tōwaku saseru
Verb-oth	To bicker	口論 (する)	Kōron (suru)
Verb-oth	To bide	入札 (する)	Nyūsatsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To bike	自転車に乗る	Jitensha ni noru
Verb-oth	To billow	波打つ	Namiutsu
Verb-oth	To bind	束縛 (する)	Sokubaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To black out	ブラックアウト (する)	burakkuauto (suru)
Verb-oth	To blackmail	恐喝 (する)	kyokatsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To blank	空白にする	Kūhaku ni suru
Verb-oth	To blaze	燃え上がる	Moeagaru
Verb-oth	To bleed	血を流す	Chi o nagasu
Verb-oth	To blemish	傷をつける	Kizu o tsukeru
Verb-oth	To bliss	至福にする	Shifuku ni suru
Verb-oth	To blob	しみをつける	shimi o tsukeru
Verb-oth	To blot	消し去る	keshi saru
Verb-oth	To blot out	消し去る	keshi saru
Verb-oth	To blow bubbles	シャボン玉を吹く	shabon dama o fuku
Verb-oth	To blow in (blowing in)	吹き込む (吹き込む)	Fukikomu (fukikomu)
Verb-oth	To blow it	台無しにする	Dainashi ni suru
Verb-oth	To blow off	吹き飛ばす	Fukitobasu
Verb-oth	To blow one's chance (to blow a chance)	チャンスを逃す (チャンスを逃す)	Chansu o nogasu (chansu o nogasu)
Verb-oth	To blow out	吹き飛ばす	Fukitobasu
Verb-oth	To blub	すすり泣く	susurinaku
Verb-oth	To bludgeon	撲殺 (する)	Bokusatsu (suru)

Verb-oth	To blue	青になる	Ao ni naru
Verb-oth	To blunt	鈍らせる	Namaraseru
Verb-oth	To blur	ぼやける/ ぼかす (暈す)	Boyakeru * (to become dim; to become blurred)/ Bokasu * (to blur; to shade off; to gradate/ to obscure; to make ambiguous)
Verb-oth	To bluster	怒鳴り散らす	Donarichirasu
Verb-oth	To board up (to board something up)	板で囲む (何かを板で囲む)	Ita de kakomu (nanika o ita de kakomu)
Verb-oth	To bob	揺れる	yureru
Verb-oth	To boil down	煮詰める	Nitsumeru
Verb-oth	To boing	ブンブン言う	bunbun iu
Verb-oth	To bolt	行方をくらます	Yukue o kuramasu * (to disappear; to vanish; to bolt; to go into hiding)
Verb-oth	To bombard	砲撃 (する)	Hōgeki (suru)
Verb-oth	To bond	絆を結ぶ	Kizuna wo musubu
Verb-oth	To bond	絆を結ぶ	Kizuna o musubu
Verb-oth	To bone	骨を折る	hone o oru
Verb-oth	To boo	ブーイング	Būingu
Verb-oth	To boom	ドカンと鳴る	dokan to naru
Verb-oth	To boost	後押し (する)	atooshi (suru)
Verb-oth	To boss around	命令する	Meirei suru
Verb-oth	To botch	ボッチにする	Botchi ni suru
Verb-oth	To bother	迷惑をかける	Meiwakuwokakeru
Verb-oth	To bottle	ボトルにする/ 瓶詰め (する/ の)	Botoru ni suru/ Bindzume (suru/ no)
Verb-oth	To bounce back	立ち直る	Tachinaoru
Verb-oth	To bounce off	跳ね返る	Hanekaeru
Verb-oth	To bound	境界を越える	Kyokai o koeru
Verb-oth	To bow down (to)	(に) お辞儀をする	(ni) Ojigiwosuru
Verb-oth	To bow your head down	頭を下げる	atama o sageru
Verb-oth	To bower	遮光 (する)/ 暈す/ バウアーへ	Bauā e
Verb-oth	To box	箱に入れる	Hako ni ireru
Verb-oth	To boycott	ボイコットに	boikotto ni
Verb-oth	To brace	補強 (する)	Hokyō (suru) * (reinforcement; strengthening)
Verb-oth	To braid	編む	Amu
Verb-oth	To brake	ブレーキをかける	bureeki o kakeru
Verb-oth	To branch	分岐	Bunki
Verb-oth	To brandish	振り回す	Furimawasu
Verb-oth	To brawl	喧嘩 (する)	Kenka (suru)
Verb-oth	To braise	ろう付け (する)	Rō-tsuke (suru)
Verb-oth	To break in	侵入	Shinnyū
Verb-oth	To break off	断ち切る	Tachikiru
Verb-oth	To break the news	ニュースを伝える	Nyūsu o tsutaeru
Verb-oth	To breed	繁殖 (する)	Hanshoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To brighten	明るく (する)	Akaruku (suru)
Verb-oth	To brim	溢れ出る	Afure deru
Verb-oth	To brim	満ちる	Michiru
Verb-oth	To bring down	倒す	Taosu
Verb-oth	To bring in	持ち込む	Mochikomu
Verb-oth	To bring out	引き出す	Hikidasu
Verb-oth	To bring up	持ち出す	Mochidasu

Verb-oth	To bring up	育てる	Sodateru
Verb-oth	To brisk	活発にする (活発する)	Kappatsu ni suru (kappatsu suru)
Verb-oth	To bristle	逆立つ	Saka-datsu
Verb-oth	To broaden	広げる	hirogeru
Verb-oth	To broaden one's horizons	視野を広げる	shiya wo hirogeru
Verb-oth	To bronze	青銅にする	Seidō ni suru
Verb-oth	To brood	考え込む	Kangaekomu
Verb-oth	To browse	閲覧 (する)	Etsuran (suru)
Verb-oth	To bruise	あざを作る/ 傷つける	Aza o tsukuru/ Kizutsukeru
Verb-oth	To brush off	軽視 (する)	Keishi (suru)
Verb-oth	To bubble	泡を吹く	awa o fuku
Verb-oth	To bubble up	泡立つ/ 湧き上がる	Awadatsu/ Wakiagaru
Verb-oth	To buck	反抗 (する)	Hankō (suru)
Verb-oth	To buff	磨く	Migaku
Verb-oth	To build up	積み上げる	Tsumiageru
Verb-oth	To bulge	膨らむ	Fukuramu
Verb-oth	To bully	いじめる (苛める/ 虐める)	Ijimeru (ijimeru/ ijimeru)
Verb-oth	To bungle	バングルにする	Banguru ni suru
Verb-oth	To bunk	寝床にする/ だます (騙す)	Nedoko ni suru/ Damasu (damasu)
Verb-oth	To burden	負担をかける	Futan o kakeru
Verb-oth	To burrow	穴を掘る	ana o horu
Verb-oth	To burst	バーストにする (バーストする)	Bāsuto ni suru (bāsuto suru)
Verb-oth	To burst out	はじける	Hajikeru
Verb-oth	To bustle	騒がしい	Sawagashii
Verb-oth	To bustle about	せわしく動き回る	sewashiku ugokimawaru
Verb-oth	To butt	突き刺す	tsukisasu
Verb-oth	To butt in	割り込む	Warikomu
Verb-oth	To buy off	買い取る	Kaitoru
Verb-oth	To buy out	買収 (する)/ 買い取る	Baishū (suru)/ Kaitoru
Verb-oth	To buzz	話題になる	Wadai ni naru
Verb-oth	To buzz	ざわめく	Zawameku
Verb-oth	To bypass	迂回 (する)	ukai (suru)
Verb-oth	To cage	檻に入れる/ ケージに入れる	Ori ni ireru/ Kēji ni ireru
Verb-oth	To call around	呼び寄せる	Yobiyoseru
Verb-oth	To call something to mind (to bring something to mind)	何かを思い起こさせる (何かを思い起こさせる)	Nanika o omoiokosaseru (nanika o omoiokosaseru)
Verb-oth	To call to mind	思い出す	Omoidasu
Verb-oth	To cancel out	取り消す	Torikesu
Verb-oth	To canopy	天蓋まで	Tengai made
Verb-oth	To cant	偽善的	Gizenteki
Verb-oth	To can't stand someone	誰かに我慢できない	Dareka ni gaman dekinai
Verb-oth	To capsize	転覆 (する)	Tenpuku (suru)
Verb-oth	To caption	キャプションに	kyapushon ni
Verb-oth	To caress	愛撫 (する)	Aibu (suru)
Verb-oth	To carve	刻む	Kizamu

Verb-oth	To carve (to carve out)	彫る/ 刻む (彫り出す/ 刻みつける/ 刻み出す/ 切り開く)	Horu/ Kizamu (Hori dasu/ Kizamitsukeru * (to engrave; to carve out)/ Kizami dasu * (to carve out)/ Kirihiraku * (to cut open/ to clear (land); to cut (a path, road, etc.); to open; to cut one's way through (e.g. a jungle)/ to carve out (a new career, future, etc.); to open up (a new field)))
Verb-oth	To carve wood	木を彫る	Ki o horu
Verb-oth	To cascade	カスケード (する)	Kasukēdo (suru)
Verb-oth	To cash	現金化 (する)	Genkinka (suru)
Verb-oth	To cash a check	小切手を換金する	Kogitte o kankin suru
Verb-oth	To cash in	換金 (する)	Kankin (suru)
Verb-oth	To cash up	現金化 (する)	Genkin-ka (suru)
Verb-oth	To cast in bronze	青銅で鑄造する	Seidō de chūzō suru
Verb-oth	To cast off	キャストオフ (する)	Kyasuto ofu (suru)
Verb-oth	To cast out	追い出す	oidasu
Verb-oth	To catch fire	火がつく	hi ga tsuku
Verb-oth	To categorize	分類 (する)	Bunrui (suru)
Verb-oth	To caution	警告 (する)	keikoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To cease	やめる	Yameru
Verb-oth	To cement	セメントで固める	semento de katameru
Verb-oth	To censure	非難 (する)	Hinan (suru)
Verb-oth	To centre (to center)	中心へ (中心へ)	chūshin e (chūshin e)
Verb-oth	To certify	証明 (する)	shōmei suru
Verb-oth	To chalk	チョークで書く	Chōku de kaku
Verb-oth	To channel	溝を通す	Mizo o tōsu
Verb-oth	To characterize	特徴づける	Tokuchōdzukeru
Verb-oth	To charge (to attack)	突撃 (する) (攻撃 (する))	totsugeki (suru) (kougeki (suru))
Verb-oth	To chart	チャートにする	Chāto ni suru
Verb-oth	To charter	チャーター (する)	Chātā (suru)
Verb-oth	To chase away (to scare off)	追い払う (怖がらせる)	Oiharau (kowagara seru)
Verb-oth	To cheat	騙す	Damasu
Verb-oth	To cheat on someone	誰かを騙す	dareka wo damasu
Verb-oth	To cheer on	応援 (する)	Ōen (suru)
Verb-oth	To chicane	ごまかす	Gomakasu
Verb-oth	To chicken (to chicken out)	尻込み (する)	Shirigomi (suru)
Verb-oth	To chill	冷める	Sameru
Verb-oth	To chime	声を上げる (声をあげる)/ チャイムを鳴らす	Koe o ageru/ Chaimu o narasu
Verb-oth	To chime in	声を上げる (声をあげる)	Koe o ageru
Verb-oth	To chime in with	口を挟む	kuchi o hasamu
Verb-oth	To chip	欠ける	Kakeru
Verb-oth	To chisel	刻む	kizamu
Verb-oth	To choke	窒息 (する)	chissoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To chop off	切り落とす	Kiriotosu
Verb-oth	To chop wood	木を切る	Ki o kiru
Verb-oth	To chouse	選ぶ	Erabu
Verb-oth	To chronicle	記録 (する)	Kiroku (suru)

Verb-oth	To chuck	追い出す	Oidasu
Verb-oth	To chuck out	捨てる	Suteru
Verb-oth	To chunk	チャンク (する)	Chanku (suru)
Verb-oth	To churn	かき回す	Kakimawasu
Verb-oth	To circle	回る	Mawaru
Verb-oth	To circle around	ぐるぐる回る	Gurugurumawaru
Verb-oth	To circle back	円を描く	en wo kaku
Verb-oth	To clamor	騒がしい	sawagashii
Verb-oth	To clang	カチャカチャと鳴る	Kachakacha to naru
Verb-oth	To clank	カチャカチャと鳴る	Kachakacha to naru
Verb-oth	To clarify	明確にする	Meikaku ni suru
Verb-oth	To clash	衝突 (する)	shoutotsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To clash	衝突 (する)	Shōtotsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To cleanse	浄化 (する)	Jouka (suru)
Verb-oth	To clear the air	空気を清める	Kūki o kiyomeru
Verb-oth	To cleave	劈開 (する)	gekikai (suru)
Verb-oth	To clink	カチツという音 (する)/ カチャカチャと鳴る	Kachitto iu oto (suru)/ Kachakacha to naru
Verb-oth	To clip	切り取る	Kiritoru
Verb-oth	To cloak	覆い隠す	ōi kakusu
Verb-oth	To close off (to close something off)	クローズオフ (する) (何かをクローズオフ (する))	Kurōzuofu (suru) (nanika o kurōzuofu (suru))
Verb-oth	To close the door	ドアを閉める	Doawoshimeru
Verb-oth	To close up	クローズアップ (する)	Kurōzuappu (suru)
Verb-oth	To cloud	曇らせる	Kumoraseru
Verb-oth	To cloud one's mind	心を曇らせる	Kokoro o kumoraseru
Verb-oth	To club	棍棒で殴る	Konbō de naguru
Verb-oth	To cluck	コケコッコ言う	kokekokkō iu
Verb-oth	To clunk	カチャカチャと鳴る/ カタカタ音を立てて	Kachakacha to naru/ katakata o tatete
Verb-oth	To clutter	乱雑 (な)	ranzatsu (na)
Verb-oth	To coach	指導 (する)	Shidō (suru)
Verb-oth	To coax	なだめる (宥める)	Nadameru
Verb-oth	To coerce	強制 (する)	Kyōsei (suru)
Verb-oth	To collate	照合 (する)	shougou suru
Verb-oth	To collect money	お金を集める	Okane o atsumeru
Verb-oth	To combust	燃える	moeru
Verb-oth	To come around	来る	kuru
Verb-oth	To come by the house	家に来る	ie ni kuru
Verb-oth	To come home	家に帰る	ie ni kaeru
Verb-oth	To come in	入ってくる	Haitte kuru
Verb-oth	To come next (coming next)	次に来る (次に来る)	Tsugini kuru (tsugini kuru)
Verb-oth	To come to know	知るようになる	shiru yō ni naru
Verb-oth	To come to life	生き返る	Ikikaeru
Verb-oth	To come together (to converge)	集まる (収束 (する))	Atsumaru (shūsoku (suru))
Verb-oth	To command attention (it commanded attention)	注意を喚起する (注意を喚起した)	Chūi o kanki suru (chūi o kanki shita)

Verb-oth	To commend	賞賛 (する)	shousan (suru)
Verb-oth	To commit a crime	犯罪を犯す	Hanzai o okasu
Verb-oth	To compartment	区画を描く	Kukaku o egaku
Verb-oth	To compel	強制 (する)	Kyōsei (suru)
Verb-oth	To compete	競争 (する)	Kyōsō (suru)
Verb-oth	To compile	まとめる	matomeru
Verb-oth	To complicate	複雑にする	Fukuzatsu ni suru
Verb-oth	To comply	従う	Shitagau
Verb-oth	To compose	作曲 (する)	sakkyoku suru
Verb-oth	To comprehend	理解 (する)	rikai (suru)
Verb-oth	To compress	圧縮 (する)	Asshuku (suru)
Verb-oth	To compute	計算 (する)	Keisan (suru)
Verb-oth	To conceal	隠す	Kakusu
Verb-oth	To concede	譲歩 (する)	Jouho (suru)
Verb-oth	To concern	心配 (する)/ 懸念 (する)	Shinpai (suru)/ Kenen (suru)
Verb-oth	To condemn	非難 (する)	hinan (suru)
Verb-oth	To condescend	見下す	Mikudasu
Verb-oth	To conduct	実施 (する)	Jisshi (suru)
Verb-oth	To confer	授与 (する)	juyo (suru)
Verb-oth	To confine	閉じ込める	Tojikomeru
Verb-oth	To confiscate	没収 (する)	Bosshū (suru)
Verb-oth	To conflagrate	燃える	moeru
Verb-oth	To conflict	衝突 (する)	Shōtotsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To confront	対決 (する)	Taiketsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To conquer	征服 (する)	Seifuku (suru)
Verb-oth	To conscript	徴兵 (する)	chōhei (suru)
Verb-oth	To conserve	節約する	setsuyaku suru
Verb-oth	To consign	委託 (する)	Itaku (suru) * (entrusting (something to a person); consignment (of goods); putting in someone's charge; trust; commission/ to entrust)
Verb-oth	To consist	成る/ 構成 (する)	Naru * (to consist of; to be composed of; to be made up of)/ Kōsei (suru) * (composition; construction; formation; makeup; structure; organization; organisation)
Verb-oth	To consist (to consist of)	構成される (構成される)	Kōsei sareru (kōsei sareru)
Verb-oth	To consort	交際 (する)	Kōsai (suru)
Verb-oth	To conspire	共謀 (する)	Kyōbō (suru)
Verb-oth	To constitute	構成 (する)	Kōsei (suru)
Verb-oth	To consume	消費 (する)	Shōhi (suru)
Verb-oth	To content	満足 (する)	Manzoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To continue doing	やり続ける	Yari tsudzukeru
Verb-oth	To contour	輪郭を描く	Rinkaku o egaku
Verb-oth	To contradict	矛盾 (する)	Mujun (suru)
Verb-oth	To contrast	対照 (する)	taishō (suru)
Verb-oth	To contribute	貢献 (する)	Kōken (suru)
Verb-oth	To converge	収束 (する)	Shūsoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To converse	会話 (する)	kaiwa (suru)
Verb-oth	To convey	伝える	Tsutaeru

Verb-oth	To convoke	招集 (する)	Shōshū (suru)
Verb-oth	To convulse	けいれん (する)	keiren (suru)
Verb-oth	To cook up	作り上げる	Tsukuriageru
Verb-oth	To corner	コーナーにする	Kōnā ni suru
Verb-oth	To corroborate	確証 (する)	kakushō (suru)
Verb-oth	To cost a fortune	大金がかかる	Taikin ga kakaru
Verb-oth	To counsel	助言する	Jogen suru
Verb-oth	To count out	除外 (する)	Jogai (suru)
Verb-oth	To counter	対抗 (する)	Taikō (suru)
Verb-oth	To counterattack (to counter-attack)	反撃 (する) (反撃 (する))	Hangeki (suru) (hangeki (suru))
Verb-oth	To counterfeit	偽造 (する)	Gizō (suru)
Verb-oth	To counterpoint	反論 (する)	Hanron (suru)
Verb-oth	To course	コースにする (コースする)/ 経過 (する)	Kōsu ni suru (kōsu suru) * (course; route; trail/ course (of study); program/ course (of action); policy; track; path)/ Keika (suru) * (progress; development; course (of events))
Verb-oth	To cower	怯える	Obieru
Verb-oth	To crack	ひび割れる	hibi wareru
Verb-oth	To crack open	こじ開ける	Kojiakeru
Verb-oth	To crack open the window	窓をこじ開ける	Mado o kojiakeru
Verb-oth	To crackle	パチパチ音を立てる	Pachipachi otowotateru
Verb-oth	To cram	詰め込む	Tsumekomu
Verb-oth	To cramp	窮屈になる/ けいれんする	Kyūkutsu ni naru/ Keiren suru
Verb-oth	To crave	切望 (する)	Setsubō (suru)
Verb-oth	To crease	折り目をつける	Orime o tsukeru
Verb-oth	To cripple	不自由にする	Fujiyū ni suru
Verb-oth	To crown (to coronate)	戴冠 (する) (戴冠 (する))	Taikan (suru) (taikan (suru))
Verb-oth	To crumble	崩れる	kuzureru
Verb-oth	To crunch	カリカリ (する)	karikari (suru)
Verb-oth	To crush	潰す	Tsubusu
Verb-oth	To cuddle	抱きしめる	Dakishimeru
Verb-oth	To cue	キューする	Kyū suru
Verb-oth	To cull	淘汰	Tōta
Verb-oth	To culminate	頂点に達する	chōten ni tassuru
Verb-oth	To curb	縁石にする	enshiki ni suru
Verb-oth	To curl up	丸まる	Marumaru
Verb-oth	To cuss	ののしる	nonoshiru
Verb-oth	To cut back	節約 (する)	setsuyaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To cut into pieces	切り刻む	Kirikizamu
Verb-oth	To cut off (to chop off)	断ち切る (切り落とす)	Tachikiru (kiriotosu)
Verb-oth	To cut out	切る	Kiru
Verb-oth	To cut short	短くする	Mijikaku suru
Verb-oth	To cut short (to cut someone short)	手抜きする (誰かを手抜きする)	Tenuki suru (dareka o tenuki suru)
Verb-oth	To damp one's spirit (dampens one's spirit)	精神を弱める	Seishin wo yowameru
Verb-oth	To dance to the music	音楽に合わせて踊る	Ongaku ni awasete odoru
Verb-oth	To dapple	まだらにする	Madara ni suru

Verb-oth	To darken	暗くする	Kuraku suru
Verb-oth	To dart	飛びかかる	Tobikakaru
Verb-oth	To dart up	飛び上がる	Tobiagaru
Verb-oth	To dash	突進 (する)	Tosshin (suru)
Verb-oth	To dawdle	ぐずぐず (する)	guzuguzu (suru)
Verb-oth	To daydream	空想 (する)	Kūsō (suru)
Verb-oth	To daze	ぼんやり (する)/ 混乱させる/ ぼーっとする	Bon'yari (suru)/ Konran saseru/ Bootto suru
Verb-oth	To decompose	分解 (する)	Bunkai (suru)
Verb-oth	To deduce	推論 (する)	Suiron (suru)
Verb-oth	To deem	みなす	minasu
Verb-oth	To defer	延期 (する)	enki (suru)
Verb-oth	To defile	汚す	Yogosu
Verb-oth	To deflect	逸らす	sorasu
Verb-oth	To defuse	解除 (する)	Kaijo (suru)
Verb-oth	To degenerate	墮落 (する)	Daraku (suru)
Verb-oth	To delegate	委任 (する)	inin (suru)
Verb-oth	To delight in	喜ぶために	yorokobu tame ni
Verb-oth	To deliver the message	メッセージを伝える	Messeji o tsutaeru
Verb-oth	To deluge	洪水になる	Kouzui ni naru
Verb-oth	To delve	掘り下げる	Horisageru
Verb-oth	To delve into	掘り下げる	horisageru
Verb-oth	To demand justice	正義を要求する	Seigi o yōkyū suru
Verb-oth	To demilitarize	非軍事化 (する)	Higunjika (suru)
Verb-oth	To demonstrate	実証 (する)	Jisshō (suru)
Verb-oth	To demoralize	士気を低下させる	shiki o teika saseru
Verb-oth	To denote	示す	Shimesu
Verb-oth	To depict	描写 (する)	Byōsha (suru)
Verb-oth	To deplete	枯渇させる	Kokatsu saseru
Verb-oth	To deport	国外追放 (する)	Kokugai tsuihō (suru)
Verb-oth	To depose	解任 (する)	Kainin (suru)
Verb-oth	To deposited	預ける	azukeru
Verb-oth	To deprave	墮落させる	Daraku saseru
Verb-oth	To depress	落ち込む	ochikomu
Verb-oth	To deprive	剥奪 (する)	Hakudatsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To derail	脱線 (する)	Dassen (suru)
Verb-oth	To desert	捨てる	suteru
Verb-oth	To destabilize	不安定にする	fuantei ni suru
Verb-oth	To de-stress	ストレスを解消する	Sutoresu wo kaishou suru
Verb-oth	To destruct	破壊 (する)	Hakai (suru)
Verb-oth	To detain	拘留	Kōryū
Verb-oth	To detect	検出 (する)	Kenshutsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To deter	阻止 (する)/ 抑止 (する)	Soshi (suru)/ Yokushi (suru)
Verb-oth	To deteriorate	劣化 (する)/ 悪化 (する)	Rekka (suru) * (deterioration (in quality, performance, etc.); degradation; worsening/ (visible) aging; becoming unattractive (due to aging))/ Akka (suru) * (deterioration; getting worse; worsening; aggravation; degeneration; corruption)
Verb-oth	To devastate	荒廃させる/ 壊滅 (する)	Kōhai saseru/ Kaimetsu (suru)

Verb-oth	To dew	露にする	Tsuyu ni suru
Verb-oth	To diagnose	診断 (する)	Shindan (suru)
Verb-oth	To die out	滅びる/ 消滅 (する)	Horobiru/ Shōmetsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To differentiate	区別する	Kubetsu suru
Verb-oth	To diffuse	拡散 (する)	Kakusan (suru)
Verb-oth	To dig out	掘り出す	hori dasu
Verb-oth	To dig up	掘り出す	hori dasu
Verb-oth	To digest	消化 (する)	Shōka (suru)
Verb-oth	To digest	消化 (する)	Shouka (suru)
Verb-oth	To dilapidate	荒廃 (する)	Kouhai (suru)
Verb-oth	To dilate	膨張 (する)	Bouchou (suru)
Verb-oth	To dilly-dally	ぐずぐず (する)	guzuguzu (suru)
Verb-oth	To dilute	薄まる	Usumaru
Verb-oth	To dim	暗く (する)	Kuraku (suru)
Verb-oth	To dim the lights	照明を暗く (する)	Shōmei o kuraku (suru)
Verb-oth	To dimple	えくぼ	ekubo
Verb-oth	To ding	チン	chin
Verb-oth	To dip	漬ける (浸ける)	Tsukeru
Verb-oth	To disable	無効にする	Mukōnisuru
Verb-oth	To disarm	武装解除 (する) (武装を解除する)	Busō kaijo (suru) (busō o kaijo suru)
Verb-oth	To disband	解散 (する)	kaisan suru
Verb-oth	To disbelieve	信じない	Shinjinai
Verb-oth	To discard	捨てる	Suteru
Verb-oth	To discern	識別 (する)	Shikibetsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To discerp	識別する	Shikibetsu suru
Verb-oth	To disconcert	当惑させる	touwaku saseru
Verb-oth	To discourage	落胆 (する)	Rakutan (suru)
Verb-oth	To disfigure	外観を損なう	Gaikan o sokonau
Verb-oth	To disgust	嫌悪感を抱く	Ken'o-kan o daku
Verb-oth	To dishevel	乱れる	Midareru
Verb-oth	To disintegrate	崩壊 (する)	hōkai (suru)
Verb-oth	To dislocate	脱臼 (する)	dasshuu (suru)
Verb-oth	To dismember	バラバラにする	Barabara ni suru
Verb-oth	To dispatch	発送 (する)	hassō (suru)
Verb-oth	To displace	置き換える	okikaeru
Verb-oth	To display	表示 (する)	Hyōji (suru)
Verb-oth	To dispute	異議を唱える	Igiwotonaeru
Verb-oth	To disrupt	混乱させる	Konran saseru
Verb-oth	To dissipate	消散 (する)	Shōsan (suru)
Verb-oth	To dissolve	解消 (する)	kaishō (suru)
Verb-oth	To distort	歪める	yugameru
Verb-oth	To ditch	捨てる	Suteru
Verb-oth	To dive into	飛び込む	Tobikomu
Verb-oth	To diversify	多様化 (する)	Tayō-ka (suru)
Verb-oth	To divest	剥奪	Hakudatsu
Verb-oth	To divulge	漏らす	Morasu
Verb-oth	To do honor to	名誉を与える	Meiyo wo ataeru
Verb-oth	To do research	研究をする	Kenkyū o suru
Verb-oth	To do something stupid	愚かなことをする	Orokana koto o suru
Verb-oth	To do the dishes	皿洗いをする	sara arai wo suru

Verb-oth	To do the right thing (doing the right thing)	正しいことをする (正しいことをする)	Tadashii koto o suru (tadashii koto o suru)
Verb-oth	To do together	一緒にやる	Issho ni yaru
Verb-oth	To do up	停電(する)	teiden (suru)
Verb-oth	To do what is right	正しいことをする	tadashii koto o suru
Verb-oth	To do your homework	宿題をする	Shukudai o suru
Verb-oth	To don	着用	Chakuyō
Verb-oth	To dong	ドン	don
Verb-oth	To dot	点を打つ	ten o utsu
Verb-oth	To douse	水をかける	Mizu o kakeru
Verb-oth	To downsize	規模を縮小する	Kibo o shukushō suru
Verb-oth	To dowse	ダウジングする	Daujingu suru
Verb-oth	To dox	暴露	Bakuro
Verb-oth	To drag	引きずる	Hikizuru
Verb-oth	To drag down	引き下げる	hikisageru
Verb-oth	To drag in (to drag someone into something)	引きずり込む (誰かを何かに引きずり込む)	Hikizurikomu (dareka o nanika ni hikizurikomu)
Verb-oth	To drape	覆う	Oou
Verb-oth	To draw back	撤退(する)	Tettai (suru)
Verb-oth	To draw cards	カードを引く	Kādo o hiku
Verb-oth	To draw closer	近づく	Chikadzuku
Verb-oth	To draw the curtains	カーテンを引く	Kāten o hiku
Verb-oth	To dread	恐れる	Osoreru
Verb-oth	To dredge	に浚渫	Ni shunsatsu
Verb-oth	To dredge up (to dredge something up)	浚渫(する)(何かを浚渫する)	Shunsatsu (suru) (Nanika o shunsatsu suru)
Verb-oth	To drench	びしょ濡れにする	Bishonure ni suru
Verb-oth	To dribble	ドリブル(する)	Doriburu (suru)
Verb-oth	To drift away	消える	kieru
Verb-oth	To drift off	消え去る	kie saru
Verb-oth	To drill	ドリル(する)	Doriru (suru)
Verb-oth	To drink plenty of water	水をたくさん飲む	Mizu o takusan nomu
Verb-oth	To drink water	水を飲む	Mizu o nomu
Verb-oth	To drive away	追い払う	Oiharau
Verb-oth	To drive by	通り過ぎる	tōrisugiru
Verb-oth	To drizzle	霧雨にする	Kirisame ni suru
Verb-oth	To drool	よだれを垂らす	Yo dare o tarasu
Verb-oth	To drop by	立ち寄る	tachiyoru
Verb-oth	To drop by	立ち寄る	Tachiyoru
Verb-oth	To drop off	立ち去る	tachisaru
Verb-oth	To drop out	ドロップアウト(する)	doroppu auto (suru)
Verb-oth	To drop out of sight	視界から消える	Shikai kara kieru
Verb-oth	To drown	溺れる	Oboreru
Verb-oth	To drudge	苦勞(する)	Kurō (suru)
Verb-oth	To drug	麻薬に	Mayaku ni
Verb-oth	To drum	ドラムをたたく	Doramu o tatau
Verb-oth	To dry out	乾燥(する)	Kansō (suru)
Verb-oth	To dump	捨てる/ を投げ捨てます	Suteru/ O nagesutemasu
Verb-oth	To dust	ほこりを払う	Hokori o harau

Verb-oth	To earth	土に	tsuchi ni
Verb-oth	To echo	反響 (する)	hankyō (suru)
Verb-oth	To edge	エッジをきかせる	Ejji o kikaseru
Verb-oth	To edge away	遠ざける	Tozakeru
Verb-oth	To edify	啓発 (する)	Keihatsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To elate	大喜び (する)	ooyorokobi (suru)
Verb-oth	To electrify	感電させる	Kanden saseru
Verb-oth	To elevate	高揚させる	Kōyō saseru
Verb-oth	To elicit	引き出す	Hikidasu
Verb-oth	To eliminate	排除 (する)	haijo (suru)
Verb-oth	To elude	逃れる	Nogareru
Verb-oth	To embalm	防腐処理 (する)	Bōfu shori (suru)
Verb-oth	To embroider	刺繍する	Shishuu suru
Verb-oth	To emerge	出現 (する)	Shutsugen (suru)
Verb-oth	To emit	発する	Hassuru
Verb-oth	To enact	制定	Seitei
Verb-oth	To encircle	囲む	Kakomu * (to surround; to encircle; to enclose; to fence; to wall in/ to besiege; to lay siege to)
Verb-oth	To enclose	囲む	Kakomu
Verb-oth	To encode	エンコード (する)	Enkōdo (suru)
Verb-oth	To encompass	包含 (する)/ 包囲 (する)	Hōgan (suru)/ Hōi (suru)
Verb-oth	To end up regretting something	後悔することになる	Kōkai suru koto ni naru
Verb-oth	To endear	愛情のこもった	Aijou no komotta
Verb-oth	To endeavor	努力 (する)	Doryoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To endorse	裏書 (する)	uragaki (suru)
Verb-oth	To enforce	強制 (する)	kyōsei suru
Verb-oth	To engrave	彫る	Horu
Verb-oth	To engross	夢中になる/ 夢中にさせる	Muchūninaru/ Muchuu ni saseru
Verb-oth	To engulf	飲み込む	Nomikomu
Verb-oth	To enkindle	燃え立たせる	Moetataseru
Verb-oth	To enliven	活気づける	kakki dzukeru
Verb-oth	To enrapture	うっとり (する)	uttori (suru)
Verb-oth	To enrich	豊かにする	yutaka ni suru
Verb-oth	To enroll	登録 (する)	touroku (suru)
Verb-oth	To enslave	奴隷にする	Dorei ni suru
Verb-oth	To ensnare	罠にかける	wana ni kakeru
Verb-oth	To ensure	確実にする	Kakujitsu ni suru
Verb-oth	To enthrall	魅了 (する)	miryō suru
Verb-oth	To entice	誘惑 (する)	Yūwaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To entreat	懇願 (する)	Kongan (suru)
Verb-oth	To entrench	根付かせる	nezukaseru
Verb-oth	To envelop	包み込む	tsutsumikomu
Verb-oth	To envision	想像 (する)/ 思い描く	Sōzō (suru)/ Omoiegaku
Verb-oth	To envy	羨む	Urayamu
Verb-oth	To eradicate	根絶 (する)	Konzetsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To erase	消す	kesu
Verb-oth	To estrange (to alienate)	疎遠にする	Soen ni suru

Verb-oth	To etch	刻む	Kizamu
Verb-oth	To eulogize	称賛 (する)	shōsan (suru)
Verb-oth	To evade taxes	脱税 (する)	Datsuzei (suru)
Verb-oth	To evict	立ち退かせる	tachinokaseru
Verb-oth	To exasperate	激怒させる	Gekido saseru
Verb-oth	To except	除外 (する)	Jogai (suru)
Verb-oth	To excite	興奮させる	Kōfun saseru
Verb-oth	To exclaim	叫ぶ	sakebu
Verb-oth	To excuse	言い訳 (する)	Īwake (suru)
Verb-oth	To exfoliate	剥がれる	Hagareru
Verb-oth	To exorcise	祓う	Harau
Verb-oth	To experiment	実験 (する)	Jikken (suru)
Verb-oth	To exploit	搾取 (する)	Sakushu (suru)
Verb-oth	To expose	暴露 (する)	Bakuro (suru)
Verb-oth	To express	表現 (する)	Hyōgen (suru)
Verb-oth	To extend an olive branch (you should extend an olive branch)	和平の手を差し伸べる (和平の手を差し伸べるべき)	Wahei no te o sashinoberu (wahei no te o sashinoberu beki)
Verb-oth	To exterminate	根絶 (する)	konzetsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To extinguish	消す	kesu
Verb-oth	To extinguish a candle	ろうそくを消す	rōsoku o kesu
Verb-oth	To exude	滲み出す	Shimidasu
Verb-oth	To exult	大喜び (する)	ooyorokobi (suru)
Verb-oth	To face	向き合う	Mukiau
Verb-oth	To facepalm	顔面を手で覆う	Ganmen o te de ōu
Verb-oth	To fade	色褪せる	Iroaseru
Verb-oth	To fade into the night (faded into the night)	夜に消えていく (夜に消えていく)	Yoru ni kieteiku (yoru ni kieteiku)
Verb-oth	To fade out	フェードアウト (する)	Fēdoauto (suru)
Verb-oth	To fall back	後退 (する)	Kōtai (suru)
Verb-oth	To fall for something (to buy into)	何かに夢中になる (夢中になる)	Nanika ni muchūninaru (muchūninaru)
Verb-oth	To fall out	仲たがいする	nakatagai suru
Verb-oth	To falsify	偽造 (する)	Gizō (suru)
Verb-oth	To falter	揺らぐ	Yuragu
Verb-oth	To familiarize	なじむ	Najimu
Verb-oth	To fascinate	魅了 (する)	Miryō (suru)
Verb-oth	To fast	断食	Danjiki
Verb-oth	To fast forward	早送り (する)	Hayaokuri (suru)
Verb-oth	To father	父に	Chichi ni
Verb-oth	To fatigue	疲労する	Hirou suru
Verb-oth	To faze	動揺 (する)	douyou (suru)
Verb-oth	To feel indebted	恩義を感じる	Ongi o kanjiru
Verb-oth	To feel jumpy (to be a little jumpy)	ビクビク (する) (少しビクビク (する))	Bikubiku (suru) (sukoshi bikubiku (suru))
Verb-oth	To feel like	感じる	Kanjiru
Verb-oth	To feel responsible	責任を感じる	sekinin o kanjiru
Verb-oth	To feign	偽る	Itsuwaru
Verb-oth	To felicitate	祝福 (する)	shukufuku (suru)
Verb-oth	To fend off	撃退 (する)	Gekitai (suru)

Verb-oth	To fete	祝う	Iwau
Verb-oth	To fidget	そわそわ(する)	sowasowa (suru)
Verb-oth	To fight back	反撃(する)	Hangeki (suru)
Verb-oth	To figure out something (to figure something out)	何かを理解する(何かを理解する)	Nanika o rikai suru (nanika o rikai suru)
Verb-oth	To fill up with gasoline	ガソリンを満タンにする	gasorin o mantan ni suru
Verb-oth	To filter	フィルター(する)	Firutā (suru)
Verb-oth	To finance	資金を提供する/ 会計(をする)/ 金融(をする)	Shikin o teikyō suru * (to provide funding)/ Kaikei (o suru) * (accounting; finance; account; reckoning)/ Kin'yū (o suru) * (finance; financing; credit transacting; loaning of money; circulation of money)
Verb-oth	To find connection	つながりを見つける	tsunagari wo mitsukeru
Verb-oth	To find solace	慰めを見つける	Nagusame o mitsukeru
Verb-oth	To finish doing (to end doing)	やり終える(やり終える)	Yari oeru (yari oeru)
Verb-oth	To firm	しっかり(する)	Shikkari (suru)
Verb-oth	To fissure	亀裂を生じさせる	Kiretsu o shōjisaseru
Verb-oth	To fixate	固執(する)	koshū (suru)
Verb-oth	To fixate	固執(する)	Koshitsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To flag	旗を振る	Hatawofuru
Verb-oth	To flag something down (to flag someone down)	何かをフラグで止める (誰かをフラグで止める)	Nanika o furagu de tomeru (dareka o furagu de toomeru)
Verb-oth	To flail	ばたばた(する)	Batabata (suru)
Verb-oth	To flake	剥離(する)	Hakuri (suru)
Verb-oth	To flame out	燃え尽きる	moe tsukiru
Verb-oth	To flare	燃え上がる	Moeagaru
Verb-oth	To flare (to flare up)	燃え上がる	Moeagaru
Verb-oth	To flare up	燃え上がる	moeagaru
Verb-oth	To flatten	平らにする	taira ni suru
Verb-oth	To flaunt	誇示(する)	koji (suru)
Verb-oth	To flavor	風味をつける	Fūmi o tsukeru
Verb-oth	To flicker	ちらつく	Chiratsuku * (to flicker; to glimmer; to flit/ to fall lightly (snow, rain))
Verb-oth	To flinch	ひるむ(怯む)	Hirumu
Verb-oth	To fling	投げつける	Nagetsukeru
Verb-oth	To flip	ひっくり返す	Hikkurikaesu
Verb-oth	To flip through	めくる	Mekuru
Verb-oth	To flip through the channels	チャンネルをめくる	Chan'neru o mekuru
Verb-oth	To flip up	フリップアップ(する)	Furippu appu (suru)
Verb-oth	To float away	浮かぶ	ukabu
Verb-oth	To flop	フロップ(する)	Fuoppu (suru)
Verb-oth	To fluff	ふわふわにする	Fuwafuwa ni suru
Verb-oth	To fluff the pillow	枕をふわふわにする	Makura o fuwafuwa ni suru
Verb-oth	To flunk	失敗(する)	Shippai (suru)
Verb-oth	To flurry	慌てる	Awateru
Verb-oth	To foil	引き立てる	Hikitateru

Verb-oth	To fold	折りたたむ (折り畳む)/ 折る	Oritatamu/ Oru
Verb-oth	To follow up	フォローアップ (する)	Forōappu (suru)
Verb-oth	To fondle	愛撫 (する)	Aibu (suru)
Verb-oth	To forage	採餌 (する)	Saiji (suru)
Verb-oth	To foresee	予見 (する)	Yoken (suru)
Verb-oth	To foreshadow	伏線を張る	Fukusenwoharu
Verb-oth	To forfeit	没収 (する)	bosshuu (suru)
Verb-oth	To forge	偽造する	Gizou suru
Verb-oth	To forgo	放棄 (する)	Hōki (suru)
Verb-oth	To form	形成 (する)	keisei suru
Verb-oth	To forsake	捨てる	suteru
Verb-oth	To fortify	強化 (する)	Kyōka (suru)
Verb-oth	To forward	早送り (する)	Hayaokuri (suru)
Verb-oth	To foster	育てる	sodateru
Verb-oth	To foul	ファウル (する)	Fauru (suru)
Verb-oth	To fragment	断片化 (する)	Danpenka (suru)
Verb-oth	To frame	フレーム (する)	Furēmu (suru)
Verb-oth	To frame someone	誰かをフレームに入れる	Dareka o furēmu ni ireru
Verb-oth	To fray	擦り切れる	Surikireru
Verb-oth	To fray	ほつれる	hotsureru
Verb-oth	To freak out	びっくり (する)	Bikkuri (suru)
Verb-oth	To freak out	パニックになる	Panikku ni naru
Verb-oth	To freeze up	固まる	Katamaru
Verb-oth	To fret	心配 (する)	Shinpai (suru)
Verb-oth	To frighten	怖がらせる	Kowagaraseru
Verb-oth	To fringe	フリンジにする	furindji ni suru
Verb-oth	To frown	眉をひそめる	Mayuwohisomeru
Verb-oth	To fuddle	混乱 (する)	Konran (suru)
Verb-oth	To fudge	ごまかす (誤摩化す)	gomakasu
Verb-oth	To fuel	燃料を補給する	Nenryō o hokyū suru
Verb-oth	To fumigate	燻蒸 (する)	Kunjou (suru)
Verb-oth	To fund	資金を提供する	Shikin o teikyō suru
Verb-oth	To furnish	調度品を揃える	Choudohin o soroeru
Verb-oth	To furrow	しわを寄せる/ 畝を立てる	Shiwa o yoseru/ Une o tateru
Verb-oth	To furrow your eyebrows	眉間にしわを寄せる	miken ni shiwa o yoseru
Verb-oth	To further	さらに進む	Sarani susumu
Verb-oth	To gaggle	群れる	mureru
Verb-oth	To gain the upper hand	優位に立つ	yūi ni tatsu
Verb-oth	To garden	庭にする	Niwa ni suru
Verb-oth	To gaslight	ガス灯を灯す	Gasutou wo tomosu
Verb-oth	To gawk	見つめる	mitsumeru
Verb-oth	To gear	ギアを入れる	gia o ireru
Verb-oth	To gear up	ギアを上げる	gia o ageru
Verb-oth	To gentle	優しくする	Yasashiku suru
Verb-oth	To get a loan	融資を受ける	Yūshi o ukeru
Verb-oth	To get a rise	立ち上がる	Tachiagaru
Verb-oth	To get along with	仲良くする	nakayoku suru
Verb-oth	To get at	近づく	chikazuku
Verb-oth	To get back	取り戻す	torimodosu

Verb-oth	To get banned	禁止される	Kinshi sareru
Verb-oth	To get burnt	やけど(する)	yakedo (suru)
Verb-oth	To get confused	混乱(する)	Konran (suru)
Verb-oth	To get down	降ろす	orosu
Verb-oth	To get excited about	興奮(する)	Kōfun (suru)
Verb-oth	To get help	助けを得る	Tasuke o eru
Verb-oth	To get on the horse (get on your horse)	馬に乗る(馬に乗る)	Uma ni noru (uma ni noru)
Verb-oth	To get set	準備(する)	Junbi (suru)
Verb-oth	To get soft	甘やかす	Amayakasu
Verb-oth	To get together	集まる	Atsumaru
Verb-oth	To geyser	噴出(する)	Funshutsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To giddy	めまいがする(目眩がする)	Memai ga suru
Verb-oth	To ginger	生姜へ	Shōga e
Verb-oth	To give a lift (to give someone/ something a lift)	乗せてあげる/ 乗せる (誰か/何かを乗せる)	Nosete ageru/ Noseru (dare ka/ nanika o noseru)
Verb-oth	To give a ride (to give someone a ride)	乗せてあげる/ 乗せる (誰かを乗せる)	Nosete ageru/ Noseru (dareka o noseru)
Verb-oth	To give an electric shock	電気ショックを与える	denki shokku o ataeru
Verb-oth	To give another try	もう一度試す	Mou ichido tamesu
Verb-oth	To give away	譲渡(する)	Jōto (suru)
Verb-oth	To give feedback	フィードバックを提供する	Fīdobakku o teikyō suru
Verb-oth	To give notice	通知(する)	Tsūchi (suru)
Verb-oth	To give off light	光を放つ	Hikariwohanatsu
Verb-oth	To give up on	諦める	Akirameru
Verb-oth	To give way	譲る	yuzuru
Verb-oth	To glance	ちらっと見る	Chiratto miru
Verb-oth	To glaze	艶をかける	Tsuya o kakeru
Verb-oth	To gleam	光る	Hikaru
Verb-oth	To glean	収穫(する)	Shūkaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To glimpse	ちらっと見る	Chiratto miru
Verb-oth	To glisten	光る	Hikaru
Verb-oth	To gloom	憂鬱にする	yuuutsu ni suru
Verb-oth	To glorify	栄光を与える	eikou o ataeru
Verb-oth	To glory	栄光にする	eikou ni suru
Verb-oth	To glue	接着(する)/ 付ける(つける)	Setchaku (suru) * (adhesion; glueing; gluing; bonding; binding; adhering; fastening)/ Tsukeru * (to attach; to join; to connect; to add; to append; to affix; to stick; to glue; to fasten; to sew on; to apply (ointment); to put against)
Verb-oth	To gnaw	かじる	Kajiru
Verb-oth	To go about something	何かをする	Nani ka o suru
Verb-oth	To go along	同調する	Dōchō suru
Verb-oth	To go ballistic	激怒(する)	Gekido (suru)
Verb-oth	To go beyond your limits (going beyond your limits)	限界を超える(限界を超える)	genkai o koeru (genkai o koeru)

Verb-oth	To go downhill	仕事の話	Shigoto no hanashi
Verb-oth	To go into a huff	怒る	Okoru
Verb-oth	To go left (to go to the left)	左に行く (左に行く)	hidari ni iku (hidari ni iku)
Verb-oth	To go overboard	行き過ぎてしまう	Ikisugite shimau
Verb-oth	To go right (to go to the right)	右に行く (右に行く)	migi ni iku (migi ni iku)
Verb-oth	To go slowly	ゆっくり行く	yukkuri iku
Verb-oth	To go straight ahead	まっすぐ進む	massugu susumu
Verb-oth	To go the bathroom	トイレに行く	Toire ni iku
Verb-oth	To go to sleep	眠る	nemuru
Verb-oth	To go under	下に行く =	shita ni iku
Verb-oth	To goad	煽る	aoru
Verb-oth	To goggle	ゴーグル (する)	Gōguru (suru)
Verb-oth	To gore (to impale)	流血 (する) (突き刺す)	Ryūketsu (suru) (tsukisasu)
Verb-oth	To grace	恩恵を与える	onkei o ataeru
Verb-oth	To grant	許可 (する)	kyoka (suru)
Verb-oth	To grant rights (to give rights)	権利を与える (権利を与える)	Kenri o ataeru (kenri o ataeru)
Verb-oth	To grasp	把握 (する)	Haaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To gravel	砂利を敷く	jari o shiku
Verb-oth	To grease	グリースを塗る	Gurīsu o nuru
Verb-oth	To green	緑になる	Midori ni naru
Verb-oth	To grill	グリルする	Guriru suru
Verb-oth	To grime	汚れる	Yogoreru
Verb-oth	To grind	研ぐ	Togu
Verb-oth	To grip	握り	Nigiri
Verb-oth	To grit	根性を発揮する	Konjō o hakki suru
Verb-oth	To groan (to moan)	うめき声をあげる (うめき声をあげる)	Umekigoe o ageru (umekigoe o ageru)
Verb-oth	To ground	地に足をつける	Ji ni ashi o tsukeru
Verb-oth	To ground	地に足をつける	Chi ni ashi o tsukeru
Verb-oth	To grovel	卑屈になる	hikutsu ni naru
Verb-oth	To grunt	うめく	umeku
Verb-oth	To grunt	うなり声を上げる	unari goe o ageru
Verb-oth	To guerdon	ゲルドンする	gerudon suru
Verb-oth	To guilt trip	罪悪感を抱かせる	zaiakukan o idakaseru
Verb-oth	To gun	銃を撃つ	Juu o utsu
Verb-oth	To gun down	銃で撃ち殺す	Juu de uchikorosu
Verb-oth	To gurgle	ゴボゴボ	gobogobo
Verb-oth	To gut	腹を立てる	Hara o tateru
Verb-oth	To habituate	慣れる	Nareru
Verb-oth	To hack	切り刻む	Kirikizamu
Verb-oth	To had better (to had better do something)	したほうがよい (何かをしたほうがよい)	Shita hō ga yoi (nanika o shita hō ga yoi)
Verb-oth	To hallow	神聖化 (する)	Shinseika (suru)
Verb-oth	To hallucinate	幻覚を起こす	Genkaku o okosu
Verb-oth	To halt	停止 (する)	Teishi (suru)
Verb-oth	To hammer	ハンマー	hanmaa
Verb-oth	To hamper	妨害	Bōgai

Verb-oth	To hand	手に	te ni
Verb-oth	To hand out (to hand something out)	配る (何かを配る)	Kubaru (nanika o kubaru)
Verb-oth	To handle the truth	真実に対処する	shinjitsu ni taisho suru
Verb-oth	To hang out with	付き合う	Tsukiau
Verb-oth	To harbor	抱く	daku
Verb-oth	To harbor a grudge (to harbor ill-feelings)	恨みを抱く (悪感情を抱く)	urami wo daku (akkanjou wo daku)
Verb-oth	To harmonize	調和 (する)	Chōwa (suru)
Verb-oth	To harness	ハーネスにする	Hānesu ni suru
Verb-oth	To hatch	孵化 (する)	fuka (suru)
Verb-oth	To haul	引っ張る	Hipparu
Verb-oth	To have a penchant for	好みがある	Konomi ga aru
Verb-oth	To have an aversion	嫌悪感を抱く	Ken'o-kan o daku
Verb-oth	To have breakfast	朝食を食べる	Chōshoku o taberu
Verb-oth	To have dinner	夕食を食べる	Yūshoku o taberu
Verb-oth	To have lunch	昼食を食べる	Chūshoku o taberu
Verb-oth	To have one's limits	限界がある	genkai ga aru
Verb-oth	To have something going (to have something going on)	何かが進む (何かが進む)	Nanika ga susumu (nanika ga susumu)
Verb-oth	To haze	もやもや (する/ と)	Moyamoya (suru/ to)
Verb-oth	To haze	もやをさせる	Moya o saseru
Verb-oth	To head back (to head back to)	引き返す	Hikikaesu
Verb-oth	To head out	出かける	Dekakeru
Verb-oth	To headbutt	頭突きする	zutsuki suru
Verb-oth	To heap	積み上げる	Tsumuageru
Verb-oth	To heap up	積み上げる	Tsumuageru
Verb-oth	To heave	盛り上がる	Moriagaru
Verb-oth	To heave	吐く	haku
Verb-oth	To hedge	生け垣にする	Ikegaki ni suru
Verb-oth	To heel	かかとへ	Kakato e
Verb-oth	To heft	重い	Omoi
Verb-oth	To heighten	高める	takameru
Verb-oth	To heighten (to make higher)	高める (高くする)	Takameru (takaku suru)
Verb-oth	To help out (to help someone/ somebody out)	助ける (誰かを助ける)	Tasukeru (dareka o tasukeru)
Verb-oth	To hibernate	冬眠 (する)	Tōmin (suru)
Verb-oth	To hide out	隠れる	Kakureru
Verb-oth	To hijack	ハイジャック (する)	Haijaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To hoard	ため込む (溜め込む)	Tamekomu
Verb-oth	To hog	独り占め (する)	Hitorijime (suru)
Verb-oth	To hold down	抑える	osaeru
Verb-oth	To hold on to	しがみつく	shigami tsuku
Verb-oth	To honk	クラクションを鳴らす	kurakushon o narasu
Verb-oth	To honk the horn	クラクションを鳴らす	kurakushon o narasu
Verb-oth	To hood	フードに	Fudo ni

Verb-oth	To hop on	飛び乗る	Tobinoru
Verb-oth	To horn	角をたたく	kado o tataku
Verb-oth	To horrify	ぞっとさせる	Zotto saseru
Verb-oth	To hose down	ホースでホースを下ろす	Hōsu de hōsu o orosu
Verb-oth	To hover	ホバリング (する)	Hobaringu (suru)
Verb-oth	To howl	吠える	Hoeru
Verb-oth	To huff	怒る	Ikari
Verb-oth	To humm	鼻歌を歌う	Hanautawoutau
Verb-oth	To hump	こぶ (瘤) (する)	Kobu (suru)
Verb-oth	To hunger	飢える	Ueru
Verb-oth	To hurl	投げつける	Nagetsukeru
Verb-oth	To hurt	傷つける	Kizutsukeru
Verb-oth	To hush	黙らせる	Damaraseru
Verb-oth	To husk	殻をむく	Kara o muku
Verb-oth	To hydrate	水分補給する	suibun hokyū suru
Verb-oth	To ice	氷にする	Kōri ni suru
Verb-oth	To idealize	理想化 (する)	Risouka (suru)
Verb-oth	To idle	怠ける	Namakeru
Verb-oth	To illuminate	照らす	Terasu
Verb-oth	To illustrate	説明	Setsumei
Verb-oth	To impart	伝える	tsutaeru
Verb-oth	To impede	妨げる	Samatageru
Verb-oth	To implant	埋め込む	Umekomu
Verb-oth	To implicate	巻き込む	makikomu
Verb-oth	To impose	課す/ 課する	Kasu/ Ka suru
Verb-oth	To improvise	即興で	Sokkyō de
Verb-oth	To inaugurate	就任 (する)	Shūnin (suru)
Verb-oth	To incorporate	組み込む	Kumikomu
Verb-oth	To indicate	指示 (する)	Shiji (suru)
Verb-oth	To indicate limits	限界を示す	Genkai wo shimesu
Verb-oth	To induce guilt	罪悪感を抱かせる	zaiakukan o idakaseru
Verb-oth	To induct	入会 (する)	Nyūkai (suru)
Verb-oth	To infer	推測 (する)	Suisoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To infiltrate	侵入 (する)	Shinnyū (suru)
Verb-oth	To infix	挿入 (する)	Sōnyū (suru)
Verb-oth	To inflame	激怒させる	gekido saseru
Verb-oth	To ingather	集める	Atsumeru
Verb-oth	To ingrain	染み込む	Shimikomu
Verb-oth	To ingrain	根付かせる	nezukaseru
Verb-oth	To inhibit	禁止 (する)	Kinshi (suru)
Verb-oth	To insinuate	ほのめかす (仄めかす)	Honomekasu
Verb-oth	To inspirit	インスピレーションを与える	insupireshon o ataeru
Verb-oth	To intensify	強化 (する)	Kyōka (suru)
Verb-oth	To interlink	連結 (する)	renketsu suru
Verb-oth	To intermingle	混ざる	Mazaru
Verb-oth	To internalize	内面化	Naimenka
Verb-oth	To interpret	解釈 (する)	Kaishaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To intertwine	絡み合う	karamiau
Verb-oth	To intervene	介入 (する)	kainyuu (suru)
Verb-oth	To intrigue	興味をそそる	Kyoumi wo sosoru

Verb-oth	To intrude	邪魔 (する)	Jama (suru)
Verb-oth	To inundate	浸水 (する)	Shinsui (suru)
Verb-oth	To inveigle	包み込む	Tsutsumikomu
Verb-oth	To investigate	調べる	Shiraberu
Verb-oth	To jabber	しゃべる	Shaberu
Verb-oth	To jaunt	小旅行	Shōryokō
Verb-oth	To jeopartize	危険にさらす	kiken ni sarasu
Verb-oth	To jerk	ジャーク (する)	Jāku (suru)
Verb-oth	To jet	ジェット機で	Jetto-ki de
Verb-oth	To jog someone's memory	誰かの記憶を呼び起こす	dareka no kioku wo yobikokosu
Verb-oth	To jolt	衝撃	Shōgeki
Verb-oth	To joy	喜び (する)/ 大喜び (する)	yorokobi (suru) / ooyorokobi (suru)
Verb-oth	To juggle	巧みに操る	takumi ni ayatsuru
Verb-oth	To juggle	ジャグリング	Jagguringu
Verb-oth	To justify	正当化 (する)	Seitō-ka (suru)
Verb-oth	To keep a secret	秘密を守る	himitsu wo mamoru
Verb-oth	To keep busy	忙しくする	Isogashiku suru
Verb-oth	To keep company	付き合う	Tsukiau
Verb-oth	To keep in suspense	ハラハラさせる	harahara saseru
Verb-oth	To keep one's chin up	顎を上げ続ける	ago o age tsudzukeru
Verb-oth	To keep quiet	静かにする	Shizukani suru
Verb-oth	To keep something to yourself	何かを自分の中に留めておく	Nanika o jibun no naka ni tomete oku
Verb-oth	To keep under control	管理下に置く	Kanrika ni oku
Verb-oth	To keep under your hat	帽子の下に入れる	Boushi no shita ni ireru
Verb-oth	To keep up (to keep up with)	追いつく (追いつく)	Oitsuku (oitsuku)
Verb-oth	To kick in the door	ドアを蹴破る	Doa o keyaburu
Verb-oth	To kidnap	誘拐 (する)	Yūkai (suru)
Verb-oth	To kindle	火をつける/ 焚く/ 焚きつける/ 掻き立てる/ 点じる/ 点ずる/ キンドル (する)	Hiwotsukeru/ Taku/ Takitsukeru/ Kakitateru/ Tenjiru/ Tenzuru/ Kindoru (suru) * (Kindle (Amazon's e-book reader))
Verb-oth	To kink	キンク (する)	Kinku (suru)
Verb-oth	To kneel	ひざまずく	Hizamazuku
Verb-oth	To knock off	打ち落とす	Uchiotosu
Verb-oth	To knock over	倒す	Taosu
Verb-oth	To know by heart	心で知る	Kokoro de shiru
Verb-oth	To landscape	風景にする	Fūkei ni suru
Verb-oth	To lap	なめる (舐める)	Nameru
Verb-oth	To lash	鞭打つ	Muchiutsu
Verb-oth	To launder	洗濯 (する)	Sentaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To lay out	レイアウト (する)	Reiauto (suru)
Verb-oth	To lead to	導く	Michibiku
Verb-oth	To leak	漏らす	Morasu
Verb-oth	To leap	跳躍 (する)	Chōyaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To learn by heart	暗記 (する)	Anki (suru)
Verb-oth	To leave alone	放っておく	Hanatte oku
Verb-oth	To legalize	合法化 (する)	Gōhōka (suru)

Verb-oth	To lengthen (to make longer)	長くする (長くする)	Nagaku suru (nagaku suru)
Verb-oth	To let down (to let someone down)	失望させる (誰かを失望させる)	shitsubo saseru (dareka o shitsubo saseru)
Verb-oth	To let in	入れる	Ireru
Verb-oth	To let someone in on	誰かを中に入れる	Dareka o-chū ni ireru
Verb-oth	To level to the ground	平らにする	taira ni suru
Verb-oth	To lift	高める/ 差し上げる/ 持ち上げる/ 捧げる/ 吊り上げる/ リフト (する)	Takameru/ Sashiageru/ Mochiageru/ Sasageru/ Tsuriajeru/ Rifuto (suru)
Verb-oth	To lift up	持ち上げる	Mochiageru
Verb-oth	To lift your head up	頭を上げる	atama o ageru
Verb-oth	To light up	ライトアップ (する)	Raitoappu (suru)
Verb-oth	To linger	長引く	Nagabiku
Verb-oth	To linger one's gaze	視線を留める	Shisen o todomeru
Verb-oth	To lionize	もてはやす	Motehayasu
Verb-oth	To live up	生きる	Ikiru
Verb-oth	To live up to	(に) 耐える	(ni) Taeru
Verb-oth	To liven	活気づける	Kakkidzukeru
Verb-oth	To liven up	活気づける	Kakkidzukeru
Verb-oth	To loan	貸す	Kasu
Verb-oth	To loathe	嫌悪 (する)	ken'o (suru)
Verb-oth	To lobby	ロビー活動	Robī katsudō
Verb-oth	To localize	局所化 (する)	Kyokushoka (suru)
Verb-oth	To lock out	締め出す	Shimidasu
Verb-oth	To lock up	閉じ込める/ 施錠 (する)/ 押し込める	Tojikomeru * (to lock up; to shut up; to imprison)/ Sejō (suru) * (locking)/ Oshikomeru * (to shut up; to imprison)
Verb-oth	To lodge	宿泊 (する)	Shukuhaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To log	記録 (する)	Kiroku (suru)
Verb-oth	To long (to long for)	切望 (する)	setsubō (suru)
Verb-oth	To look up	見上げる	Miageru
Verb-oth	To loom	織る	Oru
Verb-oth	To loose	緩める	Yurumeru
Verb-oth	To louden	騒がしい	sawagashii
Verb-oth	To luminesce	発光 (する)	Hakkō (suru)
Verb-oth	To lunge (to lunge into)	突進 (する) (突進 (する))	Tosshin (suru) (tosshin (suru))
Verb-oth	To lurk	潜伏 (する)	Senpuku (suru)
Verb-oth	To magnetize	磁化 (する)	Jika (suru)
Verb-oth	To make a higher bid	入札額を上げる	Nyūsatsu-gaku o ageru
Verb-oth	To make acquaintance	知り合いになる	Shiriai ni naru
Verb-oth	To make amends	償いをする	Tsugunai o suru
Verb-oth	To make coffee	コーヒーを入れる	koohii wo ireru
Verb-oth	To make light of (making light of)	軽視 (する) (軽視 (する))	Keishi (suru) (keishi (suru))
Verb-oth	To make love	愛し合う	aishiau
Verb-oth	To make noise	騒音を出す	Sōon o dasu
Verb-oth	To make one's bed (to make my bed)	自分のベッドを整える (私のベッドを整える)	Jibun no beddo o totonoeru (watashi no beddo o totonoeru)
Verb-oth	To make out	理解 (する)	rikai (suru)

Verb-oth	To make peace	平和を作る	Heiwa o tsukuru
Verb-oth	To make plans	計画を立てる	keikaku wo tateru
Verb-oth	To make redundant	冗長化 (する)	Jōchōka (suru)
Verb-oth	To make sense (to add up)	意味をなす (合計 (する))	Imiwonasu (gōkei (suru))
Verb-oth	To make someone feel welcome	誰かを歓迎する	Dareka o kangei suru
Verb-oth	To make someone laugh	誰かを笑わせる	dareka o warawaseru
Verb-oth	To make someone silent (to make someone quiet)	誰かを黙らせる (静かにさせる)	Dareka o damaraseru (shizukani saseru)
Verb-oth	To make sure	確実にする	kaku jitsu ni suru
Verb-oth	To make trouble (to cause trouble)	トラブルを起こす (トラブルを引き起こす)	Toraburu o okosu (toraburu o hikiokosu)
Verb-oth	To make you feel (to make me feel)	気分を害する (気分を害する)	Kibun o gaisuru (kibun o gaisuru)
Verb-oth	To manifest	明示 (する)	Meiji (suru)
Verb-oth	To manoeuvre	策略 (する)	Sakuryaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To march	行進 (する)	Kōshin (suru)
Verb-oth	To marry up	結婚 (する)	kekkon (suru)
Verb-oth	To mash	マッシュ (する)	Masshu (suru)
Verb-oth	To massage	マッサージ (する)	Massāji (suru)
Verb-oth	To mate	仲間になる	nakama ni naru
Verb-oth	To materialize	具体化 (する)	Gutai-ka (suru)
Verb-oth	To matt	マットにする	Matto ni suru
Verb-oth	To matter	重要	Jūyō
Verb-oth	To max out	最大限に活用する	Saidaigen ni katsuyō suru
Verb-oth	To mean something	意味がある	Imi ga aru
Verb-oth	To meander	蛇行 (する)	Dakou (suru)
Verb-oth	To measure up	計量 (する)	keiryō (suru)
Verb-oth	To meddle	干渉 (する)	Kanshō (suru)
Verb-oth	To meddle	干渉 (する)	Kanshō (suru)
Verb-oth	To mediate	仲介 (する)	Chūkai (suru)
Verb-oth	To meet halfway	途中で会う	Tochū de au
Verb-oth	To menace	脅す	odosu
Verb-oth	To mentor	指導者	Shidōsha
Verb-oth	To mesh	メッシュにする	Messhu ni suru
Verb-oth	To mess	いじる	Ijiru
Verb-oth	To mess with (ie. better not mess with)	いじる (いじらないほうがいい)	Ijiru (ijiranai hō ga ii)
Verb-oth	To metabolize	代謝 (する)	taisha (suru)
Verb-oth	To militarize	軍事化 (する)	Gunjika (suru)
Verb-oth	To mill	うろつく	Urotsuku
Verb-oth	To mimic	まねる (真似る)	Maneru
Verb-oth	To mingle	混ざる	Mazaru
Verb-oth	To minister	奉仕 (する)/ 大臣になる	Hōshi (suru)/ Daijin ni naru
Verb-oth	To mirror	ミラーリング (する)	mirāringu (suru)
Verb-oth	To misbehave	不正行為をする	Fusei kōi o suru
Verb-oth	To mishear	聞き間違える	Kikimachigaeru

Verb-oth	To misplace	置き忘れる	Okiwasureru
Verb-oth	To miss like crazy	狂ったように失敗する	Kurutta you ni shippai suru
Verb-oth	To miss out	逃す	Nogasu
Verb-oth	To mist	霧が立つ	Kiri ga tatsu
Verb-oth	To misuse	誤用 (する)	Goyō (suru)
Verb-oth	To mitigate	軽減 (する)	Keigen (suru)
Verb-oth	To mix up	混乱 (する)	Konran (suru)
Verb-oth	To mix up some food	食べ物を混ぜる	Tabemono o mazeru
Verb-oth	To moan	うめく (呻く)	Umeku
Verb-oth	To mock	モック (する)	Mokku (suru)
Verb-oth	To modify	修正 (する)	Shūsei (suru)
Verb-oth	To moisten	湿らせる	Shimeraseru
Verb-oth	To moisten	湿らせる	Shimeraseru
Verb-oth	To monkey	猿へ	Saru e
Verb-oth	To mooch	たむろ (する) (屯する)	Tamuro (suru) (ton suru)
Verb-oth	To mope around	ふさぎ込む	fusagikomu
Verb-oth	To mother	母に	Haha ni
Verb-oth	To move in	入居 (する)	Nyūkyo (suru)
Verb-oth	To move out	出て行く	Deteiku
Verb-oth	To move out of the house	家を出る/ 家を出て行く	Iewoderu/ Ie o deteiku
Verb-oth	To move over	移動 (する)	idou suru
Verb-oth	To muck up	汚す	Yogosu
Verb-oth	To muffle	くぐもらせる	kugumoraseru
Verb-oth	To mug	襲う	Osou
Verb-oth	To mull	熟考 (する)	Jukukō (suru)
Verb-oth	To mutate	変異 (する/ の)/ 変化 (する)/ 変転 (する)/ 転変 (する)/ 変移 (する)	Hen'i (suru/ no)/ Henka (suru)/ Henten (suru)/ Tenpen (suru)/ Hen'i (suru)
Verb-oth	To mutter	つぶやく	tsubuyaku
Verb-oth	To nail	釘付けにする	kugitsuke ni suru
Verb-oth	To narrate	語る	Kataru
Verb-oth	To narrow	狭める	Semeru
Verb-oth	To need a hand (i need a hand; you need a hand)	手助けが必要なこと (手助けが必要なこと、あなたにも手助けが必要なこと)	Tedasuke ga hitsuyou na koto (Tedasuke ga hitsuyou na koto, anata ni mo tedasuke ga hitsuyou na koto)
Verb-oth	To need help (i need help; you need help)	助けが必要なこと (手助けが必要なこと、あなたにも助けが必要なこと)	Tasuke ga hitsuyou na koto (Tedasuke ga hitsuyou na koto, anata ni mo tasuke ga hitsuyou na koto)
Verb-oth	To negate	否定 (する)	Hitei (suru)
Verb-oth	To nick (to nick it)	切り取る (切り取る)	Kiritoru (kiritoru)
Verb-oth	To nip	きつく	Kitsuku
Verb-oth	To no avail	無駄だ/ 無駄に	Mudada/ Muda ni
Verb-oth	To not be part of	参加しない	Sanka shinai
Verb-oth	To not fall for (to not buy into)	騙されないように (騙されないように)	Damasa renai yō ni (damasa renai yō ni)
Verb-oth	To not try at all (to do not try at all)	全く努力しない (全く努力しない)	mattaku doryoku shinai (mattaku doryoku shinai)
Verb-oth	To nuance	ニュアンスにする	Nyuansu ni suru
Verb-oth	To nuke	核兵器	Kakubuki
Verb-oth	To nullify	無効にする	Mukō ni suru

Verb-oth	To obscure	隠す/ ぼかす (暈す)	Kakusu / Bokasu
Verb-oth	To obstruct	妨害 (する)	Bōgai (suru)
Verb-oth	To offend	気分を害する	Kibun o gaisuru
Verb-oth	To oil	油を注ぐ	Abura o sosogu
Verb-oth	To okay	まあまあ	Mā mā
Verb-oth	To omit	省略 (する)	shōryaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To ooze	にじみ出る	Nijimideru
Verb-oth	To open the door	ドアを開ける	Doa o akeru
Verb-oth	To oppress	抑圧する	yokuatsu suru
Verb-oth	To opt out	オプトアウト (する)	Oputoauto (suru)
Verb-oth	To orchestrate	編成 (する)	hensei (suru)
Verb-oth	To ordain	叙任 (する)	Jonin (suru)
Verb-oth	To orientate	方向付ける	Hōkōdzukeru
Verb-oth	To oscillate	揺らぐ	Yuragu
Verb-oth	To outdo	打ち勝つ	Uchikatsu
Verb-oth	To outline	輪郭を描く	Rinkaku o egaku
Verb-oth	To outmanoeuvre	出し抜く	Dashinuku
Verb-oth	To outpour	溢れ出る	afurederu
Verb-oth	To outrank	上位に立つ	jōi ni tatsu
Verb-oth	To outrun	追い抜く	oinuku
Verb-oth	To outshine	光り輝く	Hikarikagayaku
Verb-oth	To outsmart	出し抜く	dashinuku
Verb-oth	To outstretch	伸びる	Nobiru
Verb-oth	To outwit	出し抜く	dashinuku
Verb-oth	To overbear	威圧 (する)	latsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To overcome	克服 (する)	Kokufuku (suru)
Verb-oth	To overcompensate	過剰に補償する	kajō ni hoshō suru
Verb-oth	To overdose	過剰摂取 (する)	kajō sesshu (suru)
Verb-oth	To overextend	手が伸びすぎる	Te ga nobisugiru
Verb-oth	To overflow	あふれ出る (溢れ出る)	Afure deru
Verb-oth	To overhaul	オーバーホール (する)	Ōbāhōru (suru)
Verb-oth	To overlap	重なる	Kasaneru
Verb-oth	To overlook (to miss)	見逃す	Minogasu
Verb-oth	To overprice	値段が高すぎる	Nedan ga taka sugiru
Verb-oth	To overshadow	影を落とす	Kage o otosu
Verb-oth	To oversleep	寝過ごす/ 寝すぎる/ 寝忘れる	Nesugosu/ Ne sugiru/ Newasureru
Verb-oth	To overspend	浪費 (する)	Rōhi (suru)
Verb-oth	To overstay	長居 (する)/ オーバーステイ (する)	Nagai (suru)/ Ōbāsutei (suru)
Verb-oth	To overstep (overstepped)	踏み越える (踏み越える)	Fumikoeru (fumikoeru)
Verb-oth	To overvalue	過大評価 (する)	Kadaihyōka (suru)
Verb-oth	To owe	借りがある	kari ga aru
Verb-oth	To own up one's mistakes	自分の過ちを認める	Jibun no ayamachi o mitomeru
Verb-oth	To pack in	詰め込む	Tsumekomu
Verb-oth	To pack up	梱包 (する)	Konpō (suru)
Verb-oth	To paddle	漕ぐ	Kogu
Verb-oth	To paddle	パドル (する)	Padaru (suru)
Verb-oth	To palisade	柵に	saku ni

Verb-oth	To palpate	触診 (する)	Shokushin (suru)
Verb-oth	To palpitate	動悸 (する)	Dōki (suru)
Verb-oth	To panel	パネルにする	Paneru ni suru
Verb-oth	To panic	パニックに	Panikku ni
Verb-oth	To parade	パレードする	Parēdo suru
Verb-oth	To parade	パレード (する)	Pareedo (suru)
Verb-oth	To pardon	赦免 (する)	Shamen (suru)
Verb-oth	To parody	パロディーにする (パロディにする)	Parodī ni suru (parodi ni suru)
Verb-oth	To partake	参加 (する)	Sanka (suru)
Verb-oth	To partner (to partner up)	パートナーになる (パートナーになる)	paatonaa ni naru (paatonaa ni naru)
Verb-oth	To pass away	逝く	Iku
Verb-oth	To pass by	によって渡します	Ni yotte watashimasu
Verb-oth	To pass on	継承 (する)	Keishō (suru)
Verb-oth	To pass out	気絶 (する)	Kizetsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To pass over	通り過ぎる	Tōrisugiru
Verb-oth	To pass unnoticed	気づかれずに通り過ぎる	Kidzuka rezu ni tōrisugiru
Verb-oth	To paste	貼り付ける	Hari tsukeru
Verb-oth	To pasture	牧草地	bokusaichi
Verb-oth	To patch	パッチを当てる	pacchi wo ateru
Verb-oth	To pave	舗装 (する)	Hosō (suru)
Verb-oth	To pay back	返済 (する)	Hensai (suru)
Verb-oth	To pay off a debt (to pay debts)	借金を返済する (借金を返済する)	Shakkin o hensai suru (shakkin o hensai suru)
Verb-oth	To pay out	支払う	shiharau
Verb-oth	To peck	つつく	tsutsuku
Verb-oth	To peel off	剥がす	Hagasu
Verb-oth	To peep	のぞく (覗く)	Nozoku (Nozoku)
Verb-oth	To peer	覗き込む	Nozokikomu
Verb-oth	To peer through	覗き込む	Nozokikomu
Verb-oth	To pelt	皮を剥ぐ	Kawa o hagu
Verb-oth	To pend	保留 (する)	hiryū (suru)
Verb-oth	To pep someone up (to pep something up)	誰かを元気づける (何かを元気づける)	Dareka o genki zukeru (nanika o genki zukeru)
Verb-oth	To pepper	胡椒をかける	Koshō o kakeru
Verb-oth	To perceive	知覚 (する)	Chikaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To perch	止まる	Tomaru
Verb-oth	To percolate	浸透 (する)	shintō (suru)
Verb-oth	To perfect	完璧にする	kanpeki ni suru
Verb-oth	To perplex	困惑させる	Konwaku saseru
Verb-oth	To personalize	個人的なもの	Kojinteki na mono
Verb-oth	To petrify	石化させる	Ishi-ka saseru
Verb-oth	To phase	段階を踏む/ 段階的に進める	Dankai o fumu/ Dankai-teki ni susumeru
Verb-oth	To phase out	段階的に廃止する	Dankai-teki ni haishi suru
Verb-oth	To photocopy	コピー (する)	kopī (suru)
Verb-oth	To pin	ピンで留める	Pin de tomeru
Verb-oth	To pin down	突き止める	Tsukitomeru
Verb-oth	To pique	刺激 (する)	Shigeki (suru)
Verb-oth	To pitch	揺れる	Yureru

Verb-oth	To pitch	ピッチ (する)	Pitchi (suru)
Verb-oth	To pitch in	協力 (する)	Kyōryoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To pitter-patter	パタパタと音を立てる	Patapata to otowotateru
Verb-oth	To plagiarize	盗作 (する)	tousaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To plan out	計画を立てる	Keikakuwotateru
Verb-oth	To splash	はねる	haneru
Verb-oth	To play as (to play as a)	としてプレイする (としてプレイする)	Toshite purei suru (toshite purei suru)
Verb-oth	To play in the mud	泥んこに遊ぶ	Doro n ko ni asobu
Verb-oth	To play it cool	冷静に遊ぶ	Reisei ni asobu
Verb-oth	To play the role of (to play a role of a)	～の役割を果たす (～の役割を果たす)	~ no yakuwari o hatasu (~ no yakuwari o hatasu)
Verb-oth	To pledge	誓約 (する)	Seiyaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To plough over	耕す	Tagayasu
Verb-oth	To plump	ふっくらさせる	fukkura saseru
Verb-oth	To plump up	ふっくらさせる	fukkura saseru
Verb-oth	To poach	密猟 (する)	Mitsuryō (suru)
Verb-oth	To pollute	汚染 (する)	Osen (suru)
Verb-oth	To ponder	熟考 (する)	Jukukō (suru)
Verb-oth	To pool	プールへ	Pūru e
Verb-oth	To pop	ポンポン (する)	ponpon (suru)
Verb-oth	To pop by	立ち寄る	tachiyoru
Verb-oth	To portray	描写	Byōsha
Verb-oth	To pose	ポーズをとる	Pōzu o toru
Verb-oth	To pounce	襲いかかる	Osoikakaru
Verb-oth	To pound	ドキドキ (する)	Dokidoki (suru)
Verb-oth	To pound	叩く	Tataku
Verb-oth	To pour down	流し込む	nagashikomu
Verb-oth	To powder	粉にする	Kona ni suru
Verb-oth	To prank	いたずらする	itazura suru
Verb-oth	To preach	説教をする	Sekkyō o suru
Verb-oth	To preen	身繕いをする/ 自慢する	Midzukuroi o suru/ Jiman suru
Verb-oth	To preoccupate	夢中になる	Muchūninaru
Verb-oth	To prep	準備する	Junbi suru
Verb-oth	To press charges	告発 (する)	Kokuhatu (suru)
Verb-oth	To press forward	前に押す	Mae ni osu
Verb-oth	To prey	獲物にする	Emono ni suru
Verb-oth	To prey	獲物	Emono
Verb-oth	To prioritize	優先 (する)/ 優先順位をつける	Yūsen (suru)/ Yūsen jun'i o tsukeru
Verb-oth	To probe	探る	saguru
Verb-oth	To proclaim	宣言 (する)	Sengen (suru)
Verb-oth	To procreate	生殖 (する)	Seishoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To prod	刺激する	shigeki suru
Verb-oth	To prohibit	禁止 (する)	kinshi (suru)
Verb-oth	To project	投影 (する)	Tōei (suru)
Verb-oth	To prompt	プロンプトを表示する	Puronputo o hyōji suru
Verb-oth	To prop	支える	sasaeru
Verb-oth	To prop up	支える	sasaeru
Verb-oth	To propagate	伝播 (する)	Denpa (suru)
Verb-oth	To propose	提案する	teian suru

Verb-oth	To prosecute	起訴 (する)	kiso (suru)
Verb-oth	To prospect	見込み客になる	Mikomi kyaku ni naru
Verb-oth	To protest	抗議 (する)	Kōgi (suru)
Verb-oth	To provide	提供 (する)	teikyō suru
Verb-oth	To prune	剪定 (する)	Sentei (suru)
Verb-oth	To pry (to pry into)	詮索 (する) (詮索 (する))	Sensaku (suru) (sensaku (suru))
Verb-oth	To pucker	すぼめる	subomeru
Verb-oth	To puddle	水たまりにする	mizutamari ni suru
Verb-oth	To pull apart	引き裂く	Hikisaku
Verb-oth	To pull back	身を引く	Mi o hiku
Verb-oth	To pull in	引き込む	hikikomu
Verb-oth	To pull someone's beard (are you pulling our beards?)	誰かのひげを引っ張る (私たちのひげを引っ張っているの ?)	dareka no hige o hipparu (watashitachi no hige o hipatte iru no?)
Verb-oth	To pull something together (to pull it together)	何かをまとめる (まとめる)	nanika o matomeru (matomeru)
Verb-oth	To pull through	やり遂げる	Yaritogeru
Verb-oth	To pull your socks up	靴下を引き上げる	Kutsushita o hikiageru
Verb-oth	To pull your weight	体重を引く	Taijuu o hiku
Verb-oth	To pump	汲み上げる	kumiageru
Verb-oth	To pump water	水を汲み上げる	mizu o kumiageru
Verb-oth	To purify	浄化 (する)	Jouka (suru)
Verb-oth	To purple	紫になる	Murasaki ni naru
Verb-oth	To purport	趣旨としては	Shushi to shite wa
Verb-oth	To purse	財布をすぼめる	saifu o subomeru
Verb-oth	To push in	押し込む	oshikomu
Verb-oth	To push out	押し出す	oshidasu
Verb-oth	To put an end to	終わらせる	Owaraseru
Verb-oth	To put down	下ろす	orosu
Verb-oth	To put in an offer	オファーを出す	Ofā o dasu
Verb-oth	To put in order	整える/ 片付ける/ 片付く/ 整頓 (する)/ 整理 (する)/ 並び替える/ 順番に配置する	Totonoeru/ Katadzukeru/ Katadzuku/ Seiton (suru)/ Seiri (suru)/ Narabi kaeru/ Junban ni haichi suru
Verb-oth	To put into words	言葉にする	Kotoba ni suru
Verb-oth	To put on	着る	kiru
Verb-oth	To put on weight	太る	Futoru
Verb-oth	To put out	消す	kesu
Verb-oth	To put out a fire (to put the fire out)	火を消す	hi o kesu
Verb-oth	To put right (to put someone right)	正す (誰かを正す)	tadasu (dareka o tadasu)
Verb-oth	To put together	組み立てる	Kumitateru
Verb-oth	To puzzle	困惑 (する)	Konwaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To quail	うずらに	Uzura ni
Verb-oth	To quarry	採石場にする	Saisekiba ni suru
Verb-oth	To quell	鎮める	Shizumeru
Verb-oth	To quibble	言い争いをする	liarasoi o suru
Verb-oth	To quiet	静かにする	shizuka ni suru
Verb-oth	To quieten	静まる	shizumaru

Verb-oth	To quieten down	静かにする	shizuka ni suru
Verb-oth	To quip	皮肉を言う	Hiniku o iu
Verb-oth	To quiver	震える	furueru
Verb-oth	To quote	引用 (する/ の)	In'yō (suru/ no) * (quotation; citation; reference)
Verb-oth	To race	レースをします	Rēsu o shimasu
Verb-oth	To race by	通り過ぎる	tōrisugiru
Verb-oth	To rag	ぼろぼろにする	Boroboro ni suru
Verb-oth	To rail	レールへ	Rēru e
Verb-oth	To raise a glass	乾杯/ グラスを上げる	Kanpai/ Gurasu o ageru
Verb-oth	To raise funds	資金を集める	Shikin o atsumeru
Verb-oth	To raise your eyebrows	眉を上げる	mayu o ageru
Verb-oth	To rally	結集 (する)	Kesshū (suru)
Verb-oth	To ram	体当たり (する)	Karada atari (suru)
Verb-oth	To ramble	とりとめのない話	Toritome no nai hanashi
Verb-oth	To ransack	荒らす	Arasu
Verb-oth	To ransom	身代金を払う	Minoshirokin o harau
Verb-oth	To rant	暴言	Bougen
Verb-oth	To rap	叩く	Tataku
Verb-oth	To rape	強姦 (する)	gōkan suru
Verb-oth	To rate	評価 (する)	Hyōka (suru)
Verb-oth	To rattle	ガタガタ (する)	Gatagata (suru)
Verb-oth	To rave	絶賛 (する)	Zessan (suru)
Verb-oth	To ravel	ほつれる	Hotsureru
Verb-oth	To reanimate	蘇らせる	Yomigaeraseru
Verb-oth	To reap	刈り取る	karitoru
Verb-oth	To rear	後方へ	Kōhō e
Verb-oth	To rearrange	並べ替える	narabekaeru
Verb-oth	To reassure	安心させる	Anshin saseru
Verb-oth	To rebound (to bounce back)	リバウンド (する) (リバウンド (する))	Ribaundo (suru) (ribaundo (suru))
Verb-oth	To rebuff	拒否 (する)	kyohi (suru)
Verb-oth	To rebuke	叱責する	Shisseki suru
Verb-oth	To recess	後退 (する)	Kōtai (suru)
Verb-oth	To reciprocate	返礼 (する)	Henrei (suru)
Verb-oth	To reckon	計算 (する)	Keisan (suru)
Verb-oth	To reclaim	取り戻す	Torimodosu
Verb-oth	To recognize oneself	自分自身を認識する	Jibun jishin o ninshiki suru
Verb-oth	To recoil	反動 (する)	Handō (suru)
Verb-oth	To recollect	思い出す	Omoidasu
Verb-oth	To recompense	報いる	mukuiru
Verb-oth	To recreate	再現 (する)	Saigen (suru)
Verb-oth	To redden	赤くなる	Akaku naru
Verb-oth	To redeem	償還 (する)	Shōkan (suru)
Verb-oth	To redirect	リダイレクト (する)	Ridaierekuto (suru)
Verb-oth	To redress	是正 (する)	zesei (suru)
Verb-oth	To reek	悪臭を放つ	Akushū o hanatsu
Verb-oth	To reel	巻き上げる	Makiageru
Verb-oth	To re-enact	再現 (する)	Saigen (suru)
Verb-oth	To refill	補充 (する)	hojū (suru)

Verb-oth	To refine	洗練 (する)	Senren (suru)
Verb-oth	To refine	洗練 (する)	Senren (suru)
Verb-oth	To refrain	控える	hikaeru
Verb-oth	To rehabilitate	更生 (する)	Kōsei (suru)
Verb-oth	To rehearse	リハーサル (する)	rihāsaruru
Verb-oth	To reheat (to warm up again)	温め直す (もう一度温める)	Atatame naosu (mōichido atatameru)
Verb-oth	To rehire	再雇用 (する)	Sai koyō (suru)
Verb-oth	To rehome	ホームを変える	Ho-mu o kaeru
Verb-oth	To reign	君臨 (する)	Kunrin (suru)
Verb-oth	To reimagine	再想像 (する)	saISOzo (suru)
Verb-oth	To reinforce	強化 (する)	Kyōka (suru)
Verb-oth	To reinjure	再び傷つける	futatabi kizutsukeru
Verb-oth	To rejoin	再参加 (する)	Sai sankā (suru)
Verb-oth	To relate to	関係 (する)	kankei (suru)
Verb-oth	To relay	中継 (する)	Chūkei (suru)
Verb-oth	To relent	折れる	Oreru
Verb-oth	To relieve	安心 (する/ な)	Anshin (suru/ na)
Verb-oth	To relinquish	放棄する	Hōki suru
Verb-oth	To relish	味わう	Ajiwau
Verb-oth	To relocate	移転	Iten
Verb-oth	To reminisce	思い出す	Omoidasu
Verb-oth	To remit	送金 (する)	Sōkin (suru)
Verb-oth	To remodel	改造 (する)	Kaizō (suru)
Verb-oth	To render	拘束 (する)	Kōsoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To renew	更新 (する)	Koushin (suru)
Verb-oth	To renovate	改修 (する)	Kaishū (suru)
Verb-oth	To rent out	貸し出す	Kashidasu
Verb-oth	To renumerate	報いる	mukuiru
Verb-oth	To repay	返済するため	Hensai suru tame
Verb-oth	To repercuss	反撃 (する)	Hangeki (suru)
Verb-oth	To replace	代わる	Kawaru
Verb-oth	To replay	再生 (する)	Saisei (suru)
Verb-oth	To replicate	複製 (する)	Fukusei (suru)
Verb-oth	To reply	返答 (する)/ 返信 (する)	Hentō (suru)/ Henshin (suru)
Verb-oth	To repossess	取り戻す	Torimodosu
Verb-oth	To represent	表す	arawasu
Verb-oth	To reprieve	猶予 (する)	Yūyo (suru)
Verb-oth	To reprimand	叱責 (する)	Shisseki (suru)
Verb-oth	To reprint	再版 (する)	Saihan (suru)
Verb-oth	To repulse	撃退 (する)	gekitai (suru)
Verb-oth	To repute	評判になる	hyouban ni naru
Verb-oth	To requite	報いる	mukuiru
Verb-oth	To resemble	似ている	niteiru
Verb-oth	To reshuffle	入れ替える	irekaeru
Verb-oth	To resolve	決意 (する)	ketsui (suru)
Verb-oth	To resonate with	共鳴 (する)/ 共振 (する)	Kyōmei (suru)/ Kyōshin (suru)
Verb-oth	To resound	響き渡る	Hibiki wataru
Verb-oth	To respite	休息 (する)	kyūsoku suru
Verb-oth	To rest in the afternoon	午後は休む	Gogo wa yasumu

Verb-oth	To restate (to rephrase)	言い直す (言い換える)	linaosu (iikaeru)
Verb-oth	To restrain	抑制 (する)	Yokusei (suru)
Verb-oth	To resuscitate	蘇生 (する)	Sosei (suru)
Verb-oth	To retail	小売り用	Kouri you
Verb-oth	To re-tell (to tell again)	再び語る (もう一度語る)	Futatabi kataru (mou ichido kataru)
Verb-oth	To retort	言い返す	likaesu
Verb-oth	To retrieve	取り戻す	torimodosu
Verb-oth	To retrogress	退行 (する)/ 退化 (する)	Taikō (suru) * (retrogression; regression)/ Taika (suru) * (degeneration; retrogression; atrophy * (biology))/ regression (e.g. of society); deterioration; degeneration)
Verb-oth	To revenge (to have revenge)	復讐 (する) (復讐 (する))	Fukushū (suru) (fukushū (suru))
Verb-oth	To reverberate	響きわたる	Hibikiwataru
Verb-oth	To revere	崇敬 (する)	sukei (suru)
Verb-oth	To revive	復活 (する)	Fukkatsu (suru) * (revival (of an old system, custom, fashion, etc.); restoration; return; comeback/ resurrection; rebirth)
Verb-oth	To revoke	取り消す	Torikesu
Verb-oth	To revolve	回転 (する)	kaiten (suru)
Verb-oth	To reward	報酬	hōshū
Verb-oth	To rewind	巻き戻す	Maki modosu
Verb-oth	To ridicule (to make fun of)	(に) 嘲笑 (する)	(ni) Chōshō (suru)
Verb-oth	To ring out	鳴り響く	Narihibiku
Verb-oth	To rinse off	洗い流す	Arainagasu
Verb-oth	To rinse off your hands	手を洗い流す	Te o arainagasu
Verb-oth	To rip	引き裂く	hikisaku
Verb-oth	To rip off	ぼったくる	bottakuru
Verb-oth	To ripple	波紋を起こす	hamon o okosu
Verb-oth	To rise up	立ち上がる	Tachiagaru
Verb-oth	To risk	危険を冒す	kiken o okasu
Verb-oth	To roast	焙煎 (する)	Baisen (suru)
Verb-oth	To roll up	巻き上げる	makiageru
Verb-oth	To rough	荒らす	Arasu
Verb-oth	To rough up	荒らす	Arasu
Verb-oth	To roughen	荒らす	Arasu
Verb-oth	To round down	切り捨てる	Kirisuteru
Verb-oth	To round off	四捨五入する	Shishagonyū suru
Verb-oth	To round up	切り上げる	Kiriageru
Verb-oth	To route	導く	michibiku
Verb-oth	To row	漕ぐ	Kogu
Verb-oth	To row up	漕ぐ	Kogu
Verb-oth	To rub off on	擦り付ける	Suritsukeru
Verb-oth	To ruffle	波立たせる	Namidataseru
Verb-oth	To ruin	台無しにする	Dainashi ni suru
Verb-oth	To rummage	かき回す	Kakimawasu
Verb-oth	To rummage through	かき回す	Kakimawasu
Verb-oth	To run after	追いかける	Oikakeru
Verb-oth	To run behind	後を追う	Atowooou

Verb-oth	To run down	追い詰める	oitsumeru
Verb-oth	To safeguard	保護(する)	hogo (suru)
Verb-oth	To sag	たるむ	Tarumu
Verb-oth	To salt	塩をかける	Shiowokakeru
Verb-oth	To sample	試食	Shishoku
Verb-oth	To satisfy	静かにする	shizuka ni suru
Verb-oth	To sauce	ソースにする	sōsu ni suru
Verb-oth	To savor	味わう	Ajiwau
Verb-oth	To say a proper goodbye	きちんと別れを告げる	Kichinto wakare o tsugeru
Verb-oth	To say too little	言葉が足りない	Kotoba ga tarinai
Verb-oth	To say too much	言い過ぎる	iisugiru
Verb-oth	To scan	スキャン(する)	Sukyan (suru)
Verb-oth	To scare	怖がらせる	Kowagaraseru
Verb-oth	To scatter	散らす	Chirasu
Verb-oth	To scheme	計画(する)	keikaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To school	学校に行く	Gakkō ni iku
Verb-oth	To scoff	嘲笑する	Chōshō suru
Verb-oth	To scoop up	すくう	Sukuu
Verb-oth	To scour	調べる	Shiraberu
Verb-oth	To scout	偵察(する)	Teisatsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To scowl	しかめ面をする (しかめっ面をする)	Shikametsura o suru (shikamettsura o suru)
Verb-oth	To screen	選別する	Senbetsu suru
Verb-oth	To screw up	しくじる	Shikujiru
Verb-oth	To scribble	落書き	Rakugaki
Verb-oth	To scroll	スクロール(する)	Sukurōru (suru)
Verb-oth	To scrunch	ガリガリ(する)	garigari (suru)
Verb-oth	To scrutinize	精査する	Seisa suru
Verb-oth	To scrutinize	精査(する)	seisa (suru)
Verb-oth	To season	味付け(する)	ajitsuke (suru)
Verb-oth	To secure	安全を確保する	Anzen o kakuho suru
Verb-oth	To sedate	鎮静させる	Chinsei saseru
Verb-oth	To see a sign	兆しを見る	kizashi o miru
Verb-oth	To seesaw (to see-saw)	シーソー(シーソー)	shiisoo (shiisoo)
Verb-oth	To seethe	煮立つ	Nitatsu
Verb-oth	To send a text message	テキストメッセージを送る	Tekisuto messēji o okuru
Verb-oth	To send off	送り出す	okuridashi
Verb-oth	To sentence	判決を下す	hanketsu o kudasu
Verb-oth	To separate	分離(する)	Bunri (suru)
Verb-oth	To serpentine	蛇行(する)	Dakou (suru)
Verb-oth	To serve	奉仕(する)	Hōshi (suru)
Verb-oth	To set aside	脇に置く	waki ni oku
Verb-oth	To set expectations	期待を設定する	kitai o settei suru
Verb-oth	To set free	自由になる	Jiyū ni naru
Verb-oth	To set on fire	火をつける	hi o tsukeru
Verb-oth	To set up a search (to organize a search)	搜索を仕掛ける(搜索を組織する)	sousaku wo shikakeru (sousaku wo soshiki suru)

Verb-oth	To settle	一定 (する)/ 住み着く/ 済ます/ 解決 (する)/ 確立 (する)/ 定住 (する)	Ittei (suru) * (to fix; to settle; to standardize; to regularize)/ Sumitsuku * (to settle (in a place); to settle down)/ Sumasu * (to finish; to get it over with; to conclude/ to settle; to pay back)/ Kaiketsu (suru) * (settlement; solution; resolution)/ Kakuritsu (suru) * (establishment; settlement)/ Teijū (suru) * (settlement; permanent residency)
Verb-oth	To settle down	落ち着く	Ochitsuku
Verb-oth	To settle in	落ち着く	Ochitsuku
Verb-oth	To settle in	落ち着く	Ochitsuku
Verb-oth	To setup	仕掛ける	shikakeru
Verb-oth	To sever	切断 (する)	Setsudan (suru)
Verb-oth	To shade	隠す	Kakusu
Verb-oth	To shamble	よろめく	yoromeku
Verb-oth	To shape	形作る	katazukuru
Verb-oth	To sharpen	研ぐ	Togu
Verb-oth	To shed	落とす	Otosu
Verb-oth	To shed light on	光を当てる	Hikari o ateru
Verb-oth	To sheen	光沢がある	kōtaku ga aru
Verb-oth	To sheet	シートにする	shīto ni suru
Verb-oth	To shield	守る	Mamoru
Verb-oth	To shift	シフトする	Shifuto suru
Verb-oth	To shingle	屋根板	Yaneita
Verb-oth	To shirk	サボる	Saboru
Verb-oth	To shiver	身震いさせる	Miburui saseru
Verb-oth	To shorten (to make shorter)	短くする (短くする)	Mijikaku suru (mijikaku suru)
Verb-oth	To shove	押しのける	Oshinokeru
Verb-oth	To show	示す/ 見せる	Shimesu/ Miseru
Verb-oth	To show a sign	サインを見せる	Sain o miseru
Verb-oth	To show up	現れる	arawareru
Verb-oth	To showcase	披露する	hirō suru
Verb-oth	To shred	ずたずたにする	Zutazuta ni suru
Verb-oth	To shrug	肩をすくめる	Katawosukumeru
Verb-oth	To shuffle	シャッフル (する)	shaffuru (suru)
Verb-oth	To shunt	避ける	Sakeru
Verb-oth	To shut	閉める	Shimeru
Verb-oth	To shut the curtains	カーテンを閉める	Kāten o shimeru
Verb-oth	To shut the door	ドアを閉める	Doawoshimeru
Verb-oth	To sideline	脇に追いやられる	Waki ni oiyarareru
Verb-oth	To sift	ふるいにかける	furui ni kakeru
Verb-oth	To signal	合図 (する)	Aizu (suru)
Verb-oth	To silhouette	シルエットにする	Shiruetto ni suru
Verb-oth	To silver	銀にする	Gin ni suru
Verb-oth	To simmer	煮る	Niru
Verb-oth	To simplify	簡略化 (する)	Kanryakuka (suru)
Verb-oth	To sin	罪を犯す	Tsumiwookasu
Verb-oth	To sincerely admit (to really admit)	心から認める (本気で認める)	Kokorokara shitatameru (honki de shitatameru)

Verb-oth	To sing out	歌う	Utau
Verb-oth	To sink in	沈む/ 沈み込む	Shizumu/ Shizumikomu
Verb-oth	To sit around (sitting around)	座る (座る)	Suwaru (suwaru)
Verb-oth	To sit in the shelter (to sit in the shade)	避難所に座る (日陰に座る)	Hinansho ni suwaru (hikage ni suwaru)
Verb-oth	To situate	位置を決める	ichi o kimeru
Verb-oth	To size	(の) サイズを調整する	(no) Saizu o chōsei suru
Verb-oth	To size up	見定める	misadameru
Verb-oth	To sizzle	ジュージューする	Jūjū suru
Verb-oth	To sketch	スケッチ (する)	Suketchi (suru)
Verb-oth	To skid	スキッド (する)	Sukiddo (suru)
Verb-oth	To skimp	ケチる	Kechiru * (to be stingy (with); to skimp (on))
Verb-oth	To skip	スキップ (する)	Sukippu (suru)
Verb-oth	To skip school	学校をさぼる	Gakkō o saboru
Verb-oth	To skirmish	小競り合い	kozeri-ai
Verb-oth	To slack	たるませる/ 怠ける	Tarumaseru/ Namakeru
Verb-oth	To slack off	怠ける/ たるむ (弛む)	Namakeru/ Tarumu
Verb-oth	To slacken	緩める/ たるむ (弛む)	Yurumeru/ Tarumu
Verb-oth	To slander	誹謗中傷 (する)	Heibōchūshō (suru)
Verb-oth	To slant	斜めにする	Naname ni suru
Verb-oth	To slash	切り倒す	Kiritaosu
Verb-oth	To sleek	なめらかに	nameraka ni
Verb-oth	To slick	巧妙に	Koumyou ni
Verb-oth	To slide over	スライド (する)	suraido suru
Verb-oth	To sling	スリングに	Suringu ni
Verb-oth	To slip off	抜け出す	Nukedasu
Verb-oth	To slobber	よだれを垂らす	Yodare o tarasu
Verb-oth	To slosh	はねる	haneru
Verb-oth	To slouch	前かがみになる	maekagami ni naru
Verb-oth	To slumber	眠る/ 眠りにする	Nemuru/ Nemuri ni suru
Verb-oth	To slump	落ち込む	ochikomu
Verb-oth	To smack	パチパチ (する)	pachipachi (suru)
Verb-oth	To smear	スミア (する)	Sumia (suru)
Verb-oth	To smudge	にじませる	nijimaseru
Verb-oth	To snag	引っかかる	Hikkakaru
Verb-oth	To snap	キれる	Kireru
Verb-oth	To snap out of	立ち直る	tachinaoru
Verb-oth	To snoop	詮索 (する)	sensaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To snuggle	寄り添う	Yorisou
Verb-oth	To soar	舞い上がる	Maiagaru
Verb-oth	To sob	すすり泣く	susurinaku
Verb-oth	To sober	酔いを覚ます	Yoi o samasu
Verb-oth	To soil	土へ	Tsuchi e
Verb-oth	To solicit	懇願 (する)	Kongan (suru)
Verb-oth	To soot	煤にする (すすにする)	susu ni suru (susu ni suru)
Verb-oth	To soothe	なだめる (落ち着かせる)	Nadameru (ochitsukaseru)
Verb-oth	To sop	浸す	hitasu
Verb-oth	To sophisticate	洗練 (する)	Senren (suru)
Verb-oth	To sort out	分類 (する)	Bunrui (suru)

Verb-oth	To source	調達先にする	Chōtatsusaki ni suru
Verb-oth	To souse	ソースにする	sōsu ni suru
Verb-oth	To sow	種を蒔く	Tane o maku
Verb-oth	To space	間隔を空ける	Kankaku o akeru
Verb-oth	To space out	間隔を空ける	Kankaku o akeru
Verb-oth	To spank	叩く	Tataku
Verb-oth	To spare	惜しむ	Oshimu
Verb-oth	To spark	スパークへ	supaaku e
Verb-oth	To spasm	けいれん (する)	Keiren (suru)
Verb-oth	To spatter	飛び散る	tobichiru
Verb-oth	To speak fast (to speak quickly)	早く話す (早く話す)	Hayaku hanasu (hayaku hanasu)
Verb-oth	To speak out loud	大声で話す	ōgoe de hanasu
Verb-oth	To speak slowly	ゆっくり話す	Yukkuri hanasu
Verb-oth	To speak to someone	誰かに話す	Dareka ni hanasu
Verb-oth	To specify	指定 (する)	Shitei (suru)
Verb-oth	To speculate	推測 (する)	suisoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To spellbind	魅了 (する)	Miryō (suru)
Verb-oth	To spew	吐き出す	Hakidasu
Verb-oth	To spice up	スパイスアップ	Supaisu appu
Verb-oth	To spin a tale	物語を紡ぐ	Monogatari o tsumugu
Verb-oth	To spin around	回転 (する)	Kaiten (suru)
Verb-oth	To spit poison (to spew poison)	毒を吐く (毒を吐く)	doku o haku (doku o haku)
Verb-oth	To splat	ボタンと音を立てる	batan to oto o tateru
Verb-oth	To splatter	飛び散る	tobichiru
Verb-oth	To splinter	破片にする	hahan ni suru
Verb-oth	To splish	はねる	haneru
Verb-oth	To split up (to part; to separate)	別れる (別れる; 別れる)	Wakareru (wakareru; wakareru)
Verb-oth	To splosh	スプラッシュする	supurasshu suru
Verb-oth	To splotch	斑点をつける	hanten o tsukeru
Verb-oth	To splut	吹き出す	fukidasu
Verb-oth	To spoil	台無しにする	Dainashi ni suru
Verb-oth	To sponge	スポンジ (する)	suponji (suru)
Verb-oth	To sponsor	スポンサーとなる	Suponsā to naru
Verb-oth	To spook	驚かせる	Odorokaseru
Verb-oth	To spoon	スプーンで食べる	Supūn de taberu
Verb-oth	To spot	まだらにする	madara ni suru
Verb-oth	To sprawl	広げる	Hirogeru
Verb-oth	To spray poison	毒を撒き散らす	doku o makichirasu
Verb-oth	To spread out	広げる	Hirogeru
Verb-oth	To spree	騒ぐ	Sawagu
Verb-oth	To spring into action	行動に移す/ 行動を起こす	Kōdō ni utsusu/ Koudou wo okosu
Verb-oth	To sprint	スプリント (する)	Supurinto (suru)
Verb-oth	To spur	刺激 (する)	Shigeki (suru)
Verb-oth	To spy on	スパイ行為	Supai kōi
Verb-oth	To squabble	口論 (する)	kōron (suru)
Verb-oth	To squander	浪費 (する)	Rōhi (suru)
Verb-oth	To square	四角にする	shikaku ni suru

Verb-oth	To squat	スクワット (する)	Sukuwatto (suru)
Verb-oth	To squawk	キーキー言う	kikī iu
Verb-oth	To squint your eyes	目を細める	me o hosomeru
Verb-oth	To squirm	身をよじる	Mi o yojiru
Verb-oth	To squirrel	リスにする	Risu ni suru
Verb-oth	To squirrel away	逃げる	Nigeru
Verb-oth	To squish	つぶす	tsubusu
Verb-oth	To stagger	よろめかせる (蹣跚めく (よろめく))	Yoromekaseru (yoromeku)
Verb-oth	To stalk	ストーカー行為	Sutōkā kōi
Verb-oth	To stall	引き延ばす	Hikinobasu
Verb-oth	To stammer	どもる	Domoru
Verb-oth	To stamp	スタンプ (する)	Sutanpu (suru)
Verb-oth	To stand out	目立つ	Medatsu
Verb-oth	To stand to	抵抗する	Teikō suru
Verb-oth	To stand up for	立ち向かう	Tachimukau
Verb-oth	To star	星へ	Hoshi e
Verb-oth	To starch	糊付けする	Noritsuke suru
Verb-oth	To start a business	ビジネスを始める	bijinesu o hajimeru
Verb-oth	To starve	ほとんど	Hotondo
Verb-oth	To stay clear of	近づかないようにする	Chikadzukanai yō ni suru
Verb-oth	To stay safe	安全を保つ	Anzen o tamotsu
Verb-oth	To stay upright	直立したままにいる	Chokuritsu shita mama de iru
Verb-oth	To steam	蒸す	Fukasu
Verb-oth	To steer	操縦 (する)	Sōjū (suru)
Verb-oth	To stew	煮込む	Nikomu
Verb-oth	To stick around	粘る	Nebaru
Verb-oth	To stick fast	固まる	katamaru
Verb-oth	To stiffen	硬直化 (する)	Kōchokuka (kōchoku-ka) (suru)
Verb-oth	To still	静まる	shizumaru
Verb-oth	To sting	刺す	Sasu
Verb-oth	To stink	悪臭を放つ	Akushū o hanatsu
Verb-oth	To stitch	縫う	Nuu
Verb-oth	To stop doing	やめる	Yameru
Verb-oth	To straighten	まっすぐにする	Massugu ni suru
Verb-oth	To straighten up	背筋を伸ばす	Sesuji o nobasu
Verb-oth	To strand	立ち往生 (する)/ ストランド (する)	Tachiōjō (suru)/ Suto rando (suru)
Verb-oth	To strangle	絞め殺す	Shimekorosu
Verb-oth	To strategize	戦略を立てる	senryaku o tateru
Verb-oth	To streak	筋を引く	suji o hiku
Verb-oth	To stream	流れる	nagareru
Verb-oth	To strengthen	強くする	Tsuyoku suru
Verb-oth	To stretch	伸ばす	Nobasu
Verb-oth	To stretch	ストレッチ	Sutoretschi
Verb-oth	To stride	大股で歩く	ōmata de aruku
Verb-oth	To strike through	取り消し線を引く	Torikeshi senwohiku
Verb-oth	To strip	ストリップ (する)	Sutorippu (suru)
Verb-oth	To strip away	剥がす	hagasu
Verb-oth	To strum	かき鳴らす	Kakinarasu

Verb-oth	To strut	ストラットへ	sutoratto e
Verb-oth	To stud	スタッド	sutaddo
Verb-oth	To stuff	詰め込む	Tsumekomu
Verb-oth	To stun	驚かせる	Odorokaseru
Verb-oth	To stunt	スタント (する)	Sutanto (suru)
Verb-oth	To subjugate	服従させる	Fukujū saseru
Verb-oth	To submerge	水没 (する)	
Verb-oth	To submerge	水没させる	Suibotsu saseru
Verb-oth	To subside	治まる / 沈む	Osamaru / shizumu
Verb-oth	To substantiate	実証 (する)	Jisshō (suru)
Verb-oth	To subvert	転覆 (する)	Tenpuku (suru)
Verb-oth	To succumb (to relent)	屈服 (する) (屈服 (する))	Kuppuku (suru) (kuppuku (suru))
Verb-oth	To sue	訴える	Uttaeru
Verb-oth	To suffer	苦しむ	Kurushimu
Verb-oth	To suggest	示唆 (する)	shisa (suru)
Verb-oth	To suit	適合	Tekigō
Verb-oth	To sun	日光浴をする	Nikkō yoku o suru
Verb-oth	To supercharge	スーパーチャージ (する)	Sūpāchāji (suru)
Verb-oth	To supplicate	嘆願 (する)	Kyoei shin/ Tangan (suru)
Verb-oth	To surge	急増 (する)	kyuuzou (suru)
Verb-oth	To surmise	推測する	Suigaku suru
Verb-oth	To surround	囲む	Kakomu * (to surround; to encircle; to enclose; to fence; to wall in/ to besiege; to lay siege to)
Verb-oth	To suspect	疑う / に疑わしい	Utagau/ ni Utagawashii
Verb-oth	To swagger	闊歩 (する)	kakkou (suru)
Verb-oth	To swap	交換 (する)	Kōkan (suru)
Verb-oth	To swarm	群がる	muragaru
Verb-oth	To swat	(に) たたく (叩く)	(ni) Tataku
Verb-oth	To sway	揺らす / 揺さぶる	Yurasu/ Yusaburu
Verb-oth	To sway	揺れる	Yureru
Verb-oth	To swear	誓う	chikau
Verb-oth	To sweat (to perspire)	汗をかく (汗をかく)	ase o kaku (ase o kaku)
Verb-oth	To sweep the floor (to mop the floor)	床を掃く / 床を掃除する (床をモップがけする / 床をモップで拭く)	Yuka o haku/ Yuka o sōji suru (yuka o moppu ga ke suru/ yuka o moppu de fuku)
Verb-oth	To sweep up	掃除 (する)	Sōji (suru)
Verb-oth	To swell	膨張	Bōchō
Verb-oth	To swindle	騙す	Damasu
Verb-oth	To swipe	スワイプ (する)	suaipu (suru)
Verb-oth	To swirl	旋回 (する) / 渦巻く	Senkai (suru) / uzumaku
Verb-oth	To switch	切り替える	Kirikaeru
Verb-oth	To swoop	急襲 (する)	Kyūshū (suru)
Verb-oth	To tack	タック (する)	Takku (suru)
Verb-oth	To tack up	タック (する)	Takku (suru)
Verb-oth	To tail	尾行 (する)	bikou (suru)
Verb-oth	To tailor	調整 (する)	chosei (suru)
Verb-oth	To take a stand	スタンドを取る	Sutando o toru
Verb-oth	To take advice	アドバイスを受ける	adobaisu o ukeru
Verb-oth	To take apart	分解 (する)	Bunkai (suru)

Verb-oth	To take away	持ち去る	Mochisaru
Verb-oth	To take care of	(の) 世話をする	(no) Sewa o suru
Verb-oth	To take charge	主導権を握る	Shudouken o nigiru
Verb-oth	To take distance	距離をとる	Kyori o toru
Verb-oth	To take in	取り込む	Torikomu
Verb-oth	To take in the scenery	景色を眺める	Keshiki o nagameru
Verb-oth	To take into custody	拘留(する)	Kōryū (suru)
Verb-oth	To take it personally	個人的に受け止める	kojinteki ni uketomeru
Verb-oth	To take it slow (to take it slowly)	ゆっくりやる (ゆっくりやる)	yukkuri yaru (yukkuri yaru)
Verb-oth	To take off (ie. to take off clothes)	脱ぐ (服を脱ぐ)	nugu (fuku o nugu)
Verb-oth	To take orders (to take an order)	注文を受ける (注文を受ける)	Chuumon o ukeru (chuumon o ukeru)
Verb-oth	To take orders (to take one's order)	注文を受ける (注文を受ける)	Chūmon o ukeru (chūmon o ukeru)
Verb-oth	To take through	通過(する)	Tsūka (suru)
Verb-oth	To take up	取り上げる	Toriageru
Verb-oth	To take without permission (to take without consent)	無断で撮影する (無断で撮影する)	mudan de satsuei suru (mudan de satsuei suru)
Verb-oth	To talk about something else	他のことについて話す	Hoka no koto ni tsuite hanasu
Verb-oth	To talk back	言い返す	li kaesu
Verb-oth	To tally	集計(する)	Shūkei (suru)
Verb-oth	To tame	飼いならす	Kai narasu
Verb-oth	To tantalize	じらす (焦らす)	Jirasu
Verb-oth	To target	ターゲットに	Tāgetto ni
Verb-oth	To taunt	挑発(する)	chōhatsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To tax	課税(する)	Kazei (suru)
Verb-oth	To team (to team up)	チームを組む	chiimu wo kumu
Verb-oth	To tear	引き裂く	hikisaku
Verb-oth	To tear down	取り壊す	Torikowasu
Verb-oth	To tease	からかう (揶揄う)	Karakau
Verb-oth	To telegraph	電信(する)	Denshin (suru)
Verb-oth	To tell a secret	秘密を告げる	himitsu wo tsugeru
Verb-oth	To tempt	誘惑(する)	yuuwaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To tend	世話をする	sewa o suru
Verb-oth	To tend (to tend to)	傾向がある (傾向がある)	Keikou ga aru (Keikou ga aru)
Verb-oth	To tend to	世話をする	sewa o suru
Verb-oth	To tense up	緊張(する)	Kinchō (suru)
Verb-oth	To terrify	怖がらせる	Kowagaraseru
Verb-oth	To texturize	テクスチャリング(する)	Tekusutsharingu (suru)
Verb-oth	To thatch	茅葺き	Kayabuki
Verb-oth	To the fullest (to the maximum)	最大限に (最大限に)	Saidaigen ni (saidaigen ni)
Verb-oth	To thin out	間引く	mabiku
Verb-oth	To think ahead	先を考える	Saki o kangaeru
Verb-oth	To think back	振り返る	Furikaeru
Verb-oth	To think little of	あまり重要視しない	Amari jūyōshi shinai

Verb-oth	To think nothing of	何も考えない	Nanimo kangaenai
Verb-oth	To think out	考え抜く	Kangaenuku
Verb-oth	To think straight	冷静に考える	Reisei ni kangaeru
Verb-oth	To think through (to think something through)	熟考 (する) (熟考 (する))	Jukkō (suru) (Jukkō (suru))
Verb-oth	To thirst	飢える	Ueru
Verb-oth	To thrash	叩く	Tataku
Verb-oth	To thresh	脱穀 (する)	Dakkoku suru
Verb-oth	To thrill	スリルを味わう/ スリル満点する	Suriru o ajiwau/ Suriru manten suru
Verb-oth	To thrill	ワクワク (する)	Wakuwaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To throb	ドキドキ (する)	Dokidoki (suru)
Verb-oth	To throttle	スロットルを切る	surottoru o kiru
Verb-oth	To throw back	投げ返す	Nagekaesu
Verb-oth	To throw light on	光を当てる	Hikari o ateru
Verb-oth	To throw off	脱ぎ捨てる/ 捨て去る	Nugisuteru/ Sutesaru
Verb-oth	To thud	ドスンと音を立てる	Dosun to otowotateru
Verb-oth	To thump	ドキドキ (する)	dokidoki (suru)
Verb-oth	To tidy up	整理整頓 (する)	Seiri seiton (suru)
Verb-oth	To tilt your head	首を傾げること	kubi o kashigeru koto
Verb-oth	To ting	ティンギング	Tingingu
Verb-oth	To tinge	色を帯びる	Iro o obiru
Verb-oth	To tinge	色づく	Irozuku
Verb-oth	To tingle	チクチク (する)	chikuchiku (suru)
Verb-oth	To tint	色を付ける	Iro o tsukeru
Verb-oth	To toast (to toast to)	乾杯 (する) (乾杯 (する))	Kanpai (suru) (kanpai (suru))
Verb-oth	To toil	苦勞 (する)	Kurō (suru)
Verb-oth	To tonk	トンクへ	tonku e
Verb-oth	To torch	火点し (する)	Hitomoshi (suru) * (lighting a torch; lighting up a lamp)
Verb-oth	To torment	苦しめる	kurushimeru
Verb-oth	To tower	そびえ立つ	Sobietatsu
Verb-oth	To toy (to toy with)	弄ぶ (弄ぶ)	Moteasobu (moteasobu)
Verb-oth	To trail	追跡 (する)	Tsuiseki (suru)
Verb-oth	To tramp	踏みつける	Fumitsukeru
Verb-oth	To trample (to trample on)	踏みつける (踏みつける)	Fumitsukeru (fumitsukeru)
Verb-oth	To transact	取引 (する)	Torihiki (suru)
Verb-oth	To transcend	超越 (する)	Chōetsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To transcribe	転記 (する)	Tenki (suru)
Verb-oth	To transmute	変換 (する)	Henkan (suru)
Verb-oth	To transpire	発散 (する)	Hassan (suru)
Verb-oth	To transpose	転置 (する)	Tenchi (suru)
Verb-oth	To trash	屑にする	Kuzu ni suru
Verb-oth	To tread	踏む	fumu
Verb-oth	To tremble	震える	Furueru
Verb-oth	To trench	溝に掘る	Mizo ni horu
Verb-oth	To trend	トレンドへ	torendo e
Verb-oth	To trespass	不法侵入 (する)	Fuhō shin'nyū (suru)
Verb-oth	To trick	騙す	Damasu

Verb-oth	To trickle	滴る	Shitataru
Verb-oth	To trifle	軽視 (する)	keishi (suru)
Verb-oth	To triumph	勝利 (する)	shouri (suru)
Verb-oth	To trivialize	矮小化 (する)	Waishō-ka (suru)
Verb-oth	To troll	荒らす	arasu
Verb-oth	To trot	小走り (する)	kosogari (suru)
Verb-oth	To trowel	移植ごて	ishokugote
Verb-oth	To truant	不登校	Futōkō
Verb-oth	To trudge	歩く	Aruku
Verb-oth	To trundle (to trundle by)	通り過ぎる (通り過ぎる)	Tōrisugiru (tōrisugiru)
Verb-oth	To try hard	努力 (する)	doryoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To tuck	押し込む	Oshikomu
Verb-oth	To tuck away	押し込む	Oshikomu
Verb-oth	To tuck in	押し込む	Oshikomu
Verb-oth	To tuck up	身を寄せる	Mi o yoseru
Verb-oth	To tug	引っ張る	Hipparu
Verb-oth	To tune	調整 (する)	Chōsei (suru)
Verb-oth	To turn away (to turn away from)	背を向ける (背を向ける)	Se o muku (se o muku)
Verb-oth	To turn back	引き返す	Hikikaesu
Verb-oth	To turn back the clock (to turn back time)	時計を戻す (時間を戻す)	Tokei o modosu (jikan o modosu)
Verb-oth	To turn down	不採用にする	Fusaiyō ni suru
Verb-oth	To turn from	背を向ける	sei o muku
Verb-oth	To turn over	ひっくり返す	Hikkurikaesu
Verb-oth	To turn red (to go red)	赤くなる (赤くなる)	Akaku naru (akaku naru)
Verb-oth	To turn to (to turn towards)	向きを変える	muki o kaeru
Verb-oth	To tussle	争い	Araso
Verb-oth	To tutor	家庭教師をする	Kateikyōshi o suru
Verb-oth	To twerk	トゥワーク (する)	To~uwāku (suru)
Verb-oth	To twinge	チクチク (する)	Chikuchiku (suru)
Verb-oth	To twirl	くるくる回る	Kurukuru mawaru
Verb-oth	To twist open	ねじって開く	Nejitte hiraku
Verb-oth	To unbox	箱から出す	Hako kara dasu
Verb-oth	To unclog	詰まりを解消する	Tsumari o kaishō suru
Verb-oth	To undergo	受ける	ukeru
Verb-oth	To underprice	値段が安すぎる	Nedan ga yasusugiru
Verb-oth	To undervalue	過小評価 (する)	Kashōhyōka (suru)
Verb-oth	To unearth	発掘 (する)	Hakkutsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To unfasten	外す	Hazusu
Verb-oth	To unlatch	外す	Hazusu
Verb-oth	To unlearn something	何かを忘れる	Nanika o wasureru * (to forget something)
Verb-oth	To unleash	解き放つ	Tokihanatsu
Verb-oth	To unload	荷を下ろす	Niwoorosu
Verb-oth	To unravel	解き明かす	Tokiakasu
Verb-oth	To unzip	ジッパーを開ける	Jippā o Akeru
Verb-oth	To upbraid	叱責する	Shisseki suru
Verb-oth	To upset	動揺 (する)	douyou (suru)

Verb-oth	To upsize	規模を拡大する	Kibo o kakudai suru
Verb-oth	To usher	案内 (する)	An'nai (suru)
Verb-oth	To utter	発話する	Hatsuwa suru
Verb-oth	To vanquish	打ち負かす	Uchi makasu
Verb-oth	To vapor	蒸気にする	Jōki ni suru
Verb-oth	To vaporize	蒸発させる	jōhatsu sa seru
Verb-oth	To varnish	ニスを塗る	Nisuwonuru
Verb-oth	To vary	変化 (する)	Henka (suru)
Verb-oth	To vent	発散 (する)	Hassan (suru)
Verb-oth	To verbalize	言葉にする	Kotoba ni suru
Verb-oth	To verge	限界に達する	Genkai ni tassuru
Verb-oth	To vindicate	正当化 (する)	Seitō-ka (suru)
Verb-oth	To vision	構想 (する)	Kōsō (suru)
Verb-oth	To visualize	視覚化 (する)	Shikaku-ka (suru)
Verb-oth	To void	空虚になる	Kūkyō ni naru
Verb-oth	To vomit (to puke)	吐く (吐く)	Haku (haku)
Verb-oth	To vouch for	(を) 保証 (する)	(o) Hoshō (suru)
Verb-oth	To vow	誓う	Chikau
Verb-oth	To waddle	よちよち歩く	Yochiyochi aruku
Verb-oth	To wade	渡る/ 水の中を歩く	Wataru/ Mizu no naka o aruku
Verb-oth	To wade	水の中を歩く	Mizu no naka o aruku
Verb-oth	To wait up	待つ	Matsu
Verb-oth	To wait your turn	順番を待つ	Junban o matsu
Verb-oth	To walk down the aisle	通路を歩く	Tsūro o aruku
Verb-oth	To walk on air (walking on air)	空中を歩く (空中を歩く)	kuuchuu o aruku (kuuchuu o aruku)
Verb-oth	To wander	放浪 (する/ の)	Hōrō (suru/ no)
Verb-oth	To wander around	うろうろ	Urōro
Verb-oth	To wanton	浮気 (する/ な) (浮気にする)	Uwaki (suru/ na) (uwaki ni suru)
Verb-oth	To ward	追い払う	Oiharau
Verb-oth	To ward off	追い払う	Oiharau
Verb-oth	To warp	歪む	Yugamu
Verb-oth	To warrant	保証 (する)	Hoshō (suru)
Verb-oth	To wash ashore (to drift ashore)	漂着 (する) (漂着 (する))	Hyōchaku (suru) (hyōchaku (suru))
Verb-oth	To wash out	洗い流す	Arainagasu
Verb-oth	To wash up (to wash something up)	洗う (何かを洗う)	Arau (nanika o arau)
Verb-oth	To watch out	用心 (する)	yojin (suru)
Verb-oth	To waterproof	防水 (する)	bousui (suru)
Verb-oth	To wave away	払いのける	Harainokeru
Verb-oth	To wax	満ちる	Michiru
Verb-oth	To weaken	弱める	Yowameru
Verb-oth	To wear down	すり減る	suri heru
Verb-oth	To wear off	脱ぐ	Nugu
Verb-oth	To wear on	着用 (する)	Chakuyō (suru)
Verb-oth	To wear out	消耗 (する)/ すり減る (磨り減る)	Shōmō (suru) * (exhaustion; consumption; using up; dissipation; waste)/ Suriheru * (to be worn down; to wear away; to wear out/ to dwindle; to be reduced)

Verb-oth	To weather	風化 (する)	Fūka (suru)
Verb-oth	To weed	雑草を抜く	Zassō o nuku
Verb-oth	To weed	雑草を取り除く	Zassō o torinozoku
Verb-oth	To weed out	除草 (する)	Josō (suru)
Verb-oth	To weed out	雑草を取り除く	Zassō o torinozoku
Verb-oth	To weigh one's options	選択肢を検討する	Sentakushi o kentou suru
Verb-oth	To weld	溶接 (する)	yōsetsu (suru)
Verb-oth	To well up	湧き上がる	Waki agaru
Verb-oth	To whack	叩く	tataku
Verb-oth	To wham	ドサツとする	dosatto suru
Verb-oth	To wheeze	喘鳴 (する)/ ゼイゼイ (する)	Zeimei (suru)/ Zeizei (suru)
Verb-oth	To whine	愚痴を言う	Guchiwoiu
Verb-oth	To whirl	旋回 (する)/ くるくる回る	Senkai (suru) / kurukuru mawaru
Verb-oth	To whittle	削る	kezuru
Verb-oth	To widen (to make wider)	広げる (広くする)	Hirogeru (hiroku suru)
Verb-oth	To wile	策略 (する)	Sakuryaku (suru)
Verb-oth	To wince	顔をしかめる	Kaowoshikameru
Verb-oth	To wind	巻く	Maku
Verb-oth	To wind down	落ち着く	Ochitsuku
Verb-oth	To winnow	ふるい分ける	Furui wakeru
Verb-oth	To wipe away	拭き取る	Nugu-kitaru
Verb-oth	To wipe out	払拭 (する)	Fūshoku (suru)
Verb-oth	To withdraw	撤回する	Tekkai suru
Verb-oth	To wither (to shrivel)	枯れる (しぼんでしまう)	Kareru (shibonde shimau)
Verb-oth	To witness	目撃 (する)	Mokugeki (suru)
Verb-oth	To word	言葉にする	Kotoba ni suru
Verb-oth	To work for	働く	Hataraku
Verb-oth	To wrap up	まとめる	Matomeru
Verb-oth	To wreak	壊す	Kowasu
Verb-oth	To wreck	破壊 (する)	Hakai (suru)
Verb-oth	To wriggle	身をよじる	mi o yojiru
Verb-oth	To wriggle your way out (to wiggle your way out)	身をよじって抜け出す (身をよじって抜け出す)	mi o yojitte nukedasu (mi o yojitte nukedasu)
Verb-oth	To yarn	物語を語る	Monogatari o kataru
Verb-oth	To yield	屈する	Kussuru
Verb-oth	To yield (to give in to)	譲歩 (する) (屈服 (する))	Jōho (suru) (kuppuku (suru))
Verb-oth	To yield (to give way)	譲る (道を譲る)	Yuzuru (michi o yuzuru)
Verb-oth	To zap	ザップする	zappu suru
Verb-oth	To zigzag	ジグザグに進む	Jiguzagu ni susumu
Verb-oth	To zing	元気よく	genki yoku
Verb-oth	To zip up	ジッパーを上げる	Jippaa o ageru
Verb-oth	To zone	ゾーンにする	Zōn ni suru
Verb-oth	To zone out	ゾーンアウト (する)	Zōn'auto (suru)

Verb Conjugations

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Complete Verb Conjugation			
Verb-Con	I go	私は行く / 行きます	Watashi wa iku/ Ikimasu
Verb-Con	You go	あなたが行く	Anata ga iku
Verb-Con	He goes	彼は行く	Kare wa iku
Verb-Con	She goes	彼女が行く	Kanojo ga iku
Verb-Con	It goes	それは行く	Sore wa iku
Verb-Con	We go	私達は行く	Watashitachi wa iku
Verb-Con	They go	彼らが行く	Karera ga iku
Verb-Con	I went	私は行った	Watashi wa okonatta
Verb-Con	You went	あなたが行きました	Anata ga ikimashita
Verb-Con	He went	彼は行った	Kare wa okonatta
Verb-Con	She went	彼女は行きました	Kanojo wa ikimashita
Verb-Con	It went	それは行きました	Sore wa ikimashita
Verb-Con	We went	私たちは行った	Watashitachihi itta
Verb-Con	They went	彼らは行きました	Karera wa ikimashita
Verb-Con	I have gone	私は行きました	Watashi wa ikimashita
Verb-Con	We have gone	我々は去った	Wareware wa satta
Verb-Con	I had gone	私は行っていた	Watashi wa itte ita
Verb-Con	We had gone	私たちは行っていた	Watashitachihi itte ita
Verb-Con	I will go	私が行きます	Watashi ga ikimasu
Verb-Con	We will go	私達は行きます	Watashitachi wa ikimasu
Verb-Con	I am going	私は行っています / 行きます	Watashi wa itte imasu/ ikimasu
Verb-Con	We are going	私たちは行っています / 行きます	Watashitachihi itte imasu/ ikimasu
Verb-Con	I come	来ます	Kimasu
Verb-Con	You come	来ます	Kimasu
Verb-Con	He comes	彼が来る	Kare ga kuru
Verb-Con	She comes	彼女が来る	Kanojo ga kuru
Verb-Con	It comes	来る	Kuru
Verb-Con	We come	私たちは来る	Watashitachi wa kuru
Verb-Con	They come	彼らが来る	Karera ga kuru
Verb-Con	I came	私が来た	Watashi ga kita
Verb-Con	You came	あなたが来た	Anata ga kita
Verb-Con	He came	彼が来た	Kare ga kita
Verb-Con	She came	彼女は来た	Kanojo wa kita
Verb-Con	It came	それは来た	Sore wa kita
Verb-Con	We came	私たちは来ました	Watashitachihi kimashita
Verb-Con	They came	彼らが来ました	Karera ga kimashita
Verb-Con	I have come	私が来ました	Watashi ga kimashita
Verb-Con	We have come	来ました	Kimashita
Verb-Con	I had come	来てた	Kiteta
Verb-Con	We had come	私たちは来ていました	Watashitachihi kite imashita

Verb-Con	I will come	行きます	Ikimasu
Verb-Con	We will come	我々は来ます	Wareware wa kimasu
Verb-Con	I am coming	今行きます	Ima ikimasu
Verb-Con	We are coming	我々は来ています	Wareware wa kite imasu
Verb-Con	I leave	私は出発します	Watashi wa shuppatsu shimasu
Verb-Con	You leave	あなたが去る	Anata ga saru
Verb-Con	He leaves	彼は去る	Kare wa saru
Verb-Con	She leaves	彼女は去ります	Kanojo wa sarimasu
Verb-Con	It leaves	それは残ります	Sore wa nokorimasu
Verb-Con	We leave	出発する	Shuppatsu suru
Verb-Con	They leave	彼らは去る	Karera wa saru
Verb-Con	I left	私は去った	Watashi wa satta
Verb-Con	You left	あなたは去りました	Anata wa sarimashita
Verb-Con	He left	彼は去りました	Kare wa sarimashita
Verb-Con	She left	彼女は行ってしまった	Kanojo wa itte shimatta
Verb-Con	It left	それは去った	Sore wa satta
Verb-Con	We left	私たちは出かけた	Watashitachiha dekaketa
Verb-Con	They left	彼らは行ってしまった	Karera wa itte shimatta
Verb-Con	I have left	出発してしまいました	Shuppatsu shite shimaimashita
Verb-Con	We have left	出発しました	Shuppatsu shimashita
Verb-Con	I had left	私は去ってしまった	Watashi wa satte shimatta
Verb-Con	We had left	私たちは出発してしまいました	Watashitachiha shuppatsu shite shimaimashita
Verb-Con	I will leave	私は出発します	Watashi wa shuppatsu shimasu
Verb-Con	We will leave	私達が去っていきます	Watashitachi ga satte ikimasu
Verb-Con	I am leaving	出発します	Shuppatsu shimasu
Verb-Con	We are leaving	出発します	Shuppatsu shimasu
Verb-Con	I eat	私は食べる/ 食べます	Watashi wa taberu/ tabemasu
Verb-Con	You eat	あなたは食べる	Anata wa taberu
Verb-Con	He eats	彼は食べる	Kare wa taberu
Verb-Con	She eats	彼女は食べる	Kanojo wa taberu
Verb-Con	It eats	それは食べる	Sore wa taberu
Verb-Con	We eat	私たちは食べる	Watashitachi wa taberu
Verb-Con	They eat	彼らは食べる	Karera wa taberu
Verb-Con	I ate	私は食べた	Watashi wa tabeta
Verb-Con	You ate	あなたが食べました	Anata ga tabemashita
Verb-Con	He ate	彼が食べた	Kare ga tabeta
Verb-Con	She ate	彼女は食べた	Kanojo wa tabeta
Verb-Con	It ate	それは食べた	Sore wa tabeta
Verb-Con	We ate	私たちは食べました	Watashitachiha tabemashita
Verb-Con	They ate	彼らが食べました	Karera ga tabemashita
Verb-Con	I have eaten	私は食べた	Watashi wa tabeta
Verb-Con	We have eaten	私たちは食べました	Watashitachiha tabemashita
Verb-Con	I had eaten	私は食べました	Watashi wa tabemashita

Verb-Con	We had eaten	私たちは食べていました	Watashitachiha tabete imashita
Verb-Con	I will eat	私は食べます	Watashi wa tabemasu
Verb-Con	We will eat	私たちは食べます	Watashitachiha tabemasu
Verb-Con	I am eating	私は食べています	Watashi wa tabete imasu
Verb-Con	We are eating	私たちは食べています	Watashitachiha tabete imasu
Verb-Con	I do	私はする	Watashi wa suru
Verb-Con	You do	あなたはする	Anata wa suru
Verb-Con	He does	彼はする	Kare wa suru
Verb-Con	She does	彼女はする	Kanojo wa suru
Verb-Con	It does	それはする	Soreha suru
Verb-Con	We do	我々はする	Wareware wa suru
Verb-Con	They do	彼らはする	Karera wa suru
Verb-Con	I did	私はしました (私はした)	Watashi wa shimashita * (polite) (watashi wa shita * (informal))
Verb-Con	You did	あなたはしました	Anata wa shimashita
Verb-Con	He did	彼はしました	Kare wa shimashita
Verb-Con	She did	彼女がやった	Kanojo ga yatta
Verb-Con	It did	それがやった	Sore ga yatta
Verb-Con	We did	我々はしました	Wareware wa shimashita
Verb-Con	They did	彼らがやった	Karera ga yatta
Verb-Con	I have done	私はしました (私はした)	Watashi wa shimashita * (polite) (watashi wa shita * (regular))
Verb-Con	We have done	我々はしました	Wareware wa shimashita
Verb-Con	I had done	私はしました	Watashi wa shimashita
Verb-Con	We had done	我々はしました	Wareware wa shimashita
Verb-Con	I will done	私はする (でしょう)	Watashi wa suru (deshou)
Verb-Con	We will do	我々はする (でしょう)	Wareware wa suru (deshou)
Verb-Con	I am doing	私はしています (私はしている)	Watashi wa shite imasu * (polite) (watashi wa shite iru * (regular))
Verb-Con	We are doing	我々はしています	Wareware wa shite imasu
Verb-Con	I drink	私は飲む	Watashi wa nomu
Verb-Con	You drink	あなたは飲む	Anata wa nomu
Verb-Con	He drinks	彼は飲む	Kare wa nomu
Verb-Con	She drinks	彼女は飲む	Kanojo wa nomu
Verb-Con	It drinks	それは飲む	Soreha nomu
Verb-Con	We drink	我々は飲む	Wareware wa nomu
Verb-Con	They drink	彼らは飲む	Karera wa nomu
Verb-Con	I drank	私は飲みました	Watashi wa nomimashita
Verb-Con	You drank	あなたは飲みました	Anata wa nomimashita
Verb-Con	He drank	彼は飲みました	Kare wa nomimashita
Verb-Con	We drank	我々は飲みました	Wareware wa nomimashita
Verb-Con	I have drunk	私は飲みました	Watashi wa nomimashita
Verb-Con	We have drunk	我々は飲みました	Wareware wa nomimashita
Verb-Con	I had drunk	私は飲みました	Watashi wa nomimashita

Verb-Con	We had drunk	我々は飲みました	Wareware wa nomimashita
Verb-Con	I will drink	私は飲む(でしょう)	Watashi wa nomu (deshou)
Verb-Con	We will drink	我々は飲む(でしょう)	Wareware wa nomu (deshou)
Verb-Con	I am drinking	私は飲んでいます	Watashi wa nonde imasu
Verb-Con	We are drinking	我々は飲んでいます	Wareware wa nonde imasu
Verb-Con	I feel	私は感じる	Watashi wa kanjiru
Verb-Con	You feel	あなたは感じる	Anata wa kanjiru
Verb-Con	He feels	彼は感じる	Kare wa kanjiru
Verb-Con	She feels	彼女は感じる	Kanojo wa kanjiru
Verb-Con	It feels	それは感じる	Soreha kanjiru
Verb-Con	We feel	我々は感じる	Wareware wa kanjiru
Verb-Con	They feel	彼らは感じる	Karera wa kanjiru
Verb-Con	I felt	私は感じました	Watashi wa kanjimashita
Verb-Con	You felt	あなたは感じました	Anata wa kanjimashita
Verb-Con	He felt	彼は感じました	Kare wa kanjimashita
Verb-Con	We felt	我々は感じました	Wareware wa kanjimashita
Verb-Con	I have felt	私は感じました	Watashi wa kanjimashita
Verb-Con	We have felt	我々は感じました	Wareware wa kanjimashita
Verb-Con	I had felt	私は感じました	Watashi wa kanjimashita
Verb-Con	We had felt	我々は感じました	Wareware wa kanjimashita
Verb-Con	I will feel	私は感じる(でしょう)	Watashi wa kanjiru (deshou)
Verb-Con	We will feel	我々は感じる(でしょう)	Wareware wa kanjiru (deshou)
Verb-Con	I am feeling	私は感じています	Watashi wa kanjite imasu
Verb-Con	We are feeling	我々は感じています	Wareware wa kanjite imasu
Verb-Con	I know	知っている	Shitte iru
Verb-Con	You know	あなたが知っている	Anata ga shitte iru
Verb-Con	He knows	彼は知っている	Kare wa shitte iru
Verb-Con	She knows	彼女は知っている	Kanojo wa shitte iru
Verb-Con	It knows	それは知っています	Sore wa shitte imasu
Verb-Con	We know	私たちは知っています	Watashitachi wa shitte imasu
Verb-Con	They know	彼らは知っている	Karera wa shitte iru
Verb-Con	I knew	知っていました	Shitte imashita
Verb-Con	You knew	知っていました	Shitte imashita
Verb-Con	He knew	彼は知っていた	Kare wa shitteita
Verb-Con	She knew	彼女は知っていた	Kanojo wa shitteita
Verb-Con	It knew	それは知っていました	Sore wa shitte imashita
Verb-Con	We knew	私たちは知っていました	Watashitachi wa shitte imashita
Verb-Con	They knew	彼らは知っていた	Karera wa shitteita
Verb-Con	I think	私は思う	Watashi wa omou
Verb-Con	I leave	私は出発します	Watashi wa shuppatsu shimasu
Verb-Con	I decide	わたしは決心する	Watashi wa kesshin suru
Verb-Con	I believe	私は信じている	Watashi wa shinjite iru
Verb-Con	I sleep	私は寝ます	Watashi wa nemasu

Verb-Con	I enter	私が入ります	Watashi ga hairimasu
Verb-Con	I return	私は返す	Watashi wa kaesu
Verb-Con	I give	私は与えます	Watashi wa ataemasu
Verb-Con	I receive	私は受け取ります	Watashi wa uketorimasu
Verb-Con	I bring	私が持って来る	Watashi ga motte kuru
Verb-Con	I call	電話する	Denwa suru
Verb-Con	I answer	私が答える	Watashi ga kotaeru
Verb-Con	I send	私は送る	Watashi wa okuru
Verb-Con	I travel	私は旅行します	Watashi wa ryokō shimasu
Verb-Con	I swim	私は泳ぎます	Watashi wa oyogimasu
Verb-Con	I push	私は押します	Watashi wa oshimasu
Verb-Con	I pull	私は引っ張る	Watashi wa hipparu
Verb-Con	I put	置いた	Oita
Verb-Con	I decorate	飾ります	Kazarimasu
Verb-Con	I move	私は移動します	Watashi wa idō shimasu
Verb-Con	I like	私は好きです	Watashi wa sukidesu
Verb-Con	I would like	をお願いします	o Onegaishimasu
Verb-Con	I want	欲しいです	Hoshīdesu
Verb-Con	I love	私は愛する	Watashi wa aisuru
Verb-Con	I translate	私は翻訳する	Watashi wa hon'yaku suru
Verb-Con	I come	私は来る	Watashi wa kuru
Verb-Con	I say	私は言う	Watashi wa iu
Verb-Con	I would like (I'd like; I want)	欲しいです (ほしいです)/ 私は verb stem+たいと思います/ Verb stem+たいのですが/ 私はverb stem+たいです	Hoshīdesu/ Watashi wa verb stem +tai to omoimasu/ Verb stem +tai nodesuga/ Watashi wa verb stem + taidesu
Verb-Con	I see; you see; he sees; she sees; it sees; we see; they see	そうか; 分かりますか; 彼が見ている; 彼女は見た。それは見えます。私たちは見る; 彼らは見る	Sō ka; wakarimasu ka; kare ga mite iru; kanojo wa mita. Sore wa miemasu. Watashitachi wa miru; karera wa miru
Verb-Con	I saw; you saw; he saw; she saw; it saw; we saw; they saw	私が見た; あなたが見た; 彼は見た; 彼女が見た; それは見た。私たちは見ました。彼らが見た	Watashi ga mita; anata ga mita; kare wa mita; kanojo ga mita; sore wa mita. Watashitachi wa mimashita. Karera ga mita
Verb-Con	I have seen; you have seen; he has seen; she has seen; it has seen; we have seen; they have seen	私は見た; あなたは見たことがあります。彼は見た。彼女は見た。それは見た。私たちは見てきました。彼らは見た	Watashi wa mita; anata wa mita koto ga arimasu. Kare wa mita. Kanojo wa mita. Sore wa mita. Watashitachiwa mitekimashita. Karera wa mita
Verb-Con	I had seen; you have seen; he had seen; she had seen; it had seen; we had seen; they had seen	私は見たことがありました。あなたは見たことがありません。彼は見たのです。彼女は見たのです。それは見ていた。私たちは見たことがありました。彼らは見ていた	Watashi wa mita koto ga arimashita. Anata wa mita koto ga arimasu. Kare wa mita nodesu. Kanojo wa mita nodesu. Sore wa mite ita. Watashitachi wa mita koto ga arimashita. Karera wa mite ita

Negative Verb Conjugation			
Verb-Con	I am not	私はいない	watashi wa inai
Verb-Con	I did not	私はしなかった	Watashi wa shinakatta
Verb-Con	I do not	なかった	nakatta
Verb-Con	I had not	なかった	nakatta
Verb-Con	I was not	私はいなかった	watashi wa inakatta

Other Verb Conjugation			
Verb-Con	To be done	完了予定	Kanryō yotei
Verb-Con	To be closed	終了予定	Shūryō yotei
Verb-Con	To be discussed	協議予定	Kyōgi yotei
Verb-Con	It will be done	完了します/ 完了するでしょう	Kanryō shimasu/ Kanryō surudeshou * (more forceful, be careful when saying this)
Verb-Con	It will be closed	終了します/ 終了する予定です/ 終了するでしょう	Shūryō shimasu/ Shūryō suru yoteidesu/ Shūryō surudeshou * (more forceful, be careful when saying this)
Verb-Con	It will be discussed	議論します/ 協議予定/ 議論するでしょう	Giron shimasu/ Kyōgi yotei/ Giron surudeshou * (more forceful, be careful when saying this)
Verb-Con	It was done	完了されました/ 完了しました	Kanryō saremashita/ Kanryō shimashita
Verb-Con	It was closed	終了されました/ 終了しました	Shūryō saremashita/ Shūryō shimashita
Verb-Con	It was discussed	協議されました/ 協議済み	Kyōgi saremashita/ Kyōgi-zumi

First Person Verb Conjugation			
Verb-Con	I am	私は	Watashi wa
Verb-Con	I can (I am able)	できる (できる)	Dekiru (dekiru)
Verb-Con	I become	(に) なる	(ni) Naru
Verb-Con	I come	来る	Kuru
Verb-Con	I go	行く	Iku
Verb-Con	I return	私は返す	Watashi wa kaesu
Verb-Con	I go around	私は歩き回ります	Watashi wa arukimawarimasu
Verb-Con	I go home	私は家に帰る	Watashi wa ienikaeru
Verb-Con	I go together (I go along)	私は一緒に行きます (私は一緒に行きます)	Watashi wa issho ni ikimasu (watashi wa issho ni ikimasu)
Verb-Con	I wait	私は待つ	Watashi wa matsu
Verb-Con	I enter	私が入ります	Watashi ga hairimasu
Verb-Con	I leave	私は出ます/ 私は出発します	Watashi wa demasu/ Watashi wa shuppatsu shimasu

Verb-Con	I stay (I remain)	私は残ります (私は残ります)	Watashi wa nokorimasu (watashi wa nokorimasu)
Verb-Con	I stay at (e.g. hotel)	私は (例: ホテル) に滞在します	Watashi wa (rei: hōteru) ni taizai shimasu
Verb-Con	I arrive	到着しました	Tōchaku shimashita
Verb-Con	I delay	遅れます	Okuremasu
Verb-Con	I depart	出発します	Shuppatsu shimasu
Verb-Con	I drive (ie. car, machine)	私は運転します (つまり, 車, 機械)	Watashi wa unten shimasu (tsumari,-sha, kikai)
Verb-Con	I go out (I get out)	私は出ます (出ます)	Watashi wa demasu (demasu)
Verb-Con	I hurry	急ぎます	Isogimasu
Verb-Con	I move (I stir; I shift; I shake)	私は動きます (私はかき混ぜます, 私は動かします, 私は揺れます)	Watashi wa ugokimasu (watashi wa kakimazemasu, watashi wa ugokashimasu, watashi wa yuremasu)
Verb-Con	I move house	家を引っ越します	Ie o hikkoshimasu
Verb-Con	I pass (I pass through, ie. bridge, mountain, etc.)	私は通ります (橋や山などを通ります)	Watashi wa tōrimasu (hashi ya yama nado o tōrimasu)
Verb-Con	I remain	私は残ります	Watashi wa nokorimasu
Verb-Con	I run	走る	Hashiru
Verb-Con	I sightsee (sightseeing)	観光します (観光します)	Kankō shimasu (kankō shimasu)
Verb-Con	I take a walk (I stroll)	散歩します (散歩します)	Sanpo shimasu (sanpo shimasu)
Verb-Con	I tour (I take a tour)	私はツアーします (私はツアーに参加します)	Watashi wa tsuā shimasu (watashi wa tsuā ni sankashimasu)
Verb-Con	I travel (I make a trip)	私は旅行します (旅行します)	Watashi wa ryokō shimasu (ryokō shimasu)
Verb-Con	I visit	訪問します	Hōmon shimasu
Verb-Con	I walk	私は歩く	Watashi wa aruku
Verb-Con	I do	私はします	Watashi wa shimasu
Verb-Con	I make	私が作る	Watashi ga tsukuru
Verb-Con	I create	私が作成します	Watashi ga sakusei shimasu
Verb-Con	I act	私は行動します	Watashi wa kōdō shimasu
Verb-Con	I build (I construct)	私は建てます (私は建てます)	Watashi wa tatemasu (watashi wa tatemasu)
Verb-Con	I help (I assist)	お手伝いします (お手伝いします)	Otetsudai shimasu (otetsudai shimasu)
Verb-Con	I support	応援してる	Ōen shiteru
Verb-Con	I try (I attempt)	やってみます (やってみます)	Yatte mimasu (yatte mimasu)
Verb-Con	I decide (to) (I determine)	私は (することを) 決めます (私は決めます)	Watashi wa (suru koto o) kimemasu (watashi wa kimemasu)
Verb-Con	I decorate	飾ります	Kazarimasu
Verb-Con	I draw	私は絵を描きます	Watashi wa e o kakimasu
Verb-Con	I examine (I investigate)	調べます (調べます)	Shirabemasu (shirabemasu)
Verb-Con	I exercise (I work out)	私は運動します (私は運動します)	Watashi wa undō shimasu (watashi wa undō shimasu)
Verb-Con	I fail	失敗した	Shippaishita
Verb-Con	I happen (I occur; I take place)	私は起こります (私は起こります; 私は起こります)	Watashi wa okorimasu (watashi wa okorimasu; watashi wa okorimasu)
Verb-Con	I hold (a conference, exhibition, etc.; I open; I host)	開催 (会議, 展示会等; 開く; 主催する)	Kaisai (kaigi, nokia-tō; hiraku; shusai suru)

Verb-Con	I interrupt (I hinder)	割り込む (邪魔する)	Warikomu (jama suru)
Verb-Con	I join (I participate)	参加します (参加します)	Sankashimasu (sankashimasu)
Verb-Con	I marry	私は結婚します	Watashi wa kekkon shimasu
Verb-Con	I paint	私は絵を描きます	Watashi wa e o kakimasu
Verb-Con	I react	私は反応します	Watashi wa han'nō shimasu
Verb-Con	I solve (I resolve)	解決します (解決します)	Kaiketsu shimasu (kaiketsu shimasu)
Verb-Con	I sport (I play sports)	私はスポーツをします (私はスポーツをします)	Watashi wa supōtsu o shimasu (watashi wa supōtsu o shimasu)
Verb-Con	I succeed (I have success)	私は成功します (私は成功しています)	Watashi wa seikō shimasu (watashi wa seikō shite imasu)
Verb-Con	I try out (something)	(何かを)試してみます	(nanika o) Tameshite mimasu
Verb-Con	I use (I utilize)	私は使っています (活用しています)	Watashi wa tsukatteimasu (katsuyō shite imasu)
Verb-Con	I work (on/ for/ as a)	私は (として/のために/として) 働いています	Watashi wa (to shite/ no tame ni/ to shite) hataraitte imasu
Verb-Con	I work out (I think out, ie. a plan)	私はワークアウトします (私は考えます, つまり計画を立てます)	Watashi wa wākuauto shimasu (watashi wa kangaemasu, tsumari keikaku o tatemasu)
Verb-Con	I sit	それは...ですか	Soreha...desu ka
Verb-Con	I stand	私は立っています	Watashi wa tatte imasu
Verb-Con	I bow	お辞儀をします	Ojigi o shimasu
Verb-Con	I bury	私は埋葬します	Watashi wa maisō shimasu
Verb-Con	I catch	捕まえる	Tsukamaeru
Verb-Con	I climb	私は登ります	Watashi wa noborimasu
Verb-Con	I crawl	私は這う	Watashi wa hau
Verb-Con	I dance	踊る	Odoru
Verb-Con	I dig	掘る	Horu
Verb-Con	I dive	ダイビングします	Daibingu shimasu
Verb-Con	I drag	ドラッグします	Doraggu shimasu
Verb-Con	I float	私は浮く	Watashi wa uku
Verb-Con	I float (I set adrift)	私は浮かぶ (漂流する)	Watashi wa ukabu (hyōryū suru)
Verb-Con	I fly	私は飛ぶ	Watashi wa tobu
Verb-Con	I gamble (I bet)	私はギャンブルをします (賭けます)	Watashi wa gyanburu o shimasu (kakemasu)
Verb-Con	I hug (I embrace)	抱きしめる (抱きしめる)	Dakishimeru (dakishimeru)
Verb-Con	I jump	私はジャンプします	Watashi wa janpu shimasu
Verb-Con	I kiss	キスします	Kisu shimasu
Verb-Con	I mount	私はマウントします	Watashi wa maunto shimasu
Verb-Con	I play	私は遊ぶ	Watashi wa asobu
Verb-Con	I play a game (ie. of chess)	私はゲーム (つまりチェス) をします	Watashi wa gēmu (tsumari chesu) o shimasu
Verb-Con	I play football	私はサッカーをする	Watashi wa sakkā o suru
Verb-Con	I play tennis	私はテニスをやっています	Watashi wa tenisu o yatte imasu
Verb-Con	I play the piano	私はピアノを弾きます	Watashi ha piano o hikimasu
Verb-Con	I ride	私は乗ります	Watashi wa norimasu
Verb-Con	I sing	私は歌う	Watashi wa utau
Verb-Con	I sink (I go down; I submerge)	私は沈みます (私は沈みます; 私は沈みます)	Watashi wa shizumimasu (watashi wa shizumimasu; watashi wa shizumimasu)
Verb-Con	I swim	私は泳ぎます	Watashi wa oyogimasu

Verb-Con	I tickle	くすぐります	Kusugurimasu
Verb-Con	I touch	さわる	Sawaru
Verb-Con	I turn (rotate)	私は回ります (回転します)	Watashi wa mawarimasu (kaiten shimasu)
Verb-Con	I live (ie. I live in/ at)	私は住んでいます (つまり、私はに/ に住んでいます)	Watashi wa sunde imasu (tsumari, watakushiha ni/ ni sunde imasu)
Verb-Con	I be alive	私は生きています	Watashi wa ikite imasu
Verb-Con	I be born (at/ in)	私は (に/に) 生まれます	Watashi wa (ni/ ni) umaremasu
Verb-Con	I be born and raised (in)	私は (...で) 生まれも育ちも	Watashi wa (... de) umare mo sodachi mo
Verb-Con	I become attached (to) (I become affectionate (with))	(に) 愛着が湧く ((に) 愛着が湧く)	(ni) Aichaku ga waku ((ni) aichaku ga waku)
Verb-Con	I die (I pass away)	私は死ぬ (私は亡くなる)	Watashi wa shinu (watashi wa nakunaru)
Verb-Con	I experience (have experience)	経験しています (経験があります)	Keiken shite imasu (keiken ga arimasu)
Verb-Con	I have	私は持っている	Watashi wa motte iru
Verb-Con	I own	私が所有している	Watashi ga shoyū shite iru
Verb-Con	I prepare (I get ready)	準備します (準備します)	Junbi shimasu (junbi shimasu)
Verb-Con	I take	私は取る	Watashi wa toru
Verb-Con	I get (I obtain)	わかります (わかります)	Wakarimasu (wakarimasu)
Verb-Con	I give	私は与えます	Watashi wa ataemasu
Verb-Con	I give * (ie. I gave something I someone)	私は与えます * (つまり、私は誰かに何かをあげました)	Watashi wa ataemasu * (tsumari, watashi wa dareka ni nanika o agemashita)
Verb-Con	I give (I let (one) have)	私は与えます (私は(1人)に持たせます)	Watashi wa ataemasu (watashi wa (1-ri) ni mota semasu)
Verb-Con	I bring (I get)	持ってきます (もらいます)	Motte kimasu (moraimasu)
Verb-Con	I bring (I take; I carry)	私は持っていくます (私は持って行きます; 私は運びます)	Watashi wa motte ikimasu (watashi wa motteikimasu; watashi wa hakobimasu)
Verb-Con	I bring someone (to)	私は誰かを (に) 連れて行きます	Watashi wa dare ka o (ni) tsurete ikimasu
Verb-Con	I carry	私は運びます	Watashi wa hakobimasu
Verb-Con	I drop	落とします	Otoshimasu
Verb-Con	I fall (I drop; I fall down)	私は落ちます (私は落ちます, 私は落ちます)	Watashi wa ochimasu (watashi wa ochimasu, watashi wa ochimasu)
Verb-Con	I give back (I return something to)	私はお返しします (私は何かを返します)	Watashi wa okaeshi shimasu (watashi wa nanika o kaeshimasu)
Verb-Con	I keep (I hold)	私は保ちます (私は保持します)	Watashi wa tamochimasu (watashi wa hoji shimasu)
Verb-Con	I let	私はさせます	Watashi wa sa semasu
Verb-Con	I receive * (ie. I received something from someone)	私は * を受け取ります (つまり、誰かから何かを受け取りました)	Watashi wa * o uketorimasu (tsumari, dareka kara nanika o uketorimashita)
Verb-Con	I send (ie. mail)	私は送信します (つまり, メール)	Watashi wa sōshin shimasu (tsumari, mēru)
Verb-Con	I take along	連れて行きます	Tsurete ikimasu
Verb-Con	I take someone (to)	私は誰かを (に) 連れて行きます	Watashi wa dare ka o (ni) tsurete ikimasu

Verb-Con	I do a favor (I do something for someone; I do someone a favor)	私はお願いをします (私は誰かのために何かをします; 私は誰かにお願いをします)	Watashi wa onegai o shimasu (watashi wa dare ka no tame ni nanika o shimasu; watashi wa dareka ni onegai o shimasu)
Verb-Con	I get somebody I do something	誰かに何かをしてもらう	Dareka ni nanika o shite morau
Verb-Con	Let's (let us; ie. let's go)	行こう (行こう, つまり, 行こう)	Yukō (yukō, tsumari, yukō)
Verb-Con	I fall (from the sky, ie. rain)	私は落ちる (空から, つまり雨が降る)	Watashi wa ochiru (sora kara, tsumari amegafuru)
Verb-Con	I rain	雨が降る	Amegafuru
Verb-Con	I get dark (I grow dark)	暗くなってしまう (私は暗くなってしまう)	Kuraku natte shimau (watashi wa kuraku natte shimau)
Verb-Con	I get wet (I shower)	濡れてしまいます (シャワーを浴びます)	Nurete shimaimasu (shawā o abimasu)
Verb-Con	I slide	滑ります	Suberimasu
Verb-Con	I slip	滑ってしまう	Subette shimau
Verb-Con	I soak	浸します	Hitashimasu
Verb-Con	I search (for; I seek; I look for)	私は探す (探します; 探します; 探します)	Watashi wa sagasu (sagashimasu; sagashimasu; sagashimasu)
Verb-Con	I find	見つけました	Mitsukemashita
Verb-Con	I find out (I discover)	私は見つけます (私は発見します)	Watashi wa mitsukemasu (Watashi wa hakken shimasu)
Verb-Con	I decrease	減少します	Genshō shimasu
Verb-Con	I grow	私は成長します	Watashi wa seichō shimasu
Verb-Con	I grow (ie. I cultivate plants)	私は成長します (つまり、植物を栽培します)	Watashi wa seichō shimasu (Tsumari, shokubutsu o saibai shimasu)
Verb-Con	I grow up	私は成長します	Watashi wa seichō shimasu
Verb-Con	I hunt	私は狩りをします	Watashi wa kari o shimasu
Verb-Con	I increase	増やします	Fuyashimasu
Verb-Con	I lose (ie. match)	負けます (つまり試合)	Makemasu (Tsumari shiai)
Verb-Con	I lose (something)	(何かを) 失います	(Nanika o) Ushinaimasu
Verb-Con	I win (ie. match)	私が勝ちます (つまり、試合)	Watashi ga kachimasu (Tsumari, shiai)
Verb-Con	I win (ie. prize)	私は勝ちます (つまり賞品)	Watashi wa kachimasu (Tsumari shōhin)
Verb-Con	I eat	私は食べる	Watashi wa taberu
Verb-Con	I drink	私は飲む	Watashi wa nomu
Verb-Con	I cook	料理する	Ryōri suru
Verb-Con	I boil (I simmer; I stew; I seethe)	私は沸騰します (私は煮ます、私は煮込みます、私は沸騰させます)	Watashi wa futtō shimasu (Watashi wa niramazu, Watashi wa nikomi masu, Watashi wa futtō sasemasu)
Verb-Con	I chew (I bite)	噛む (噛む)	Kamu (kamu)
Verb-Con	I feed (I give food to)	私は餌をあげます (食べ物を与えます)	Watashi wa esa o agemasu (Tabemono o ataemasu)
Verb-Con	I swallow	私は飲み込みます	Watashi wa nomikomimasu
Verb-Con	I taste (I savor)	味わいます (味わいます)	Ajiwaimasu (Ajiwaimasu)
Verb-Con	I clean	洗います	Araimasu
Verb-Con	I wash	私は洗います	Watashi wa araimasu

Verb-Con	I brush	私はブラシをかけます	Watashi wa burashi o kakemasu
Verb-Con	I brush one's teeth (I brush your teeth)	私は歯を磨きます (私はあなたの歯を磨きます)	Watashi wa ha o migakimasu (Watashi wa anata no ha o migakimasu)
Verb-Con	I iron (I iron one's clothes)	私はアイロンをかける (服にアイロンをかける)	Watashi wa airon o kakeru (Fuku ni airon o kakeru)
Verb-Con	I polish (I brush; I grind; I shine)	私は磨きます (私は磨きます、私は磨きます、私は磨きます)	Watashi wa migakimasu (Watashi wa migakimasu, Watashi wa migakimasu, Watashi wa migakimasu)
Verb-Con	I rinse (I wash out)	すすぎます (洗い流します)	Sosugimasu (Arainarashimasu)
Verb-Con	I smear (I rub)	塗る (こする)	Nuru (kosuru)
Verb-Con	I sweep	私は掃除します	Watashi wa sōji shimasu
Verb-Con	I clean the house (I tidy up the house)	私は家を掃除します (家を片付けます)	Watashi wa ie o sōji shimasu (Ie o katazukemasu)
Verb-Con	I wash the dishes	私は皿を洗います	Watashi wa sara o araimasu
Verb-Con	I learn	私は学ぶ	Watashi wa manabu
Verb-Con	I study	私は勉強します	Watashi wa benkyō shimasu
Verb-Con	I study and learn	勉強して学びます	Benkyō shite manabimasu
Verb-Con	I realize (I become aware (of))	私は気づきました (私は (の) ことに気づきました)	Watashi wa kizukimashita (Watashi wa (no) koto ni kizukimashita)
Verb-Con	I open	私は開きます	Watashi wa hirakimasu
Verb-Con	I close	閉める	Shimeru
Verb-Con	I begin	私が始める	Watashi ga hajimemasu
Verb-Con	I start	私が開始	Watashi ga kaishi
Verb-Con	I end	終わります	Owari masu
Verb-Con	I finish (I complete)	終わります (終わります)	Owari masu (Owari masu)
Verb-Con	I quit	私は辞めた	Watashi wa yameta
Verb-Con	I stop	私は止まる	Watashi wa tomaru
Verb-Con	I change (I convert)	私は変わります (私は変換します)	Watashi wa kawarimasu (Watashi wa henshin shimasu)
Verb-Con	I choose (I select)	私が選ぶ (私が選ぶ)	Watashi ga erabu (Watashi ga erabu)
Verb-Con	I continue	続けます	Tsuzukemasu
Verb-Con	I convert (I change)	私は変換します (私は変換します)	Watashi wa henshin shimasu (Watashi wa henshin shimasu)
Verb-Con	I exchange (I swap; I replace)	交換します (交換します、交換します)	Kōkan shimasu (Kōkan shimasu, Kōkan shimasu)
Verb-Con	I improve	私は改善します	Watashi wa kaizen shimasu
Verb-Con	I lock	ロックします	Rokku shimasu
Verb-Con	I pick	私は選ぶ	Watashi wa erabu
Verb-Con	I unlock	ロックを解除します	Rokku o kaijo shimasu
Verb-Con	I mix	混ぜます	Mazemasu
Verb-Con	I buy (I purchase)	買います (買います)	Kaimasu (Kaimasu)
Verb-Con	I pay (e.g. money, bill)	私は支払います (例：お金、請求書)	Watashi wa shiharaimasu (Rei: Okane, seikyūsho)
Verb-Con	I sell (sales)	売ります (販売)	Urimasu (Hanbai)
Verb-Con	I shop	私は買い物します	Watashi wa kaimono shimasu
Verb-Con	I borrow (I loan)	借ります (貸します)	Karimasu (Kashimasu)

Verb-Con	I grab (I grasp; I seize)	私は掴みます (私は掴みます; 私はつかみます)	Watashi wa tsukamimasu (Watashi wa tsukamimasu; Watashi wa tsukamimasu)
Verb-Con	I hire (I employ)	私は雇います (私は雇います)	Watashi wa yatōimasu (Watashi wa yatōimasu)
Verb-Con	I pass time (I elapse)	私は時間を過ごします (私は過ぎます)	Watashi wa jikan o sugoshimasu (Watashi wa sugimasu)
Verb-Con	I pass time (I spend time)	私は時間を過ごします (私は時間 を過ごします)	Watashi wa jikan o sugoshimasu (Watashi wa jikan o sugoshimasu)
Verb-Con	I pick up	私が拾います	Watashi ga hiromimasu
Verb-Con	I put (I place)	置きます(置きます)	Okimasu (Okimasu)
Verb-Con	I put down (I lay; I lay down)	私は置いた (私は横たわった、私 は横たわった)	Watashi wa oita (Watashi wa yokota, Watashi wa yokota)
Verb-Con	I rent (I lease)	レンタルします (リースします)	Rentaru shimasu (Rīsu shimasu)
Verb-Con	I save	私は、保存します	Watashi wa, hozon shimasu
Verb-Con	I spend (money)	私は (お金を) 使います	Watashi wa (okane o) tsukaimasu
Verb-Con	I spend (time)	私は (時間を) 費やします	Watashi wa (jikan o) tsuiyashimasu
Verb-Con	I store	私は保管します	Watashi wa hokan shimasu
Verb-Con	I take (a resource, e.g. time or money)	私は (時間やお金などのリソース) を受け取ります	Watashi wa (jikan ya okane nado no risōsu) o uketorimasu
Verb-Con	I lie down (and go I bed)	私は横になって (そしてベッドに 行きます)	Watashi wa yoko ni natte (Soshite beddo ni ikimasu)
Verb-Con	I go I bed	行って寝ます	Itte nemasu
Verb-Con	I sleep	寝る	Neru
Verb-Con	I be asleep	私は眠っています	Watashi wa nemutte imasu
Verb-Con	I get up	私は立ち上がる	Watashi wa tachiagaru
Verb-Con	I rest (I take a break; I pause)	私は休みます (私は休憩します、 私は一時停止します)	Watashi wa yasumimasu (Watashi wa kyuukei shimasu, Watashi wa ichiji teishi shimasu)
Verb-Con	I comb	と か し ま す	Tokashimasu
Verb-Con	I cut one's hair	私は髪を切りました	Watashi wa kami o kirimashita
Verb-Con	I shave	私は剃ります	Watashi wa sorimasu
Verb-Con	I shower	シャワーを浴びる	Shawā o abiru
Verb-Con	I take a bath (I bathe)	お風呂に入ります (お風呂に入り ます)	Ofuro ni hairimasu (Ofuro ni hairimasu)
Verb-Con	I wake up	目が覚めます	Me ga samemasu
Verb-Con	I dress	着る	Kiru
Verb-Con	I wear	私は着ます	Watashi wa kimasu
Verb-Con	I change clothes (I change clothing)	着替えます (着替えます)	Kigaemasu (Kigaemasu)
Verb-Con	I cover (I conceal; I hide)	私はカバーします (私は隠します; 私は隠します)	Watashi wa kabā shimasu (Watashi wa kakushimasu; Watashi wa kakushimasu)
Verb-Con	I disappear (I vanish)	私は消えます (私は消えます)	Watashi wa kiemasu (Watashi wa kiemasu)
Verb-Con	I disguise	変装します	Hensō shimasu
Verb-Con	I hide (I conceal)	私は隠します (私は隠します)	Watashi wa kakushimasu (Watashi wa kakushimasu)
Verb-Con	I shroud (I envelope; I cover)	シュラウド (包む; 覆う)	Shuraudo (Tsutsumu; Ōu)

Verb-Con	I see	なるほど	Naruhodo
Verb-Con	I look (I watch)	私は見ます (私は見ます)	Watashi wa mimasu (Watashi wa mimasu)
Verb-Con	I look around (looking around)	私は周りを見回します (周りを見渡します)	Watashi wa mawari o mimawashimasu (Mawari o miwatasu)
Verb-Con	I miss (I overlook)	懐かしい (見落としてしまう)	Natsukashii (Miotoshite shimau)
Verb-Con	I hear	聞こえます	Kikoemasu
Verb-Con	I listen	聞きます	Kikimasu
Verb-Con	I sound	鳴ります	Narimasu
Verb-Con	I seem (I appear; I look)	私はそうします (私は現れます、私は見ます)	Watashi wa sou shimasu (Watashi wa arawaresu, Watashi wa mimasu)
Verb-Con	I show (I display)	見せる (見せる)	Miseru (Miseru)
Verb-Con	I guide (I show around; I lead the way)	私がガイドします (私が案内します; 私が道を導きます)	Watashi ga gaido shimasu (Watashi ga annai shimasu; Watashi ga michi o michibikimasu)
Verb-Con	I look good ('it looks good')	見た目は良いです (「見た目は良いです」)	Mita me wa ii desu ("Mitame wa ii desu")
Verb-Con	I appear (ie. somewhere)	私は現れます (つまりどこかに)	Watashi wa arawaresu (Tsumari dokoka ni)
Verb-Con	I appear I want something (I seem I want something)	何かが欲しいようです (何かが欲しいようです)	Nanika ga hoshii you desu (Nanika ga hoshii you desu)
Verb-Con	I show signs of (being) ...	私は (である) 兆候を示しています...	Watashi wa (dearu) choukou o shimeshite imasu...
Verb-Con	I smell	私は臭いです	Watashi wa nioi desu
Verb-Con	I feel	感じます	Kanjimasu
Verb-Con	I feel good	気分がいい	Kibun ga ii
Verb-Con	I feel bad (I not feel good)	気分が悪い (気分が良くない)	Kibun ga warui (Kibun ga yokunai)
Verb-Con	I think	私は思う	Watashi wa omou
Verb-Con	I think of (I come up with)	私は考えます (私は思いつきます)	Watashi wa kangaemasu (Watashi wa omoitsukimasu)
Verb-Con	I reconsider (I rethink)	考え直します (考え直します)	Kangaenaoshimasu (Kangaenaoshimasu)
Verb-Con	I rethink	考え直します	Kangaenaoshimasu
Verb-Con	I know	知っている	Shitte iru
Verb-Con	I understand	わかりました	Wakarimashita
Verb-Con	I remember (I memorize; I keep in mind)	覚えています (覚えています、覚えています)	Oboete imasu (Oboete imasu, Oboete imasu)
Verb-Con	I care (for/ about)	気にしています (/について)	Ki ni shite imasu (/ ni tsuite)
Verb-Con	I forget	忘れます	Wasuremasu
Verb-Con	I like (be fond of)	好きです (好きになる)	Suki desu (Suki ni naru)
Verb-Con	I love	私は愛する	Watashi wa aisuru
Verb-Con	I dislike	嫌い	Kirai
Verb-Con	I hate	嫌いです	Kirai desu
Verb-Con	I inspire	私はインスピレーションを与えます	Watashi wa insupirēshon o ataeimasu
Verb-Con	I reflect (I introspect; I meditate)	私は反省します (私は内省します; 私は瞑想します)	Watashi wa hansei shimasu (Watashi wa naishshō shimasu; Watashi wa meisō shimasu)

Verb-Con	I reflect (ie. light)	私は（つまり光を）反射します	Watashi wa (Tsumari hikari o) hansha shimasu
Verb-Con	I appreciate (I enjoy; I admire)	感謝します（楽しんでます、尊敬しています）	Kansha shimasu (Tanoshinde imasu, Sonkei shite imasu)
Verb-Con	I appreciate (I recognize)	感謝します（認識しています）	Kansha shimasu (Ninshiki shite imasu)
Verb-Con	I be thankful (I show gratitude)	感謝しています（感謝の気持ちを表します）	Kansha shite imasu (Kansha no kimochi o arawashimasu)
Verb-Con	I believe (in, I have faith in)	私は信じます（信じています、信じています）	Watashi wa shinjimasu (Shinjite imasu, Shinjite imasu)
Verb-Con	I bless	祝福します	Shukufuku shimasu
Verb-Con	I enjoy	楽しむ	Tanoshimu
Verb-Con	I forgive	許します	Yurushimasu
Verb-Con	I get angry	怒る	Okoru
Verb-Con	I get upset	イライラする	Iraira suru
Verb-Con	I glow	私は光ります	Watashi wa hikarimasu
Verb-Con	I go well	うまくいきます	Umaku ikimasu
Verb-Con	I hope	願っています	Negatte imasu
Verb-Con	I look forward to	楽しみにしています	Tanoshimi ni shite imasu
Verb-Con	I may (I might)	できる(かもしれない)	Dekiru (Kamoshirenai)
Verb-Con	I must (I have to)	しなければならない（しなければならない）	Shinakereba naranai (Shinakereba naranai)
Verb-Con	I need (I require)	必要です（必要です）	Hitsuyō desu (Hitsuyō desu)
Verb-Con	I pray	私は祈ります	Watashi wa inorimasu
Verb-Con	I pray silently	私は静かに祈ります	Watashi wa shizuka ni inorimasu
Verb-Con	I prefer	私は好きです	Watashi wa suki desu
Verb-Con	I recommend (I advise)	お勧めします（アドバイスします）	Osusumeshimasu (Adobaisu shimasu)
Verb-Con	I relax (I enjoy; I have fun)	リラックスします（楽しんでます、楽しんでます）	Rirakkusu shimasu (Tanoshinde imasu, Tanoshinde imasu)
Verb-Con	I shine	私は輝いています	Watashi wa kagayaite imasu
Verb-Con	I should	そうすべきです。	Sō suru beki desu.
Verb-Con	I sympathize (I empathize)	共感します（共感します）	Kyōkan shimasu (Kyōkan shimasu)
Verb-Con	I sympathize (I pity; I show compassion)	私は同情します（同情します、私は同情します）	Watashi wa dōjōshimasu (Dōjōshimasu, Watashi wa dōjōshimasu)
Verb-Con	I sympathize deeply with	深く共感します	Fukaku kyōkan shimasu
Verb-Con	I trust	私は信頼し	Watashi wa shinrai shi
Verb-Con	I want	欲しい	Hoshii
Verb-Con	I will	私はします	Watashi wa shimasu
Verb-Con	I will (may; perhaps; possibly)	私はそうします（かもしれない; おそらく; おそらく）	Watashi wa sō shimasu (Kamoshirenai; Osoraku; Osoraku)
Verb-Con	I will (probably)	(たぶん)そうします	(Tabun) sō shimasu
Verb-Con	I wish (I desire; I hope)	私は願っています（私は望んでいます、私は願っています）	Watashi wa negatte imasu (Watashi wa nozonde imasu, Watashi wa negatte imasu)
Verb-Con	I worship	私は崇拝します	Watashi wa suuhai shimasu
Verb-Con	I would like	をお願いします。	Onegaishimasu.
Verb-Con	I talk	私が話す	Watashi ga hanasu

Verb-Con	I speak	私は話します	Watashi wa hanashimasu
Verb-Con	I say	私は言う	Watashi wa iu
Verb-Con	I say (I tell) (polite)	私は言う（言う）（丁寧に）	Watashi wa iu (Iu) (Teinei ni)
Verb-Con	I pronounce	発音します	Hatsudoku shimasu
Verb-Con	I translate	私は翻訳します	Watashi wa honyaku shimasu
Verb-Con	I agree	同意します	Dōi shimasu
Verb-Con	I answer (I reply)	私は答える（私は答える）	Watashi wa kotaeru (Watashi wa kotaeru)
Verb-Con	I ask	尋ねます	Tazunemasu
Verb-Con	I answer the phone	電話に出ます	Denwa ni demasu
Verb-Con	I call	電話する	Denwa suru
Verb-Con	I charge (ie. phone)	充電します（つまり、電話）	Jūden shimasu (Tsumari, denwa)
Verb-Con	I communicate	コミュニケーションします	Komyunikēshon shimasu
Verb-Con	I contact	連絡します	Renraku shimasu
Verb-Con	I cough	咳き込む	Sekikogumu
Verb-Con	I cry	私は泣く	Watashi wa naku
Verb-Con	I discuss	議論します	Giron shimasu
Verb-Con	I explain	私が説明します	Watashi ga setsumei shimasu
Verb-Con	I get a phone call	電話がかかってくる	Denwa ga kakatte kuru
Verb-Con	I hesitate	わたしはためらう	Watashi wa tameraai
Verb-Con	I invite	私は招待します	Watashi wa shoutai shimasu
Verb-Con	I laugh	笑います	Waraimasu
Verb-Con	I phone (I call on the phone)	私は電話します（私は電話で電話します）	Watashi wa denwa shimasu (Watashi wa denwa de denwa shimasu)
Verb-Con	I practise (I exercise)	私は練習します（私は運動します）	Watashi wa renshuu shimasu (Watashi wa undou shimasu)
Verb-Con	I refuse (I reject; I dismiss; I turn down; I decline)	拒否します（拒否します; 却下します; 拒否します; 拒否します）	Kyohi shimasu (Kyohi shimasu; Kyakusha shimasu; Kyohi shimasu; Kyohi shimasu)
Verb-Con	I shout	私は叫ぶ	Watashi wa sakebu
Verb-Con	I smile	私は笑う	Watashi wa warau
Verb-Con	I smirk (I grin)	私はにやにや笑います（にやにや笑います）	Watashi wa niyaniya waraimasu (Niyaniya waraimasu)
Verb-Con	I sneeze	くしゃみをします	Kushami o shimasu
Verb-Con	I take a call (I pick up the phone)	電話に出る（電話を取る）	Denwa ni deru (Denwa o toru)
Verb-Con	I teach	私が教える	Watashi ga oshieru
Verb-Con	I tell	私が言う	Watashi ga iu
Verb-Con	I connect (I link)	つながる（リンクする）	Tsunagaru (Rinku suru)
Verb-Con	I empty	私は空になります	Watashi wa sora ni narimasu
Verb-Con	I fill	私は満たします	Watashi wa mitashimasu
Verb-Con	I fill in (field, entry, etc.) (I fill out (form))	（フィールド、記入事項など）を記入します（（フォーム）に記入します）	(Fīrudo, nyūryoku jikō nado) o nyūryoku shimasu ((Fōmu) ni nyūryoku shimasu)
Verb-Con	I input	入力しました	Nyūryoku shimashita
Verb-Con	I put away	しまった	Shimatta
Verb-Con	I put back	元に戻しました	Moto ni modoshimashita
Verb-Con	I put in (I insert)	入れます(入れます)	Iremasu (Iremasu)

Verb-Con	I check (I confirm; I verify)	確認します (確認します; 確認します)	Kakunin shimasu (Kakunin shimasu; Kakunin shimasu)
Verb-Con	I plan (I scheme)	私は計画します (私は計画します)	Watashi wa keikaku shimasu (Watashi wa keikaku shimasu)
Verb-Con	I plan (I make plans; I scheme)	私は計画します (私は計画を立てます; 私は計画します)	Watashi wa keikaku shimasu (Watashi wa keikaku o tatemasu; Watashi wa keikaku shimasu)
Verb-Con	I book	予約する	Yoyaku suru
Verb-Con	I cancel	キャンセルします	Kyanseru shimasu
Verb-Con	I confirm a booking	予約を確認します	Yoyaku o kakunin shimasu
Verb-Con	I order (I command)	私は命令します (私は命令します)	Watashi wa meirei shimasu (Watashi wa meirei shimasu)
Verb-Con	I order (I request)	注文します (お願いします)	Chūmon shimasu (Onegaishimasu)
Verb-Con	I request (I require; I ask for)	私は要求します (私は要求します; 私は要求します)	Watashi wa yōkyū shimasu (Watashi wa yōkyū shimasu; Watashi wa yōkyū shimasu)
Verb-Con	I reserve	予約します	Yoyaku shimasu
Verb-Con	I be happy (I feel happy)	幸せです (幸せを感じます)	Shiawase desu (Shiawase o kanjimasu)
Verb-Con	I be sad (I feel sad)	悲しいです (悲しいです)	Kanashii desu (Kanashii desu)
Verb-Con	I be healthy	私は健康です	Watashi wa kenkō desu
Verb-Con	I feel healthy	健康だと感じます	Kenkō da to kanjimasu
Verb-Con	I be well	私は元気です	Watashi wa genki desu
Verb-Con	I become better	私はもっと良くなる	Watashi wa motto yoku naru
Verb-Con	I become healthy	健康になる	Kenkō ni naru
Verb-Con	I become sick	病気になる	Byōki ni naru
Verb-Con	I become well	元気になった	Genki ni natta
Verb-Con	I feel hungry	私は空腹を感じます	Watashi wa kūfuku o kanjimasu
Verb-Con	I feel okay (I feel alright)	大丈夫だと思う (大丈夫だと思う)	Daijōbu da to omou (Daijōbu da to omou)
Verb-Con	I feel thirsty	喉が渴いた	Nodo ga kawaita
Verb-Con	I get better (I feel better; I get well)	良くなります (気分が良くなります; 良くなります)	Yoku narimasu (Kibun ga yoku narimasu; Yoku narimasu)
Verb-Con	I get well	元気になります	Genki ni narimasu
Verb-Con	I heal (I cure)	私は癒します (私は癒します)	Watashi wa iyashimasu (Watashi wa iyashimasu)
Verb-Con	I regret	私は後悔しています	Watashi wa kōkai shite imasu
Verb-Con	I abuse	虐待します	Gyakutai shimasu
Verb-Con	I abuse verbally (I yell at)	暴言を吐く (怒鳴る)	Bōgen o haku (Donaru)
Verb-Con	I abuse (verbally)	(言葉で) 虐待します	(Kotoba de) gyakutai shimasu
Verb-Con	I mistreat	虐待します	Gyakutai shimasu
Verb-Con	I meet	私は会う	Watashi wa au
Verb-Con	I become good-looking (I start looking appropriate) (for something)	カッコよくなる (適当に見えるようになる) (何かのために)	Kakkoyoku naru (Tekitō ni mieru yō ni naru) (Nanika no tame ni)

Verb-Con	I fit (I match)	合う (合う)	Au (Au)
Verb-Con	I get I know each other (I make acquaintance)	私はお互いを知っています (知り合いになります)	Watashi wa otagai o shitteimasu (Shiriai ni narimasu)
Verb-Con	I get used I (I become familiar with)	慣れてきました (慣れてきました)	Naretekimashita (Naretekimashita)
Verb-Con	I gradually become (I reach a point where)	私はだんだんと (ある地点に到達する)	Watashi wa dandan to (aru chiten ni tōtatsu suru)
Verb-Con	I match (I compare; I check)	合わせる (くらべる、調べる)	Awaseru (Kuraberu, Shiraberu)
Verb-Con	I match (I have consistency)	合う (一貫性がある)	Au (Ikken sē ga aru)
Verb-Con	I tie (I fasten; I tie up)	結ぶ (締める; 結ぶ)	Musubu (Shimeru; Musubu)
Verb-Con	I untie	解きます	Tokimasu
Verb-Con	I unwrap (I unpack)	包みを解きます (開梱します)	Tsutsumi o tokimasu (Kaikon shimasu)
Verb-Con	I come loose (I come untied; I come undone; I unravel)	私は解ける (私は解ける; 私は解ける; 私は解ける)	Watashi wa tokeru (Watashi wa tokeru; Watashi wa tokeru; Watashi wa tokeru)
Verb-Con	I fasten	締めます	Shimemasu
Verb-Con	I loosen	緩めます	Yurumesu
Verb-Con	I fix (I correct; I repair; I amend)	私は修正します (私は修正します; 私は修正します; 私は修正します)	Watashi wa shūsei shimasu (Watashi wa shūsei shimasu; Watashi wa shūsei shimasu; Watashi wa shūsei shimasu)
Verb-Con	I fix (I secure; I anchor; I fasten)	固定する (固定する、固定する、留める)	Kotei suru (Kotei suru, Kotei suru, Tomeru)
Verb-Con	I recover (I retrieve; I collect)	回収する (回収する、集める)	Kaishū suru (Kaishū suru, Atsumeru)
Verb-Con	I repair	修理します	Shūri shimasu
Verb-Con	I restore	復元します	Fukugen shimasu
Verb-Con	I wrap	包みます	Tsutsumimasu
Verb-Con	I throw	私は投げる	Watashi wa nageru
Verb-Con	I break (I be broken)	私は壊れます (私は壊れます)	Watashi wa kowaremasu (Watashi wa kowaremasu)
Verb-Con	I cut	カットしました	Kattoshimashita
Verb-Con	I dodge (I move away)	私は避けます (私は遠ざかります)	Watashi wa sakemasu (Watashi wa tōzakarimasu)
Verb-Con	I fight	私は戦います	Watashi wa tatakaimasu
Verb-Con	I hit	私は打つ	Watashi wa utsu
Verb-Con	I hurt	私は傷つける	Watashi wa kizutsukeru
Verb-Con	I kick	私は蹴る	Watashi wa keru
Verb-Con	I pull	私は引っ張る	Watashi wa hipparu
Verb-Con	I push	私は押します	Watashi wa oshimasu
Verb-Con	I steal	私は盗みます	Watashi wa nusumimasu
Verb-Con	I turn off (ie. machine, computer, light, etc.)	私は電源を切ります (つまり、機械、コンピューター、照明など)	Watashi wa dengen o kirimasu (Tsumari, kikai, konpyūtā, shōmei nado)

Verb-Con	I turn on (ie. machine, computer, light, etc.)	私は電源を入れます (つまり、機械、コンピューター、照明など)	Watashi wa dengen o iremasu (Tsumari, kikai, konpyūtā, shōmei nado)
Verb-Con	I add	私は追加します	Watashi wa tsuikashimasu
Verb-Con	I remove	削除します	Sakujo shimasu
Verb-Con	I count	数えます	Kazoemasu
Verb-Con	I sign	署名します	Shomei shimasu
Verb-Con	I download	ダウンロードします	Daunrōdo shimasu
Verb-Con	I upload (I post online)	アップロードします (オンラインに投稿します)	Appurōdo shimasu (Onrain ni tōkō shimasu)

Vocabulary List - Adjectives

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Direction	How?	如何 (どう)/ どの様に (どのように)? / 如何 (いかが)/ 如何して (どうして)	Dō/ Dono yo ni?/ Ikaga/ Dōshite
Direction	What?	何? (なに) / 何と?	Nani?/ Nanto?
Direction	Where?	どこ? (何処)	Doko?
Direction	When?	いつ? (何時)	Itsu?
Direction	Why?	なぜ (何故)/ なんで? (何で)	Naze?/ Nande?
Direction	Who?	誰 (だれ)? / 何方 (どなた)?	Dare?/ Donata?
Direction	Whose (from who)	誰の (誰から)	Dare no (dare kara)
Direction	Which?	何の (どの)/ 何れ (どれ) (の)?	Dono/ Dore (no)
Direction	By whom? (by who?)	誰によって? (誰によって?)	Dare ni yotte? (Dare ni yotte?)
Direction	With whom? (with who?)	誰と? (誰と?)	Dare to? (Dare to?)
Direction	By which?	どれによって?	Dore ni yotte?
Direction	How come? (how so?)	どうして? (どうして?)	Dōshite? (Dōshite?)
Direction	How do we go?	どうやって行くの?	Dō yatte iku no?
Direction	How far?/ Is it far?	どのくらいですか?/ 遠いですか?	Dono kuraidesu ka?/ Tōidesu ka?
Direction	How long?	どのくらいの間?/ どのぐらいの間?	Dono kurai no ma?/ Dono gurai no ma?
Direction	How many nights?	何泊?	Nan haku?
Direction	How many?	幾つか?/ 幾つ?	Ikutsu ka?/ Ikutsu?
Direction	How much?	いくら? (幾ら)/ いくらですか? (幾らですか)	Ikura?/ Ikuradesu ka?
Direction	How so? (Why)	なぜ? (何故)	Naze?
Direction	In which way (which way)?	何方 (どちら)?	Dochira?
Direction	Since when?	いつから?	Itsu kara?
Direction	What about? (about what?)	どうですか? (何について?)	Dōdesu ka? (Nani ni tsuite?)
Direction	About what?	何について?	Nani ni tsuite?

Direction	What for? (for what?)	何のために? (何のために?)	Nan'notameni? (Nan'notameni?)
Direction	What happened?	どうしたの?	Dō shita no?
Direction	What is it?	それは何ですか?	Sore wa nanidesu ka?
Direction	What kind of?	どう言う (如何言う)?	Dōiu?
Direction	What time is it?	(今) 何時ですか?	(Ima) nanjidesuka?
Direction	What time?	何時に?	Nanji ni?
Direction	What year?	何年?	Nan'nen?
Direction	Where is x?	xはどこにありますか?	X wa doko ni arimasu ka?
Direction	Where from? (wherefrom?)	どこから? (どこから?)	Doko kara? (doko kara?)
Direction	Where to? (whereto?)	どこへ? (どこへ?)	Doko e? (doko e?)
Direction	Which car is it?	それはどの車ですか?	Sore wa dono kurumadesu ka?
Direction	Why not?	なぜダメなのか?	Naze dame na no ka?
Direction	It is in ... (it is at ...)	...にあります (...にあります)	... Ni arimasu (... ni arimasu)
Direction	Located	位置した	Ichi shita
Direction	Located in	にある (にあります)/ に位置している/ 居住している/ 見つけられる (見つける)/ ロケートされる/ 見つけ出される (見付け出す (見つけ出す))	Ni aru (ni arimasu * (polite))/ Ni ichi shite iru * (place; position; location/ position; standing; status; situation)/ Kyojū shite iru * (residence; abode; dwelling/ residency (domicile))/ Mitsuke rareru (mitsukeru) * (to locate; to find (e.g. something missing); to find fault/ it can be found at)/ Rokēto sareru * (locate; locating)/ Mitsukedasareru (mitsuke dasu) * (to find out; to discover; to locate)
Direction	Situated in	(に) 位置 (する)/ 立つ/ 位する/ 在 (の)	(ni) Ichi (suru) * (place; position; location/ position; standing; status; situation)/ Tatsu * (to stand (in a position; of a person, tree, building, etc.); to be situated (in, on))/ Kurai suru * (to be located (in); to be situated/ to rank (as); to occupy (a position))/ Zai (no) * (situated in; staying in; resident in/ this Kanji character can be placed before a place name, then it means situated in/ in the place)
Direction	It is 3 o'clock	3時です	3-Jidesu
Direction	It is 12 miles away (It is 12 miles far (away))	12マイル離れています	12-mairu hanarete imasu
Location	Thing (object, physical)	もの (物)	Mono
Location	Thing (non-physical)	こと (事)	Koto
Location	It	これ	Kore
Location	This	これ	Kore
Location	These	これらは	Korera wa
Location	That	それ	Sore
Location	Those	それらの	Sorera no
Location	Here	ここ	Koko
Location	There	そこには	Soko ni wa
Location	Over there	そちら側	Sochira-gawa

Location	Here and there	方々 (ほうほう/ 方方)/ 方方 (所所/ 所々/ 処処)/ 彼方此方 (あちこち/ アチコチ) (する/ な)	Hōbō (katagata)/ Tokorodokoro/ Achikochi (suru/ na)
Location	This way	此方 (こちら)	Kochira
Location	That way (there)	其方 (そちら)	Sochira
Location	That way (over there, long distance)	彼方 (あちら)	Achira
Location	The car is here	車はここに 있습니다	Kuruma wa koko ni arimasu
Location	This is my friend	これは私の友人である	Kore wa watashi no yūjindearu
Location	Hither	ここまで	Koko made
Location	Thither	あちらで	Achira de
Particle	And (as well as) (ie. relationship)	そして/ 及び (及/ および) (すなわち, 関係)	Soshite)/ Oyobi (sunawachi, kankei)
Particle	Also (and; too; not ... either; as well; even) * (summing up things)	にも/ たり	Ni mo/ Tari
Particle	Also (too)	また (又)/ も (も/ それも)	Mata/ Mo (mo/ sore mo)
Particle	Likewise	同様に	douyou ni
Particle	Anyway (anyways)	とにかく (とにかく)	tonikaku
Particle	But anyways	とにかく	Tonikaku
Particle	As well	同じように	Onaji yō ni
Particle	As well as	としても/ 及び (及/ および)/ 且つ (かつ)	To shite mo/ Oyobi/ Katsu
Particle	As (as a)	として (は) (として (は))	Toshite (wa) (toshite (wa))
Particle	At	で/ に	De/ Ni
Particle	But (however; although)	でも/ しかし (然し)/ が/ けれども/ けど/ けれど/ 但し (ただし)	Demo/ Shikashi/ Ga/ Keredomo/ Kedo/ Keredo/ Tadashi
Particle	By	に/ で	Ni/ De
Particle	By (by car; by train)	で (車で; 電車で)	De (kuruma de; densha de)
Particle	In (inside)	の/ に/ 内 (うち)	No/ Ni/ Uchi
Particle	In terms of both ... and ... (as well as...)	と言い	To ii
Particle	In the middle of	最中 (に)	Saichū (ni)
Particle	Into (inside, in)	の中へ/ の中に/ 中 (に/ で)	No naka e/ No naka ni/ Chū (ni/ de)
Particle	Of (ie. relationship)	の (すなわち, 関係)	No (sunawachi, kankei)

Particle	On the contrary	それどころか (それ処か)/ 却って (かえて)/ ところが (所が)/ 逆に/ 引き換えて/ いっそ/ そこへ行くと/ それに引き替えて/ ところがどっこい	Soredokoroka * (on the contrary; far from it; if anything; in fact; instead)/ Kaette * (on the contrary; rather; instead; all the more)/ Tokoroga * (even so; however; still; whereupon; even though; nevertheless; on the contrary; as a matter of fact; despite)/ Gyaku ni * (conversely; on the contrary)/ Hikikaete * (on the contrary)/ Isso * (on the contrary; if anything)/ Sokoheikuto * (on the other hand (esp. when the latter is positive); on the contrary; in contrast; conversely; while)/ Sore ni hikikaete * (in contrast; on the contrary; on the other hand)/ Tokoroga dokkoi * (even so; however; still; whereupon; even though; nevertheless; on the contrary; as a matter of fact; despite)
Particle	On the other hand (although)	一方で/ 他方/ 反面 (に)/ その反面 (其の反面/ そのはんめん)/ 片や/ 又 (亦/ 復/ また)/ かと言って/ 反面 (はんめん)/ 他面 (に)/ 然るに (而るに/ しかるに)/ 転じて/ それに引き替えて (其れに引き替えて/ それにひきかえて)/ 話変わって/ その代わり (その代り/ そのかわり)/ が	Ippō de/ Tahō/ Hanmen (ni)/ Sono hanmen/ Kataya/ Mata/ Kato itte/ Hanmen/ Tamen (ni)/ Shikaruni/ Tenjite/ Sore ni hikikaete/ Hanashi kawatte/ Sono kawari/ Ga
Particle	Or	または (又は) * (not pronounced as mataha)/ 或いは/ か	Matawa * (not pronounced as mataha)/ Aruiwa/ Ka
Particle	Out (outside)	外 (そと)	Soto
Particle	Out of (out from)	から (から)	Kara (kara)
Particle	The (It)/ A	は/ が/ を	Wa * (topic)/ Ga * (subject)/ Wo (direct object) * (Particles are placed behind the object. Also, Japanese doesn't use The/ It/ A particles like 'the house', 'a tree', etc.)
Particle	Upon	について/ その上	Nitsuite / Sono ue
Particle	With all due respect (respectfully)	敬意を表して/ 失礼ながら/ 憚りながら/ お言葉ですが/ 恐れながら/ すべての敬意をもって/ すべてでに関して/ 恐れながら言わせて頂ければ/ 敬意を込めて (謹んで/ 丁重 (に/ な)/ 丁重である)	Keiwoarawashite/ Shitsureinagara/ Habakarinagara/ o Kotobadesuga * (polite (teineigo) language, used to express disagreement/ to disagree)/ Osorenagara * (let me humbly say; most humbly)/ Subete no keii o motte/ Subete de ni kanshite/ Osorenagara iwa sete itadakereba * (very humble/ polite)/ Keii o komete (Tsutsushinde/ Teichō (ni/ na)/ Teichōdearu)
Particle	About	約	Yaku
Particle	Against (oppose someone)	に対して/ に反して/ 反対 (する/ の/ な)	Ni taishite/ Ni hanshite/ Hantai (suru/ no/ na)
Particle	As far as	に関する限り	Ni kansuru kagiri

Particle	As far as I know	知る限り (知るかぎり/ しるかぎり)/ 知っている限り (知っているかぎり/ 知っているかぎり)	Shirukagiri/ Shitte iru kagiri
Particle	For (ie. favor someone)	賛成 (する/ の)/ 為に (ために)/ に	Sansei (suru/ no)/ Tame ni/ Ni
Particle	For (ie. for the purpose of)	為に (ために)/ に/ 用に	Tame ni/ Ni/ Yō ni * (for; to use; use)
Particle	For the purpose of	(の) ために ((の) 為に)	(no) Tame ni ((no) tame ni)
Particle	For the sake of	(の) ために ((の) 為に)	(no) Tame ni ((no) tame ni)
Particle	In accordance with (following)	通り (どおり)/ に沿って/ に連れて/ に連れ/ に従って/ 則る (法る/ 乗っ取る/ のっ取る)	Dōri * (do not confuse with 'tōri' of the same kanji, which means 'avenue; street; way; road', though this kanji can also mean 'street; avenue')/ Ni sotto/ Ni tsurete/ Ni tsure/ Ni shitagatte/ Nottoru
Particle	In favour of (in favor of)	賛成 (する/ の) (賛成 (する/ の))	Sansei (suru/ no) (sansei (suru/ no))
Particle	In order to (so that)	様に (ように)	Yō ni (you ni)
Particle	On behalf of	に代わって/ (の) 為に ((の) ために)	Nikawatte/ (no) Tame ni
Particle	Related (have a connection; have a relationship)	関連している/ 関連する/ 関係がある/ に関して	Kanren shite iru/ Kanren suru/ Kankeigāru/ Ni kanshite
Particle	Related to (in relation to)	～に関連して (～に関連して)	~ ni Kanren shite (~ ni kanren shite)
Particle	To the advantage of	の利点として	no Riten to shite
Particle	To someone's disadvantage	誰かの不利益に	Dareka no furieki ni
Particle	Versus (vs)	対 (対)	Tai (tai)
Particle	Viewing as (seeing as; regarding as; treating as)	視	Shi
Particle	With	と/ といっしょに	To/ To issho ni
Particle	With regards to (concerning; regarding)	に対する/ (に関して) に関して/ に対して	Ni taisuru/ (Ni kanshite) ni kanshite/ Ni taishite
Particle	Without	ずに/ なく (無く)/ それなし (其れなし)/ ないで/ 無くして (なくして)/ せずに	Zu ni/ Naku/ Sore nashi/ Nai de/ Naku shite * (without; in the event that it did not (or does not) exist)/ Sezu ni * (without (doing); instead of)
Particle	Without change (as is; as it is)	其のままだに/ の (その儘に/ の/ 其儘に/ の)/ 有りのまま (有りの儘)	Sono mama ni/ no/ Ari no mama
Particle	Without eating	食べずに/ 食べることなく/ 食べないで	Tabezu ni/ Taberu koto naku/ Tabenai de
Particle	Without saying (not)	と言わず/ 言うことなく/ 言っていないで	To iwazu/ Iu koto naku/ Ittenai de
Particle	From	から	Kara
Particle	From now	今から	Ima kara
Particle	From ... to ...	... から ... へ	... kara ... e
Particle	To	に	Ni
Particle	To and fro	行ったり来たり (する)/ 通う	Ittarikitari (suru)/ Kayou

Particle	Towards	に向かって/ 向けて/ に/ へ	Ni mukatte/ Mukete/ Ni/ E
Particle	Until	まで	Made
Particle	Until now	今まで	Ima made
Particle	During	その間/ 間 (に)/ 中 (に)/ 間中/ ながら (乍ら)	Sonoaida/ Aida (ni)/ Chū (ni)/ Aida jū/ Nagara
Particle	On (Over)	(の) 上	(no) Ue
Particle	Over	(の) 上	(no) Ue
Particle	Over- (ie. overeat)	過ぎる/ 過剰 (な)/ 過多 (な)	Sugiru/ Kajō (na)/ Kata (na)
Particle	Overeating	食べ過ぎ/ 過食	Tabe-sugi/ Kashoku
Particle	Overloaded	過負荷 (する)/ オーバーロード (する)	Kafuka (suru)/ Ōbārōdo (suru)
Particle	So (ie. so good, so difficult, etc.)	そんなに/ そう (とても良い; とても難しい; など)	Son'nani * (so much; so; like that)/ Sō (totemo yoi; totemo muzukashī; nado)
Particle	So (it is so)	そう (そうです/ そうだ)	Sō (Sōdesu * (that is so; that is right; it looks to me; that's my impression/ people say that; it is said that; I hear that/ polite)/ Sōda * (that is so; that is right; it looks to me; that's my impression/ people say that; it is said that; I hear that/ regular))
Particle	So good	とても良い/ そんなに良い/ 最高である/ ことさら良い/ 本当に良い	Totemo yoi * (very good; exceedingly good)/ Son'nani yoi/ Saikōdearu * (so good; the best)/ Kotosara yoi * (especially good)/ Hontōni yoi * (really good; truly good)
Particle	Through	通じて/ ...を通して/ (の) 間に	Tsūjite/ ... o Tōshite/ (no) Ma ni
Particle	Through (to use as an intermediary)	介する (介した)/ を介して/ 経由 (する/ で)	Kaisuru (kai shita)/ O kaishite/ Keiyu (suru/ de)
Particle	Throughout (all, entire)	全 (の)	Zen (no)
Particle	Under	(の) 下	(no) Shita
Particle	Under- (ie. undereat)	過少 (な)	Kashō (na)
Particle	Undereating	過小食/ 過少食/ 食べ過小/ 食べ過少/ 下で食べる	Ka shōshoku/ Kashō-shoku/ Kashō tabe/ Kashō tabe/ Shita de taberu
Particle	Loaded	ロード済み/ ロードされた	Rōdo-zumi/ Rōdo sareta
Particle	Unloaded	降ろす	Orosu
Particle	Underloaded	過小負荷 (する)/ 低負荷 (する)	Kashō fuka (suru)/ Tei fuka (suru)
Particle	While	その間/ 間 (に)/ 中 (に)/ ながら (乍ら)	Sonoaida/ Ma (ni)/ Chū (ni)/ Nagara
Particle	Within (in) (ie. in 20 minutes/ within 20 minutes)	以内 (に) (つまり 20 分以内/ 20 分以内)	Inai (ni) (tsumari 20-bu inai/ 20-bu inai)
Particle	Top	上 (じょう/ うえ)	Jō (Ue)
Particle	Bottom	下 (した)	Shita
Particle	Up (upstairs)	上 (うえ) (階上/ 上階/ 二階)	Ue (Kaijō/ Jōkai/ Ni-kai)
Particle	Down (downstairs)	下 (した)/ ダウン (する) (階下/ 下階)	Shita/ Daun (suru) (Kaika/ Gekai)
Particle	Upwards (upward)	上向き (に/ の) (上向き)	Uwamuki (ni/ no) (uwamuki)
Particle	Downwards (downward)	下向き (に/ の) (下向き)	Shitamuki (ni/ no) (shitamuki)

Particle	Upper (above; upper part)	上部/ 上段/ 上級/ アッパー (上 (うえ); 上部)	Jōbu * (top part; surface)/ Jōdan * (upper tier; upper section; upper deck; upper row; upper step; upper grade; upper berth; top shelf)/ Jōkyū * (upper level; upper grade; high rank; advanced level; senior level; upper class)/ Appā * (upper; upward) (Ue * (above; over; up/ top; summit; upper part; head (e.g. of a staircase)/ surface; on (top of))); Jōbu)
Particle	Lower (below; lower part)	下部/ 下段/ 下級 (下 (した); 下部)	Kabu * (lower part; substructure)/ Gedan * (lower tier; lower step; lower column; lower berth; bottom shelf/ low position (of a sword in kendo, etc.))/ Kakyū * (lower grade; low class; junior (officer)) (Shita * (below; down; under; younger (e.g. daughter)/ bottom/ beneath; underneath); Kabu)
Particle	Uphill	上り坂/ 上り (のぼり) (の)/ 上がり/ 上昇 (する/ の)	Noborizaka/ Nobori (no)/ Agari/ Jōshō (suru/ no)
Particle	Downhill	下り坂/ 下り (くだり) (の)/ 下がり/ 滑降 (へ/ の/ する)/ ダウンヒル	Kudarizaka/ Kudari (no)/ Sagari/ Kakkō (e / no/ suru)/ Daunhiru
Particle	Above	上/ その上 (其の上)	Jō (Ue)/ Sono-jō (Sono ue)
Particle	Across	横切って/ 彼方/ 越し/ 向い (向かい/ 対い/ むかい) (の)/ 向こう	Yokogitte/ Kanata/ Koshi/ Mukai (no)/ Mukō
Particle	Adjacent	隣接 (する)/ 隣 (の)	Rinsetsu (suru)/ Tonari (no)
Particle	Along	沿い/ 沿って	Soi * (along (a river, coast, railway, etc.); on (e.g. a street)/ is often 〜に; 〜Ni)/ Sotte * (along; by; parallel to)
Particle	Apex	頂点へ	Chouten e
Particle	Beside	の横に/ 傍ら (の/ に)/ (お) 側 (そば)/ 横手 (の)/ すぐ側	No yoko ni * (beside; aside; next to)/ Katawara (no/ ni) * (side; edge; beside; besides; nearby/ beside; nearby)/ (o) Soba * (near; close; beside; vicinity; proximity; besides; while)/ Yokote (no) * (side; beside)/ Sugu soba * (right beside; close to; nearby)
Particle	Below	下/ その下	Shita/ Sono shita
Particle	Beneath	下	Shita
Particle	Nether	彼処/ 股間/ ネザー	Asoko * (there; over there; that place; yonder; you-know-where/ genitals; private parts; nether regions)/ Kokan * (crotch; groin; area between the thighs)/ Nezā
Particle	Front (before)	前 (まえ)	Mae
Particle	Front (a front; a cover)	正面 (の)/ フロント (表; 表紙)	Shōmen (no) * (front; frontage; facade; main)/ Furonto * (front (aspect, weather, war-front, etc.)) (Omote * (front (of a building, etc.); obverse side (i.e. "head") of a coin); Hyōshi * (cover (of a book, magazine, etc.); binding))
Particle	Front (the front of)	前面 (前面)	zenmen (zenmen)
Particle	Front end	フロントエンド	Furontoendo

Particle	In front of	の前に	No mae ni
Particle	In front of others (in the presence of others)	他人の前で (他人がいる中で)	Tanin no mae de (Tanin ga iru naka de)
Particle	In and out	出入り	Deiri
Particle	Inside and outside	内側と外側	Uchigawa to sotogawa
Particle	Before one's eyes (in front of one; under one's nose)	目の前/ 目先/ 眼前/ 目の当たり (目の前; 目の前; 目前; 目先)	Me no mae * (before one's eyes; in front of one; under one's nose)/ Mesaki * (before one's eyes; under one's nose)/ Ganzen * (before one's eyes)/ Manoatari * (before one's eyes; in one's presence; up close; personally) (Me no mae; Me no mae; Mokuzen * (before one's very eyes; under one's nose; imminence; close at hand); Mesaki)
Particle	Back (rear; rear end)	バック (後部 (の); 後端)	Bakku * (back; rear) (Kōbu (no) * (rear; stern); Kōtan * ((tail) end))
Particle	Back end	バックエンド	Bakku endo
Particle	Back (the back of)	背面 (背面)	haimen (haimen)
Particle	Behind (Back)	後 (あと)/ 後ろ/ 背 (せ)/ 背後/ 背面	Ato/ Ushiro/ Se/ Haigo/ Haimen * (rear; back; reverse)
Particle	Behind (in the back)	後ろに	Ushironi
Particle	Rear (the rear)	リア (後部)	Ria (kōbu)
Particle	Beyond	超えて/ 彼方/ 向こう/ 以遠/ 以上/ 限界を超えて (限界を超えた)/ これ以上	Koete/ Kanata/ Mukō/ ien/ ijō/ Genkai o koete (genkai o koeta)/ Koreijō
Particle	Neighbouring	隣 (隣り/ 鄰) (の)/ 近隣 (の)/ 近所 (の)	Tonari (no)/ Kinrin (no)/ Kinjo (no)
Particle	Next to	の隣に	No tonari ni
Particle	Among	間で	Ma de
Particle	Between	(の) 間 (で)/ ...時から...時まで/ ... 同士	(no) Ma (de) * (between, like a location)/ ... Toki kara... toki made * (between a time, literally translated from ... to ...)/ ... Dōshi * (between 'friends; fellow; mutual; companion; comrade', for example 'between friends is '友人同士', 'yūjin dōshi')
Particle	In between	間に	Ma ni
Particle	Opposite (ie. side)	反対 (する/ の/ な)/ 向い (向かい) (の)	Hantai (suru/ no/ na)/ Mukai (no)
Particle	Opposite side (ie. of a building)	反対側	Hantai gawa (hantaisoku) * (can also mean opposite side as in 'opposition')
Particle	Up and down	上下 (する)/ 上り下り (する)	Jōge (suru)/ Nobori kudari (agarisagari) (suru)
Particle	Backward (backwards)	後 (うし)/ 後ろ向き (な/ の)/ 後退 (する (後ろ向き (な/ の)))	Ushi * (back; behind; rear)/ Ushiromuki (na/ no) * (back-facing; backwards/ backward-looking; retrogressive; reactionary; retrospective; negative)/ Kōtai (suru) * (retreat; falling back; moving backwards; reversing; backing up (of a vehicle); retrogression; retraction) (ushiromuki (na/ no))

Particle	Forward (forwards)	前 (まえ) (に/ へ)/ 前方 (の)/ 進退 (する) (前 (に/ へ))	Mae (ni/ e) * (forward; ahead)/ Zempō (no) * (forward; frontward; ahead)/ Shintai (suru) * (advance or retreat; moving forwards or backwards; movement) (mae (ni/ e))
Particle	Fast forward	早送り (する)	Hayaokuri (suru) * (fast forward (e.g. VCR, tape deck, etc.))
Particle	Pro-	プロ-/ 親 (しん)	Puro -/ Shin * (pro- (e.g. pro-American))
Particle	Pro someone	プロの誰か	Puro no dareka
Particle	Pro something	プロの何か	Puro no nanika
Particle	Anti-	反 (の)/ アンチ	Han (no)/ Anchi
Particle	Anti someone	アンチ誰か	Anchi dareka
Particle	Anti something	アンチ何か	Anchi nanika
Particle	Mini-	ミニ-	Mini-
Particle	Sub-	サブ/ 副 (ふく)	Sabu/ Fuku
Particle	Super-	超 (の)	Chō (no)
Particle	Ultra- (hyper-)	超 (の)	Chō (no)
Particle	Vice-	副 (ふく)/ 次 (じ/ つぎ)/ 劣 (れつ)/ 亜 (あ)	Fuku/ Ji (ji/ tsugi)/ Retsu * (sub-; inferior; minor/ mathematics)/ A * (sub-; second-rate; inferior)
Particle	Actually	実は/ 現に/ 実際に/ 事実上 (の/ に)/ 誠に (まことに)/ 実際のところ	Jitsuwa (jitsu wa) * (as a matter of fact; by the way; to tell you the truth; to be honest; frankly)/ Gen'ni * (actually; really)/ Jissai ni * (actually; really; truly; indeed)/ Jijitsujō (no/ ni) * (as a matter of fact; actually; effectively; in reality; in effect)/ Makotoni * (indeed; really; absolutely; truly; actually; very; quite)/ Jissai no tokoro * (actually; in fact; as a matter of fact)
Particle	Again	また (又)/ 改めて/ 再び/ もう一度/ 又しても	Mata (mata)/ Aratamete/ Futatabi/ Mōichido/ Mata shite mo
Particle	Almost (nearly)	ほとんど (殆ど/ 殆んど)/ 略 (ほぼ)/ 臆て (やがて)	Hotondo/ Hobo/ Yagate
Particle	Almost complete (almost done)	ほとんど完成 (する) (ほぼ完了 (する))	Hotondo kansei (suru) (hobo kanryō (suru))
Particle	Almost did (nearly did)	そうになった	Sō ni natta
Particle	Already	もう/ すでに (既に)	Sudeni
Particle	Anymore	もう	mou
Particle	Apart from that	それとは別に	sore to wa betsu ni
Particle	By now	そろそろ/ 今頃/ 今では/ 今までに/ もう	Sorosoro/ Imagoro/ Ima dewa/ Ima made ni/ Mō
Particle	By the way	ところで	Tokorode
Particle	Along the way (somewhere along the way)	途中 (途中のどこか)	Tochū (tochū no dokoka)

Particle	Furthermore (moreover; and)	さらに (更に)/ その上/ しかも (然も)/ 尚且つ/ この上/ 他にも (ほかにも)/ 又 (また)/ 尚 (なお)/ 将 (はた)/ さえに (さらに; そして (而して))	Sarani * (furthermore; again; after all; more and more; moreover; even more)/ Sono Ue * (in addition; furthermore/ above (which); on top of (which))/ Shikamo * (moreover; furthermore)/ Naokatsu * (besides; furthermore; on top of that)/ Kono Jō * ((any) more; further; in addition (to this); on top of this)/ Hoka ni mo * (furthermore; even more)/ Mata * (and; in addition; besides; moreover; furthermore)/ Nao * (more; still more; greater; further/ furthermore; in addition; moreover; note that ...)/ Hata * (furthermore; also)/ Sae ni * (furthermore; and another thing; even as) (Sarani; Soshite * (and; and then; thus; and now; and finally))
Particle	Moreover	さらに (更に)	Sara ni
Particle	In addition (further; moreover)	更に (さらに)/ 一段 (と)/ もっと	Sarani/ Ichidan (to)/ Motto
Particle	In addition to	加えて	Kakuwaete
Particle	Just * (simply; merely, ie. just looking)	ただ (只)/ のみ/ 丈 (だけ)/ それだけ (其れ丈)/ 単に	Tada/ Nomi/ Dake/ Soredake/ Tan'ni
Particle	Just looking	見ているだけ * (also pronounced as miteru dake)	Mite iru dake * (also pronounced as miteru dake)
Particle	Much more	たくさんのね	Takusan no ne
Particle	Nevermore (never again)	もう二度と (二度と)	Mōnidoto (nidoto)
Particle	Not yet	まだ...いない	Mada...inai
Particle	One of a kind	唯一無二 (の/ な)/ 個性派 (の/ な)/ 個性派的 (な)	Yuiitsu-muni (no/ na)/ Kosei-ha (no/ na)/ Kosei-ha-teki (na)
Particle	Only * (the only one)	だけ (丈)/ 唯一 (の)/ たった/ 唯一のもの (唯一の物)	Dake/ Yuiitsu (no)/ Tatta/ Yuiitsu no mono
Particle	The only one	唯一の人/ 唯一無二 (の/ な)/ 唯一無比 (の)/ 唯一不二 (の)/ たった一人/ オンリーワン (の/ な)	Yuiitsu no hito * (the only person; the sole person; the unique person)/ Yuiitsu muni (no/ na) * (one and only; unique)/ Yuiitsu muhi (no) * (one and only; unique)/ Yuiitsu fujī (no) * (one and only; unique)/ Tatta hitori * (just one person; only one)/ Onrīwan (no/ na) * (only one (person, thing); sole; unique)
Particle	Repetitive (repeating; repeatedly)	繰り返し (する/ の)/ 反復 (する)	Kurikaeshi (suru/ no)/ Hanpuku (suru)
Particle	Simply (merely, solely)	単に/ だけ (丈)/ ただ (只)	Tan'ni/ Dake/ Tada
Particle	So much more	もっとたくさん	Motto takusan
Particle	Still (yet)	まだ (未だ) (まだ)	Mada (mada)
Particle	Too (too much)	余りに (あまりに)/ 余り (あまり) (な/ の)/ 余りにも (あまりにも)/ たくさん (沢山)/ 過度 (な/ に)/ 多すぎる (多過ぎる/ おおすぎる)	Amarini/ Amari (na/ no)/ Amarini mo/ Takusan / Kado (na/ ni)/ Ōsugiru
Particle	Unique (uniquely)	ユニーク (ユニーク)/ 固有 (の/ な)/ 独特 (の/ な)/ 唯一無二 (の/ な)	Yunīku (yunīku)/ Koyū (no/ na)/ Dokutoku (no/ na)/ Yuiitsu muni (no/ na)

Particle	Well then...	じゃあ.../ さて (偕).../ うーん (ううん).../ えーと/ それでは...	Jā.../ Sate.../ Ū n (ūn).../ E to/ Soredewa...
Particle	Since	から/ ので/ 以来	Kara/ Node/ Irai
Particle	Because	何故なら (なぜなら)/ ので/ から/ だって/ というのも (と言うのも)	Nazenara/ Node/ Kara/ Datte/ Toyuunomo (to iu no mo)
Particle	If (when)	もし (若し) (何時/ いつ * (case, supposing) / 時 (とき) (when)	Moshi (itsu) * (case, supposing)/ Toki (when)
Particle	If (when, condition)	(もし) なら/ たら/ と/ ければ (れば)	(Moshi) Nara/ Tara/ To/ Kereba (reba)
Particle	If I were to (if I were to have ... ; if I were to do ...)	もし私がそうしていたら (もし私が...をしていれば; もし私が...をしていれば)	moshi watashi ga sou shite itara (moshi watashi ga... o shite ireba; moshi watashi ga... o shite ireba)
Particle	If it is the case that (if)	だったら/ だと/ でしたら/ であるとすれば (...)/ となると/ なら/ とあれば/ であれば	Dattara/ Dato/ Deshitara/ Dearu to sureba (...)/ To naru to/ Nara/ To areba/ Deareba
Particle	If it happens that	としたら	To shitara
Particle	Accordingly	したがって	Shitagatte
Particle	Ever since	それ以来	Sore irai
Particle	For that reason (because of that)	その為 (そのため/ 其の為) (に)/ その理由のために/ それ故 (其れ故)/ 因って (仍って/ 依て)/ それ故に (其れ故に)/ 因りて (依りて/ 仍りて)/ それだから/ そんな訳で/ 然るが故に (しかるが故に)/ 然すれば (然為れば)/ であるから (であるからして)	Sono tame (ni)/ Sono riyū no tame ni/ Sore yue/ Yotte/ Soreyueni/ Yorite/ Soredakara/ Son'na wake de/ Shikarugayueni/ Sasureba/ Dearukara (dearukara shite)
Particle	For this reason (therefore)	だからこそ/ このため (に)/ この理由のために/ この故に (此の故に)/ だから/ ですから	Dakarakoso/ Kono tame (ni)/ Kono riyū no tame ni/ Konoyueni/ Dakara/ Desukara
Particle	Hence	その為/ したがって (従って)/ それだから	Sono tame/ Shitagatte/ Soredakara
Particle	In case of (in the case of; in the event of)	(の)場合(に)/ (の)際に (さいに)/ に限って ((の)場合(に); (の)場合(に)/ (の)時に (ときに)/ 際して/ に当たって/ に当たり/ に際して/ 時点で)	(no) Baai (ni)/ (no) Sai ni/ Ni kagitte ((no) baai (ni); (no) baai (ni)/ (no) Toki ni/ Saishite/ ni Atatte/ ni Atari/ ni Saishite/ Jiten de)
Particle	Nevertheless	それにもかかわらず (それにも拘わらず)/ 然しながら/ でも/ にも関わらず (にもかかわらず)/ それにしても/ それでも (其れでも)	Sore nimokakawarazu * (nonetheless; nevertheless)/ Shikashinagara * (however; nevertheless)/ Demo * (but; however; though; nevertheless; still; yet; even so; also; as well/ even)/ Ni mo kakawarazu * (in spite of; nevertheless; although; despite; no matter the; regardless of)/ Sorenishitemo * (nevertheless; at any rate; even so; all things considered; be that as it may)/ Soredemo * (but (still); and yet; nevertheless; even so; notwithstanding)

Particle	So (that is so; that is right)	そう (です)/ そう (だ)	Sō (desu)/ Sō (da)
Particle	So (therefore, for that reason)	だから/ ですから	Dakara/ Desukara
Particle	Therefore (so, for that reason)	だから/ ですから	Dakara/ Desukara
Particle	What if (as in "what if" stories)	たれば (タレバ)	Tarareba
Particle	Whether	かどうか/ どうか/ に付け	Ka dō ka/ Dōnika/ Ni tsuke
Particle	Whether one does or does not	しようしまいと	Shiyou to shimai to
Particle	Whether one likes it or not (whether willing or not)	否でも応でも/ 否が応でも (いやが応でも/ 嫌が応でも)/ 泣いても笑っても/ あろうとなかろう/ 否が応にも	Iyademoōdemo/ Iyagaōdemo/ Naitemowarattemo/ Arouto nakarou/ Iyagaō ni mo
Particle	Whether or not	かどうか/ か否か (かいなか)	Ka dō ka/ Ka ina ka
Particle	(it's not possible) No matter what (although one might wish otherwise)	にも	Ni mo
Particle	(not) At all; (not) a bit; (not) in the least; (not) in the slightest	少しも (すこしも)	Sukoshi mo
Particle	Although	それでも (其れでも)/ のに/ もの/ けど/ もっとも (尤も)/ ものを/ ところを/ にもかかわらず (にも関わらず)	Soredemo * (but (still); and yet; nevertheless; even so; notwithstanding)/ Noni * (although; despite; even though; and yet/ whereas; while/ if only; I wish)/ Monono * (although; though; despite the fact that ...)/ Kedo * (but; however; although)/ Mottomo * (but then; although; though/ reasonable; natural; just)/ Mono o * (although; but; even though; I wish that * (usually at sentence end; with nuance of strong discontent))/ Tokoro o * (although (it is a certain time or something is in a certain condition); even though normally)/ Ni mo kakawarazu * (in spite of; nevertheless; although; despite; no matter the; regardless of)
Particle	At any rate (at the very least)	仮にも	Karini mo
Particle	By all means	是非 (ぜひ)/ 是非とも (是非共)/ 是非是非/ 如何しても/ 何が何でも	Zehi/ Zehitomo/ Zehi zehi/ Ikaga shite mo/ Naniganandemo
Particle	By any means (by all means; fair or foul)	如何しても/ 手段を選ばずに/ 手段を選ばない	Dōshitemo * (ikaga shite mo)/ Shudan o erabazu ni/ Shudan o erabanai
Particle	Even	さえ/ さえ	Sae/ De sae
Particle	Even if (even)	さえ/ も/ たとえ (例え)	Sae mo tatoe (tatoe)
Particle	In fairness	公平 (に/ で)/ 公平に評すれば/ 公平を期す/ 公平に見ても	Kōhei (ni/ de)/ Kōhei ni hyōsureba/ Kōhei o kisu/ Kōhei ni mite mo

Particle	Just as (when)	ちょうど (丁度)/ いつ (何時)	Chōdo/ itsu
Particle	No matter what (it does not matter what; it doesn't matter what)	如何しても (どうしても)/ どんな/ 何があっても/ 是が非でも/ どうあっても/ 何があろうと/ どんな時も/ どうせ/ 逆も斯くても/ 何であれ (何であつても; 何であつても)	Dōshitemo * (by all means; at any cost; no matter what; at any rate; surely)/ Don'na * (no matter what (kind of); whatever; any; all)/ Nani ga atte mo * (no matter what; whatever happens; in any situation; rain or shine)/ Zegahidemo * (rightly or wrongly; by all possible means; at all costs; at any cost; no matter what (happens); by fair means or foul)/ Dō atte mo * (whatever happens; no matter what; under any circumstances; in any case; at all costs; at any price)/ Nani ga arou to * (no matter what; whatever happens; in any situation; rain or shine)/ Don'na toki mo * (no matter what; at any time)/ Dōse * (anyhow; in any case; at any rate; after all; at all; no matter what)/ Totemo kakute mo * (no matter what; anyhow; in any case; at any rate; in any event; anyway)/ Nande are * (whatever; no matter what) (nanideatte mo; nanideatte mo)
Particle	No matter what happens	何があつても/ どんな事があつても/ 何が起ころうとも/ 何が起きても	Nani ga atte mo/ Don'na koto ga atte mo * (no matter what happens; in any circumstances; at any price)/ Nani ga okoroutomo/ Nani ga okite mo
Particle	Once (if condition)	一度/ 一時/ 一旦 (いったん)/ たら	Ichido/ ichiji/ ittan (ittan)/ tara
Particle	Supposing (even if)	仮に	Karini
Particle	Like (comparison, ie. is like)	のように (の様に)/ 様 (よう) (比較, つまり, のようです)	No yō ni/ Yō * (appearing ...; looking .../ like; similar to) (hikaku, tsumari, no yōdesu)
Particle	Like (-like; -looking; -looked; tending to ...)	気味 (ぎみ)/ 的 (てき)/ みたい/ 気 (ぎ)/ らしさ/ 如す (なす)/ 然 (ぜん)/ らしき/ らしい/ 似る (似ている)/ 如 (若/ ごと)/ 如し (若し/ ごとし)/ 如く (ごとく)/ 如き (ごとき)	Gimi * (not 'kimi' with the same kanji characters, which means 'sensation; feeling')/ Teki * (-like; -ish; -sort of; -kind of/ often used after a noun)/ Mitai * (-like; sort of; similar to; resembling)/ Gi * (not 'Ki'; means '-like nature; -like disposition; -ish temperament')/ Rashisa * (-inity; -likeness; essence)/ Nasu * (-like; resembling; similar to)/ Zen * (-like; often as ~然とする/ Zen to suru)/ Rashiki * (-ish; -like; resembling; appearing to be; seeming to be)/ Rashī * (seeming ...; appearing .../ -ish; like a ...; typical of ...; appropriate for ...; becoming of ...; worthy of the name ...)/ Niru (nite iru) * (to resemble; to look like; to be like; to be alike; to be similar; to take after)/ Goto * (like; similar to; same as)/ Gotoshi * (like; as if; the same as)/ Gotoku/ Gotoki
Particle	Like (-like; resembling; similar to; same as)	如 (若)/ 如す	Goto/ Nasu

Particle	Like (as if; the same as)	如し (若し/ ごとし)/ 如く (ごとく)/ 如き (ごとき)/ 如 (ごと)	Gotoshi/ Gotoku/ Gotoki/ Goto
Particle	Ish (-ish; like a ...; typical of ...; appropriate for ...)	らしい	Rashī
Particle	And such	など	Nado
Particle	Barely	かろうじて	Karojite
Particle	Dependent (-like; -based; -wise)	依存型 (のよう (に/ な)/ 如し (若し)/ -的 (に/ な)/ 基づく/ 如 (ごと/ 若) (の))	Izon-gata (no yō (ni/ na)/ Gotoshi/ -Teki (ni/ na)/ Motodzuku/ Goto (no))
Particle	In the same way (as with; similarly)	のように (の様に)/ 同じように/ 同じく/ と同じように (同様に; 同様に)	No yō ni/ Onajiyōni * (similar)/ Onajiku/ To onajiyōni (Dōyō ni * (identically; in the (exact) same way; similarly); Dōyō ni)
Particle	Just like that (just like this)	其のまま (そのまま) (其のまま (そのまま))	Sonomama (sonomama)
Particle	Some kind of (a kind of)	ある種 (の) (ある種 (の))	Aru tane (no) (aru tane (no))
Particle	Sort of	ある種 (の)/ みたい * (... みたいです)/ 的 (てき)/ 一種	Arushu (no) * (certain; some kind of; some sort of; of sorts)/ Mitai * (-like; sort of; similar to; resembling) * (... Mitaidesu - it seems like ...)/ Teki * (-like; -ish; -sort of; -kind of/ often used after a noun)/ Isshu * (a kind; a sort; a variety; a species'/ of sorts; something of a; a sort of/ sort of; somewhat)
Particle	Such	そのよう (な/ に)/ 然うした (そうした)	Sono yō (na/ ni)/ sōshita
Particle	Such as	など/ なんて/ とか/ そのよう (な/ に)	Nado/ Nante/ Toka/ Sono yō (na/ ni)
Particle	Than (comparison, ie. more than)	よりも (比較、つまり、より多く)	Yori mo (hikaku, tsumari, yori ōku)
Particle	For example	例えば	Tatoeba
Particle	As such	そのよう (その様) (な)/ など (等)/ とか/ なんて	Sono yō (na)/ nado/ toka/ nante
Particle	Is it not (isn't it)?	ですね?	Desu ne?
Particle	Etc.	等	Nado/ Hitoshi/ Tō
Particle	Recently (recent)	最近 (に/ の)/ 近々 (近近) (と)/ 近頃/ 先頃/ 今日 * (other meaning than kyō - today/ this day)	Saikin (ni/ no)/ Chikadjika (kinkin) (to)/ Chikagoro/ Sakigoro/ kyō * (other meaning than kyō - today/ this day)
Particle	Lately (recently)	近頃/ 最近 (の)/ 今時 (今どき)	Chikagoro/ Saikin (no)/ Imadoki
Particle	Ahead (earlier; before)	先に	Sakini (saki ni)

Particle	Besides	その上/ それに (其れに)/ なおかつ (尚且つ)/ かつ (且つ)/ し/ 以外/ 他に (ほかに)/ 又 (また)/ このほか (この外)/ さえ/ あまつさえ (剩え)/ 加うるに (くわうるに)	Sono-jō * (in addition; furthermore/ above (which); on top of (which))/ Sore ni * (besides; in addition; also; moreover)/ Naokatsu * (besides; furthermore; on top of that/ and yet; nevertheless; even so)/ Katsu * (and; moreover; besides; as well as; and on top of that; at the same time)/ Shi * (and; besides; moreover; what's more; not only ... but also/ because; since/ the thing is; for one thing)/ Igai * (excluding; except (for); apart from; other than; besides; in addition to)/ Hoka ni * (else; in addition; besides)/ Mata * (and; in addition; besides; moreover; furthermore)/ Kono hoka * (besides; moreover; in addition)/ Sae * (means 'even', but can also mean 'besides; on top of that; what's more')/ Amatsusae * (besides; moreover; in addition)/ Kauru ni * (besides; furthermore)
Particle	Conversely	逆に/ 逆に言うと/ 翻って/ 逆に言えば	Gyaku ni/ Gyaku ni iu to/ Hirugaette/ Gyaku ni ieba
Particle	Current	現在 (の)	Genzai (no)
Particle	Currently (at present; at the moment; busy with; doing; in process)	中 (ちゅう) (に) * (ie. 会議中に - in a meeting/ during a meeting)/ 最中 (に)/ 現在/ 今のところ (今の所/ いまのところ)/ 真逆/ 当分 (現在; 現時点で; 忙しい; やっている (from 遣る, to do); 進行中)	Chū (ni) * (ie. Kaigi-chū ni - in a meeting/ during a meeting)/ Saichū (ni)/ Genzai/ Imanotokoro/ Magyaku/ Tōbun (Genzai; Genjiten de; Isogashi; Yatte iru (from yaru, to do); Shinkō-chū)
Particle	Else (other)	他に/ そうでなければ	Hoka ni/ Sōdenakereba
Particle	Eventually	最終的 (に)	Saishūteki (ni)
Particle	Finally (at last)	漸く	Yōyaku
Particle	Finally (in the end; eventually)	聴て (やがて)	Yagate
Particle	First (first of all; to begin with)	先ず (まず)/ 先ずは/ 初めに/ まず第一に/ 先ず以て/ いの一番	Mazu/ Mazu wa/ Hajime ni/ Mazu daiichi ni/ Mazumotte/ Inoichiban
Particle	In the first place	そもそも (抑)/ まず第一に/ 全体 (の)/ 元来/ 先ず以て	Somosomo/ Mazu daiichi ni/ Zentai (no)/ Ganrai/ Mazumotte
Particle	Long-term	長期 (の)	Chōki (no)
Particle	Otherwise (or)	そうでなければ/ さもないと (然も無いと)/ 若しくは (または (又は)/ か)	Sōdenakereba/ Sa monai to/ Moshikuwa (matawa/ ka)
Particle	Short-term	短期 (の)	Tanki (no)

Particle	The last but not least	最後になりましたが/ 最後に付け加えると/ 最後になりましたが、他に劣らず 重要なものは * (last but no less important; 劣らず means 'no less; not inferior; with the best of them; as the next fellow')/ そして大事なことを言い忘れたが * ('and I forgot to mention something important')	Saigo ni narimashitaga/ Saigo ni tsukekuwaeru to/ Saigo ni narimashitaga, hoka ni otorazu jūyōna mono wa * (last but no less important; otorazu means 'no less; not inferior; with the best of them; as the next fellow')/ Soshite daijina koto o ii wasuretaga * ('and I forgot to mention something important')
Particle	Ultimately (finally; in the end)	最終的 (に)	Saishūteki (ni)
Particle	Some time ago	先 (さっき) に/ 少し前に/ ちょっと前/ 先程 (先ほど)	Saki (sakki) ni/ sukoshi mae ni/ chotto mae/ sakhodo (sakhodo)
Particle	A while ago	少し前に/ ちょっと前/ 先刻/ しばらく前/ 先程 (先ほど)/ 先	Sukoshi mae ni/ Chotto mae/ Satsuki/ Shibaraku mae/ Sakihodo/ Sakki (saki)
Particle	A long time (since the last time)	暫くぶり (暫く振り) (な/ の)	Shibaraku-buri (shibarakuburi) (na/ no)
Particle	A short time ago (a while ago; for some time)	しばらく前 (暫く前)	Shibaraku mae
Particle	A short while ago (a moment ago; just now; some time ago)	先程	Sakhodo
Particle	After a short time (in a short while; a short time later)	暫くすると	Shibaraku suruto
Particle	For a moment (for a minute)	暫く (しばらく) (する)/ ちょっとの間/ 一瞬の間/ 一瞬/ 一寸/ 一旦/ 一度/ 一刻	Shibaraku (suru)/ Chotto no ma/ Isshun no ma/ Isshun/ Chotto (isshun)/ Ittan/ Ichido/ Ikkoku * (a moment; a minute; an instant)
Particle	For a short while (for a while; for some time; for the time being)	しばらくの間 (暫くの間)	Shibarakunoaida
Particle	For a while (for some time)	暫く (しばらく) (する)	Shibaraku (suru)
Particle	For now (for the time being)	今のところ/ 今のために/ 一先ず/ とりあえず (取りあえず/ 取り敢えず)/ 差し当たり/ 当面 (の/ する)/ 暫く	Imanotokoro (Ima no tokoro)/ Ima no tame ni/ Hitomazu/ Toriaezu/ Sashiatari/ Tōmen (no/ suru)/ Shibaraku
Particle	For the time being (for now; for the present; currently)	当分の間/ 暫く (しばらく) (する)/ 取りあえず (取り敢えず)/ 一先ず (一先/ ひと先ず/ 一まず/ 一と先ず)	Toubun no aida/ Shibaraku (suru)/ Toriaezu/ Hitomazu
Particle	For what lies ahead	これから先にあるもののために	Korekara saki ni aru mono no tame ni
Particle	In a while (after a while)	少しの間/ しばらくして (暫く)/ しばらくしてから/ 後に (のちに)/ 少し間をおいて (すこしあいだをおいて)	Sukoshinoaida/ shibaraku shite (shibaraku)/ Shibaraku shite kara/ Nochi ni (nochi ni)/ / Sukoshi ma o oite (sukoshi aida o oite)
Particle	In a long while	久しぶりに	Hisashiburi ni

Particle	Not for a moment (not on any account; not in the least bit)	仮にも	Karini mo * (with neg. sentence)
Particle	Over the years (through the years)	何年にもわたって/ 長年にわたって/ 何年もの間に (何年にもわたって/ 年間を通して)	Nan'nen ni mo watatte/ Naganen ni watatte/ Nan'nen mo no ma ni (Nan'nen ni mo watatte/ Nenkan o tōshite)
Particle	Over time	時間とともに/ 時とともに/ 経時的 (な)/ 時間の経過とともに/ 時間が経過 (に/ がある)	Jikan to tomoni/ Toki to tomoni/ Keiji-teki (na) * (chronological; over time)/ Jikan no keika to tomoni/ Jikan ga keika (ni/ ga aru)
Particle	Shortly	短く/ 間もなく	Mijikaku/ Mamonaku
Particle	Soon (shortly)	間もなく/ すぐ (直ぐ) (に)/ 近々 (近近)/ もう直ぐ (もうすぐ)/ そろそろ (と)	Mamonaku/ Sugu (sugu) (ni)/ Chikadjika/ Mō sugu/ Sorosoro (to)
Particle	At once (right away; first of all)	取りあえず (取り敢えず)/ すぐ (直ぐ) (に)	Toriaezu/ Sugu ni (sugu ni)
Particle	Before long (soon; shortly)	臆て (やがて)	Yagate
Particle	Immediately (at once; right away)	すぐ (直ぐ) (に)/ 直ぐにでも/ 其のままだに/ の (その儘に/ の/ 其儘に/ の)	Sugu ni (sugu ni)/ Sugu ni demo/ Sono mama ni/ no
Particle	In a way	ある意味で	Aru imi de (Aruimide)
Particle	In a while (in a little while)	しばらくして (しばらくして)	Shibaraku shite (shibaraku shite)
Particle	In many cases	多くの場合	Ōku no baai
Particle	In most cases (in the most cases)	ほとんどの場合 (ほとんどの場合)	Hotondo no baai (hotondo no baai)
Particle	In the course of (in the event of)	(の) 過程で (その場合には/ (の) 場合 (には)/ (の) 過程 (で/ に/ にある))	(no) Katei de (Sono baai ni wa/ (no) Baai (ni wa)/ (no) Katei (de/ ni/ ni aru))
Particle	Instant (instantly)	インスタント (インスタント)	Insutanto (insutanto)
Particle	Instantly (in an instant, in the blink of an eye)	瞬時 (に/ の) / あっという間に	Shunji (ni/ no)/ Attoiumani
Particle	Right away	すぐに	Sugu ni
Particle	Urgently (urgent)	緊急 (に/ の/ な)/ 至急 (に/ の/ な)/ 切実に (至急)	Kinkyū (ni/ no/ na)/ Shikyū (ni/ no/ na)/ Setsujitsu ni (shikyū)
Particle	Before	前 (に)	Mae (ni)
Particle	After	後 (で/ に)	Ato (de/ ni)
Particle	Had better ... (it's better... to/ should ...)	方がいい (ほうがいい)/ ほうが良い / もっと良かった... (方が良い/ はずだった...)	Hō ga ī/ Hō ga yoi/ motto yokatta... (Hō ga yoi/ Hazudatta...)
Particle	Instead (instead of)	代わりに/ より/ 寧ろ (代わりに)	Kawarini/ Yori * (than/ rather than; instead of; over; above)/ Mushiro (kawarini)

Particle	Preferably	できれば (出来れば)/ いっそのこと (いっその事)/ なるべくなら (成るべくなら)/ いっそ/ 一層の事	Dekireba * (if possible)/ Isso no koto * (rather; sooner; preferably)/ Narubekunara * (if possible; preferably; if circumstances allow)/ Isso * (rather; sooner; preferably; might as well; just)/ Issō no koto * (rather; sooner; preferably)
Particle	Rather (preferably; better)	寧ろ (むしろ)/ 未だしも	Mushiro/ Madashimo * (not midashimo)
Particle	Than * (comparison, ie. greater than)	より/ よりも	Yori/ Yori mo
Particle	Then	その後 (其の後)/ それから (其れから)	Sonogo/ Sore kara (sorekara)
Particle	Concrete	具体的 (に/ な)/ 具象的 (に/ な)	Guteiteki (ni/ na)/ Gushō-teki (ni/ na)
Particle	Abstract	抽象的 (に/ な)	Chūshō-teki (ni/ na)
Particle	Ordinary (common; regular; usual)	普通 (の/ な)/ 並 (の)/ 普通的 (に/ な)/ 一般的 (に/ な)	Futsū (no/ na)/ Nami (no)/ Futsū-teki (ni/ na)/ Ippan-teki (ni/ na)
Particle	Special	特別 (に/ な)/ 特殊 (な/ の)	Tokubetsu (ni/ na)/ Tokushu (na/ no)
Particle	Excluding (except)	除く/ 外す/ 以外/ 排除 (する)/ (...) (を) 除外 (する)/ 締め出す (閉め出す)/ シャットアウト (する)/ (...) を除いて (除く)/ (...) を省きて (省く) (除く)	Nozoku * (to exclude; to except)/ Hazusu * (to drop (e.g. from a team); to remove (from a position); to exclude; to expel)/ Igai * (excluding; except (for); apart from; other than; besides; in addition to/ outside (a boundary, scope, etc.))/ Haijo (suru) * (exclusion; removal; elimination; clearing away; getting rid of)/ (...) (o) Jogai (suru) * (exception; exclusion)/ Shimesasu * (to shut out; to bar; to lock out; to exclude)/ Shattoauto (suru) * (shutout; shutting out; locking out; excluding)/ (...) o Nozoite (nozoku)/ (...) o Habukite (habuku) * (to omit; to leave out; to exclude; to eliminate/ to curtail; to save; to cut down; to economize; to economise) (nozoku)
Particle	Generally	一般的 (に/ な)/ 一通り (の)	Ippan-teki (ni/ na)/ Hitotōri (no)
Particle	In particular (specifically)	特に/ 具体的に (は)/ 特定 (の)/ 特別 (に/ な)/ 明確 (な)/ こそ/ 取り立てて	Tokuni * (particularly; especially; in particular; expressly)/ Gutaitekini (wa) * (concrete; definite; specific; material; substantial)/ Tokutei (no) * (special; particular; extraordinary; exceptional; especial)/ Tokubetsu (ni/ na)/ Meikaku (na) * (clear; precise; definite; distinct)/ Koso * (it is ... that ...; precisely; in particular; definitely; for sure; only (when, after, because, etc.)/ emphasizes preceding word or phrase)/ Toridatete * (particularly; in particular; especially)

Particle	Particular (particularly)	特に/ 格別 (の/ な)/ 特別 (な/ の)/ 特定 (の/ する)/ 特殊 (な/ の)/ 別 (べつ) (の/ な) (特に)	Tokuni * (particularly; especially; in particular; expressly)/ Kakubetsu (no/ na) * (particular; special; exceptional; especial/ particularly; especially; exceptionally)/ Tokubetsu (na/ no) * (special; particular; extraordinary; exceptional; especial)/ Tokutei (no/ suru) * (specific; particular; designated; special/ specifying; designating; identifying; pinpointing)/ Tokushu (na/ no) * (special; particular; peculiar; unique)/ Betsu (no/ na) * (separate; different; another; extra/ distinction; difference; discrimination) (tokuni)
Particle	Containing	含む/ (...)を含めて/ 入り (の)	Fukumu/ (...) o Fukumete/ Iri (no) * (containing; content; audience)
Particle	Including	含む/ (...)を含めて/ 入り (の)	Fukumu/ (...) o Fukumete/ Iri (no) * (containing; content; audience)
Particle	Deliberate (deliberately; intentional; intentionally)	意図的に (意図的に; 意図的に; 故意に)	Itotekini (itotekini; itotekini; koi ni)
Particle	Intentionally (on purpose)	意図的 (に/ な)	Itoteki (ni/ na)
Particle	On purpose (deliberately; intentionally)	わざと (態と)	Wazato
Particle	Purposeful (purposefully)	目的を持って (意図的 (に))	Mokuteki o motte * (purposefully; purposively; purposive) (itoteki (ni) * (intentional; on purpose))
Particle	Purposely (darlingly; deliberately; intentionally)	敢えて (あえて)	Aete
Particle	Approximately (about)	約/ くらい/ ぐらい	Yaku/ Kurai/ Gurai
Particle	Approximately (about) (time)	頃 (ころ/ ごろ)	Koro/ Goro
Particle	Clear (precise)	明確 (な)	Meikaku (na)
Particle	Common (ie. interest; shared; mutual)	共通 (な/ の/ する)	Kyōtsū (na/ no/ suru)
Particle	Common (usual; ordinary)	当たり前 (な/ に)/ 一般 (の/ な)/ 平凡 (な)/ 凡 (な)/ 只 (唯/ 徒/ 但/ 常/ ただ/ タダ) (の/ な)	Atarimae (na/ ni)/ Ippan (no/ na)/ Heibon (na)/ Bon (na)/ Tada (no/ na)
Particle	Detailed	詳細 (な)/ 詳しい/ 精密 (な)/ 詳らか (な)/ 明細 (な)	Shōsai (na)/ Kuwashī/ Seimitsu (na)/ Tsumabiraka (na)/ Meisai (na)
Particle	Especially (particularly)	特に/ 取り立てて	Tokuni/ Toridatete
Particle	Exactly (precisely)	まさに (正に)	Masani
Particle	Extraordinary	並外れた/ 特別 (な/ の)/ 素晴らしい	Namihazureta/ Tokubetsu (na/ no)/ Subarashī
Particle	Frequently occurring (common; popular)	よくある (良くある)	Yoku aru

Particle	Though not quite satisfactorily (after a fashion)	一先ず (一先/ひと先ず/一まず/一と先ず)	Hitomazu
Particle	Without leaving any trace	跡形も無く (跡形もなく)	Atokatamonaku
Location2	Every (all)	毎/何れも (どれも) (すべて)	Mai/ Doremo (Subete)
Location2	Any	どれでも (何れでも)/ 何れも (どれも)	Dore demo/ Doremo
Location2	Some	いくつか (幾つか) (の)/ 幾らか (いくらか)	Ikutsu ka (no)/ Ikuraka
Location2	None (no)	なし (無し)/ ない (無い)/ ありません (有りません)/ 非 (ひ)/ 無 (む)/ 不 (ふ)/ 未 (み) (いいえ)	Nashi/ Nai/ Arimasen/ Hi * (fault; error; mistake/ un-; non-; an-)/ Mu * (nothing; naught; nought; nil; zero/ un-; non-)/ * Fu (un-; non-; negative prefix)/ Mi * (not yet; un-) (īe)
Location2	Either	どちらでもない	Dochira demonai
Location2	Neither	どちらでもない	Dochira demonai
Location2	Nor	どちらでもない	Dochira demonai
Location2	Neither...nor	も...も	Mo mo
Location2	Everywhere	どこでも/ どこにでも/ 其処ら/ 至る所	Doko demo/ Doko ni demo/ Sonotokoro-ra/ Itarutokoro
Location2	Anywhere	どこでも	Doko demo
Location2	Somewhere	どこか	Doko ka
Location2	Nowhere	どこもない/ どこにも	Doko mo nai/ Dokoni mo
Location2	Everyhow	とにかく	Tonikaku
Location2	Anyhow (anyways)	とにかく (兎に角)/ 先ず/ 先ずは	Tonikaku/ Mazu/ Mazu wa
Location2	Somehow (for some reason)	何とかして/ どうか/ なんとなく/ どういうわけか	Nantoka shite/ Dōnika/ Nantonaku/ Dō iu wake ka
Location2	Never (no way)	決して/決して	Kesshite/ Kesshite
Location2	Everyone (all; everybody)	誰でも (だれでも)/ 皆 (さん)/ みんな (さん)	Daredemo/ Mina (san) * (usually used with 'san' in the end to add respect)/ Min'na (san)
Location2	Anyone (anybody)	誰	Dare
Location2	Someone (somebody)	誰か	Dareka
Location2	No one (nobody)	誰もいない/誰もいない	Daremoinai/ Daremoinai
Location2	Everything (all)	すべて (全て) (の)/ 事々 (事事/ 悉/ ことごと) (全/ 全部 (の))/ 一切 (の)	Subete (no)/ Kotogoto (Zen/ Zenbu (no))/ Issai (no)
Location2	Anything (all)	なんでも (何でも)/ 全/ 全部 (の)	Nandemo/ Zen/ Zenbu (no)
Location2	Something	何か	Nanika
Location2	Nothing (no thing; none)	何もない/ 無 (无)	Nanimonai/ Mu
Location2	Nothingless	何もない	Nanimonai
Location2	None (there is none)	なし (ありません)	Nashi (arimasen)

Location2	No sign of	(の) 兆候なし/ (の) 兆候はない/ 気配がない/ (の) 気配はありません/ (の) 姿はありません/ 形はありません/ おくびにも出さない	Chōkō nashi * (no sign; no indication; no symptom; no omen)/ (no) Chōkō wanai * (no sign; no indication; no symptom; no omen)/ Kehai ga nai * (no indication; no sign; no hint; no sensation; no feeling/ informal)/ (no) Kehai wa arimasen * (no indication; no sign; no hint; no sensation; no feeling/ polite)/ (no) Sugata wa arimasen * (no figure; no form; no shape/ polite)/ Katachi wa arimasen * (no figure; no form; no shape/ polite)/ Okubinimodasanai * (showing no sign of; not giving the slightest indication of; saying nothing at all about; not breathing a word of)
Location2	However (but)	でも/ 但し(ただし)(でも)	Demo/ Tadashi (demo)
Location2	Whatever (sure)	何でも(もちろん)	Nandemo (mochiron)
Location2	Whenever	いつでも	Itsu demo
Location2	Wherever	どこでも	Doko demo
Location2	Whoever	誰でも	Daredemo
Location2	Whysoever (whyever)	なぜだろう(なぜだろう)	Nazedarou (nazedarou)
Location2	Every time	毎回/ 何時でも(いつでも)/ 何時も (いつも)	Maikai/ Itsu demo/ Itsumo
Location2	Anytime	何時でも(いつでも)/ どんなときも(どんな時も)	Itsu demo/ Don'na toki mo
Location2	Sometime	いつか(何時か)	Itsuka
Location2	No time (never)	時間がない/ まったくない	Jikanganai/ Mattaku nai
Adj-Time	Early	早い	Hayai
Adj-Time	Late	遅い	Osoi
Adj-Time	Now	今(いま)/ 今や/ 今度/ 今回/ 目下/ 現在	Ima (ima)/ Imaya/ Kondo/ Konkai/ Mokka * (don't confuse this word with 'meshita' with the same kanji which means 'subordinate'/ Genzai
Adj-Time	On time (in time)	時間通りに/ 予定どおり (間に合って(います)/ 間に合う)	Jikandōrini/ Yotei-dōri * (as planned; according to plan; on schedule) (Maniatte (imasu)/ Maniau)
Adj-Time	Earlier (previously)	より前に/ もっと前に/ 前に/ より以前に/ もっと以前に/ 以前/ ついさっき/ もっと前に/ より早い/ もっと早い/ 早い	Yori mae ni/ Motto mae ni/ Mae ni/ Yori izen ni/ Motto izen ni/ Izen/ Tsui sakki/ Motto mae ni/ Yori hayai/ Motto hayai/ Hayai
Adj-Time	Previously (before, earlier)	先に(さっきに)	Sakini (sakki ni)
Adj-Time	The earliest	最も早い/ 最早(の)/ 一番早い/ 最古(の)	Mottomo hayai/ Mohaya (no)/ Ichiban hayai/ Saiko (no)
Adj-Time	In advance (ahead of time)	前もって(前以て)/ 事前(の)/ 予め	Maemotte/ Jizen (no)/ Arakajime
Adj-Time	Ahead of time	事前に	Jizen ni
Adj-Time	Later	後で/ 後/ より遅い/ もっと遅い/ 遅い	Atode/ Ato/ Yori osoi/ Motto osoi/ Osoi

Adj-Time	The latest	最も遅い/ 最遅(の)/ 一番遅い	Mottomo osoi/ Saichi (no)/ Ichiban osoi
Adj-Time	Belated	遅ればせながら/ 出し遅れ/ 遅い始め(遅いはじめ/ 遅い初め)/ 遅い開始	Okurebasenagara/ Dashi okure/ Osoi hajime/ Osoi kaishi
Adj-Time	It is early (it is quite early)	早いです (かなり早いです)	Hayaidesu (kanari hayaidesu)
Adj-Time	It is late (it is already late)	遅いです (もう遅いです)	Osoidesu (mōosoidesu)
Adj-Time	It is getting late (it is becoming late)	遅くなってきた (遅くなってきた)	Osoku natte kita (osoku natte kita)
Adj-Time	He is on time	彼は時間どおりです/ 彼は間に合う	Kare wa jikan-dōridesu/ Kare wa maniau
Adj1	Far	遠い	Tōi
Adj1	Distant	遠い	Tōi
Adj1	Near (nearby)	近い/ 近く (近く)	Chikai/ Chikaku (chikaku)
Adj1	Closeby (close)	近く/ 近い (近く)	Chikaku/ Chikai (chikaku)
Adj1	Closely	密接 (に/ な)/ 注意深く見守る/ ぴったり (と/ する)/ 親しく/ 良く良く	Missetsu (ni/ na) * (close (relationship, connection, etc.); intimate; near/ being in close proximity; being adjacent)/ Chūibukaku mimamoru * (to watch carefully; to keep a close eye on; to keep a watchful eye on; to watch intently and carefully)/ Pittari (to/ suru) * (tightly; closely/ exactly; precisely)/ Shitashiku * (closely; intimately/ personally; in person/ directly (experience); at first-hand)/ Yokuyoku * (carefully; closely/ very; extremely; exceedingly)
Adj1	Close-up	クローズアップ (する)/ 間近 (な)	Kurōzuappu (suru) * (close-up/ bringing attention to; bringing to the fore; putting under close scrutiny; highlighting)/ Madjika (na) * (near; close (to); nearby/ (drawing) near; approaching; almost here; just around the corner)
Adj1	Fast	速い	Hayai

Adj1	Briefly	一寸/一通り (の)/ 一旦/ ざっと/ 手短に言えば/ 一渡り/ ちょろっと/ ささっと/ ぱぱぱっと/ ちょろり/ ちょい/ 簡単に言うと	Issun * (just a minute; for a moment; briefly)/ Hitotōri (no) * (generally; in the main; briefly (look over, explain, etc.); roughly; more or less)/ Ittan * (for a short time; briefly; temporarily)/ Zatto * (cursorily; briefly; quickly; lightly; roughly)/ Temijika ni ieba * (briefly; in short; in a nutshell; in summary; to put it briefly)/ Hitowatari * (generally; in the main; briefly (look over, explain, etc.); roughly; more or less)/ Chorotto * (quickly; briefly/ rashly; carelessly)/ Sasatto * (quickly; briefly)/ Papapatto * (quickly; briefly)/ Chorori * (quickly; briefly/ rashly; carelessly)/ Choi * (just a minute; for a moment; briefly)/ Kantan ni iu to * (simply put; to put it simply)
Adj1	Quick (quickly)	素早い/ 迅速 (な)/ 早い/ 速やか (な)/ 手っ取り早い/ 簡単 (な) (素早く)	Subayai/ Jinsoku (na)/ Hayai/ Sumiyaka (na)/ Tettoribayai * (quick; prompt; without delay/ simple; easy; effortless)/ Kantan (na) * (simple; easy; uncomplicated/ brief; quick; light) ; (becomes 'kantan'na') (Subayaku)
Adj1	Rapid	急速 (な)	Kyūsoku (na)
Adj1	Slow	遅い	Osoi
Adj1	Delayed	遅延 (する/ の)/ 遅れる	Chien (suru/ no)/ Okureru
Adj1	Long	長い	Nagai
Adj1	Short	短い	Mijikai
Adj1	High	高い	Takai
Adj1	Tall	高い	Takai
Adj1	Low	低い	Hikui
Adj1	Easy	簡単 (な)/ 易い (やすい)	Kantan (na) * (kantan'na)/ Yasui
Adj1	Easy (ie. easy to eat; simple to eat)	Verb stem + やすい (易い) (ie. 食べやすい)	Verb stem + Yasui (ie. tabe yasui)

Adj1	Easily (simply; lightly)	簡単に/ 難なく/ あっさり (と/ する)/ 中々 (中中) (な)/ 悠々 (悠悠) (たる/ と)/ 苦もなく/ 軽々 (輕輕) (と/ する)/ 訳なく/ 楽々 (樂樂) (と)/ 優に/ 易々 (易易) (と)/ スラスラ (と)/ 直ぐ/ ゆっくり (と/ する)/ 手も無く/ 造作もなく/ 直に (簡単に; 軽く (軽い))	Kantan ni * (simple; easy; uncomplicated/ brief; quick; light)/ Nan'naku * (easily)/ Assari (to/ suru) * (easily; readily; quickly; flatly (refuse))/ Chūchū (chū chū) (na) * (very; considerably; easily; readily; fairly; quite; highly; rather)/ Yūyū (taru/ to) * (quiet; calm; leisurely; composed/ easily; comfortably; without difficulty)/ Ku mo naku * (easily; without effort)/ Keikei (to/ suru) * (lightly; easily; carelessly)/ Wake naku * (easily; without difficulty)/ Rakuraku (to) * (comfortably; easily)/ Yū ni * (easily (reach, exceed, etc.); comfortably; amply; fully; well over/ usu. used with quantities)/ Yasuyasu (to) * (easily; readily; with ease; without trouble)/ Surasura (to) * (smoothly; easily; readily)/ Sugu * (easily; readily; without difficulty)/ Yukkuri (to/ suru) * (slowly; unhurriedly; without haste; leisurely; at one's leisure/ easily (e.g. in time); well; sufficiently; amply; with time to spare)/ Temonaku * (easily)/ Zōsaku mo naku * (without any difficulty; with ease; easily)/ Jikani * (easily; readily) (kantan ni; karuku (karui) * (slight; small; gentle; soft; easy; lighthearted (e.g. joke)/ easy; simple))
Adj1	Simple	単純 (な)/ 簡単 (な)/ 地味 (な)	Tanjan (tanjan'na)/ Kantan (na) * (kantan'na)/ Jimi (na) * (plain; simple; subdued; sober)
Adj1	Difficult	難しい/ 難い に (くい)	Muzukashī/ Nikui
Adj1	Hard	難しい/ 難い に (くい)/ 硬い (固い)/ ひどい (酷い)	Muzukashī/ Nikui/ Katai * (hard; solid; tough/ stiff; tight; wooden; unpolished (e.g. writing)/ strong; firm (not viscous or easily moved)/ safe; steady; honest; steadfast)/ Hidoi * (cruel; heartless; hard; harsh; severe)
Adj1	Hard (ie. hard to eat; difficult to eat)	Verb stem + にくい (難い) (ie. 食べにくい)	Verb stem + Nikui (ie. tabe nikui)
Adj1	Hardening	硬化 (する)/ 固め (の/ な)/ 鍛錬 (する)/ 固結 (する)/ 焼入れ (の)/ ハード化 (する)	Kōka (suru) * (Hardening; vulcanization; vulcanisation; sclerosis; curing/ hardening (of attitude, stance, etc.); stiffening; toughening)/ Katame (no/ na) * (hardening; fortifying)/ Tanren (suru) * (tempering (metal); annealing; forging/ toughening; disciplining; training)/ Katamusu (suru) * (hardening; consolidation)/ Yakiire (no) * (quenching; hardening; tempering)/ Hādo-ka (suru) * (become harder; hardening; toughening; becoming more difficult)

Adj1	Hardly (difficultly)	ほとんど (殆ど)/ 漸く/ 幾つもの/ 幾らも/ 殆どない/ どれほど (どれ程) (難しい)	Hotondo * (hardly; barely; scarcely; little)/ Yōyaku * (barely; narrowly; hardly; only just)/ Ikutsu mo (no) * (hardly/ usually written using kana alone, in neg. sentence)/ Ikura mo * ((not) much; (not) many; almost (none); hardly; barely/ usually written using kana alone, with neg. verb)/ Hotondo nai * (hardly any; almost nonexistent; very little)/ Dorehodo * ((not) many; (not) much; almost (none); hardly; barely/ usually written using kana alone, as どれほど, with neg. verb) (Muzukashī * (difficult; hard; troublesome; complicated; serious (disease, problem, etc.)))
Adj1	Complicated (complex)	複雑 (な)/ ややこしい/ 煩わしい/ 込む/ 手の込んだ (手の混んだ)	Fukuzatsu (na)/ Yayakoshī/ Wazurawashī/ Komu/ Tenokonda
Adj1	Solid (hard; fixed)	固体 (固い; 固定)	Kotai (katai; kotei)
Adj1	Tough	大変 (な)/ 辛い/ タフ (な)/ 苦しい (くるしい)	Taihen (na) * (difficult; hard; challenging; tough)/ Tsurai * (painful; bitter; difficult; tough)/ Tafu (na)/ Kurushī * (painful; difficult; tough; hard/ distressing; (psychologically) difficult; stressful; awkward (e.g. position)/ straitened (circumstances); tight (financial situation); needy; struggling/ strained (interpretation, explanation, etc.); lame (e.g. excuse); forced (e.g. smile); far-fetched/ hard to do; unpleasant)
Adj1	Loud	煩い (うるさい)	Urusai
Adj1	Soft (ie. noise, color, etc.)	柔らか (な)/ ソフト (な)/ 柔らかい (ノイズ)	Yawaraka (na)/ Sofuto (na)/ Yawarakai (noizu)
Adj1	Softening (mitigation; alleviation)	軟化 (する)/ 緩和 (する)/ ソフト化 (する) (緩和 (する); 軽減 (する))	Nanka (suru) * (softening/ softening (of attitude); mollification/ weakening (of the market))/ Kanwa (suru) * (relief; mitigation; alleviation; relaxation (of restrictions, tensions, etc.); easing; softening)/ Sofuto-ka (suru) * (softening) (Kanwa (suru); Keigen (suru) * (abatement; reduction))
Adj1	Quiet	静か (な)	Shizuka (na)
Adj1	Silent	静か (な)	Shizuka (na)

Adj1	Mild	暖かい/ 温暖 (な)/ 温和 (穏和) (な)/ 大人しい/ 和やか (な)/ 柔らかい/ 穏やか (な)/ マイルド (な)/ 柔和 (な)/ もの柔らか (な)/ 暖か (な)/ お手柔らか (な)/ 長閑 (な)/ お手柔らか (な)/ 軽度 (の/ な)/ 柔らか (な)	Attakai * (warm; mild; (pleasantly) hot/ considerate; kind; genial/ warm (of a colour); mellow)/ Ondan (na) * (warm; mild; temperate)/ Onwa (na) * (mild (climate); temperate; clement; pleasant; agreeable/ gentle (nature, personality, etc.); mild; quiet; pleasant/ moderate (statement, measure, etc.); mild; temperate)/ Otonashī * (gentle; quiet; mild; meek; obedient; docile; well-behaved; tame/ quiet (color, pattern, etc.); sober)/ Nagoyaka (na) * (mild; calm; gentle; quiet; congenial; amicable; amiable; friendly; genial; harmonious; peaceful)/ Yawarakai * (soft; tender; supple; flexible; limber; limp/ gentle; mild; soft; mellow/ light (topic, book, etc.); informal/ flexible (thinking, mind, etc.); malleable; adaptable)/ Odayaka (na) * (calm; quiet; gentle; peaceful; mild/ moderate; reasonable; amicable)/ Mairudo (na) * (mild)/ Nyūwa (na) * (gentle; mild; meek; tender)/ Mono yawaraka (na) * (mild; mild-mannered; gentle)/ Atataka (na) * (warm; mild; genial)/ Oteyawaraka (na) * (gentle; mild; lenient)/ Nodoka (na) * (tranquil; calm; quiet; peaceful; serene/ mild (weather); balmy)/ Oteyawarakani * (gently; mildly; leniently/ don't be too hard on me (us, them); go easy on me/ literally means: "be soft with your hands/ be gentle with your hands")/ Koide (na/ no) * (slight; light; mild)
Adj1	Busy	忙しい	Isogashī
Adj1	Super busy	超多忙 (な/ の)	Chō tabō (na/ no)
Adj1	Crowded (packed; congested)	込む (混む)/ 混雑 (する) * (ie. 混雑した)/ 賑やか (な)	Komu/ Konzatsu (suru) * (ie. konzatsu shita)/ Nigiyaka (na) * (bustling; busy; crowded; lively; prosperous; thriving)
Adj1	Overcrowded	過密 (な/ する)	Kamitsu (na/ suru)
Adj1	Opened (open)	開いた/ 開けた (開いた)	Aita/ Aketa (aita)
Adj1	Closed	閉じた/ 閉まった/ 閉まっている	Tojita/ Shimatta/ Shimatte iru
Adj1	Empty	空 (から) (の) * (not sora with the same kanji which means sky/ air)/ 空き (の)/ がらんど (の/ な)	Kara (no) * (not sora with the same kanji which means sky/ air)/ Aki (no)/ Garandō (no/ na) * (empty; hollow; bare; vacant; deserted)
Adj1	Full	満杯 (の)/ 一杯 (いっぱい) (な)/ フル (な)/ 満腹 (する/ の/ な)	Manpai (no)/ Ippai (na)/ Furu (na)/ Manpuku (suru/ no/ na) * (full stomach; filling one's stomach; eating one's fill/ complete; total; full; heartfelt; sincere)
Adj1	Hollow	空っぽ	Karappo
Adj1	Vacant	空っぽ (カラッポ) (の/ な)/ 虚しい (空しい/ むなしい)/ 空室	Karappo (no/ na)/ Munashī/ Kūshitsu * (means vacant/ empty room but is generally also used to say 'vacant/ vacancy')

Adj1	Occupied (busy; engaged)	占有中/ 忙しい/ 使用中 (の)/ 有人 (の)/ オキュパイド (忙しい; 従事中)	Sen'yū-chū * (occupied)/ Isogashī * (busy; occupied; hectic)/ Shiyō-chū (no) * (in use; occupied (e.g. toilet); engaged)/ Yūjin (no) * (manned; occupied; piloted)/ Okyupaido * (occupied) (isogashī, jūji-chū)
Adj1	Unoccupied (free; not busy)	空いている/ 暇 (ひま) (な)/ 閑散 (な) (空いている; 忙しくない)	Suiteiru * (unoccupied; vacant; free; empty)/ Hima (na) * (free; not busy; unoccupied; idle)/ Kansan (na) * (can mean 'deserted (esp. store, market, town, streets); quiet; still; hushed; empty', but can also mean 'inactive (business, trade, etc.); slack; flat; off-season; quiet; dull' or can mean 'idle; free; unoccupied'/ becomes 'kansan'na') (suiteiru, isogashikunai)
Adj1	Big	大きい	Ōki
Adj1	Large	大きい/ 大 (だい)	Ōki/ Dai (Ō)
Adj1	Oversized	特大サイズ (の/ な)/ ガバガバ (の/ な)/ 大きすぎる/ オーバーサイズ (の/ な)/ 特大 (の/ な)	Tokudai saizu (no/ na)/ Gabagaba (no/ na) * (oversized (clothing); baggy)/ Ōki sugiru * (to be oversized (overloud, etc.))/ Ōbāsaizu (no/ na) * (oversize; oversized/ clothing)/ Tokudai (no/ na) * (extra-large; king-size)
Adj1	Huge	巨大	Kyodai
Adj1	Drastic	思い切った/ 抜本的 (な)/ 大幅 (な)/ 急激 (な)/ 目まぐるしい (めまぐるしい)/ ドラスチック (な)/ 荒療治 (する)/ 果断 (な)	Omoikitta * (bravely; drastic)/ Bappon-teki (na) * (drastic; radical)/ Ōhaba (na) * (big; large; drastic; substantial)/ Kyūgeki (na) * (sudden; abrupt; rapid; sharp; drastic; radical)/ Memagurushī * (dizzying (speed, changes, etc.); rapid; drastic; bewildering; hectic; bustling (e.g. world))/ Dorasuchikku (na) * (drastic)/ Araryōji (suru) * (rough-and-ready (medical) treatment; drastic remedy; drastic treatment/ drastic measures; drastic steps)/ Kadan (na) * (decisive; resolute; drastic)
Adj1	Enormous (gigantic)	巨大 (な)/ 莫大 (な)/ 膨大 (な)/ 大変 (な) (巨大 (な))	Kyodai (na)/ Bakudai (na)/ Bōdai (na)/ Taihen (na) (Kyodai (na))
Adj1	Massive	大規模 (な)/ 巨大 (な)/ 大 (な)/ マッシブ (な)	Ōkibo (na)/ Kyodai (na)/ Ō (na)/ Masshibu (na)
Adj1	Average (averagely)	平均的に (平均的に)	Heikin-teki ni (heikin-teki ni)
Adj1	Mediocre	平凡	Heibon
Adj1	Medium (average; normal; regular)	中 (ちゅう)/ 並 (なみ)/ 中位/ ミディアム (な/ の) (平均的 (な); 普通 (な/ の); 普通 (な/ の))	Chū/ Nami/ Chūi/ Midiamu (na/ no) (Heikin-teki (na); Futsū (na/ no); Futsū (na/ no))
Adj1	Moderate (moderately)	適度に (適度に)	Tekido ni (tekido ni)
Adj1	Small	小さな/ 小	Chīsana/ Ko
Adj1	Tiny	小さな	Chīsana
Adj1	Thick	厚い (篤い/ あつい)/ 分厚い (ぶ厚い/ 部厚い/ ぶあつい)	Atsui/ Buatsui

Adj1	Dense	密 (みつ) (な)/ 密集 (する)/ 深い/ 濛々 (濛濛) (たる/ と)/ 濃い/ 濃厚 (な)/ 鬱蒼 (たる/ と/ とする)/ 稠密 (な/ する)	Mitsu (na) * (dense; thick; crowded)/ Misshū (suru) * (crowding together; clustering together; close formation; swarm)/ Fukai * (dense; thick/ profound/ deep)/ Mōmō (taru/ to) * (dense (e.g. fog, dust, etc.); thick)/ Koi * (thick (consistency); dense/ deep (colour); dark/ strong (flavour, smell, etc.)/ strong (possibility, etc.)/ thick (i.e. "as thick as thieves"); close; deep (love, etc.)/ Nōkō (na) * (rich (flavor, color, etc.); strong (e.g. odor); heavy; thick (soup, makeup, etc.); dense/ probable; (very) likely; strong (suspicion, sense, etc.); pronounced)/ Ussō (taru/ to/ to suru) * (thick; dense; luxuriant)/ Chōmitsu (na/ suru) * (dense; populous; crowded; thick)
Adj1	Thin (narrow, fine, slender)	細い/ 薄い	Hosoi/ Usui * (only refers to objects, not people)
Adj1	Fat	太い	Futoi
Adj1	Skinny	痩せぎす (な)/ か細い/ 痩せた/ スキニー (な)	Yasegisu (na)/ Kabosoi/ Yaseta/ Sukinī (na)
Adj1	Strong	強い/ 堅牢 (な)/ 強烈 (な)/ 強力 (な)/ 丈夫 (な)/ 力強い/ 強硬 (な)	Tsuyoi * (strong; potent; competent; domineering; tough/ strong; brawny; powerful; healthy; rugged)/ Kenrō (na) * (solid; strong; sturdy; durable; stout)/ Kyōretsu (na) * (strong; intense; severe)/ Kyōryoku (na) * (powerful; strong)/ Jōbu (na) * (healthy; robust; strong; solid; durable)/ Chikaradzuyoi * (powerful; strong; forceful; vigorous)/ Kyōkō (na) * (firm; strong; unbending; unyielding; uncompromising; stubborn; tough; hard-line)
Adj1	Powerful (strong)	強力 (な)/ 力強い/ 強大 (な)/ 盛大 (な)/ 精強 (な)/ パワフル (な) (強い)	Kyōryoku (na)/ Chikaradzuyoi/ Kyōdai (na)/ Seidai (na)/ Seikyō (na)/ Pawafuru (na) (Tsuyoi)
Adj1	Robust	屈強 (な/ の)	Kukkyō (na/ no)
Adj1	Strong enough	十分に強い	Jūbun ni tsuyoi
Adj1	Mighty (mightily)	力強い (力強く/ 力強い)	Chikaradzuyoi (chikaradzuyoku/ chikaradzuyoi)
Adj1	Sturdy	頑丈 (な)/ 硬い (固い)	Ganjō (na)/ Katai * (hard; solid; tough/ stiff; tight; wooden; unpolished (e.g. writing)/ strong; firm (not viscous or easily moved)/ safe; steady; honest; steadfast)
Adj1	Weak	弱い	Yowai
Adj1	Faint	かすか (微か) (な)	
Adj1	Feeble	弱々しい	Yowayowashī
Adj1	Light (weight)	軽い (重量)	Karui (jūryō)
Adj1	Heavy (weight)	重い (重量)	Omoi (jūryō)

Adj1	Heavily (difficultly)	重い/ こってり (と/ する)/ ザーザー (ざーざー/ ざあざあ) (と)/ ずっしり (と/ する)/ ずしっと (と/ する)/ 大 (だい) (な) (難しい)	Omoi * (heavy; weighty/ heavy (feeling); depressed; gloomy; blue; uneasy)/ Kotteri (to/ suru) * (thickly; heavily; richly/ severely; strongly)/ Zāzā (to) * ((raining) heavily; (water rushing) plentifully)/ Zusshiri (to/ suru) * (heavily; profoundly)/ Zushitto (to/ suru) * (heavily; profoundly)/ Dai * (large; big; great; huge; vast; major; important; serious; severe) (Muzukashī * (difficult; hard; troublesome; complicated; serious (disease, problem, etc.)))
Adj1	Wide	幅 (の)/ 広い (広く)/ 大き (な)	Haba (no)/ Hiroi (hiroku)/ Ōki (na)
Adj1	Broad (broadly)	広い (広く)	hiroi (hiroku)
Adj1	Spacious (wide)	広々 (広広/ ひろびろ)/ 曠々 (曠曠/ こうこう) (たる/ と)/ 広広とした (広い)	Hirobiro/ Kōkō (taru/ to)/ Hirobirotoshita (Hiroi)
Adj1	Narrow	狭い	Semai
Adj1	Tight (narrow)	窮屈 (な)/ 硬い/ タイト (な) (狭い)	Kyūkutsu (na)/ Katai/ Taito (na) (Semai)
Adj1	Deep	深い	Fukai
Adj1	Shallow	浅い	Asai
Adj1	Color (colors)	色 (いろ (しょく))/ 色彩/ カラー	Iro (shoku * counter for colors)/ Shikisai/ Karā
Adj1	Colored	色づく	Irozuku
Adj1	Black	黒/ 黒い/ 黒色/ ブラック	Kuro/ Kuroi/ Kuroiro/ Burakku
Adj1	White	白/ 白い/ 白色	Shiro/ Shiroy/ Shiroyiro
Adj2	Blank (a blank)	空白 (の/ な)	Kūhaku (no/ na)
Adj3	Blank (blankly)	空白 (の/ な) (空白/ ぼんやり (と))	Kūhaku (no/ na) (Kūhaku/ Bon'yari (to))
Adj4	Black and white (black-and-white)	黒と白/ 白黒/ 黒白/ ブラックとホワイト/ ブラックと白/ 黒とホワイト (白黒)	Kuro to shiro/ Shirokuro/ Kuroshiro/ Burakku to howaito/ Burakku to shiro/ Kuro to howaito (shirokuro)
Adj1	Plain	無地 (の)/ 地味 (な)/ 易しい/ 単純 (な)	Muji (no) * (plain; unfigured; patternless; solid (color))/ Jimi (na) * (plain; simple; subdued; sober)/ Yasashī * (easy; plain; simple)/ Tanjun (na) * (simple; plain; uncomplicated; straightforward; simple-minded; naïve)
Adj1	Whiter than white	白よりも白/ 白よりも白い	Shiro yori mo shiro/ Shiroy yori mo shiroi
Adj1	Green	緑/ 青/ 緑色	Midori/ Ao/ Midoriro
Adj1	Red	赤/ 赤い/ 赤色	Aka/ Akai/ Akairo
Adj1	Blue	青/ 青い/ 青色	Ao/ Aoi/ Aoiro
Adj1	Brown	茶色/ 茶	Chairo/ Cha * (in the first place, means 'tea')
Adj1	Orange	橙色 (だいたい色)/ 橙/ オレンジ	Daidairo/ Daidai/ Orenji
Adj1	Purple	紫/ 紫色/ パープル/ バイオレット	Murasaki/ Murasakiiro/ Pāpuru/ Baioretto
Adj1	Royal purple (regal purple)	江戸紫/ 貝紫色/ 京紫/ 王冠紫色/ ロイヤルパープル (リーガルパープル)	Edomurasaki * (bluish-violet; royal purple)/ Kaimurasakiiro * (tyrian purple; royal purple)/ Kyōmurasaki * (somewhat reddish purple)/ Ōkan murasakiiro * (crown purple; diadem purple)/ Roiyarupāpuru (Rīgarupāpuru)
Adj1	Pink	桃色 (もも色)/ 淡紅/ 淡紅色/ ピンク	Momoiro/ Tankō/ Tankōshoku/ Pinku

Adj1	Yellow	黄色	Kiirō
Adj1	Bluish	青みがかった	Aomi ga katta
Adj1	Greenish	緑がかった	Midori ga katta
Adj1	Reddish	赤みがかった	Akami ga katta
Adj1	Purplish	紫がかった	Murasaki gakatta
Adj1	Amber	黄色 (の/ な)/ 琥珀/ 山吹色/ 飴色/ アンバー (の)	Kiirō (no/ na) * (yellow; amber)/ Kohaku * (amber)/ Yamabuki-iro * (amber; bright golden yellow)/ Ameiro * (amber; yellowish-brown)/ Anbā (no) * (amber; umber)
Adj1	Gray (Grey)	灰色/ グレー	Haiirō/ Gurē
Adj1	Shades of grey (shades of gray)	グレーの色合い/ 色合いのグレー/ 灰色の色合い/ 色合いの灰色 (グレーの色合い)	Gurē no iroai/ Iroai no gurē/ Haiirō no iroai/ Iroai no haiirō (gurē no iroai)
Adj1	Hot	熱い	Atsui
Adj1	Thermal	温熱性 (な)/ サーマル (な)/ 熱 (ねつ) (の)	On'netzu-sei (na) * (thermal)/ Sāmaru (na) * (thermal)/ Netsu (no) * (heat)
Adj1	Cold	寒い/ 冷ややか (冷やか) (な)	Samui/ Hiyayaka (na)
Adj1	Warm	暖かい (温かい)/ 暖か (温か) (な)	Attakai/ Atataka (na)
Adj1	Chilly (cool)	冷んやり (ひんやり)/ 肌寒い (膚寒い)/ 冷たい/ 冷ややか (な)/ 小寒い	Hin'yari (hin'yari)/ Hadasamui/ Tsumetai/ Hiyayaka (na)/ Kosamui
Adj1	Cool (refreshing)	涼しい/ 爽やか (な)/ 清々しい (清々しい)/ 爽快 (な)/ 快い (心良い)/ 清爽 (な)/ 涼やか (な)/ 清涼 (な)	Suzushī/ Sawayaka (na)/ Sugasugashī/ Sōkai (na)/ Kokoroyoi/ Seisō (na)/ Suzuyaka (na)/ Seiryō (na)
Adj1	Freezing	凍結 (する)/ 冷凍 (する)/ 氷結 (する)/ 冷たい/ フリーズ (する)	Tōketsu (suru) * (freezing (e.g. water)/ freezing (prices, wages, assets, etc.); moratorium; suspension (e.g. investment))/ Reitō (suru) * (freezing; cold storage; refrigeration)/ Hyōketsu (suru) * (freezing; freezing over)/ Tsumetai * (cold (to the touch); chilly; icy; freezing/ (emotionally) cold; coldhearted; unfeeling; indifferent; unfriendly; distant)/ Furīzu (suru) * (freezing; turning into ice/ freezing; locking up * (computing))
Adj1	Scorching	灼熱 (の/ な/ する)/ 焦げ (の/ な)/ 夏い/ 炎天 (の)/ かんかん照り (の)/ 焦熱 (の)/ 烈日 (の)/ じりじり (と/ する)	Shakunetsu (no/ na/ suru) * (becoming red-hot; red heat; scorching heat; burning heat/ burning (love); passionate (e.g. debate); ardent)/ Koge (no/ na) * (scorching; scorch; burn)/ Natsui * (blisteringly hot; relentlessly hot; scorching)/ Enten (no) * (blazing heat; scorching sun)/ Kankanderi (no) * (scorching heat; fierce glare of the Sun)/ Shōnetsu (no) * (scorching heat)/ Retsujitsu (no) * (blazing sun; scorching sun; hot day)/ Jirijiri (to/ suru) * (means 'slowly (but steadily); gradually; bit-by-bit' and 'irritatedly; impatiently', but can also mean 'scorchingly (of the sun)')

Adj1	Sweltering	暑苦しい/ 炎熱 (の/ な)/ 熱帯 (の/ な)/ 炎天下 (の/ な/ に)/ うだるような暑さ	Atsukurushī * (sultry; sweltering; stuffy; oppressively hot/ uncomfortably hot-looking (clothing, etc.); stuffy-looking)/ En'netsu (no/ na) * (sweltering heat)/ Nettai (no/ na) * (tropics/ tropical)/ Entenka (no/ na/ ni) * (under the blazing sun; in sweltering heat/ under the scorching sun)/ Udaru yōna atsusa
Adj1	Light (illumination)	光 (の)/ 明るい/ 明かり (灯り/ 灯/ 灯かり/ 灯火)/ 灯	Hikari (no)/ Akarui/ Akari/ Hi
Adj1	Light (flavor, color, etc.)	淡泊 (な)	Tanpaku (na)
Adj1	Lightly (easily)	軽く (軽い)/ 軽々 (輕輕) (と/ する)/ ふわふわ (の/ な/ と/ する)/ そっと/ 薄ら (と/ する)/ ぽっかり (と/ する)/ ひょいひょい (と/ する)/ ざっと/ ぷかぷか (と/ する)/ あっさり (と/ する)/ 淡々 (淡淡) (と)/ すい (と)/ さっくり (と/ する)/ ふわり (と)/ コロコロ (と/ する)/ ちらちら (と/ する)/ ぴよこぴよこ (と) (簡単に)	Karuku (karui) * (light (i.e. not heavy); feeling light (i.e. offering little resistance, moving easily)/ light (i.e. of foot); effortless; nimble; agile)/ Keikei (to/ suru) * (lightly; easily; carelessly)/ Fuwafuwa (no/ na/ to/ suru) * (lightly (floating, drifting, etc.); buoyantly)/ Sotto * (softly; gently; quietly; lightly/ stealthily; secretly; in secret/ to leave alone; to leave as it is)/ Ussura (to/ suru) * (slightly; lightly; thinly; faintly; dimly)/ Pokkari (to/ suru) * (lightly/ wide (open); gapingly; agape/ suddenly; unexpectedly)/ Hyoihyoi (to/ suru) * (lightly; nimbly; with agility/ casually; readily; regularly; in succession)/ Zatto * (cursorily; briefly; quickly; lightly; roughly/ roughly; approximately; round about; more or less)/ Pukapuka (to/ suru) * (lightly (floating); buoyantly/ puffing (on a pipe, cigarette, etc.)/ tooting (a trumpet, horn, etc.); blowing (a flute, whistle))/ Assari (to/ suru) * (lightly (floating); buoyantly/ easily; readily; quickly; flatly (refuse)/ lightly (seasoned food, applied make-up, etc.); plainly; simply)/ Tantan (to) * (lightly; faintly; delicately)/ Sui (to) * (lightly; nimbly)/ Sakkuri (to/ suru) * (lightly; gently/ (breaking apart) easily)/ Fuwari (to) * (softly; gently; lightly)/ Korokoro (to/ suru) * (lightly rolling (of a small and round thing))/ Chirachira (to/ suru) * (falling lightly (e.g. snow, petals, confetti); fluttering/ flickering; twinkling)
Adj1	In the light (through the light)	光の中で/ 光中で (光を通して)	Hikarinonakade/ Hikari-chū de (hikari o tōshite)
Adj1	Shimmering light	ゆらめく光	Yurameku hikari
Adj1	Strong light	強い光/ 強いライト/ 強光/ 強力な光/ 強烈な光/ 激しい光/ 非常に光/ 極端な光	Tsuyoi hikari/ Tsuyoi raito/ Kyōkō * (tsuyo hikari)/ Kyōryokuna hikari/ Kyōretsuna hikari/ Hageshī hikari/ Hijō ni hikari/ Kyokutan'na hikari
Adj1	Atmospheric light	大気光	Taiki hikari
Adj1	Glowing light	輝く光/ グローイングライト/ キラキラ輝く (キラキラかがやく)/ 光るライト/ 光る光	Kagayaku hikari/ Gurōinguraito/ Kirakira kagayaku/ Hikaru raito/ Hikaru hikari

Adj1	Dim (dimmed)	薄暗い (暗く (する))	Usugurai (kuraku (suru))
Adj1	Dim light (dimmed light)	薄暗い (暗く (する))	Usugurai (kuraku (suru))
Adj1	Low light	弱い光/ 暗い光	Yowai hikari/ Kurai hikari
Adj1	Warm light	暖かい光/ 暖かな光 (あたたかな光)/ 温かい光/ 暖かいライト	Attakai hikari/ Atataka na hikari/ Atataakai hikari/ Attakai raito
Adj1	Cool light (cold light)	冷光/ 冷たい光/ クールな光/ クールライト/ コールドライト/ 涼しい光/ 涼光/ 冷たい明かり/ 冷たいライト/ 冷たい照明	Hiya hikari/ Tsumetai hikari/ Kūruna hikari/ Kūruraito/ Kōrudoraito/ Suzushī hikari/ Ryō hikari/ Tsumetai akari/ Tsumetai raito/ Tsumetai shōmei
Adj1	Dark (darkness)	暗/ 暗い (闇い)/ 闇 (の)	Kura/ Kurai/ Yami (no)
Adj1	Gloomy (dark; murky)	暗い (闇い)/ 暗々 (暗暗/ 闇闇) (たる/ と)/ どんより (する/ と)/ 薄暗い/ 曇り	Kurai/ An'an (taru/ to)/ Don'yori (suru/ to)/ Usugurai/ Kumori
Adj1	Slightly bright	薄明るい/ 多少明るい	Usuakarui/ Tashō akarui
Adj1	Bright	明るい/ ブライト	Akarui/ Buraito
Adj1	Pale (dimly)	薄い/ 青白い/ ペール/ 青い/ 淡い/ 仄々 (仄仄) (と/ する)/ 浅い	Usui/ Aojiroi/ Pēru/ Aoi/ Awai/ Honobono (to/ suru)/ Asai
Adj1	Dim light (faint light; half-light; twilight)	薄明かり (薄明り/ うすあかり)/ 薄暗がり/ ほの明かり (仄明かり/ ほのあかり)/ 薄闇 (うす闇/ うすやみ)/ 薄暗い/ ほの明かり (仄明かり)/ 薄光/ 微光/ 仄々 (仄仄/ ほのぼの) (と/ する)	Usuakari (usu akari)/ Usukuragari/ Honoakari/ Usuyami/ Usugurai/ Honoakari/ Hakkō/ Bikō/ Honobono (to/ suru)

Adj1	Fading	色褪せる/ 薄れる/ 褪せる/ 萎む/ 抜ける/ 褪める/ 退色(する/ の)/ 変色(する)/ 風化(する)/ 移ろい/ 薄らぐ/ 消える/ 白茶ける/ 薄れ行く/ 萎れる/ 萎びる/ フェーディング(の)	Iroaseru/ Usureru/ Aseru * (to fade; to discolor; to discolour/ to diminish; to fade (e.g. of a memory))/ Shibomu * (to wither (of flowers, dreams, etc.); to wilt; to droop; to shrivel; to fade (away); to sag; to deflate)/ Nukeru * (can mean 'to come out; to fall out; to be omitted; to be missing; to escape; to come loose', but can also mean 'to fade; to discolour')/ Sameru * (to fade; to lose colour (color); to discolour (discolor))/ Taishoku (suru/ no) * (fading; faded colour; faded color)/ Henshoku (suru) * (change of color; change of colour; fading; discoloration; discolouration)/ Fūka (suru) * (weathering/ fading (of memories)/ efflorescence (chemistry) * (the period when flowers start to appear on a plant/ the production of a lot of art, especially of a high quality))/ Utsuroi * (change; changing; vicissitudes/ fading; waning)/ Usuragu * (to become thin; to fade; to grow pale)/ Kieru * (to disappear; to vanish; to go out of sight; to go away; to become lost/ to go out (of a fire, light, etc.); to die; to turn off (e.g. of a TV screen)/ to fade (of a feeling, impression, etc.); to vanish (e.g. of hope))/ Shirachakeru * (to fade; to discolour; to discolor)/ Usure yuku * (to fade; to become dim)/ Shioreru * (to wither; to wilt; to droop; to fade)/ Shinabiru * (to shrivel (e.g. cut vegetables, skin); to wilt; to fade; to wither; to be wizened)/ Fōdingu (no)
Adj1	Fleeting	儼い/ 淡い/ チラリ(と)/ 電光朝露 (の)/ 幽し/ 幽き	Hakanai/ Awai * (light; faint; pale; fleeting)/ Chirari (to) * (fleeting (glimpse, glance, etc.))/ Denkōchōro (no) * (fleeting; evanescent)/ Kasokeshi * (faint; fleeting)/ Kasokeki * (faint; fleeting)
Adj1	Sharp	鋭い/ シャープ(な/ の)	Surudoī/ Shāpu (na/ no)
Adj1	Blunt	鈍い/ ブラント(の/ な)	Nibui/ Buranto (no/ na)
Adj1	New	新しい/ 新た(な)/ 新/ 初/ 新規(の/ な)/ 珍しい/ 清新(の/ な)/ ニュー/ ピカピカ(と/ の/ な/ する)	Atarashī/ Arata (na)/ Shin/ Hatsu/ Shinki (no/ na)/ Mezurashī/ Seishin (no/ na)/ Nyū/ Pikapika (to/ no/ na/ suru) * (can mean 'with a glitter; with a sparkle', but can also mean 'brand new; shiny and new')
Adj1	Young	若い/ ヤング	Wakai/ Yangu
Adj1	Old	古い * (do not use this to define old people, rather than use '老人')	Furui * (do not use this to define old people, rather than use 'Rōjin')
Adj1	Ancient	古代(の)/ アンティーク(な)	Kodai (no)/ Antīku (na) * (from French)

Adj1	Antique	骨董品 (の)/ 骨董 (の)/ 古い (故い/ 旧い) * (ie. old, aged, ancient)/ 古風 (な) * (ie. old-fashioned; archaic)/ 古物 (こぶつ/ ふるもの) (の) * (ie. old article, secondhand goods)/ アンティーク (な)	Kotsutōhin (no)/ Kottō (no)/ Furui/ Kofū (na)/ Kobutsu (furumono) (no)/ Antiku (na)
Adj1	Rich	豊富 (な)/ 富饒 (な)/ 豊か (な)/ リッチ (な)/ 裕福 (な)	Hōfu (na)/ Funyō (na)/ Yutaka (na)/ Ritchi (na)/ Yūfuku (na)
Adj1	Rich (flavor, color, etc.)	濃厚 (な)	Nōkō (na)
Adj1	Wealthy	裕福 (な)/ 豊か (な)/ リッチ (な)	Yūfuku (na)/ Yutaka (na)/ Ritchi (na)
Adj1	Poor	貧しい/ 可哀想 (な)/ 貧弱 (な)	Mazushī/ Kawaiō (na)/ Hinjaku (na)
Adj1	Handy (skilled)	上手 (な)/ 器用 (な)/ 上手い/ 巧み (な)/ 巧妙 (な)/ 鮮やか (な)/ 堪能 (たんのう) (な)/ 堪能 (かんのう) (な)	Jōzu (na)/ Kiyō (na)/ Umai/ Takumi (na)/ Kōmyō (na)/ Azayaka (na)/ Tan'nō (na)/ Kan'nō (na)
Adj1	Nifty	気の利いた	Kinokiita
Adj1	Skillful	上手 (的) (な/ の)	Jōzu (teki) (na/ no) * (skillful; skilled; proficient; good (at); adept; clever)
Adj1	Clumsy (unhandy)	不器用 (な) (不器用 (な))	Bukiyō (na) * (clumsy; awkward; unskillful/ incompetent; inept; bungling; (socially) awkward; gawky; gauche) (bukiyō (na))
Adj1	Inept	無能 (な/ の)/ 不器用 (な)/ 不束 (な)	Munō (na/ no) * (incompetence; inefficiency; inability; incapacity)/ Bukiyō (na) * (clumsy; awkward; unskillful/ incompetent; inept; bungling; (socially) awkward; gawky; gauche)/ Futsutsuka (na) * (inexperienced; incompetent; inept; incapable; careless)
Adj1	Unhandy (unskilled; poor)	下手 (な)/ 不器用 (無器用/ ぶきょう) (下手くそ (下手糞/ へたくそ/ ヘタクソ) (な)/ 腕が無い (腕がない/ うでがない)/ 腕が悪い/ 臭い (くさい)/ 下手っぴ (な)/ 不肖 (の/ な)/ 未熟 (な/ の), 貧しい)	Heta (na)/ Bukiyō (Hetakuso (na)/ Ude ga nai/ Ude ga warui/ Nioi/ Hetappi (na)/ Fushō (no/ na)/ Mijuku (na/ no), Mazushī)
Adj1	Hungry	お腹がすいた	Onakagasuita
Adj1	Thirsty	喉が渴いた	Nodo ga kawaita
Adj1	Cheap	安い	Yasui
Adj1	Expensive	高い/ 高価 (な)	Takai/ Kōka (na)
Adj1	Possible	可能 (な)/ できます (出来ます; できる (出来る))	Kanō (na)/ Dekimasu (dekiru)
Adj1	Able (can do; be able to do something)	できる (できる; 何かをすることができる)	Dekiru (dekiru; nanika o suru koto ga dekiru)
Adj1	Feasible (possible)	実現可能 (な/ の)/ 可能 (な)/ 実行可能 (な) (可能性あり (な))	Jitsugen kanō (na/ no)/ Kanō (na)/ Jikkō kanō (na) (Kanōsei ari (na))
Adj1	Impossible	不可能 (な)/ 無理 (な)	Fukanō (na)/ Muri (na)
Adj1	Impossible (unthinkable; ridiculous; absurd)	あり得ない (有り得ない)/ 無さそう (な)/ 可能性が低い/ 可能性の低い	Ari enai/ Na-sa-sō (na)/ Kanōsei ga hikui/ Kanōsei no hikui

Adj1	Clean (clear, pure, tidy, neat)	きれい (綺麗) (に)/ 掃除 (する)/ クリーン (な)	Kirei (ni)/ Sōji (suru)/ Kurīn (na)
Adj1	Pure	純粋 (な/ の)/ 清浄 (な/ の)/ 純真 (な)/ 美しい (愛しい/ うつくしい)/ 綺麗 (な/ の)/ 清い	Junsui (na/ no) * (pure; true; genuine; unmixed)/ Seijō (na/ no) * (pure; clean; purity)/ Junshin (na) * (pure; innocent; naive; unspoilt; pure-hearted; ingenuous)/ Utsukushī * (beautiful; pretty; lovely; sweet; pure (heart, friendship, etc.))/ Kirei (na/ no) * (clean; clear; pure; tidy; neat)/ Kiyoi * (pure; honest; clean; innocent; platonic; chaste)
Adj1	Purest	最も純粋 (な)	Mottomo junsui (na)
Adj1	Dirty	汚い/ 汚れた * (from '汚れる', to get dirty; to become dirty)/ 不潔 (な)/ ダーティー (な)	Kitanai/ Kegareta * (from 'Yogoreru', to get dirty; to become dirty)/ Fuketsu (na)/ Dātī (na)
Adj1	Messy (disordered; untidy)	汚い/ 雑 (な)/ 乱雑 (な)/ 目茶目茶 (な)/ ごちゃごちゃ (な/ の/ と/ する)/ 雑然 (たる/ と)/ 目茶苦茶 (な)/ 彼方此方 (あちこち/ アチコチ) (する/ な)	Kitanai/ Zatsu (na)/ Ranzatsu (na)/ Mechamecha (na)/ Gochagocha (na/ no/ to/ suru)/ Zatsuzen (taru/ to)/ Mechakucha (na)/ Achikochi (suru/ na) * (muddled; confused; in the wrong order; back to front)
Adj1	Soiled	汚れた	Yogoreta
Adj1	Stained	塗れ/ 塗/ ステンド (の/ な)	Nure/ Nuri/ Sutendo (no/ na)
Adj1	Ready	準備できる/ 準備 (する)/ 準備完了 (の)/ 準備です/ 用意されました/ 整う	Junbi dekiru/ Junbi (suru)/ Junbi kanryō (no)/ Junbidesu * (prepared; ready)/ Yōi saremashita * (preparation; arrangements; provision; getting ready; laying out (e.g. a meal))/ Totonou * (to be ready; to be prepared; to be arranged/ to be in order; to be put in order; to be well-ordered; to be well-proportioned; to be harmonious)
Adj1	Wet	濡れた/ 湿っぽい/ ウェット (な)	Nureta/ Shimeppoi/ U~etto (na)
Adj1	Dry	乾いた/ 乾式 (の)/ ドライ (な)	Kawaita/ Kanshiki (no)/ Dorai (na)
Adj1	Dryly	乾いた	kawaita
Adj1	Doable	することのできる/ することができる/ 実行可能 (な)	Suru koto no dekiru/ Suru koto ga dekiru/ Jikkō kanō (na)
Adj1	Aware (noticeable)	気づいている (目立つ)	Kidzuite iru (medatsu)
Adj1	Audible (hearable)	可聴 (な) (聞こえる)	Kachō (na) (kikoeru)
Adj1	Changeable (alterable; modifiable)	変更可能 (変更可能; 修正可能)	Henkō kanō (henkō kanō; shūsei kanō)
Adj1	Drinkable	飲める/ 飲用 (的) (な/ の/ する)	Nomeru/ In'yō (teki) (na/ no/ suru)
Adj1	Edible (eatable)	食べられる/ 食用 (的) (な/ の/ する) (食べられる)	Taberareru/ Shokuyō (teki) (na/ no/ suru) (taberareru)
Adj1	Hearable (audible)	聞こえる/ ヒアラブル (聞こえる)	Kikoeru/ Hiaraburu (Kikoeru)
Adj1	Read (ie., a read book)	読む (読んだ本など)	Yomu (yonda hon nado)
Adj1	Readable	読みやすい	Yomi yasui
Adj1	Touchable (tangible)	触れることができる (具体的 (な)/ 有形 (の)/ 有体 (の)/ タンジブル (な))	Fureru koto ga dekiru (Guteiteki (na)/ Yūkei (no)/ Aritei (no)/ Tanjiburu (na))
Adj1	Tangible	有形 (の)	Yūkei (no)
Adj1	Feelable	気持ちいい	Kimochii

Adj1	Visible (seeable; observable)	可視 (の)/ 見える/ 現れる/ 目に見える/ 差す/ 表示 (する)/ ビジブル (な) (見える; 観察できる)	Kashi (no)/ Mieru/ Menimieru/ Arawareru/ Sasu/ Hyōji (suru)/ Bijiburu (na) (Mieru; Kansatsu dekiru)
Adj1	Visual	ビジュアル	Bijuaru
Adj1	Invisible	見えない/ 目に見えない (目に見えませんが)/ 居もしない/ インビジブル (な)	Mienai/ Menimienai (me ni miemasen * (polite))/ Kyo mo shinai/ Inbijiburu (na)
Adj1	Workable	作業可能 (な)/ 実行可能 (な)	Sagyō kanō (na)/ Jikkō kanō (na)
Adj1	Written	書かれた	Kakareta
Adj1	Different (differs from...)	違う	Chigau
Adj1	Another (a different...)	別 (の)/ 他 (ほか) (の)/ 別個 (の)	Betsu (no)/ Hoka (no)/ Bekko (no) * (another; different; separate; discrete)
Adj1	Alternatively	代わりに (かわりに)/ あるいは (或いは)	Kawarini/ Aruiwa
Adj1	Similar (same; identical; be like)	同様 (に)/ 似ている/ 似る/ 等しい/ 同じ/ 似	Dōyō (ni)/ Nite iru/ Niru/ Hitoshī/ Onaji/ Ni
Adj1	Same (identical; the same)	同じ/ 同 (どう)/ 等しい	Onaji/ Dō (dō)/ Hitoshī
Adj1	Equal (same; identical)	同等 (の/ な)/ 等しい/ イコール (な)/ 同じ/ 一律に	Dōtō (no/ na)/ Hitoshī/ Ikōru (na)/ Onaji/ Ichiritsu ni * (uniformly; evenly; equally; indiscriminately; across the board)
Adj1	Identical	同一	douitsu
Adj1	Like-minded	同じ考えを持つ	Onaji kangae o motsu
Adj1	Match (fit; agreement, combination)	一致 (する)/ 合わせ/ 組み合わせ	Itchi (suru)/ Awase/ Kumiawase
Adj1	United	団結した/ ユナイテッド (な)	Danketsu shita/ Yunaiteddo (na)
Adj1	Divided (split)	分割された (分割された)	bunkatsu sareta (bunkatsu sareta)
Adj1	Separated	別れた	Wakareta
Adj1	Undivided	分割されていない/ 非分割 (の)/ 分けられない	Bunkatsu sa rete inai/ Hi bunkatsu (no)/ Wake renai
Adj1	Sober (person)	地味な (人)	Jimina (hito)
Adj1	Drunk (person)	泥酔 (する) (人)	Deisui (suru) (hito)
Adj1	Alternative (alternate)	代わり (の)/ 代替 (する/ の)/ オルタナティブ (な/ の)	Daitai (suru/ no)/ Orutanatibu (na/ no)
Adj1	Invalid (ineffective)	無効 (の/ な)	Mukō (no/ na)
Adj1	Valid (right, proper, reasonable)	有効 (な)/ 妥当 (な/ する)	Yūkō (na)/ Datō (na/ suru)
Adj1	Enabled	有効 (な)/ 有効化	Yūkō (na)/ Yūkō-ka
Adj1	Disabled	無効 (の/ な)/ 無効化 (する)	Mukō (no/ na)/ Mukō-ka (suru)
Adj1	Available	利用可能 (な)	Riyō kanō (na)
Adj1	Unavailable	入手不可能 (な)/ 無効 (の/ な)/ 利用不可/ 入手不可 (な)/ 不利用可能 (な)	Nyūshu fukanō (na)/ Mukō (no/ na)/ Riyō-fuka/ Nyūshu-fuka (na)/ Fu riyō kanō (na)
Adj1	Arranged (taken care of; settled; completed; finished; organized)	済み/ 配置された/ 組織された/ 組織的 (に/ な)	Sumi/ Haichi sa reta/ Soshiki sa reta/ Soshiki- teki (ni/ na)

Adj1	Organized (put in order; tidying up)	整理された/ 整頓された/ 整理的 (に/ な)/ 整頓的 (に/ な)	Seiri sa reta/ Seiton sa reta/ Seiri-teki (ni/ na)/ Seiton-teki (ni/ na)
Adj1	Planned (scheduled; systematic)	計画的 (に/ な)	Keikaku-teki (ni/ na)
Adj1	Settled	決済済み/ 済み/ 決済された	Kessai-zumi/ Sumi * (arranged; taken care of; settled; completed; finished)/ Kessai sareta * (settled/ settlement (of an account); liquidation of debts; payment)
Adj1	Systematic (system)	体系的 (に/ な)/ 系統的 (に/ な)/ システムチック (に/ な)	Taikei-teki (ni/ na)/ keitōteki (ni/ na)/ Shisutemachikku (ni/ na)
Adj1	Systematic (organized; organizational)	組織的 (に/ な)/ 整然 (たる/ と)/ 規律正しい	Soshiki-teki (ni/ na)/ Seizen (taru/ to)/ Kiritsu tadashī
Adj1	Systematic (regular; routine)	規則的 (に/ な)	Kisoku-teki (ni/ na)
Adj1	Safely (safe)	安全 (な/ に)/ セーフ (な)	Anzen (na/ ni) * (when 'na' used as an adjective behind anzen, it becomes 'anzen'na')/ Sēfu (na)
Adj1	Secure (safe)	安全 (な/ に)/ セーフ (な)	Anzen (na/ ni)/ Sēfu (na)
Adj1	Dangerous	危険 (な)/ 危ない	Kiken (kiken'na)/ Abunai
Adj1	Risky	危ない/ 危険 (な)/ 際どい (際疾い/ きわどい)/ 冒険的 (な)/ 危険的 (な)/ リスキー (な)	Abunai/ Kiken (na) * (becomes kiken'na)/ Kiwadoi/ Bōken-teki (na)/ Kiken-teki (na)/ Risukī (na)
Adj1	In danger	危険で	Kikende
Adj1	Insecure	安全でない/ 不安 (な)/ 剣呑 (な)	Anzendenai/ Fuan (na) * (becomes fuan'na)/ Ken'non (na)
Adj1	Correct (right)	正しい/ 正解 (する)	Tadashī/ Seikai (suru)
Adj1	Correct (proper; formal)	正則 (な/ の)	Seisoku (na/ no)
Adj1	Correctly	正しく	Tdashiku
Adj1	Incorrect (wrong)	間違い/ 誤り/ 誤/ 不正解 (する) (間違い)	Machigai/ Ayamari/ Go/ Fu seikai (suru) (machigai)
Adj1	Wrong (wrongly)	間違っている (間違っている)	Machigatte iru (machigatte iru)
Adj1	Inexact	不正確 (な)/ 曖昧 (な)	Fuseikaku (na)/ Aimai (na)
Adj1	Formal (official)	正式 (な/ の)/ 公式 (な/ の)/ 公 (な/ の)/ 公然 (の/ たる/ と/ な)	Seishiki (na/ no)/ Kōshiki (na/ no)/ Ōyake (kō) (na/ no)/ Kōzen (no/ taru/ to/ na)
Adj1	Informal (unofficial)	非公式 (の/ な)/ 非公式的 (な)	Hikōshiki (no/ na)/ Hikōshiki-teki (na)
Adj1	True (ie. Truth)	本当 (の/ な)/ 真 (の)/ 正 (の)	Hontō (no/ na)/ shin (no)/ Sei (no)
Adj1	Actual (the actual)	実物 (の)/ 実勢 (の)/ 実情/ 実際 (の) (実物 (の))	Jitsubutsu (no) * (real thing; original; actual)/ Jissei (no) * (actual; real; true)/ Jitsujō * (real condition; actual circumstances; actual state of affairs)/ Jissai (no) * (reality; actuality; truth; fact; actual conditions) (Jitsubutsu (no))
Adj1	False (ie. wrong)	疑似 (の)/ 虚偽 (の)/ 空々しい/ 空 (から)/ 偽 (贋) (にせ/ ぎ)/ 偽言 (ぎげん) (の) (つまり、間違い、間違っている)	Giji (no)/ Kyogi (no)/ Sorazorashī/ Sora (kara)/ Nise (nise/ gi)/ Gigen (no) (tsumari, machigai, machigatte iru)
Adj1	Real (the real...)	本物 (本物 (の) ...)/ 本 (の)/ 実際 (の)	Honmono (no) * (genuine article; real thing; real deal)/ Hon (no)/ Jissai (no)

Adj1	Original	実物 (の/ な)/ 独自 (の/ な)/ 目新しい/ 独創的 (な/ の)/ 斬新 (の/ な)/ オリジナル (の/ な)	Jitsubutsu (no/ na) * (real thing; original; actual)/ Dokuji (no/ na) * (original; unique; distinctive; characteristic; peculiar/ independent; one's own; personal)/ Meatarashī * (original; novel; new)/ Dokusō-teki (na/ no) * (creative; original)/ Zanshin (no/ na) * (novel; original; new; innovative)/ Orijinaru (no/ na) * (original/ unique (e.g. product); signature; exclusive; one-of-a-kind; custom/ originality)
Adj1	Fake (counterfeit; phony)	偽物/ いか物 (偽物, 偽物)/ 偽 (贋) (の)/ 紛い (まがい)/ 擬き (もどき)/ フェイク (な/ する)	Nisemono/ Ika-mono (Nisemono, nisemono)/ Nise (no)/ Magai * (imitation; sham; -like)/ Modoki * (-like; pseudo-; mock ...; imitation ...; in the style of ...)/ Feiku (na/ suru)
Adj1	Join (joined)	参加 (する) (参加 (する))	Sanka (suru) (sanka (suru))
Adj1	Joined (united; allied)	参加 (する)/ 結びつく/ 接続 (する)/ 組み合わせる/ つける (付ける)/ 混ざる/ 取り合う/ 結びつける/ 合わさる (団結 (する); 同盟 (する/ の))	Sanka (suru) * (participation; joining; entry)/ Musubitsuku * (to be related; to be connected; to be joined together)/ Setsuzoku (suru) * (connection; attachment; union; join; joint; link)/ Kumiawaseru * (to put together; to combine; to join together; to join up)/ Tsukeru * (to attach; to join; to connect; to add; to append; to affix; to stick; to glue; to fasten; to sew on; to apply (ointment); to put against)/ Mazaru * (to be mixed; to be blended with; to associate with; to mingle with; to join)/ Toriau * (to join (hands); to take (each other's hands))/ Musubitsukeru * (to tie (to); to fasten; to attach; to join; to bind/ to connect (one thing with another); to link; to bring together; to combine; to associate)/ Awasaru * (to join; to be put together; to combine; to unite; to fit; to close (e.g. of a wound)) (Danketsu (suru) * (unity; union; solidarity; combination; teaming up); Dōmei (suru/ no) * (alliance; union; league))
Adj1	Separate (separated)	分ける	Wakeru
Adj1	Rough (ie. nature, stone, patterns, etc.)	荒い/ 荒れた/ ラフ (つまり、自然、石、パターンなど)	Arai/ Areta/ Rafu (tsumari, shizen,-seki, patān nado)
Adj1	Rugged	厳しい	Kibishī

Adj1	Calm (cool; composed)	冷静 (な)/ 穏やか (な)/ 平気 (な)/ 悠々 (悠悠) (たる/ と)/ 平静 (な)/ 長閑 (な)/ 平然 (たる/ と)/ 鎮静 (する/ の)/ 泰然 (たる/ と)/ 安い (安い)/ 平ら (な)/ 平穩 (の/ な)/ 心静か (な)/ 静か (閑か) (な)/ 余裕 (の)/ 落ち着いた/ 和やか (な)/ 丸い/ 安らか (な)/ 物静か (な)/ 平ちゃら (な)/ 落ち着く/ 静けさ (の)/ 深沈 (たる/ と/ な)/ 無風 (の)/ 優々 (たる/ と)/ 悠然 (たる/ と)/ 寧静 (な)/ 悠揚迫らぬ/ 従容 (たる/ と)/ 晏如 (たる/ と)/ 晏然 (たる/ と)/ ゆったり (する/ と)/ 平坦 (な)/ 徐々 (徐徐) (たる/ と)/ 冷ややか (冷やか) (な)/ 悠々閑々 (悠悠閑閑)/ 悠悠緩緩/ 優優閑閑/ ゆうゆうかんかん/ 従容自若	Reisei (na)/ Odayaka (na)/ Heiki (na)/ Yūyū (taru/ to)/ Heisei (na)/ Nodoka (na)/ Heizen (taru/ to)/ Chinsei (suru/ no)/ Taizen (taru/ to)/ Yasui/ Taira (na)/ Heion (no/ na)/ Kokoro shizuka (na)/ Shizuka (na)/ Yoyū (no)/ Ochitsuita/ Nagoyaka (na)/ Marui/ Yasuraka (na)/ Monoshizuka (na)/ Hira cha-ra (na)/ Ochitsuku/ Shizukesa (no)/ Shinchin (taru/ to/ na)/ Mufū (no)/ Yūyū (taru/ to)/ Yūzen (taru/ to)/ Neisei (na)/ Yūyō semaranu/ Shōyō (taru/ to)/ Anjo (taru/ to)/ Anzen (taru/ to)/ Yuttari (suru/ to)/ Heitan (na)/ Jojo (taru/ to)/ Hiyayaka (na)/ Yūyūkankan/ Shi ~youyoujijaku
Adj1	Calmly	穏やかに/ 沁み沁み (と)	Odayaka ni/ Shimijimi (to) * (calmly; quietly; softly)
Adj1	Wild	野生 (する/ の)/ ワイルド (な/ の)/ 荒れた	Yasei (suru/ no)/ Wairudo (na/ no)/ Areta * (wild; neglected; rough (e.g. skin))
Adj1	Tame (ie. dea, weather, design, etc.)	飼いならされた (飼いならす)/ テイム (つまり、dea、天気、デザインなど)	Kai narasa reta (kai narasu)/ Teimu (tsumari, dea, tenki, dezain nado)
Adj1	Straight	真っ直ぐ (な)	Massugu (na)
Adj1	Around	その周り/ 周り/ 辺り (あたり)	Sono mawari/ Mawari/ Atari
Adj1	Around here	この辺	Kono hen
Adj1	Around there	その辺	Sono hen
Adj1	Surrounding	周囲 (の/ な)	Shūi (no/ na)
Adj1	Liked (loved)	好き (すき) (な) (好き (すき) (な))	Suki (na) (suki (na))
Adj1	Disliked (not loved; hated)	嫌い/ いや (な) (嫌 (な)) (愛されていない; 嫌われている)	Kirai/ iya (na) (iya (na)) (Aisa rete inai; Kirawa rete iru)
Adj1	Started	開始しました/ 始めた/ 始まった/ 仕掛けた/ 仕掛けした/ スタートした	Kaishi shimashita/ Hajimeta/ Hajimatta/ Shikaketa/ Shikake shita/ Sutāto shita
Adj1	Continued	続した/ 継続した/ 連続した/ 続行した/ 持続した/ 永続した	Tsudzuki shita/ Keizoku shita/ Renzoku shita * (continuation; succession; series)/ Zokkō shita * (continuation; continuance; going on; resuming)/ Jizoku shita * (continuation; persisting; lasting; sustaining; enduring)/ Eizoku shita * (permanence; continuation)
Adj1	Done (did)	完了 (する) (した/ やりました)/ 済み	Kanryō (suru) (Shita/ Yarimashita)/ Zumi * (arranged; taken care of; settled; completed; finished)

Adj1	Finished (ended)	終了した/ 終結した/ 終えた/ 済んだ/ 済み/ 仕上がりました/ 出来上がりました (終了した)	Shūryō shita/ Shūketsu shita/ Oeta/ Sunda/ Zumi * (arranged; taken care of; settled; completed; finished)/ Shiagarimashita * (to be finished; to be completed; to be done)/ Dekiagarimashita * (to be completed; to be finished; to be ready (e.g. to serve or eat)) (shūryō shita)
Adj1	Loose	緩い (ゆるい)/ 緩やか (な)	Yurui/ Yuruyaka (na)
Adj1	Fixed	固定 (の/ する/ な)/ 一定 (の/ する/ な)/ 修理済み	Kotei (no/ suru/ na) * (fixing (in place); being fixed (in place); securing; anchoring; fastening down/ fixing (e.g. salary, capital); keeping the same)/ Ittei (no/ suru/ na) * (fixed; settled; constant; definite; uniform; regularized; regularised; defined; standardized; standardised; certain; prescribed)/ Shūri-zumi * (repaired; fixed; taken care of)
Adj1	Stuck	立ち往生した (立ち往生 (する))/ 足止めだ/ 引っかかった/ 行き詰まりました/ スタックした (スタック (する))	Tachiōjō shita (tachiōjō (suru)) * (being brought to a standstill; being stranded; getting stuck; stalling; deadlock)/ Ashidomeda * (preventing (someone) from leaving; confinement; keeping indoors; inducement to stay/ being stranded; grounding)/ Hikkakatta * (to be caught in; to be stuck in)/ Ikidzumarimashita * (to come to a dead end; to come to a standstill; to reach a deadlock; to reach an impasse; to reach a stalemate)/ Sutakku shita (sutakku (suru))
Adj1-Exm	A cheap price	安い価格	Yasui kakaku
Adj1-Exm	A long road	長い道のり	Nagai michinori
Adj1-Exm	A strong man	強い男	Tsuyoi otoko
Adj1-Exm	A tall building	高層ビル	Kōsō biru
Adj1-Exm	Hard work	ハードワーク	Hādwāku
Adj1-Exm	It is not far away	遠くないです	Tōkunaidesu
Frequenc	A few	いくつか (の) (幾つか (の))/ 数 (すう)/ 僅か (わずか) (な/ の)/ 少し (すこし)/ 幾 (いく)/ 少数 (の)	Ikutsu ka (no)/ Sū/ Wazuka (na/ no)/ Sukoshi/ Iku * (some; several; a few)/ Shōsū (no)
Frequenc	A few birds	数羽の鳥	Sū wanotori
Frequenc	A little	少し/ 多少 (の)/ 僅かに (わずかに)/ 幾分 (いくぶん)	Sukoshi/ Tashō (no)/ Wazuka ni * (slightly; a little/ barely; narrowly/ only; just; merely)/ Ikubun * (somewhat; to some extent; to some degree/ some; part; portion)
Frequenc	A little bit (a bit; a few; a small amount)	ちょっと (一寸)/ 少し (すこし)/ 若干 (の)	Chotto/ Sukoshi/ Jakkan (no)
Frequenc	A tad bit	少し (すこし)	Sukoshi
Frequenc	Somewhat (a bit of; a little bit of)	多少 (の)/ 僅かに (わずかに)/ 幾分 (いくぶん)/ やや (稍)/ ある程度 (少し; 少し)	Tashō (no)/ Wazuka ni/ Ikubun/ Yaya/ Aruteido (sukoshi; sukoshi) * (to some extent; to a certain extent)
Frequenc	Somewhat more	もう少し/ 多少もっと	Mōsukoshi/ Tashō motto

Frequenc	Somewhat less	やや少ない/ 多少少ない/ 幾分少ない/ 僅かに少ない (わずかに少ない)	Yaya sukunai/ Tashō sukunai/ Ikubun sukunai/ Wazuka ni sukunai
Frequenc	Somewhat higher	やや高い/ 多少高い/ 幾分高い/ 僅かに高い(わずかに高い)	Yaya takai/ Tashō takai/ Ikubun takai/ Wazuka ni takai
Frequenc	Somewhat lower	やや低い/ 多少低い/ 幾分低い/ 僅かに低い(わずかに低い)	Yaya hikui/ Tashō hikui/ Ikubun hikui/ Wazuka ni hikui
Frequenc	A bunch of	たくさん (沢山) (の/ な)	Takusan (no/ na)
Frequenc	A great deal (of)	沢山 (たくさん) (の/ な)	Takusan (no/ na)
Frequenc	A lot (plenty; various)	たっぷり/ 多め (多目) (に)/ 様々 (様々) (な)/ 色々 (色々) (な)/ 沢山 (たくさん)/ 十分 (な)/ 多く/ 幾つも	Tappuri/ ōme (ni)/ Samazama (na)/ Iroiro (na)/ Takusan/ jūbun (na)/ ōku/ Ikutsu mo
Frequenc	Lot (a lot; the lot)	沢山 (たくさん) (沢山 (たくさん); 沢山 (たくさん))	Takusan (takusan; takusan)
Frequenc	All at once (all together)	まとめて/ 揃って/ 悉く/ 全部 (の)/ そっくり/ 諸に	Matomete/ Sorotte/ Kotogotoku/ Zenbu (no)/ Sokkuri/ Moroni
Frequenc	All kinds of	あらゆる種類 (の)/ 種々 (種種) (の/ な)/ 百般 (の/ な)/ 有りとあらゆる (有りと有らゆる/ ありとあらゆる)/ 多彩 (な/ の)/ 尽くし (尽し/ ずくし)/ 凡百 (ぼんびゃく)	Arayuru shurui (no)/ Shuju (no/ na)/ Hyappan (no/ na)/ Ari to arayuru (ari to ara yuru/ aritoarayuru)/ Tasai (na/ no)/ Tsukushi/ Bonpyaku
Frequenc	At the same time (simultaneously)	同時に (同時に)/ 一斉に/ と同時に	Dōjini (dōjini)/ Isseini/ Todōjini
Frequenc	Considerably	かなり (可也)/ なかなか (中々/ 中中/ 仲仲/ 却却) (な)/ 大分 (だいぶん)/ 相当 (する/ の)	Kanari/ Nakanaka (Na)/ Daibu (Ōita)/ Sōtō (suru/ no)
Frequenc	Diverse	多様 (な/ の)/ 多様性 (の)/ な	Tayō (na/ no)/ Tayō-sei (no/ na)
Frequenc	Eminently	顕著に	Kencho ni * (remarkable; striking; obvious)
Frequenc	Extremely (exceptionally)	極端 (な)/ 最も/ 極めて/ 大層 (な)/ 極まりない (窮まり無い)/ 何とも/ 非常に/ 至って/ 満点 (の)/ 世にも/ 頗る/ 超/ 至極/ 如何にも	Kyokutan (na)/ Mottomo/ Kiwamete/ Taisō (na)/ Kiwamarinai/ Nantomo/ Hijō ni/ Itatte/ Manten (no)/ Yonimo/ sukoburu/ chō/ shigoku/ ikanimō
Frequenc	Fairly	かなり (可也) (の/ な)/ 結構 (な)/ 中々 (中中/ なかなか) (な)/ 随分 (と)/ 割に (わりに)	Kanari (no/ na) * (considerably; fairly; quite; rather; pretty)/ Kekkō (na) * (sufficient; satisfactory; enough; fine; all right; OK)/ Chūchū (na) * (very; considerably; easily; readily; fairly; quite; highly; rather)/ Zuibun (to) * (very; extremely; surprisingly; fairly; quite; considerably; awfully; terribly)/ Wari ni * (comparatively; relatively; fairly; rather; pretty; unexpectedly)

Frequency	Greatly (very; considerably)	大いに (多いに)/ 大変 (な)/ 大分/ よほど (余程) (の/ な)/ 甚だ/ 大層 (大そう/ たいそう)/ 余っ程 (の/ な)/ 山々 (山山/ やまやま) (非常に; かなり (可也) (の/ な))	Ōini * (very; very much; greatly; considerably; highly; exceedingly; a great deal; a lot; to one's heart's content)/ Taihen (na) * (very; greatly; terribly; awfully/ immense; enormous; great/ serious; grave; dreadful; terrible/ becomes 'taihen'na')/ Daibu * (considerably; greatly; a lot)/ Yohodo (no/ na)/ Hanahada * (very; greatly; extremely; exceedingly; highly; quite)/ Taisō * (very; extremely; exceedingly; greatly; terribly/ extreme; excessive; great many; large number of/ splendid; impressive; tremendous; immense/ exaggerated)/ Yohhodo (no/ na) * (very; greatly; much; considerably; to a large extent; quite)/ Yamayama * (means '(many) mountains', but can also mean 'very much (wanting to do something one cannot); greatly; really' and 'so many; a lot of') (Hijō ni; Kanari (no/ na))
Frequency	Finite	有限 (の/ な)/ 限りある (限り有る/ かぎりある)	Yūgen (no/ na)/ Kagiri aru
Frequency	Infinite (endless; unlimited)	無限 (の/ な)/ 無辺 (な)/ 限りない (限り無い/ かぎりない)/ 広大無辺 (の/ な)/ 無辺際 (な)/ 無数 (の/ な)/ 無量 (の/ な)/ 無現 (の/ な)/ インフィニット (の/ な) (無限 (の/ な); 無制限 (の/ な))	Mugen (no/ na)/ Muhen (na) * (becomes 'muhen'na')/ Kagirinai/ Kōdai muhen (no/ na) * (boundless; infinite; vast)/ Muhenzai (na)/ Musū (no/ na) * (innumerable; countless; numberless)/ Muryō (no/ na) * (immeasurable; infinite; inestimable)/ Mugen (no) * (infinite; abbreviation)/ Infinitto (no/ na) (mugen (no/ na); museigen (no/ na))
Frequency	Limited	限られた/ 制限的 (な)/ 制限する/ 限定的 (な)/ 限定する/ 限定の/ 制約する/ 制限付 (の)	Kagirareta/ Seigen-teki (na)/ Seigen suru/ Gentei-teki (na)/ Gentei suru/ Gentei no/ Seiyaku suru/ Seigen-tsuki (no)
Frequency	Many	多い/ たくさん (沢山) (の/ な)/ 多数 (の)	Ōi/ Takusan (no/ na)/ Tasū (no) * (large number (of); many/ majority)
Frequency	Many times	何度も/ 何回も (の)/ 多数回 (の)/ 幾度も	Nando mo/ Nankai mo (no)/ Tasū kai (no)/ Ikudo mo
Frequency	Much	多くの/ たくさん (沢山) (の/ な)/ ずっと	Ōku no/ Takusan (no/ na)/ Zutto * (much (more); (by) far; far and away; a lot; a great deal)
Frequency	Multiple	複数 (の)/ 多重	Fukusū (no)/ Tajū
Frequency	Multiple times	複数回/ 数回/ 何度か/ 数度/ 数次/ 数倍 (の)/ 多数回/ 幾度も/ 何回も/ やり捲り	Fukusū kai * (several times)/ Sū-kai * (several times; a few times)/ Nando ka * (several times; once or twice)/ Sū-do * (several times)/ Sūji * (several times)/ Subai (no) * (several times (as large, over))/ Tasū kai * (many times; multi-/ multiple dose)/ Ikudo mo * (many times)/ Nankai mo * (time and time again; many times; a number of times)/ Yari mekuri * (doing something multiple times)
Frequency	Never	一度もない	Ichidomonai

Frequency	Overtly	あからさま (明白) (に/ な/ の)/ 露骨 (な)/ オープン (する)/ 明け透け (な)/ 開放的 (な)/ 開け広げ (な)/ 率直 (な)/ あきらさま (な/ の)/ 開けっぱなし/ 公明正大 (な)	Akarasama (ni/ na/ no) * (plain; frank; candid; open; direct; straightforward; unabashed; blatant; flagrant)/ Rokotsu (na) * (open; unconcealed; undisguised; blatant; plain; frank)/ Ôpun (suru) * (open; frank; approachable; open- hearted)/ Akesuke (na) * (open; frank; outspoken; unreserved; straightforward; honest)/ Kaihō-teki (na) * (open (attitude, etc.); openhearted; frank; liberal)/ Ake hiroge (na) * (unguarded; frank; open)/ Sotchoku (na) * (frank; candid; straightforward; openhearted; direct; outspoken)/ Akira-sama (na/ no) * (plain; frank; candid; open)/ Akeppanashi * (outspoken; frank)/ Kōmeiseidai (na) * (fair; just and upright; open and honest; aboveboard; honourable)
Frequency	Plural	複数 (の/ な)/ 多元的/ 複数回 (の/ な)	Fukusū (no/ na) * (plural; multiple/ plural (number))/ Tagenteki * (pluralistic; plural)/ Fukusū-kai (no/ na) * (several times)
Frequency	Pretty (fairly; quite; rather)	可也 (かなり/ 可成り) (の)/ 相当 (する/ の)	Kanari (no)/ Sôtō (suru/ no)
Frequency	Pretty much	かなり (可也) (の/ な)	Kanari (no/ na)
Frequency	Quite (pretty)	結構 (な)/ かなり (可也)/ なかなか (中々/ 中中/ 仲仲/ 却却) (な)/ とても (逆も)/ 相当 (する/ の)	Kanari/ Nakanaka (Na)/ Totemo/ Sôtō (suru/ no)
Frequency	Quite a lot (quite much)	かなり/ かなり多い (かなり)	Kanari/ Kanari ōi (kanari)
Frequency	Reasonably	適度 (に)	Tekido (ni)
Frequency	Reasonably good	適度に良い/ そこそこ良い	Tekido ni yoi/ Sokosoko yoi
Frequency	Restrictive	制限的 (な)/ 制限 (する)/ 限定的 (な)/ 限定 (する)/ 限定 (の)/ 拘束 (する)/ 制約 (する)	Seigen-teki (na)/ Seigen (suru)/ Gentei-teki (na)/ Gentei (suru)/ Gentei (no)/ Kōsoku (suru)/ Seiyaku (suru)
Frequency	Several	いくつか (の) (幾つか (の))	Ikutsu ka (no)
Frequency	Singular	特異 (な)/ 単数 (の/ な)	Tokui (na) * (unique; peculiar; singular)/ Tansū (no/ na) * (single; one/ singular (number); singular number)
Frequency	Some	いくつか (幾つか) (の)/ 幾らか (いくらか)	Ikutsu ka (no)/ Ikuraka
Frequency	Unlimited	無制限 (の/ な)/ 限りない (限り無い)	Museigen (no/ na)/ Kagirinai
Frequency	Usually (often; commonly; normally)	通常 (に)/ 常時/ 何時も (いつも) (の)/ 大抵 (な)/ 普通 (に)	Tsūjō (ni)/ Jōji/ Itsumo (no)/ Taitei (na)/ Futsū (ni)
Frequency	Various (all sorts of)	様々 (様々) (な)/ 色々 (色々) (な)/ 多様 (な)	Samazama (samazama) (na)/ Iroiro (iroiro) (na)/ Tayō (na)
Frequency	Very	とても (逆も)/ 非常 (に/ な)/ 大層 (な)/ めっちゃ (滅茶)	Totemo/ Hijō (ni/ na)/ Taisō (na)/ Mecha * (slang; very; extremely; excessively)

Frequency	Absolutely (definitely; certainly)	絶対 (の/ に)/ 断然 (たる)/ 必ずや/ 全く (の/ な)/ 本当に/ 断じて/ 丸っきり (丸っ切り)/ 丸きり (丸切り)/ 誠に (真に/ 寔に/ 洵に)/ 一向に	Zettai (no/ ni)/ Danzen (taru)/ Kanarazuya/ Mattaku (no/ na)/ Hontōni/ Danjite/ Maru kkiri (marukkiri)/ Maru kiri (marukiri)/ Makotoni/ Ikkōni
Frequency	Arguably	おそらく (恐らく)/ 間違いなく	Osoraku * (probably; (most) likely; in all likelihood; I suspect; I dare say; I'm afraid)/ Machigainaku * (clearly; unmistakably; certainly; without a doubt)
Frequency	At times	時には (ときには)/ 時々 (時々/ ときどき)	Tokiniha/ Tokidoki
Frequency	By chance (coincidentally)	偶然にも/ 偶さか (たまさか)/ 偶然に/ 思いがけない (思い掛け無い)/ 偶々 (偶偶/ たまたま)	Gūzen ni mo/ Tamasaka/ Gūzen ni/ Omoigakenai/ Tamatama
Frequency	Certain	特定 (の)/ ある	Tokutei (no)/ Aru
Frequency	Certainly (certain; sure; surely)	確かに (慥かに)/ 確実 (な)/ 是非/ 是非是非 * (has more emphasis than just 'zehi')/ 必ず/ 必ずや/ きっと (屹度)	Tashikani (tashikani)/ Kakujitsu (na)/ Zehi/ Zehi zehi * (has more emphasis than just 'zehi')/ Kanarazu/ Kanarazuya/ Kitto
Frequency	Definitely (clearly)	確かに/ 絶対 (の)/ 断然 (たる)/ 絶対に/ こそ/ 必ずや/ きっぱり (と/ する) (はっきり (と/ する))	Tashikani * (surely; certainly)/ Zettai (no) * (absolutely; definitely; unconditionally/ absolute; unconditional; unmistakable/ absoluteness)/ Danzen (taru) * (firmly; flatly; resolutely; decisively; absolutely; definitely/ definitely (wrong, different, etc.); absolutely/ by far; far and away; by a long shot; hands down)/ Zettai ni * (absolutely; definitely; unconditionally)/ Koso * (it is ... that ...; precisely; in particular; definitely; for sure; only (when, after, because, etc.)/ emphasizes preceding word or phrase/ it is precisely because ... that ...; only because .../ after conditional -ba form of verb)/ Kanarazuya * (certainly; surely; definitely)/ Kippari (to/ suru) * (clearly; plainly; distinctly; decisively; flatly; definitely; resolutely) (Hakkiri (to/ suru) * (clearly; plainly; distinctly))
Frequency	Incidental (accidental)	偶発的 (な)/ 偶発 (する/ の/ に)/ 偶然に	Gūhatsu-teki (na)/ gūhatsu (suru/ no/ ni)/ Gūzen ni
Frequency	Incidentally	ちなみに (因みに)	Chinamini
Frequency	Indeed	確かに (たしかに)/ 誠に (まことに)/ 如何にも/ 実に (じつに)/ なるほど (なる程/ 成程)/ はあ/ インディード	Tashikani/ Makotoni/ Ikanimo/ Jitsuni/ Naruhodo * (I see; that's right; indeed)/ Hā * (yes; indeed; well)/ Indīdo
Frequency	Not much	あまりない (余りない)	Amari nai
Frequency	Once in a while (occasionally)	偶に (たまに) (は)/ まれ (稀) (に/ な)/ 偶々 (偶偶/ たまたま)/ 間々 (間間/ まま)	Tamani (wa)/ Mare (ni/ na)/ Tamatama/ Mama

Frequenc	Rarely (seldomly)	まれ (稀) (に/ な) 滅多に/ 偶に/ 先ず無い (先ずない)/ 偶さか (たまさか)	Mare (ni/ na)/ Mettani/ Tamani/ Mazu nai/ Tamasaka
Frequenc	Really	本当 (に)/ とにかく (兎に角)	Hontō (ni)/ Tonikaku
Frequenc	Sometimes	時々 (ときどき/ 時々)/ 場合もある	Tokidoki/ Baai mo aru
Frequenc	Sporadic	散発的 (な)	Sanpatsu-teki (na)
Frequenc	Sure	もちろん! (勿論)/ 嘸/ 間違いない/ 間違いなし (間違い無し)	Mochiron!/ Sazo/ Machigainai/ Machigainashi
Frequenc	Surely (sure; certain; certainly)	もちろん! (勿論)/ 必ずや/ 確かに (随かに)/ きっと (屹度)/ 必ず/ 嘸/ 正しく/ 然こそ	Mochiron!/ Kanarazuya/ Tashikani/ Kitto/ Kanarazu/ Sazo/ Tadashiku/ Shika koso
Frequenc	Uncertain (unsafe)	不確か/ 不安全	Futashika/ Fuanzen
Frequenc	Without a doubt (no doubts)	間違いなく (間違い無く)	Machigainaku
Frequenc	Abundant (plentiful, ample)	豊富 (な)/ 潤沢 (な)	Hōfu (na)/ Juntaku (na)
Frequenc	Additional (additionally)	追加 (する/ の) (さらに (更に))	Tsūka (suru/ no) (sara ni)
Frequenc	Ad hoc (temporary)	その場限り (の)/ アドホック	Sonobakagiri (no)/ Adohokku
Frequenc	All the time (all this time; continuously)	(この間) ずっと (に)/ しょっちゅう	(konoaida) Zutto (ni)/ Shotchū
Frequenc	All the while	ずっと	Zutto
Frequenc	Always	いつも (何時も)/ 常に/ 必ず	Itsumo/ Tsuneni/ Kanarazu
Frequenc	Constant	定/ 絶え間ない	Tei/ Taema nai
Frequenc	Constantly	常に/ 絶えず/ 日夜/ 頻りに/ しょっちゅう/ 朝夕/ 寝ても/ 覚めても/ 頻りと/ 間断なく/ 常住/ どしどし/ 常住不断 (の)/ 常住坐臥	Tsuneni/ Taezu/ Nichiya/ Shikirini/ Shotchū/ Asayū/ Nete mo/ Samete mo/ Shikiri to/ Madan'naku/ Jōjū/ Doshidoshi/ Jōjūfudan (no)/ Jōjūzaga
Frequenc	Consecutive	連続 (する)	Renzoku (suru)
Frequenc	Continuous (continuously; ongoing)	継続的 (な)/ 連続 (する)/ ぶっ通し (打っ通し/ ぶっとおし) (の)/ 持続的 (な)/ 常時 (の)/ 脈々 (脈脈/ みやくみやく) (たる/ と)/ 連々 (連連/ れんれん) (たる/ と) (継続的に; 継続的に)	Keizoku-teki (na)/ Renzoku (suru)/ Buttōshi (no)/ Jizoku-teki (na)/ Jōji (no)/ Myakumyaku (taru/ to)/ Tsuratsura (taru/ to) (keizoku-teki ni; keizoku-teki ni)
Frequenc	Parallel (in parallel)	パラレル (並列)	Parareru (heiretsu)
Frequenc	Serial (in a series)	直列/ 連載 (する/ の)/ シリーズ/ 連続 (する) (直列/ 連載 (する/ の)/ シリーズ/ 連続 (する))	Chokuretsu/ Rensai (suru/ no)/ Shirīzu/ Renzoku (suru) (chokuretsu/ rensai (suru/ no)/ shirīzu/ renzoku (suru))
Frequenc	Enough	十分 (な)/ 沢山 (たくさん) (の/ な)	Jūbun (na)/ Takusan (no/ na) * (enough; sufficient/ enough; too many; too much)
Frequenc	Excess (surplus; superabundance)	過多 (な)/ 過剰 (な)/ 超過 (する)/ 余分 (な)	Kata (na)/ Kajō (na)/ Chōka (suru)/ Yobun (na)
Frequenc	Excessive (too much)	過度 (な/ の)/ 余り (の)/ 過大 (な)/ 余りに/ 余りにも/ 沢山 (たくさん) (な/ の)	Kado (na/ no)/ Amari (no)/ Kadai (na)/ Amari ni/ Amarini mo/ Takusan (na/ no)
Frequenc	Excessively	過度に	Kado ni

Frequenc	Extra (additional)	余分 (な)/ 余計 (な)/ 別 (べつ) (の/ な)/ 別 (べつ) (に)/ 追加 (する/ の/ な)/ 追加的 (な)/ エクストラ (する)/ プラスオン (する)/ 延長 (する/ の/ な)/ 割り増し (の/ する)/ 臨時 (の) (追加 (する/ の/ な); 補足 (する/ の))	Yobun (yobun'na)/ Yokei (na) * (extra; more; too much; too many; excessive; superfluous; spare; surplus)/ Betsu (no/ na) * (separate; different; another; extra)/ Betsu (ni) * (separately; apart; additionally; extra)/ Tsuika (suru/ no/ na) * (addition; supplement; appending; appendix)/ Tsuika-teki (na)/ Ekusutora (suru)/ Purasuon (suru) * (extras; addition; supplement; Wasei, word made in Japan, From English "plus on")/ Enchō (suru/ no/ na) * (extension; elongation; prolongation; lengthening)/ Warimashi (no/ suru) * (extra (charge, fare, etc.); premium; bonus; (after a number) tenths increase)/ Rinji (no) * (special; extraordinary; extra, ie. like extra trains) (Tsuika (suru/ no/ na); Hosoku (suru/ no))
Frequenc	Frequent (frequently occurring)	頻繁 (に/ な)/ 頻りに/ 多発 (する)/ 有りがち (な)/ 多い/ 頻り (な)	Hinpan (ni/ na)/ Shikirini/ Tahatsu (suru)/ Ari-gachi (na)/ Ōi/ Shikiri (na)
Frequenc	More than enough	十二分 (に/ な)/ 十分以上	Jū ni-bu (ni/ na)/ Jūbun ijō
Frequenc	Not enough (insufficient; shortage)	足りない (不十分 (な); 不足 (する/ な))	Tarinai (Fujūbun (na); Fusoku (suru/ na))
Frequenc	Often	良く (よく)/ 頻繁 (に/ な)/ 屢々 (屢屢/ 数々/ 数数)	Yoku/ Hinpan (ni/ na)/ Shibashiba
Frequenc	Permanently	恒久的 (に)/ 永続的 (に)	Kōkyū-teki (ni)/ Eizoku-teki (ni)
Frequenc	Plenty (sufficient, enough)	十分 (な)/ 多めに/ 沢山 (たくさん) (の/ な)	Jūbun (Jūbun'na)/ Ōme ni/ Takusan (no/ na)
Frequenc	Regular	通常 (の)/ レギュラー (の/ な)/ 普通 (の/ な)	Tsūjō (no) * (usual; ordinary; normal; regular; general; common)/ Regyurā (no/ na) * (regular; standard)/ Futsū (no/ na) * (normal; ordinary; regular; usual; common; average/ normally; ordinarily; usually; generally; commonly)
Frequenc	Regularly	定期的 (な)	Teiki-teki (na)
Frequenc	Irregular	不規則 (な)/ 不順 (な)/ 不定期 (な/ の)	Fukisoku (na) * (irregular; unsystematic; unsteady; disorderly)/ Fujun (na) * (irregular; unseasonable; changeable; unsettled; abnormal)/ Futeiki (na/ no) * (irregular; indeterminate; tramp (steamer))
Frequenc	Irregularly	不定期	Futeiki
Frequenc	So much (so often)	とてもたくさん (とても沢山)/ とても多い (とても多く)/ そんなに/ これ程 (これほど)/ 然う然う (そうそう)/ あんなに/ とても (逆も)/ めっちゃ (滅茶) (とても頻繁に/ 然う然う (そうそう)/ しばしば (屢々/ 屢屢/ 数々/ 数数)/ 何度も)	Totemo takusan/ Totemo ōi (totemo ōku)/ Son'nani/ Korehodo (kore hodo)/ Sō sō/ An'nani/ Totemo/ Metcha (mecha) * (slang; very; extremely; excessively) (Totemo hinpan ni/ Sō sō/ Shibashiba/ Nando mo)
Frequenc	Supplementary	補足 (する/ の)	Hosoku (suru/ no)

Frequenc	Temporary (temporarily; for the time being)	一時的 (に)/ 臨時 (の)/ 仮 (に/ の)/ 暫定的 (に/ な)/ 仮初め/ テンポラリー	Ichiji-teki (ni)/ Rinji (no)/ Kari (ni/ no)/ Zantei teki (ni/ na)/ Karisome * (kari hajime)/ Tenporarī
Frequenc	The rest (of) (the) (remainder)	残り (の) (残り)	Nokori (no) (nokori)
Frequenc	Time after time	何度も何度も/ 何度も/ 何度となく/ 時間の後に時間	Nandomonandomo/ Nando mo/ Nandotonaku/ Jikan no nochi ni jikan
Frequenc	Too few (too little; insufficient)	過少 (な)	Kashō
Frequenc	Too little (too few, shortage)	少なすぎて (少なすぎる)/ 量が少なすぎる/ 少なすぎる (少な過ぎる) (少なすぎる, 不足する)	Sukuna sugite (sukuna sugiru)/ Ryō ga sukuna sugiru/ Sukuna sugiru (sukuna sugiru, fusoku suru)
Frequenc	Too much (extra, too many, surplus; over-; excessive)	過ぎる (すぎる)/ 余計 (な)/ 多すぎる (多過ぎる/ おおすぎる)/ あまりにも多く (の)/ 過度 (な/ の/ に) (過剰 (な), 過剰 (な))	Sugiru / Yokei (na)/ Ō sugiru/ Amarini mo ōku (no)/ Kado (na/ no/ ni) (Kajō (na), kajō (na))
Frequenc	Too hot	熱すぎる	Atsu sugiru
Frequenc	Too cold	寒すぎる	Samu sugiru
Frequenc	Too big	大きすぎる	Ōki sugiru
Frequenc	Way too big (way too large)	大きすぎる (大きすぎる)	Ōkisugiru (ōkisugiru)
Frequenc	Too small	小さすぎる	Chīsa sugiru
Frequenc	Too expensive	高すぎる	Taka sugiru
Frequenc	Too cheap	安すぎる	Yasu sugiru
Frequenc	Too quiet	静か過ぎる	Shizuka sugiru
Frequenc	Too loud	煩すぎる/ あまりにも大声で	Urusa sugiru/ Amarini mo ōgoe de
Frequenc	Too long	長すぎる	Naga sugiru
Frequenc	Too small	過小 (な)	Kashō
Frequenc	Part (parts)	分 (ぶん)/ 部品/ パーツ/ 別 (べつ) (部品/ パーツ)	Bun * (part; portion; share)/ Buhin * (parts; accessories; components)/ Pātsu * (part; component)/ Betsu * (distinction; difference; discrimination/ separate; different; another; extra) (buhin/ pātsu)
Frequenc	A big part (of)	大部分 (の)/ 大き (な)/ 沢山 (たくさん) (の/ な)/ 大いに (多いに/ おおいに)/ うんと	Daibubun (no) * (can be placed before or after the word)/ Ōki (na)/ Takusan (no/ na)/ Ōini/ Unto * (a great deal; very much; a lot/ onomatopoeic or mimetic word)
Frequenc	Above all (above anything else)	何よりも (何よりも)	Naniyori mo (naniyori mo)

Frequenc	As much as possible	出来るだけ (できるだけ)/ 可能な限り/ 成るべく/ 努めて/ 精々 (精精/ せいぜい)/ 成る文/ できる限り/ あらん限り/ 能う限り/ 負けないぐらい/ 負けないくらい	Dekiru dake (dekirudake)/ Kanōnakagiri/ Narubeku/ Tsutomete/ Seizei * (at the most; at best/ to the utmost; as much as possible; as much as one can)/ Narutake/ Dekiru kagiri/ Arankagiri * (all; as much as possible)/ Ataukagiri * (as much as possible; as far as possible; to the best of one's abilities)/ Makenai gurai * (as much as possible; unbeatably; unsurpassably)/ Makenai kurai * (as much as possible; unbeatably; unsurpassably)
Frequenc	Complete (completely)	完全に (完全に)	Kanzen ni (kanzen ni)
Frequenc	Complete (to make a full set; satisfied (of conditions))	揃う	Sorou
Frequenc	Completely (perfectly)	完全 (に/ な)/ 完成 (する)/ 全く/ 完璧 (な)/ コンプリート (な)/ パーフェクト (な)	Kanzen (ni/ na)/ Kansei (suru)/ Mattaku/ Kanpeki (na)/ Konpurīto (na)/ Pāfekuto (na)
Frequenc	Each (every; all)	各/ それぞれ (其れ其れ/ 夫れ夫れ)/ 銘々 (銘銘)	Kaku/ Sorezore/ Meimei
Frequenc	Endlessly (infinitely; infinite; endless)	際限なく/ 際限なく続く/ 果てしなく/ 止めどなく/ 延々 (延延) (と/ たる)/ いつまでも (何時までも)/ だらだら (ダラダラ) (と/ する) (無限 (の/ な); 無限 (の/ な); 無限 (の/ な))	Saigen naku * (ad infinitum; endlessly)/ Saigen naku tsudzuku * (to continue without end; to go on to eternity)/ Hateshinaku * (eternally; interminably)/ Tomedo naku * (endlessly; ceaselessly)/ En'en (to/ taru) * (endlessly; continuously; (going) on and on)/ Itsumademo * (forever; eternally; for good; as long as one likes; indefinitely; endlessly; for a long time)/ Daradara (to/ suru) * (sluggishly; endlessly; lengthily/ leisurely; idly; slowly; slovenly/ in drops; dripping; trickling; streaming; flowing) (Mugen (no/ na) * (infinity; infinitude; eternity/ infinite; limitless), mugen (no/ na), mugen (no/ na))
Frequenc	Entire (entirely)	全体 (に/ の)/ 完全に	Zentai (ni/ no)/ Kanzen ni
Frequenc	Everlasting	常住不滅 (の)	Jōjūfumetsu (no)
Frequenc	Every (all; each)	毎 (全て (すべて)/ 全 (の))	Mai (goto) (Subete/ Zen (no))
Frequenc	For as long as you can	できる限り長く/ 可能な限り	Dekiru kagiri nagaku/ Kanōnakagiri
Frequenc	Forever (Eternally)	永遠に/ いつまでも (何時までも)/ 果てし無く (果てしなく)/ 尽未来/ 幾久しく/ 常住/ 末代まで/ 千古不易	Eien ni/ Itsu made mo (itsumademo)/ Hateshinaku/ Jinmirai/ Ikuhisashiku/ Jōjū/ Matsudai made/ Senkofueki
Frequenc	Never-ending	終わりのない	Owari no nai

Frequency	Fully (completely; totally)	完全に/ 十分 (に/ な)/ たっぷり (と/ な)/ 沁み沁み (と)/ 遺憾なく/ 余すところなく (余す所なく/ 余す所無く/ あますところなく)/ 全幅的 (に/ な)/ 万々 (万万/ まんまん/ ばんばん)/ とっぷり/ 一杯 (の/ な/ に)/ フルに (完全に; 完全に)	Kanzen ni/ Jūbun (ni/ na) * (becomes 'jūbun' na')/ Tappuri (to/ na)/ Shimijimi (to) * (keenly; deeply; fully; heartily; seriously; earnestly)/ Ikan'na ku * (fully; to the full; (most) satisfactorily; amply; sufficiently; completely; perfectly)/ Amasu tokoro naku * (fully; thoroughly)/ Zenpukuteki (ni/ na)/ Manman (banban) * (very much; fully)/ Toppuri * (completely; fully; entirely)/ Ippai (no/ na/ ni) * (full; filled (with); brimming (with); crowded; packed/ fully; to capacity; to the maximum; as much as possible/ a lot; much; many)/ Furu ni * (fully; completely) (kanzen ni; kanzen ni)
Frequency	Imperfect	不完全 (な)/ 不十分 (な)/ 不全 (な/ の)/ 未完成 (の/ な)/ 至らない	Fukanzen (na) * (becomes 'fukanzen' na')/ Fujūbun (na) * (insufficient; inadequate; imperfect)/ Fuzen (na/ no) * (partial; incomplete; imperfect)/ Mikansei (no/ na) * (incomplete; unfinished; imperfect)/ Itaranai * (imperfect; incompetent; inadequate; careless)
Frequency	Incomplete (missing)	不完全 (な)/ 不全 (の/ な)/ 未完成 (の/ な)/ 未完 (の) (欠落 (する)/ 無くなる/ 紛失 (する))	Fukanzen (na)/ Fuzen (no/ na)/ Mikansei (no/ na) * (incomplete as in imperfect; unfinished)/ Mikan (no) * (incomplete as in unfinished) (Ketsuraku (suru)/ Nakunaru/ Funshitsu (suru))
Frequency	Missing	ない (無い)/ 欠落 (する)	Nai (nai)/ ketsuraku (suru)
Frequency	Main (ie. thing, important thing)	主要 (な)/ 主 (な)/ メイン (の)/ 主物/ 主たる (つまり、事、重要なこと)	Shuyō (na)/ Omo (na)/ Mein (no)/ Omo-mono/ Shutaru (tsumari, koto, jūyōna koto)
Frequency	Mainly (primarily; mostly)	主に/ 主として/ 大概 (の) (主に; ほとんど (殆ど))	Omoni * (mainly; primarily; mostly; largely; chiefly)/ Shutoshite * (mainly; chiefly; primarily; for the most part)/ Taigai (no) * (generally; mainly; usually; normally; mostly; for the most part/ nearly all; almost all; most) (omoni; hotondo * (almost; nearly; mostly; practically; virtually; basically; just about; all but))
Frequency	Major	主要 (な)/ 重要 (な)/ 主たる/ 大 (な)/ 大 (だい) (な)	Shuyō (na) * (chief; main; principal; major)/ Jūyō (na) * (important; essential; significant; major; key; principal)/ Shutaru * (main; principal; chief; primary; major)/ Ō (na) * (large; big; great; major; important; serious; heavy; loud)/ Dai (na) * (large; big; great; huge; vast; major; important; serious; severe/ same kanji as 'Ō', only different hiragana characters)

Frequenc	Minor	小さい/ 軽い/ 細かい/ マイナー (な)	Chīsai * (small; little; tiny/ slight; below average (in degree, amount, etc.); minor; small/ low (e.g. sound); soft (e.g. voice)/ unimportant; petty; insignificant; trifling; trivial)/ Karui * (non-serious; minor; unimportant; trivial)/ Komakai * (small/ fine; minute/ minor; trivial)/ Mainā (na) * (minor; small; unimportant; obscure/ minor (key, scale, etc.) * (music))
Frequenc	Mostly	殆ど (ほとんど)/ 大半/ 主に	Hotondo/ Taihan/ Omoni
Frequenc	Overall (in its entirety; in whole)	全体的 (な/ に)/ 全体 (な/ の)/ 総 (そう)/ 全体として/ 全般的 (な)/ 全般に/ 全/ 総体的 (な) (全体として; 全体的に)	Zentai-teki (na/ ni)/ Zentai (na/ no)/ Sō (sō)/ Zentai to shite/ Zenpan-teki (na)/ Zenpan ni/ Zen/ Sōtai-teki (na) (Zentai to shite; Zentai-teki ni)
Frequenc	Perfect (perfectly)	完全 (に/ な)/ 完成 (する)/ 全く/ 完璧 (な)/ パーフェクト (な)	Kanzen (ni/ na)/ Kansei (suru)/ Mattaku/ Kanpeki (na)/ Pāfekuto (na)
Frequenc	Pre-eminently	傑出した	Kesshutsu shita
Frequenc	Principal (principally)	主要 (な)/ 主たる/ 重要 (な)/ 目抜き (の) (専ら (の)/ 職として)	Shuyō (na) * (chief; main; principal; major)/ Shutaru * (main; principal; chief; primary; major)/ Jūyō (na) * (important; essential; significant; major; key; principal)/ Menuki (no) * (principal; main; important; fashionable) (Moppara (no) * (principally; mostly; chiefly; mainly)/ Shoku to shite * (mainly; principally; chiefly; for the most part))
Frequenc	In principle	原則として/ 原則	Gensokutoshite * (as a rule; in general; in principle; basically; essentially; fundamentally)/ Gensoku * (principle; general rule/ as a rule; in principle; in general)
Frequenc	Respective	それぞれ (其れ其れ/ 夫れ夫れ) (の)/ 別々 (別別) (の/ な)/ 各自 (的な/ の)/ 当該 (の/ な)	Sorezore (no) * (each; respectively)/ Betsubetsu (no/ na) * (separate; respective; different)/ Kakuji (tekina/ no) * (each (person); everyone; individual; respective)/ Tōgai (no/ na) * (appropriate (e.g. authorities); concerned; relevant; said; aforementioned; competent; applicable; respective)
Frequenc	Severe (severely)	厳しい/ 深刻 (な)/ 嚴重 (な)/ 過酷 (な)/ 猛烈 (な)/ 強烈 (な)/ ひどい (酷い)/ 厳格 (な)/ 手ひどい (厳しい)	Kibishī/ Shinkoku (na)/ Genjū (na)/ Kakoku (na)/ Mōretsu (na)/ Kyōretsu (na)/ Hidoi/ Genkaku (na)/ Tehidoi (kibishī)
Frequenc	Severely (very)	厳しい (厳しく)/ 厳に/ 屹度 (きつと) (とても (逆も))	Kibishī (kibishiku) * (severe; strict; rigid; unsparing; relentless/ hard (to do); difficult; tricky/ intense (e.g. cold); harsh (weather); inclement)/ Gen'ni * (strictly; severely; rigidly)/ Kitto * (means 'surely; undoubtedly; almost certainly; most likely (e.g. 90 percent)', but can also mean 'sternly; severely') (Totemo * (very; awfully; exceedingly))

Frequenc	Critical	致命的 (な/ に/ の)	Chimei-teki (na/ ni/ no)
Frequenc	Thorough (thoroughly)	徹底的 (徹底的に)	Tetteiteki (tetteiteki ni)
Frequenc	Thoroughgoing	徹底 (する)	Tettei (suru)
Frequenc	To a great extent	大いに	Ōini
Frequenc	Total	合計	Gōkei
Frequenc	Totally	完全に/ 丸っきり (まるっきり/ 丸っ切り)/ すっかり (と)/ 全然/ 一向に/ 超 (ちょう)/ 丸きり (まるきり/ 丸切り)/ どっぷり (な/ と)/ 大凡/ 万 (ばん)/ 丸きし (まるっきし/ 丸っきし)	Kanzen ni/ Marukkiri/ Sukkari (to)/ Zenzen * (can mean 'wholly; entirely; completely; totally' * (in negative context) or 'extremely; very' * (in positive context), but also '(not) at all; (not) in the slightest' * (with a negative sentence))/ Ikkōni * (can mean 'completely; absolutely; totally', but can also mean '(not) at all; (not) a bit; (not) in the least' * (in a negative sentence))/ Chō * (extremely; really; totally; absolutely)/ Marukiri * (completely; absolutely; totally; (not) at all)/ Doppuri (na/ to) * (totally (immersed in something, e.g. liquid, work); addicted)/ Ooyoso * (completely; quite; entirely; altogether; totally; not at all * (with a negative verb))/ Ban * (completely; absolutely; totally * (with a negative sentence))/ Marukishi * (completely; absolutely; totally; (not) at all)
Frequenc	Utter	完全 (な)	Kanzen (na)
Frequenc	Utterly	全く 散々 (散散) (な)	Mattaku * (really; truly; entirely; completely; wholly; perfectly)/ Sanzan (na) * (thoroughly; completely; utterly)
Frequenc	Whole (wholly; entirely)	全体	Zentai
Frequenc	Logic for superlative (good, better, best)	最上級の論理 (良い、良い、最高)	Saijōkyū no ronri (yoi, yoi, saikō)
Frequenc	Good	良い	Yoi
Frequenc	Better (preferably)	より良い/ 増し (まし) (な)	Yoriyoi/ Mashi (na)
Frequenc	Much better	ずっといい	Zutto ī
Frequenc	Best (greatest; the best; the most)	最高 (の/ な)/ 最上 (な) (最高)/ 一番 (の)	Saikō (no/ na)/ Saijō (na) (saikō)/ Ichiban (no)
Frequenc	Best (ideal)	最良	Sairyō
Frequenc	Bad	悪い	Warui
Frequenc	Worse	もっと悪い/ より悪い/ 悪い	Motto warui/ Yori warui/ Warui
Frequenc	Worst	最下 (な)/ 最低 (の)/ 最低限 (の)/ 最悪 (の)	Saika (na)/ Saitei (no)/ Saiteigen (no)/ Saiaku (no)
Frequenc	More	もっと	Motto
Frequenc	Less	より少ない	Yori sukunai
Frequenc	More often	多い	Ōi
Frequenc	More than	より多い/ 以上	Yori ōi/ Ijō
Frequenc	Less often	少ない	Sukunai
Frequenc	Less than	より少ない/ 未満/ 以下	Yori sukunai/ Miman/ Ika

Frequenc	More and more	だんだん (段々/ 段段)/ 益々 (益益/ 増々/ 増増/ ますます)/ 愈 (いよいよ)/ ますます多く/ 徐々にもっと/ 更に (さらに)	Dandan/ Masumasu * (increasingly; more and more; decreasingly (when declining); less and less)/ Iyoiyo/ Masumasu ōku/ Jojoni motto/ Sarani * (furthermore; again; after all; more and more; moreover; even more)
Frequenc	Less and less	益々 (益益/ 増々/ 増増/ ますます)/ 徐々に少ない (徐々に少なく)	Masumasu * (increasingly; more and more; decreasingly (when declining); less and less)/ Jojoni sukunai (jojoni sukunaku)
Frequenc	A little more (a bit more)	もう少し/ もう一寸/ 今少し/ 多め (の/ な)/ もそっと/ 一息 * (literally: 'one breath', (just) a little more)	Mōsukoshi/ Mōchotto/ Imasukoshi/ Ōme (no/ na)/ Mosotto/ Hitoiki
Frequenc	At least	少なくとも (少なくとも)	Sukunakutomo
Frequenc	At best	せいぜい (精々/ 精精)/ 多くとも/ どうせ	Seizei/ Ōku tomo/ Dōse * (means 'at best; at most', but can also mean 'anyhow; in any case; at any rate; after all; at all; no matter what')
Frequenc	At most	せいぜい (精々/ 精精)/ 多くとも/ せめて/ どうせ	Seizei/ Ōku tomo/ Semete * (at least; at most; (even) just)/ Dōse * (means 'at best; at most', but can also mean 'anyhow; in any case; at any rate; after all; at all; no matter what')
Frequenc	Least (the least)	少しでも/ 最低 (の/ な)/ 最小	Sukoshidemo/ Saitei (no/ na)/ Saishō
Frequenc	Maximum	最大/ 最大限/ 最高 (の/ な)	Saidai/ Saidaien/ Saikō (no/ na)
Frequenc	Minimum	最小/ 最低限/ 最低 (の/ な)	Saishō/ Saiteigen/ Saitei (no/ na)
Frequenc	Minimally (minimum)	最低限 (の)/ 最低 (の/ な) (最低限 (の))	Saiteigen (no)/ Saitei (no/ na) (saiteigen (no))
Frequenc	Maximally (maximum)	最大限 (の)/ 最大 (の/ な) (最大 (の/ な))	Saidaien (no)/ Saidai (no/ na) (saidai (no/ na))
Frequenc	Most	多くの/ 大部分	Ōku no/ Daibubun
Frequenc	More than most	もっと最もよりも/ ほとんどの人よりも/ 多くの人よりも/ たいていの人よりも (大抵の人よりも)	Motto mottomo yori mo * (more than most)/ Hotondo no hito yori mo * (more than most people)/ Ōku no hito yori mo/ Taitei no hito yori mo (taitei no hito yori mo)
Frequenc	First (the first)	最初 (の)	Saisho (no)
Frequenc	Beginning (the beginning)	始まり (はじまり)	Hajimari
Frequenc	In the beginning	初めに	Hajime ni
Frequenc	Starting (the start; beginning)	始まり/ スタート (する)/ 発足 (する)/ 発車 (する) (始まり; 始まり; スタート (する))	Hajimari/ Sutāto (suru)/ Hossoku (suru) * (starting; inauguration; launch; founding; establishment; start-up)/ Hassha (suru) * (departure (of a train, car, etc.); starting; leaving) (hajimari, hajimari; sutāto (suru))
Frequenc	Center (at the center; in the middle) (of)	中心 (に/ の)/ 中 (なか)	Chūshin (ni/ no)/ Naka
Frequenc	End (the end)	終わり (おわり)	Owari
Frequenc	In the end	最後に	Saigo ni

Frequenc	Finishing (the finish; ending)	終わり/ フィニッシュ (する)/ 仕上げ/ 片付け (フィニッシュ (する); エンディング (する))	Owari/ Finisshu (suru)/ Shiage * (finish; finishing; finishing touches)/ Katadzuke * (tidying up; finishing) (finisshu (suru), endingu (suru))
Frequenc	Initial (early days; beginning)	初期 (の)	Shoki (no)
Frequenc	Last (the last)	最後 (の)	Saigo (no)
Frequenc	Middle (the middle)	真ん中/ 中間/ 中 (なか)	Man'naka/ Chūkan/ Naka (Chū)
Frequenc	Originally (primarily)	本来 (の/ に)/ 元々 (元元/ 本々/ 本本) (に/ の)/ 元来/ 由来 (に/ する)/ 元は/ 抑 (そもそも)/ 元より/ 当初 (に/ の)/ 元 (もと)/ 始めは	Honrai (no/ ni)/ Motomoto (ni/ no)/ Ganrai/ Yurai (ni/ suru)/ / Moto wa * (gen wa)/ Somosomo/ Motoyori/ Tōsho (ni/ no)/ Moto/ Hajime wa
Frequenc	Newer	より新しい/ もっと新しい/ 新しい	Yori atarashī/ Motto atarashī/ Atarashī
Frequenc	Newest (the latest)	最も新しい/ 最新 (の)/ 一番新しい	Mottomo atarashī/ Saishin (no)/ Ichiban atarashī
Frequenc	Faster	より早く/ もっと早く/ 早く	Yori hayaku/ Motto hayaku/ Hayaku
Frequenc	Fastest	最も速い/ 最速 (の)/ 一番速い/ 見る見る	Mottomo hayai/ Saisoku (no)/ Ichiban hayai/ Mirumiru * (very fast; in a twinkle; before one's eyes)
Frequenc	Smaller	小さい/ より小さい/ もっと小さい	Chīsai/ Yori chīsai/ Motto chīsai
Frequenc	Smallest	最も小さい/ 最小 (の)/ 一番小さい	Mottomochīsai/ Saishō (no)/ Ichiban chīsai
Frequenc	Bigger	より大きい/ もっと大きい/ 大きい	Yori ōkī/ Motto ōkī/ Ōkī
Frequenc	Biggest	最も大きい/ 最大 (の)/ 一番大きい	Mottomo ōkī/ Saidai (no)/ Ichiban ōkī
Frequenc	Larger than large	大きいよりも大きい	Ōkī yori mo ōkī
Frequenc	Longer	より長い/ もっと長い/ 長い	Yori nagai/ Motto nagai/ Nagai
Frequenc	Longest	最も長い/ 最長/ 一番長い	Mottomo nagai/ Saichō/ Ichiban nagai
Frequenc	Taller	より高い/ もっと高い/ 高い	Yori takai/ Motto takai/ Takai
Frequenc	Tallest	最も高い/ 最高/ 一番高い	Mottomo takai/ Saikō/ Ichiban takai
Frequenc	Shorter	より短い/ もっと短い/ 短い	Yori mijikai/ Motto mijikai/ Mijikai
Frequenc	Shortest	最も短い/ 最短/ 一番短い	Mottomo mijikai/ Saitan/ Ichiban mijikai
Frequenc	Higher	より高い/ もっと高い	Yori takai/ Motto takai
Frequenc	Highest	最も高い/ 最高/ 一番高い	Mottomo takai/ Saikō/ Ichiban takai
Frequenc	Nearer	より近い/ もっと近く	Yori chikai/ Motto chikaku
Frequenc	Nearest (closest by; closest)	最も近い/ 最近/ 最寄り (最寄) (の)/ 一番近い	Mottomo chikai/ Saikin/ Moyori (no)/ Ichiban chikai
Frequenc	Further	より遠い/ もっと遠い/ さらに遠く	Yori tōi/ Motto tōi/ Sarani tōku
Frequenc	Furthest/ Farthest	最も遠い/ 最遠/ 一番遠い	Mottomo tōi/ Saien/ Ichiban tōi
Frequenc	Lower	より低い/ もっと低い/ 低い	Yori hikui/ Motto hikui/ Hikui
Frequenc	Lowest	最も低い/ 最低 (な/ の)/ 最小限 (の)/ 最少 (の)/ 最下 (な/ の)	Mottomo hikui/ Saitei (na/ no)/ Saishōgen (no)/ Saishō (no)/ Saika (na/ no)
Frequenc	Younger	年下/ より若い	Toshishita/ Yori wakai
Frequenc	Youngest	最年少/ 最も若い	Sainenshō/ Mottomo wakai

Frequenc	Older	より古い/ もっと古い/ 古い	Yori furui/ Motto furui/ Furui
Frequenc	Oldest	最も古い/ 最古(の)/ 一番古い	Mottomo furui/ Saiko (no)/ Ichiban furui
Frequenc	Lighter (brighter; more bright)	より明るく(より明るく, より明るく)	Yori akaruku (yori akaruku, yori akaruku)
Frequenc	Lightest (brightest)	最も明るい/ 一番明るい(最も明るい/ 一番明るい)	Mottomo akarui/ Ichiban akarui (mottomo akarui/ Ichiban akarui)
Frequenc	Darker (more dark)	より暗い(より暗い/ もっと暗い)	Yori kurai (yori kurai/ (motto kurai))
Frequenc	Darkest	最も暗い/ 一番暗い	Mottomo kurai/ ichiban kurai
Frequenc	Clearer (more clear)	より明確に(より明確に)	Yori meikaku ni (yori meikaku ni)
Frequenc	Clearest	最も明確(な)/ 最も鮮明	Mottomo meikaku (na)/ Mottomo senmei
Frequenc	Cold/ Colder/ Coldest	寒い/ もっと寒い/ 最も寒い	Samui/ Motto samui/ Mottomo samui atsui
Frequenc	Hot/ Hotter/ Hottest	熱い/ もっと熱い/ 最も熱い	Atsui/ Motto atsui/ Mottomo atsui
Frequenc	Deeper and deeper	より深く、より深く	Yori fukaku, yori fukaku
Frequenc	Higher and higher	高く高く	Takaku takaku
Frequenc	For the least part	少なくとも部分的に	Sukunakutomo bubun-teki ni
Frequenc	For the most part	ほとんどの場合	Hotondo no baai
Frequenc	Estimated	見積もり(の)/ 評価(する)/ 評価的(な)/ 推定(する/ の)/ 推定的(な)/ 推測(する)/ 推測的(な)/ 予測(する)/ 予測的(な)	Mitsumori (no)/ Hyōka (suru)/ Hyōka-teki (na)/ Suitei (suru/ no)/ Suitei-teki (na)/ Suisoku (suru)/ Suisoku-teki (na)/ Yosoku (suru)/ Yosoku-teki (na)
Frequenc	Underestimated (undervalued; underappreciated)	過小評価/ 過小評価されやすい/ 過小評価されてる/ 読みが甘い(過小評価; 過小評価)	Kashō hyōka/ Kashō hyōka sa re yasui/ Kashō hyōka sa re teru/ Yomi ga amai (kashō hyōka; kashō hyōka)
Frequenc	Overestimated (overvalued; overappreciated)	過大評価/ 過大評価されてる/ 過大評価される(過大評価; 過大評価)	Kadai hyōka/ Kadai hyōka sa re teru/ Kadai hyōka sa reru (kadai hyōka; kadai hyōka)
Frequenc	Heightened	高められた	Takamerareta
Frequenc	Lowered	低くなった	Hikuku natta
Frequenc	Hardened	硬化した	Kōka shita
Frequenc	Softened	柔らかくなった	Yawarakaku natta
Frequenc	Widened	広くなった	Hiroku natta
Frequenc	Smallened	小さくなった	Chisaku natta
Frequenc	Lengthened	長くなった	Nagaku natta
Frequenc	Lengthy	長い/ 長く	Nagai/ Nagaku
Frequenc	Shortened	短縮された	Tanshuku sareta
Frequenc	Weighted	加重	Kajū
Frequenc	Weighty	重い	Omoi
Frequenc	It is very good	とても良いです	Totemo yoidesu
Frequenc	It is very nice	とてもいいです	Totemo īdesu
Frequenc	It is very well	とても元気です	Totemo genkidesu
Frequenc	Much money	たくさんお金(沢山お金)/ 大金	Takusan okane/ Taikin
Frequenc	Quite good	けっこういい(結構いい)/ 結構良い	Kekkō ī/ Kekkō yoi
Frequenc	Quite lovely	とても素敵です	Totemo suteki desu
Frequenc	Quite much/ Quite many	かなり/ かなり多い	Kanari/ Kanari ōi

Frequenc	Quite nice	けっこういい (結構いい)/ 結構良い	Kekkō ī/ Kekkō yoi
Frequenc	Pretty nice	なかなかいい	Nakanaka ī
Frequenc	Quite often	かなり頻繁に	Kanari hinpan ni
Frequenc	Pretty often	かなり頻繁に	Kanari hinpan ni
Frequenc	Quite reasonable	かなり適度/ かなり合理的/ かなり妥当/ なかなか合理的 (中々合理的/ 中中合理的)/ 結構な合理的/ まあまあ合理的/ とても合理的	Kanari tekido/ Kanari gōri-teki/ Kanari datō/ Nakanaka gōri-teki/ Kekkōna gōri-teki/ Mā mā gōri-teki/ Totemo gōri-teki
Frequenc	Quite well	かなりよく (かなり良く/ 可也良く)	Kanari yoku
Frequenc	Some money	いくらかのお金	Ikuraka no okane
Frequenc	Some time	しばらく時間 (暫く時間)	Shibaraku jikan
Frequenc	Very happy (extremely excited)	とても幸せです (とても興奮しています)	Totemo shiawasedesu (totemo kōfun shite imasu)
Frequenc	Very much	とても	Totemo
Emo1	Happy	嬉しい * (short term happiness/ excitement)/ 楽しい/ 幸せ (な) * (long term happiness)/ 喜ばしい/ 喜び (な/ の)/ 楽しげ (たのしげ) (な)/ (お) 目出度い/ 愉快 (な)/ 機嫌 (な)/ 快然 (たる/ と)/ ハッピー (な)	Ureshī * (short term happiness/ excitement)/ Tanoshī/ Shiawase (na) * (long term happiness)/ Yorokobashī/ Yorokobi (na/ no)/ Tanoshi-ge (na) * (happy; cheerful; pleasant)/ (o) Medetai * (happy; auspicious; propitious; joyous)/ Yukai (na) * (pleasant; delightful; enjoyable; joyful; cheerful; amusing; happy)/ Kigen (na) * (humour; humor; temper; mood; spirits/ safety; health; well-being; one's situation/in a good mood; in high spirits; happy; cheery; merry; chipper)/ Kaizen (taru/ to) * (happy; elated; good mood; pleasant feelings)/ Happī (na)
Emo1	Happy (joyous)	嬉しい (嬉しい)	Ureshī (ureshī)
Emo1	Joyful (happy; cheerful; melodious)	楽しい/ 嬉しい (うれしい)/ 喜び (の)/ 喜ばしい/ 愉快 (な)/ 欣々然 (欣欣然) (たる/ と)/ 欣然 (たる/ と)/ 嬉々 (嬉嬉) (たる/ と)/ ジョイフル (の/ な)/ いそいそ (と/ する) (陽気 (な); 元気よく; 朗らか (な); メロディアス (な))	Tanoshī/ Ureshī (ureshī)/ Yorokobi (no)/ Yorokobashī/ Yukai (na)/ Kinkinzen (taru/ to)/ Kinzen (taru/ to)/ Kiki (taru/ to)/ Joifuru (no/ na)/ Isoiso (to/ suru) * (cheerfully; joyously; joyfully; happily; lightheartedly; excitedly; eagerly) (Yōki (na); Genki yoku; Hogaraka (na); Merodiasu (na))
Emo1	Great (excellent)	素晴らしい/ 凄い (すごい)/ 素敵 (すてき) (な)/ 偉大 (な)	Subarashī/ Sugoi (sugoi)/ Suteki (na)/ idai (na)
Emo1	Excellent (brilliant)	優秀 (に/ な)/ 実によく/ 偉い/ 良い (善い/ よい)/ 見事 (に/ な)/ 上等/ 良好/ 結構/ 抜群/ 上々 (上上)/ 絶佳 (な/ の)	Yūshū (ni/ na)/ Jitsuni yoku/ Erai/ Yoi/ Migoto (ni/ na)/ Jōtō/ Ryōkō/ Kekkō/ Batsugun/ Jōjō (jōjō)/ Zekka (na/ no) * (superb (view, landscape); excellent; absolutely beautiful; exquisite)
Emo1	Superb	見事/ 凄い (すごい)/ 素敵 (すてき) (な)/ 絶佳 (な/ の)	Migoto/ Sugoi (sugoi)/ Suteki (na)/ Zekka (na/ no) * (superb (view, landscape); excellent; absolutely beautiful; exquisite)

Emo1	Absolutely pure	絶対に純粋 (な)/ 絶対的に純粋 (な)/ 完全に純粋 (な)/ まったく純粋 (全く純粋) (な)	Zettai ni junsui (na)/ Zettai-teki ni junsui (na)/ Kanzen ni junsui (na)/ Mattaku junsui (na)
Emo1	Active	活発 (な)/ 活動的 (な)/ 積極的 (な)/ 活動中 (な/ に)/ アクティブ (な)	Kappatsu (na)/ Katsudō-teki (na)/ Sekigyokuteki (na)/ Katsudō-chū (na/ ni)/ Akutibu (na)
Emo1	Amazing (incredible, wonderful)	素晴らしい (すばらしい)/ 驚くべき/ 凄い (すごい)/ 不思議 (な)/ 目覚ましい (目覚しい)/ ゴイスー (な)/ アメージング (な)/ 圧巻	Subarashī/ Odorokubeki/ Sugoi/ Fushigi (na)/ Mezamashī/ Goisū (na) * (slang, derived from 'sugoi')/ Amējingu (na)/ Akkan * (stunning; incredible; spectacular; breathtaking)
Emo1	Awesome	素晴らしい/ 恐れ多い/ 恐るべし (な)/ 最高の (の/ な)	Subarashī * (wonderful; splendid; magnificent)/ Osoreōi * (awesome; awe-inspiring; august; gracious)/ Osorubeshi (na) * (awesome; incredible)/ Sai no taka (no/ na) * (awesome; the best)
Emo1	Beautiful	美しい (愛しい)/ 綺麗 (な)/ 麗しい/ 美しい (美々しい)/ 見事 (な)/ ビューティフル (な)	Utsukushī/ Kirei (na)/ Uruwashī/ Bibishī/ Migoto (na)/ Byūtifuru (na)
Emo1	Bright (vivid; vibrant)	明るい/ 鮮やか (な)	Akarui/ Azayaka (na)
Emo1	Brilliant	輝かしい/ 素晴らしい/ ブリリアント/ 優秀 (な)/ 華々しい (華々しい/ 花々しい/ 花花しい)	Kagayakashī/ Subarashī/ Buririanto/ Yūshū (na)/ Hanabanashī
Emo1	Clear (obvious, evident)	クリア (明らか (な), 明らか (な))	Kuria (Akiraka (na), Akiraka (na))
Emo1	Clear (pure, tidy)	清く (清く, 清く)	Kiyoku (kiyoku, kiyoku)
Emo1	Cool!	格好いい (かっこいい)	Kakkoī
Emo1	Gentle (meek; modest)	しおらしい/ 大人しい (温和しい)/ 柔和 (な)	Shiorashī/ Otonashī/ Nyūwa (na)
Emo1	Glad	嬉しい	Ureshī
Emo1	Fair (honest; reasonable)	公正 (な)/ 公平 (な)/ 良心的 (な)/ 公明 (な)/ 明朗 (な)/ 正面に (まともに)/ 結構 (な)/ まんまと/ フェア (な)/ 同一 (の/ な) (正直 (な); 合理的 (な))	Kōsei (na)/ Kōhei (na)/ Ryōshin-teki (na)/ Kōmei (na)/ Meirō (na)/ Matomo ni (shōmen ni)/ Kekkō (na) * (splendid; nice; wonderful; delightful; lovely; excellent; fine/ rather; quite; fairly; pretty; surprisingly; quite a bit; fairly well)/ Manmato * (successfully; fairly; artfully; nicely; completely; thoroughly)/ Fea (na)/ Dōitsu (no/ na) * (fair; equal treatment; without discrimination) (Shōjiki (na); Gōri-teki (na))
Emo1	Fantastic	素晴らしい/ 奇想天外 (な/ の)/ 素敵 (な)/ 幻想的 (な)	Subarashī * (wonderful; splendid; magnificent)/ Kisōtengai (na/ no) * (fantastic; bizarre; incredible; unbelievable)/ Suteki (na) * (lovely; wonderful; nice; great; fantastic; superb; cool)/ Gensō-teki (na) * (fantastic; magical; wondrous; whimsical; fairytale-like; romantic)
Emo1	Fascinating	魅力的 (な)/ 面白い	Miriyokuteki (na)/ Omoshiroi

Emo1	Flattering	(お) 世辞 (する/ の)/ 煽てる (おだてる)	(o) Seji (suru/ no) * (usually oseji is used because that is polite, seji may sound impolite)/ Odateru
Emo1	Fresh	新鮮	Shinsen
Emo1	Friendly (kind, pleasant)	親しみやすい/ 親切 (深切) (な)/ 気さく (な)/ 友好的 (に/ な)/ 細やか (な)/ フレンドリー (な)/ 人懐っこい/ 懇意 (な)/ 仄々 (仄仄) (と/ する)	Shitashimi yasui/ Shinsetsu (na)/ Kisaku (na)/ Yūkō-teki (ni/ na)/ Komayaka (na)/ Furendorī (na)/ Hitonatsukko/ Kon'i (na)/ Honobono (to/ suru)
Emo1	Funny (amusing)	可笑しい (おかしい)/ 面白い	Okashī/ Omoshiroi
Emo1	Healthy	健康 (な)	Kenkō (na)
Emo1	Helpful	役に立った/ 有用 (に/ な)	Yakunitatta/ Yūyō (ni/ na)
Emo1	Interesting	面白い/ 面白 (な/ の/ する)/ インタレスティング (な/ の)/ 味気ある (味気有る/ あじきある)	Omoshiroi/ Omoshiro (na/ no/ suru)/ Intaresutingu (na/ no)/ Ajike aru
Emo1	Kind (hospitable; warm)	懇ろ/ 親切 (深切) (な)/ 優しい/ 厚い/ 暖かい/ 心の優しい/ 手厚い/ 懇切 (な)/ 仄々 (仄仄) (と/ する)	Nengoro/ Shinsetsu (na)/ Yasashī/ Atsui/ Attakai/ Kokoro no yasashī/ Teatsui/ Konsetsu (na)/ Honobono (to/ suru)
Emo1	Love	愛する	Aisuru (Ai suru)
Emo1	Loving	愛する/ 大好き (な)/ 愛情深い	Aisuru * (to love)/ Daisuki (na)/ Aijōbukai
Emo1	Lovely	素晴らしい/ 素敵 (すてき) (な)/ 美しい	Subarashī/ Suteki (na)/ Uruwashī
Emo1	Pretty (adorable; cute)	可愛い (かわいい)	Kawaii
Emo1	Scenic	風光明媚 (な/ の)/ 景勝 (の)/ 名勝 (の)/ 風景地 (の)/ 勝地 (の)/ 景 (けい) (の)/ 観光 (する/ の)/ 風景 (の)	Fūkō meibi (na/ no)/ Keishō (no)/ Meishō (no)/ Fūkei-chi (no)/ Shōchi (no)/ Kei (no)/ Kankō (suru/ no)/ Fūkei (no)
Emo1	Serene	穏やか (な)	Odayaka (na)
Emo1	Sensitive (delicate)	敏感 (な)/ 多感 (な)/ 繊細 (な)/ 細かい/ 感じやすい (感じ易い/ かんじやすい)/ センシティブ (な)/ デリケート (な) (繊細 (な))	Binkan (na) * (becomes 'binkan'na')/ Takan (na) * (becomes 'takan'na')/ Sensai (na)/ Komakai/ Kanji yasui/ Senshitibu (na)/ Derikēto (na) (Sensai (na))
Emo1	Splendid (magnificent)	素晴らしい/ 立派 (な)/ 見事 (な)/ 豪快 (な)/ 壮大 (な)/ 華麗 (な)/ 華々しい (華華しい/ 花々しい/ 花花しい)	Subarashī/ rippa (na)/ Migoto (na)/ Gōkai (na)/ Sōdai (na)/ Karei (na)/ Hanabanashī
Emo1	Tranquil	静か (な)	Shizuka (na)
Emo1	Vibrant	活気に満ちた/ 鮮やか (な)/ 瑞々しい (瑞瑞しい/ 水々しい/ 水水しい/ みずみずしい)	Kakki ni michita/ Azayaka (na) * (vivid; bright; brilliant; clear; fresh; vibrant/ skillful; skilful; adroit; brilliant (performance, goal, etc.); splendid; superb; magnificent; fine)/ Mizumizushī * (fresh and youthful; lively; vibrant; vivacious; juicy (e.g. fruit))

Emo1	Warmly (friendly; in a heartwarming manner)	仄々 (仄仄/ ほんぼの)/ 温かい (暖かい/ あったかい/ あたたかい)/ 親身になって/ 懇ろ (な)/ 機嫌よく (機嫌良く/ きげんよく)/ 厚い (篤い/ あつい)/ 手厚い/ 細やか (濃やか/ こまやか) (な)	Honobono/ Atatakai (attakai/ atatakai)/ Shinmi ni natte/ Nengoro (na)/ Kigen yoku/ Atsui/ Teatsui/ Komayaka (komayaka/ komayaka) (na)
Emo1	Wonderful (amazing, fantastic)	素晴らしい/ 凄い (すごい)/ 素敵 (すてき) (な)/ 不思議 (な)/ 目覚ましい (目覚しい)	Subarashī/ Sugoi (sugoi)/ Suteki (na)/ Fushigi (na)/ Mezamashī
Emo1	Accommodating (compliant)	融通がきく (融通が利く/ ゆうずうがきく)/ 自由が利く (自由がきく/ じゆうがきく)/ 親切 (な)/ 収容 (する)/ 宿泊 (する) (準拠 (する)/ 対応 (する)/ コンプライアント (な)/ コンプライアンス (な))	Yūzū ga kiku/ Jiyū ga kiku/ Shinsetsu (na) * (accommodating as in kind; gentle; friendly)/ Shūyō (suru) * (accommodation; taking in; receiving; housing)/ Shukuhaku (suru) * (accommodation; lodging) (Junkyo (suru)/ Taiō (suru)/ Konpuraianto (na)/ Konpuraiansu (na))
Emo1	Admirably	見事に	Migoto ni
Emo1	Adorable	愛らしい	Airashī * (pretty; charming; lovely; adorable)
Emo1	Adventurous	冒険好き/ 冒険的 (な)/ 冒険心 (の)/ 冒険の心/ アドベンチャラス (な)	Bōken suki/ Bōken-teki (na)/ Bōkenshin * (not bōkenkokoro) (no)/ Bōken no kokoro (no)/ Adobencharasu (na)
Emo1	Affectionate	愛情深い/ 優しい/ 可愛がる/ 親しみ深い/ 優 (やさ) (な)/ 敦睦 (な)	Aijōbukai * (loving; caring; devoted)/ Yasashī * (tender; kind; gentle; graceful; affectionate; amiable)/ Kawai garu * (to be affectionate to; to treat tenderly; to dote on; to show one's love (for); to cherish/ to show favouritism to; to be partial to/ to fondle; to caress; to pet)/ Shitashimibukai * (friendly; affectionate)/ Yasa (na) * (gentle; affectionate)/ Tonboku (na) * (cordial and friendly; affectionate)
Emo1	Allowed	許可された/ 可 (か)/ 可能 (な)/ 許可済み (許可済) (と)/ 同意した/ 賛成した/ 認可した	Kyoka sa reta/ Ka/ Kanō (na)/ Kyoka sumi (to)/ Dōi shita/ Sansei shita/ Ninka shita
Emo1	Alluring (luring)	魅惑的 (な)/ 誘惑的 (な)/ 蠱惑的 (な)/ 妖しい (魅惑的 (な))	Miwaku-teki (na) * (charming; fascinating; enchanting; bewitching; beguiling; captivating; alluring)/ Yūwaku-teki (na) * (alluring; enticing; tempting; seductive)/ Kowaku-teki (na) * (fascinating; alluring)/ Ayashī * (mysterious; bewitching; alluring; enticing; enchanting) (miwaku-teki (na))
Emo1	Altruistic	利他的 (な)	Rita-teki (na)

Emo1	Amazed	驚いた/ 吃驚 (する)/ 愕然 (たる/ と)/ 呆れる/ 魂消る/ 仰天 (する)	Odoroita * (surprised; astonished; amazed)/ Bikkuri (suru) * (to be surprised; to be amazed; to be frightened; to be astonished; to get startled; to jump/ surprise (e.g. surprise party))/ Gakuzen (taru/ to) * (astonished; shocked; amazed; astounded; aghast)/ Akireru * (to be amazed; to be shocked; to be astonished; to be astounded; to be disgusted; to be exasperated; to be fed up)/ Tamageru * (to be astonished; to be flabbergasted; to be startled; to be amazed)/ Gyōten (suru) * (being amazed; being horrified; being taken aback)
Emo1	Ambitious	野心的 (な)	Yashin-teki (na)
Emo1	Amusing	面白い/ おかしい (可笑しい)	Omoshiroi/ Okashī
Emo1	Anecdotal	逸話	Itsuwa * (anecdote; story; episode)
Emo1	Appreciated (cherished)	感謝 (する/ します/ している)/ 感謝される/ 評価 (する/ します)/ 有難い (有り難い/ ありがたい)/ 大歓迎 (の) (大切に/ 大切にしている)	Kansha (suru/ shimasu/ shite iru)/ Kansha sareru/ Hyōka (suru/ shimasu)/ Arigatai/ Dai kangei (no) (Taisetsu ni suru (taisetsu ni shite iru))
Emo1	Appropriate (suitable)	適切 (な)/ 適当 (な)/ (に) 適した/ 相当 (な/ の/ する)	Tekisetsu (na)/ Tekitō (na)/ (ni) Tekishita/ Sōtō (na/ no/ suru)
Emo1	Appropriate behaviour	適切な行動	Tekisetsuna kōdō
Emo1	Archaic	アルカイック (な/ の)/ 古風 (な)/ 古めかしい	Arukaikku (na/ no) * (is from the French "archaïque")/ Kofū (na) * (old-fashioned; archaic; antique; antiquated)/ Furumekashī * (old-fashioned; ancient-looking; time-worn)
Emo1	Ardent (fiery)	熱烈 (な) (燃えるよう (な))	Netsuretsu (na) (moeru yō (na))
Emo1	As a matter of fact (in fact)	実際のところ/ 実際は/ 実は/ 事実上 (の)/ 実を言えば/ 実を言うと/ 実のところ (実際のところ)	Jissai no tokoro/ Jissai wa/ Jitsuwa (jitsu wa)/ Jijitsujō (no)/ Jitsuwoieba * (as a matter of fact; to tell the truth)/ Jitsuwoyuuto * (as a matter of fact; to tell the truth)/ Jitsunotokoro * (as a matter of fact; to tell the truth) (jissai no tokoro)
Emo1	As one likes (as one wants; as one wishes; as one hopes)	思い通り	Omoidōri
Emo1	Assertive (proactive)	積極的 (な)/ 威勢がいい (威勢が良い/ 威勢がよい)/ 威勢のいい (威勢のよい/ 威勢のよい)/ アサーティブ (な) (積極的 (な)/ 主体的 (な)/ 順向 (の)/ 順向性 (の)/ 前向き (な/ の)/ 前のめり (な/ の)/ プロアクティブ (な/ の))	Sekigyokuteki (na)/ Isei ga ī (isei ga yoi)/ Isei no ī (isei no yoi)/ Asātibu (na) (Sekigyokuteki (na)/ Shutai-teki (na)/ Junkō (no)/ Jun kōsei (no)/ Maemuki (na/ no)/ Maenomeri (na/ no)/ Puroakutibu (na/ no))
Emo1	Astonishing (Astounding)	驚くべき (驚くべき)	Odorokubeki (odorokubeki)
Emo1	Atmospheric	雰囲気のある/ 雰囲気の/ 魅力的 (な)	Fun'iki no aru/ Fun'iki no/ Miryokuteki (na)

Emo1	Attractive (good-looking; handsome)	格好いい/ ハンサム (な)/ 立派 (な)/ 眉目秀麗 (な/ の)/ 格好の良い/ カッチョ良い	Kakkōi/ Hansamu (na)/ Rippa (na)/ Bimoku shūrei (na/ no)/ Kakkōnōi/ Katcho yoi
Emo1	Authentic	本物 (に/ な/ の)/ 本当 (に/ な/ の)/ 本格的 (な)/ 正真正銘 (の/ な)/ 誠実 (な)/ オーセンティック (な)/ 本場 (な)/ 本場風 (の)	Honmono (ni/na/no) * (genuine article; real thing; real deal)/ Hontō (ni/ na/ no)/ Honkaku-teki (na)/ Shōshinshōmei (no/ na) * (genuine; authentic; true; real)/ Seijitsu (na) * (sincere; honest; faithful; authentic; applies to persons, like being a real or honest person)/ Ōsentikku (na)/ Honba (na) * (home (of something); place famous for its ...; center (e.g. of manufacture); best place (for)/ authentic)/ Honba-fū (no) * (authentic (to the region it is from); in the original style)
Emo1	Balanced (harmonious)	バランスの取れた (調和のとれた/ 円満 (な))	Baransu no toreta (Chōwa no toreta/ Enman (na))
Emo1	Bearable	耐えられる	Taerareru
Emo1	Bedight (adorned; decorated)	飾る/ 飾り立てた (飾り立てる) (装飾された; 装飾された)	Kazaru * (to decorate; to ornament; to adorn)/ Kazaritateta (kazaritateru) * (to decorate gaudily; to overdecorate; to deck out; to embellish) (Sōshoku sa reta * (ornament; decoration); sōshoku sa reta)
Emo1	Being immersed in (being absorbed in)	三昧 (の)	Sanmai (zanmai) (no) * (Buddhism)
Emo1	Beneficent	慈悲深い/ 恵み/ 慈善心に富む/ 寛大 (な)	Jihibukai/ Megumi/ Jizenshin ni tomu * (to be rich in benevolence; to be abundant in benevolence; to be full of benevolence; to abound in benevolence)/ Kandai (na)
Emo1	Benevolent (compassionate; merciful)	慈悲深い/ 慈悲的 (な)/ 慈悲 (の/ な)/ 仁 (の/ な)/ 優しい (慈悲深い, 慈悲深い)	Jihibukai/ Jihi-teki (na)/ Jihi (no/ na)/ Jin (no/ na)/ Yasashī (jihibukai, jihibukai)
Emo1	Big deal (a big deal)	大したこと/ 大した/ 大事 (な)/ 重要 (な)/ 重い/ 重大 (な)	Taishita koto/ Taishita/ Daiji (na) * (important; serious; crucial/ valuable; precious/ serious matter; major incident; matter of grave concern; crisis/ great undertaking; great enterprise; great thing)/ Jūyō (na) * (important; essential; significant; major; key; principal)/ Omoi * (important (position, responsibility, etc.); serious; grave)/ Jūdai (na) * (serious; important; significant; grave; weighty)
Emo1	Blameless	無罪 (の/ な)/ 文句のつけようがない/ 無辜 (の/ な)	Muzai (no/ na) * (innocence; being not guilty/ acquittal * (In the common law tradition, an acquittal formally certifies the accused is free from the charge of an offense, as far as the criminal law is concerned))/ Monku no tsuke-yō ga nai * (blameless; above reproach; beyond reproach; faultless; perfect)/ Muko (no/ na) * (innocent; blameless; guiltless)
Emo1	Blessed	祝福された	Shukufuku sa reta

Emo1	Blinking	瞬き (する)/ 点滅 (する/ の)	Mabataki (suru)/ Tenmetsu (suru/ no)
Emo1	Bold (daring; courageous)	大胆 (に/ な)/ 果敢 (に/ な)/ 豪胆 (剛胆) (に/ な)/ 勇氣 (に/ な ある)/ 逞しい/ 恐れ気もなく	Daitan (ni/ na)/ Kakan (ni/ na)/ Gōtan (ni/ na)/ Yūki (ni/ na/ aru)/ Takumashī/ Osorege mo naku
Emo1	Brand new (brand new car)	新品 (の)/ 真新しい/ 買いたて (買いたて/ かいたて) (の)/ 下ろしたて (下ろし立て/ おろしたて)/ 仕立て上がり/ まっさら (真っさら/ 真っ新/ 真っ更) (な/ の)/ ピカピカ (と/ の/ な/ する)/ ブランニュー (の/ な) (真新しい車)	Shinpin (no)/ Maatarashī/ Kai-tate (kaitate) (no)/ Oroshi-tate/ Shitate agari/ Massara (na/ no)/ Pikapika (to/ no/ na/ suru)/ Buran'nyū (no/ na) (maatarashī kuruma)
Emo1	Brave	勇敢 (な)/ 勇ましい/ 雄々しい/ 勇氣ある/ 健気 (な)/ 厳しい	Yūkan (na)/ Isamashī/ Ooshī * (manly; brave; heroic)/ Yūki aru * (courageous; brave; bold; valiant)/ Kenage (na) * (admirable; commendable; praiseworthy; laudable; brave; heroic; noble; courageous)/ Ikai * (brave; daring; fierce)
Emo1	Brightly (clearly; transparently)	明るく (くっきり・透き通って)	Akaruku (kukkiri sukitōtte)
Emo1	Brilliant (glossy)	光沢 (の)	Kōtaku (no)
Emo1	Careful (someone who pays attention)	注意深い/ 注意する/ 気をつける/ 念入り (な)/ 入念 (な)/ 思慮深い/ 丁寧 (丁寧) (な/ に)	Chūibukai/ Chūi suru/ Kiwotsukeru/ Nen'iri (na)/ Nyūnen (na)/ Shiryobukai/ Teinei (na/ ni)
Emo1	Careful (alert; wary)	気をつけて/ 注意深い/ 慎重 (な) (用心深い/ 用心深く)/ 注意深く	Kiwotsukete/ Chūibukai/ Shinchō (na) (yōjinbukai/ yōjinbukaku)/ Chūibukaku
Emo1	Catchy	キャッチー (な)/ 魅力的 (な)	Kyatchī (na)/ Miriyokuteki (na) * (charming; fascinating; attractive)
Emo1	Cautious	用心深い	Yōjinbukai * (careful; cautious; wary; watchful; vigilant; prudent)
Emo1	Charismatic	カリスマ性のある/ カリスマ的 (な)	Karisuma-sei no aru/ Karisuma-teki (na)
Emo1	Charitable	慈善活動 (の/ (的) な)/ 情け深い/ 情の深い/ 慈悲深い	Jizen katsudō (no/ (teki) na)/ Nasakebukai/ Jō no fukai/ Jihibukai
Emo1	Charming (fascinating; attractive)	魅力的 (に/ な)/ 可愛い/ チャーミング (な)/ 愛らしい/ 愛くるしい/ 微笑ましい	Miryokuteki (ni/ na)/ Kawaii/ Chāmingu (na)/ Airashī/ Aikurushī/ Hohoemashī
Emo1	Cheerful (melodious)	陽気 (な)/ 朗らか (な)/ 明朗 (な)/ 浮き浮き (と/ する)/ 快活 (快闊/ 快潤/ 快豁) (な)/ 愉快 (な)/ 楽しげ (な)/ 軽快 (な)/ 明るい/ 陽性 (な/ の)/ 気軽い/ 晴れ晴れ (と/ する)/ 和やか (な)/ 機嫌がいい/ 威勢のいい/ 威勢がいい/ 欣然 (たる/ と)/ 元気よく (元気良く/ 朗らか (な)/ メロディアス (な))	Yōki (na)/ Hogaraka (na)/ Meirō (na)/ Ukiuki (to/ suru)/ Kaikatsu (na)/ Yukai (na)/ Tanoshi-ge (na)/ Keikai (na)/ Akarui/ Yōsei (na/ no)/ Kigarui/ Harebare (to/ suru)/ Nagoyaka (na)/ Kigengaī/ Isei no ī/ Isei ga ī/ Kinzen (taru/ to)/ Genki yoku (Genki yoku/ Hogaraka (na)/ Merodiasu (na))
Emo1	Cherished	大切にされる	Taisetsu ni sareru
Emo1	Clever (smart)	頭がいい	Atamagai

Emo1	Closely watched (closely monitored; closely observed)	嚴重に監視 (する)/ 注視 (する/ の/ な)/ 注目 (する)/ 密接に見られる/ 嚴重に監察 (する) (嚴重に監視 (する); 嚴重に觀察 (する))	Genjū ni kanshi (suru)/ Chūshi (suru/ no/ na)/ Chūmoku (suru)/ Missetsu ni mirareru/ Genjū ni kansatsu (suru) (genjū ni kanshi (suru); genjū ni kansatsu (suru))
Emo1	Colourful (colorful)	カラフル (カラフル) (な)/ 多彩 (な)/ 明るい/ 色彩豊か (な)	Karafuru (karafuru) (na)/ Tasai (na)/ Akarui/ Shikisai yutaka (na)
Emo1	Multicolored	多彩 (な)	Tasai (na)
Emo1	Comfortable (relaxed, at ease; calm)	快適 (な) (リラックス; 安心; 穏やか)	Kaiteki (na) (rirakkusu; anshin; odayaka)
Emo1	Compassionate (compassionately; caring; merciful; good hearted)	思いやりがある/ 思いやりのある/ 思いやりを持って/ 同情 (する)/ 慈悲 (の)/ 情け (の)/ 情 (じょう) (の)/ 仁 (じん) (の)/ 哀れみ (の)/ 同情心 (の)/ 恩情 (の)/ 情け深い/ 慈悲深い/ 情に厚い/ 心の優しい/ 温情のある/ 同情的 (な)/ 哀れみ深い	Omoiyari ga aru/ Omoiyari no aru/ Omoiyari o motte/ Dōjō (suru)/ Jihi (no) * (mercy; compassion; clemency; pity; charity; benevolence)/ Nasake (no) * (pity; sympathy; compassion; mercy/ affection; love)/ Jō (ji ~you) (no) * (feelings; emotion; sentiment/ compassion; sympathy)/ Jin (no) * (benevolence (esp. as a virtue of Confucianism); consideration; compassion; humanity; charity)/ Awaremi (no) * (pity; compassion)/ Dōjō kokoro (no) * (sympathy; compassion)/ Onjō (no) * (compassion; affection)/ Nasakebukai * (tender-hearted; compassionate; charitable; good-hearted)/ Jihibukai * (compassionate; merciful; benevolent; charitable; humane)/ Jōniatsui/ Kokoro no yasashī * (kind; kind-hearted)/ Onjō no aru * (having a warm heart; showing kindness)/ Dōjō-teki (na)/ Awaremi fukai
Emo1	Competent	有能	Yūnō
Emo1	Confident	自信的 (な)/ 自信 (な/ の)/ 自信を持って/ 自信を持つ/ 信頼できる/ 強気 (な/ の)/ 自信たっぷり/ 肩で風を切る/ 頭がスッキリする	Jishin-teki (na)/ Jishin (na/ no) * (when adding 'na', it becomes jishin'na)/ Jishin o motte/ Jishin o motsu/ Shinraidekiru/ Tsuyoki (na/ no)/ Jishin tappuri/ Katadekazewokiru * (this means to be confident; to have no worries, but it literally means: cut the wind with one's shoulders)/ Atama ga sukkiri suru * (literally means: to have a clear head)
Emo1	Confidently	自信あり/ 自信を持って	Jishin ari / jishin o motte
Emo1	Considerate (thoughtful; take into account)	思いやり/ 思いやりのある/ 思いやりがある	Omoiyari/ Omoiyari no aru/ Omoiyari ga aru

Emo1	Contemplative	瞑想的 (な)/ 観照的 (な)/ 思索的 (な)/ 反省的 (な)/ 物思わしい/ 瞑想的 (な)/ 反省的である/ 反省 (する)	Meisō-teki (na) * (meditative; contemplative/ meditation (with closed eyes); contemplation)/ Kanshō-teki (na) * (contemplative; meditative; meditational)/ Shisaku-teki (na) * (contemplative; meditative)/ Hansei-teki (na) * (reflection; reconsideration; introspection; meditation; contemplation/ regret; repentance; remorse; being sorry)/ Monoomowashī * (pensive; meditative; wistful)/ Meisō-teki (na) * (meditation (with closed eyes); contemplation)/ Hansei-tekidearu/ Hansei (suru)
Emo1	Contemporary	今風 (の/ な)/ 当世流 (な)/ 現代 (の)/ コンテンポラリー (な)	Imafū (no/ na)/ Tōsei-ryū (na)/ Gendai (no)/ Kontenporarī (na)
Emo1	Convincing	説得力のある/ 納得できる	Settoku-ryoku no aru/ Nattokudekiru
Emo1	Courteous	丁寧 (な)/ 礼儀正しい/ 丁重 (な)/ 慇懃 (な)/ 手厚い/ 儀礼的 (な)/ 折り目正しい	Teinei (na) * (polite; courteous; civil/ careful; close; thorough; conscientious)/ Reigi tadashī * (courteous; decorous; polite)/ Teichō (na) * (polite; courteous; hospitable)/ Ingin (na) * (means 'polite; courteous; civil', but be careful as it could also mean 'friendship; (sexual) intimacy')/ Teatsui * (warm (treatment, reception, etc.); kind; cordial; hospitable; courteous; respectful)/ Girei-teki (na) * (formal; courteous; ritual; ritualistic)/ Orime tadashī * (well-mannered; courteous; polite)
Emo1	Cozy	居心地の良い/ 居心地いい/ 居心地がいい/ 安楽 (な)/ コージー (な)/ アットホーム (な)/ ほんわか	Igokochinoyoi/ Igokochi ī/ Igokochigai/ Anraku (na)/ Kōjī (na)/ Attohōmu (na) * (Wasei, word made in Japan, From English “at home”)/ Honwaka * (onomatopoeic or mimetic word)
Emo1	Creative	独創的 (な)/ 創造的 (な)/ 創作的 (な)/ クリエイティブ (な)	Dokusō-teki (na) * (creative; original)/ Sōzō-teki (na) * (creative)/ Sōsaku-teki (na) * (creative)/ Kurieitibu (na) * (creative)
Emo1	Curious	興味がある/ 詮索好き (な)/ 好奇心が強く/ 好奇心旺盛 (な)/ 興味津々 (興味津津/ 興味しんしん/ きょうみしんしん) (の/ たる/ と)/ 興味深い	Kyōmigāru/ Sensaku suki (na)/ Kōkishin ga tsuyoku/ Kōkishin ōsei (na)/ Kyōmishinshin (no/ taru/ to)/ Kyōmibukai
Emo1	Dapper	粋 (いき) (な)/ 小粋 (な)/ パリッと (する)	Iki (na)/ Koiki (na)/ Paritto (suru)
Emo1	Dazzling	眩い (目映い/ まばゆい)/ 眩しい/ 煌々 (たる/ と) (煌煌/ 晃々/ 晃晃)/ ギラギラ (ぎらぎら) (と/ する)/ 光彩陸離 (たる/ と)/ 陸離 (たる/ と)	Mabayui * (dazzling; glaring; dazzlingly beautiful)/ Mabushii * (dazzling; radiant)/ Kōkō (taru/ to)/ Giragira (to/ suru)/ Kōsai rikuri (taru/ to)/ Rikuri (taru/ to)

Emo1	Decent (decently)	まとも (正面) (な)/ 碌 (な)	Matomo (na) * (honest; upright; decent; proper; respectable; straight; serious; sensible)/ Roku (na) * (satisfactory; decent; good; proper; respectable)
Emo1	Decently (gracefully; plausibly; politely; tactfully; discreetly)	体良く	Teiyoku
Emo1	Decisive	決定的 (である/ な/ に/ の)/ 決然 (たる/ と)/ 果断 (な)/ 決定 (する)/ 決定力のある/ 決断力のある/ 決断的 (な)	Ketteiteki (dearu/ na/ ni/ no)/ Ketsuzen (taru/ to)/ Kadan (na) * (decisive; resolute; drastic)/ Kettei (suru)/ Kettei-ryoku no aru/ Ketsudan-ryoku no aru/ Ketsudan-teki (na) * (decision; determination)
Emo1	Deeply moved emotionally	感動 (する)/ 感銘 (肝銘) (する)/ 感慨無量 (の/ な)/ 感慨 (する)/ 恐懼感激 (する)/ ジーンと来る/ 感涙 (する)	Kandō (suru)/ Kanmei (suru)/ Kangaimuryō (no/ na)/ Kangai (suru)/ Kyōkukangeki (suru)/ Jīn to kuru/ Kanrui (suru)
Emo1	Delighted (pleased; glad; happy)	喜ぶ	Yorokobu
Emo1	Delightful	楽しい	Tanoshī * (enjoyable; fun; pleasant; happy; delightful)
Emo1	Desired (desirable)	望ましい/ 欲しい/ 懐かし (の)/ 好ましい/ 美味しい (おいしい)/ 有るべき (あるべき)/ 面白い/ 有らまほしい (あらまほしい)/ 願わしい	Nozomashī * (desirable; hoped for; preferable; advisable)/ Hoshī * (wanting (to have); desiring; wishing for)/ Natsukashi (no) * (dear; desired; missed; longed-for; nostalgic)/ Konomashī * (nice; likeable; desirable)/ Oishī * (attractive (offer, opportunity, etc.); appealing; convenient; favorable; desirable; profitable)/ Arubeki * (ideal; desirable; the way something should be; target; goal)/ Omoshiroi * (good; satisfactory; favourable; desirable; encouraging)/ Ara ma hoshī * (desirable; ideal)/ Negawashī * (desirable)
Emo1	Determined	決定した (決定される)/ 決心した/ 決断した/ 決意した/ 断固 (たる/ と)/ 果敢 (な)	Kettei shita (kettei sareru)/ Kesshin shita/ Ketsudan shita/ Ketsui shita/ Danko (taru/ to)/ Kakan (na) * (becomes 'kakan'na'/ resolute; determined; bold)
Emo1	Devout	敬虔 (な)/ 信心深い/ 信仰深い/ 恭しい	Keiken (na) * (keiken + na becomes keiken'na)/ Shinjinbukai/ Shinkōbukai/ Uyauyashī
Emo1	Diligent	勤勉 (な)	Kinben (na)
Emo1	Direct (directly; straightforward)	直接 (な/ の)/ 直接的 (な)/ 直に/ 正直 (に)/ 直截 (な)/ 率直 (な)/ 直行 (する/ の)	Chokusetsu (na/ no)/ Chokusetsuteki (na)/ Jikani/ Shōjiki (ni)/ Chokusetsu (na) * (also see the first word of the same pronunciation, but with different kanji)/ Sotchoku (na)/ Chokkō (suru/ no)

Emo1	Discreet	慎重深い/ 目立たない/ 慎重 (な)/ 控えめ (控え目/ 控目/ ひかえ目) (な/ の)/ 細心 (な)/ 口堅い/ 思慮深い/ 慎む/ 体良く (体よく)/ ディスクリート (の/ な)	Tsutsushimibukai/ Medatanai/ Shinchō (na)/ Hikaeme (na/ no)/ Saishin (na)/ Kuchigatai/ Shiryobukai/ Tsutsushimu/ Teiyoku/ Disukurito (no/ na)
Emo1	Dramatic	劇的 (な)/ 演劇的 (な)/ ドラマチック (な)	Gekiteki (na)/ Engeki-teki (na)/ Doramachikku (na)
Emo1	Dramatic (significant; remarkable difference)	格段 (の/ な)/ 飛躍的 (な)	Kakudan (no/ na)/ Hiyaku-teki (na)
Emo1	Eager (want to)	Verb stem + たがる/ 切なる	Verb stem + Tagaru/ Setsunaru
Emo1	Eagerly (strongly, intently)	頻りに/ 切に/ 鋭意/ 今か今か (と)	Shikirini/ Setsuni/ Eii/ Imakaimaka (to)
Emo1	Earnestly	ひたすら (只管) (な)	Hitasura (na)
Emo1	Easygoing (unselfish)	淡泊 (な)	Tanpaku (na)
Emo1	Ecstatic	夢中 (の)/ギンギン (な/ の)/ 舞い上がる/ うっとり (と/ する)/ 興奮 (する)/ 有頂天 (な)/ 脱魂	Muchū (no) * (absorbed in; immersed in; crazy about; obsessed with; devoted to/ forgetting oneself; daze; trance; ecstasy; delirium/ within a dream; while dreaming)/ Gingen (na/ no) * (ecstatic; excited; wild; intoxicating)/ Maigaru * (to make merry; to be ecstatic; to be in high spirits/ to soar; to fly high; to be whirled up)/ Uttori (to/ suru) * (ecstatically; spellbound; with rapt attention/ abstractedly; absentmindedly; absorbedly; vacantly)/ Kōfun (suru) * (excitement; stimulation; agitation; arousal)/ Uchōten (na) * (ecstasy/ highest heaven (Buddhism, orig. meaning))/ Datsu tamashī * (ecstatic trance)
Emo1	Educated	教育を受けた	Kyōiku o uketa
Emo1	Effective	有効 (な)/ 効果的 (な)/ 効果 (な)/ 有効的 (な)/ エフェクティブ (な)	Yūkō (na)/ Kōka-teki (na)/ Kōka (na)/ Yūkō-teki (na)/ Efekutibu (na)
Emo1	Efficient (efficiently; effective)	効率的 (な)/ 有能 (の)/ 能率的 (な)	Kōritsu-teki (na)/ Yūnō (no)/ Nōritsu-teki (na)
Emo1	Effortless	軽い/ 手っ取り早い/ 楽に	Karui * (light (i.e. of foot); effortless; nimble; agile)/ Tettoribayai * (quick; prompt; without delay/ simple; easy; effortless)/ Raku ni * (easily/ comfortably)
Emo1	Elaborate	精巧 (な)/ 凝った/ 入念 (な)/ 凝る	Seikō (na) * (elaborate; delicate; exquisite)/ Kotta * (elaborate; exquisite; ornate; refined; sophisticated)/ Nyūnen (na) * (careful; elaborate; scrupulous)/ Koru * (to be elaborate; to be intricate; to be exquisite; to be particular about; to pay great attention to)
Emo1	Elegant	優雅 (な)/ 上品 (な)/ 奥ゆかしい (奥床しい)/ エレガント (な)	Yūga (na)/ Jōhin (na)/ Okuyukashī/ Ereganto (na)
Emo1	Eligible	適格 (な)	Tekikaku (na)

Emo1	Eloquent	雄弁 (な)/ 口達者 (な)/ 爽やか (な)	Yūben (na) * (becomes 'yūben'na')/ Kuchidassha (na) * (eloquent; glib; talkative; fluent; voluble; having the gift of gab/ smooth talker; glib talker)/ Sawayaka (na) * (can mean 'fresh; refreshing; invigorating; pleasant; delightful', but can also mean 'clear (voice); fluent (speech); eloquent')
Emo1	Emotional (emotionally)	感情的 (に/ な)/ 精神的 (に/ な)/ 主情的 (に/ な)/ 情緒的 (に/ な)/ 感動 (する)/ エモーショナル (な)	Kanjō-teki (ni/ na)/ Seishin-teki (ni/ na)/ Shujōteki (ni/ na)/ Jōcho-teki (ni/ na)/ Kandō (suru)/ Emōshonaru (na)
Emo1	Emotionally uplifting	壮快 (な)/ 高揚 (する/ の)/ 高揚感 (の)/ ハートフル (な)	Sōkai (na)/ Kōyō (suru/ no)/ Kōyō-kan (no)/ Hātofuru (na) * (from English "heartful")
Emo1	Empathic	共感的 (な)/ 共感 (の/ する)/ 人情的 (な)/ 共感性 (の)/ 感情移入 (する)	Kyōkan-teki (na)/ Kyōkan (no/ suru)/ Ninjō-teki (na) * (humane; humanity; empathy; kindness; sympathy)/ Kyōkan-sei (no)/ Kanjō inyū (suru)
Emo1	Empowering	力を与える	Chikara o ataeru
Emo1	Enchanted	エンチャント (の/ な)/ 魅せられる/ 陶然 (たる/ と)/ 見とれる/ 魔法 (の)	Enchantō (no/ na) * (enchantment)/ Miserareru * (to be enchanted; to be charmed)/ Tōzen (taru/ to) * (entranced; enchanted; captivated/ tipsy; pleasantly drunk; mellow)/ Mitoreru * (to be fascinated (by); to be captivated by; to be enchanted by; to gaze admiringly at; to watch in fascination)/ Mahō (no) * (magic; witchcraft; sorcery; spell; magical)
Emo1	Energetic (lively; full of energy)	元気 (な)/ 精力的 (な)/ エネルギッシュ (な)/ 旺盛 (な)/ 元気はつらつ (な)	Genki (na)/ Seiryoku-teki (na)/ Enerugisshu (na)/ Ōsei (na)/ Genki hatsuratsu (na)
Emo1	Enlightened	啓発された/ 啓蒙された/ 開眼された	Keihatsu sareta * (enlightenment; development; edification; public awareness; illumination; education; inspiration)/ Keimō sareta * (enlightenment; illumination)/ Kaigan sareta * (enlightenment; spiritual awakening; opening one's eyes to the truth)
Emo1	Enthusiastic	熱心 (な)/ 熱中 (する)/ 熱い/ 意気込む/ 盛ん (旺ん/ 壮ん) (な)/ 意欲的 (な)/ 熱っぽい/ 情熱的 (な)	Nesshin (na)/ Netchū (suru)/ Atsui/ Ikigomu/ Sakan (na)/ Iyoku-teki (na)/ Netsuppoi/ Jōnetsu-teki (na)
Emo1	Enticing	魅力的 (な)	Miriyokuteki (na) * (charming; fascinating; attractive)
Emo1	Essential (important; main)	エッセンシャル (重要; メイン)	Essensharu (jūyō; mein)
Emo1	Essentially (basically)	本来 (の/ に)/ 元来/ 本質的 (な/ に)/ 実質	Honrai (no/ ni)/ Ganrai/ Honshitsu-teki (na/ ni)/ Jisshitsu
Emo1	Eulogic (eulogical)	ユーロジック (賛美的)	Yūrojikku (sanbi-teki)
Emo1	Euphemistic (circumlocutory; roundabout; indirect)	婉曲 (な)/ 婉曲的 (に/ な)	Enkyoku (na)/ Enkyoku-teki (ni/ na)
Emo1	Euphoric	多幸福感 (に/ な)/ 陶醉 (の)	Takō-kan (ni/ na)/ Tōsui (no)

Emo1	Eventful	数奇 (な)/ 波乱に富んだ/ 多事多難 (な)/ 波瀾万丈 (な/ の)	Sūki (na)/ Haran ni tonda/ Tajitanan ('na)/ Haranbanjō (na/ no) * (stormy and full of drama; many drastic events in the course of events)
Emo1	Excited (exciting)	興奮した/ 刺激的 (刺激的) (な)/ 豪快 (な)/ 盛り上がる/ ワクワク (わくわく) (する/ と)/ エキサイティング (な)/ 躍起 (な)/ 激昂 (する)/ 行け行け (な)/ 乗り乗り (ノリノリ) (な)/ ギンギン (ぎんぎん) (な/ の)	Kōfun shita/ Shigekiteki (na)/ Gōkai (na)/ Moriagaru/ Wakuwaku (suru/ to)/ Ekisaitingu (na)/ Yakki (na) * (desperate; frantic; excited; worked up; heated; eager)/ Gekikō (suru) * (excitement; exasperation; indignation; rage; fury)/ Ike ike (na) * (high spirits; high energy; go-go mood; eagerness; enthusiasm; excitement)/ Nori-nori (na) * (in high spirits; excited; energetic)/ Gingin (na/ no) * (ecstatic; excited; wild; intoxicating)
Emo1	Exotic	エキゾチック (な)/ 異国情緒 (的) (な/ に/ の)/ 珍しい (珍らしい)	Ekizochikku (na)/ Ikokujōsho (mato) (na/ ni/ no)/ Mezurashī
Emo1	Expedient	方便 (な)/ 好都合 (な)/ 臨機 (の)	Hōben (na) * (means; expedient; instrument)/ Kōtsugō (na) * (convenient; favorable; favourable; expedient; expedience)/ Rinki (no) * (suited to the occasion; expedient; ad hoc)
Emo1	Exquisite	絶妙 (な/ の)	Zetsumyō (na/ no)
Emo1	Extravagant (lavish)	贅沢 (な) (豪華 (な))/ 奢る	Zeitaku (na) (Gōka (na))/ Ogoru
Emo1	Face to face (directly)	対面 (する)/ 向かい合わせ/ 顔を合わせて/ フェイストゥフェイス (直接 (な/ の)/ 直に (じかに)/ 直々 (直直/ じきじき) (に/ の)	Taimen (suru)/ Mukaiawase/ Kao o awasete/ Feisuto~ufeisu (Chokusetsu (na/ no)/ Jikani/ Jikijiki (ni/ no))
Emo1	Faithful (loyal)	忠実 (ちゅうじつ) (な)/ 誠実 (な)/ 貞実 (な)/ 律儀 (な)/ 実のある/ 忠実やか (な)/ 信心深い/ 忠実 (まめ) (な) (忠実 (ちゅうじつ) (な))	Chūjitsu (na)/ Seijitsu (na)/ Teijitsu (na)/ Richigi (na) * (upright; honest; faithful; conscientious; sincere)/ Jitsu no aru/ Mameyaka (na)/ Shinjinbukai * (deeply religious; devout; godly; faithful)/ Mame (na) * (watch out, this word has the same 2 kanji characters as the previous; it means 'diligent; hardworking; conscientious; sincere') (Chūjitsu (na))

Emo1	Familiar	おなじみ (お馴染み) (の)/ 親しい/ 馴染み深い/ 有り触れた/ 詳しい/ 聞き慣れた/ 来付け (の)	Onajimi (no) * (familiar; well-known; regular (e.g. customer); favourite; favorite/ old acquaintance; old friend; (a) regular; regular customer)/ Shitashī * (close (e.g. friend); familiar; friendly; intimate/ familiar (e.g. story); well-known (to one)/ close (relatives); closely related)/ Najimibukai * ((very) familiar; well-acquainted)/ Arifureta * (common; commonplace; ordinary; familiar; everyday; garden-variety; trite; stale; hackneyed; stereotyped)/ Kuwashī * (means 'detailed; full; minute', but can also mean 'knowing very well; knowledgeable (about); well-acquainted (with); well-informed (about); familiar (with)')/ Kiki nareta * (familiar)/ Ki-tsuke (no) * (familiar; favourite; regular)
Emo1	Famous	有名 (な)	Yūmei (na)
Emo1	Fancied	空想的 (な)/ 架空 (の)/ 高級 (な)/ 豪華 (な)/ 空想 (する/ の)	Kūsō-teki (na)/ Kakū (no)/ Kōkyū (na) * (high-class; high-grade; high-quality; high-end; luxury)/ Gōka (na) * (extravagant; lavish; opulent; luxurious; magnificent; splendid; fancy; gorgeous)/ Kūsō (suru/ no) * (daydream; fantasy; fancy; vision/ fantasy (psychology))
Emo1	Fanciful	空想的 (な)/ 架空 (の)	Kūsō-teki (na)/ Kakū (no)
Emo1	Fancy	空想	Kūsō
Emo1	Favorable	順調 (な)/ 好調 (な/ の)/ 好意的 (な)/ 良好 (な)/ 好都合 (な)/ 美味しい/ 好ましい	Junchō (na)/ Kōchō (na/ no)/ Kōi-teki (na)/ Ryōkō (na)/ Kōtsugō (na)/ Oishi/ Konomashī * (nice; likeable; desirable)
Emo1	Favourable	順調 (な)/ 好調 (な/ の)/ 好意的 (な)/ 良好 (な)/ 好都合 (な)/ 美味しい/ 好ましい	Junchō (na)/ Kōchō (na/ no)/ Kōi-teki (na)/ Ryōkō (na)/ Kōtsugō (na)/ Oishi/ Konomashī * (nice; likeable; desirable)
Emo1	Favorite	好き (な)/ お気に入り (御気に入る) (の)/ よく見えた (良く見える)	Suki (na)/ Okiniiri (no)/ Yoku mieru/ Yoku mieta (yoku mieru) * (well seen; good looking)
Emo1	Fearless	恐れ知らず/ 根性のすわった/ 恐れを知らない/ 不敵 (な)	Osore-shirazu * (not having any fear; unaffected by fear)/ Konjōnosuwatta * (fearless)/ Osore o shiranai * (fearless; daring; knowing no fear)/ Futeki (na) * (daring; fearless; intrepid; bold; tough)
Emo1	Fertile (fruitful)	肥沃 (な)/ 豊饒 (な)/ 実りある	Hiyoku (na)/ Hōjō (na)/ Minori aru
Emo1	Fit for a ...	(...に) 適当 (な)/ 適宜 (な/ の)/ 適切 (な)/ 相応 (な/ の/ する)/ 似つかわしい/ 相応しい (ふさわしい)/ 適合 (の/ する)	(... ni) Tekitō (na)/ Tekigi (na/ no)/ Tekisetsu (na)/ Sōō (na/ no/ suru)/ Nitsukawashī/ Fusawashī * (appropriate; adequate; suitable; fitting; worthy)/ Tekigō (no/ suru) * (conformity; compatibility; adaptability; congruity; congruence)
Emo1	Flashing	点滅 (する)	Tenmettsu (suru)
Emo1	Flashy (Flashing)	派手 (な) (点滅 (する))	Hade (na) (tenmettsu (suru))

Emo1	Flattered	お世辞 (の)	Oseji (no)
Emo1	Flickering	ちらつき	Chiratsuki
Emo1	Flourishing	繁栄 (する)	Han'ei (suru)
Emo1	Forgiving (pardoning)	許す/ 寛容 (な) (赦す)	Yurusu * (to permit; to allow; to approve; to consent to/ to forgive; to pardon; to excuse; to tolerate)/ Kan'yō (na) * (tolerance; open-mindedness; forbearance; generosity; magnanimity) (yurusu)
Emo1	Fortunately (luckily)	幸いにも (幸運にも)	Saiwai ni mo (kōun'nimo)
Emo1	Freestyle	フリースタイル (の/ な)/ 自由形	Furīsutairu (no/ na)/ Jiyūgata
Emo1	Free spirited (eccentric; freestyled; unrestricted; liberated)	自由な精神 (な)/ 気まま (な)/ 自由な軽快 (な)/ 自由 (な)/ 自由奔放で/ 自由気ままに/ 自由な精神で (風変わり; 自由なスタイル; 制限のない; 自由 (な))	Jiyūna seishin (na)/ Kimama (na)/ Jiyūna keikai (na)/ Jiyū (na)/ Jiyū honpōde/ Jiyū kimamani/ Jiyūna seishin de (Fūgawari; Jiyūna sutairu; Seigen no nai; Jiyū (na))
Emo1	Frisky	陽気/ 快活/ 元気/ 囃し立て/ 浮かれ/ 喜ばしい/ 嬉しい/ 愉快/ 欣々然/ 欣然/ 嬉々/ フリスキー/ ジョイフル	Yōki/ Kaikatsu/ Genki/ Hayashi-tate/ Ukare/ Yorokobashī/ Ureshī/ Yukai/ Kinkinzen/ Kinzen/ Kiki/ Furisukī/ Joifuru
Emo1	Full fledged	本格的 (な)	Honkaku-teki (na)
Emo1	Generous (generously)	寛大 (な/ に)/ 親切 (な)/ 気が大きい/ 人がいい (人が良い)/ 多分 (の/ な)/ 心の広い/ 気前がいい (寛大 (な/ に)/ 気前よく/ 惜しげもなく/ 惜しげなく/ たっぷり (と/ な)/ じゃぶじゃぶ (と))	Kandai (na/ ni)/ Shinsetsu (na)/ Ki ga ōkī * (generous; big-hearted)/ Hito ga ī (hito ga yoi) * (generous; soft-hearted; having a good personality)/ Tabun (no/ na) * (can mean 'probably; likely; perhaps; maybe', but can also mean 'a lot of; much; many; considerable; large (amount); generous')/ Kokoronohiroi * (generous; broad-minded; big-hearted)/ Kimaegai * (generous; magnanimous; open-handed; liberal) (Kandai (na/ ni) * (tolerant; generous; lenient; broad-minded; magnanimous)/ Kimae yoku * (generously; liberally; magnanimously)/ Oshige monaku * (freely; generously; liberally; ungrudgingly; unsparingly)/ Oshige naku * (freely; generously; liberally; ungrudgingly; unsparingly)/ Tappuri (to/ na) * (plentifully; amply; abundantly; copiously; generously; fully; a lot)/ Jabujabu (to) * (vigorously; generously (e.g. pouring sauce); plenty/ literally means: 'splashing (water); splashing about; with a splash'))
Emo1	Genuine (true; real)	本格的 (な)/ 本当 (な/ の)/ 真 (しん) (の)/ 真正 (な/ の)/ 本 (ほん) (な/ の)/ 本物 (に/ な/ の)	Honkaku-teki (na)/ Hontō (na/ no)/ Shin (no)/ Shinsei (na/ no)/ Hon (na/ no)/ Honmono (ni/na/no) * (genuine article; real thing; real deal)
Emo1	Gleaming	キラリと光る	Kirari to hikaru
Emo1	Glistening	きらめく (煌めく)/ ギラギラ (と/ する)	Kirameku/ Giragira (to/ suru)

Emo1	Glittering	きらびやか (煌びやか) (な)/ きらきら (キラキラ) (と/する)	Kirabiyaka (na)/ Kirakira (to/ suru)
Emo1	Glorious	輝かしい/ 華々しい (華華しい)/ 花々しい/ 花花しい/ 栄えある/ 奕々 (奕奕) (たる)/ 素晴らしい	Kagayakashī * (brilliant; glorious; glittering; bright; splendid (e.g. achievement, success); promising (e.g. future))/ Hanabanashī * (brilliant; splendid; glorious; magnificent; spectacular)/ Haearu * (glorious; honourable; splendid)/ Ekieki (taru) * (brilliant; glorious; shining/ beautiful and thriving)/ Subarashī * (wonderful; splendid; magnificent)
Emo1	Glowing	光る/ 映える/ 輝く (耀く/ 赫く)/ 匂う (臭う)/ 照り映える/ 照る	Hikaru/ Haeru/ Kagayaku/ Niou/ Terihaeru/ Teru
Emo1	Good looking (it looks good)	良さそう (な)/ 良さげ (な)/ よし/ よく見える	Yo-sa-sō (na)/ Yosa-ge (na)/ Yoshi/ Yoku mieru
Emo1	Good-looking (attractive; beautiful)	見目良い/ 見目麗しい/ 格好いい/ 格好の良い/ グッドルッキング/ 倩 (たる)/ 格好がいい/ イケてる/ カッコイイ	Mi-me yoi/ Mimeuruwashī/ Kakkōi/ Kakkōnoii/ Guddorukkingu/ Sentaru/ Kakkō ga ī/ Iketeru/ Katcho yoi
Emo1	Gracious (honourable, noble, pure)	潔い/ 優渥 (な)/ 恵み深い (恵み深い)/ 恐れ多い (畏れ多い/ おそれ多い)	Isagiyoi/ Yūaku (na)/ Megumi fukai/ Osoreōi
Emo1	Graciously	優雅 (に/ な)	Yūga (ni/ na)
Emo1	Graceful (gracefully)	優雅 (に/ な) (優雅 (に/ な))	Yūga (ni/ na) (yūga (ni/ na))
Emo1	Grateful (thankful)	感謝 (する)/ 有難い (ありがたい)/ 有り難がる/ 忝い/ 恐縮 (する) (感謝 (する)/ 有難い (ありがたい)/ 多とする/ 恐縮 (する))	Kansha (suru)/ Arigatai/ Arigatagaru * (to be thankful; to feel grateful; to show one's gratitude)/ Katajikenai * (grateful; indebted)/ Kyōshuku (suru) * (feeling (much) obliged; being (very) grateful; being thankful) (Kansha (suru)/ Arigatai/ Ta to suru * (to appreciate; to be thankful)/ Kyōshuku (suru))
Emo1	Groovy	グルーヴィー (な)	Gurūvūī (na)
Emo1	Groundbreaking	画期的 (な)/ 革新的 (な)	Kakkiteki (na)/ Kakushin-teki (na)
Emo1	Handmade	手作り (手造り/ 手づくり)/ 手製 (の/ な)/ ハンドメイド (の/ な)	Tedzukuri/ Tesei (no/ na)/ Hando meido (no/ na)
Emo1	Custom made	カスタムメイド (の/ な)/ カスタム (の)	Kasutamumeido (no/ na) * (custom-made; made-to-order)/ Kasutamu (no) * (custom; custom-made; custom-built)
Emo1	Handsome	立派 (な)/ 端正 (な)/ 眉目秀麗 (な/ の)/ ハンサム (な)	Rippa (na) * (splendid; fine; handsome; elegant; imposing; prominent; impressive)/ Tansei (na) * (handsome; shapely; clean-cut (features)/ decent; proper; correct; upright; graceful)/ Bimoku shūrei (na/ no) * (handsome)/ Hansamu (na) * (handsome)
Emo1	Harmless	無害 (な/ の)	Mugai (na/ no)

Emo1	Heartwarming (heartfelt)	心温まる (心暖まる/ 心あたたまる)/ 麗しい/ ハートウォーミング/ ハートフル (な)/ 心の温かみ/ 心より/ 細やか (な)/ 満腔 (の)/ 満腹 (の)/ 仄々 (仄仄) (と/ する)	Kokoroatamaru/ Uruwashī/ Hātou~ōmingu/ Hātofuru (na) * (from English “heartful”)/ Kokoro no atatakami/ Kokoroyori/ Komayaka (na)/ Mankō (no)/ Manpuku (no)/ Honobono (to/ suru)
Emo1	Hearty	豪快 (な)/ 盛ん (な)/ 沁み沁み (染み染み/ 沁沁) (と)/ 心から/ 深く (深い)/ 腹一杯 (の)/ 奮って/ 大食い (な/ する)/ ポリューミー (な)/ 厚遇 (する)/ 思う存分/ 惻々 (惻惻) (たる /と)/ ガシッと (する)/ 心のこもった/ ボリュームたっぷり	Gōkai (na) * (hearty; tremendous; magnificent; glorious; splendid; heroic; stirring)/ Sakan (na) * (enthusiastic; eager; hearty; frequent; repeated)/ Shimijimi (to) * (keenly; deeply; fully; heartily; seriously; earnestly/ calmly; quietly; softly/ fixedly (gazing, staring); intently)/ Kokorokara * (from the bottom of one's heart; heartily; sincerely)/ Fukaku (fukai) * (deeply; intimately; heartily; sincerely; profoundly)/ Haraippai (no) * (full stomach; bellyful; (eat) heartily/ to one's heart's content)/ Furutte * (energetically; strenuously; heartily)/ Ōkui (na/ suru) * (eating heavily; hearty eating; binge eating; gluttony)/ Boryūmī (na) * (voluminous (hair, clothing, etc.); hearty (meal); filling; bulky; full/ colloquial, wasei, word made in Japan, From English “volume + y”)/ Kōgū (suru) * (cordial welcome; hearty welcome; kind treatment; hospitality)/ Omouzonbun * (to one's heart's content; to one's complete satisfaction; as much as one likes; heartily; thoroughly; without restraint; to the full)/ Sokusoku (taru/ to) * (keenly felt; heart- wrenching; heart-rending * (formal or literary term))/ Gashitto (suru) * (firmly; solidly; heartily)/ Kokoro no komotta * (hearty; cordial; heartfelt)/ Boryūmu tappuri * (hearty; a lot of volume; plenty of volume; full of volume)
Emo1	Heroic (brave)	勇敢 (な)/ 英雄的 (な)/ 勇壮 (雄壮) (な)/ 壮絶 (な)/ 壮烈 (な)/ 勇邁 (な)/ ヒロイック (な)	Yūkan (na)/ Eiyū-teki (na)/ Yūsō (na)/ Sōzetsu (na)/ Sōretsu (na)/ Yūmai (na)/ Hiroikku (na)
Emo1	Hilarious	傑作 (な)/ 面白おかしい/ 陽気 (な)/ 大変陽気 (な)/ とても楽しい/ 浮かれ騒ぐ	Kessaku (na) * ((unintentionally) hilarious; absurd (e.g. blunder); outrageous; wild)/ Omoshiro okashī * (humorous; funny; amusing; laughable; hilarious; comical; jocular)/ Yōki (na) * (cheerful; jovial; merry; lively)/ / Taihen yōki (na) * (very cheerful)/ Totemo tanoshī * (very enjoyable; very much fun; very pleasant; very happy; very delightful)/ Ukare sawagu * (to make merry; to be festive)
Emo1	Holy	聖なる/ 聖 (な/ の)	Seinaru/ Sei (na/ no)
Emo1	Homemade	自家製/ ホームメイド (の/ な)	Jikasei/ Hōmumeido (no/ na)

Emo1	Honest (frank; straightforward)	正直 (な)/ 明朗 (な)/ 誠実 (な)/ 真っ直ぐ (真直ぐ) (な)/ 真面目 (マジメ) (な)/ 素直 (な)/ 律儀 (な)	Shōjiki (na)/ Meirō (na)/ Seijitsu (na)/ Massugu (na)/ Majime (na)/ Sunao (na)/ Richigi (na) * (upright; honest; faithful; conscientious; sincere)
Emo1	Honestly (to be honest)	正直に (正直に)	Shōjiki ni (shōjiki ni)
Emo1	To be honest	実を言う/ 実は/ 正直言って/ 正直に言う/ 正直なところ	Mi o iu/ Jitsuwa (jitsu wa)/ Shōjiki itte/ Shōjiki ni iu/ Shōjikina tokoro
Emo1	Honorable	名誉 (ある/ な)	Meiyo (aru/na)
Emo1	Hopefully	うまくいけば (うまく行けば)/ 願わくば/ おそらく	Umaku ikeba/ Negawakuba/ Osoraku
Emo1	Humane	人道的 (な)/ 人間的 (な)/ 人間らしい/ 慈悲深い	Jindōteki (na)/ Ningen-teki (na)/ Ningenrashī/ Jihibukai * (compassionate; merciful; benevolent; charitable; humane)
Emo1	Humble	謙虚 (な)/ 慎ましい (つつましい)/ 卑しい/ 腰が低い/ 控えめ (な/ の)/ 謙遜 (する/ な)/ 細やか (ささやか) (な)/ 頭が低い/ 鞠躬如 (たる/ と)/ ハンブル (の)/ 神妙 (な/ の)	Kenkyo (na) * (modest; humble)/ Tsutsumashī * (modest; reserved; quiet; humble/ frugal; simple; plain)/ Iyashī * (means 'lowborn; humble; lowly', but can also mean 'vulgar; coarse; crude; mean; base; vile; despicable; dirty; unfair' or 'shabby; poor-looking' or 'greedy; gluttonous; avaricious')/ Koshigahikui * (humble; modest)/ Hikaeme (na/ no) * (moderate; reserved; conservative; humble; mild-mannered; self-effacing; unassuming; well-behaved; low-key; temperate; in small quantities)/ Kenson (suru/ na) * (modesty; humility; being humble)/ Sasayaka (na) * (small; little; tiny; insignificant; humble; modest; meagre; meager)/ Atama ga hikui * (humble; modest; unassuming * (idiomatic expression))/ Kikkyūjo (taru/ to) * (deferential; humble; reverent; respectful)/ Hanburu (no) * (humble)/ Shinmyō (na/ no) * (meek; quiet; docile; humble; faithful; obedient/ mysterious; marvelous; marvellous)
Emo1	Lowly	卑しい	Iyashī
Emo1	Hurried (hurriedly; haste)	急いで/ 急ぎ (の)/ 慌ただしい (あわただしい/ 慌しい/ 遽しい)/ 忙しい/ 性急 (な)/ 遑々 (遑遑) (たる/ と)/ 倉卒 (草卒/ 匆卒/ 忽卒) (な)/ 匆々 (匆匆/ 忽々/ 忽忽) (な/ と)	Isoide/ Isogi (no)/ Awatadashī/ Isogashī/ Seikyū (na)/ Kōkō (taru/ to)/ Sōsotsu (na)/ Sōsō (na/ to)
Emo1	Ideal (ideally)	理想的 (に/ な)	Risō-teki (ni/ na)
Emo1	Ideally suited	理想的に適した	Risō-teki ni tekishita
Emo1	Idyllic (scenic)	長閑 (のどか) (のどか) (な)/ 長閑やか (な)/ 牧歌的 (な)/ 素朴 (な) (風光明媚 (風光明媚) (な/ の)/ 景勝 (の)/ 名勝 (の)/ 風景地 (の)/ 勝地 (の)/ 景 (けい) (の)/ 観光 (する/ の)/ 風景 (の))	Nodoka (na) * (tranquil; calm; quiet; peaceful; serene/ mild (weather); balmy)/ Nodokaya ka (na)/ Bokukateki (na) * (pastoral; idyllic)/ Soboku (na) (Fūkō meibi (na/ no)/ Keishō (no)/ Meishō (no)/ Fūkei-chi (no)/ Shōchi (no)/ Kei (no)/ Kankō (suru/ no)/ Fūkei (no))

Emo1	Insightful	洞察力に富んだ/ 洞察に満ちた/ 洞察力のある	Dōsatsuryoku ni tonda/ Dōsatsu ni michita/ Dōsatsuryoku no aru
Emo1	Intimate	親密 (な)/ 密接 (な)/ 親しい/ 心安い (心易い)/ 近い/ 仲がいい (仲が良い/ なかがよい/ 仲がよい)/ 密 (な)	Shinmitsu (na)/ Missetsu (na)/ Shitashī/ Kokoro yasui/ Chikai/ Nakagāi (naka ga yoi)/ Mitsu (na)
Emo1	Imaginary	想像上 (の)/ 架空 (の)/ 空想的 (な)/ 虚構 (する/ の)/ イマジナリー (な)/ 有りもしない	Sōzō-jō (no) * (imaginary)/ Kakū (no) * (fictitious; imaginary; fanciful; fabricated)/ Kūsō- teki (na) * (imaginary; fantastical; visionary; utopian; quixotic; fanciful)/ Kyokō (suru/ no) * (fiction; fabrication; concoction)/ Imajinarī (na) * (imaginary)/ Ari mo shinai * (nonexistent; unreal; imaginary; spurious)
Emo1	Imaginative (imaginative)	想像力豊か (な)/ 創意工夫 (な)/ 遊び心 (な) (想像力豊か (な))	Sōzō-ryoku yutaka (na)/ Sōi kufū (na) * (ingenuity; inventiveness; creative originality)/ Asobigokoro (na) * (playfulness; playful mood/ imaginativeness) (sōzō-ryoku yutaka (na))
Emo1	Important (significant; serious)	重要 (な) (重要; 重大)/ 大した/ 大切 (な)/ 重大 (な)/ 意義深い	Jūyō (na) (jūyō; jūdai)/ Taishita/ Taisetsu (na)/ Jūdai (na)/ Igibukai
Emo1	Impressed	感動した/ 感心 (する)/ 感服 (する)/ 感じ入る/ 染み込む	Kandōshita/ Kanshin (suru) * (admiration; being impressed/ admirable; praiseworthy/ astonishment; being appalled)/ Kanpuku (suru) * (admiration; being impressed (by))/ Kanjiiru * (to be deeply impressed (by); to be moved (by); to admire greatly)/ Shimikomu * (means 'to soak into; to sink into; to seep into; to permeate', but can also mean 'to sink into (one's mind); to be (deeply) ingrained; to be instilled; to be embedded; to be impressed')
Emo1	Impressive (splendid, immense)	大層 (な)/ 印象的 (な)/ 堂々 (堂堂) (たる/ と/ な)/ 立派 (な)	Taisō (na)/ Inshō-teki (na)/ Dōdō (taru/ to/ na)/ Rippa (na)
Emo1	In a direct way	直接的な方法で/ 直接的な形/ 直接的 (な)/ 率直に/ はっきり (と)	Chokusetsu-teki na hōhō de/ Chokusetsutekina katachi/ Chokusetsuteki (na) * (direct; directly)/ Sotchoku ni * (frankly; directly)/ Hakkiri (to) * (clearly; plainly; distinctly)
Emo1	In a good way	いい意味で/ 品良く	Ī imi de * (in a positive sense of the word; in the best sense of the word; in a good way)/ Hin yoku * (properly; in a good manner; sophisticatedly; seemly; in a dignified way)
Emo1	In harmony (friendly, getting along well)	仲良く	Nakayoku
Emo1	In love	恋に落ちて/ 恋に落ちる	Koiniochite/ Koiniochiru
Emo1	Indirect (indirectly)	間接 (の)/ 間接的 (な)	Kansetsu (no)/ Kansetsu-teki (na)

Emo1	Innocent	無実 (の)/ 無邪気 (な)/ ナイーブ (な)/ 純真 (な)/ 純 (じゅん) (な)/ たる/ と)	Mujitsu (no) * (innocence; guiltlessness; false accusation; false charge/ absence of the fact; insubstantiality; lacking substance)/ Mujaki (na) * (innocent; simple-minded)/ Naibu (na) * (innocent; sensitive; uncomplicated; unpretentious; straightforward/ from English "naive"/ naivety)/ Junshin (na) * (pure; innocent; naive; unspoilt; pure-hearted; ingenuous/ becomes 'junshin'na')/ Jun (na/ taru/ to) * (innocent; chaste; naive/ pure; unmixed; genuine; unalloyed)
Emo1	Inspirational	感動的 (な)/ 鼓舞的 (な)/ 鼓舞 (する/ な/ の)/ 靈感 (の/ な)/ 霊感的 (な)/ インスピレーション (な/ に)/ インスピレーションを与える/ 鼓吹 (する)	Kandō-teki (na)/ Kobu-teki (na)/ Kobu (suru/ na/ no)/ Reikan (no/ na)/ Reikan-teki (na)/ Inspirēshon (na/ ni)/ Inspirēshon o ataeru/ Kosui (suru)
Emo1	Intelligent	知的 (に/ な)	Chiteki (ni/ na)
Emo1	Intended for ... (aimed at ...; oriented towards ...)	向け (むけ)/ に向けた/ (を) 対象としている/ (を) 目的とした/ (を) 目的とする/ (を) 目指しています	Muke/ ni Muketa/ (o) Taishō to shite iru/ (o) Mokuteki to shita/ (o) Mokuteki to suru/ (o) Mezashite imasu
Emo1	Interested	興味がある * (more amusing interest)/ 興味を持つ/ 関心がある * (more concern, serious interest but can also be used to show normal interest)	Kyōmigāru/ Kyōmiwomotsu/ Kanshin ga aru
Emo1	Intuitive (emotionally; feelings based)	直感的 (な/ に)/ 感覚的 (な/ に)/ 直覚的 (な) (感情的に; 感情に基づく)	Chokkan-teki (na/ ni)/ Kankaku-teki (na/ ni)/ Chokkaku-teki (na) (kanjō-teki ni; kanjō ni motodzuku)
Emo1	Invigorated (invigorating)	元気が出る (元気がでる/ げんきがでる)/ カづく (力付く/ ちからづく)/ 勢いづく (勢い付く/ いきおいづく)/ 奮う/ 爽やか (な)/ 爽快 (な)/ 活性化 (する)/ 賦活 (する) (元気が出る (元気がでる/ げんきがでる))	Genkigaderu * (to feel uplifted; to be cheered up; to hearten; to be inspired; to be energized)/ Chikaradzuku * (to regain one's strength; to recover one's spirit; to be invigorated; to be encouraged)/ Ikioizuku * (to gain strength; to gather momentum; to be encouraged; to be heartened; to be invigorated; to take heart; to cheer up)/ Furuu * (to be enlivened; to be invigorated)/ Sawayaka (na) * (fresh; refreshing; invigorating; pleasant; delightful)/ Sōkai (na) * (refreshing; exhilarating; invigorating; bracing) / Kassei-ka (suru) * (stimulation (e.g. of an economy); revitalization (e.g. of a town); rejuvenation; invigoration/ activation)/ Fukatsu (suru) * (activation; invigoration; stimulation) (genkigaderu)
Emo1	Invigorating	元気づける	Genki zuku
Emo1	Kind-hearted	情の深い/ 仁慈/ 心の優しい/ ハートフル (な)	Jō no fukai/ Jinji/ Kokoro no yasashī/ Hātōfuru (na) * (from English "heartful")

Emo1	Kindred	親族	Shinzoku
Emo1	Laid back	のんびり (と/ する)/ 能天気 (な)/ サバサバ (と/ する)/ まったり (と/ する)/ ゴーイングマイウェイ (な/ の)	Nonbiri (to/ suru)/ Nō tenki (na)/ Sabasaba (to/ suru)/ Mattari (to/ suru)/ Gōingumai~ei (na/ no)
Emo1	Lavish	豪華 (な)	Gōka (na)
Emo1	Legendary	伝説 (の)/ 伝奇的 (な)/ 伝説上 (の)	Densetsu (no)/ Denki-teki (na)/ Densetsu-jō (no)
Emo1	Lenient	寛大 (な)/ 温い/ 緩やか (な)/ 緩い	Kandai (na)/ Nukui * (lukewarm; tepid/ lenient)/ Yuruyaka (na) * (loose; slack/ lenient; liberal; lax)/ Yurui * (loose/ lenient; lax)
Emo1	Lively	活気のある/ 元気 (な)/ 活発 (な)/ 旺盛 (な)/ 賑やか (な)/ 陽気 (な)/ ぴんぴん (と/ する)	Kakkinoaru * (lively/ having/ there is energy; vigour; vigor; liveliness; spirit; life; animation)/ Genki (na) * (lively; full of spirit; energetic; vigorous; vital; spirited)/ Kappatsu (na) * (lively; active; vigorous; animated; brisk)/ Ōsei (na) * (lively; vigorous; energetic; healthy; avid (e.g. desire); rich (e.g. imagination)/ full of (energy, appetite, curiosity, etc.); brimming with)/ Nigiyaka (na) * (bustling; busy; crowded; lively; prosperous; thriving/ lively (party, voices, etc.); loud; noisy; merry; cheerful)/ Yōki (na) * (cheerful; jovial; merry; lively)/ Pinpin (to/ suru) * (lively; energetic; full of life)
Emo1	Longing for (yearning for; missing)	恋しい/ 切望 (する/ の)/ 熱望 (する)/ 思慕 (する)	Koishī/ Setsubō (suru/ no)/ Netsubō (suru)/ Shibo (suru)
Emo1	Loyal	忠実 (な)/ 忠なる/ 忠誠 (な)/ 忠義 (な)/ 忠愛 (の)/ 忠 (ちゅう) (の/ な)/ 尽忠 (する)/ 誠忠 (な)/ 老实/ 信義 (の)	Chūjitsu (na)/ Chū naru * (devoted; loyal; true; faithful/ * formal or literary term)/ Chūsei (na)/ Tadayoshi (na)/ Chūai (no)/ Chū (no/ na) * (loyalty; devotion; fidelity; faithfulness)/ Jinchū (suru)/ Seichū (na)/ Rō jitsu * (loyalty; fidelity)/ Shingi (no) * (faith; fidelity; loyalty)
Emo1	Lucky	幸せ (な)/ 幸い (な)/ 幸運 (な)/ 運がいい (運が良い/ 運がよい/ うんがよい/ うんがいい)/ 運のいい (運のよい/ 運のよい/ うんのよい/ うんのいい)/ 果報 (な)/ ラッキー (な)	Shiawase (na)/ Saiwai (na)/ Kōun (na)/ Ungai (un ga yoi/ un ga ī)/ Un no ī (un no yoi/ un no ī)/ Kahō (na)/ Rakkī (na)
Emo1	Luxuriant	房房 (な/ と/ する)/ 豊か (な)/ 繁茂 (する)	Fusafusa (na/ to/ suru) * (in tufts; tufty; bushy; thick; luxuriant)/ Yutaka (na) * (abundant; plentiful; rich; ample/ rich; wealthy; affluent; well-off)/ Hanmo (suru) * (flourishing (of plants); thriving; luxuriant growth; growing lushly; rankness (of weeds))
Emo1	Luxurious	豪華 (な)	Gōka (na)
Emo1	Madly	狂おしいほど/ 狂ったように	Kuruoshī hodo/ Kurutta yō ni

Emo1	Magical (Enchanting; magically)	マジカル (な) (魅惑的 (な) ; 魔法のように; 魔法的 (な))	Majikaru (na) (Miwaku-teki (na); Mahō no yō ni; Mahō-teki (na))
Emo1	Man made (machine made)	人造/ 人工/ 人が作ったもの (機械が作ったもの)	Jinzō/ Jinkō/ Hito ga tsukutta mono (kikai ga tsukutta mono)
Emo1	Marvellous	素晴らしい/ 驚異的 (な)/ 気高い	Subarashī/ Kyōi-teki (na)/ Kedakai
Emo1	Absolutely marvellous	本当に素晴らしい/ 本当に驚異的/ 絶対的な素晴らしい/ 全くの素晴らしい/ 必ずや素晴らしい	Hontōni subarashī/ Hontōni kyōi-teki/ Zettai-tekina subarashī/ Mattaku no subarashī/ Kanarazuya subarashī
Emo1	Mature	成熟した (成熟する)/ 熟成した (熟成する)/ 老成した (老成する/ な)/ 大人っぽい	Seijuku shita (seijuku suru)/ Jukusei shita (jukusei suru)/ Rōsei shita (rōsei suru/ na) * (mature; experienced/ precocious; mature for one's age)/ Otonappoi * (grown-up (manner, etc.); mature; adult)
Emo1	Merry	陽気 (な)/ 朗らか (ほがらか) (な)/ 賑やか (な)/ 機嫌 (な)/ 嬉々 (嬉嬉) (たる/ と)	Yōki (na)/ Hogaraka (na)/ Nigiyaka (na)/ Kigen (na)/ Kiki (taru/ to)
Emo1	Mesmerized (hypnotized)	魅惑的 (な)/ 痺れる (催眠術にかかった)	Miwaku-teki (na) * (charming; fascinating; enchanting; bewitching; beguiling; captivating; alluring)/ Shibireru * (can mean 'to become numb; to go to sleep (e.g. a limb)' or 'to get an electric shock; to tingle (from an electric shock)', but can also mean 'to be excited; to be titillated; to be mesmerized; to be enthralled') (saimin-jutsu ni kakatta)
Emo1	Miraculous	奇跡的 (な)/ 妙 (な)	Kiseki teki (na)/ Myō (na)
Emo1	Modern	モダン (な)/ 近代的 (な)/ 現代 (の)/ 今風 (の/ な)/ 当世流 (な)	Modan (na)/ Kindai-teki (na)/ Gendai (no)/ Imafū (no/ na)/ Tōsei-ryū (na)
Emo1	Modest (modestly)	細やか (ささやか) (な)/ 控えめ (控え目/ 控え目/ ひかえ目) (な/ の)/ 謙虚 (な)/ 簡素 (な)/ 慎ましい/ 慎ましか (な)/ 質素 (な)/ 地味 (な)/ 腰が低い/ 腰の低い (細やか (ささやか) (な))	Sasayaka (na)/ Hikaeme (na/ no)/ Kenkyo (na)/ Kanso (na)/ Tsutsumashī/ Tsutsumashiyaka (na)/ Shisso (na)/ Jimi (na)/ Koshigahikui/ Koshinohikui (sasayaka (na))
Emo1	Moral	道徳的	Dōtokuteki
Emo1	Morally	道徳的に	Dōtoku-teki ni
Emo1	Motivated	動機 (の/ な)/ 動機づけ (する)/ 意欲的 (な)/ やる気満々 (の/ な)/ 意欲満々 (の/ たる/ と)	Dōki (no/ na)/ Dōkidzuke (suru)/ Iyoku-teki (na)/ Yaruki manman (no/ na)/ Iyoku manman (no/ taru/ to)
Emo1	Moved (stirred)	感動した/ 動いた (かき混ぜられた)	Kandōshita/ Ugoita (kakimaze rareta)

Emo1	Moving (touching; emotionally moving)	切々 (切切) (たる/ と)/ 胸を打つ/ 感動 (する)/ 感銘 (する)/ 涙ぐましい (感動 (する))	Setsusetsu (taru/ to) * (affecting; moving; touching/ passionate; fervent)/ Munewoutsu * (to be touching; to be moving/ literally: 'hits/ strikes the chest')/ Kandō (suru) * (being deeply moved emotionally; excitement; passion; inspiration; deep emotion; strong impression)/ Kanmei (suru) * (deep impression; being deeply moved; being deeply touched)/ Namidagumashī * (touching; moving; painful) (kandō (suru))
Emo1	Musical (musically)	音楽的な (音楽的に)	Ongakuteki na (ongakuteki ni)
Emo1	Mystical	神秘的 (な)/ 不思議 (な)/ 幻想的 (な)	Shinpi-teki (na)/ Fushigi (na)/ Gensō-teki (na)
Emo1	Mysterious (mysteriously)	不思議 (な/ に)/ 神秘的 (な)/ 謎 (の)/ 不可解 (な)/ 妖しい/ 奇怪 (な)/ ミステリアス (な)/ 訳が分からない/ 訳の分からない/ 奇しき/ 奇幻/ 不可知/ 怪奇/ 神妙 (な/ の)	Fushigi (na/ ni)/ Shinpi-teki (na)/ Nazo (no)/ Fukakai (na)/ Ayashī/ Kikai (na)/ Misuteriasu (na)/ Wakegawakaranai/ Wake no wakaranai/ Kushiki/ Kigen/ Fukachi/ Kaiki/ Shinmyō (na/ no) * (meek; quiet; docile; humble; faithful; obedient/ mysterious; marvelous; marvellous)
Emo1	Natural (naturally; obvious)	当たり前 (な/ に)/ 自然 (な)/ 天然 (の/ な)/ 生 (なま) (の)	Atarimae (na/ni) * (natural; reasonable; obvious)/ Shizen (na) * (becomes shizen'na) * (nature/ natural; spontaneous; automatic/ naturally; spontaneously; automatically)/ Ten'nen (no/ na) * (nature; spontaneity)/ Nama (no) * (natural; as it is; unedited; unprocessed/ raw; uncooked; fresh)
Emo1	Necessary (needed)	必要 (な)	Hitsuyō (na)
Emo1	Have to	必要	Hitsuyō
Emo1	Must	(し) なければならない	(shi) nakereba naranai
Emo1	Needed	必要	Hitsuyō
Emo1	Ought to	すべき	Surubeki
Emo1	Should	すべき	Subeki
Emo1	Nice and cheerful	素敵で陽気 (な)	Sutekide yōki (na)
Emo1	Nice and sunny	天気が良くて晴れる	Tenki ga yokute hareru
Emo1	Noble (honorable)	高貴な (名誉ある)	Kōki na (meiyo aru)
Emo1	Nostalgic	懐かしい/ ノスタルジック (な)/ レトロ (な)/ 懐古的 (な)/ 床しい	Natsukashī/ Nosutarujikku (na)/ Retoro (na)/ Kaiko-teki (na)/ Yukashī
Emo1	Notable (special mention)	特筆 (する)/ 目ぼしい/ 特筆すべき/ 然せる/ 際立つ	Tokuhitsu (suru)/ Meboshī/ Tokuhitsu subeki/ Saseru/ Kiwadatsu
Emo1	Observant	観察力のある	Kansatsu-ryoku no aru
Emo1	Observative (observing)	オブザーティブ (観察 (する))	Obuzātibu (kansatsu (suru))
Emo1	Obviously (obvious; clearly)	明らか (に/ な)/ はっきり (する)/ 当たり前 (な/ に)/ 明白 (に/ な)/ 明瞭 (に/ な)/ 瞭然 (たる/ と)	Akiraka (ni/ na)/ Hakkiri (suru)/ Atarimae (na/ ni) / Meihaku (ni/ na)/ Meiryō (ni/ na)/ Ryōzen (taru/ to)
Emo1	Old fashioned	古風 (な)/ 時代遅れ (時代後れ/ 時代おくれ) (の/ な)/ 古臭い/ 昔風 (の/ な)/ 懐古的 (な)/ 昔ながら (の)/ オールドファッション (の/ な)	Kofū (na)/ Jidaiokure (no/ na)/ Furukusai/ Mukashifū (no/ na)/ Kaiko-teki (na)/ Mukashinagara (no)/ Ōrudofasshon (no/ na)

Emo1	Open minded	偏見のない/ 考え方が柔軟な/ 心を開いて/ オープンマインド	Henken no nai/ Kangaekata ga jūnan'na/ Kokorowohiraite/ Ōpun maindo
Emo1	Openly (publicly; in the open)	公然と/ 晴れて/ 表立って/ 正面切って (公の場で)	Kōzen to/ Harete/ Omotedatte/ Shōmenkitte (kōnoba de)
Emo1	Optimal (optimally)	最適 (最適)	Saiteki (saiteki)
Emo1	Optimistic	呑気 (暢気/ 暖気/ のん気) (な)/ 楽観的 (な)/ 楽天的 (な)/ 楽観 (する)/ 能天気 (な)/ 陽性 (な/の)/ オプチミスティック (な)/ いい気 (な)	Nonki (na)/ Rakukanteki (na)/ Rakutenteki (na)/ Rakkan (suru)/ Nō tenki (na)/ Yōsei (na/ no)/ Opuchimisutikku (na)/ ī ki (na)
Emo1	Oriented (orientated)	指向性 (の)/ 重視型 (の)/ 向け/ 有向 (の)/ オリエンテッド (な)/ 向きの (な)/ オリエンテーション的 (な)/ 方向的 (な) (指向性 (の))	Shikō-sei (no) * (directionality; directivity/ directional; oriented)/ Jūshi-gata (no) * (oriented)/ Muke * (intended for ...; oriented towards ...; aimed at ...)/ Yūkō (no) * (directed; oriented * (mathematics))/ Orienteddo (na) * (oriented)/ Muki-teki (na) * (direction; orientation; aspect; exposure/ directed; oriented)/ Orientēshon-teki (na) * (orientation/ oriented)/ Hōkō-teki (na) * (direction; orientation; bearing; way/ directional) (shikō-sei (no))
Emo1	Outstanding	並外れた/ 優れた	Namihazureta/ Sugureta * (great; excellent; outstanding)

Emo1	Out of the ordinary	並外れた/ 徒ならぬ/ 特別 (な/ の)/ 飛び切り (の)/ 非凡 (な)/ 途方もない (途方も無い)/ とほうもない/ 滅法 (な)/ 臨時 (の)/ 非常 (な)/ 別格 (な/ の)/ 破格 (な/ の)/ 異例 (な/ の)/ まれに見る/ 随分 (な)/ 抜群 (な/ の)/ 至妙 (な)/ 珍無類 (な)/ 一方ならぬ/ 度外れ/ 非日常的 (な)/ 並々ならぬ/ 超凡 (な)/ 不世出/ 突飛 (な)/ 並み外れ (な/ の)/ 桁外れ (な)/ 並外れて/ 格外 (な/ の)/ 凡ならざる (ぼんならざる)/ すこぶる付き/ 図がない (図が無い/ ずがない)/ 別枠	Namihazureta/ Tadanaranu/ Tokubetsu (na/ no)/ Tobikiri (no)/ Hibon (na)/ Tohōmonai/ Meppō (na)/ Rinji (no)/ Hijō (na)/ Bekkaku (na/ no)/ Hakaku (na/ no)/ Irei (na/ no)/ Mare ni miru/ Zuibun * (becomes zuibun'na)/ Batsugun (na/ no)/ Shimyō (na)/ Chinmurui (na)/ Hitokatanaranu/ Dohazure * (extraordinary; excessive)/ Hinichijōteki (na) * (extraordinary; unusual; strange; unexpected)/ Naminaminaranu/ Chōbon (na)/ Fuseishutsu * (rare; extraordinary; unparalleled; unparalleled)/ Toppi (na) * (erratic; offbeat; wild; unconventional; extraordinary; weird; eccentric; reckless)/ Namihazure (na/ no) * (out of the common; far above the average; extraordinary; abnormal; unreasonable)/ Ketahazure (na) * (incredible; extraordinary; exceptional; phenomenal)/ Namihazurete/ Kakugai (na/ no) * (nonstandard; extraordinary; special)/ Bon narazaru * (uncommon; extraordinary; rare)/ Sukoburu tsuki * (extreme; extraordinary; rare; brilliant)/ Zu ga nai * (unthinkable; extraordinary; preposterous; cannot be. Literally translated: there is no picture, there is no map, there is no figure, there is no illustration)/ Betsuwaku * (additional; extraordinary; outside the norms; special case)
Emo1	Overjoyed	大喜び	Ōyorokobi
Emo1	Overly enjoy	楽しみすぎる/ 過度に楽しむ/ 楽しんで過度 (です)/ 余りに楽しむ	Tanoshimi sugiru/ Kado ni tanoshimu/ Tanoshinde kado (desu)/ Amari ni tanoshimu
Emo1	Paramount	至要 (な)/ 最優先事項 (である)/ 非常に重要/ 最重要事項/ パラマウント (の)	Shiyō (na)/ Saiyūsenjikō (dearu)/ Hijō ni jūyō/ Saijūyō jikō/ Paramaunto (no)
Emo1	Passionate (passionately; emotional)	暑い/ 熱い/ 熱烈 (な)/ 情熱的 (な)/ 多情 (な)/ 血気盛ん (な)/ 切々 (切切) (たる/ と)/ 濃厚 (な) (情熱的 (な); 感情的 (な))	Atsui/ Atsui * (same pronunciation, different Kanji character)/ Netsuretsu (na)/ Jōnetsu-teki (na)/ Tajō (na)/ Kekki sakan (na)/ Setsusetsu (taru/ to)/ Nōkō (na) (Jōnetsu-teki (na); Kanjō-teki (na))

Emo1	Peaceful	平和的 (な)/ 円満 (な)/ 安らか (な)/ 安い (やすい)/ 穏やか (な)/ 長閑 (な)/ 閑静 (な)/ 静か (な)/ 平穏 (な/ の)/ 清閑 (な)/ 心静か (な)/ 丸い/ 平坦 (な)/ 平和裏 (な)/ 閑寂 (な)/ 藹々 (藹藹/ あいあい) (たる/ と)/ 和気あいあい (和気藹藹/ 和気霽霽) (たる/ と)/ 寧静 (な)/ 無風 (の/ な)	Heiwa teki (na)/ Enman (na)/ Yasuraka (na)/ Yasui * (can mean 'cheap; inexpensive', but can also mean 'calm; peaceful; quiet')/ Odayaka (na)/ Nodoka (na)/ Kansei (na)/ Shizuka (na)/ Heion (na/ no)/ Seikan (na)/ Kokoro shizuka (na)/ Marui * (can mean 'round; circular; spherical', or 'curved; smooth', but can also mean 'harmonious; calm; peaceful; amiable; amicable')/ Heitan (na) * (can mean 'even; flat; level; smooth', but can also mean 'calm; peaceful; uneventful; easy; uncomplicated; trouble-free')/ Heiwari (na)/ Kanjaku (na) * (quiet; peaceful; tranquil)/ Aiai (taru/ to) * (harmonious; peaceful; congenial)/ Wakiiai (taru/ to) * (harmonious; peaceful; congenial; friendly; happy)/ Neisei (na)/ Mufū (no/ na) * (literally means 'windless; calm; no-wind', but can also mean 'quiet (state of affairs); peaceful; stable; safe (electoral seat)')
Emo1	Peculiar	独特 (の)/ 変 (へん) (な)/ 奇妙 (な)/ 特殊 (な/ の)/ 特異 (な)/ 可笑しい/ 独自 (な/ の)/ 奇異 (な/ の)/ 一風変わった/ 一種独特 (な)/ 珍 (ちん) (な)/ 変ちくりん/ 変てこりん	Dokutoku (no)/ Hen (na) * (becomes hen'na)/ Kimyō (na) * (strange; odd; peculiar; queer; curious)/ Tokushu (na/ no) * (special; particular; peculiar; unique)/ Tokui (na) * (unique; peculiar; singular)/ Okashī * (strange; odd; funny; peculiar; weird; wrong; unusual; eccentric)/ Dokuji (na/ no) * (original; unique; distinctive; characteristic; peculiar)/ Kii (na/ no) * (odd; strange; queer; peculiar)/ Ippūkawatta/ Isshu dokutoku (na)/ Chin (na)/ Hen chiku rin/ Hentekorin
Emo1	Perceptive	知覚的 (な)/ 物分かりの良い/ 物分かりが良い/ 勘のいい/ 勘がいい/ 鋭い	Chikakuteki (na) * (perceptive; perception; sensation; awareness)/ Monowakarino yoi * (sensible; perceptive; quick to understand; understanding; sympathetic)/ Monowakari ga yoi * (sensible; perceptive; quick to understand; understanding; sympathetic)/ Kan no ī * (quick on the uptake; quick to catch on; perceptive; intuitive)/ Kan ga ī * (quick on the uptake; quick to catch on; perceptive; intuitive)/ Surudoī * (means 'sharp (knife, claws, etc.); pointed', or 'sharp (pain, tone, etc.); acute; stabbing; cutting (remark, criticism, etc.); stinging; biting; fierce (attack); pointed (question, look, etc.); piercing (gaze); shrill (sound)', but can also mean 'keen (intuition, sense of smell, etc.); acute; sharp (eye, mind, etc.); astute; shrewd; discerning; penetrating (insight, question, etc.); perceptive')

Emo1	Perfectly clear	完全に明らか/ 全く明らか (である)/ 完全にクリア/ 澄み切った/ 澄み切る/ 澄み渡る/ からっと (カラッと) (する)/ 火を見るより明らか	Kanzen ni akiraka * (perfectly clear; completely clear)/ Mattaku akiraka (dearu) * (totally obvious; totally clear; entirely clear; completely clear; wholly clear; totally evident; completely evident; truly clear)/ Kanzen ni kuria/ Sumikitta * (perfectly clear)/ Sumikiru * (to be perfectly clear (water, air, etc.); to clear up)/ Sumiwataru * (to be perfectly clear)/ Karatto * (bright and clear (weather, sky, etc.); perfectly (fine weather)/ nicely dry (laundry, air, etc.); crisply (fried, cooked, etc.)/ frankly; open-heartedly) (suru)/ Hiwomiruyoriakiraka * (clear as day; plain as day; patently obvious; clearer than watching a fire/ expression)
Emo1	Perky	はつらつとした/ 澆刺 (たる/ と)	Hatsuratsu to shita/ Hatsuratsu (taru/ to)
Emo1	Perplexed	困惑 (する)/ 弱まる/ 怪訝 (な)/ 戸惑う/ 弱る/ 迷う (迷った)/ 窮する	Konwaku (suru)/ Yowamaru/ Kegen (na)/ Tomadou/ Yowaru/ Mayou (mayotta)/ Kyū suru
Emo1	Persistent (Enduring)	持続的 (な)/ 永続的 (な)/ 執拗 (な)/ 永続性 (の)/ 不断 (の/ な)/ 執拗い (しつっこい)/ 粘り強い/ 頑強 (な)/ 不屈 (の/ な)/ 粘り (の)/ 耐久力 (の)/ 根気 (の)/ 一点張り (の)/ 存続 (する)/ 固執 (する)/ 持久 (する)/ 耐久 (する/ な) (永続的 (な))	Jizoku-teki (na)/ Eizoku-teki (na)/ Shitsuyō (na)/ Eizoku-sei (no)/ Fudan (no/ na)/ Shitsuyō i/ Nebardzuyoi/ Gankyō (na)/ Fukutsu (no/ na)/ Nebari (no)/ Taikyū-ryoku (no)/ Konki (no)/ Ittenbari (no)/ Sonzoku (suru)/ Koshū (suru)/ Jikyū (suru)/ Taikyū (suru/ na) (eizoku-teki (na))
Emo1	Persuasive (persuading)	説得力がある/ 説得的 (な) (説得力がある)	Settoku-ryoku ga aru/ Settoku-teki (na) (settoku-ryoku ga aru)
Emo1	Picturesque	絵のように美しい	Enoyōniutsukushī
Emo1	Pleased	喜んで/ 嬉しい/ 気に入る/ 喜ぶ/ 喜ばしい/ 満足 (した/ な)/ 満ち足りる	Yorokonde/ Ureshī/ Kiniiru * (to like; to be pleased with; to be delighted with; to take a liking to; to suit one's fancy)/ Yorokobu * (to be delighted; to be glad; to be pleased)/ Yorokobashī * (joyful (news, event, etc.); joyous; delightful (e.g. result); pleasing (e.g. sight); gratifying; welcome; good; happy; glad; pleased)/ Manzoku (shita/ na) * (satisfied; satisfaction; contentment; gratification/ sufficient; satisfactory; enough; adequate; proper; decent)/ Michitariru * (to be content; to have enough; to be happy; to be sufficient; to be satisfied)

Emo1	Pleasant	楽しい/ 快適 (な)/ 愉快 (な)/ 快い/ 良い (よい)/ いい/ 爽やか (な)/ 心地よい/ 嬉しい/ 楽しげ (な)/ 微笑ましい/ 欣快 (な)/ 温和 (な)	Tanoshī/ Kaiteki (na)/ Yukai (na)/ Kokoroyoi * (pleasant; agreeable; comfortable; refreshing)/ Yoi * (good; excellent; fine; nice; pleasant; agreeable)/ Ī (ii) * (good; excellent; fine; nice; pleasant; agreeable)/ Sawayaka (na) * (fresh; refreshing; invigorating; pleasant; delightful)/ Kokochiyoi * (comfortable; pleasant)/ Ureshī * (joyful; delightful; gratifying; pleasant)/ Tanoshi- ge (na) * (happy; cheerful; pleasant)/ Hohoemashī * (heartwarming; pleasant; charming; amusing)/ Kinkai (na) * (pleasant; delightful)/ Onwa (na) * (gentle (nature, personality, etc.); mild; quiet; pleasant/ mild (climate); temperate; clement; pleasant; agreeable/ moderate (statement, measure, etc.); mild; temperate)
Emo1	Pleasantly	よろしく	Yoroshiku
Emo1	Polite (graceful)	丁寧 (丁寧) (な)/ 礼儀正しい/ 丁重 (な)/ 恭しい/ 慇懃 (な)/ 優渥 (な)/ 欣快 (な)/ 淑やか/ 優雅 (な)	Teinei (na)/ Reigi tadashī/ Teichō (na)/ Uyauyashī/ Ingin (na)/ Yūaku (na)/ Kinkai (na)/ Shitoyaka/ Yūga (na)
Emo1	Popular	人気のある/ 盛ん (な)/ 庶民的 (な)/ ポピュラー (な)	Ninkinoaru * (popular)/ Sakan (na) * (popular; widespread/ prosperous; flourishing; thriving; successful)/ Shomin-teki (na) * (popular; folksy; plebeian; ordinary; unpretentious)/ Popyurā (na) * (popular; well-liked/ common; frequent; popular)
Emo1	Much talked about	多くの話題	Ōku no wadai
Emo1	Positive (ie. attitude, behaviour)	積極的 (に/ な)/ 陽性 (の)/ 積極 (の)/ 前向き (な)/ 意欲的 (に/ な)/ ポジティブ (な)/ プラス (な/ の)/ 正 (せい) (の)	Sekigyokuteki (ni/ na)/ Yōsei (no)/ Sekkyoku (no)/ Maemuki (na)/ Iyoku-teki (ni/ na) * (keen; eager; enthusiastic; motivated; determined; positive; ambitious)/ Pojitibu (na)/ Purasu (na/ no)/ Sei (no)
Emo1	Precautious	用心深い	Yōjinbukai
Emo1	Precious (valuable; dear)	貴重 (な) (貴重な; 親愛なる)	Kichō (na) (kichōna; shin'ainaru)
Emo1	Preciously	大切に	Taisetsu ni
Emo1	Precipitous	険しい (峻しい)/ 急 (に/ な)/ 急激 (急劇) (な)	Kewashī/ Kyū (ni/ na)/ Kyūgeki (na)

Emo1	Prominent	目立つ/ 有力 (な)/ 有数 (な/ の)/ (ご) 立派 (な)/ 錚々 (錚錚) (たる/ と)/ 大 (だい) (な)/ 卓立 (する)/ 指折り (の)/ 際立つ/ プロミネント (な)/ 主だった/ 灼た (な)/ 鬱然 (たる/ と)	Medatsu * (to be conspicuous; to stand out)/ Yūryoku (na) * (influential; prominent)/ Yūsū (na/ no) * (prominent; eminent; leading; foremost; distinguished)/ (go) Rippa (na) * (splendid; fine; handsome; elegant; imposing; prominent; impressive)/ Sōsō (taru/ to) * (eminent; prominent; distinguished; first-rate; leading)/ Ō (dai) (na) * (great; prominent; eminent; distinguished)/ Takuritsu (suru) * (prominent; standing out)/ Yubiori (no) * (leading; prominent; eminent; foremost; distinguished)/ Kiwadatsu * (to be prominent; to be conspicuous; to stand out; to be outstanding; to be remarkable; to be striking; to be notable)/ Purominento (na) * (prominent)/ Omodatta * (chief; leading; prominent; principal; main; important)/ Arata (na) * (means 'clear; vivid; brilliant', but can also mean 'prominent; obvious; evident')/ Utsuzen (taru/ to) * (means 'dense (vegetation); thick' or 'gloomy (mood)/ gloomy mood', but can also mean 'prominent; popular')
Emo1	Prominently	顕著に	Kencho ni
Emo1	Promiscuous	無差別 (な)/ 尻軽 (な)	Musabetsu (na) * (indiscrimination; without discrimination; indiscriminate)/ Shirigaru (na) * (loose; promiscuous; unfaithful; wanton; of loose morals. Please note the word can also mean 'quick; brisk; energetic; active' or 'rash; thoughtless; careless')
Emo1	Properly	ちゃんと	Chanto

Emo1	Prospering (prosperous)	繁栄 (する)/ 先太り (する)/ 弥栄 (する) (盛ん (な)/ 賑やか (な)/ 華やか (な)/ 盛大 (な)/ 隆々 (隆隆) (たる/ と)/ 旺然 (たる/ と)/ 羽振りがいい/ 羽振りのいい)	Han'ei (suru) * (prosperity; thriving; flourishing)/ Saki futori (suru) * (increasing over time; prospering)/ Yasaka (suru) * (prosperity; prospering; flourishing) (Sakan (na) * (prosperous; flourishing; thriving; successful/ popular; widespread/ active; lively; energetic; vigorous; brisk; strong/ enthusiastic; eager; hearty; frequent; repeated)/ Nigiyaka (na) * (bustling; busy; crowded; lively; prosperous; thriving/ lively (party, voices, etc.); loud; noisy; merry; cheerful)/ Hanayaka (na) * (bright and beautiful; gorgeous; showy; brilliant; splendid; gay; colorful; flowery/ prosperous; flourishing; thriving)/ Seidai (na) * (grand; magnificent; lavish; large scale; prosperous; thriving; lively/ forceful; powerful; vigorous)/ Ryūryū (taru/ to) * (prosperous; flourishing; thriving)/ Ōzen (taru/ to) * (prosperous)/ Haburigaī * (influential; powerful; popular; prosperous; doing well)/ Haburinoī * (influential; powerful; popular; prosperous; doing well))
Emo1	Protective	保護 (する)/ 防護 (する/ の)	Hogoi (suru)/ Bōgo (suru/ no)
Emo1	Prudent	慎重 (な)	Shinchō (na)
Emo1	Puzzled	困惑した (困惑させた)/ 怪訝 (な)/ 訝しげ (な)	Konwaku shita (konwaku saseta)/ Kegen (na)/ Ibukashige (na)
Emo1	Quaint	趣のある/ 乙 (おつ) (な)/ 珍しい	Omomuro no aru * (tasteful; elegant; refined; charming; attractive)/ Otsu (na) * (can mean 'stylish; chic; smart; witty; tasty', but can also mean 'strange; quaint; queer')/ Mezurashī * (unusual; rare; curious)
Emo1	Radiant (radiating)	光る/ 眩しい/ 輝くばかり/ 輝く/ 和やか (にこやか) (な)/ 炯然 (たる/ と)/ 灼然 (たる/ と)/ 燦然 (たる/ と)/ 燦爛 (たる/ と)/ 色鮮やか (な)/ 放射 (する)/ ラディアント (放射状)	Hikaru * (to shine; to glitter; to be bright)/ Mabushii * (dazzling; radiant)/ Kagayaku bakari * (radiant)/ Kagayaku * (to shine; to sparkle; to twinkle; to glitter; to glisten/ to light up (with happiness, hope, etc.); to beam; to gleam; to glow)/ Nikoyaka (na) * (smiling; beaming; radiant; bright; cheerful)/ Keizen (taru/ to) * (shining; radiant; bright)/ Shakuzen (taru/ to) * (shining; radiant/ evident; clear)/ Sanzen (taru/ to) * (brilliant; radiant; bright; sparkling)/ Sanran (taru/ to) * (brilliant; bright; radiant)/ Iro azayaka (na) * (brightly colored; vivid; colorful; colourful; brilliant; radiant)/ Hōsha (suru)/ Radianto (Hōshajō * (radial; radiating))
Emo1	Radical (radically)	過激 (な)/ 抜本的 (な)/ 急進的 (な)/ ラジカル (な) (ラジカル (な))	Kageki (na)/ Bappon-teki (na)/ Kyūshin-teki (na)/ Rajikaru (na) (rajikaru (na))

Emo1	Randomly	無作為 (に/ な/ の)/ 偶さか/ 行き当たりばったり (の)/ ランダム (な)/ 出鱈目 (デタラメ) (な)/ 手当たり次第/ 矢鱈 (やたら) (と)/ 偶然 (な/ の)/ 闇雲 (やみくも) (に/ な)	Musakui (ni/ na/ no)/ Tamasaka/ Ikiataribattari (no)/ Randamu (na)/ Detarame (na)/ Teatarishidai * (using anything one can lay one's hands on; haphazardly; on the rebound; at random; indiscriminately)/ Yatora (to)/ Gūzen (na/ no) * (becomes 'gūzen'na')/ Yamikumo (ni/ na)
Emo1	Really? (Really!)	本当に? (本当です!)	Hontōni? (Hontōdesu!)
Emo1	Reasonable (reasonably)	妥当 (に/ な/ する)/ 合理的 (な) (妥当 (に/ な/ する))	Datō (ni/ na/ suru) * (valid; proper; right; appropriate; reasonable)/ Gōri-teki (na) * (rational; reasonable; logical) (datō ni (ni/ na/ suru))
Emo1	Reddened	赤くなった	Akaku natta
Emo1	Refined	洗練された	Senrensareta
Emo1	Reflective	反省的 (な)/ 反省的である/ 内省的 (な)/ 反射的 (な)/ 反射的である/ 反省 (する)/ 省察 (する)/ 三省 (する)/ リフレクティブ (な/ の)	Hansei-teki (na) * (reflective; reconsideration; introspective; meditative; contemplative)/ Hansei-tekidearu/ Naiseiteki (na) * (reflective; introspective (introspection; reflection on one's self))/ Hansha-teki (na) * (reflexive; reflecting)/ Hansha-tekidearu/ Hansei (suru)/ Seisatsu (suru) * (reflection; consideration)/ Sansei (suru) * (frequent reflection (meditation))/ Rifurekutibu (na/ no) * (reflective)
Emo1	Refreshing (exhilarating)	爽快 (な)/ 清々しい (清々しい/ すがすがしい)/ 気が晴れる/ 晴れています/ すっきり (スッキリ) (と/ する)/ リフレッシュしています	Sōkai (na)/ Sugasugashī/ Ki ga hareru/ Harete imasu * (means 'sunny, cleared up, stopped raining', but can also mean 'to refresh (e.g. spirits)')/ Sukki (to/ suru)/ Rifuresshu shite imasu
Emo1	Refreshed	清々しい (清々しい/ すがすがしい)/ リフレッシュされた (リフレッシュした)/ 晴れた/ 気が晴れた (気が晴れる)	Sugasugashī/ Rifuresshu sareta (rifuresshu shita)/ Hareta * (means 'sunny, cleared up, stopped raining', but can also mean 'to refresh (e.g. spirits)')/ Ki ga hareta (ki ga hareru)
Emo1	Rejuvenating	若返り (する)	Wakagaeri (suru)
Emo1	Relaxed (peaceful; at ease; cozy)	気安い/ 安閑 (たる/ と)/ 平ら (な)/ リラックスした (リラックス する) (平和な; 安心した; 居心地の良い)	Kiyasui * (relaxed; familiar; easy to access; friendly)/ Ankan (taru/ to) * (relaxed; easygoing; leisurely; peaceful; calm; comfortable)/ Taira (na) * (relaxed (sitting posture); comfortable)/ Rirakkusu shita (rirakkusu (suru)) (heiwana; anshin shita; igokochinoyoi)

Emo1	Reliable (trusted)	信頼できる/ 確実 (な)/ 頼もしい/ 確か (な)/ 間違いない/ 着実 (な)/ 地道 (な)/ 堅実 (な)/ 信頼のおける (信頼の於ける/ しんらいのおける)/ 当てになる (アテになる)/ 手堅い/ 物堅い/ 信頼に足る/ 頼りになる/ 頼りに出来る/ 信頼的 (な)/ 信頼 (する)/ 信用的 (な)/ 信用 (する)/ 信任 (する)/ 信任的 (な)/ 信じる/ 信じ (の)/ 信ずる/ 頼りにする	Shinraidekiru/ Kakujitsu (na)/ Tanomoshī/ Tashika (na)/ Machigainai/ Chakujitsu (na)/ Jimichi (na)/ Kenjitsu (na)/ Shinrai no okeru/ Ate ni naru/ Tegatai/ Monogatai/ Shinrai ni taru/ Tayorininaru/ Tayori ni dekiru/ Shinrai-teki (na)/ Shinrai (suru)/ Shin'yō-teki (na)/ Shin'yō (suru)/ Shin'nin (suru)/ Shin'nin-teki (na)/ Shinjiru/ Shinji (no)/ Shinzuru/ Tayori ni suru
Emo1	Relieved	安心した/ サバサバ(さばさば)(と/ する)/ さっぱり(と/する)/ ほっと (ホッと/ ホット)(する)/ 休まる (安まる)/ 清々(清清/ 晴々/ 晴晴) (と/する)/ スカッと(スカッと/ すかっと/ スカーッと)(する)/ すっきり(スッキリ)(と/する)	Anshin shita/ Sabasaba (to/ suru)/ Sappari (to/ suru)/ Hotto (suru)/ Yasumaru/ Seisei (to/ suru)/ Sukatto (suru)/ Sukki (to/ suru)
Emo1	Remarkable	目覚ましい(目覚しい)/ 顕著 (な)/ 特筆すべき/ 特筆 (する)/ 特筆的 (な)	Mezamashī/ Kencho (na)/ Tokuhitsu subeki/ Tokuhitsu (suru)/ Tokuhitsu-teki (na)
Emo1	Remarkably	著しく/ めっきり/ メキメキ (めきめき)(と)/ ぐんと/ 一際 (ひときわ)/ 優れて	Ichijirushiku * (considerably; remarkably; strikingly)/ Mekkiri * (remarkably; noticeably; considerably; appreciably)/ Mekimeki (to) * (remarkably; markedly; rapidly/ sound of breaking or creaking)/ Gunto * (remarkably; noticeably)/ Hitokiwa * (conspicuously; noticeably; remarkably; strikingly; outstandingly; especially; particularly)/ Sugurete * (extremely; exceedingly; exceptionally; remarkably; conspicuously)

Emo1	Reserved (restricted)	予約済み (の)/ 予約された/ 控えめ (な/ の)/ 質素 (な)/ 引っ込み思案 (な/ の)/ 地味 (な)/ 慎ましい/ 慎ましか (な)/ イジイジ (と/ する)/ 内気 (な) (制限付き (の)/ 制限された/ 限定された/ 限定付き/ 自由がきかない/ 立ち入り禁止)	Yoyaku-zumi (no) * (reserved; engaged)/ Yoyaku sa reta * (reserved; booked; made an appointment)/ Hikaeme (na/ no) * (moderate; reserved; conservative; humble; mild-mannered; self-effacing; unassuming; well-behaved; low-key; temperate; in small quantities)/ Shisso (na) * (modest; frugal; reserved)/ Hikkomijian (na/ no) * (reserved; introverted; reticent; shy; withdrawn)/ Jimi (na) * (reserved (behaviour, attitude, etc.); modest; quiet; unobtrusive)/ Tsutsumashī * (modest; reserved; quiet; humble)/ Tsutsumashiyaka (na) * (modest; reserved)/ Ijiji (to/ suru) * (hesitantly; timidly; diffidently)/ Uchiki (na) * (shy; bashful; timid; reserved) (Seigen-tsuki (no)/ Seigen sareta/ Gentei sareta/ Gentei-tsuki/ Jiyū ga kikanai * (restricted; confined; unfree)/ Tachiiri kinshi * (No Entry; No Trespassing; No Admittance; Off Limits; Keep Out; Keep Off * (usually on a sign)/ off-limits; restricted; forbidden))
Emo1	Restricted	制限付き	Seigen-tsuki
Emo1	More reserved	より控えめ	Yori hikaeme
Emo1	Somewhat reserved (shyly; timidly)	遠慮気味 (な/ の)	Enryo-gimi (na/ no)
Emo1	Resounding	響く/ 響き渡る/ 大 (だい/ たい) (な) * (ie. 大成功)	Hibiku * (to resound; to be heard far away/ to reverberate; to shake; to vibrate/ to have an effect; to make an impression)/ Hibiki wataru * (to resound; to echo; to reverberate)/ Ō (dai/ tai) (na) * (large; big; great; huge; vast; major; important; serious; severe/ great; prominent; eminent; distinguished) * (ie. taiseikō - resounding success; big success; large success; great success; huge success)
Emo1	Respectful	敬意を表する/ 丁重 (に/ な)/ 丁重である/ 礼やか (な)/ 恭しい (恭しく)/ 丁寧 (丁寧) (な)/ 礼儀正しい/ 尊重 (する/ な)/ 敬意 (の/ な)	Keiwohyōsuru/ Teichō (ni/ na)/ Teichōdearu/ Reiya ka (na)/ Uyauyashī (uyauyashiku)/ Teinei (na)/ Reigi tadashī/ Sonchō (suru/ na) * (more respectful as in esteem; regard)/ Kei (no/ na) * (more respectful as in honour; honor)
Emo1	Responsible	責任がある/ 責任 (の)/ 責任的 (な)/ 担当 (する/ の/ な)/ 担当的 (な)/ 担当がある	Sekinin ga aru/ Sekinin (no)/ Sekinin-teki (na)/ Tantō (suru/ no/ na)/ Tantō-teki (na)/ Tantō ga aru

Emo1	Retrospective (looking back on)	後方視的 (な)/ 回想的 (な)/ 回顧的 (な)/ レトロスペクティブ (的) (な/ の)/ 後ろ向き (な/ の)/ 前日談/ 前日譚的 (な)/ 振り返ってみると (振り返る/ 今から思えば)	Kōhō-shi-teki (na) * (retrospective)/ Kaisō-teki (na) * (retrospective; reflective; reminiscence)/ Kaiko-teki (na) * (retrospective; recollective; reminiscing; looking back; reviewing)/ Retorosupekutibu (teki) (na/ no) * (retrospective)/ Ushiromuki (na/ no) * (back-facing; backwards/ backward-looking; retrogressive; reactionary; retrospective; negative)/ Zenjitsu-dan * (prequel; retrospective talk; a) retrospective)/ Zenjitsutan-teki (na) * (prequel/ retrospective (talk, etc.))/ Furikaette miruto * (in retrospect) (Furikaeru * (to think back (on); to reminisce; to look back (on); to reflect (on)/ to turn one's head; to look over one's shoulder; to turn around; to look back)/ Ima kara omoeba * (looking back on it now; thinking about it now))
Emo1	Rhythmic	リズムカル (な)/ リズミック (な)/ 調子がいい/ 調子のいい/ 調子が良い (調子がよい)/ 調子的 (な)/ 律動的 (な)/ 軽快 (な)/ 打つ/ ぽくぽく (と/ する)/ リズム感 (的) (な)	Rizumikaru (na) * (rhythmical; rhythmic; well-paced)/ Rizumikku (na) * (rhythmic; rhythmical)/ Chōshigai * (harmonious; melodious; rhythmical; musical)/ Chōshinoi * (harmonious; melodious; rhythmical; musical)/ Chōshigaii (chōshi ga yoi) * (harmonious; melodious; rhythmical; musical)/ Chōshi-teki (na) * (tune-wise; tone-wise; rhythmical)/ Ritsudō-teki (na) * (rhythmical)/ Keikai (na) * (light-hearted; cheerful; buoyant; jaunty; casual (e.g. clothing); rhythmical (e.g. melody))/ Utsu * (to beat (rhythmically, e.g. pulse, waves, etc.))/ Poku poku (to/ suru) * (rhythmically (beating, e.g. gong)/ clip-clopping (e.g. horse))/ Rizumukan (teki) (na) * (sense of rhythm; rhythmical sense)
Emo1	Romantic	ロマンチック (な)/ 艶っぽい/ 幻想的 (な)/ 浮いた	Romanchikku (na) * (romantic)/ Tsuyappoi * (romantic; spicy; coquettish)/ Gensō-teki (na) * (fantastic; magical; wondrous; whimsical; fairytale-like; romantic)/ Uita * (amorous; flirtatious; romantic/ light; frivolous/ flamboyant)
Emo1	Royal	王立 (の)	Ōritsu (no)
Emo1	Rushed	急いだ	Isoida
Emo1	Sacred	神聖 (な)	Shinsei (na)
Emo1	Satisfying (pleasing)	満足 (する/ な) (嬉しい/ 喜ばしい (よろこばしい)/ 満足のいく (満足の行く)/ 気に入る/ 喜ぶ/ 幸甚 (な))	Manzoku (suru/ na) (Ureshi/ Yorokobashi/ Manzoku no iku/ Kiniiru/ Yorokobu/ Kōjin (na))

Emo1	Secretly (secret; secretive; secretly; mysterious)	秘密めいた/ 秘密的 (に/ な)/ 秘密 (の/ に/ な)/ こっそり (の/ と)/ こそこそ (と/ する)/ 人知れず/ 密か (な)/ 隠し事 (する)/ 陰に * (invisibly; secretly; privately)	Himitsu meita/ Himitsu-teki (ni/ na)/ Himitsu (no/ ni/ na)/ Kossori (no/ to)/ Kosokoso (to/ suru)/ Hitoshirezu/ Hisoka (na)/ Kakushigoto (suru)/ In ni
Emo1	Seeming ... (appearing ...)	らしい	Rashī
Emo1	Sensual	官能的 (な)/ 肉体的 (な)/ 肉感的 (な)/ センシュアル (な)/ あだっぽい (婀娜っぽい)/ 動物的 (な)/ 色恋 (の)	Kan'nō-teki (na) * (sensual; voluptuous; sexy; arousing)/ Nikutai-teki (na) * (means 'bodily; physical; corporeal', but can also mean 'sexual; sensual; of the flesh')/ Nikkanteki (na) * (sensual; sexy; voluptuous)/ Senshuaru (na) * (sensual)/ Adappoi * (seductive; sensual; coquettish)/ Dōbutsu-teki (na) * (animal; beastly; carnal; sensual; brute)/ Irokoi (no) * (sensual love; love affair)
Emo1	Serious (seriously?)	まじで/ まじ (な)/ 本気 (の/ な)/ 重大 (な)/ 深刻 (な)/ 真面目 (に/ な)/ 真剣 (に/ な)	Majide (maji de)/ Maji (na)/ Honki (no/ na)/ Jūdai (na)/ Shinkoku (na)/ Majime (ni/ na)/ Shinken (ni/ na)
Emo1	Shimmering	きらめく (煌めく)	Kirameku
Emo1	Shining	輝く/ 灼然 (たる/ と)/ 光耀 (の)/ ぴかぴかする/ シャイニング (の/ な)	Kagayaku/ Shakuzen (taru/ to)/ Kōyō (no)/ Pikapika suru/ Shainingu (no/ na)
Emo1	Show signs of being (to want)	Verb stem + がる/ たがる	Verb stem + Garu/ Tagaru
Emo1	On the verge of (just about to)	瀕する/ 間際/ 今にも (いまにも)/ 寸前/ 正に (まさに)/ 掛け (かけ)/ 将に (まさに)	Hinsuru/ Magiwa/ Imanimo/ Sunzen/ Masani/ Kake/ Masani
Emo1	Showing no signs of ... (extremely unlikely to ...)	そうにない	Sō ninai
Emo1	Shy	内気 (な)/ 恥ずかしい/ シャイ (な)	Uchiki (na) * (shy; bashful; timid; reserved)/ Hazukashī * (embarrassing; embarrassed; ashamed; humiliated; shy)/ Shai (na) * (shy)
Emo1	Significant (considerable; a great deal)	大した/ 大切 (な)/ 重大 (な)/ 意義深い	Taishita/ Taisetsu (na)/ Jūdai (na)/ Igibukai
Emo1	Simon-pure	正真正銘 (の)/ 本物 (の)/ サイモン・ピュア (の)	Shōshinshōmei (no) * (genuine; authentic; true; real)/ Honmono (no) * (genuine article; real thing; real deal)/ Saimon pyua (no)
Emo1	Sincere (honest)	誠実 (な)/ 真心 (の)/ 誠意のある/ 実 (の)/ 誠 (の)	Seijitsu (na)/ Magokoro (no)/ Seii no aru/ Jitsu (no)/ Makoto (no)
Emo1	Sincerely	心から	Kokoro kara
Emo1	Slick	巧妙 (な)	Kōmyō (na)
Emo1	Slow to anger	怒るのが遅い/ 怒りをおそくする/ 怒ることおそく/ 怒りになるのが遅い	Okoru no ga osoi/ Ikari o osoku suru/ Okoru koto osoku/ Ikari ni naru no ga osoi
Emo1	Smart	頭いい	Atama ī

Emo1	Smoothly	滞りなく/ スラスラ (と)/ すんなり (と/ する)/ 上手く (うまく)/ スムーズ (に/ な)	Todokōrinaku * (without delay; smoothly; without a hitch)/ Surasura (to) * (smoothly; easily; readily)/ Sun'nari (to/ suru) * (smoothly; without resistance; without trouble; without difficulty; without dissent; easily; readily)/ Umaku * (successfully; smoothly/ skilfully; skillfully; well; aptly; cleverly)/ Sumūzu (ni/ na) * (smooth; smoothly)
Emo1	Solidary	連帯 (する)/ 団結 (する)/ 共同責任 (の)/ 結束 (する)/ 一致団結 (する)	Rendai (suru) * (solidarity/ joint; collective)/ Danketsu (suru) * (unity; union; solidarity; combination; banding together; teaming up)/ Kyōdō sekinin (no) * (joint responsibility; solidarity)/ Kessoku (suru) * (union; unity; solidarity)/ Itchi danketsu (suru) * (solidarity; banding together and working as one for a common cause)
Emo1	Sophisticated	洗練された/ 粋 (いき) (な)/ 上品 (な)/ 凝った/ 高度 (な/ の)/ 洒脱 (な)/ 高機能 (の/ な)/ 世間擦れ (する)/ 貴やか (な)/ 都雅 (な)/ 垢抜ける/ 粋 (すい) (な) * (same kanji, different hiragana characters)	Senrensareta * (refined; polished; elegant; sophisticated)/ Iki (na) * (chic; smart; stylish; tasteful; refined; sophisticated/ understanding; considerate; thoughtful; sensible/ familiar with worldly pleasures (esp. sexual relations, geisha districts and red-light districts))/ Jōhin (na) * (elegant; refined; polished; stylish; sophisticated)/ Kotta * (elaborate; exquisite; ornate; refined; sophisticated)/ Kōdo (na/ no) * (means 'altitude; height; elevation', but can also mean 'high-degree; high-grade; advanced; sophisticated; strong')/ Shadatsu (na) * (sophisticated; refined; witty; urbane; unconstrained)/ Kō kinō (no/ na) * (high-functioning; high-performance; sophisticated)/ Sekenzure (suru) * (worldly wise; sophisticated; street smart; knowledge of the world (acquired in the school of hard knocks); toughness)/ Ateyaka (na) * (elegant; sophisticated; beautiful)/ Toga (na) * (graceful; sophisticated)/ Akanukeru * (to be refined; to be polished; to be stylish; to be sophisticated)/ Sui (na) * (essence; the best; cream/ chic; smart; stylish; tasteful; refined; sophisticated/ considerate; understanding; thoughtful; tactful/ familiar with worldly pleasures (esp. sexual relations, geisha districts and red-light districts)/ same kanji, different hiragana characters)
Emo1	Sparkling	きらめく (煌めく)	Kirameku
Emo1	Spirited (lively; energetic)	活気のある/ 明るい/ 元気 (な)/ 気鋭 (の/ な) (元気 (な); 元気 (な))	Kakkinoaru/ Akarui/ Genki (na)/ Kiei (Genki (na); Genki (na))
Emo1	Spontaneous	自発 (の)/ 自発的 (に/ な)	Jihatsu (no)/ Jihatsu-teki (ni/ na)
Emo1	Spontaneously	自発的に	Jihatsu-teki ni

Emo1	Spotless	きれい (綺麗) (な)/ 無垢 (な/ の)	Kirei (na) * (pretty; lovely; beautiful; fair/ clean; clear; pure; tidy; neat)/ Muku (na/ no) * (pure; innocent; spotless; immaculate; unspoiled)
Emo1	Steadfast	堅実 (な)	Kenjitsu (na)
Emo1	Steady	安定した	Antei shita
Emo1	Stealthily (secretly; covertly; tacitly)	こっそり (の/ と)/ こそこそ (と/ する)/ 人知れず/ 暗々のうちに (闇闇のうちに/ 暗暗のうちに)	Kossori (no/ to)/ Kosokoso (to/ suru)/ Hitoshirezu/ An'an no uchi ni
Emo1	Stimulating (enervating; exciting)	刺激的 (な)	Shigekiteki (na)
Emo1	Stirring (stirred)	勇ましい/ 身じろぎ (する)/ 高ぶる/ 感奮 (する)/ 勇み立つ/ かき混ぜる (かき混ぜる)	Isamashī * (stirring; vigorous; rousing)/ Mijirogi (suru) * (stirring; slight movement)/ Takaburu * (to become aroused (of emotions, nerves, etc.); to become excited; to become stirred up; to become worked up)/ Kanpun (suru) * (stirred up; inspired; moved to action)/ Isamitatsu * (to cheer up; to be stirred up; to be encouraged (by); to be in high spirits)/ Kakimazeru * (to mix; to stir; to scramble; to churn) (kakimazeru)
Emo1	Straightforward	わかりやすい (分かりやすい/ 分かり易い/ 分り易い)	Wakari yasui
Emo1	Strange (odd)	奇妙 (な) (奇妙 (な))/ 奇怪 (な)/ 変 (な)/ 妙 (な)/ 妙ちくりん (妙竹林) * (slang)/ 可笑しい (おかしい)/ 風変わり (な)	Kimyō (na) (Kimyō (na))/ Kikai (na)/ Hen (na)/ Myō (na)/ Myōchikurin * (slang)/ Okashī/ Fūgawari (na)
Emo1	Strangely enough (for some reason)	不思議なことに (なぜか)	fushigina koto ni (naze ka)
Emo1	Strangely enough (for some reason)	不思議 (と)	Fushigi (to)
Emo1	Striking	印象的 (な)	Inshō-teki (na)

Emo1	Stubborn	頑固 (な)/ 頑強 (な)/ 強情 (な)/ 一徹 (な/ の)/ 強硬 (な)/ 一刻 (な)/ 意地っ張り (な)/ 粘り強い/ 手ごわい/ 情張り (な)/ 執念い/ 頑固一徹 (な)/ 頑な (かたくな)/ 偏屈 (な)/ 頭が固い/ 執拗 (な)/ 強か (な)/ 狷介 (な)	Ganko (na)/ Gankyō (na)/ Gōjō (na)/ Ittetsu (na/ no) * (obstinate; stubborn; inflexible)/ Kyōkō (na) * (firm; strong; unbending; unyielding; uncompromising; stubborn; tough; hard-line)/ Ikkoku (na) * (means 'a moment; a minute; an instant', but can also mean 'stubborn; obstinate')/ Ijippari (na) * (obstinate; stubborn/ obstinate person; stubborn person)/ Nebaridzuyoi * (tenacious; persevering; persistent; stubborn; steadfast/ sticky)/ Tegowai * (difficult; tough; formidable; redoubtable; stubborn)/ Jō-bari (na) * (stubborn; obstinate; hardheaded; recalcitrant)/ Shūnen i * (stubborn; persistent)/ Ganko ittetsu (na) * (stubborn; obstinate; adamant; immovable)/ Katakuna * (obstinate; stubborn; mulish; die-hard; bigoted)/ Henkutsu (na) * (narrow-minded; obstinate; stubborn; perverse; unreasonable; warped; bigoted; eccentric)/ Atamagakatai * (thickheaded; obstinate; inflexible; stubborn/ hard-headed)/ Shitsuyō (na) * (persistent; obstinate; tenacious; relentless; insistent; importunate; persevering; stubborn)/ Shitataka (na) * (not 'tsuyo ka'/ tough; stubborn; determined; hard; tenacious/ severely; heavily; hard; a great deal; much)/ Kenkai (na) * (obstinate; stubborn; headstrong; self-centred; self-centered)
Emo1	Stunning	見事 (な)/ 素晴らしい (素晴らしい/ 素晴らしい)/ 美しい (愛しい)/ 目の覚めるよう (目の覚める様) (な)/ 圧巻 (圧巻) (の/ な)/ びっくりするほど (ビックリするほど) (の)/ 目覚ましい (目覚ましい)/ 圧巻	Migoto (na)/ Subarashī/ Utsukushī/ Me no sameru yō (na)/ Akkan (no/ na)/ Bikkuri suru hodo (no)/ Mezamashī/ Akkan * (stunning; incredible; spectacular; breathtaking)
Emo1	Stylish (smartly dressed ; fashionable; cool; chic; hip)	お洒落 (な/ の)/ 小粋 (な)/ スマート (な)/ 粋 (いき) (な)/ 乙 (な)/ 格好いい (な)/ 瀟洒 (な/ と)/ 上品 (な)/ 洒落た/ イケてる/ ハイカラ (な)/ シャレオツ (な)/ スタイリッシュ (な)/ パリッと (する)/ 格好の良い/ かけー/ オシャンティー (な)/ 粋 (すい) (な)	Oshare (na/ no)/ Koiki (na)/ Sumāto (na)/ Iki (na)/ Otsu (na)/ Kakkōi (na)/ Shōsha (na/ to)/ Jōhin (na)/ Shareta/ Iketeru/ Haikara (na)/ Shareotsu (na)/ Sutairisshu (na)/ Paritto (suru)/ Kakkōnoii/ Kakkē / Oshantī (na)/ Sui (na)
Emo1	Styleful	スタイリッシュ	Sutairisshu
Emo1	Stylefully	スタイリッシュ (な/ に)/ お洒落 (御洒落/ おしゃれ/ オシャレ) (な/ の)	Sutairisshu (na/ ni)/ Oshare (na/ no)
Emo1	Suitable for (suited to; designed for)	向き/ (に) 適した	Muki/ (ni) Tekishita

Emo1	Surprised (what a surprise!)	驚いた/ 驚きました/ 驚いています/ びっくり (吃驚/ ビックリ)(です)/ びっくりしている (吃驚している)/ びっくりされました (吃驚されました)/ びっくりされた (吃驚された)/ 意外 (の/ な/ と) (驚いた!/ 吃驚 (ビックリ!))	Odoroita * (casual)/ Odorokimashita * (polite)/ Odoroite imasu * (active; being surprised)/ Bikkuri (desu)/ Bikkuri sa remashita/ Bikkuri sareta/ Bikkuri shite iru/ Igai (no/ na/ to) (Odoroita!/ Bikkuri!)
Emo1	Surprisingly (stunningly)	驚くほど (驚くほど) / 恐ろしい/ 吃驚 (の/ な)	Odoroku hodo (odoroku hodo)/ Osoroshi/ Bikkuri (no/ na)
Emo1	Sustainable	持続可能 (な)/ 持続的 (な)/ サステナブル (な)/ 地球に優しい	Jizoku kanō (na)/ Jizoku-teki (na) * (continuous; sustained; sustainable; durable; persistent)/ Sasutenaburu (na)/ Chikyū ni yasashī * (earth- friendly; ecological; sustainable)
Emo1	Sympathetic	同情的 (に/ な/ で)/ 同情 (する/ の)/ 共感 (の/ する)/ 情け (の)/ 理解 (する)/ 涙 (なみだ) (の)/ 同調 (する)/ 同情心/ 思いやり (がある)/ 人情 (の/ な)/ 情 (じょう) (な)/ 共鳴 (する)/ 同感 (する)/ シンパシー (な)	Dōjō-teki (ni/ na/ de)/ Dōjō (suru/ no)/ Kyōkan (no/ suru)/ Nasake (no) * (pity; sympathy; compassion; mercy/ affection; love)/ Rikai (suru) * (understanding; comprehension; appreciation/ sympathy)/ Namida (no) * (normally means 'tear; tears; lachrymal secretion' but can also mean 'sympathy')/ Dōchō (suru) * (conformity; alignment; agreement; sympathy; following suit)/ Dōjō shin * (sympathy; compassion)/ Omoiyari (ga aru) * (consideration; thoughtfulness; sympathy; compassion; feeling; kindness; understanding; regard; kindheartedness)/ Ninjō (no/ na) * (humanity; empathy; kindness; sympathy)/ Jō (ji ~you) (na) * (feelings; emotion; sentiment/ compassion; sympathy)/ Kyōmei (suru) * (means 'resonance/ physics, chemistry term', but can also mean 'sympathy (with a view, idea, etc.)')/ Dōkan (suru) * (same feeling; same sentiment; same opinion; sympathy; agreement; concurrence)/ Shinpashī (na)
Emo1	Talented (gifted)	才能のある/ 才能 (な/ の)/ 多才 (な/ の)/ 有能 (な/ の)/ 天才的 (な)	Sainō no aru/ Sainō (na/ no)/ Tasai (na/ no)/ Yūnō (na/ no)/ Tensai-teki (na)
Emo1	Talkative	おしゃべり (お喋り) (する/ な)/ よくしゃべる/ 口数が多い/ 軽口 (の)/ 口忠実 (口まめ/ くちまめ) (な)/ 口数の多い/ 口が多い	Oshaberi (suru/ na)/ Yoku shaberu/ Kuchisū ga ōi/ Karuguchi (no)/ Kuchi mame (na)/ Kuchisū no ōi/ Kuchigaōi
Emo1	Chatty (a talker)	おしゃべり (おしゃべり)	Oshaberi (oshaberi)
Emo1	Teasing	からかい (揶揄い)	Karakai

Emo1	Temperate (to be temperate in; to hold back)	控える (扣える)/ 差し控える (差控える) (節制する; 控える)/ 迷い (紕い/ 紕)/ 躊躇い/ 躊躇 (する)/ 躊躇う (ためらう)	Hikaeru/ Sashihikaeru (Sessei suru; hikaeru)/ Mayoi/ Tamerai/ Tamerau
Emo1	Thoughtful (considerate)	思慮深い/ 心ある (思慮深い/ 心ある)	Shiryobukai * (prudent; thoughtful; discreet)/ Kokoro aru * (thoughtful; considerate; kind) (shiryobukai/ kokoro aru)
Emo1	Thrilled	興奮した/ 心が躍る/ わくわく (ワクワク) (と/ する)/ ぞくぞく (ゾクゾク) (と/ する)/ ハラハラ (はらはら) (する)/ 血湧き肉躍る/ 胸躍る	Kōfun shita * (excited; stimulated; agitated; aroused)/ Kokoro ga odoru * (to be thrilled; to be excited)/ Wakuwaku (to/ suru) * (trembling; getting nervous; excited; thrilled)/ Zokuzoku (to/ suru) * (means 'shivering; feeling chilly' or 'shuddering (with fear); feeling creepy', but can also mean 'thrilled; excited')/ Harahara (suru) * (to feel anxious; to feel nervous; to be kept in suspense; to feel excited; to feel thrilled)/ Chiwakinkuodoru * (to tingle with excitement; to be full of excitement; to be thrilled)/ Mune odoru * (heart-pounding; exciting; thrilling; heartrending/ to have one's heart pound; to be thrilled)
Emo1	Thundering	轟々 (轟轟) (たる/ と)/ 轟然 (たる/ と)/ 轟かす/ 雷が鳴る/ 雷雨 (の)/ 雷鳴 (的) (な/ の)/ 大 (だい/ おお/ たい)/ ゴロゴロ (ごろごろ) (する/ と)	Gōgō (taru/ to) * (thundering; roaring; rumbling; booming)/ Gōzen (taru/ to) * (roaring; thundering; thunderous; deafening; ear-splitting)/ Todorokasu * (to make (a thundering sound); to let resound)/ Kaminariganaru/ Raiu (no)/ Raimei (teki) (na/ no)/ Dai (Dai/ Ō/ Tai)/ Gorogoro (suru/ to) * (rumbling (of thunder, one's stomach, etc.); grumbling; growling; purring/ rolling (of something large and heavy); tumbling/ all over the place; everywhere; commonly; in great numbers)
Emo1	To give enthusiastic praise (to give high praise; to rave about)	激賞 (する)	Gekishō (suru)
Emo1	To the point	単刀直入 (な/ の)/ 身も蓋もない/ 要領よく/ (それは) 要点 (です)/ 的を射ていた	Tantōchokunyū (na/ no)/ Mimofutamonai * (blunt; to the point; direct; outspoken; frank)/ Yōryō yoku * (quickly and skillfully; to the point; succinctly; concisely)/ (sore wa) Yōten (desu) * ((that's) the gist; (that's) the main point)/ Mato o ite ita * (it was on the mark; it was to the point. Literally means 'shooting the mark; shooting the target; shooting on target')
Emo1	Straight to the point	要点をまっすぐに	Yōten o massugu ni
Emo1	Tolerable (adequate; so so)	許容できる/ 先ず先ず (の/ な)	Kyoyō dekiru/ Mazumazu (no/ na)
Emo1	Too ashamed to meet	合わせ顔がない	Awaserukaoganai

Emo1	Totally willing (fully motivated)	やる気満々 (の/ な/ に)	Yaruki manman (no/ na/ ni)
Emo1	Touching	触れる	Fureru
Emo1	Tough looking	タフな見た目/ 強いようです	Tafuna mitame/ Tsuyoi yōdesu
Emo1	Traditional	伝統的 (な/ に)	Dentō-teki (na/ ni)
Emo1	Transparent (clear; translucent)	透明 (な/ の) (クリア (な/ する); クリアー (な/ する); クリヤー (な/ する); 半透明 (な/ の))	Tōmei (na/ no) (Kuria (na/ suru); Kuriā (na/ suru); Kuriyā (na/ suru); Han tōmei (na/ no))
Emo1	Semi-transparent (translucent)	半透明 (な/ の) (半透明 (な/ の))	Han tōmei (na/ no) (han tōmei (na/ no))
Emo1	Trivial (not important; not relevant)	些細 (瑣細) (な)/ 詰らない (詰まらない/ つまらない)/ くだらない (下らない)/ 大したことない (大した事ない/ 大したこと無い/ 大した事無い/ たいしたことない)/ 大したことではない (大した事ではない/ 大した事では無い/ 大したことでは無い/ たいしたことではない)/ 瑣末 (些末/ さまつ) (な)/ 細かい/ 軽い (重要ではない; 関係ありません)/ 下らぬ (くだらぬ)/ 下らん (くだらん)	Sasainakoto/ Tsumaranai/ Kudaranai/ Taishitakotonai (taishita koto nai)/ Taishita kotode wanai/ Samatsu (na)/ Komakai/ Karui (Jūyōde wanai; Kankei arimasen)/ Kudaranu/ Kudaran
Emo1	Trusted	信頼できる	shinrai dekiru
Emo1	Twinkling	きらめく (煌めく)	Kirameku
Emo1	Undefeated	無敗 (な/ の)	Muhai (na/ no)
Emo1	Understandable (comprehensible)	無理もない/ 無理はない/ 故なしとしない (故無しとしない/ ゆえなしとしない)/ 無理ない (無理無い/ むりない)/ 無理のない/ わかりやすい (分かりやすい/ 分かり易い/ 分りやすい/ 分り易い) (わかりやすい)	Murimonai/ Murihanai/ Yue nashi to shinai/ Murinai/ Muri no nai/ Wakari yasui (wakari yasui)
Emo1	Understated	控えめ (な)	Hikaeme (na)
Emo1	Undeterred	ひるまない	Hirumanai
Emo1	Unimportant (trivial; not important)	重要ではない (取るに足らない; 重要ではない)	Jūyōde wanai (torunitaranai; jūyōde wa nai)
Emo1	Uninhibited	奔放 (な)/ 遠慮のない/ 抑制されない	Honpō (na)/ Enryononai/ Yokusei sa renai

Emo1	Unprecedented	前例のない/ 前例がない/ 先例のない/ 空前 (の)/ 前代未聞 (の)/ 今までにない/ 異例 (の/ な)/ 事新しい/ 類を見ない/ 類のない/ 嘗てない (かつてない)/ 前人未発/ 未曾有 (の/ な)/ 破天荒 (な/ の)/ 画期的 (な/ の)/ 破格 (の/ な)/ 前人未到 (の/ な)/ 曠古 (の/ な)	Zenrei no nai/ Zenrei ga nai/ Senrei no nai/ Kūzen (no) * (unprecedented; record-breaking)/ Zendaimimon (no) * (unheard-of; unprecedented; unparalleled in history (unparalleled); record-breaking)/ Ima made ni nai * (unprecedented; never happened before; first time in history)/ Irei (no/ na) * (exceptional; unusual; extraordinary; unprecedented; singular)/ Kotoatarashī * (unprecedented; new (and different); fresh/ contrived; affected)/ Rui o minai * (unprecedented; unique; unparalleled)/ Rui no nai * (unprecedented; unparalleled; unparalleled)/ Katsutenai * (unprecedented; never seen before)/ Zenjinmihatsu * (unprecedented; unheard-of; never propounded (discovered, invented) by anyone before)/ Mizou (no/ na) * (unprecedented; unheard-of; record-breaking)/ Hatenkō (na/ no) * (unheard-of; unprecedented/ daring; wild; uninhibited; unconventional; reckless)/ Kakkiteki (na/ no) * (ground-breaking; revolutionary; unprecedented; epoch-making)/ Hakaku (no/ na) * (extraordinary; exceptional; unprecedented; special; abnormal; irregular/ solecistic; non-standard; irregular)/ Zenjinmitō (no/ na) * (untrodden (region, field of study, etc.); unprecedented (discovery, achievement, etc.))/ Kōke (no/ na) * (historic; unprecedented)
Emo1	Untainted	汚れていない/ 汚染されていない	Yogoreteinai * (not dirty)/ Osen sarete inai * (not polluted; not contaminated)
Emo1	Upbeat	明るい/ 陽気 (な)/ 冴える/ 明朗闊達 (な)/ ノリが良い (乗りがいい)	Akarui/ Yōki (na)/ Saeru * (to look upbeat; to be perky; to be cheerful/ to be clear (of a sight, sound, colour, etc.); to be bright; to be vivid; to be crisp/ to be clear-headed; to be alert; to be on the ball; to be wide awake)/ Meirō kattatsu (na) * (upbeat and freehearted; cheerful and magnanimous)/ Norigaii (nori ga ī) * (good at playing along; up for anything; carefree; social; positive/ uplifting; upbeat)
Emo1	Uplifting	高揚 (する/ の)/ 高揚感 (の)	Kōyō (suru/ no)/ Kōyō-kan (no)
Emo1	Useful (handy; convenient; helpful)	使える (遣える)/ 便利 (な)/ 有用 (な)/ 重宝 (な)/ 有益 (な)/ 手ごろ (手頃) (な)/ 役に立つ	Tsukaeru/ Benri (na)/ Yūyō (na)/ Chōhō (na)/ Yūeki (na)/ Tegoro (na)/ Yakunitatsu
Emo1	Utmost	最大限 (の/ な)/ 最高 (の/ な)	Saidaigen (no/ na)/ Saikō (no/na)
Emo1	Very hard (try as hard as one can)	一生懸命 (に/ な)/ 一所懸命 (に/ な)/ 力任せ (な/ に)/ 力尽く/ 力づくで/ 思い切り/ 思いっきり/ 是非とも/ 是非是非	Isshōkenmei (ni/ na)/ Isshokenmei (ni/ na)/ Chikaramakase (na/ ni)/ Chikaradzuku/ Chikarazuku de/ Omoikiri/ Omoikkiri/ Zehitomo/ Zehi zehi

Emo1	Vital	重要 (な)/ 元気 (な)/ 肝心 (な/ の)/ 肝要 (な)/ 必要不可欠 (な/ の)/ ポイント	Jūyō (na) * (important; essential; significant; major; key; principal)/ Genki (na) * (lively; full of spirit; energetic; vigorous; vital; spirited)/ Kanjin (na/ no) * (essential; important; crucial; vital; main)/ Kan'yō (na) * (extremely important; essential; vital; crucial)/ Hitsuyō fukaketsu (na/ no) * (absolutely essential; indispensable; vital; critical)/ Pointo * (point (of a story, argument, etc.); important part; vital point)
Emo1	Wanted (desired; missed)	欲しい/ 欲しがる/ 要る	Hoshī/ Hoshigaru/ Iru
Emo1	Wary	警戒している/ 用心深い (警戒 (する))	Keikai shite iru/ Yōjinbukai (keikai (suru))
Emo1	Well known (Famous)	よく知られている/ 公知 (の) (有名 (な)/ 著名 (な))	Yoku shira rete iru/ Kōchi (no) (Yūmei (na)/ Chomei (na))
Emo1	Well willing (accepting)	喜んで/ 善意 (の)/ 善意ある (受け入れる (受け入れます)/ 受ける/ 受け取る/ 貰う (もらう)/ 頂く/ 受け付ける/ 引き受ける/ 入れる (容れる)/ 受諾 (する)/ 受理 (する)/ 納得 (する)/ 受付 (する)/ 承諾 (する)/ 承知 (する))	Yorokonde/ Zen'i (no)/ Zen'i aru (Ukeireru (ukeiremasu)/ Ukeru/ Uketoru/ Morau/ Itadaku * (humble, polite)/ Uketsukeru/ Hikiukeru/ Ireru/ Judaku (suru)/ Juri (suru)/ Nattoku (suru)/ Uketsuke (suru)/ Shōdaku (suru)/ Shōchi (suru))
Emo1	Well-willing (having good intentions)	善意 (的) (の/ な)/ 意欲的 (な)/ する気がある/ よくやる気/ 喜んで (善意を持っている)	Zen'i (teki) (no/ na) * (good intentions; good will/ virtuous mind/ positive mindset)/ Iyoku-teki (na) * (keen; eager; enthusiastic; motivated; determined; positive; ambitious)/ Surukigāru * (willing to do)/ Yoku yaruki * (well motivated (to do); enthusiastic to do; motivated to do; eager to do)/ Yorokonde * (with pleasure; gladly; willingly; certainly) (Zen'i o motte iru * (having good intentions; to have good intentions)
Emo1	Willing (willingly)	喜んで/ 気さく (な)/ 吝かではない/ 吝かでない/ 進んで/ 自分から (喜んで)	Yorokonde * (with pleasure; gladly; willingly; certainly)/ Kisaku (na) * (friendly; openhearted; sociable; amiable; good-humored; good-humoured; frank; candid; willing; ready)/ Yabusakade wanai * (ready (to do); willing)/ Yabusakadenai * (ready (to do); willing)/ Susunde * (voluntarily; willingly; of one's own free will)/ Jibun kara * (willingly; voluntarily; of one's own accord) (yorokonde)
Emo1	Wildly enthusiastic (crazy (about something))	熱狂的 (な)/ 夢中 (な/ の)	Nekkyō-teki (na)/ Muchū (na/ no)
Emo1	Winning	勝ち/ 勝つ	Kachi/ Katsu

Emo1	Wise	賢い/ 賢明 (な)/ 聡明 (な)/ 利口 (な)/ 英明 (な)/ 伶俐 (な)/ ワイズ	Kashikoi/ Kenmei (na)/ Sōmei (na) * (wise; sagacious; intelligent; sensible)/ Rikō (na) * (clever; intelligent; bright; smart; wise; sensible; shrewd)/ Eimei (na) * (intelligent; wise; bright; brilliant; clear-sighted)/ Reiri (na) * (clever; bright; sharp; wise; intelligent; sagacious)/ Waizu
Emo1	With open arms	両手を広げて	Ryōte o hirogete
Emo1	With pleasure (gladly)	喜んで (喜んで)	Yorokonde (yorokonde)
Emo1	Without prejudice	偏見なく	Henken naku
Emo1	Without pretense	見栄を張らずに	Mie o harazu ni
Emo1	Without reservation (freely; frankly)	遠慮なく/ 心置きなく (心おきなく/ 心置き無く)/ 存分 (な)/ 虚心坦懐/ 包みなく/ 虚心平気 (な/ の)/ 気軽に	Enryonaku/ Kokorooki naku/ Zonbun (na)/ Kyoshintankai/ Tsutsumi naku/ Kyoshinheiki (na/ no)/ Kigaru ni
Emo1	Worthwhile	価値がある	Kachigāru
Emo1	Zealous	熱心 (な)/ 熱い/ 励む/ 白熱的 (な)	Nesshin (na) * (becomes 'nesshin'na')/ Atsui * (can mean 'hot (to the touch)' or 'passionate (feelings, etc.); ardent; hot (e.g. gaze)', or 'hot (e.g. temper)', but also 'zealous; enthusiastic; fired up')/ Hagemu * (to work hard; to try hard; to strive; to endeavour; to endeavor; to devote oneself to; to make an effort; to be zealous)/ Hakunetsu-teki (na) * (heated; white-hot; zealous; fervid)
Emo-Neg	Abashed (shy; ashamed)	恥ずかしい/ 恥ずかしがる/ 面映い/ 当惑 (する)/ 気後れ (する) (恥ずかしくて; 恥ずかしい)	Hazukashī/ Hazukashi garu/ Omohayui/ Tōwaku (suru)/ Kiokure (suru) (hazukashikute; hazukashī)
Emo-Neg	Absorbed in (immersed in)	夢中 (な/ の/ に)	Muchū (na/ no/ ni)
Emo-Neg	Addictive (addicting)	中毒性 (中毒性)	Chūdoku-sei (chūdoku-sei)
Emo-Neg	Aggressive (offensive)	攻撃的 (な)/ 侵略的 (な)/ 押しの強い/ 挑戦的 (な)/ 気が荒い/ 気の荒い/ 戦闘的 (な)/ アグレッシブ (な)/ 積極果敢 (な)/ 積極的 (な) (攻撃的 (な))	Kōgeki-teki (na)/ Shinryaku-teki (na)/ Oshi no tsuyoi * (pushy; in-your-face)/ Chōsen-teki (na)/ Ki ga arai * (bad-tempered; quarrelsome)/ Kinoarai * (bad-tempered; quarrelsome)/ Sentō-teki (na)/ Agureshibu (na)/ Sekkyoku kakan (na) * (active and bold (daring); resolute determination)/ Sekigyokuteki (na) * (means more positive; assertive) (Kōgeki-teki (na))
Emo-Neg	Angry	怒り/ 憤然 (忿然/ ふんぜん) (たる/ と)/ 憤ろしい/ 怒る (瞋る/ おこる/ いかる)/ アングリ	Ikari/ Funzen (taru/ to)/ Ikidōroshī/ Okoru (okoru/ ikaru)/ Angurī
Emo-Neg	Afraid	恐れ (虞/ 畏れ/ 怖れ)/ 怖い/ 恐れる/ 恐れて	Osore/ Kowai/ Osoreru/ Osorete

Emo-Neg	Alarming	由々しい/ 由々しき/ 寒心 (する)/ 憂うべき/ 徒ならぬ/ 驚くほど/ 驚いたことに/ 憂慮すべき/ 警戒すべき	Yuyushī * (grave; serious; alarming)/ Yuyushiki * (grave; serious; alarming)/ Kanshin (suru) * (deplorable; alarming)/ Ureubeki * (deplorable; alarming; grievous; lamentable)/ To naranu * (unusual; uncommon; extraordinary; out of the ordinary; incomparable; serious; alarming)/ Odoroku hodo * (to a surprising degree; to a remarkable extent; surprisingly; astonishingly; amazingly; alarmingly)/ Odoroita koto ni * (surprisingly; astonishingly; amazingly; alarmingly)/ Yūryo subeki/ Keikai subeki
Emo-Neg	Amateurish	素人臭い/ 白っぽい/ 素人っぽい/ アマチュア (の)	Shirōtokusai/ Shiroppei * (amateurish; whitish)/ Shirōto ppoi/ Amachua (no)
Emo-Neg	Annoyed (irritated)	イライラした (イライラした)	Iraira shita (iraira shita)
Emo-Neg	Annoying (irritating)	迷惑 (な)/ 煩い (うるさい)/ 煩わしい/ 腹立たしい/ 焦れたい/ 苛立たしい/ 鬱陶しい/ 逆なで (する)/ 辛気くさい/ 振り回される/ じりじり (と/ する)	Meiwaku (na)/ Urusai/ Wazurawashī/ Haradatasī/ Jirettai/ Iradatashī/ Uttōshī/ Sakanade (suru)/ Shinki kusai/ Furimawasareru/ Jirijiri (to/ suru) * (irritatedly; impatiently)
Emo-Neg	Ashamed	恥ずかしい	Hazukashī
Emo-Neg	Awkward	気まずい	Kimazui
Emo-Neg	Bad tempered	機嫌が悪い	Kigengawarui
Emo-Neg	Bedazzled (to be dazzled)	眩しい/ 吃驚した (びっくりした) (目がくらむ/ 眩む (暗む/ 晦む/ くらむ))	Mabushii/ Bikkuri shita (Megakuramu/ Kuramu)
Emo-Neg	Bittersweet	ほろ苦い/ 悲喜こもごも (の)/ ビタースイート (な)/ 甘酸っぱい	Horonigai * (slightly bitter (taste)/ bittersweet (memory, experience, etc.))/ Hikikomogomo (no) * (bittersweet; having mingled feelings of joy and sorrow; joy and sorrow alternating in one's heart)/ Bitāsuīto (na) * (bittersweet; tinged with sadness/ bittersweet; sweet with a bitter aftertaste)/ Amazuppai * (sweet and sour; bittersweet)
Emo-Neg	Bloody	血まみれ (血塗れ) (の/ な)	Chimamire (no/ na)
Emo-Neg	Boring (bored)	詰らない (詰まらない/ つまらない)/ 退屈 (な)/ 冴えない/ うんざり (ウンザリ) (と/ する)/ 大味 (な)	Tsumaranai/ Taikutsu (na) * (tedious; boring; dull; uninteresting; tiresome; monotonous/ to feel bored; to get bored (with); to get tired (of)/ boredom)/ Saenai * (boring; uninteresting)/ Unzari (to/ suru) * (tedious; boring; being fed up with)/ Ōaji (na) * (literally means 'flat-tasting; bland; lacking in flavor', but can also mean 'dull; flat; unimaginative; boring')
Emo-Neg	Bothered (troubled)	困った (困った)	Komatta (komatta)
Emo-Neg	Bothersome (interruptive; disruptive)	煩わしい (中断的; 破壊的)	Wazurawashī (Chūdan-teki; Hakai-teki)
Emo-Neg	Broken (damaged)	壊れた (破損した/ 損傷した)	Kowareta (Hason shita/ Sonshō shita)

Emo-Neg	Broken hearted	失恋した (失恋された)/ 失意 (の)/ 破恋 (の)/ ブロークンハート (な)	Shitsuren shita * (disappointed love; broken heart; unrequited love; being lovelorn) (shitsuren sareta)/ Shitsui (no) * (disappointment; despair; despondency; broken heart; adversity)/ Yabu koi (no) * (disappointed love; broken heart; unrequited love; being lovelorn)/ Burōkunhāto (na) * (broken heart)
Emo-Neg	Callous	無神経 (な)	Mushinkei (na)
Emo-Neg	Carelessly	うっかり (と/ する)	Ukkari (to/ suru)
Emo-Neg	Close minded (narrow minded)	心が狭い (心が狭い)	Kokorogasemai (kokorogasemai)
Emo-Neg	Clueless	無知 (な)	Muchi (na)
Emo-Neg	Confused	混乱した/ 混乱させた/ 混乱されました/ 混乱させる/ 混乱させられる/ 混乱してしまった/ 混同される/ まごまご (する)/ しどろもどろ (シドロモドロ) (の/ な) / 困惑させる/ 慌てる/ 彼方此方 (あちこち/ アチコチ) (する/ な)	Konran shita * (regular)/ Konran saseta/ Konran saremashita * (polite)/ Konran sa seru/ Konran saserareru/ Konran shite shimatta/ Kondō sa reru/ Magomago (suru)/ Shidoromodoro (no/ na)/ Konwaku sa seru/ Awateru/ Achikochi (suru/ na) * (muddled; confused; in the wrong order; back to front)
Emo-Neg	Contumacious	頑な	Katakuna
Emo-Neg	Crazy	狂った/ 狂う/ 病気 (の)/ クレージー (な)/ 頭がおかしい (頭が可笑的)	Kurutta/ Kuruu/ Byōki (no)/ Kurējī (na)/ Atamagaokashī
Emo-Neg	Crazily	狂ったように	Kurutta you ni
Emo-Neg	Criminal (ie. criminal behaviour)	犯罪的 (な) (犯罪行為, など)	Hanzai-teki (na) (hanzai kōi, nado)
Emo-Neg	Damaged	破損した/ 壊れる (壊れた)/ 欠ける (欠けた)	Hason shita * (damaged; broken/ damage; breakage)/ Kowareru (kowareta) * (to be broken; to break; to fall apart; to collapse; to be destroyed; to be damaged)/ Kakeru (kaketa) * (to chip; to be chipped; to break (off); to be damaged)
Emo-Neg	Deplorable	嘆かわしい/ 残念 (な)/ 悲しい/ 見苦しい/ 遺憾 (な)/ 情けない/ 寒心 (する)	Nagekawashī * (lamentable; deplorable; regrettable; sad; wretched)/ Zan'nen (na) * (regrettable; unfortunate; disappointing; vexing/ regret (emotion))/ Kanashī * (sad; lamentable; deplorable; grievous/ sad; miserable; unhappy; sorrowful)/ Migurushī * (unsightly; ugly; unseemly; indecent; deplorable; disgraceful; shameful)/ Ikan (na) * (regrettable; unsatisfactory; deplorable; lamentable)/ Nasakenai * (miserable; pitiable; shameful; deplorable; pathetic)/ Kanshin (suru) * (deplorable; alarming)

Emo-Neg	Depressed (lethargic; apathetic)	うつ病 (鬱病/ 鬱病 / ウツ病/ うつびょう) (な/ の)/ 暗い/ 重い/ 気が重い/ 落ち込む (落ち込んだ)/ 陰鬱 (な)/ 冴えない/ くしゃくしゃ (クシャクシャ) (の/ な/ と)/ 意気消沈 (する/ の)/ 滅入る/ 湿る (しめる)/ 窪む (凹む/ くぼむ)/ 沈む/ 気が滅入る/ くさくさ (クサクサ) (する)/ 意気阻喪 (する)/ 鬱ぐ/ 打ち沈む/ 萎れる (凋れる/ しおれる)/ 不況 (な/ の)/ 憂鬱 (な)/ 消沈 (する)/ 鬱 (うつ) (な/ の)/ 低気圧 (な) (鬱病/ 鬱病 / ウツ病/ うつびょう) (無気力 (な); 無関心 (な))	Utsubyō (na/ no)/ Kurai/ Omoi/ Kigaomoi/ Ochikomu (ochikonda)/ In'utsu (na)/ Saenai/ Kushakusha (no/ na/ to)/ Iki shōchin (suru/ no)/ Meiru/ Shimeru/ Kubomu/ Shizumu/ Kigameiru/ Kusakusa (suru)/ Ikisosō (suru)/ Fusagu/ Uchishizumu/ Shioreru/ Fukyō (na/ no)/ Yūutsu (na)/ Shōchin (suru)/ Utsu/ Teikiatsu (na) * (means 'bad temper; foul mood; tense situation', but normally means 'low (atmospheric) pressure; low-pressure system; depression; cyclone') (Mukiryoku (na); Mukanshin (na) * (becomes mukanshin'na))
Emo-Neg	Disconcerting	当惑 (する)	Tōwaku (suru) * (bewilderment; perplexity; embarrassment; confusion)
Emo-Neg	Discriminating	差別 (する/ (的) な)/ 高感度 (的) (な)/ 識別 (する)/ 区別 (する)/ 嫌い (な)/ 別 (べつ) (な)	Sabetsu (suru/ (teki) na) * (distinction; differentiation; discrimination/ discrimination (against people))/ Kō kando (teki) (na) * (discerning; discriminating; of refined tastes)/ Shikibetsu (suru) * (discrimination; discernment; identification)/ Kubetsu (suru) * (distinction; differentiation; discrimination; difference)/ Kirai (na) * (disliked; hated; disagreeable/ distinction; discrimination)/ Betsu (na) * (distinction; difference; discrimination)

Emo-Neg	Dispirited (discouraged)	意気消沈 (した/ の/ する) // 暗い/ 気落ち (する) // 気が重い/ しょんぼり (と/ する) // 消然 (たる/ と) // 気のない/ 気がない/ 暗然 (たる/ と) // 蟠る (落胆した)	lki shōchin (shita/ no/ suru) * (depressed in spirits; dispirited; disheartened; rejection)/ Kurai * (depressed; dispirited; down in the dumps; dark (mood)/ dark; gloomy; murky)/ Kiochi (suru) * (discouraged; dispirited; despondent)/ Kigaomoi * (heavy-hearted; depressed; dispirited; (feeling) down; feeling reluctant (to do))/ Shonbori (to/ suru) * (downheartedly; dejectedly; dispiritedly; despondently)/ Shōzen (taru/ to) * (dejected; dispirited; crestfallen; discouraged)/ Ki no nai * (indifferent; half-hearted; dispirited; listless)/ Ki ga nai * (indifferent; half-hearted; dispirited; listless/ not feeling like doing ...; having no mind to ...; being in no mood for ...; having no intention of .../ after a verb)/ Anzen (taru/ to) * (doleful; discouraged; disappointed; tearful; dispirited/ dark; gloomy; black; unclear)/ Wadakamaru * (to be harboured (of negative feelings or thoughts); to be rooted in one's mind; to lurk) (Rakutan shita * (discouragement; despondency; dejection; disappointment))
Emo-Neg	Disquiet (disquietude)	不安	Fuan
Emo-Neg	Disquieting	不穩 (な)	Fuon (na)
Emo-Neg	Disruptive	混乱 (する)	Konran (suru)
Emo-Neg	Disturbing (troubling)	迷惑 (な/する) // 不穩 (な) (迷惑 (な/する))	Meiwaku (na/ suru)/ Fuon (na) (meiwaku (na/ suru))
Emo-Neg	Disturbingly	不穩に	Fuon ni
Emo-Neg	Evil (ie. evil behaviour)	悪い/ 邪 (よこしま) (な) // 邪悪 (な)	Warui/ Yokoshima (na)/ Jaaku (na)
Emo-Neg	Foolish (obtuse)	愚か (な) // 間抜け (マヌケ) (な) // 馬鹿みたい (バカみたい) (な) // 馬鹿 (バカ) (な) // 馬鹿らしい (バカらしい) // 詰らない (詰まらない/ つまらない) // 下らない/ 他愛ない (他愛無い) // 馬鹿げた (バカげた) (鈍感 (な))	Oroka (na)/ Manuke (na)/ Bakamitai/ Baka (na)/ Bakarashi/ Tsumaranai/ Kudaranai/ Taainai/ Bakageta (Donkan (na))
Emo-Neg	Forbidden	禁断 (する/ の) // 禁止 (する) // ご法度/ 立ち入り禁止 (的) (な/ の) // 禁物 (の/ な)	Kindan (suru/ no)/ Kinshi (suru)/ Gohatto/ Tachiiri kinshi (teki) (na/ no) * (No Entry; No Trespassing; No Admittance; Off Limits; Keep Out; Keep Off/ off-limits; restricted; forbidden)/ Kinmotsu (no/ na) * (thing that should be (carefully) avoided; no-no; thing to definitely not do; something forbidden; taboo)

Emo-Neg	Jealous (envious)	羨ましい(うらやましい)/ 妬ましい/ 嫉妬(な)/ 嫉妬的(な)/ 嫉妬深い/ 妬む/ 羨む/ 嫉む/ 妬く/ 嫉妬心(の)/ やきもちを焼く/ 裏山 (な)/ 嫉妬心に駆られた	Urayamashī (urayamashī)/ Netamashī/ Shitto (na)/ Shitto-teki (na)/ Shittobukai * ((deeply jealous) jealous)/ Netamu/ Urayamu/ Sonemu/ Yaku/ Shitsutoshin (no) * (feeling of envy; jealous feeling)/ Yaki mochi o yaku * (to be jealous)/ Urayama (na) * (means 'mountain (or hill) behind a house, village, etc./ side of a mountain that gets little sunshine', but can also mean 'envious; jealous; jelly')/ Shitsutoshin ni kara reta * (driven by jealousy; driven by jealous feelings; driven by feelings of jealousy)
Emo-Neg	Nervous	緊張(する)	Kinchō (suru)
Emo-Neg	Sad (sadly)	悲しい/ 嘆かわしい/ 惨め(不見目) (な)/ 物悲しい/ 敢え無い/ ブルー (の)(悲しい/ 悲しいことに)	Kanashī/ Nagekawashī/ Mijime (na)/ Monoganashī/ Susumu e nai/ Burū (no) (Kanashī/ Kanashī koto ni)
Emo-Neg	Saddening	悲しい/ 惨め(な)/ 物悲しい/ 嘆かわしい/ 悲愴(な)/ 悵々(悵悵) (たる/ と)/ 寂々(寂寂)(たる/ と)/ うら悲しい/ 哀れ気(な)/ 痛ましい/ 沈痛(な)/ 敢え無い/ 憂い/ 憂わしい	Kanashī * (sad; miserable; unhappy; sorrowful/ sad; lamentable; deplorable; grievous)/ Mijime (na) * (miserable; wretched; unhappy; sad; pitiable)/ Monoganashī * (sad; melancholy)/ Nagekawashī * (lamentable; deplorable; regrettable; sad; wretched)/ Hisō (na) * (pathetic; sad; sorrowful; grievous)/ Yūyū (taru/ to) * (sad; melancholy)/ Sekiseki (taru/ to) * (sad; lonesome; desolate)/ Uraganashī * (sad; mournful; melancholy; sorrowful)/ Awarege (na) * (sad; sorrowful; pensive)/ Itamashī * (pitiful; heartbreaking; heartrending; touching; tragic; sad; hurtful)/ Chintsū (na) * (grave; sad; mournful; sorrowful; pensive)/ Aenai * (disappointing (end, result, etc.); sad; miserable; tragic; fleeting; transient)/ Ui (urei) * (unhappy; sad; gloomy)/ Urewashii * (wretched; sad)
Emo-Neg	Scary	怖い	Kowai
Emo-Neg	Sleepy	眠い(です)	Nemui (desu)
Emo-Neg	Somber	陰鬱(な)	In'utsu (na)
Emo-Neg	Stressed	ストレスがたまった	Sutoresu ga tamatta
Emo-Neg	Stupid (dumb)	馬鹿(バカ)(な)/ 愚か(な)/ 間抜け (マヌケ)(な)/ 馬鹿みたい (バカみたい)(な)/ 馬鹿らしい (バカらしい)/ 詰らない (詰まらない/ つまらない)/ 下らない/ しょうも無い (仕様も無い)/ 他愛ない (他愛無い)/ 馬鹿げた(バカげた)	Baka (baka) (na)/ Oroka (na)/ Manuke (na)/ Bakamitai (na)/ Bakarashī/ Tsumaranai/ Kudaranai/ Shiyōmonai/ Taainai/ Bakageta
Emo-Neg	Tired	疲れた	Tsukareta

Emo-Neg	Exhausted	疲れ果てた (疲れ果てる)/ 疲れ切った/ くだくた (な/ と/ の)/ 疲れた (疲れる)/ 尽きた (尽きる)/ バテた (バテる)	Tsukarehateta (tsukare hateru) * (to get tired out; to be exhausted)/ Tsukarekitta/ Kutakuta (na/ to/ no) * (exhausted; worn out; dead tired/ battered (esp. of clothing); worn out; ragged; tattered)/ Tsukareta (tsukareru) * (to get tired; to tire; to get fatigued; to become exhausted; to grow weary/ to become worn out (of a well-used object))/ Tsukita (tsukiru) * (to be used up; to be run out; to be exhausted; to be consumed; to come to an end)/ Bateta (bateru) * (to be exhausted; to be worn out)
Emo-Neg	Fatigued	疲れ果てた	Tsukarehateta
Emo-Neg	Abandoned	放棄された	houki sareta
Emo-Neg	Abhorrent	忌まわしい/ 唾棄すべき/ 厭わしい/ 大嫌い (な)	Imawashī/ Daki subeki/ Itowashī/ Daikirai (na) * (hating; strongly disliking)
Emo-Neg	Abominable	忌まわしい	Imawashī
Emo-Neg	Absentminded (absent minded; in spite of oneself)	われにもあらず (我にもあらず/ 我にも非ず)	Ware ni mo arazu
Emo-Neg	Abused (molested)	虐待 (する/ の) (性的虐待)	Gyakutai (suru/ no) (Sei tekigi ~yakutai)
Emo-Neg	Agonizing	苦悩 (する)	Kunō (suru)
Emo-Neg	All the hassle	すべての面倒なこと/ 面倒なことはすべて (面倒なことは全て)	Subete no mendōna koto/ Mendōna koto wa subete
Emo-Neg	Aloof	よそよそしい	yosoyososhi
Emo-Neg	Ambiguous	あいまい (曖昧/ あい昧/ あいまい) (な)/ 意味不明 (な/ の)/ 不明 (な)/ あやふや (な)/ 玉虫色 (の)/ 晦渋 (な)/ 曖昧模糊 (な/ たる/ と)/ 漠然 (ばく然/ ばくぜん) (な/ たる/ と)/ 生煮え (な)/ 紛らわしい/ 朦朧 (たる/ と)/ 不得要領 (な)/ 意味不 (イミフ) (な)/ 何方付かず	Aimai (na)/ Imi fumei (na/ no)/ Fumei (na)/ Ayafuya (na)/ Tamamushihiro (no) * (literally means: 'iridescent colour', but here means 'ambiguous; vague')/ Kaijū (na)/ Aimai moko (na/ taru/ to)/ Bakuzen (na/ taru/ to)/ Namanie (na) * (literally means: 'half-cooked; rare', but here means 'ambiguous; vague')/ Magirawashī/ Mōrō (taru/ to)/ Futokuyōryō (na)/ Imi fu (na)/ Dotchi tsukazu
Emo-Neg	Amiss	斜め (の/ な)	Naname (no/ na)
Emo-Neg	Anonymous (anonymously)	匿名 (の/ で)/ 不明 (な)/ 覆面 (する/ の)/ 無名 (の)	Tokumei (no/ de)/ Fumei (na)/ Fukumen (suru/ no)/ Mumei (no)
Emo-Neg	Arrogant (aloof)	傲慢 (な)/ 横柄 (な)/ 高慢 (な)// 誇らしい/ 尊大 (な)/ 人を食った/ 横風 (な)/ 態度が大きい/ 大風 (な)/ 人も無げ (人もなげ) (な)/ 高慢ちき (な)/ 威高 (居高/ いたか) (な) (よそよそしい (余所余所しい))	Gōman (na)/ Ōhei (na)/ Kōman (na)/ Hokorashī/ Sondai (na)/ Hitowokutta/ Yokokaze (na)/ Taido ga ōki/ Ōkaze (na)/ Hitomonage (na)/ Kōmanchiki (na)/ Itaka (na) (Yosoyososhī)
Emo-Neg	Appalling	ぞっと (する)	Zotto (suru)
Emo-Neg	Avaricious	貪欲 (な)	Don'yoku (na)
Emo-Neg	Avoiding	避ける	Yokeru

Emo-Neg	Awry	おかしい(可笑しい)/ 斜め(の/ な)/ 曲がった/ 曲がる/ 不如意(な)	Okashī * (strange; odd; funny; peculiar; weird; wrong; unusual; eccentric/ wrong; unsuitable; improper; inappropriate; unbecoming/ suspicious)/ Naname (no/ na) * (distorted (feeling); slanted (e.g. view of the world); bad (mood); amiss; awry)/ Magatta * (awry; askew; crooked)/ Magaru * (to be awry; to be askew; to be crooked)/ Funyoi (na) * (contrary to one's wishes; gone awry; gone amiss)
Emo-Neg	Banal	凡庸(な)/ 千編一律(の/ な)	Bon'yō (na)/ Senpen'ichiritsu (no/ na)
Emo-Neg	Barbaric (brutal)	野蛮(な)/ 残忍(な)/ 粗野(な)(残忍 (な))	Yaban (na) * (yaban'na)/ Zan'nin (na)/ Soya (na) (zan'nin (na) * (zan'nin'na))
Emo-Neg	Biased (prejudiced; partisan)	偏見のある/ 偏る(偏った)/ 度量の狭い/ バイアス(の/ な)/ バイアス的(な)(偏見的(な)); 党派的(な))	Henken no aru/ Katayoru (katayotta) * (to be partial; to be biased; to be prejudiced)/ Doryōnosemai * (parochial; narrow-minded; prejudiced)/ Baiasu (no/ na)/ Baiasu-teki (na) (Henken-teki (na); Tōha-teki (na))
Emo-Neg	Bizarre	奇妙(な)/ 異様(な)/ 奇想天外(な/ の)/ 怪奇(な)/ 奇抜(な)/ ビザール (な)	Kimyō (na)/ Iyō (na)/ Kisōtengai (na/ no) * (fantastic; bizarre; incredible; unbelievable)/ Kaiki (na)/ Kibatsu (na) * ((very) unusual; unconventional; eccentric; novel; original; striking; bizarre; wild)/ Bizāru (na)
Emo-Neg	Boisterously	騒々しく(騒騒しい)/ 騒がしい/ 喧しい/ 喧然(たる/ と)	Sōzōshiku/ Sawagashī/ Kamabisushii/ Kenzen (taru/ to) * (noisy; boisterous; lively)
Emo-Neg	Broke (poor)	金がない(金が無い/ かねがない)/ 文無し(文なし/ もんなし)/ 一文無し(一文なし/ いちもんなし)/ 無一文/ 金のない/ 空っけつ(空っ穴/ からっけつ/ カラッケツ)/ すってんてん (スッテンテン)(な)(貧しい/ 貧困 (の/ な))	Kaneganai (kin ga nai/ kane ga nai)/ Mon'nashi/ Ichimon-nashi/ Muichimon/ Kin no nai/ Karakketsu/ Suttenten (na) (Mazushī/ Hinkon (no/ na))
Emo-Neg	Bullying	いじめ(虐め/ 苛め)	Ijime
Emo-Neg	Busted	泣きを見る/ 潰れた/ バステッド	Naki o miru/ Tsubureta/ Basuteddo
Emo-Neg	Capricious	気まぐれ(な)	Kimagure (na)
Emo-Neg	Carousing	豪飲(する)/ 会飲(する)/ 大騒ぎ (する)	Gōin (suru) * (heavy drinking; carousing)/ Kaiin (suru) * (drinking and carousing together)/ Ōsawagi (suru) * (clamour; clamor; uproar; tumult; furore; furor)
Emo-Neg	Claustrophobic	閉所恐怖症((的)な)	Heijokyōfushō ((teki) na)
Emo-Neg	Clingy (sticky)	ベタつく(べた付く)/ 執着(する/ な)(ベタベタ(べたべた)(する))	Betatsuku/ Shūchaku (suru/ na) (Betabeta (suru))
Emo-Neg	Cold (attitude, stare, etc.) (distant)	冷たい/ 冷ややか(冷やか)(な)	Tsumetai/ Hiyayaka (na)
Emo-Neg	Complaining	文句を言う/ つべこべ(と)/ 愚図愚図(ぐずぐず/ グズグズ)(と/ する)/ こぼし話/ ぶつくさ	Monkuwoiu/ Tsubekobe (to) * (complaining; nitpicking)/ Guzu guzu (to/ suru) * (complaining; grumbling)/ Koboshi hanashi/ Butsukusa * (moaning; muttering; complaining)

Emo-Neg	Conceited	うぬぼれが強い	Unubore ga tsuyoi
Emo-Neg	Conflicted	矛盾している (矛盾 (する/ の))	Mujun shite iru (mujun (suru/ no))
Emo-Neg	Conflicting	矛盾している (矛盾 (する/ の))	Mujun shite iru (mujun (suru/ no))
Emo-Neg	Contagious	伝染性 (の)	Densen-sei (no)
Emo-Neg	Conspiring	共謀 (する)	Kyōbō (suru)
Emo-Neg	Controversial (argumentative)	議論的 (に/ な)/ 議論になる	Gironteki (ni/ na)/ Giron ni naru
Emo-Neg	Corny	ダサイ/ 寒い/ 古い/ 陳腐 (な)	Dasai * (uncool; lame; unfashionable; unstylish; tacky; tasteless; ugly; corny; pathetic (behaviour); sad)/ Samui * (uninteresting (esp. joke); lame; dull; weak; corny)/ Furui * (stale; threadbare; hackneyed; corny/ old-fashioned; outmoded; out-of-date)/ Chinpu (na) * (stale; hackneyed; cliched)
Emo-Neg	Corrupt (corruptive; corrupting)	腐敗 (する) (腐敗 (する); 汚職)	Fuhai (suru) (fuhai (suru); oshoku)
Emo-Neg	Cowardly (avoiding)	卑怯 (な)/ 臆病 (な)/ だらしない/ 女々しい/ 尻の穴が小さい/ 卑劣 (な)/ 鈍ら (な) (避ける)	Hikyō (na) * (cowardly; craven/ unfair; mean; sneaky; dirty; dastardly)/ Okubyō (na) * (cowardly; timid; easily frightened)/ Darashinai * (weak; feeble; weak-willed; cowardly; gutless)/ Memeshī * (effeminate; unmanly; cowardly; sissy)/ Shiri no ana ga chīsai * (small-minded; petty; cowardly; chicken-hearted)/ Hiretsu (na) * (mean; contemptible; despicable; dirty; foul; cowardly; base)/ Namara (na) * (normally means 'blunt (e.g. sword); dull', but can also mean 'lazy; cowardly; good for nothing') (Yokeru)
Emo-Neg	Cranky	不機嫌	Fukigen
Emo-Neg	Creepy	気味の悪い	Kiminowarui (kimi no warui)
Emo-Neg	Cruel (cruelly)	残酷 (な) (残酷に)	Zankoku (na) (zankoku ni)
Emo-Neg	Damaging	ダメージを与える/ 損傷している/ 加害している	Damēji o ataeru/ Sonshō shite iru/ Kagai shite iru
Emo-Neg	Deadly	致命的 (な)	Chimei-teki (na)
Emo-Neg	Deaf	聴覚障がい/ 聴覚障害	Chōkakushō ga i/ Chōkaku shōgai
Emo-Neg	Defaced	汚損あり/ 汚損 (される/ する)	Oson ari/ Oson (sareru/ suru)
Emo-Neg	Dejected	落胆した/ がっかり (ガックリ) (する/ と)/ しょんぼり (と/ する)/ 消然 (たる/ と)	Rakutan shita * (discouragement; despondency; dejection; disappointment)/ Gakkuri (suru/ to) * (heartbroken; crestfallen; dejected; disappointed)/ Shonbori (to/ suru) * (downheartedly; dejectedly; dispiritedly; despondently)/ Shōzen (taru/ to) * (dejected; dispirited; crestfallen; discouraged)
Emo-Neg	Delusional	妄想 (する)	Mōsō (suru)

Emo-Neg	Demanding	要求の厳しい/ 催促 (する)/ きつい (キツイ)/ 督責 (する)/ 注文の多い/ 注文が多い/ 過激 (な)	Yōkyū no kibishii/ Saisoku (suru) * (pressing; urging; demanding; demand)/ Kitsui * (tough; hard; severe; demanding; harsh/ determined; strong-minded; forceful; formidable; fierce/ strong (e.g. sunlight, alcohol); severe; intense/ (too) tight; constricting; close/ extreme; unusually strong)/ Tokuseki (suru) * (demanding; urging)/ Chūmon no ōi * (demanding; difficult; strict)/ Chūmon ga ōi * (demanding; difficult; strict)/ Kageki (na) * (extreme (measure, idea, etc.); radical; violent (language)/ strenuous (exercise, work, etc.); excessive; (physically) demanding)
Emo-Neg	Demeaning	屈辱的 (な)/ ぼろくそ (ぼろ糞) (な)/ 陵虐 (する)/ 卑劣 (な)	Kutsujoku-teki (na)/ Boro kuso (na) * (worthless; shit/ disparaging; demeaning)/ Ryōgyaku (suru) * (humiliation; indignity; affront; assault)/ Hiretsu (na) * (mean; contemptible; despicable; dirty; foul; cowardly; base)
Emo-Neg	Depressive (depressed)	憂鬱 (な) (落ち込んだ/ うつ状態 (な))	Yūutsu (na) (Ochikonda/ Utsu jōtai (na))
Emo-Neg	Desperate (desperately)	必死 (な/ の) (必死に/ 絶望的に)	Hisshi (na/ no) (hisshi ni/ zetsubō-teki ni)
Emo-Neg	Despicable	卑劣 (な)/ 卑しい/ 下劣 (な)/ 見下げ果てた/ 卑しむべき/ 唾棄すべき/ 最低最悪 (な/ の)/ 浅ましい	Hiretsu (na) * (mean; contemptible; despicable; dirty; foul; cowardly; base)/ Iyashī * (vulgar; coarse; crude; mean; base; vile; despicable; dirty; unfair)/ Geretsu (na) * (base; mean; vulgar; despicable; low)/ Misage hateta * (contemptible; despicable)/ Iyashimubeki * (despicable)/ Daki subeki * (detestable; despicable; abhorrent)/ Saitei saiaku (na/ no) * (worst of the worst; despicable; extremely bad)/ Asamashī * (wretched; miserable; shameful; mean; despicable; abject)
Emo-Neg	Despicable	卑劣 (な)/ 卑しい/ 下劣 (な)/ 見下げ果てた/ 卑しむべき/ 唾棄すべき/ 最低最悪 (な/ の)/ 浅ましい	Hiretsu (na) * (mean; contemptible; despicable; dirty; foul; cowardly; base)/ Iyashī * (vulgar; coarse; crude; mean; base; vile; despicable; dirty; unfair)/ Geretsu (na) * (base; mean; vulgar; despicable; low)/ Misage hateta * (contemptible; despicable)/ Iyashimubeki * (despicable)/ Daki subeki * (detestable; despicable; abhorrent)/ Saitei saiaku (na/ no) * (worst of the worst; despicable; extremely bad)/ Asamashī * (wretched; miserable; shameful; mean; despicable; abject)
Emo-Neg	Despondent	落胆した	Rakutan shita
Emo-Neg	Despotic	専制的 (な)/ 専制 (の)/ 圧制的 (な)/ 圧制 (の)/ 独裁的 (な)/ 独裁 (する/ の)	Sensei-teki (na)/ Sensei (no)/ Asseiteki (na)/ Assei (no)/ Dokusai-teki (na)/ Dokusai (suru/ no)

Emo-Neg	Detestable	大嫌い (な)/ 嫌 (いや) (な)/ 憎い/ 憎らしい/ 嫌らしい/ 忌まわしい/ 唾棄すべき/ 厭わしい/ いけ好かない/ 難しい/ 毒々しい/ 憎々しい/ 嫌みたらしい/ 忌むべき/ 嫌みったらしい/ 醜 (しこ)	Daikirai (na) * (hating; strongly disliking)/ Iya (na) * (unpleasant; disagreeable; nasty; horrible; disgusting; undesirable; unwelcome/ disliking; not wanting; unwilling (to do); reluctant/ no! quit it!; stop!)/ Nikui * (hateful; detestable; abominable; vexing; provoking)/ Nikurashī * (odious; hateful; detestable; horrible)/ Iyarashī * (unpleasant; disagreeable; nasty/ lewd; lascivious; obscene; filthy; dirty)/ Imawashī * (abhorrent; abominable; detestable; disgusting; horrid; repugnant)/ Daki subeki * (detestable; despicable; abhorrent)/ Itowashī * (detestable; disagreeable; disgusting; odious; unpleasant; repugnant; abhorrent; loathsome; abominable)/ Ikesukanai * (nasty; disgusting; detestable; unpleasant; disagreeable; creepy)/ Muzukashī * (difficult; hard; troublesome; complicated; serious (disease, problem, etc.)/ dirty; unclean; filthy; detestable)/ Dokudokushī * (hateful; detestable; loathsome; odious; sickening/ poisonous; venomous; poisonous-looking)/ Nikunikushī * (hateful; detestable; loathsome)/ Iyamitarashī * (disagreeable; unpleasant; nasty; detestable; sarcastic; snide)/ Imubeki * (abominable; detestable)/ Iyami ttarashī * (disagreeable; unpleasant; nasty; detestable; sarcastic; snide)/ Shiko * (ugly; repulsive; detestable; contemptible)
Emo-Neg	Devastating	壊滅的 (な)/ 破壊的 (な)/ 衝撃的 (な)	Kaimetsu-teki (na)/ Hakai-teki (na)/ Shōgeki-teki (na) * (devastating; gut-wrenching; shocking; startling; sensational; astounding; astonishing)
Emo-Neg	Deviant	逸脱した	Itsudatsu shita
Emo-Neg	Devious	邪悪 (な)/ 邪 (よこしま) (な)/ ずる賢い	Jaaku (na)/ Yokoshima (na)/ Zuru kashikoi * (devious; cunning; sly; crafty)
Emo-Neg	Discontent	不満 (な/ がある)	Fuman (na/ ga aru) * (when using 'na', it becomes 'fuman'na')
Emo-Neg	Disdained	軽蔑された/ 見下ろした/ 卑しい (いやしい)	Keibetsu sareta/ Mioroshita/ Iyashī
Emo-Neg	Disengaged	離脱中	Ridatsu-chū
Emo-Neg	Disgruntled	不満 (な/ がある)	Fuman (na/ ga aru) * (when using 'na', it becomes 'fuman'na')
Emo-Neg	Disgusting	おぞましい (悍ましい)	Ozomashī
Emo-Neg	Disharmonious (unbalanced)	不調和 (の) (アンバランス (な))	Fuchōwa (no) (Anbaransu (na))
Emo-Neg	Disheveled	乱れた (乱れる)	Midareta (midareru) * (to be disordered; to be disarranged; to be disarrayed; to be disheveled; to be dishevelled/ to be discomposd; to be upset; to get confused; to be disturbed)

Emo-Neg	Dishonest (untruthful)	不正直 (な) (不誠実 (な))	Fushōjiki (na) (Fuseijitsu (na))
Emo-Neg	Disillusioned	幻滅した	Genmetsu shita * (disillusionment)
Emo-Neg	Disrespectful	無礼 (な)/ 失礼 (な)/ 不敬 (な/ に)	Burei (na)/ Shitsurei (na)/ Fukei (na/ ni)
Emo-Neg	Disorderly	無秩序 (な)	Muchitsujo (na)
Emo-Neg	Disoriented	眩む/ 目がくらむ/ 見当識障害 (の)	Kuramu * (to be dazzled by; to be dizzyed by; to be disoriented by/ to be lost in (greed, lust, etc.)/ to become dark * (archaic))/ Megakuramu * (to be dizzy; to be disoriented/ to be dazzled/ to be lost in (greed, lust, etc.))/ Kentōshiki shōgai (no) * (disorientation; disoriented)
Emo-Neg	Disowned	勘当された	Kandō saretā
Emo-Neg	Disposable	使い捨て (の)/ 可処分 (の)	Tsukaisute (no) * (throwaway; disposable; single-use)/ Kashobun (no) * (disposable)
Emo-Neg	Dissatisfied	不満 (な/ がある)	Fuman (na/ ga aru) * (when using 'na', it becomes 'fuman'na')
Emo-Neg	Distraught	取り乱す	Torimidasu
Emo-Neg	Dizzy	目眩 (めまい)/ 目まぐるしい (めまぐるしい)/ クラクラ (と/ する)/ グラグラ (と/ する/ の/ な)/ ふらふら (と/ する/ の/ な)/ 逆上せる/ 目がくらむ/ 目が回る/ 目が舞う/ くらます (眩ます)/ くるめく (眩く)/ 眩う (まう)/ クラッと (する)	Memai * (dizziness; giddiness; vertigo)/ Memagurushī * (dizzying (speed, changes, etc.)); rapid; drastic; bewildering; hectic; bustling (e.g. world))/ Kurakura (to/ suru) * (dizzy; giddy)/ Guragura (to/ suru/ no/ na) * (wobbling; tottering; shaking; unstably; unsteadily/ wavering (e.g. over a decision); dithering; indecisively/ dizzily; giddily)/ Furafura (to/ suru/ no/ na) * (unsteadily (e.g. on one's feet); shakily; staggering; tottering; reeling; dizzily; giddily/ wavering (in one's mind); unsteadily; indecisively/ aimlessly; unconsciously; whimsically; without thinking)/ Noboseru * (to feel dizzy; to have blood rush to one's head/ to lose one's cool)/ Megakuramu * (to be dizzy; to be disoriented/ to be dazzled/ to be lost in (greed, lust, etc.))/ Megamawaru * (to be dizzy; to feel faint; to feel giddy)/ Mega mau * (to feel dizzy)/ Kuramasu * (to dazzle; to make dizzy; to bewilder)/ Kurumeku * (to feel dizzy; to feel faint/ to spin; to revolve; to twirl)/ Mau * (to be dizzy; to be vertiginous)/ Kuratto (suru) * (dizzily/ to feel dizzy)
Emo-Neg	Dizzying	目まぐるしい	Memagurushī
Emo-Neg	Dominant (dominating; domineering)	支配的 (な)/ ドミナント (な) (支配的 (な); 支配 (する) (支配して)/ 横暴 (な))	Shihai-teki (na)/ Dominanto (na) (shihai-teki (na); shihai (suru) (shihai shite); ōbō (na))
Emo-Neg	Doubtful (unsure, not sure, uncertain)	怪しい/ 疑わしい/ 不審 (に/ な)/ 怪しげ (な)	Ayashī/ Utagawashī/ Fushin (ni/ na)/ Ayashige (na)
Emo-Neg	Downcast	落ち込む	Ochikomu
Emo-Neg	Drained	疲れ果てた	Tsukarehateta
Emo-Neg	Droopy	垂れ下がった	Taresagatta

Emo-Neg	Drowsy	眠い	Nemui
Emo-Neg	Dull (heavy, leaden)	どんより (する/ と)/ 鈍い/ 鈍ら (鈍/ なまくら) (な)/ 詰らない (詰まらない/ つまらない)/ 退屈 (な)/ 不活発 (な)/ 冴えない	Don'yori (suru/ to)/ Nibui/ Namara (na) * (blunt (e.g. sword); dull/ lazy; cowardly; good for nothing)/ Tsumaranai * (dull; uninteresting; boring; tedious)/ Taikutsu (na) * (tedious; boring; dull; uninteresting; tiresome; monotonous/ to feel bored; to get bored (with); to get tired (of)/ boredom)/ Fu kappatsu (na) * (dull; slow; sluggish; inactive; inanimate; quiet; lethargic)/ Saenai * (dull; dreary; sullen; depressed)
Emo-Neg	Dulled	鈍い/ 鈍感 (に/ な)/ 鈍化 (する/ に/ の/ な)/ 鈍る	Nibui/ Donkan (ni/ na)/ Donka (suru/ ni/ no/ na) * (becoming dull; slowing down)/ Namaru * (to become blunt; to grow dull/ to become less capable; to weaken; to falter)
Emo-Neg	Dumb (stupid)	アホ (阿呆) (バカ (馬鹿))	Aho * (fool; idiot; simpleton) (Baka * (idiot; moron; fool/ stupid; foolish; dull; absurd; ridiculous))
Emo-Neg	Eerie	不気味 (な)	Bukimi (na)
Emo-Neg	Egoistic	私の強い/ 自己中心的 (な)/ 利己的 (な)/ 我が強い/ 気まま (な)/ エゴイステック (な)	Ganotsuyoi/ Jiko chūshin-teki (na)/ Riko-teki (na)/ Gagatsuyoi/ Kimama (na) * (willful; wilful; selfish; self-centered; egoistic/ carefree; do-as- you-please; freewheeling; free spirited)/ Egoisutikku (na)
Emo-Neg	Elusive	とらえどころのない (捉えどころのない/ 捕らえどころのない/ 捉え所の無い/ 捉え所の無い/ 捕らえ所の無い/ 捕らえ所の無い)	Toraedokoro no nai
Emo-Neg	Embarrassed (ashamed)	恥ずかしい/ 汗顔 (な)/ きまり悪い (決まり悪い/ 決り悪い/ 極まり悪い)/ 気恥ずかしい/ きまりが悪い (決まりが悪い/ 決りが悪い/ 極りが悪い)/ 恐れ入る	Hazukashī/ Kangan (na)/ Kimari warui/ Kihazukashī/ Kimarigawarui/ Osoreiru * (to be disconcerted; to be embarrassed)
Emo-Neg	Envious (enviously)	羨ましい (羨ましい)	Urayamashī (urayamashī)
Emo-Neg	Evasive	回避的 (な)/ のらりくらり (ノラリクラリ/ ぬらりくらり) (と/ する)/ 逃避的 (な)/ 避ける (避ける/ 除ける/ よける)/ 逃げる	Kaihi-teki (na)/ Norarikurari (to/ suru)/ Tōhi-teki (na)/ Yokeru/ Nigeru
Emo-Neg	Exacting	厳しい/ 厳格 (な)/ 大変な努力が必要 (な)	Kibishii * (severe; strict; rigid; unsparing; relentless/ hard (to do); difficult; tricky/ intense (e.g. cold); harsh (weather); inclement)/ Genkaku (na) * (strict; severe; stern; rigid; rigorous; tough)/ Taihen'na doryoku ga hitsuyō (na) * (requiring great effort; requires great effort)

Emo-Neg	Excruciating	耐え難い/ 血のにじむよう	Taegatai * (unbearable; intolerable; unendurable)/ Chi no nijimu yō * (painstaking (e.g. effort); excruciating (e.g. hard work); grueling)
Emo-Neg	Exorbitant (excessive; extravagant; immoderate)	法外 (な)/ 過当 (な) (過剰 (な), 贅沢 (な), 節度のない)	Hōgai (na)/ Katō (na) (Kajō (na), Zeitaku (na), Setsudo no nai)
Emo-Neg	Falsified	改ざんされた	Kaizan sareta
Emo-Neg	Fanatical	狂信的 (な)/ 熱狂的 (な)/ ファナティック (な)/ 凝り固まる	Kyōshin-teki (na)/ Nekkyō-teki (na)/ Fanatikku (na)/ Korikatamaru * (means 'to coagulate', but can also mean 'to be fanatical (about); to be obsessed (with); to be fixated (on); to be bigoted (about)')
Emo-Neg	Fleeing (the fleeing)	逃げる (逃げる)	Nigeru (nigeru)
Emo-Neg	Foolhardy	無謀	Mubō
Emo-Neg	Forced	強制 (する)/ 強制的 (な)/ 無理 (な)/ 態とらしい	Kyōsei (suru)/ Kyōsei-teki (na)/ Muri (na) * (can mean 'unreasonable; unnatural; unjustifiable' or 'impossible', but can also mean 'forcible; forced; compulsory')/ Wazatorashī * (unnatural; affected; studied; forced)
Emo-Neg	Fraudulent	詐欺的 (な)/ 不正行為 (な)/ 欺瞞的 (な)/ 盗用 (する)	Sagi-teki (na)/ Fusei kōi (na) * (unfair practices; wrongdoing; malpractice; cheating; foul play)/ Giman-teki (na) * (deceptive; fraudulent)/ Tōyō (suru) * (embezzlement; fraudulent use; plagiarism; appropriation)
Emo-Neg	Freaky	気まぐれ (気紛れ/ きまぐれ) (な)/ 型破り (な)	Kimagure (na)/ Katayaburi (na)
Emo-Neg	Fretful	イライラ	Iraira
Emo-Neg	Frugal (economical; stingy)	質素 (な)/ 儉しい/ 惜しむ/ 経済的 (な)/ 慎ましい/ 細かい (儉約 (する/ な); 儉約 (する/ な))	Shisso (na)/ Tsumashī/ Oshimu/ Keizai-teki (na) * (economic; financial/ economical; thrifty; frugal)/ Tsutsumashī * (modest; reserved; quiet; humble/ frugal; simple; plain)/ Komakai * (means 'small/ fine; minute', but can also mean 'careful; frugal; stingy') (Ken'yaku (suru/ na); Ken'yaku (suru/ na))
Emo-Neg	Frustrated	イライラ (する)	Iraira (suru)
Emo-Neg	Frustrating (frustrated)	イライラ (苛々/ 苛苛) (する/ と)/ イライラした (いらいらした/ 苛々した/ 苛苛した)/ 悔しい/ 苛立たしい/ 焦れたい/ もどかしい/ うざっこい/ 口惜しい	Iraira (suru/ to)/ Iraira shita/ Kuyashī/ Iradatashī * (irritating; impatient; annoying; frustrating; vexing)/ Jirettai/ Modokashī/ Uzakkoi/ Kuchioshī

Emo-Neg	Furious (furiously)	激怒 (する)/ 激しい/ 激烈 (な)/ 嚇怒 (する)/ 息巻く/ 猛然 (と/ たる)/ プンプン (と/ する)/ 怒りを込めて/ 怒り (な/ の/ する)/ 狂乱 (する/ の)/ 憤激 (する) (激怒 する))	Gekido (suru) * (rage; fury)/ Hageshī * (violent; furious; tempestuous/ extreme; intense; fierce; strong/ fervent; vehement/ incessant; relentless)/ Gekiretsu (na) * (violence; vehemence; fury; fervour; fervor; severity; fierceness; keenness)/ Kakudo (suru) * (greatly enraged; furious)/ Ikimaku * (to rage; to storm (at); to be furious/ to enthuse; to speak enthusiastically; to speak with vigour; to get worked up)/ Mōzen (to/ taru) * (fiercely; ferociously; furiously; resolutely)/ Punpun (to/ suru) * (angrily; furiously; indignantly; in a huff; fuming/ be careful as this word can also mean '(smelling) strongly; pungently')/ Ikariwokomete * (furiously; passionately; indignantly)/ Ikari (na/ no/ suru) * (anger; rage; fury; wrath; indignation)/ Kyōran (suru/ no) * (fury; frenzy; madness; wildness)/ Fungeki (suru) * (fury; flying into a rage; outrage) (gekido (suru))
Emo-Neg	Fussy	うるさい (煩い)	Urusai
Emo-Neg	Fuzzy	曖昧 (な)/ 薄ら (と)/ ファジー (な)	Aimai (na) * (vague; ambiguous; unclear/ shady; disreputable/ fuzzy/ ambiguity)/ Usura (to) * (slightly; lightly; thinly; faintly; dimly; hazy; fuzzy; dim; faint; slight)/ Fajī (na) * (fuzzy)
Emo-Neg	Ghastly	恐ろしい	Osoroshī
Emo-Neg	Good-for-nothing (timid; pathetic; disappointing; useless; worthless)	不甲斐ない	Fugainai
Emo-Neg	Grave (ie. situation)	重大 (な) (事態)	Jūdai (na) (jitai)
Emo-Neg	Greedy (avaricious; to want badly)	欲張る/ 貪欲 (な)/ 強欲 (な)/ 欲深い/ 欲張り (な)/ 欲どしい	Yokubaru/ Don'yoku (na)/ Gōyoku (na)/ Yokubukai/ Yokubari (na)/ Yokudoshii
Emo-Neg	Grisly	恐ろしい	Osoroshī
Emo-Neg	Groggy	グロッキー	Gurokkī
Emo-Neg	Grumpy	不機嫌 (そう) (な)/ 気難しい (気むずかしい/ きむずかしい)/ 愚痴っぽい (愚癡っぽい/ ぐちっぽい/ グチっぽい)	Fukigen (-sō) (na)/ Kimuzukashī/ Guchippoi
Emo-Neg	Harmful	危害を与える	Kigai o ataeru

Emo-Neg	Harsh	ひどい (酷い)/ 過酷 (な)/ 厳しい/ 渋い/ 荒い/ 邪陰 (な)/ 刮い/ 手ひどい/ きつい (キツイ)/ 荒々しい/ 耳障り (な)/ 糞味噌 (な)/ 味噌糞 (な)/ 刺々しい/ 手厳しい	Hidoi * (cruel; heartless; hard; harsh; severe)/ Kakoku (na) * (severe; harsh; hard; cruel; rigorous)/ Kibishī * (severe; strict; rigid; unsparing; relentless/ hard (to do); difficult; tricky/ intense (e.g. cold); harsh (weather); inclement)/ Shibui * (astringent; bitter; puckery; rough; harsh; tart)/ Arai * (rough; wild; violent; rude; coarse; harsh; fierce; heavy (e.g. breathing))/ Jaken (na) * (cruel; hard-hearted; harsh; unkind)/ Egui (kui) * (harsh (taste, feeling, etc.); acrid; pungent; astringent)/ Tehidoi/ Kitsui * (tough; hard; severe; demanding; harsh/ determined; strong-minded; forceful; formidable; fierce/ strong (e.g. sunlight, alcohol); severe; intense/ (too) tight; constricting; close/ extreme; unusually strong)/ Araarashī * (rough; wild; rude; harsh; gruff; violent)/ Mimizawari (na) * (hard (on the ears); offensive (to the ear); rasping; rough; harsh; grating; jarring; cacophonous)/ Kusomiso (na) * (harsh; severe (e.g. criticism, verbal attack)/ sweeping denunciation)/ Misokuso (na) * (harsh; severe (e.g. criticism, verbal attack))/ Togetogeshī * (sharp (words); harsh (manner, tone, etc.); hostile (mood, attitude, etc.); stinging; biting; cutting; barbed)/ Tekibishī * (harsh (criticism, treatment, etc.); severe; hard; strict)
Emo-Neg	Hateful	嫌 (な)	Iya (na)
Emo-Neg	Haunted	幽霊が出た/ お化け (の)	Yūrei ga deta/ Obake (no)
Emo-Neg	Having loose morals (profligate)	多情 (な)	Tajō (na)
Emo-Neg	Hectic	忙しい	Isogashī
Emo-Neg	Hesitant	躊躇 (する)/ 気迷い/ 躊躇い (する)/ ためらいのある (躊躇いのある)	Chūcho (suru)/ Kimayoi/ Tamerai (suru)/ Tamerai no aru
Emo-Neg	Hopeless	絶望的 (な/ の)/ 心細い/ 駄目 (な)/ 如何にもならない	Zetsubō-teki (na/ no)/ Kokorobosoi/ Dame (na)/ Ikanimo naranai

Emo-Neg	Horrible	最悪 (な/ の)/ 憎らしい/ 殺人的 (な)/ 嫌 (いや) (な)/ 物凄い (ものすごい)/ 凄まじい/ 恐るべき/ 惨烈 (な)/ 無残 (な)	Saiaku (na/ no) * (worst/ horrible; horrid; awful; terrible/ in the worst case; if worst comes to worst)/ Nikurashī * (odious; hateful; detestable; horrible)/ Satsujin-teki (na) * (horrible; deadly; punishing; murderous)/ Iya (na) * (disliking; not wanting; unwilling (to do); reluctant/ unpleasant; disagreeable; nasty; horrible; disgusting; undesirable; unwelcome/ no!; quit it!; stop!)/ Monosugoi * (frightful; ghastly; horrific; terrible; awful; gruesome; eerie/ terrific; staggering; tremendous; incredible; extreme)/ Susamajī * (terrible; dreadful; awful; horrible; ghastly/ appalling; shocking; staggering; absurd/ tremendous; terrific; enormous; prodigious; stupendous; amazing)/ Osorubeki * (terrible; terrifying; dreadful; horrible; horrifying; appalling/ astonishing; astounding; staggering; tremendous; awesome; enormous)/ Sanretsu (na) * (horrible; cruel; atrocious)/ Muzan (na) * (cruel; merciless; atrocious; ruthless; cold-blooded/ pitiful; tragic; horrible; miserable)
Emo-Neg	Hostile	敵対的/ 敵対 (の)	Tekitai-teki/ Tekitai (no)
Emo-Neg	Humiliating (embarrassing)	屈辱的 (な) (恥ずかしい/ 痛い/ 照れくさい/ 恥ずい/ 憚ったい (くすぐったい)/ 気まずい (気不味い/ きまずい)/ バツが悪い/ 間が悪い/ バツの悪い)	Kutsujoku-teki (na) (Hazukashī/ Itai/ Terekusai/ Hazui/ Kusuguttai/ Kimazui/ Batsu ga warui/ Magawarui/ Batsu no warui)
Emo-Neg	Hypersensitive	過敏症 (の/ な)/ 過敏 (の/ な)/ 過敏的 (な)/ 知覚過敏 (な/ の)	Kabin-shō (no/ na)/ Kabin (no/ na)/ Kabin-teki (na)/ Shikakukabin (na/ no)
Emo-Neg	Hypocritical	偽善的 (な)	Gizen-teki (na)
Emo-Neg	Hypocritically	偽善的に/ 空々しい (空空しい/ そらぞらしい)/ 慇懃無礼 (な)	Gizenshinte ni/ Sorazorashī/ Inginburei (na) * (superficially polite but actually rude; rude under a veneer of politeness; courteous on the surface but insolent at heart)
Emo-Neg	Icky	気持ち悪い	Kimochi warui
Emo-Neg	Idiotic (ridiculous)	馬鹿げた (ばかげた)/ 間抜け (な)/ 馬鹿みたい (な)/ 間の抜けた	Bakageta/ Manuke (na)/ Bakamitai (na)/ Ma no nuketa
Emo-Neg	Immature	未熟 (な/ の)/ 若い (わかい)/ 大人げない (大人気ない/ 大人気無い/ おとなげない)/ 子供じみた/ 青 (あお) (の/ な)/ 稚拙 (な)/ 青臭い/ 未完成 (な)	Mijuku (na/ no)/ Wakai/ Otonagenai/ Kodomojimita/ Ao (no/ na) * (means blue or green, but can also mean 'immature; unripe; young')/ Chisetsu (na)/ Aokusai * (can mean 'grassy-smelling; smelling of raw vegetation', but here means 'inexperienced; immature; green; naive')/ Mikansei (na) * (means 'incomplete; unfinished; imperfect', but here means immature, ie. in a spiritual sense)
Emo-Neg	Immoral	不道德	Fudōtoku

Emo-Neg	Impatient	気が短い(気の短い)/ せっかち(な)/ 焦燥(の/ する)	Ki ga mijikai (ki no mijikai)/ Sekkachi (na)/ Shōsō (no/ suru) * (impatience; irritation; frustration; fretfulness)
Emo-Neg	Impeding	(お) 邪魔(する/ な)	(o) Jama (suru/ na)
Emo-Neg	Impolite	無礼(な)/ 無礼(な)/ 非礼(な)/ 失礼(な/ する)/ 礼儀知らず(の/ な)/ 不躰(不仕付け/ 無躰/ ぶしつけ)(な)/ 不調法(無調法/ ぶちょうほう)(の/ な)/ 失敬(な/ する)/ ぞんざい(な)/ 礼を失する/ 不挨拶(無挨拶/ ぶあいさつ)(な)	Burei (na)/ Name (na) * (same kanji as burei, implolite, but is obsolete)/ Hirei (na)/ Shitsurei (na/ suru)/ Reigi-shirazu (no/ na)/ Bushitsuke (na)/ Buchōhō (no/ na)/ Shikkei (na/ suru)/ Zonzai (na)/ Reiwoshissuru/ Fu aisatsu (na)
Emo-Neg	Imprisoned (apprehended)	投獄された(逮捕された)	Tōgoku sa reta (Taiho sa reta)
Emo-Neg	Imprudent	軽率(な)/ 下手(な)/ 不謹慎(な)/ 軽々しい(軽軽しい)/ 軽はずみ(な)	Keisotsu (na) * (rash; thoughtless; careless; hasty; imprudent)/ Heta (na) * (imprudent; untactful/ unskillful; poor; awkward)/ Fukinshin (na) * (imprudent; indiscreet; immodest; indecent; inconsiderate; inappropriate)/ Karugarushi * (rash; thoughtless; imprudent; careless; frivolous)/ Karuhazumi (na) * (thoughtless; rash; hasty; imprudent)
Emo-Neg	Impulsive	衝動的(な)	Shōdō-teki (na)
Emo-Neg	In despair	絶望して	Zetsubō shite
Emo-Neg	Inadvertently	うっかり(と/ する)/ 何気に/ 何の気なしに/ 何気なく/ 意図せず/ 浮かり(うかり)/ 口走る	Ukkari (to/ suru) * (carelessly; thoughtlessly; inadvertently)/ Nanige ni * (inadvertently; for no special reason/ truthfully; unexpectedly/ after realizing; without knowing)/ Nan'nokinashi ni * (unintentionally; inadvertently; calmly; casually; nonchalantly; innocently)/ Nanigenaku * (unintentionally; calmly; inadvertently; innocently)/ Ito sezu * (unintentionally; involuntarily; inadvertently; unintendedly)/ Ukari * (carelessly; thoughtlessly; inadvertently)/ Kuchibashiru * (to blurt out; to let slip; to say inadvertently; to come out with (e.g. nonsense))
Emo-Neg	Incompatible (irreconcilable; cannot be joined; cannot be united)	相容れない/ 非対応/ 油に水/ 不適合(な)/ 水と油/ 抵触(する)/ 相対立する/ 氷炭相容れず/ 互換性のない/ 互換性がない/ 一致していません(和解できない; 結合できない; 団結できない)	Aiirenai/ Hi taiō/ Abura ni mizu * (incompatible; (going together) like oil and water)/ Futekigō (na)/ Mizu to abura * (two incompatible things (or people); (going together like) oil and water)/ Teishoku (suru)/ Aitairitsu suru/ Hyōtan'aiirezu * (having completely different natures and being incompatible with each other; like oil and water; ice and (charcoal) fire cannot coexist; proverb)/ Gokansei no nai/ Gokansei ga nai/ Itchi shite imasen (wakai dekinai; ketsugō dekinai; danketsu dekinai)

Emo-Neg	Incompetent	無能	Munō
Emo-Neg	Incomprehensible	理解できない/ 訳が分からない/ 訳の分からない/ 意味不明 (な/ の)/ 意味が通らない/ 分かりにくい/ 解せない/ 不可解 (な)	Rikaidekinai/ Wakegawakaranai/ Wake no wakaranai/ Imi fumei (na/ no)/ Imi ga tōranai/ Wakari nikui/ Gesenai/ Fukakai (na) * (incomprehensible more in a sense of mystery, mysterious, enigmatic)
Emo-Neg	Inconsiderate	思いやりのない	Omoiyari no nai
Emo-Neg	Inconvenient (not useful)	不便 (な) * (becomes fuben'na)/ 不都合 (な)/ 都合が悪い/ 都合の悪い/ 間が悪い	Fuben (na) * (becomes fuben'na; Inconvenience; inexpediency; unhandiness; not useful; not helpful)/ Futsugō (na) * (inconvenient; inexpedient; unfavourable; troublesome; difficult)/ Tsugō ga warui/ Tsugō no warui/ Magawarui * (inconvenient; inopportune; untimely; unfortunate; unlucky)
Emo-Neg	Indecisive	不断 (な/ の)/ 不決定的 (な)/ 優柔不断 (な/ の)/ 煮え切らない/ 優柔 (な)/ 不明確 (な)/ うじうじ (ウジウジ) (と/ する)/ 宙ぶらりん (な/ の)/ 不決断的 (な)	Fudan (na/ no)/ Fu ketteiteki (na)/ Yūjūfudan (na/ no) * (indecisive; irresolute; shilly-shally; vacillating)/ Niekiranai * (half-cooked; vague; halfhearted; indecisive)/ Yūjū (na) * (indecisive; irresolute; weak)/ Fumeikaku (na) * (inaccurate; indistinct; imprecise; unclear; indecisive)/ Ujuji (to/ suru) * (indecisively; hesitantly; irresolutely; wishy-washily)/ Chūburarin (na/ no) * (dangling; hanging; suspended/ pending; half done; in limbo; indecisive; hanging in the air; hanging in mid-air)/ Fu ketsudan-teki (na)
Emo-Neg	Inevitable (unavoidable)	必然 (な/ の/ に)/ 必然的 (な)/ 必ず起こる/ やむを得ない/ 退っ引きならない/ 仕様ががない/ 余儀ない/ 仕方がない/ 仕方のない/ 拠所ない/ 避けられない	Hitsuzen (na/ no/ ni)/ Hitsuzen-teki (na)/ Kanarazu okoru/ Yamuwoenai/ Noppikinaranai/ Shiyōganai/ Yoginai/ Shikataganai/ Shikata no nai/ Yoridokoro nai/ Sakerarenai
Emo-Neg	Inexpedient	不便 (な)/ 不都合 (な)	Fuben * (inconvenience; inexpediency; unhandiness/ becomes 'fuben'na')/ Futsugō (na) * (inconvenient; inexpedient; unfavourable; troublesome; difficult)
Emo-Neg	Infectious	伝染する	Densen suru
Emo-Neg	Infuriating (infurious)	激怒 (する)/ 忌々しい/ 憤ろしい/ 怒り (の/ に/ な)/ 憤激 (する)/ カンカン (かんかん) (な/ と/ の)/ 激昂 (する) (激怒 (する))	Gekido (suru) * (rage; fury)/ Imaimashī * (annoying; infuriating; provoking; irritating; aggravating; vexing)/ Ikidōroshī * (infuriating; maddening; exasperating; angry; furious; irritated)/ Ikari (no/ ni/ na) * (anger; rage; fury; wrath; indignation)/ Fungeki (suru) * (fury; flying into a rage; outrage)/ Kankan (na/ to/ no) * (extremely angry; furious; enraged/ fiercely (shine); blazingly; intensely/ merrily (burn away); red-hot/ with a clang)/ Gekikō (suru) * (excitement; exasperation; indignation; rage; fury) (gekido (suru))

Emo-Neg	Inhibited	抑制された (抑制する)/ 阻害された (阻害する)/ 遠慮された (遠慮する)	Yokusei sa reta (yokusei suru)/ Sogai sa reta (sogai suru)/ Enryo sa reta (enryo suru)
Emo-Neg	Inhuman	非人道的 (な)/ 非人間的 (な)	Hijindōteki (na)/ Hiningenteki (na)
Emo-Neg	Insane (mad)	非常識 (な)/ 正気でない (狂気 (の))	Hijōshiki (na)/ Shōkidenai (kyōki (no))
Emo-Neg	Insensitive (unattentive)	鈍感 (な) (注意力がない)	Donkan (na) * (becomes donkan'na) (Chūi-ryoku ga nai)
Emo-Neg	Insisting	主張 (する) (主張している)/ と言って聞かない/ 強弁 (する) * (insisting (unreasonably); obstinate insistence)	Shuchō (suru) (shuchō shite iru)/ Toittekikanai/ Kyōben (suru)
Emo-Neg	Insubordinate	不服従	Fu fukujū
Emo-Neg	Insufferable	耐えられない/ 我慢ならない	Taerarenai/ Gaman naranai
Emo-Neg	Insulting (offensive; derogatory)	侮辱的 (な)/ 侮蔑的 (な)/ 嘲罵 (する)	Bujoku-teki/ Bubetsu-teki (na)/ Chōba (suru)
Emo-Neg	Intense (intensely; severe)	強烈 (な)/ 激しい (激しく)/ 猛烈 (に/ な)	Kyōretsu (na)/ Hageshī (Hageshiku)/ Mōretsu (ni/ na)
Emo-Neg	Intensely (very much)	無性に/ 猛烈 (に/ な)/ 我利我利 (と)/ みっちり (と)/ じっと (凝乎と)	Mushōni/ Mōretsu (ni/ na)/ Garigari (to)/ Mitchiri (to)/ Jitto * (motionlessly (e.g. stand, wait); (be) still/ fixedly (e.g. gaze, stare); intently (e.g. listen, think)/ patiently (endure); stoically/ firmly (e.g. hold); restrained)
Emo-Neg	Intimidating (daunting; frightening)	威圧的 (な) (気の遠くなるような, 恐ろしい)	Iatsu-teki (na) (Ki no tōku naru yōna, Osoroshī)
Emo-Neg	Intolerable	堪らない/ 耐えられない/ 耐え難い (耐えがたい/ 堪えがたい/ 堪え難い/ 耐難い)/ 我慢ならない/ 堪らん/ 忍びがたい/ 堪ったものじゃない/ 堪ったもんじゃない/ 堪ったもんじゃない/ 堪ったものではない	Tamaranai/ Taerarenai/ Taegatai/ Gaman naranai/ Tamaran/ Shinobi gatai/ Tamatta mono janai/ Tamatta mon janai/ Tamatta monde wanai/ Tamatta monode wanai
Emo-Neg	Intoxicated	酔った/ 酔い/ ハイ (な)/ 酔う	Yotta * (to get drunk; to become intoxicated)/ Yoi * (drunkenness; intoxication)/ Hai (na) * (high (spirits); euphoric; intoxicated)/ You * (to get drunk; to become intoxicated/ to feel sick (e.g. in a vehicle); to become nauseated)
Emo-Neg	Involuntary	非自発的	Hi jihatsu-teki
Emo-Neg	Irresponsible (careless)	好い加減 (いい加減) (な)/ 安易 (な)	Iikagen (ikagen) (na)/ An'i (na)
Emo-Neg	Itchy	かゆい (痒い)	Kayui
Emo-Neg	Lazy	怠惰 (な)/ 怠け (の)/ 尻が重い (尻がおもい) * (literally means 'heavy bottom/ ass')/ のらりくらり (する/ と)/ 怠ける (懶ける)/ 懶惰 (懶惰) (な/ の)/ だらける	Taida (na)/ Namake (no)/ Shirigaomoi/ Norarikurari (suru/ to)/ Namakeru/ Randa (na/ no)/ Darakeru

Emo-Neg	Lonely	寂しい (さびしい)/ 心細い	Sabishī * (lonely; lonesome; solitary; desolate)/ Kokorobosoi * (helpless; forlorn; hopeless; unpromising; lonely; discouraging; disheartening)
Emo-Neg	Losing	負け (の/ な)/ 負ける	Make (no/ na)/ Makeru
Emo-Neg	Defeated (lost)	負けた (負けた)	Maketa (maketa)
Emo-Neg	Ludicrous	馬鹿らしい (バカらしい)/ ばかばかしい (馬鹿馬鹿しい)/ バカバカしい/ 荒唐 (な)	Bakarashī/ Bakabakashii/ Kōtō (na)
Emo-Neg	Lukewarm (halfhearted; vague)	好い加減 (いい加減) (な)/ 生温い (生温い)/ 微温的 (な)/ 温い	Ikagen (ikagen) (na)/ Namanurui/ Bion-teki (na)/ Nukui
Emo-Neg	Luring	おびき寄せる	Obikiyoseru
Emo-Neg	Lying	嘘つき (の/ な)/ 不正直 (な)	Usotsuki (no/ na)/ Fushoujiki (na)
Emo-Neg	Macabre	不気味 (無気味/ ぶきみ) (な)/ 恐ろしい	Bukimi (na)/ Osoroshī
Emo-Neg	Malicious (evil; vicious)	悪意のある (邪悪 (な), 悪質 (な))	Akui no aru (jaaku (na), akushitsu (na))
Emo-Neg	Manipulating (manipulative)	操作 (する)/ 操ろ (操って) (操作的 (な))	Sōsa (suru)/ Ayatsuro (ayatsutte) (Sōsa-teki (na))
Emo-Neg	Materialistic (covetous)	物質的/ 物質主義的/ 唯物的/ 俗物的 (貪欲 (な)/ 欲深 (な))	Busshitsu teki/ Busshitsushi ~yugi-teki/ Yuibutsu-teki/ Zokubutsu-teki (Don'yoku (na)/ Yokubuka (na))
Emo-Neg	Mean (in opposite to nice)	意地悪 (な/ する) (素敵の反対)	Ijiwaru (na/ suru) (suteki no hantai)
Emo-Neg	Meaningless (insignificant; meaning nothing)	意味のない/ 無意味 (な)/ 無意義 (な)/ 由なき/ 意味ない/ 意味をなさない/ 仕様もない/ 実もない/ 空洞化 (する)/ 訳が分からない/ 訳の分からない (意味のない/ 零細 (な)/ 詰らない/ 下らない (くだらない); 意味がない)	Iminonai * (meaningless; no meaning)/ Muimi (na) * (nonsense; no meaning; meaningless)/ Muigi (na) * (meaningless; insignificance)/ Yoshinaki * (meaningless; senseless; absurd)/ Imi nai * (meaningless; pointless)/ Imiwonasanai * (not making sense; meaningless)/ Shiyōmonai * (stupid; meaningless; worthless; pointless; boring)/ Mimonai * (empty; meaningless; worthless)/ Kūdō-ka (suru) * (making hollow; making meaningless)/ Wakegawakaranai * (incomprehensible; nonsensical; puzzling; mysterious; meaningless)/ Wake no wakaranai * (incomprehensible; nonsensical; puzzling; mysterious; meaningless) (Iminonai/ Reisai (na) * (insignificant; trifling; paltry; cottage (industry); tiny (company))/ Najiranai * (insignificant; unimportant; trifling; trivial; worthless)/ Kudaranai * (trivial; trifling; insignificant; not worth bothering with; worthless; useless; good-for-nothing); Imiganai * (useless; no future in it; doesn't make sense; having no point))
Emo-Neg	Melancholic	憂鬱 (な)/ メランコリック (な)	Yūutsu (na)/ Merankorikku (na)
Emo-Neg	Melodramatic	メロドラマ的 (な)/ メロドラマティック (な)	Merodorama-teki (na)/ Merodoramachikku (na)

Emo-Neg	Merciless	無慈悲 (な)/ 情け容赦のない/ 残酷 (な)/ 無残 (な)/ 残忍 (な)/ 惨い/ 冷酷無惨 (冷酷無残) (な)	Mujihi (na)/ Nasake yōsha no nai/ Zankoku (na)/ Muzan (na)/ Zan'nin (na)/ Mugoi/ Reikokumuzan (na)
Emo-Neg	Mistakenly	間違えて	Machigaete
Emo-Neg	Misunderstood (not understood)	誤解されました/ 誤解された/ 誤解されている/ 勘違いされました/ 思い違いしている (理解されていない)	Gokai sa remashita/ Gokai sa reta/ Gokai sa rete iru/ Kanchigai sa remashita/ Omoichigai shite iru (Rikai sa rete inai)
Emo-Neg	Moody	不機嫌	Fukigen
Emo-Neg	Narcissistic	ナルシスト (な)/ 自己愛的 (な)/ 自己陶酔的 (な)	Narushisuto (na)/ Jiko ai-teki (na)/ Jiko tōsui-teki (na)
Emo-Neg	Narrow minded	心の狭い	Kokoronosemai
Emo-Neg	Nasty	汚い/ 嫌らしい/ 嫌 (いや)/ いけ好かない/ 意地悪 (な)/ 最低 (の/ な)/ 性格が悪い/ 性格悪い/ たちの悪い/ こっ酷い/ 意地悪い/ 汚らしい	Kitanai/ Iyarashī/ Iya/ Ikesukanai/ Ijiwaru (na)/ Saitei (no/ na)/ Seikaku ga warui/ Seikaku warui/ Tachinowarui * (of bad character; ill-natured; nasty; vicious; wicked; malignant)/ Koppidoi * ((really) terrible; awful; (very) nasty; (extremely) harsh; severe)/ Ijiwarui * (ill-natured; mean; nasty; sadistic; cruel; mean-spirited)/ Kegarawashī * (filthy; unfair; dirty; untouchable; disgusting; nasty; foul; odious; repulsive)
Emo-Neg	Nauseated	吐き気がする/ 胸が悪い/ 酔う/ ムカムカ (する)/ こみ上げる/ 胸が悪くなる	Hakike ga suru * (to feel nauseous)/ Mune ga warui * (sick; nauseated)/ You * (to get drunk; to become intoxicated/ to feel sick (e.g. in a vehicle); to become nauseated)/ Mukamuka (suru) * (feeling sick; feeling queasy; feeling nauseated)/ Komiageru * (to feel nauseated; to feel sick)/ Munegawarukunaru * (to feel sick; to be nauseated)
Emo-Neg	Nefarious	邪悪 (な)/ 不届き (な)	Jaaku (na) * (wicked; evil)/ Futodoki (na) * (outrageous; reprehensible; rude; insolent; nefarious)
Emo-Neg	Negative (ie. attitude, behaviour)	消極的 (に/ な)/ 否定的 (な)/ 陰性 (の)/ 消極 (の)/ 後ろ向き (の/ な)/ ネガ (な)/ ネガティブ (な)/ マイナス (な/ の)/ 負 (ふ) (の)	Shōgyokuteki (ni/ na)/ Hitei-teki (na)/ Insei (no)/ Shōkyoku (no)/ Ushiromuki (no/ na)/ Nega (na)/ Negatibu (na)/ Mainasu (na/ no)/ Fu (no)
Emo-Neg	Neglected	無視された (無視されました)/ 荒れた/ 荒れ果てる/ 放置された (放置されました)	Mushi sareta (mushi saremashita * (polite)) * (disregarding; ignoring; ignored)/ Areta * (wild; neglected; rough (e.g. skin))/ Arehateru * (to fall into ruin; to become dilapidated; to become run-down; to become desolate; to be badly neglected)/ Hōchi sareta (hōchi saremashita * (polite)) * (leaving as is; leaving alone; leaving to chance; neglecting; abandoning; abandoned; left behind)

Emo-Neg	Negligent (neglecting)	怠慢 (な) (ネグレクト (する/ な)/ 無視 (する/ な))	Taiman (na) * (adding 'na' to make the word an adjective changes the pronunciation slightly into taiman'na, placing more stress on the 'na part of the word) (negurekuto (na/ suru)/ mushi (suru/ na))
Emo-Neg	Not as expected (not as one likes; not as one wants; not as one hopes)	思い通りではない	Omoidōride wanai
Emo-Neg	Notorious	悪名高い/ 名うて (の)/ 名だたる/ ノートリアス (な)	Akumeidakai/ Naute (no)/ Nadataru/ Nōtoriasu (na)
Emo-Neg	Obfuscating	難読化 (する)	Nandoku-ka (suru)
Emo-Neg	Oblivious	忘れがち (忘れ勝ち/ わすれがち) (な/ の)/ 忘却 (する/ の)/ 忘却の彼方 (に)/ 忘れ/ 気付かない	Wasure-gachi (na/ no)/ Bōkyaku (suru/ no)/ Bōkyaku no kanata (ni)/ Wasure/ Kidzukanai
Emo-Neg	Obnoxious	不快 (な)/ 嫌 (いや) (な)	Fukai (na)/ Iya (na)
Emo-Neg	Obsessed (with) (crazy about)	取りつかれた (取り付かれる)/ 夢中 (な/ の/ に)/ 耽る/ 沼る/ 凝る	Toritsukareta (toritsukareru) * (to be possessed (by a spirit, demon, etc.)/ to be possessed (by an idea, delusion, etc.)/ to be obsessed (with))/ Muchū (na/ no/ ni) * (absorbed in; immersed in; crazy about; obsessed with; devoted to/ forgetting oneself; daze; trance; ecstasy; delirium)/ Fukeru * (to indulge in; to give oneself up to; to be obsessed by)/ Numaru * (to get hooked (on a video game, TV show, etc.)/ to become addicted (to); to become obsessed (with)/ to be in a slump; to struggle to make progress; to get stuck (e.g. at a certain rank))/ Koru * (means 'to become stiff (of muscles)', but can also mean 'to get absorbed in; to develop a passion for; to devote oneself to; to become obsessed with; to get hooked on')
Emo-Neg	Obsolete	廃止 (する)/ 廃れた/ 廃れる	Haishi (suru)/ Sutareta/ Sutareru
Emo-Neg	Ominous	不吉 (な)/ 不気味 (無気味) (な)	Fukitsu (na)/ Bukimi (na)
Emo-Neg	Opportunistic	日和見的 (な/ する)/ 日和見主義 (の)	Hiyorimi-teki (na/ suru)/ Hiyorimi shugi (no)
Emo-Neg	Opposed	反対 (する/ の/ な)/ 反発 (する)/ 反抗 (する)/ 対抗 (する)	Hantai (suru/ no/ na) * (opposition; resistance; antagonism; hostility; objection; dissent/ reverse; opposite; inverse; contrary)/ Hanpatsu (suru) * (opposition; rebellion; revolt; resistance; backlash; refusal/ rebounding; recoiling; repulsion)/ Hankō (suru) * (opposition; resistance; insubordination; defiance; hostility; rebellion)/ Taikō (suru) * (opposition; rivalry; competition; antagonism)

Emo-Neg	Out of control (uncontrolled)	制御不能 (な)/ 手がつけられない/ 手のつけられない/ 收拾がつかない (制御不能 (な)/ 制御できない/ 制御されない/ 抑えがたい/ 手に負えない/ 抑えきれない/ 收拾がつかなくなる/ 収まりがつかない)	Seigyo funō (na)/ Tegatsukerarenai/ Te no tsuke rarenai/ Shūshū ga tsukanai * (out of hand; uncontrollable; out of control; messy) (Seigyo funō (na)/ Seigyo dekinai/ Seigyo sa renai/ Osae gatai/ Tenioenai * (too much for one to handle; beyond one's capacity; unmanageable; uncontrollable; incorrigible; obstreperous)/ Osae kirenai/ Shūshū ga tsukanaku naru * (to get out of hand; to become uncontrollable; to boil over)/ Osamari ga tsukanai * (getting nowhere; becoming uncontrollable; getting out of hand; remaining unsatisfied))
Emo-Neg	Overbearing	横柄 (な)	Ōhei (na)
Emo-Neg	Overdone	やりすぎ (やり過ぎ/ 遣り過ぎ)	Yari-sugi
Emo-Neg	Over the top (overdone)	やりすぎ (やり過ぎ) (やりすぎ (やり過ぎ))	Yari-sugi (yari-sugi)
Emo-Neg	Overemotional	感情的すぎる	Kanjō-teki sugiru
Emo-Neg	Overreacted	過剰反応した	
Emo-Neg	Overly (overdone; exaggerated)	過度 (に/ の/ な)/ 余りに/ 過ぎる (すぎる)/ 過剰 (な) (やりすぎ (やり過ぎ/ 遣り過ぎ); 誇張 (する))	Kado (ni/ no/ na)/ Amari ni/ Sugiru * (to exceed; to surpass; to be above/ to be excessive; to be too much; to be too ...)/ Kajō (na) (Yari sugi; Kochō (suru))
Emo-Neg	Overpowering (overpowered)	圧倒的 (圧倒的)	Attōteki (attōteki)
Emo-Neg	Overprotective	過保護 (な)	Kahogo (na)
Emo-Neg	Overruling (overbearing)	支配 (する)/ 却下 (する)/ 圧倒 (する)/ 圧倒的 (な) (横柄 (な)/ 横暴 (な)/ 傲慢 (な)/ 威圧的 (な)/ 威圧 (する)/ 強引 (な))	Shihai (suru) * (domineering; controlling)/ Kyakka (suru) * (rejection; dismissal)/ Attō (suru) * (to overwhelm (e.g. an opponent); to overpower; to crush; to defeat completely/ to overwhelm (someone with emotion); to move; to impress; to fill with emotion/ to intimidate; to frighten; to threaten)/ Attōteki (na) * (overwhelming) (Ōhei (na) * (arrogant; haughty)/ Ōbō (na) * (violence; oppression; high-handedness; tyranny)/ Gōman (na) * (haughty; arrogant)/ latsu-teki (na) * (coercive; overbearing)/ latsu (suru) * (coercion; overpowering)/ Gōin (na) * (overbearing; coercive; pushy; forcible))
Emo-Neg	Oversensitive	過敏 (な)/ 敏感すぎる/ 過敏症 (な/ の)/ 神経過敏 (な/ の)/ 神経の細い/ 神経が細い/ 神経を尖らせる (神経をとがらせる/ しんけいをとがらせる)	Kabin (na)/ Binkan sugiru/ Kabin-shō (na/ no)/ Shinkei kabin (na/ no)/ Shinkei no hosoi/ Shinkei ga hosoi/ Shinkeiwotogaraseru
Emo-Neg	Overly sensitive	過度に敏感	Kado ni binkan

Emo-Neg	Overslept	朝寝坊した (朝寝坊 (する))/ 寝坊した (寝坊 (する))	Asanebō shita * (sleeping late in the morning; sleeping in; lie-in; oversleeping/ late riser; person who is bad at getting up in the morning) (asanebō (suru))/ Nebō shita * (sleeping in late; oversleeping/ late riser; sleepyhead) (nebō (suru))
Emo-Neg	Overwhelming	圧倒的	Attōteki
Emo-Neg	Overzealous	熱心すぎる	Nesshin sugiru
Emo-Neg	Painful	痛い/ 苦しい/ 辛い (つらい)/ 心苦しい/ 切ない/ 涙ぐましい	Itai * (painful; sore)/ Kurushī * (painful; difficult; tough; hard/ distressing; (psychologically) difficult; stressful; awkward (e.g. position)/ straitened (circumstances); tight (financial situation); needy; struggling/ strained (interpretation, explanation, etc.); lame (e.g. excuse); forced (e.g. smile); far-fetched/ hard to do; unpleasant)/ Tsurai * (painful; bitter; heart- breaking; difficult (emotionally)/ tough; difficult; hard (usu. of situations))/ Kokorogurushī * (painful; being sorry; feeling sorry)/ Setsunai * (painful; heartrending; trying/ oppressive; suffocating; miserable)/ Namidagumashī * (touching; moving; painful)
Emo-Neg	Paranoid	パラノイア (の/ な)	Paranoia (no/ na)
Emo-Neg	Passive	消極的 (に/ な)/ 受け身 (受身) (な/ の)/ 受動的 (に/ な)/ 他動的 (に/ な)	Shōgyokuteki (ni/ na)/ Ukemi (na/ no)/ Judō- teki (ni/ na)/ Tadōteki (ni/ na)
Emo-Neg	Pessimistic	悲観的 (に/ な)/ 消極的 (に/ な)/ 後ろ向き (な/ の)/ 陰性 (の)/ ペシミスティック (に/ な)/ 鬱々 (鬱鬱/ 鬱々/ 鬱鬱) (たる/ と)	Hikan-teki (ni/ na)/ Shōgyokuteki (ni/ na)/ Ushiromuki (na/ no)/ Insei (no)/ Peshimisutikku (ni/ na)/ Utsuutsu (taru/ to)
Emo-Neg	Picky (finicky)	うるさい (煩い)/ 気難しい (うるさい (煩い))	Urusai * (means 'noisy; loud', but can also mean 'fussy; finicky; picky; particular; nagging; fastidious; bossy/ annoying; troublesome; tiresome; persistent; importunate')/ Kimuzukashī * (hard to please; difficult; particular; fussy; choosy; picky; fastidious/ bad- tempered; in a bad mood; displeased; sullen; crabby; cranky; grumpy) (urusai)
Emo-Neg	Plump	ふっくら (と)/ ふっくり (と)	Fukkura (to)/ Fukkuri (to)
Emo-Neg	Poisoned	毒を盛られた/ 毒入り (の)	Doku o morareta/ Doku-iri (no)
Emo-Neg	Poisonous	有毒 (な/ の)/ 毒 (な/ の)	Yūdoku (na/ no)/ Doku (na/ no)
Emo-Neg	Pontificating	教皇化	Kyōkō-ka

Emo-Neg	Possessed	憑依 (する)/ 取りつかれた (取り付かれる)/ 魔が差す/ 憑かれる/ 神懸かる/ 備わる	Hyōi (suru) * (possession (by a spirit, demon, etc.)/ dependence (on)/ spirit possession)/ Toritsukareta (toritsukareru) * (to be possessed (by a spirit, demon, etc.)/ to be possessed (by an idea, delusion, etc.); to be obsessed (with))/ Magasasu * (to be possessed by an evil spirit; to be tempted; to give in to an urge; to succumb to temptation)/ Tsukareru * (possessed)/ Kamigakaru * (to be possessed by a god/ to not act like oneself; to behave oddly/ to be awesome; to be extreme; to be incredible)/ Sonawaru * (to be possessed of; to be endowed with; to be gifted with)
Emo-Neg	Predominant	優勢 (な)	Yūsei (na)
Emo-Neg	Prejudiced	偏見のある	Henken no aru
Emo-Neg	Presumptuous (impertinent; shameless)	おこがましい (烏滸がましい)/ 痴がましい/ 厚がましい/ 自信過剰 (な)/ 僭越 (僭越) (な)/ 無遠慮 (な)	Okogamashī/ Atsukamashī/ Jishin kajō (na)/ Sen'etsu (na)/ Mu enryo (na)
Emo-Neg	Pretentious (pretentiously)	大げさ (な) (見栄っ張りに/ 気取って)	Ōgesa (na) (Mieppari ni/ Kidotte)
Emo-Neg	Prohibited	禁断 (する/ の)/ 禁止 (する)/ ご法度	Kindan (suru/ no)/ Kinshi (suru)/ Gohatto
Emo-Neg	Proud (haughty; arrogant)	誇らしい/ 傲慢 (な)/ 高慢 (な)/ 傲然 (たる/ と)/ 高ぶる	Hokorashī/ Gōman (na)/ Kōman (na)/ Gōzen (taru/ to)/ Takaburu * (to be proud; to be haughty; to be pompous; to be self-important)
Emo-Neg	Proud (Lordly)	誇り高い/ 誇り高き/ 得意げ (な)	Hokori takai/ Hokori takaki/ Tokuige (na)
Emo-Neg	Proud/ Proudly (triumphant; boastful; proud)	誇らしげ (に/ な)/ 鼻が高い/ 鼻高々 (鼻高高) (な)/ 得々 (得得) (と/ たる)/ 誇らしい/ 得意げ (な) (誇らし気) (誇りに思っ)	Hokorashige (ni/ na) * (proud; triumphant; boastful)/ Hanagataikai * (means 'proud', but can also mean 'having a prominent nose')/ Hanatakadaka (na) * (proud; triumphant; boastful; self-satisfied)/ Tokutoku (to/ taru) * (triumphantly; proudly)/ Hokorashī * (proud; haughty; arrogant)/ Tokuige (na) * (proud; elated) (hokori ni omotte)
Emo-Neg	Provocative (inflammatory)	挑発的 (に/ な)	Chōhatsu-teki (ni/ na)
Emo-Neg	Punishable	罰せられる	Basse rareru
Emo-Neg	Pushy	強引	Gōin
Emo-Neg	Pushy (obtrusive)	押しが強い/ 強引 (な)/ 押しの強い/ 押し付けがましい/ オラオラ (な/ する)/ 出しゃばる (悪目立ち (する)/ 出すぎる (出過ぎる/ ですぎる)/ (目障り) (な))	Oshi ga tsuyoi/ Gōin (na)/ Oshi no tsuyoi/ Oshitsukegamashī/ Oraora (na/ suru)/ Deshabaru (Waru medachi (suru)/ De sugiru/ Mezawari (na))
Emo-Neg	Quickly offended	すぐに腹を立てる/ すぐに腹が立つ/ すぐに怒る	Sugu ni harawotateru/ Sugu ni haragatatsu/ Sugu ni okoru

Emo-Neg	Quickly upset (quickly angry)	すぐに動揺 (する)/ すぐに取り乱す/ すぐにイライラ (する) (すぐに怒る)	Sugu ni dōyō (suru)/ Sugu ni torimidasu/ Sugu ni iraira (suru) (sugu ni okoru)
Emo-Neg	Quirky (Wayward)	風変わり (な)/ 癖のある/ 奇妙 (な) (気まぐれ (な)/ 我儘 (わがまま) (な)/ 理不尽 (な))	Fūgawari (na)/ Kusenoaru/ Kimyō (na) (Kimagure (na)/ Wagamama (na)/ Rifujin (na))
Emo-Neg	Rabid	狂気 (の)	Kyōki (no)
Emo-Neg	Ravenous	貪欲 (な)	Don'yoku (na)
Emo-Neg	Rebellious (defiant)	反抗的 (に/ な)	Hankō-teki (ni/ na)
Emo-Neg	Recalcitrant	反抗的	Hankō-teki
Emo-Neg	Recklessly (reckless)	無謀に (無謀に)	Mubō ni (mubō ni)
Emo-Neg	Redundant (duplicate; overlapping)	重複 (する)/ 蛇足 (の/ な)	Jūfuku (suru)/ Dasoku (no/ na) * (redundancy; superfluity; useless addition)
Emo-Neg	Redundant (tedious, lengthy)	冗長 (的) (な)/ 冗長性 (な)/ 余剰 (的) (な)	Jōchō (teki) (na) * (tedious; verbose; wordy; lengthy; longwinded; prolix/ redundancy)/ Jōchō-sei (na) * (redundancy; redundant)/ Yojō (teki) (na) * (surplus; remainder; residue; margin; balance)
Emo-Neg	Refractory	耐火物	Taika-mono
Emo-Neg	Refused	拒否した	Kyohi shita
Emo-Neg	Regrettable (regrettably)	残念 (な)/ 惜しい/ 遺憾 (な)/ 気の毒 (な)/ 心外 (な)/ 嘆かわしい/ 悔しい/ 残り惜しい/ 遺憾千万 (な)/ 惜しむべき/ 念無し (く)/ 口惜しい/ 遺憾にたえない/ 痛恨の極み/ 心外千万 (な) (残念ながら)	Zan'nen (na) * (regrettable; unfortunate; disappointing; vexing/ regret (emotion)/ becomes 'zan'nen'na')/ Oshī * (regrettable; disappointing; unfortunate)/ Ikan (na) * (regrettable; unsatisfactory; deplorable; lamentable)/ Kinodoku (na) * (unpardonable; regrettable/ pitiful; unfortunate; poor; miserable; wretched)/ Shingai (na) * (regrettable; vexing; upsetting/ unthinkable; wholly unexpected)/ Nagekawashī * (lamentable; deplorable; regrettable; sad; wretched)/ Kuyashī * (frustrated (over a failure, humiliation or injustice); annoyed; chagrined; (bitterly) disappointed; bitter; vexed; frustrating; annoying; regrettable)/ Nokorioshī * (regrettable; reluctant)/ Ikansenban (na) * (highly regrettable; utterly deplorable)/ Oshimubeki * (lamentable; regrettable)/ Nen-nashi (ku) * (regrettable)/ Kuchioshī * (frustrated (over a failure, humiliation or injustice); annoyed; chagrined; (bitterly) disappointed; bitter; vexed; frustrating; annoying; regrettable/ dated term)/ Ikan ni taenai * (deeply regrettable)/ Tsūkon no kiwami * (extreme regret; extreme sorrow; height of bitterness)/ Shingaisenban (na) * (being totally upset (by); being completely nonplussed (by); being mortified (at); feeling aggrieved (at); finding (it) highly regrettable) / Zan'nen'negara *

Emo-Neg	Rejected (not accepted)	拒否されました (受け入れられませんでした)	Kyohi sa remashita (ukeire raremasendeshita)
Emo-Neg	Rejected (turned down)	拒否されました/ 辞退した/ 拒まれました/ 退けました/ 否まれました (断られました)	Kyohi sa remashita/ Jitai shita * (declining; refusal; nonacceptance; turning down; withdrawal (e.g. of candidacy); pulling out (e.g. of a race); excusing oneself)/ Kobama remashita/ Shirizokemashita/ Inama remashita (Kotowara remashita)
Emo-Neg	Relentless	容赦ない/ 冷酷 (な)/ 厳しい/ 執拗 (な)	Yōshanai * (relentless; unrelenting; merciless)/ Reikoku (na) * (cruelty; coldheartedness; relentless; ruthless)/ Kibishī * (severe; strict; rigid; unsparing; relentless)/ Shitsuyō (na) * (persistent; obstinate; tenacious; relentless; insistent; importunate; persevering; stubborn)
Emo-Neg	Reluctant (to) (not inclined to)	気が進まない/ 渋る	Kigasusumanai/ Shiburu * (to be reluctant (to do); to be unwilling (to do); to hesitate (to do); to grudge; to be tardy (in doing); to put off (doing)/ to falter; to slacken; to slow down)
Emo-Neg	Resentful	憤慨 (する)	Fungai (suru)
Emo-Neg	Restlessly (aimlessly)	落ち着きなく (あてもなく)/ うろうろ (ウロウロ) (する/ と)/ そわそわ (ソワソワ) (する/ と)/ せかせか (する/ と)/ こせこせ (する/ と)	Ochitsuki naku (ate mo naku)/ Urōro (suru/ to)/ Sowasowa (suru/ to)/ Sekaseka (suru/ to)/ Kosekose (suru/ to)
Emo-Neg	Retarded	遅れた	Okureta
Emo-Neg	Rigid	硬い (堅い)/ 厳しい/ 厳重 (な)/ 厳格 (な)	Katai * (strong; firm (not viscous or easily moved); rigid)/ Kibishī * (severe; strict; rigid; unsparing; relentless)/ Genjū (na) * (strict; severe; stringent; rigorous; rigid; firm; strong; secure)/ Genkaku (na) * (strict; severe; stern; rigid; rigorous; tough)
Emo-Neg	Rude	失礼 (する/ な)	Shitsurei (suru/ na) * (discourtesy; impoliteness/ to be rude)
Emo-Neg	Sadistic	嗜虐的 (な)/ 加虐的 (な)/ 意地悪い/ 残酷 (な)/ サディスティック (な)/ サディスト的 (な)	Shigyaku-teki (na)/ Kagyakuteki (na)/ Ijiwarui/ Zankoku (na)/ Sadisutikku (na)/ Sadisuto-teki (na)

Emo-Neg	Sarcastic (ironic; cynic)	皮肉 (な/ の)/ 口の悪い/ 口が悪い/ 冷笑的 (な)/ 風刺的 (な)/ 嫌みったらしい/ 嫌みたらしい/ 苦笑 (する) (皮肉 (な/ の); 皮肉 (な/ の))	Hiniku (na/ no)/ Kuchi no warui * (sarcastic; foulmouthed; having a sharp tongue; having a sharp nasty tongue)/ Kuchigawarui * (sarcastic; having a sharp tongue; having a sharp nasty tongue)/ Reishō-teki (na) * (sarcastic; derisive)/ Fūshi-teki (na) * (satirical; sarcastic; ironic)/ Iyami ttarashī * (disagreeable; unpleasant; nasty; detestable; sarcastic; snide)/ Iyamitarashī * (disagreeable; unpleasant; nasty; detestable; sarcastic; snide)/ Kushō (suru) * (bitter smile; wry smile; strained laugh; sarcastic laugh) (hiniku (na/ no); hiniku (na/ no))
Emo-Neg	Scared	怖がった	Kowagatta
Emo-Neg	Self-centered (self centered)	自己中心的 (な) (自己中心的 (な))	Jiko chūshin teki (na)
Emo-Neg	Selfish (egoist)	我儘 (な)/ 身勝手 (な)/ 利己的 (な)/ 勝手 (な)/ 打算的 (な)/ 我の強い/ 自分勝手 (な)/ 虫がいい (虫が良い)/ 虫のいい (虫のよい)/ 乱り (な)/ 自己中心的 (な)/ 我利我利 (と)/ 気まま (な)/ 恣 (な)/ セルフイッシュ (な)	Wagamama (na)/ Migatte (na)/ Riko-teki (na)/ Katte (na)/ Dasan-teki (na)/ Ganotsuyoi/ Jibunkatte (na)/ Mushi ga ī (mushi ga yoi)/ mushinoī (mushi no yoi)/ Mida (ranri) (na)/ Jiko chūshin-teki (na)/ Garigari (to)/ Kimama (na)/ Hoshīmama (na) * (very long kanji pronunciation)/ Serufisshu (na)
Emo-Neg	Shaken	揺られました/ 揺れた	Yuraremashita * (was shaken; polite)/ Yureta * (shook)
Emo-Neg	Shocked (disturbed; horrified)	ショックを受けた/ 愕然 ((と) する/ たる)/ 呆れる/ ドッキリ ((と) する)/ 驚倒 (する)/ トラウマる/ ビビる/ オタオタ ((と) する)/ 衝撃 (の/ する) (動揺した; 恐怖した)	Shokku o uketa/ Gakuzen ((to) suru/ taru)/ Akireru/ Dokkiri ((to) suru)/ Kyōtō (suru)/ Toraumaru * (to be traumatized; to be shocked; slang)/ Bibiru/ Otaota ((to) suru) * (flustered; flurried; (shocked) speechless)/ Shōgeki (no/ suru) (Dōyō shita; Kyōfu shita)
Emo-Neg	Shocking	衝撃的 (な/ の)/ ショッキング (な)	Shōgeki-teki (na/ no)/ Shokkingu (na)
Emo-Neg	Short-sighted	浅はか (な)/ 単眼的 (な)/ 視野の狭い/ 短絡的 (な)/ 近視眼的 (な)/ 近視 (的) (の/ な)/ 近眼 (な/ の)/ 目先のことしか見えない/ 目先のことばかり考える/ 先見の明のない	Asahaka (na) * (shallow; superficial; thoughtless; short-sighted; foolish; silly)/ Tangan-teki (na) * (narrow-minded; short- sighted)/ Shiyanosemai * (shortsighted; narrow- minded)/ Tanraku-teki (na) * (simplistic (thinking, idea, etc.); hasty)/ Kinshigan-teki (na) * (myopic; short-sighted)/ Kinshi (teki) (no/ na) * (myopia; shortsightedness; nearsightedness)/ Kingan (na/ no) * (nearsightedness; shortsightedness; myopia)/ Mesaki no koto shika mienai * (myopic; near-sighted; short- sighted)/ Mesaki no koto bakari kangaeru * (myopic; near-sighted; short-sighted)/ Senken no mei no nai * (improvident; myopic; near- sighted; short-sighted)

Emo-Neg	Silly	馬鹿 (な)/ 愚か (な)/ 馬鹿らしい/ 他愛ない/ 滑稽 (な)/ 馬鹿馬鹿しい/ 詰らない/ 下らない/ 他愛もない/ 他愛のない/ 浅はか (な)/ 愚蠢 (な)/ 益体もない/ 埒もない/ 馬鹿っぽい/ ちゃんちゃら可らしい/ 下らん/ 下らぬ	Baka (na)/ Oroka (na)/ Bakarashī/ Taainai/ Kokkei (na)/ Bakabakashī/ Najiranai/ Kudaranai/ Taaimonai/ Taai no nai/ Asahaka (na)/ Gushun (na)/ Yakutaimonai/ Rachimonai/ Baka ppoi/ Chancha-ra okashī/ Shimo ran/ Kudaranu
Emo-Neg	Sinister	不吉 (な)/ 禍々しい/ 陰険 (な)/ 邪悪 (な)/ 縁起の悪い	Fukitsu (na) * (ominous; sinister; unlucky; inauspicious)/ Magamagashī * (ominous; sinister; unlucky; ill-omened)/ Inken (na) * (crafty; tricky; sly; wily; treacherous; underhand/ sinister (look))/ Jaaku (na) * (wicked; evil)/ Enginowarui * (ominous; ill- omened; inauspicious; unlucky; sinister)
Emo-Neg	Sloppy (negligent)	ずぼら (ズボラ)	Zubora
Emo-Neg	Sluggish	鈍い/ 怠い/ 遅い/ 緩慢 (な)/ 低調 (な)/ 重い	Nibui/ Darui/ Osoi/ Kanman (na)/ Teichō (na)/ Omoi
Emo-Neg	Speechless	啞然 (たる/ と)/ オタオタ (おたおた) (と/ する)/ 無言 (的) (な/ の)	Azen (taru/ to) * (dumbfounded; speechless; flabbergasted; struck dumb with astonishment)/ Otaota (to/ suru) * (flustered; flurried; (shocked) speechless)/ Mugon (teki) (na/ no) * (silence (not speaking); muteness)
Emo-Neg	Near speechless	ほぼ無言/ ほとんど無言/ ほとんど静か/ ほぼ静か	Hobo mugon/ Hotondo mugon/ Hotondo shizuka/ Hobo shizuka
Emo-Neg	Spellbound	スペルバウンド	Superubaundo
Emo-Neg	Spoiled	甘やかされて育った/ 甘やかしました	Amayakasa rete sodatta/ Amayakasemashita * (to pamper; to spoil)
Emo-Neg	Spoilt	甘やかされて育った/ 壊せました/ 腐れました	Amayakasa rete sodatta/ Kowasemashita * (to break; to destroy; to demolish/ to wreck; to ruin; to spoil; to damage)/ Kusare mashita * (to rot; to go bad; to decay; to spoil; to fester; to decompose; to turn sour (e.g. milk))
Emo-Neg	Spooky	不気味 (な)	Bukimi (na)
Emo-Neg	Squandered	浪費した	Rōhi shita * (waste; extravagance)
Emo-Neg	Stale (old, not fresh)	古い (古い、新鮮ではない)	Furui (furui, shinsende wa nai)
Emo-Neg	Stiff	硬い	Katai
Emo-Neg	Stressful (tense)	苦しい (くるしい)/ ストレスがたまる (緊張 (する))	Kurushī/ Sutoresu ga tamaru (Kinchō (suru))

Emo-Neg	Stunned (dumbfounded)	唖然とした/ 唖然 (あぜん) (とする/ たる/ する)/ びっくり仰天 (吃驚仰天) (する)/ 動転 (する)/ 肝をつぶす (肝を潰す/ きもをつぶす)/ 喪神 (喪心/ そうしん) (する)/ 呆れ返る/ 目が点になる (目がテンになる/ めがてんになる)/ 驚きました (驚く)/ 驚いた (驚く) (唖然とした/ 閉口 (する/ な)/ 呆然 (とする/ たる/ する)/ 呆気 (に/ の)/ 口あんぐり/ あれよあれよ/ 茫然自失 (する/ の))	Azento shita/ Azen (azen) (to suru/ taru/ suru)/ Bikkuri gyōten (suru)/ Dōten (suru)/ Kimo o tsubusu * (to be flabbergasted; to be amazed; to be astounded; to be stunned)/ Sōshin (suru) * (absent-mindedness; stupor; stupefaction; abstraction; being stunned)/ Akirekaeru * (to be utterly amazed; to be stunned; to be disgusted)/ Megaten'ninaru (megaten ni naru/ me ga ten ni naru) * (to be stunned; to be surprised; one's eyes turn into dots (as in a cartoon))/ Odorokimashita (odoroku)/ Odoroita (odoroku) (Azento shita/ Heikō (suru/ na)/ Bōzen (to suru/ taru/ suru)/ Akke (ni/ no)/ Kuchi anguri/ Areyoareyo/ Bōzen jishitsu (suru/ no))
Emo-Neg	Stupefied	呆然とする	Bōzento suru
Emo-Neg	Subdual	サブデュアル (の)	Sabude~yuaru (no)
Emo-Neg	Submissive	従順 (な/ で)/ 順 (じゅん/ ずん) (な)/ 素直 (な)/ 諾々 (諾諾/ だくだく) (たる/ と)/ 唯々諾々 (唯唯諾諾/ いいだくだく) (たる/ と)/ 唯々 (唯唯/ いい) (たる/ と)/ 大人しく/ 唯々諾々として (唯唯諾諾として/ いいだくだくとして)	Jūjun (na/ de)/ (Jun/ Zun) (na)/ Sunao (na)/ Dakudaku (taru/ to)/ Ii dakudaku (taru/ to)/ Ii (taru/ to)/ Otonashiku/ Ii dakudaku to shite
Emo-Neg	Suddenly (unexpected)	突然 (に/ な/ の)/ 突如 (と/ たる)/ 突如として/ 行き成り (いきなり) (の)/ 不意に/ 急に/ 忽ち/ 俄然	Totsuzen (ni/ na/ no)/ Totsujo (to/ taru)/ Totsujotoshite/ Ikinari (no)/ Fui ni/ Kyū ni/ Tachimachi/ Gazen
Emo-Neg	Suggestive	挑発的 (な)/ 際どい (際疾い/ きわどい)/ 思わせぶり (思わせ振り/ おもわせぶり)	Chōhatsu-teki (na) * (suggestive as in lascivious; risqué)/ Kiwadoi * (suggestive as in questionable, obscene)/ Omowaseburi * (suggestive as in significant, meaningful)
Emo-Neg	Superfluous	余計 (な)	Yokei (na)
Emo-Neg	Surly	無愛想 (な)/ 冷ややか (な)	Buaisō (na) * (unsociable; unfriendly; blunt; surly; curt; cold; brusque)/ Hiyayaka (na) * (cold (attitude, stare, etc.); frigid; indifferent; distant; surly; curt/ cold; chilly; cool/ composed; cool; calm)
Emo-Neg	Suspicious	怪しい/ 疑わしい/ 不審 (に/ な)/ 怪しげ (な)	Ayashī/ Utagawashī/ Fushin (ni/ na)/ Ayashige (na)
Emo-Neg	Tattered	ボロボロ (の/ な)	Boroboro (no/ na)
Emo-Neg	Terrible (very bad; dreadful)	酷い/ 惨い/ 恐ろしい	Hidoi/ Mugoi/ Osoroshī

Emo-Neg	Terrified (horrified; very afraid)	恐ろしい/ 怖い/ 恐れて (恐れる)/ 大いに恐れて/ 慄然 (たる/ と)/ 慄然 (たる/ と)/ 恟々 (恟恟/ きょうきょう) (たる/ と)/ 恟然 (たる/ と)/ 肝を冷やす (きもを冷やす/ きもをひやす) (恐ろしい; 仰天 (する); ぞっと (ゾット)/ 怖気立つ/ 怖気を振るう; 非常に怖い ((の) です)/; とてもこわがっている (とても怖がっている); とても恐い; 大変恐れている; とても怖い)	Osoroshī/ Kowai/ Osorete (Osoreru)/ Ōini osorete/ Ritsuzen (taru/ to)/ Shōzen (taru/ to)/ Kyōkyō (taru/ to)/ Kyōzen (taru/ to)/ Kimowohiyasu (Osoroshī; Gyōten (suru); Zotto/ Ojikedatsu/ Ojike o furū; Hijō ni kowai ((no)desu); Totemo kowagatte iru; Totemo kowai; Taihen osorete iru; Totemo kowai)
Emo-Neg	Terrifying (horrifying)	恐ろしい (恐ろしい)	Osoroshī (osoroshī)
Emo-Neg	Thoughtless	軽率 (な/ 軽はずみ (な)/ そそかしい/ 心無い/ 軽々しい (軽軽しい)/ 滅多 (な)/ 浅はか (な)/ 不見識 (な)	Keisotsu (na/ Karuhazumi (na)/ Sosokkashī/ Kokoronai/ Karugarushī / Metta (na)/ Asahaka (na)/ Fukenshiki (na)
Emo-Neg	Thoughtlessly (thoughtless)	考えなしに (考えなしに)	Kangae nashi ni (kangae nashi ni)
Emo-Neg	Thwarted	阻止された	Soshi saretā
Emo-Neg	Timid	弱気 (な/ の)/ 臆病 (な)/ 内気 (な)/ 気弱 (な)/ 気の弱い/ 気が小さい/ 気の小さい/ 小心翼翼 (小心翼翼)	Yowaki (na/ no)/ Okubyō (na)/ Uchiki (na)/ Kiyowa (na)/ Ki no yowai/ Kigachīnai/ Ki no chīnai/ Shōshin'yokuyoku
Emo-Neg	Tipsy	ほろ酔い	Horoyoi
Emo-Neg	Tiring	疲れる	Tsukareru
Emo-Neg	Torn	破れた	Yabureta
Emo-Neg	Toxic	毒 (の/ な)/ 毒的 (な)/ 有害 (な)	Doku (no/ na)/ Doku-teki (na)/ Yūgai (na)
Emo-Neg	Transgressive	違反行為	Ihan kōi
Emo-Neg	Twisted	ツイスト (的) (な)/ 捩れる/ 根性悪 (な)	Tsuisuto (teki) (na) * (twist/ twist (dance)/ twist (movement); spin)/ Nejireru * (to get twisted; to get crooked; to get warped/ to become twisted (of a mind, relationship, etc.); to become warped; to become perverse; to become contrary/ to become troubled; to become complicated; to become strained)/ Konjō aku (na) * (ill-natured; twisted/ ill-natured person; twisted person)
Emo-Neg	Unabashed	臆面もない/ 臆面もなく/ 恥ずかしがることなく (恥ずかしがる事無く)/ あからさま (明白/ 儼然/ 白地) (な/ の)/ 恥ずかしげもなく	Okumenmonai/ Okumenmonaku/ Hazukashi garu koto naku/ Akarasama (na/ no)/ Hazukashi-ge mo naku
Emo-Neg	Unappreciated	評価されていない	Hyōka sarete inai
Emo-Neg	Unattractive	魅力的ではない	Miriyokuteki dewanai
Emo-Neg	Unaware (unnoticeable)	気づかない (気づかない)	Kidzukanai (kidzukanai)
Emo-Neg	Unbearable	耐えられない	Taerarenai

Emo-Neg	Unbelievable (hard to believe)	あり得ないほど (有り得ない程)/ 信じがたい/ 信じられない/ アンビリーバブル (な)/ インクレディブル (の/ な)	Arienaihodo/ Shinji gatai/ Shinjirarenai/ Anbiribaburu (na)/ Inkurediburu (no/ na)
Emo-Neg	Uncared (untended)	ケアされていない (手入れされていない)	Kea sa rete inai (teire sa rete inai)
Emo-Neg	Unclear	不明/ 不明瞭	Fumei/ Fumeiryō
Emo-Neg	Uncomfortable (uneasy; not at ease; nervous)	不快 (不安; 落ち着かない; 神経質)	Fukai (fuan; ochitsukanai; shinkeishitsu)
Emo-Neg	Unconfirmed (undetermined; uncertain)	未確定 (の)/ 未確認 (の)	Mi kakutei (no)/ Mi kakunin (no)
Emo-Neg	Unconvincing	説得力がない/ 納得できない	Settoku-ryoku ga nai/ Nattoku dekinai
Emo-Neg	Undecided	未定 (の/ な)	Mitei (no/na)
Emo-Neg	Underprivileged	恵まれない	Megumarenai
Emo-Neg	Undervalued	過小評価されている	Kashō hyōka sarete iru
Emo-Neg	Uneducated	無教育 (な)	Mu kyōiku (na)
Emo-Neg	Unethical	非倫理的 (な)/ 非道德的 (な)/ 道義に反する	Hi rinri-teki (na)/ Hi dōtokuteki (na) * (immoral; unethical)/ Dōgi ni hansuru
Emo-Neg	Unexpected (unplanned)	予定外 (の/ な)/ 真逆 (の)/ 皮肉 (な/ の)	Yotei-gai (no/ na)/ Magyaku (no)/ Hiniku (na/ no) * (unexpected; different from what one expected; not as one had planned)
Emo-Neg	Unfair	不公平 (な)/ 卑怯 (な)/ 汚らしい (穢らしい/ けがらわしい)/ 不当 (な)/ 姑息 (な)/ アンフェア (な)/ 狡い (ずるい/ こすい)/ 不正 (な/ の)	Fukōhei (na)/ Hikyō (na)/ Kegarawashī/ Futō (na)/ Kosoku (na)/ Anfea (na)/ Kosui (zurui/ kosui)/ Fusei (na/ no)
Emo-Neg	Unfavourably (insultingly)	悪し様に (悪しざまに)	Ashizamani
Emo-Neg	Unforgiving (unpardoned)	容赦ない (容赦がない)/ 許しません/ 厳しい/ 器の小さい/ 器が小さい (容赦ない)	Yōshanai (yōsha ga nai) * (relentless; unrelenting; merciless)/ Yurushimasen * (to not forgive; to not pardon; to not excuse; to not tolerate)/ Kibishī * (severe; strict; rigid; unsparing; relentless)/ Utsuwa no chīsai * (intolerant; small-minded; inflexible; unforgiving; unyielding; ungenerous; small)/ Utsuwa ga chīsai * (intolerant; small-minded; inflexible; unforgiving; unyielding; ungenerous; small) (yōshanai)
Emo-Neg	Unfortunately	不運にも	Fuun ni mo
Emo-Neg	Unfriendly	不親切 (な)	Fushinsetsu (na)
Emo-Neg	Ungrateful	恩知らず (の/ な)/ 感謝知らず (の)	Onshirazu (no/ na) * (ungrateful)/ Kansha-shirazu (no) * (ungrateful; unappreciative)
Emo-Neg	Unhappy	不幸	Fukō
Emo-Neg	Unhealthy	不健康	Fu kenkō
Emo-Neg	Uninterested	興味がない/ 興味がありません	Kyōmi ga nai/ Kyōmi ga arimasen

Emo-Neg	Unlucky	不運 (な)/ 運の悪い/ 運が悪い/ 運がない (運が無い/ うんがない)/ 不吉 (な)/ 縁起でもない/ アンラッキー (な)	Fuun (na)/ Un'nowarui/ Ungawarui/ Un ga nai/ Fukitsu (na)/ Engidemonai/ Anrakki (na)
Emo-Neg	Unnecessary (superfluous)	不要 (な/ の)/ 不必要 (な) (余計 (な))	Fuyō (na/ no)/ Fuhitsuyō (na) (Yokei (na))
Emo-Neg	Unnerving	不安になる	Fuan ni naru * (to become anxious; to feel anxious)
Emo-Neg	Unorganized (disorderly; messy)	整理されていない/ 未組織/ 雑多 (な/ の) (無秩序 (な); 乱雑 (な))	Seiri sarete inai/ Mi soshiki/ Zatta (na/ no) (muchitsujo (na); ranzatsu (na))
Emo-Neg	Unpleasant	不快 (な)/ 気持ち悪い/ 気持ちが悪い/ 嫌らしい/ 不愉快 (な)/ 嫌 (いや) (な)/ 忌まわしい/ 苦々しい/ 気まずい/ 不味い/ 気味悪い/ いけ好かない/ 苦しい/ 難しい/ 気障り (な)/ 疎ましい/ 嫌みったらしい/ 嫌みたらしい	Fukai (na) * (can mean 'displeasure; discomfort; unpleasantness', but can also mean 'indisposition; ailment')/ Kimochi warui/ Kimochigawarui/ Iyarashi/ Fuyukai (na)/ Iya (na)/ Imawashi * (abhorrent; abominable; detestable; disgusting; horrid; repugnant)/ Niganigashi * (unpleasant; disgusting; loathsome; shameful; scandalous)/ Kimazui/ Mazui * (bad (taste); unpalatable; unsavoury; unsavory; awful; terrible; unpleasant)/ Kimiwarui * (unpleasant; uncomfortable; creepy; spooky)/ Ikesukanai * (nasty; disgusting; detestable; unpleasant; disagreeable; creepy)/ Kurushi * (painful; difficult; tough; hard/ distressing; (psychologically) difficult; stressful; awkward (e.g. position)/ straitened (circumstances); tight (financial situation); needy; struggling/ hard to do; unpleasant)/ Muzukashi * (difficult; hard; troublesome; complicated; serious (disease, problem, etc.)/ gloomy; glum; sullen; serious (look)/ dirty; unclean; filthy; detestable/ unpleasant; uncomfortable; creepy; spooky)/ Kizawari (na) * (disagreeable; unpleasant; off-putting; disconcerting)/ Utomashi * (disagreeable; unpleasant; adverse; unsympathetic)/ Iyamittarashi * (disagreeable; unpleasant; nasty; detestable; sarcastic; snide)/ Iyamarashi * (disagreeable; unpleasant; nasty; detestable;
Emo-Neg	Unsettled	不安定/ 流動的 (な) / 物騒 (な)/ 不順 (な)	Fuantei * (instability; insecurity; crankiness)/ Ryūdōteki (na)/ Bussō (na)/ Fujun (na)
Emo-Neg	Unsuited	不向き (な)	Fumuki (na)
Emo-Neg	Untimely	時期尚早 (な/ の/ に)	Jiki shōsō (na/ no/ ni)
Emo-Neg	Unwilling	気が進まない	Kigasusumanai

Emo-Neg	Upset (irritated)	動揺 (する)/ 番狂わせ (の)/ 混乱 (する)/ 不調 (の/ な)/ 取り乱す (取乱す/ とりみだす)/ 動転 (する)/ 気が動転 (する) (イライラ (いらいら/ 苛々/ 苛苛/ 刺刺/ 刺々) (する/ と/ な)/ 憤ろしい/ 歯がゆい/ むしゃくしゃ (ムシャクシャ)/ 苛立たしげ (苛立たし気/ いらだたしげ)/ 苛立つ/ もどかしい/ むかつく)	Dōyō (suru)/ Bankuruwase (no) * (unexpected result; upset; surprise)/ Konran (suru) * (disorder; chaos; confusion; mayhem)/ Fuchō (no/ na) * (bad condition; poor condition; disorder)/ Torimidasu/ Dōten (suru)/ Ki ga dōten (suru) (Iraira (suru/ to/ na)/ Ikidōroshī/ Hagayui/ Mushakusha/ Iradatashi-ge/ Iradatsu/ Modokashī/ Mukatsuku)
Emo-Neg	Uptight	神経質 (な)/ 不安 (な)/ ガチガチ (な/ の)/ ビリビリ (と する)	Shinkeishitsu (na) * (nervous; highly strung; sensitive/ fussy; worried about petty things)/ Fuan (na) * (anxiety; uneasiness; worry; apprehension; fear; insecurity; suspense)/ Gachigachi (na/ no) * ((frozen, worried) stiff/ rigid (personality, thinking, etc.); inflexible; overly serious/ voracious (e.g. work, study); without slack or pause)/ Piripiri (to suru) * (nervously; tensely; (while) on edge)
Emo-Neg	Unreliable (untrustworthy)	怪しい/ 信頼できない/ 当てにならない	Ayashī/ Shinrai dekinai/ Ateninaranai
Emo-Neg	Unruly	手に負えない	Tenioenai
Emo-Neg	Unwanted	不要 (な)	Fuyō (na)
Emo-Neg	Unwise (unintelligent; not clever)	賢くない/ 賢明ではありません/ 愚か (な) (知性がない; 賢くない)	Kashikokunai/ Kenmeidearimasen/ Oroka (na) * (foolish; stupid; silly) (Chisei ga nai; Kashikokunai)
Emo-Neg	Useless (no good)	使い物にならない/ 不用 (な)/ 無用 (な)/ 駄目 (な)/ 無益 (な)	Tsukaimononinaranai/ Fuyō (na)/ Muyō (na)/ Dame (na)/ Mueki (na)
Emo-Neg	Vague (ambiguous; unclear; blurry)	漠然とした/ 曖昧 (あいまい) (な)/ 漠然 (たる/ と) (曖昧 (あいまい) (な); 不明確 (な); ぼやけた * (from ぼやける, to become dim; to become blurred))	Bakuzento shita/ Aimai (na)/ Bakuzen (taru/ to) (Aimai (na); Fumeikaku (na); Boyaketa * (from boyakeru, to become dim; to become blurred))
Emo-Neg	Violent	激しい	Hageshī
Emo-Neg	Wanted (sought for, ie. by police, etc.)	ウオンテット (の)/ お尋ね (する) * (respectful)/ 尋ねる	u~ontetto (no)/ Otazune (suru) * (respectful)/ Tazuneru
Emo-Neg	Weary	疲れた	Tsukareta
Emo-Neg	Weird (awkward)	奇妙 (な)/ 妙 (みょう) (な)/ 変 (へん) (な)/ 妙ちくりん (妙竹林) * (slang)/ 可笑しい (気まずい)	Kimyō (na)/ Myō (na)/ Hen (na) * (becomes 'hen'na')/ Myōchikurin * (slang)/ Okashī (Kimazui)
Emo-Neg	Weird (eerie, strange, spooky)	怪しい/ 不気味 (無気味) (な)	Ayashī/ Bukimi (na)

Emo-Neg	Whimsical	気まぐれ (な)/ 移り気 (な) / 物好き (な)/ 幻想的 (な)/ 取り留めのない/ むら気 (な)/ 取り留めもない/ ムラッ気 (な)/ ふらふら (フラフラ) (と/ する/ な)	Kimagure (na) * (whim; caprice; fancy/ capricious; fickle; whimsical; impulsive; changeable; temperamental)/ Utsurigi (na) * (fickle; capricious; inconstant; changeable; whimsical)/ Monozuki (na) * ((idle) curiosity; fancifulness; whimsy; (having) strange tastes)/ Gensō-teki (na) * (fantastic; magical; wondrous; whimsical; fairytale-like; romantic)/ Toritome no nai * (incoherent; wandering; vague; rambling; whimsical)/ Muragi (na) * (uneven temper; caprice; whim)/ Toritome mo nai * (incoherent; wandering; vague; rambling; whimsical)/ Murakki (na) * (uneven temper; caprice; whim)/ Furafura (to/ suru/ na) * (unsteadily (e.g. on one's feet); shakily; staggering; tottering; reeling; dizzily; giddily/ wavering (in one's mind); unsteadily; indecisively/ aimlessly; unconsciously; whimsically; without thinking)
Emo-Neg	Wicked	邪 (よこしま) (な)/ 邪悪 (な)	Yokoshima (na)/ Jaaku (na)
Emo-Neg	With contempt (contemptuously)	軽蔑を込めて (軽蔑的に)	Keibetsu o komete (keibetsu-teki ni)
Emo-Neg	Withered	枯れた	Kareta
Emo-Neg	Wizened	しわが寄った/ 萎びる	Shiwa ga yotta/ Shinabiru
Emo-Neg	Worn down	疲弊させる	Hihei saseru * (exhaustion; fatigue/ impoverishment; (financial) exhaustion; ruin)
Emo-Neg	Worn out	使い古した (使い古す)/ 磨耗 (する/ な)/ 磨り減る	Tsukaifurushita (tsukaifurusu * (to wear out (something)))/ Mamou (suru/na) * (wear; abrasion)/ Suri heru * (to be worn down; to wear away; to wear out/ to dwindle; to be reduced)
Emo-Neg	Wretched	惨め (な)/ 悲惨 (な)/ 気の毒 (な)	Mijime (na) * (miserable; wretched; unhappy; sad; pitiable)/ Hisan (na) * (disastrous; tragic; miserable; wretched; pitiful; woeful)/ Kinodoku (na) * (pitiful; unfortunate; poor; miserable; wretched)
Emo-Neg	Wrinkled	しわが寄った	Shiwa ga yotta
Emo-Neg	Worthless	価値のない	Kachinonai
Adj2	Personal (personally; privately)	個人的 (な/ に)/ 私的 (な/ に)/ わたしの (な/ に)	Kojin-teki (na/ ni)/ (wata) shiteki (na/ ni)/ Watashi-teki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Personally	個人的には	Kojin-teki ni wa
Adj2	Personalized (personalised)	パーソナライズされた/ 顔が見える (パーソナライズされた)	Pāsonaraizu sareta/ Kao ga mieru * (identifiable; personalized) (pāsonaraizu sa reta)
Adj2	Private (personal)	私的 (してき) (な) * (this is not watashi-teki, but shi-teki)/ 個人的 (な/ の)	Shiteki (na)/ Kojin-teki (na/ no)

Adj2	Privately	内密に/ 私的に/ 密々(密密)/ 陰に/ 水入らずで/ プライベート(で/ に)	Naimitsu ni * (confidentially; privately; off the record)/ Shiteki ni (watashi teki ni) * (privately; personally)/ Mitsumitsu * (secretly; privately)/ In ni * (invisibly; secretly; privately)/ Mizuirazu de * (privately; with outsiders barred; en famille)/ Puraibēto (de/ ni)
Adj2	Individual (distinctive; unique)	個性的(に/ な)	Kosei-teki (ni/ na)
Adj2	My personal (e.g. opinion; according to me)	わたしの(な) * (please note this is different than 私的, which is pronounced as 'shiteki')	Watashi-teki (na)
Adj2	Individual (one by one; individually)	個人個人(の)/ 個々(個個)(の)/ 個人的(な/ の)/ 個別(の)	Kojin kojīn (no/ na)/ Koko (no/ na)/ Kojin-teki (na/ no)/ Kobetsu (no)
Adj2	Automatically (automatic)	自動的(に/ な)	Jidōteki (ni/ na)
Adj2	Manually (manual)	手動(で/ の)/ マニュアル(の/ な)	Shudō (de/ no) * (manual (operation))/ Manyuaru (no/ na) * ((instruction) manual/ operations manual; basic rules (pertaining to how a job should be carried out); standards/ (car with) manual transmission/ user guide)
Adj2	Mechanical (machinal)	機械式(の/ な)/ 機械的(な)/ 力学的(な)/ メカニカル(の/ な)/ メカニック(な)(機械式(の/ な))	Kikai-shiki (no/ na)/ Kikai-teki (na)/ Rikigaku-teki (na)/ Mekanikaru (no/ na)/ Mekanikku (na) (kikai-shiki (no/ na))
Adj2	Present (ie. In a meeting)	出席(する)/ 中(ちゅう)(に) * (ie. 会議中に - in a meeting/ during a meeting)	Shusseki (suru) * (being present, ie. at a meeting etc.)/ Chū (ni) * (ie. Kaigi-chū ni - in a meeting/ during a meeting)
Adj2	A testament to	... の証(証し/ あかし)(する)/ ... の証拠	... no Akashi (suru) * (proof; evidence; sign; testimony; testament (to something); vindication/ witnessing; testifying; testimony)/ ... no Shōko * (evidence; proof)
Adj2	Absent	不在(の)/ 欠席(する)/ 欠場(する)/ 存在しない/ 無い(ない)	Fuzai (no)/ Kesseki (suru)/ Ketsujō (suru)/ Sonzaishinai/ Nai * (nonexistent; not being (there))
Adj2	Acceptable (tolerable)	許容できる(許容できる)	Kyoyō dekiru (kyoyō dekiru)
Adj2	Socially acceptable	社会的に受け入れられる	Shakai-teki ni ukeirarereru
Adj2	Accepted	受け入れた/ 承認済み	Ukeireta/ Shōnin-zumi
Adj2	Accommodated	宿泊可能(な)/ 収容された/ 宿泊された	Shukuhaku kanō (na)/ Shūyō sa reta/ Shukuhaku sa reta
Adj2	Acting together (jointly; cooperatively; in partnership)	手を携えて(手をたずさえて)/ 一緒に行動する/ 協力的(な)	Te o tazusaete/ Issho ni kōdō suru/ Kyōryoku-teki (na)
Adj2	All encompassing	無限定(な/ の)/ すべてを包括する/ すべて取囲む/ 全てを網羅している	Mu gentei (na/ no)/ Subete o hōkatsu suru/ Subete torikakomu * (surrounding everything; surround everything)/ Subete o mōra shite iru * (covering everything; comprising everything; all encompassing)
Adj2	Allergic	アレルギー(の/ な)/ アレルギー性 (の/ な)/ 過敏症(の/ な)/ 症(の/ な)	Arerugi (no/ na)/ Arerugi-sei (no/ na)/ Kabin-shō (no/ na)/ Shō (no/ na)

Adj2	Analytical	分析 (する/ の/ な)/ 分析的 (な)	Bunseki (suru/ no/ na)/ Bunseki-teki (na)
Adj2	Appearing	登場 (する)	Tōjō (suru)
Adj2	Archeological	考古学的 (な)	Kōkogaku-teki (na)
Adj2	Ballistic	弾道 (の)	Dandō (no)
Adj2	Basic (fundamental)	基本 (の/ な)/ 基本的 (な/ の)/ 根本的 (な)/ 基礎的 (な)/ 初歩的 (な)/ ベーシック (な) (基本 (の/ な))	Kihon (no/ na) * (basics; fundamentals; basis; foundation)/ Kihon-teki (na/ no) * (fundamental; basic)/ Konpon-teki (na) * (fundamental; basic)/ Kiso-teki (na) * (fundamental; basic)/ Shoho-teki (na) * (elementary; basic; rudimentary)/ Bēshikku (na) * (basic) (kihon (no/ na))
Adj2	Bit by bit	少しずつ (少し宛/ 少しづつ/ すこしずつ/ すこしづつ)/ ポツリポツリ (ぽつりぽつり) (と)/ ちびちび (ちびりちびり) (と)/ ポツポツ (ぽつぽつ) (と)	Sukoshizutsu (sukoshi zutsu/ sukoshi dzutsu)/ Potsuripotsuri (to)/ Chibichibi (chibirichibiri) (to)/ Potsupotsu (to)
Adj2	Blended	ブレンド (する)	burendo (suru)
Adj2	Boiling	沸騰 (する)/ 茹で/ 沸き/ ボイリング (の)/ 熱湯 (な/ の)/ 煮沸 (する)	Futtō (suru) * (boiling; seething/ becoming heated (e.g. of a debate); excitement; agitation; fermentation)/ Yude * (boiling)/ Waki * (boiling)/ Boiringu (no) * (boiling)/ Nettō (na/ no) * (boiling water)/ Shafutsu (suru) * (boiling up)
Adj2	Burning	燃える (燃えている)/ 燃焼 (する)/ 暑い/ 下火 (的) (な/ の)/ 点く/ バーニング (の/ な)	Moeru (moete iru)/ Nenshō (suru) * (burning; combustion)/ Atsui * (passionate; impassioned; burning (desire, etc.))/ Shitabi (teki) (na/ no) * (burning low; waning; declining)/ Tsuku * (to be lit (of a lamp, burner, etc.); to catch fire; to ignite; to start burning)/ Bāningu (no/ na) * (burning)
Adj2	Business wise (business-like)	ビジネス的に/ 業務的 (な)/ 事業的 (な)/ 営業的 (な) (ビジネスライクに)	Bijinesu-teki ni/ Gyōmu-teki (na)/ Jigyō-teki (na)/ Eigyō-teki (na) (bijinesuraiku ni)
Adj2	Caffeinated (full of caffeine; to be full of caffeine)	カフェイン入り/ カフェイン一杯 (カフェインいっぱい) (カフェインがいっぱい; カフェインがいっぱいになる)	Kafein-iri/ Kafein ippai (kafein ga ippai; kafein ga ippai ni naru)
Adj2	Casual	カジュアル	kajuaru
Adj2	Casually (suddenly)	不図/ 偶々 (偶偶/ たまたま)	Futsuto/ Tamatama
Adj2	Central (centralized)	一元的 (に/ な)/ 中央 (の)/ 中心的 (に/ な)	Ichigen-teki (ni/ na)/ Chūō (no)/ Chūshin-teki (ni/ na)
Adj2	Chalked	チョークで書かれた	Chōku de kakareta
Adj2	Challenging	挑戦的 (な)	Chōsen-teki (na)

Adj2	Changed (modified)	変更された/ 変化された/ 変革された/ 変わった/ チェンジされた (変更された)	Henkō sareta * (change; modification; alteration; revision; amendment)/ Henka sareta * (change; variation; alteration; mutation; transition; transformation; transfiguration; metamorphosis)/ Henkaku sareta * (change; transformation; reform; revolution; revolutionizing; innovation; upheaval)/ Kawareta * (to change; to be transformed; to be altered; to vary)/ Chenji sareta * (change; changing) (henkō sareta)
Adj2	Changing	変化している	Henka shite iru
Adj2	Checked (checked)	チェック柄 (の/ な)/ チェック (の/ な)/ 格子柄/ 市松模様 (の/ な) (チェック柄)	Chekku-gara (no/ na) * (plaid pattern/ checked pattern)/ Chekku (no/ na) * (check; plaid; checked)/ Kōshi-gara * (check pattern; checked pattern; checked pattern; plaid; lattice design)/ Ichimatsu moyō (no/ na) * (checked pattern; chequered pattern; checks; checkers; chequers/ checkerboard) (chekku- gara)
Adj2	Chosen (selected)	選ばれた (選ばれた)	Eraba reta (eraba reta)
Adj2	Classic	クラシック (な)	Kurashikku (na)
Adj2	Classical	古典的 (な)/ クラシック (な)/ クラシカル (な)	Koten-teki (na) * (classical; classic)/ Kurashikku (na)/ Kurashikaru (na)
Adj2	Coherent	筋の通った/ コヒーレント (な)/ 纏まった/ 筋が通る/ つじつまが合う/ 纏まる/ 可干渉的 (な)/ 連接的 (な)/ 干渉的 (な)	Sujinotōtta * (rational; logical; coherent)/ Kohirento (na) * (coherent/ physics)/ Matomatta * (definite; coherent; congruous; unitary)/ Suji ga tōru * (to make sense; to be consistent; to be logical; to stand to reason; to be coherent)/ Tsujitsuma ga au * (to be consistent; to be coherent)/ Matomaru * (to be well arranged; to be in order; to be unified; to take shape; to be coherent)/ Ka kanshōteki (na) * (coherent/ physics)/ Rensetsu-teki (na) * (coherent/ mathematics)/ Kanshōteki (na) * (coherent/ physics)
Adj2	Cohesive (coherent; joined; related)	凝集性 (の) (一貫性がある; 結合している; 関連している)	Gyōshū-sei (no) (ikkan-sei ga aru; ketsugō shite iru; kanren shite iru)
Adj2	Collaborative	協力的 (な)/ 共同 (する/ の)	Kyōryoku-teki (na) * (cooperative; helpful)/ Kyōdō (suru/ no) * (cooperation; collaboration; association; partnership; (acting in) unison)
Adj2	Combative	好戦的 (な)	Kōsenteki (na)

Adj2	Combined	組み合わせた (組み合わせる)/ 合同 (する)/ 総合 (する)/ 合成 (する/ の)/ 複合 (する/ の)/ 総合的 (な)/ 混じる/ 併用 (する)/ 交えた (交える)/ 合わせた (合わせる)/ 合わさる/ 結びつける	Kumiawaseta (kumiawaseru) * (to put together; to combine; to join together; to join up)/ Gōdō (suru) * (combination; union; joining; incorporation; amalgamation; merger; fusion/ combined; joint; united; shared/ congruence * (mathematics/ geometry))/ Sōgō (suru) * (synthesis; combination; integration; putting together/ general; combined; composite; mixed; integrated; comprehensive/ synthesis; colligation * (philosophy))/ Gōsei (suru/ no) * (composition; synthesis; compounding; combining)/ Fukugō (suru/ no) * (composite; combined; complex)/ Sōgō-teki (na) * (comprehensive; composite; all-round; all- embracing; general; overall; combined; synthetic (e.g. language))/ Konjiru * (to be mixed; to be blended with; to be combined/ to associate with; to mingle with; to interest; to join)/ Heiyō (suru) * (combined use; using together (with); using jointly; using at the same time)/ Majieta (majieru) * (to mix; to combine; to include/ to exchange (words, fire, etc.)/ to cross (e.g. swords); to join together)/ Awaseta (awaseru) * (to join together; to unite; to combine; to add up/ to match (rhythm, speed, etc.))/ Awasaru * (to join; to be put together; to combine; to unite; to fit; to close (e.g. of a wound))/ Musubitsukeru * (to tie (to); to fasten; to attach; to join; to bind/ to connect (one thing
Adj2	Compatible (affinity; chemistry between people)	相性 (の)/ 両立 (する)	Aishō (no)/ Ryōritsu (suru)
Adj2	Compatible (conformity, unity)	適合 (適合的/ する)/ 統一 (する/ の)/ コンパチブル (な)	Tekigō (tekigō-teki/ suru)/ Tōitsu (suru/ no)/ Konpachiburu (na)
Adj2	Competitive	競争力 (な)	Kyōsō-ryoku (na)
Adj2	Complementing	補完 (する)	Hokan (suru) * (complementation; supplementation; completion)
Adj2	Comprehensive (composite; all-round; all-embracing; general)	総合的 (に/ な)	Sōgō-teki (ni/ na)
Adj2	Confidential (confidentially)	機密/ 機密的 (に/ な)	Kimitsu/ kimitsu-teki (ni/ na)
Adj2	Conditional	条件付き (条件付)/ 条件 (の)/ 但し付き	Jōken-tsuki/ Jōken (no)/ Tadashi-tsuki
Adj2	Consciously	意識的に	Ishiki-teki ni
Adj2	Subconsciously	無意識のうちに	Muishiki no uchi ni
Adj2	Consequent (consequently)	結果として (の)/ 伴う/ 後件/ その結果として (したがって (従って)/ 因って/ 故に/ だから/ ですから/ この結果/ その結果/ その結果として/ これにより)	Kekka to shite (no)/ Tomonau/ Kōken/ Sono kekka to shite (Shitagatte/ Yotte/ Yueni/ Dakara/Desukara/ Kono kekka/ Sono kekka/ Sono kekka to shite/ Kore ni yori)

Adj2	Conservative	保守的 (な)/ 控えめ (な/ の)/ 退嬰的 (な)/ 保守系 (の)/ 消極 (な)/ コンサバ (な/ の)/ コンサバ的 (な)/ コンサバティブ (な)/ 保存的 (な)	Hoshu-teki (na)/ Hikaeme (na/ no) * (moderate; reserved; conservative; humble; mild- mannered; self-effacing; unassuming; well- behaved; low-key; temperate; in small quantities)/ Taiei-teki (na) * (conservative; regressive; backward-looking; unenterprising)/ Hoshu-kei (no)/ Shōkyoku (na) * (passive; negative; conservative)/ Konsaba (na/ no)/ Konsaba-teki (na)/ Konsabatibu (na)/ Hozon-teki (na) * (conservative (esp. medical treatment); preservative)
Adj2	Considered	考慮された/ 考えられた/ と思われる/ とされる/ 計算づく (の)	Kōryo sareta * (consideration; taking into account)/ Kangaerareta * (to consider; to bear in mind; to allow for; to take into consideration)/ to Omowa reru * (be considered; be deemed; be thought to be)/ to Sareru * (... is considered to ...)/ Keisan zuku * (calculated; premeditated; considered)
Adj2	Consistent (coherent)	一貫性のある/ 一貫した/ 首尾一貫した/ 首尾一貫 (する)/ 叶う (適う/ 敵う/ かなう)/ つじつまが合う (辻褄が合う/ つじつまがあう)/ 筋が立つ/ 終始 (する)(首尾一貫した/ つじつまが合う (辻褄が合う/ つじつまがあう))	Ikkan-sei no aru/ Ikkan shita/ Shubi ikkan shita/ Shubi ikkan (suru)/ Kanau/ Tsujitsuma ga au/ Suji ga tatsu/ Shūshi (suru) (Shubi ikkan shita/ Tsujitsuma ga au)
Adj2	Conspicuous	目立つ/ 目覚ましい	Medatsu/ Mezamashī
Adj2	Contaminated	汚染された	Osen sareta
Adj2	Cooperative (cooperating)	協力的 (な)/ 共同 (する/ の)/ 協力 (する)/ 協調 (する)/ 一致 (する)/ 握手 (する) (協力的 (な))	Kyōryoku-teki (na)/ Kyōdō (suru/ no)/ Kyōryoku (suru)/ Kyōchō (suru)/ Itchi (suru)/ Akushu (suru) * (handshake; cooperation) (Kyōryoku- teki (na))
Adj2	Corporate	企業向け/ 企業 (の)	Kigyō-muke/ Kigyō (no)
Adj2	Corporately	企業的に	Kigyō-teki ni
Adj2	Customized	カスタマイズされた/ 特装 (の/ する)	Kasutamaizu sareta/ Tokusō (no/ suru) * (specially equipped; customized; customised)

Adj2	Dangling	ぶら下がっている (ぶら下がる)/ ぶらぶら (と/ する/ な)/ ぶらり (と)/ 懸垂 (する)/ 宙ぶらりん (な/ の)/ ぶらりぶらり (な/ の)/ ぶらんぶらん (する/ と/ の/ な)/ 下がる (さがる)/ 垂れ下がる/ 垂れる (たれる)	Burasagatte iru (burasagaru) * (to hang down (from); to dangle; to swing; to be suspended/ to be within one's reach; to dangle (before one's eyes))/ Burabura (to/ suru/ na) * (dangling; swaying; swinging)/ Burari (to) * (dangling)/ Kensui (suru) * (suspension; dangling; hanging)/ Chūburarin (na/ no) * (dangling; hanging; suspended/ pending; half done; in limbo; indecisive)/ Burari burari (na/ no) * (dangling; swaying; swinging)/ Buran buran (suru/ to/ no/ na) * (dangling)/ Sagaru * (to hang; to dangle)/ Taresagaru * (to hang; to dangle)/ Tareru * (to hang; to droop; to dangle; to sag; to lower; to pull down)
Adj2	Decided	決めた/ 既定 (の)	Kimeta/ Kitei (no) * (established; fixed; prearranged; predetermined)
Adj2	Decorated	装飾された	Sōshoku sareta
Adj2	Decorative	装飾的 (な)/ デコラティブ (な)	Sōshoku-teki (na)/ Dekorativu (na)
Adj2	Ornamental	観賞用	Kanshō-yō
Adj2	Defensive (defensively)	守備的 (な)/ 守勢 (の)/ 防御 (の)/ 防衛 (の)/ 守備 (の/ する)/ 防衛的 (な)/ ディフェンシブ (な/ の) (守備的 (な))	Shubi-teki (na)/ Shusei (no)/ Bōgyo (no)/ Bōei (no)/ Shubi (no/ suru)/ Bōei-teki (na)/ Difenshibu (na/ no) (Shubi-teki (na))
Adj2	Dehydrated	脱水 (する)/ 脱水症状/ 乾燥 (する)/ 脱水反応/ 脱水症	Dassui (suru)/ Dassui shōjō/ Kansō (suru)/ Dassui han'nō/ Dassui-shō
Adj2	Destined	運命 (の)	Unmei (no)
Adj2	Diagnosed	診断された	Shindan sareta
Adj2	Digital	デジタル (の/ な)	Dejitaru (no/ na)
Adj2	Disappearing	消える	Kieru
Adj2	Divorced	離婚した/ 離婚している	Rikon shita/ Rikon shite iru
Adj2	Dragged	ドラッグされた/ 引きずられている/ 引きずり出される	Doraggu sa reta/ Hikizurarete iru * (being dragged)/ Hikizurida sareru * (being dragged out; being dragged away)
Adj2	Drawn in	引き込まれます (引き込む)/ 釣られる/ 引く/ 引っ込める/ 手繰る/ 吸い寄せる/ 罦る	Hikikomaremasu (hikikomou * (to pull into; to draw in; to bring in))/ Tsurareru * (to be lured; to be enticed; to be drawn in; to be caught up in)/ Hiku * (to draw (attention, sympathy, etc.); to attract (e.g. interest))/ Hikkomeru * (to draw in; to take in; to retract)/ Taguru * (to haul in (hand over hand); to pull in; to draw in; to reel in)/ Suiyoseru * (to draw in; to attract)/ Majikoru * (to be drawn in by something wicked; to be won over by something wicked)

Adj2	Driven	ドリブン (な)/ 駆られる/ 突き動かされた/ 身を委ねた/ 運ばれた/ 吹き寄せられた/ 進歩的 (な)	Doribun (na) * (driven)/ Karareru * (to be driven by (a feeling, impulse, etc.); to be carried away by; to be seized with; to be stricken with; to be impelled by; to be spurred on by; to succumb to)/ Tsuki ugokasareta * (literally means 'thrust moved')/ Mi o yudaneta * (literally means 'to surrender oneself')/ Hakobareta * (driven; carried; ie has to do with fluid/ flow)/ Fuki yoserareta * (push/ forcing blow of wind, ie. has to do with fluid/ flow)/ Shinpo-teki (na) * (progressive)
Adj2	Dynamic	動的 (な)	Dōteki (na)
Adj2	Earthly	地 (の)/ 地上的 (な)/ 地上 (の)/ 地球的 (な)/ 地球 (の)/ 大地 (の)	Ji (no)/ Chijō-teki (na)/ Chijō (no)/ Chikyū-teki (na)/ Chikyū (no)/ Daichi (no)
Adj2	Eclectic	折衷的 (な)	Setchū-teki (na)
Adj2	Economic	経済的 (な/ に)/ 財政的 (な/ に)	Keizai-teki (na/ ni)/ Zaisei-teki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Economical	経済的 (な/ に)	Keizai-teki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Effervescent (bubbly)	発泡性 (の)/ 泡立ち (泡だち/ あわだち) (泡立つ (泡だつ/ あわだつ)/ 泡状 (の))	Happō-sei (no)/ Awadachi (Awadatsu/ Awa-jō (no))
Adj2	Elemental (basis; basic; base-)	基本的 (な)/ エレメンタル (基本; 基本; 基本-)	Kihon-teki (na)/ Erementaru (kihon; kihon; kihon-)
Adj2	Elementary	初歩的 (な)	Shoho-teki (na) * (elementary; basic; rudimentary)
Adj2	Engaged	予約済み (の)/ 忙しい/ 従事 (する)	Yoyaku-zumi (no) * (reserved; engaged)/ Isogashī * (busy; occupied; hectic/ restless; hurried; fidgety)/ Jūji (suru) * (engaging in (work); pursuing (e.g. studies); following (a profession); being involved in)
Adj2	Engaged (betrothed)	婚約 (する/ の)/ 婚約中 (婚約 (する/ の))	Kon'yaku (suru/ no) * (engagement; betrothal)/ Kon'yaku-chū * (engagement; betrothal) (Kon'yaku (suru/ no))
Adj2	Enigmatic	謎めいた	Nazomeita
Adj2	Entitled	権利がある	Kenri ga aru
Adj2	Environmental	環境的 (に/ な/ の)/ 環境 (の)	Kankyō-teki (ni/ na/ no)/ Kankyō (no)
Adj2	Escapable	逃れられる	Nogararereru
Adj2	Ethereal	エーテル的 (な)/ 霊的 (な)/ 霊 (れい) (の)/ 幽的 (な)/ 幽 (ゆう) (の/ な)/ 空気よう (な)/ スペクトル (な/ の)/ この世のものとも思えない/ この世のものとも思えぬ	Ēteru-teki (na)/ Reiteki (na) * (spiritual)/ Rei (no)/ Yūteki (na) * (ghostly; spectral)/ Yū (no/ na)/ Kūki no yō (na)/ Supekutoru (na/ no) * (spectrum (radio, etc.); spectral; spectra/ from French "spectre")/ Konoyo no mono to mo omoenai * (unearthly; otherworldly; out of this world; ethereal)/ Konoyo no mono to mo omoenu * (unearthly; otherworldly; out of this world; ethereal)

Adj2	Ethical	倫理的 (な)/ 道徳的 (な)/ 倫理学 (の/ (的) な)/ 倫理にかなった/ エシカル (な)/ 道徳上 (の)	Rinri-teki (na)/ Dōtokuteki (na) * (ethical; moral)/ Rinri-gaku (no/ (teki) na)/ Rinri ni kanatta/ Eshikaru (na)/ Dōtoku-jō (no) * (morally; from a moral point of view/ moral (issue, responsibility, etc.); ethical)
Adj2	Evacuated	避難しました	Hinan shimashita
Adj2	Everything one does (whatever one does)	やる事なす事 (することなすこと)	Yaru koto nasukoto (suru koto nasu koto)
Adj2	Exclusive	専用 (する/ の)/ 専属 (する)/ 排他的 (な)/ 特徴的 (な)/ エクスクルーシブ (な)	Sen'yō (suru/ no)/ Senzoku (suru)/ Haita-teki (na)/ Tokuchō-teki (na)/ Ekusukurūshibu (na)
Adj2	Existential	実存的 (な)/ 存亡 (の)	Jitsuzon-teki (na)/ Sonbō (no)
Adj2	Explicit (explicitly)	明示的 (に) (明示的 (に))	Meishiteki (ni) (meishiteki (ni))
Adj2	Implicit (implicitly)	暗黙的 (に) (暗黙的 (に))	Anmoku-teki (ni) (anmoku-teki (ni))
Adj2	Obliquely	斜めに/ 其れと無く (其れとなく)	Nanameni * (diagonally; obliquely; slantingly; slantwise)/ Soretonaku * (indirectly; obliquely; implicitly; by implication; in a roundabout way; casually)
Adj2	Unspoken	暗黙 (の)	Anmoku (no)
Adj2	Far fetched	とんでもない/ 穿ちすぎた	Tondemonai/ Ugachi sugita
Adj2	Financial	金融的 (な/ に)/ 金銭的 (な/ に)	Kin'yū-teki (na/ ni)/ Kinsen-teki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Flattened	平らになった/ 扁平 (な)/ フラット (な) * (フラットになってしまった)/ 細い/ 平坦化した (平坦化する)/ フラット化した (フラット化)	Taira ni natta/ Henpei (na)/ Furatto (na) * (Furatto ni natte shimatta/ polite way of saying it (unfortunately) became flat)/ Hosoi * (means 'thin; slender; fine', but can also be used to designate something that looks flat)/ Heitan-ka shita (heitan-ka suru) * (flattened)/ Furatto-ka shita (furatto-ka) * (flattened)
Adj2	Flexible	柔軟 (な)/ フレキシブル (な)	Jūnan (na)/ Furekishiburu (na)
Adj2	Freely	自由 (に/ な)	jiyū (ni/ na)
Adj2	Generally speaking (in general)	一般的に言うと	Ippantekini iu to
Adj2	Geographical	地理的 (に/ な)/ 地理学の	Chiri-teki (ni/ na)/ Chiri-gaku no
Adj2	Global	グローバル (な)/ 世界的 (な)	Gurōbaru (na)/ Sekai-teki (na)
Adj2	Globally (on a worldwide level)	世界的 (に/ な)/ 大域的 (に/ な)/ グローバル (に/ な)/ 世界を舞台に	Sekai-teki (ni/ na)/ Daiikiteki (ni/ na)/ Gurōbaru (ni/ na)/ Sekai o butai ni
Adj2	Gradually (step by step)	徐々に (一歩一歩)	Jojoni (ichi ho ichi ho)
Adj2	Graphical	グラフィカル (な)/ 図形的 (な)	Gurafikaru (na) * (graphical)/ Zukei-teki (na) * (figure; shape; graphic)
Adj2	Guaranteed (certified; warranty included)	保証付き (保障付) (の)/ 折り紙付き (の)/ 保険付き (の)/ 極めつけ (の)/ 極め付き (の)	Hoshōdzuki (no)/ Origamitsuki (no)/ Hoken-tsuki (no)/ Kiwametsuke (no)/ Kiwametsuki (no)
Adj2	Guilty	有罪 (の/ な)	Yūzai (no/ na)

Adj2	Hanging	懸垂 (する)/ 宙ぶらりん (な/ の)/ ぶら下がり (の/ と/ たる)/ 吊るす/ 下げる (さげる)/ かける (掛ける)/ かかる (掛かる)/ さがる (下がる)/ 垂れ下がる/ ハング (する)/ 引っ掛ける	Kensui (suru) * (suspension; dangling; hanging)/ Chūburarin (na/ no) * (dangling; hanging; suspended/ pending; half done; in limbo; indecisive)/ Burasagari (no/ to/ taru) * (hanging; dangling)/ Tsurusu * (to hang; to hang up)/ Sageru * (to hang; to suspend; to wear (e.g. decoration))/ Kakeru * (to hang up (e.g. a coat, a picture on the wall); to let hang; to suspend (from); to hoist (e.g. sail); to raise (e.g. flag))/ Kakaru * (to hang)/ Sagaru * (to hang; to dangle)/ Taresagaru * (to hang; to dangle)/ Hangu (suru) * (hang; to hang)/ Hikkakeru * (to hang (something) on (something); to throw on (clothes))
Adj2	Heavenly	天 (てん) (の)/ 天 (あめ) (の)/ 天的 (な)/ 天来 (の)/ 天国 (の)/ 天空 (の)/ 天上 (の/ する)	Ten (no)/ Ame (no) * (same kanji as 'ten', but different pronunciation)/ Ten-teki (na)/ Tenrai (no) * (heavenly; divine; inspired; heaven sent)/ Tengoku (no)/ Tenkū (no)/ Tenjō (no/ suru)
Adj2	Hidden	隠された	Kakusareta
Adj2	High grade (high value)	高級 (の/ な)/ 上級 (の)/ 高等 (の/ な)/ 特級 (の)/ ハイグレード (の/ な)/ 高品質 (な/ の) (高価値)	Kōkyū (no/ na)/ Jōkyū (no)/ Kōtō (no/ na)/ Tokkyū (no) * (high grade; special grade; classy)/ Hai gurēdo (no/ na)/ Kōhinshitsu (na/ no) (Kō kachi)
Adj2	Historical (historically)	歴史的 (に/ な) (歴史的 (に/ な))	Rekishi-teki (ni/ na) (rekishi-teki (ni/ na))
Adj2	Hoarding	ため込む (溜め込む)	Tamekomu
Adj2	Hooded	フード付き/ 頭巾付き	Fūdo-tsuki/ Zukin-tsuki
Adj2	Huddled	身を寄せ合う/ 縮こまる	Miwoyoseau (mi o yoseau) * (to go into a huddle)/ Chidjikomaru * (to curl oneself up; to squeeze oneself in; to be huddled/ shrunk down)
Adj2	Hydrated	水分補給 (する)/ 水酸化 (する)/ 水化 (する)/ 水和 (する)/ 保湿 (する/ の)/ 湿る/ 湿気る/ 湿っぽい/ 湿 (の/ な)/ 湿気 (の)/ 湿り気 (の)	Suibun hokyū (suru)/ Suisanka (suru)/ Mizu-ka (suru)/ Suiwa (suru)/ Hoshitsu (suru/ no)/ Shimeru/ Shikeru/ Shimeppoi/ Shime (no/ na)/ Shikke (no)/ Shimerike (no)
Adj2	Hygienical (hygienic; sanitary)	衛生的 (な)/ 清潔 (に/ な)/ 健康的 (な)/ 衛生上 (な/ の) (衛生的 (な); 衛生的 (な))	Eisei-teki (na)/ Seiketsu (ni/ na)/ Kenkō-teki (na)/ Eisei-jō (na/ no) (eisei-teki (na); eisei-teki (na))
Adj2	Illusionary	幻想的 (な)	Gensō-teki (na)
Adj2	Impending	差し迫った (差し迫る)/ 当面 (の/ する)	Sashisematta (sashisemaru)/ Tōmen (no/ suru) * (current; urgent; pressing; impending)

Adj2	Imperative	命令的 (な)/ 急務 (な/ の)/ 必要不可欠 (な/ の)/ 欠かせない/ 至上命令/ 命令文	Meirei-teki (na) * (order; command; decree; directive)/ Kyūmu (na/ no) * (urgent business; pressing need; imperative)/ Hitsuyō fukaketsu (na/ no) * (absolutely essential; indispensable; vital; critical)/ Kaka senai * (indispensable; vital; fundamental; imperative; crucial; critical)/ Shijō meirei * (unconditional command; must-obey order)/ Meirei bun * (imperative sentence; imperative statement)
Adj2	Imperial	インペリアル	Inperialu
Adj2	Impersonating	成りすます (なりすます)/ 物真似している/ 人格化している	Narisumasu * (to pose as; to (successfully) impersonate; to pretend to be; to pass oneself off as; to disguise oneself as)/ Monomane shite iru * (imitation (of someone, something); impersonation; (vocal) mimicry)/ Jinkaku-ka shite iru * (impersonation; personification)
Adj2	Impervious	不浸透性 (の/ な)/ 通さない/ 影響されない/ 無感覚 (な)/ 鈍感 (な)	Fushintōsei (no/ na)/ Tōsanai * (does not pass; not passing)/ Eikyō sarenai * (not affected; not influenced)/ Mukankaku (na) * (apathetic; insensitive; indifferent; impervious; callous; thick-skinned)/ Donkan (na) * (becomes 'donkan'na' ; thickheaded; insensitive; dull; thick-skinned)
Adj2	Impractical (unrealistic; unpractical)	非現実的 (な)/ 現実的でない/ 実用的でない/ 非実用的 (な)	Higenjitsuteki (na)/ Genjitsu-tekidenai/ Jitsuyō- tekidenai/ Hijitsuyōteki (na)
Adj2	In a timely manner	時を得た/ 適時 (な/ の)/ タイムリー (な)/ タイミングよく/ はやくて (早くて)	Toki o eta/ Tekiji (na/ no)/ Taimurī (na)/ Taimingu yoku/ Hayakute * (early; now)
Adj2	In process	処理中/ 手続き中	Shori-chū/ Tetsudzuki-chū
Adj2	In progress	進行中/ 実施中/ 発展中	Shinkō-chū/ Jisshi-chū/ Hatten-chū
Adj2	Incoherent (incohesive; disjoined; unrelated; disjoint)	支離滅裂 (な/ の)/ 目茶苦茶 (な)/ 取り留めのない/ 埒もない (支離滅裂 (な/ の); ばらばら (な/ の/ する); 無関係 (な/ の); ばらばら (な/ の/ する))	Shirimetsuretsu (na/ no)/ Mechakucha (na)/ Toritome no nai/ Rachimonai (shirimetsuretsu (na/ no); barabara (na/ no/ suru); mukankei (na/ no); barabara (na/ no/ suru))
Adj2	Inconsistent (incoherent)	一貫性がない/ 一貫性のない/ 矛盾 (する/ の)/ 不徹底 (な)/ 筋の通らない/ 不合理 (な)/ 反する/ ちぐはぐ (な)/ 雑駁 (な)/ つじつまの合わない (辻褄の合わない/ つじつまのあわない)/ 支離滅裂 (な/ の)/ つじつまが合わない (支離滅裂 (な/ の))	Ikkan-sei ga nai/ Ikkan-sei no nai/ Mujun (suru/ no)/ Futettei (na)/ Sujinotōranai/ Fugōri (na)/ Hansuru/ Chiguhagu (na)/ Zappaku (na)/ Tsujiitsuma no awanai/ Shirimetsuretsu (na/ no)/ Tsujiitsuma ga awanai (shirimetsuretsu (na/ no))
Adj2	Inconspicuous	目立たない	Medatanai

Adj2	Indexed	インデックス付き/ インデックス的 (な)/ 索引付き/ 索引的 (な)	Indekkusu-tsuki/ Indekkusu-teki (na)/ Sakuin- tsuki * (indexed (in a book); with index (in a book))/ Sakuin-teki (na) * (indexed (in a book); with index (in a book))
Adj2	Explosive (exploded)	爆発的 (な) (爆発 (する))	Bakuhatsu-teki (na) (bakuhatsu (suru))
Adj2	Inflammable (combustible; explodable)	可燃 (の/ な) (可燃 (の/ な), 爆発 (の/ な))	Kanen (no/ na) (Kanen (no/na), Bakuhatsu (no/ na))
Adj2	Influential	影響力のある/ 影響的 (な)	Eikyō-ryoku no aru/ Eikyō-teki (na)
Adj2	In hiding	隠れています/ 隠れに(ある)/ 隠れに住んでいる	Kakurete imasu/ Kakure ni (aru)/ Kakure ni sunde iru * (living in secret; living secretly; living in hiding)
Adj2	Insync	同期中	Dōki-chū
Adj2	International	インターナショナル (な)/ 国際的 (な/ に)/ 国際 (の)	Intānashonaru (na)/ Kokusai-teki (na/ ni)/ Kokusai (no)
Adj2	Introvert	内向的 (な)	Naikō-teki (na)
Adj2	Introverted	内向的 (な)	Naikō-teki (na)
Adj2	Extrovert	外向的 (な)	Gaikō-teki (na)
Adj2	Extroverted	外向的 (な)	Gaikō-teki (na)
Adj2	Given (granted)	与えられた (許可された)	Ataereta
Adj2	Inverted	倒さ/ 逆さま/ 倒立 (する)/ 反転した (反転 (する))	Taosa/ Sakasama/ Tōritsu (suru)/ Hanten shita (hanten (suru))
Adj2	In the red	赤字 (する/ で)/ 欠乏 (する/ で)/ 不足 (する/ で/ な)/ 不備 (で/ な/ の)/ 欠陥で/ 欠如 (する/ で)/ 欠失 (する/ で)/ 欠で/ 貧で	Akaji (suru/ de)/ Ketsubō (suru/ de)/ Fusoku (suru/ de/ na)/ Fubi (de/ na/ no)/ Kekkan de/ Ketsujo (suru/ de)/ Ketsu shitsu (suru/ de)/ Ketsu de/ Hin de
Adj2	Inescapable	逃れられない	Nogarerarenai
Adj2	Irrational	不合理 (な)/ 不条理 (な)/ 理不尽 (な)/ 不理 (な)/ イラショナル (の)/ 無理 (な)/ わや (な)	Fu-gōri (na)/ Fujōri (na)/ Rifujin (na)/ Furi (na)/ Irashonaru (no)/ Muri (na)/ Waya (na) * (unreasonable; absurd; irrational; confused; disordered)
Adj2	Irrevocably	取り消し不能に/ 取り返しのつかない/ 取り返しがつかない	Torikeshi funō ni/ Torikaeshinotsukanai * (cannot be undone; can't be recovered from)/ Torikaeshigatsukanai * (cannot be undone; can't be recovered from)
Adj2	Iterative	反復的 (な)/ 繰り返し (する/ の)	Hanpuku-teki (na) * (repetition; iteration; recursion; recurrence; recapitulation)/ Kurikaeshi (suru/ no) * (repetition; repeat; reiteration; iteration; refrain; cycle/ repeatedly)
Adj2	Judging	判断 (する)/ 審査 (する)	Handan (suru) * (judgment; judgement; decision; conclusion; adjudication)/ Shinsa (suru) * (judging; inspection; examination; investigation; review)
Adj2	Lethal	致死的 (な)	Chishi-teki (na)
Adj2	Liberal	リベラル (な)/ 自由主義 (の)/ 自由 (な/ の)	Riberaru (na)/ Jiyū shugi (no)/ Jiyū (na/ no) * (freedom; liberty)
Adj2	Liberated	解放された	Kaihō sa reta

Adj2	Listed	...にある/...を列する/一覧的(な)/ 上場(する)/一覧付き	... Ni aru * (it is in; it contains; containing; listed)/ ... O retsu suru/ Ichiran-teki (na)/ Jōjō (suru) * (listing (on the stock exchange, etc.); taking (a company) public)/ Ichiran-tsuki
Adj2	Local	地元	Jimoto
Adj2	Locally (on a local level)	現地(の)/ ローカル(で/ に/ な)	Genchi (no)/ Rōkaru (de/ ni/ na)
Adj2	Logical (logically)	論理的(に/ な)/ ロジカル	Ronri-teki (ni/ na)/ Rojikaru
Adj2	Low-budget	低予算	Tei yosan
Adj2	Low grade (low value)	低グレード(の/ な)/ 低級(な)/ 低度(の)/ 下等(な) (低価値)	Tei gurēdo (no/ na)/ Teikyū (na)/ Tei-do (no)/ Katō (na) * (inferior; base; vulgar; low grade; lower class) (Tei kachi)
Adj2	Magnetic	磁気(の/ な)/ マグネチック(の/ な)/ 磁力(の/ な)	Jiki (no/ na)/ Magunetchikku (no/ na)/ Jiryoku (no/ na)
Adj2	Mandatory (required)	必須(の/ な)/ 義務的(な)	Hissu (no/ na)/ Gimu-teki (na)
Adj2	Married	既婚(の)/ 結婚した/ 結婚している	Kikon (no)/ Kekkon shita/ Kekkon shite iru
Adj2	Meaningful	有意義(な)/ 有意(な/ の)	Yūigi (na)/ Yūi (na/ no)
Adj2	Medical	医学(の)/ 医学的(な)/ 医療(の)/ 医療的(な)/ メディカル(な)	Igaku (no)/ Igaku-teki (na)/ Iryō (no)/ Iryō-teki (na)/ Medikaru (na)
Adj2	Medieval	中世(の)	Chūsei (no)
Adj2	Melting	溶融(する)/ 溶解(する)/ 融解 (する)/ 溶化(する)/ メルティング (な/ の)/ 冶(や)(な/ の)/ 氷解(する)	Yōyū (suru) * (melting; fusion)/ Yōkai (suru) * (dissolution; dissolving; solution (e.g. chemical)/ melting; liquefying; fusion)/ Yūkai (suru) * (melting; fusion; liquefaction)/ Yōka (suru) * (melting; smelting)/ Merutingu (na/ no) * (melting)/ Ya (na/ no) * (melting)/ Hyōkai (suru) * (being cleared (of doubt, misgivings, etc.); being dispelled; melting away/ melting (of ice))
Adj2	Mental	心的(な/ に)	Shinteki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Merged	合われました/ 合併しました/ 統合されました/ マージされました	Awaremashita * (to come together; to merge; to unite; to meet/ to fit; to match; to suit; to agree with; to be correct)/ Gappei shimashita * (merger (of companies, towns, etc.); combination; union; amalgamation; consolidation; coalition; fusion; annexation; affiliation; incorporation)/ Tōgō saremashita * (joining (of people, groups, parties, etc.); union; linking up; merging (e.g. of traffic); meeting (up))/ Māji saremashita * (merge; merging/ computing)
Adj2	Mixed	混合した/ ミックスした/ ミックス (ie. ミックスドリンク)	Kongō shita/ Mikkusu shita/ Mikkusu (ie. mikkusudorinku)
Adj2	Mutually exclusive	相互排他的/ 互いに排他的/ 相容れない/ 排反(な)/ 相互に排他的(な)	Sōgo haita-teki/ Tagaini haita-teki/ Aiirenai/ Haihan (na) * (haihan'na)/ Sōgo ni haita-teki (na)
Adj2	Nautic	航海(する/ の/ な)/ ノーティックな(な)	Kōkai (suru/ no/ na)/ Nōtikkuna (na)

Adj2	Neutral	中性 (の)/ 不即不離 (の)/ 中間 (の/ な)/ 無色 (の/ な)/ ニュートラル (な)	Chūsei (no) * (neutrality (incl. chemical, electrical, etc.); indifference/ sexlessness; androgyny; androgyne; neuter/ neuter gender)/ Fusokufuri (no) * (neutral; noncommittal)/ Chūkan (no/ na) * (middle; midway; halfway; centre; center/ middle position; moderate position; neutral position; middle-of-the-road position/ interim; intermediary; intermediate; midterm)/ Mushoku (no/ na) * (colourless; colorless; achromatic/ neutral (position); impartial)/ Nyūtoraru (na)
Adj2	Newly wed	新婚 (の/ する)	Shinkon (no/ suru)
Adj2	Not guilty	無罪 (の/ な)	Muzai (no/ na)
Adj2	Obligately	義務的 (に/ な)	Gimu-teki (ni/ na)
Adj2	Obligatory	義務的 (に/ な)	Gimu-teki (ni/ na)
Adj2	Obliged (obligated)	義務 (義務)	Gimu (gimu)
Adj2	Offensive	攻撃 (する)/ 攻撃的 (な)/ 攻勢 (の/ な)/ オフェンシブ (な/ の)	Kōgeki (suru)/ Kōgeki-teki (na)/ Kōsei (no/ na)/ Ofenshibu (na/ no)
Adj2	On the go	外出先で/ 東奔西走 (する)/ 外出中	Gaishutsu-saki de * (where one has gone to; place one has gone to; (outing) destination)/ Tōhonseisō (suru) * (busying oneself about (something); being on the move; bestirring oneself; on the go; taking an active interest)/ Sotodashichū * (while being out of the office or away from home; being not at home; not at home; on the go; on-the-go; while on the go; while being out; while out)
Adj2	On the heels	... のすぐ後に続いて/ ... の余波で	... no Sugu-go ni tsudzuite * (immediately following; following immediately; to immediately follow)/ ... no Yoha de * (in the aftermath of ; on the heels of; at the heels of; at someone's heels)
Adj2	On the lookout (on the watch)	見張り中/ 張り込む/ 看視しています/ 見張りしています (監視中)	Mihari-chū/ Harikomu * (to be on the lookout; to lie in wait)/ Kanshi shite imasu/ Mihari shite imasu (Kanshi-chū)
Adj2	On the loose (on the rampage)	野放し/ 逃走中 (の)/ 逃亡中 (の) (大暴れ (する/ の)/ 暴走 (する)/ 荒れ狂う/ 猛り狂う/ 暴れまわる/ ランペイジ中/ 暴れている)	Nobanashi * (pasturing; letting (an animal) run loose)/ Tōsō-chū (no) * (on the run, ie. criminal)/ Tōbō-chū (no) * (on the run, ie. criminal) (Dai abare (suru/ no)/ Bōsō (suru)/ Arekuruu/ Takeri kuruu/ Abare mawaru/ Ranpeiji-chū/ Abarete iru)
Adj2	On the run	逃走中/ 逃亡中	Tōsō-chū/ Tōbō-chū

Adj2	One by one	一つずつ (一つ宛/ 一つづつ/ ひとつずつ/ ひとつづつ)/ 次々 (次々/ つぎつぎ) (と)/ 個々 (個個/ 箇箇/ ここ) (の)/ 逐一 (ちくいつ)/ 一人一人 (一人一人/ 一人ひとり/ ひとりひとり/ ひとりびとり)/ 毎に (ごとに)/ 次々に (次々に/ つぎつぎに)/ 順に/ 個人個人/ 一つまた一つ (一つ又一つ/ ひとつまたひとつ)/ 一人ずつ (一人宛/ ひとりずつ)	Hitotsuzutsu (Hitotsu dzutsu/ hitotsu zutsu)/ Tsugitsugi (to)/ Koko (no)/ Chikuichi/ Hitorihitori (hitorihitori/ hitori bitori)/ Goto ni * (not mai ni)/ Tsugitsugini/ Jun ni/ Kojin kojīn/ Hitotsu matahitotsu/ Hitorizutsu
Adj2	Operational (in action; ready for action)	操作的 (な)/ 運営上 (の)/ オペレーショナル (な)/ 運用可能 (動作中/ 行動中/ 活動中/ 動作しています/ 行動しています; 行動の準備ができています/ 活動の準備ができています/ 行動の準備完了/ 動作準備完了)	Sōsa-teki (na)/ Un'eijō (no)/ Operēshonaru (na)/ Un'yō kanō (Dōsa-chū/ Kōdō-chū/ Katsudō-chū/ Dōsa shite imasu/ Kōdō shite imasu; Kōdō no junbi ga dekite iru/ Katsudō no junbi ga dekite iru/ Kōdō no junbi kanryō/ Dōsa junbi kanryō)
Adj2	Optional	任意 (の/ な)/ オプショナル (の/ な)	Nin'i (no/ na)/ Opushonaru (no/ na)
Adj2	Orthodox	正統 (な/ の)/ 正統派 (の)/ オーソドックス (な)	Seitō (na/ no) * (legitimate; orthodox; traditional)/ Seitō-ha (no) * (orthodox; orthodox school)/ Ōsodokkusu (na)
Adj2	Owned	所有 (する)	Shoyū (suru)
Adj2	Partial (partially)	部分的に, 部分的に	Bubun-teki ni, bubun-teki ni
Adj2	Penetrating (piercing)	貫通 (する/ の/ な)/ 浸透 (する) (貫通 (する/ の/ な))	Kantsū (suru/ no/ na) * (passing through (of a tunnel, bullet, etc.); going (right) through; penetrating; piercing)/ Shintō (suru) * (permeation (of thought, ideology, culture, etc.); infiltration (e.g. of ideas); spread; penetration (e.g. into a market); pervasion/ permeation (of a liquid, etc.); soaking; percolation/ osmosis * (chemistry; biology)) (kantsū (suru/ no/ na))
Adj2	Perilous	危険 (な)	Kiken (na)
Adj2	Personally speaking (speaking in my personal opinion)	ワタシ的に言うと	Watashi-teki ni iu to
Adj2	Persuaded	説得された/ 確信されました	Settoku sa reta/ Kakushin sa remashita
Adj2	Philosophical	哲学的 (な/ に)	Tetsugaku-teki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Physical (physically)	物理的 (な/ に)/ 物的 (な/ に)/ フィジカル (な/ に)/ 身体的 (な/ に)/ 肉的 (な/ に)	Butsuri-teki (na/ ni)/ Butteki (na/ ni)/ Fijikaru (na/ ni)/ Karada-teki (na/ ni)/ Niku-teki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Physical (physical science)	理学的 (な/ に)/ 物理的 (な/ に)	Rigaku-teki (na/ ni)/ Butsuri-teki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Physiological (physical)	生理的 (に/ な)/ 生理 (の)/ 生理学的 (に/ な)	Seiri-teki (ni/ na)/ Seiri (no)/ Seirigaku-teki (ni/ na)
Adj2	Political	政治的	Seidjiteki

Adj2	Polluted	汚染された/ 汚した	Osen sareta/ Yogoshita
Adj2	Portable	ポータブル (な)	Pōtaburu (na)
Adj2	Potential	潜在的 (な)/ 可能 (な)/ 潜在能力 (的) (な)/ ポテンシャル (的) (な)	Senzai-teki (na) * (latent; potential)/ Kanō (na) * (possible; potential; practicable; feasible)/ Senzai nōryoku (teki) (na) * (potential; latent faculties; potential capacities)/ Potensharu (teki) (na)
Adj2	Practical (realistic; practically)	実践的 (な)/ 実地的 (な)/ 実用的 (な)/ 現実的 (な)/ 実際に/ 殆ど (ほとんど)	Jissen-teki (na) * (practical; pragmatic; hands-on; nuts and bolts)/ Jissai-teki (na) * (practical; realistic; pragmatic)/ Jitsuyō-teki (na) * (practical; useful; utilitarian; pragmatic)/ Genjitsu-teki (na)/ Jissai ni * (in practice; practically)/ Hotondo * (almost; nearly; mostly; practically; virtually; basically; just about; all but)
Adj2	Pragmatic	実用的 (な)/ 現実的 (な)/ 実地的 (な)/ 実践的 (な)/ プラグマティック (な)	Jitsuyō-teki (na) * (practical; useful; utilitarian; pragmatic)/ Genjitsu-teki (na) * (realistic; pragmatic)/ Jissaiteki (na) * (practical; realistic; pragmatic)/ Jissen-teki (na) * (practical; pragmatic; hands-on; nuts and bolts)/ Puragumatikku (na)
Adj2	Precocious	早熟 (な/ の)	Sōjuku (na/ no)
Adj2	Predestined	運命づけられた	Unmei-zukerareta
Adj2	Preliminary (preparatory)	予備的 (に/ な)/ 予備 (の)	Yobi-teki (ni/ na)/ Yobi (no)
Adj2	Prematurely	時期尚早 (に/ な/ の)	Jiki shōsō (ni/ na/ no)
Adj2	Printed	印刷済み/ 印刷されました/ 印刷して終わりました	Insatsu-zumi/ Insatsu sa remashita/ Insatsu shite owarimashita
Adj2	Privileged	特権的 (な)/ 特典的 (な)	Tokken-teki (na)/ Tokuten-teki (na)
Adj2	Professional (professionally)	専門的 (な)/ 職業的 (な)/ プロフェッショナル (な) (プロフェッショナル (な))	Senmon-teki (na)/ Shokugyō-teki (na)/ Purofessionaru (na) (purofessionaru (na))
Adj2	Profound	奥深い/ 深遠 (な)/ 深い/ 重厚 (な)/ 深長 (な)/ 深遠なる	Okubukai * (profound; deep)/ Shin'en (na) * (profound; deep; unfathomable; esoteric)/ Fukai * (deep/ profound)/ Jūkō (na) * (profound; deep; grave; solid; dignified; stately; solemn; composed; substantial; massive)/ Shinchō (na) * (profound)/ Shin'en'aru * (profound)
Adj2	Psychological	心理的 (な/ に)	Shinri-teki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Psychologically speaking	心理的に言うと	Shinri-teki ni iu to
Adj2	Public (publicly, open)	公開 (する)/ 公開的 (な/ に)/ パブリック (な)/ 公衆 (の)/ 公衆的 (な/ に)/ 陽に (ように)	Kōkai (suru)/ Kōkai-teki (na/ ni)/ Paburikku (na)/ Kōshū (no)/ Kōshū-teki (na/ ni)/ Yō ni * (visibly; openly; publicly)
Adj2	Quintessential	典型的 (な)	Tenkei-teki (na)
Adj2	Quivering	震える/ ぶるぶる (ブルブル) (と/ する)/ ピリピリ (ぴりぴり) (と/ する)	Furueru/ Buruburu (to/ suru)/ Piripiri (to/ suru)
Adj2	Rational (rationally; logical; reasonable)	合理的 (な/ に)	Gōri-teki (na/ ni)

Adj2	Realistic	現実的 (な)	Genjitsu-teki (na)
Adj2	Received	受け取った	Uketotta
Adj2	Recovered	回復しました (回復された/ 回復した)/ 復元しました (復元された/ 復元した)/ 快癒した	Kaifuku shimashita (kaifuku sa reta/ kaifuku shita) * (restored/ restoration; rehabilitation; recovery; return; replevin; improvement/ recovery (from an illness); recuperation; convalescence)/ Fukugen shimashita (fukugen sa reta/ fukugen shita) * (restoration (to the original state or location); reconstruction; restitution)/ Kaiyu shita * (recovery; convalescence)
Adj2	Regarded as	としてみなされる	To shite minasareru
Adj2	Rescued	救出された	Kyūshutsu sareta
Adj2	Restored	復元しました (復元された/ 復元した)/ 回復しました (回復された/ 回復した)/ 復旧した/ 修復した	Fukugen shimashita (fukugen sa reta/ fukugen shita) * (restoration (to the original state or location); reconstruction; restitution)/ Kaifuku shimashita (kaifuku sa reta/ kaifuku shita) * (restored/ restoration; rehabilitation; recovery; return; replevin; improvement/ recovery (from an illness); recuperation; convalescence)/ Fukyū shita * (restoration; restitution; rehabilitation)/ Shūfuku shita * (restoration; repair; mending)
Adj2	Reserve (spare)	予備 (の)	Yobi (no)
Adj2	Restrained (inhibited; limited)	抑制された/ 制御された/ 束縛された/ 控えめ (な) (抑制された; 制限された)	Yokusei sa reta/ Seigyo sa reta/ Sokubaku sa reta/ Hikaeme (na) * (restrained as in 'reserved; conservative; humble') (yokusei sareta; seigen sareta)
Adj2	Revised (edited)	改訂 (する/ の)/ 改正 (する/ の)/ 修正 (する)/ 訂正 (する/ の)/ 是正 (する)/ 変更 (する)/ 更正 (する)/ 復習 (する)/ 見直し (する)/ 加筆 (する)/ 改定 (する)/ 査定 (する) (編集 (する))	Kaitei (suru/ no) * (revision (of text); alteration; change)/ Kaisei (suru/ no) * (revision; amendment; alteration)/ Shūsei (suru) * (amendment; correction; revision; modification; alteration; retouching; update; fix)/ Teisei (suru/ no) * (correction; revision; amendment)/ Zesei (suru) * (correction; revision; redressing; rectifying)/ Henkō (suru) * (change; modification; alteration; revision; amendment)/ Kōsei (suru) * (correction; revision; rectification)/ Fukushū (suru) * (review (of learned material); revision)/ Minaoshi (suru) * (review; reconsideration; revision)/ Kahitsu (suru) * (improvement (to a piece of writing or painting); revision; correction; touching up)/ Kaitei (suru) * (revision (of a rule, price, etc.); alteration; change)/ Satei (suru) * (assessment (of value, damages, etc.); revision (of a budget)) (Henshū (suru) * (editing; compilation))
Adj2	Ritualistic	儀式的 (な)/ 儀礼的 (な)	Gishiki-tekii (na)/ Girei-teki (na)

Adj2	Rooty	根深い/ 根 (の)/ ルーティ (な)	Nebukai * (deep-rooted; ingrained)/ Ne (no)/ Rūti (na)
Adj2	Scientific	科学的 (な/ に)	Kagaku-teki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Scrupulous	几帳面 (な)	Kichōmen (na)
Adj2	Second hand	中古 (の)/ セカンドハンド (の)/ 古 (ふる) (の)	Chūko (no)/ Sekandohando (no)/ Furu (no)
Adj2	Secular (worldly)	世俗的 (な) (世俗的 (な))	Sezoku-teki (na) (sezoku-teki (na))
Adj2	Seized	押収された	Ōshū sareta
Adj2	Self-fulfilling	自己実現的 (に/ な)/ 自己充足的 (な/ に)	Jiko jitsugen-teki (ni/ na)/ Jiko jūsoku-teki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Sequential	一連 (の/ な)/ 順次 (の/ な)/ 順番 (の/ な)/ 順序 (の/ な)/ シーケンシャル (の/ な)	Ichiren (no/ na)/ Junji (no/ na)/ Junban (no/ na)/ Junjo (no/ na)/ Shīkensharu (no/ na)
Adj2	Social (socially)	社交的 (な)/ 社会的 (な)/ 社交 (の)/ 社会 (の)/ ソーシャル (的) (な/ の) (社会的に)	Shakō-teki (na)/ Shakai-teki (na)/ Shakō (no)/ Shakai (no)/ Sōsharu (teki) (na/ no) (shakai-teki ni)
Adj2	Sonic (supersonic)	ソニック (の/ な) (超音 (の)/ 超音速)	Sonikku (no/ na) (Chō-on (no) * (supersonic; ultrasonic)/ chō onsoku * (supersonic speed))
Adj2	Speaking (in a sense)	に言う	Ni iu to
Adj2	Spiritual	精神的 (な/ に)/ 霊的 (な/ に)	Seishin-teki (na/ ni)/ Reiteki (na/ ni)
Adj2	Static	静的 (な)	Seiteki (na)
Adj2	Statistical	統計的 (な)/ 統計 (な/ の)	Tōkei-teki (na)/ Tōkei (na/ no)
Adj2	Step by step	一歩ずつ/ 一步一步 (1 歩 1 歩/ いっぽいっぽ)/ 徐々に (徐々に/ じょじょに)/ 歩一歩/ 次第次第に (次第々々に/ 次第しだいに/ しだいしだいに)/ 次第次第 (次第々々/ 次第しだい/ しだいしだい)/ 追々 (追追/ 追い追い/ おいおい)/ ちょっとずつ/ ステップ・バイ・ステップ (ステップバイステップ)/ 手順ごと	Ippo zutsu/ Ippoippo/ Jojoni/ Hoippu/ Shidai shidaini/ Shidaishidai/ Oioi/ Chotto zutsu/ Suteppu bai suteppu (suteppubaisuteppu)/ Tejun-goto
Adj2	Strict (strictly)	厳密に (厳密に)	Genmitsu ni (genmitsu ni)
Adj2	Stirred	かき混ぜた (掻き混ぜた)	Kakimazeta
Adj2	Strategical	戦略的 (に/ な/ の)	Senryaku-teki (ni/ na/ no)
Adj2	Striped	縞々 (縞縞/ しましま) (の/ な)/ ストライプ (の/ な)/ 虎柄/ 縞柄/ 縞模様 (の)	Shimashima (no/ na) * (striped; stripes)/ Sutoraipu (no/ na) * (stripe)/ Tora-gara * (tiger pattern; striped (like a tiger))/ Shimagara * (striped pattern)/ Shima moyō (no) * (striped pattern)
Adj2	Structural (structurally; periodical)	構造的 (な) (構造的 (な); 周期的 (な))	Kōzō-teki (na) (Kōzō-teki (na); Shūki-teki (na))
Adj2	Subordinated	従属 (する/ の)	Jūzoku (suru/ no)
Adj2	Superstitious	迷信	Meishin
Adj2	Surrealistic	超現実的 (な)	Chōgenjitsuteki (na)
Adj2	Tactical	戦術的 (に/ な/ の)	Senjutsu-teki (ni/ na/ no)
Adj2	Technical	技術的 (な)/ 専門的 (な)/ テクニカル (な)	Gijutsu-teki (na)/ Senmon-teki (na)/ Tekunikaru (na)

Adj2	Theoretical (theoretically)	理論的 (に/ な)	Riron-teki (ni/ na)
Adj2	Trapped	閉じ込められた/ トラップされた/ 逼塞 (する)/ 抜き差しならぬ/ 引っ掛けた	Tojikomerareta/ Torappu sareta/ Hissoku (suru) * (being trapped (and having no way out))/ Nukisashinaranu * (sticky (situation); finding oneself trapped)/ Hikkaketa * (hooked; trapped; to hook; to catch; to trap; to ensnare)
Adj2	Trespassing	不法侵入	Fuhō shin'nyū
Adj2	Tropic	熱帯	Nettai
Adj2	Tropical	熱帶的 (な)/ トロピカル (な)	Nettai-teki (na)/ Toropikaru (na)
Adj2	Two fold	二つ折り (の) * (二つ折りにする - to fold in two; to fold in half; to double up)/ 二つの折り	Futatsuori (no) * (Futatsuori ni suru - to fold in two; to fold in half; to double up)/ Futatsu no ori
Adj2	Typical (typically)	典型的 (な) (通常/ 通常的)/ ティピカル (な)	Tenkei-teki (na) (Tsūjō/ Tsūjō-teki)/ Tipikaru (na)
Adj2	Unacceptable (intolerable)	受け入れられない (耐えられない)	Ukeirerarenai (taerarenai)
Adj2	Unchanging	変わらない	Kawaranai
Adj2	Unconcerned	無関心 (な)/ 何気ない (何気無い)/ 平気 (な)/ 淡淡 (淡々) (たる/ と)/ 疎い	Mukanshin (na) * (the adjective becomes 'mukanshin'na')/ Nanigenai/ Heiki (na)/ Tantan (taru/ to)/ Utoi
Adj2	Unconditional	無条件 (の)/ 絶対	Mujōken (no)/ Zettai
Adj2	Under investigation	調査中 (で/ の)	Chōsa-chū (de/ no)
Adj2	Under the guise of	の名目の下に/ の名目で/ (を) 装って/ という建前の下に	No meimoku no shita ni * (under the guise of; under the pretext of; (under the) pretext (of); pretense)/ No meimoku de * (under the pretext of; (under the) pretext (of); pretense; in name of; in the name of; under the name of;)/ (o) Yosōtte * (pretending to be; feigning to be; disguising oneself as; posing as)/ To iu tatemae no shita ni * (under the guise of; under the banner of (face; official stance; public position or attitude (as opposed to private thoughts)))
Adj2	Underway	進行中	Shinkō-chū
Adj2	Unedited (undoctored)	無編集 (の/ な)/ 無修正 (的) (の/ な) (無修正 (的) (の/ な))	Mu henshū (no/ na) * (unedited)/ Mu shūsei (teki) (no/ na) * (unaltered; unedited; unamended; uncensored; unexpurgated) (mu shūsei (teki) (no/ na))
Adj2	Unfathomable	計り知れない/ 深遠 (な)/ 洸洋 (の)/ 千万無量 (な)/ 不可思議 (な)	Hakarishirenai * (unfathomable; inestimable; immeasurable)/ Shin'en (na) * (profound; deep; unfathomable; esoteric)/ Kōyō (no) * (unfathomable; great expanse of water; incoherent)/ Senmanmuryō (na) * (innumerable; unfathomable; unutterable)/ Fukashigi (na) * (mystery; something inexplicable; wonder; miracle/ unfathomable (of a Buddha's abilities)/ 10 ⁶⁴ (or 10 ⁸⁰))

Adj2	Unintentional (unintended; undeliberate; accidental)	意図しない/ 意図的ではない/ 意図なしに (意図無しに)/ 意図せず (意図的ではない; 故意ではない; 偶然の)	Ito shinai/ Itotekide wanai/ Ito nashi ni/ Ito sezu (itotekide wanai; koide wanai; gūzen no)
Adj2	Unintentionally (involuntarily)	意図せず/ 思わず	Ito sezu/ Omowazu
Adj2	Unitary	一元 (の)/ 単一 (な/ の)	Ichigen (no)/ Tan'itsu (na/ no)
Adj2	Universal (omnipresent; ubiquitous)	普遍的 (に/ な)/ 普遍 (の/ する)/ ユニバーサル (な)	Fuhen-teki (ni/ na)/ Fuhen (no/ suru)/ Yunibāsarū (na)
Adj2	Unmodified	無修正 (的) (の/ な)/ 修正されていない/ 未編集 (の/ な)	Mu shūsei (teki) (no/ na) * (unaltered; unedited; unamended; uncensored; unexpurgated)/ Shūsei sarete inai * (not modified; not fixed)/ Mi henshū (no/ na) * (unedited)
Adj2	Unorthodox	型破り (な/ の)/ 非正統的 (な)/ 変則的 (な)	Katayaburi (na/ no) * (unusual; unconventional; mold-breaking; outside the box)/ Hi seitō-teki (na)/ Hensoku-teki (na) * (irregular; anomalous; atypical)
Adj2	Unreal (not real)	非現実的 (現実的ではない)	Higenjitsuteki (genjitsu-tekide wa nai)
Adj2	Unreasonable (unrealistic)	無理 (な)/ 無茶苦茶 (な)/ 無茶 (な)/ 目茶苦茶 (な)/ 理不尽 (な)/ 贅沢を言う	Muri (na)/ Muchakucha (na)/ Mucha (na)/ Mechakucha (na)/ Rifujin (na)/ Zeitaku o iu * (to ask too much/ to expect too much; ie. unreasonable demands or requirements)
Adj2	Unrestrained (uninhibited; unlimited)	無制限 (の/ な)/ 忌憚のない (忌憚の無い/ きたんのない)/ 抑制されない/ 制御されない/ 気まま (な)/ 束縛されない (無制限 (の/ な); 無制限 (の/ な))	Museigen (no/ na)/ Kitan'nonai (kitan no nai)/ Yokusei sa renai/ Seigyo sa renai/ Kimama (na)/ Sokubaku sa renai (museigen (no/ na); museigen (no/ na))
Adj2	Unseasoned (undyed; unaltered)	白 (な/ の)	Shira * (not shiro)
Adj2	Upside down	逆さまに	Sakasama ni
Adj2	Vigilant (watchful)	用心深い (用心深い)	Yōjinbukai (yōjinbukai)
Adj2	Virtual	バーチャル (な)/ 仮想的 (な)/ 仮想 (する/ の)	Bācharu (na) * (virtual)/ Kasō-teki (na) * (virtual/ computing)/ Kasō (suru/ no) * (imagination; supposition; virtual; potential (enemy))
Adj2	Visional	先見の明のある/ ビジョナル (の)	Senken no mei no aru/ Bijonaru (no)
Adj2	Vocational	職業的 (な)/ 専門 (的) (な/ の) * (ie. 専門学校)	Shokugyō-teki (na) * (professional)/ Senmon (teki) (na/ no) * (speciality; specialty; special subject of study; area of expertise; (one's) field; (one's) major)* (ie. senmon gakkō - vocational school; technical school)
Adj2	Voluntary	自発的	Jihatsu-teki
Adj2	Voluntarily	自発的に	Jihatsu-teki ni
Adj2	Waterproof	防水 (する/ の)/ 耐水 (の)/ 防浸 (の)/ ウォータープルーフ (の/ な)	Bōsui (suru/ no)/ Taisui (no)/ Bōshin (no)/ U~ōtāpurūfu (no/ na)
Adj2	Well prepared	十分な準備/ よく準備をする/ 十分な準備ができています	Jūbun'na junbi/ Yoku junbi o suru/ Jūbun'na junbi ga dekite imasu

Adj2	Xenophobic	外国人嫌い/ 排外的 (な)/ 外国人排斥的 (な)/ ショービニズム的 (な)	Gaikoku hitogirai/ Haigai-teki (na)/ Gaikokujinhaiseki-teki (na)/ Shōbinizumu-teki (na) * (chauvinistic; chauvinism. from French "chauvinisme"; xenophobia; xenophobic)
Adj-Othe	A great deal of	大いに	ōini
Adj-Othe	A streak of	一筋 (の)	Hitosuji (no)
Adj-Othe	Abashed	恥ずかしい	Hazukashī
Adj-Othe	Abiding	遵守している (遵守 (する))	Junshu shite iru (junshu (suru))
Adj-Othe	Ablaze	燃え上がる	moeagaru
Adj-Othe	Abloom	花咲く	Hanasaku
Adj-Othe	Abnormal	異常 (な)	Ijō (na)
Adj-Othe	Abnormally	異常に	Ijou ni
Adj-Othe	Abounding	発する	hassuru
Adj-Othe	Abrupt	突然	totsuzen
Adj-Othe	Abruptly	突然	Totsuzen
Adj-Othe	Absent-minded	ぼんやりした	Bon'yari shita
Adj-Othe	Absolute	絶対的	zettaiteki
Adj-Othe	Absorbed	夢中	muchuu
Adj-Othe	Absorbing	吸収 (する)	kyuushuu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Abstruse	難解 (な)	Nankai (na)
Adj-Othe	Absurd	不条理	Fujōri
Adj-Othe	Abusing	虐待	Gyakutai
Adj-Othe	Abusive	虐待的	Gyakutai-teki
Adj-Othe	Abuzz	騒々しい	souzaushii
Adj-Othe	Accented (with an accent)	アクセントあり (アクセントあり)	Akusento ari (akusento ari)
Adj-Othe	Accentless (without an accent)	アクセントなし (アクセントなし)	Akusento nashi (akusento nashi)
Adj-Othe	Accepting	受け入れる	ukeireru
Adj-Othe	Accessible	近づきやすい	Chikadzuki yasui
Adj-Othe	Accidental (accidentally)	偶然 (偶然)	Gūzen (gūzen)
Adj-Othe	Accomplished	達成	Tassei
Adj-Othe	According to	に従って	ni shitagatte
Adj-Othe	Accurate (accurately)	正確 (正確に)	Seikaku (seikaku ni)
Adj-Othe	Accursed	呪われた	Norowareta
Adj-Othe	Acerbate	辛辣 (な)	Shinratsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Acerbic	辛辣 (な)	Shinratsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Achievable	達成可能 (な)	Tasseikanou (na)
Adj-Othe	Acknowledged (acknowledging)	認める (認める)	mitomeru
Adj-Othe	Acoustic	音響	Onkyō
Adj-Othe	Acquiescent	従うこと	Shitagau koto
Adj-Othe	Acquired (acquiring)	獲得 (する) (獲得 (する))	kakutoku (suru) (kakutoku (suru))
Adj-Othe	Acrid	刺激的 (な)	shigekiteki (na)
Adj-Othe	Actively	積極的に	sekkyokuteki ni
Adj-Othe	Adaptable	適応可能	Tekiō kanō
Adj-Othe	Added together	足し合わせる	Tashi awaseru
Adj-Othe	Addressable	アドレス可能	Adoresu kanō
Adj-Othe	Adequate	十分 (な)	Jūbun (na)

Adj-Othe	Adhesive	接着剤	secchakuzai
Adj-Othe	Adjusted (adjusting)	調整済み (調整中)	Chōsei zumi (chōsei chū)
Adj-Othe	Administering	管理 (する)	kanri (suru)
Adj-Othe	Administrative	管理 (する)	kanri (suru)
Adj-Othe	Admirable	素晴らしい	Subarashī
Adj-Othe	Admired	尊敬 (する)	Sonkei (suru)
Adj-Othe	Admonishing	忠告 (する)	Chūkoku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Adolescent	青年期	seinenki
Adj-Othe	Adorable	かわいい (可愛い)	Kawaii
Adj-Othe	Adorable	愛らしい	Airashii
Adj-Othe	Adorned	飾られた	Kazarareta
Adj-Othe	Adverse	有害	Yūgai
Adj-Othe	Advertent (advertently)	不注意 (不注意に)	Fuchūi (fuchūi ni)
Adj-Othe	Aerial	航空/ 架空/ 空 * (as in '空爆 (する/ の)')/ 空中 (の)	Kōkū/ Kakū/ Sora* (as in 'kūbaku (suru/ no)', aerial bombing)/ Kūchū (no)
Adj-Othe	Aerobic	好気性	Kōkisei
Adj-Othe	Aerodynamical	空気力学的	Kūkiryoku gakuteki
Adj-Othe	Affable	愛想が良い	Aiso ga yoi
Adj-Othe	Affected	影響を受ける	eikyou o ukeru
Adj-Othe	Affectedly	気取って	Kidotte
Adj-Othe	Affixed	貼り付ける	Haritsukeru
Adj-Othe	Affordable (affordability)	手頃な価格 (手頃な価格)	Tegorona kakaku (tegorona kakaku)
Adj-Othe	Afresh	リフレッシュ	Rifuresshu
Adj-Othe	Agape	口をあぐり開ける	Kuchi o anguri akeru
Adj-Othe	Aggravating	悪化 (する)	Akka (suru)
Adj-Othe	Agile	身軽 (な)/ 素早い/ 軽い/ 敏捷 (な)/ 手早い/ 手ばしこい/ アジャイル (な)/ 機敏 (な)	Migaru (na)/ Subayai/ Karui/ Binshō (na)/ Tebayai/ Tebashikoi/ Ajairu (na)/ Bibin (na)
Adj-Othe	Aging	老化	Rōka
Adj-Othe	Agitated	興奮した	Kōfun shita
Adj-Othe	Agitating	煽る	Aoru
Adj-Othe	Agreeable	同意できる	Dōi dekiru
Adj-Othe	Agreed	同意しました	Dōi shimashita
Adj-Othe	Aided	援助された	enjo saretā
Adj-Othe	Aimless (aimlessly)	目的のない	Mokuteki no nai
Adj-Othe	Airborne	空挺/ 空中に浮かぶ	Kūtei/ Kuuchuu ni ukabu
Adj-Othe	Ajar	半開き	Hankiraki
Adj-Othe	Alarmed	警戒 (する)	keikai suru
Adj-Othe	Alert	敏感 (な)/ 素早い/ アラート (な)/ 機敏 (な)	Binkan (na)/ Subayai/ Arāto (na)/ Kibin (na)
Adj-Othe	Alerted	警戒済み	Keikai-zumi
Adj-Othe	Alienated	疎遠になる	Soen ni naru
Adj-Othe	Alienated (alienating)	疎外される (疎外する)	Sogai sareru (sogai suru)
Adj-Othe	Alive (Sentient; conscious)	生きている (感覚を持っている、意識がある)	Ikite iru (kankaku o motte iru, ishiki ga aru)
Adj-Othe	All around	あちこち	Achikochi
Adj-Othe	All of that	それらすべて	sorera subete
Adj-Othe	All over	至る所	Itarutokoro

Adj-Othe	Alleged (allegedly)	申し立てられた (申し立てられた)	Mōshitate rareta (mōshitate rareta)
Adj-Othe	All-encompassing	包括的	Hōkakuteki
Adj-Othe	Alleviating	緩和 (する)	Kanwa (suru)
Adj-Othe	All-inclusive	包括的	Hōkatsu teki
Adj-Othe	All-knowing	全知	Zenchi
Adj-Othe	All-or-nothing	全か無か	zen ka nashi ka
Adj-Othe	Allowing	許可 (する)	Kyoka (suru)
Adj-Othe	Allround	万能/ オールラウンド (な)	Ban'nō/ Ōruraundo (na)
Adj-Othe	All-round	万能	Ban'nō
Adj-Othe	All-time	史上最高	shijou saikou
Adj-Othe	All-time high	史上最高	shijou saikou
Adj-Othe	Almighty	全能	Zen'nō
Adj-Othe	Almost finished	ほとんど終わった	Hotondo owatta
Adj-Othe	Aloud	声に出して	koe ni dashite
Adj-Othe	Alterable	変更可能	Henkō kanō
Adj-Othe	Altered (changed)	変更された (変更された)	Henkō sa reta (henkō sa reta)
Adj-Othe	Altering	変更	Henkō
Adj-Othe	Amazingly	驚くほど	odoroku hodo
Adj-Othe	Ambitiously	野心的に	Yashinteki ni
Adj-Othe	Ambushed	待ち伏せされる	Machibuse sareru
Adj-Othe	Amenable	従順 (な)	Jūjun (na)
Adj-Othe	Amiable	愛想が良い	Aiso ga yoi
Adj-Othe	Among other things	他のもの	Hoka no mono
Adj-Othe	Amoral	道徳心のない	Dōtokushin no nai
Adj-Othe	Amorous	好色 (な)	Kōshoku (na)
Adj-Othe	Ample	十分 (な)	Jūbun (na)
Adj-Othe	Amused	面白がる	omoshirogaru
Adj-Othe	Analogous	類似	ruiji
Adj-Othe	Analogue	類似	ruiji
Adj-Othe	And other things (etc.)	そして他のもの (など)	Soshite hoka no mono (nado)
Adj-Othe	Angst-ridden	不安に駆られた	Fuan ni karareta
Adj-Othe	Animate	アニメートする	Animeeto suru
Adj-Othe	Animated	アニメーション	animeeshon
Adj-Othe	Anthropomorphized	擬人化する	gijinka suru
Adj-Othe	Antic	おどけた	odoketa
Adj-Othe	Anticipated (anticipating)	予想した (予想する)	Yosou shita (yosou suru)
Adj-Othe	Anxious	不安 (な)	Fuan (na)
Adj-Othe	Anxiously	不安にさせる	fuan ni saseru
Adj-Othe	Apathetic (lethargic)	無気力 (な)/ 無関心 (な) (無気力 (な))	Mukiryoku (na)/ Mukanshin (na) (mukiryoku (na))
Adj-Othe	Apparently	どうやら	Dōyara * (possibly; apparently; seem) likely; seemingly/ somehow or other; with difficulty; barely; after a fashion)
Adj-Othe	Appeared	見かけ上	Mikakejou
Adj-Othe	Appended	追加 (する)	Tsuika (suru)
Adj-Othe	Applauding	拍手 (する)	hakushu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Appointed	任命 (する)	Ninmei (suru)
Adj-Othe	Appraised	評価	Hyōka

Adj-Othe	Appraisingly	評価するように	hyouka suru you ni
Adj-Othe	Appreciative (appreciatively)	感謝 (感謝して)	Kansha (kansha shite)
Adj-Othe	Apprehensive	不安	fuan
Adj-Othe	Approachable	近づきやすい	Chikadzuki yasui
Adj-Othe	Appropriate	適切	Tekisetsu
Adj-Othe	Approved (approving)	承認 (する) (承認 (する))	Shōnin (suru) (shōnin (suru))
Adj-Othe	Approximate	近似 (する)	Kinji (suru)
Adj-Othe	Apt	適切 (な)	tekisetsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Arcane	難解 (な)	Nankai (na)
Adj-Othe	Ardent (ardently)	熱烈 (な) (熱烈に)	Netsuretsu (na) (netsuretsu ni)
Adj-Othe	Arguing (argued)	口論 (する) (口論 (する))	Kōron (suru) (kōron (suru))
Adj-Othe	Argumentative	議論好き	gironzuki
Adj-Othe	Armorial	紋章	Monshou
Adj-Othe	Arousing	刺激 (する)	Shigeki (suru)
Adj-Othe	Arrived (arriving)	到着 (する) (到着 (する))	tōchaku (suru) (tōchaku (suru))
Adj-Othe	Arrogant	傲慢	kōman
Adj-Othe	Arrogantly	傲慢にも	Gōman ni mo
Adj-Othe	Articulate	明確にする	Meikaku ni suru
Adj-Othe	Artificial	人工的 (な)	Jinkouteki (na)
Adj-Othe	Artistic	芸術的	geijutsuteki
Adj-Othe	Ashen	灰色	Haiiro
Adj-Othe	Ashen gray	灰色	Haiiro
Adj-Othe	Askew	斜め	Naname
Adj-Othe	Assailing (assailed)	襲う	Osou
Adj-Othe	Assertively	積極的に	Sekkyokuteki ni
Adj-Othe	Associating	付き合う	tsukiau
Adj-Othe	Assuming	思い込み	Omoikomi
Adj-Othe	Assuring (assured)	保証 (する) (保証 (する))	hoshō suru
Adj-Othe	Astir	アスティル	asutiru
Adj-Othe	Astounding	驚異的 (な)	Kyōi-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Astral	アストラル	
Adj-Othe	At ease	気楽に	Kiraku ni
Adj-Othe	At first glance (at first sight)	一目見て (一目見て)	Hitome mite (hitome mite)
Adj-Othe	At first hand	初めに	Hajime ni
Adj-Othe	Atmospheric	大気	Taiki
Adj-Othe	Attached	付属された/ 添付された	Fuzoku sareta * (being attached (to); being affiliated (to); belonging (to); going with)/ Tenpu sa reta * (attaching (documents, etc.); appending; affixing)
Adj-Othe	Attaining (attained)	達成 (する) (達成した)	tassei (suru) (tassei shita)
Adj-Othe	Attempting (attempted)	試みる (試みる)	Kokoromiru (kokoromiru)
Adj-Othe	Attentive	注意深い	Chuui-bukai
Adj-Othe	Attentive (attentively)	気配り (気配り)	Kiburui (kiburui)
Adj-Othe	Attesting	証明 (する)	shōmei suru
Adj-Othe	Attracting (attracted)	引き付ける (引き付けられる)	hikitsukeru (hikitsukerareru)
Adj-Othe	Attuned	同調した	Dōchō shita
Adj-Othe	Audibly	耳に聞こえて	Mimi ni kikoete
Adj-Othe	Authentically	本物に	Honmono ni

Adj-Othe	Authorative	権威	Ken'i
Adj-Othe	Authoritative	権威	Ken'i
Adj-Othe	Autistic	自閉症 (の)	Jiheishō (no)
Adj-Othe	Avoidable	避けられる	sakerareru
Adj-Othe	Aware	認識される/ わかっている	ninshiki sareru wakatte iru
Adj-Othe	Awe-inspiring (awe inspiring)	畏怖の念を抱かせる (畏怖の念を抱かせる)	Ifu no nen o daka seru (ifu no nen o daka seru)
Adj-Othe	Awesomely	素晴らしく	subarashiku
Adj-Othe	Awful	ひどい (酷い)	Hidoi * (very bad; terrible; awful)
Adj-Othe	Awfully	ひどく (酷く)	hidoku (hidoku)
Adj-Othe	Awkwardly	不器用	Bukiyō
Adj-Othe	Azure	青 (あお)/ 青い/ 紺碧/ アズール	Ao/ Aoi/ Konpeki/ Azūru
Adj-Othe	Backbiting	陰口を言う	Kageguchi o iu
Adj-Othe	Back-stabbing (backstabbing)	裏切り	Uragiri
Adj-Othe	Backward (backwards)	後ろ向き (後ろ向き)	Ushiromuki (ushiromuki)
Adj-Othe	Badly	ひどく (酷く)	hidoku (hidoku)
Adj-Othe	Bad-tempered	不機嫌 (な)	Fukigen (na)
Adj-Othe	Baffling	不可解	Fukakai
Adj-Othe	Balanced	バランスのとれた	baransu no toreta
Adj-Othe	Banal	凡庸 (な)	Bon'yō (na)
Adj-Othe	Banished	追放されました	Tsuihō saremashita
Adj-Othe	Banned (banning)	禁止 (する) (禁止 (する))	Kinshi (suru) (kinshi (suru))
Adj-Othe	Barbed	とげのある (刺のある)/ 刺々しい	Toge no aru/ Togetogeshi
Adj-Othe	Bare	裸	hadaka
Adj-Othe	Based	ベース	beesu
Adj-Othe	Based on	基づく	Motozuku
Adj-Othe	Bashing (bashed)	殴る (殴られる)	Naguru (nagu rareru)
Adj-Othe	Battered	打ちのめされた	uchinomesareta
Adj-Othe	Battered	打ちのめされる	Uchinomesareru
Adj-Othe	Battle-hardened	百戦錬磨 (の)	hyakusenrenma (no)
Adj-Othe	Beady	ビーズのよう (な)	Biizu no you (na)
Adj-Othe	Beaming	笑顔を浮かべる	egao o ukaberu
Adj-Othe	Bearing	態度	Taido
Adj-Othe	Beautifully	美しく	utsukushiku
Adj-Othe	Beautifully crafted	美しく作られた	Utsukushiku tsukurareta
Adj-Othe	Beckoning	手招き	temaneiki
Adj-Othe	Becoming	なる	Naru
Adj-Othe	Bedraggled	みすぼらしい	misuborashii (repeated)
Adj-Othe	Befallen	降りかかる	furi kakeru
Adj-Othe	Beforehand	事前に	Jizen ni
Adj-Othe	Befuddled	混乱させる	Konran saseru
Adj-Othe	Begrudging	しぶしぶ	Shibushibu
Adj-Othe	Begrudgingly	しぶしぶ	Shibushibu
Adj-Othe	Beleaguered	包囲される/ 窮地に立たされる	Hōi sareru/ Kyūchi ni tatarareru
Adj-Othe	Belittled	軽蔑される	keibetsu sareru
Adj-Othe	Belittling	軽視 (する)	Keishi (suru)
Adj-Othe	Belonged (belonging)	所有物 (所有物)	Shoyuubutsu (shoyuubutsu)
Adj-Othe	Beneficial	有益	
Adj-Othe	Benign	良性	Ryōsei

Adj-Othe	Bent on (to be bent on)	熱中する	Necchuu suru
Adj-Othe	Benumbed	麻痺した	Mahi shita
Adj-Othe	Beside the point	的外れ	Matohazure
Adj-Othe	Bespoke	特注品	tokuchuhin
Adj-Othe	Best interest	最善の利益	saizen no rieki
Adj-Othe	Betrayed	裏切る	Uragiru
Adj-Othe	Bewildered	当惑した/戸惑う	Tōwaku shita/ Tomadou
Adj-Othe	Bewildered	当惑(する)	Tōwaku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Bewildering	困惑(する)	Konwaku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Beyond the point	的外れ	Matohazure
Adj-Othe	Biblical	聖書	Seisho
Adj-Othe	Bickering	口論(する)	Kōron (suru)
Adj-Othe	Billowing	うねる	Uneru
Adj-Othe	Binary	バイナリ	bainari
Adj-Othe	Binding	束縛(する)	Sokubaku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Biodegradable	生分解性	Nama bunkai-sei
Adj-Othe	Bitter (embittered)	苦い(苦々しい)	Nigai (nigagashii)
Adj-Othe	Bland	当たり障りのない	Atarisawarinonai
Adj-Othe	Blandly	当たり障りなく	Atarisawari naku
Adj-Othe	Blasted	ブラスト	burasuto
Adj-Othe	Blemished	傷のある	Kizu no aru
Adj-Othe	Blindly	盲目的に	Mōmokuteki ni
Adj-Othe	Blissful (blissfully)	至福(至福に)	Shifuku (shifuku ni)
Adj-Othe	Blissfully unaware	至福に気づかない	Shifuku ni kidzukanai
Adj-Othe	Blocked (blocking)	ブロック(する)(妨害(する))	Burokku (suru) (bōgai (suru))
Adj-Othe	Blood-red	血のような赤	Chi no youna aka
Adj-Othe	Bloodshot	ブラッドショット	Buraddoshotto
Adj-Othe	Blooming	開花	kaika
Adj-Othe	Blotted	消し去られた	keshi sarareta
Adj-Othe	Blotted out	消し去られた	keshi sarareta
Adj-Othe	Blotting	ブロッティング	blottingu
Adj-Othe	Blown up	爆破された	Bakuhasa reta
Adj-Othe	Bludgeoning	撲殺(する)	Bokusatsu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Blueish	青みがかった	aomigakatta
Adj-Othe	Bluffing	はったり	hattari
Adj-Othe	Bluntly	ぶっきらぼうに	Bukkirabō ni
Adj-Othe	Blurred	ぼやけた	Boyaketa
Adj-Othe	Blustering (blusteringly)	怒鳴り散らす	Donarichirasu
Adj-Othe	Boarded-up	板で囲む	Ita de kakomu
Adj-Othe	Bohemian	ボヘミアン(な/の)	Bohemian (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Boldly	大胆に	daitan ni
Adj-Othe	Bonded (bonding)	絆(絆)	Kizuna (kizuna)
Adj-Othe	Bony	骨っぽい	Honeppoi
Adj-Othe	Booming (boomed)	ドカンと鳴る	dokan to naru
Adj-Othe	Bordering	境界	Kyōkai
Adj-Othe	Born	生まれた	umareta
Adj-Othe	Borrowed (borrowing)	借りる(借用)	Kariru (Shakuyō)
Adj-Othe	Bossy	威圧的	iatsuteki
Adj-Othe	Bottled	瓶詰め(する/の)	Bindzume (suru/ no)
Adj-Othe	Bouncing	跳ねる	haneru

Adj-Othe	Bound	制限される/ バウンド	Seigen sareru/ Baundo
Adj-Othe	Bound for (destined for)	行き先/ 行き (いき/ ゆき) (宛て先)	Ikisaki/ Iki (iki/ yuki) (ate-saki)
Adj-Othe	Bounding	境界を定める	Kyoukai o sadameru
Adj-Othe	Boundless	限りない	Kagirinai
Adj-Othe	Bountiful	豊か (な)	Yutaka (na)
Adj-Othe	Bragging	自慢 (する)	jiman (suru)
Adj-Othe	Brand-new (brand new)	新品	Shinpin
Adj-Othe	Bratty	生意気 (な)	Namaiki (na)
Adj-Othe	Brawny	力強い	chikara tsuyoi
Adj-Othe	Brazen	厚かましい	Atsukamashi
Adj-Othe	Brief	簡潔	Kanketsu
Adj-Othe	Brightened	明るくする	Akaruku suru
Adj-Othe	Brighter	明るい	Akarui
Adj-Othe	Brimmed	縁取られる	Fuchidorareru
Adj-Othe	Brimming	溢れ出る	Afure deru
Adj-Othe	Brisk	活発 (な)	Kappatsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Briskly	活発に	Kappatsu ni
Adj-Othe	Broader	より広い	Yori hiroi
Adj-Othe	Broad-minded	心が広い	Kokoro ga hiroi
Adj-Othe	Brusque	無愛想 (な)	Buaise (na)
Adj-Othe	Brutal	残酷/ 残忍	Zankoku/ Zan'nin
Adj-Othe	Brutally	残酷に/ 残忍に	Zankoku ni/ Zan'nin ni
Adj-Othe	Brute	野蛮	yaban
Adj-Othe	Bubbly	泡立つ	Awadatsu
Adj-Othe	Budding	新進	Shinshin
Adj-Othe	Bulging	膨らむ	Fukuramu
Adj-Othe	Bullying	いじめ (虐め/ 苛め)	Ijime
Adj-Othe	Bumbling	不器用	Bukiyō
Adj-Othe	Bungled	バングル	Banguru
Adj-Othe	Buoyant	浮遊する	Fuyuu suru
Adj-Othe	Burdensome	厄介 (な)/ 面倒 (な)	Yakkai (na)/ Mendō (na)
Adj-Othe	Burly	たくましい (逞しい)/ がさつ (な)	Takumashi (takumashi)/ Gasatsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Burned (burnt)	焼けた (焼けた)	Yaketa (yaketa)
Adj-Othe	Burrowing	穴を掘る	ana o horu
Adj-Othe	Bustle	賑やか	Nigiyaka
Adj-Othe	Bustling	賑やか (な)	Nigiyaka (na)
Adj-Othe	Buzzing	ざわめく	Zawameku
Adj-Othe	By accident	偶然	Gūzen
Adj-Othe	Caged	ケージに入れられた/ 檻の中の	Kēji ni hairerareta/ Ori no naka no
Adj-Othe	Callous	冷酷 (な)	Reikoku (na)
Adj-Othe	Callously	冷酷 (に)	Reikoku (ni)
Adj-Othe	Candid	率直 (な)	Sotchoku (na)
Adj-Othe	Canned	缶詰にする	kanzume ni suru
Adj-Othe	Cantankerous	気難しい	Kizumazushii
Adj-Othe	Capable	有能	Yūnō
Adj-Othe	Captivated	魅了された	Miryō sareta
Adj-Othe	Captivating	魅惑的	Miwakuteki
Adj-Othe	Captive	捕らえる	Toraeru
Adj-Othe	Captured (capturing)	捕獲 (捕獲)	Hokaku (hokaku)

Adj-Othe	Carefree	気楽 (な)	Kiraku (na)
Adj-Othe	Carefully	注意深く	chui-bukaku
Adj-Othe	Careless	不注意	Fuchūi
Adj-Othe	Caring	思いやりのある	omoiyari no aru
Adj-Othe	Casual (casually)	何気なく (何気なく)	nanigenaku (nanigenaku)
Adj-Othe	Catastrophic	壊滅的 (な)	Kaimetsu-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Caused by (to be caused by)	によって引き起こされる (によって引き起こされる)	Ni yotte hikiokosa reru (ni yotte hikiokosa reru)
Adj-Othe	Causing (caused)	引き起こす (引き起こされる)	Hikiokosu (Hikiokosareru)
Adj-Othe	Cautiously	慎重に	shinchou ni
Adj-Othe	Censored	検閲済み	Ken'etsu-zumai
Adj-Othe	Centre	中心	chūshin
Adj-Othe	Ceramic	陶磁器	Tōjiki
Adj-Othe	Ceremonial	儀式 (の)	Gishiki (no)
Adj-Othe	Chained	連鎖した	Rensha shita
Adj-Othe	Channelled (channelling)	溝を通す (溝を通す)	Mizo o tōsu (mizo o tōsu)
Adj-Othe	Chaotic	混沌とする	Konton to suru
Adj-Othe	Characterizing (characterized)	特徴づける (特徴づけられる)	Tokuchōdzukeru (tokuchōdzukerareru)
Adj-Othe	Charitable	慈善活動 (の/ する)	Jizen katsudō (no/ suru)
Adj-Othe	Charmed	魅了される	miryō sareru
Adj-Othe	Charred	焦げる	Kogeru
Adj-Othe	Charted	チャート化	Chāto-ka
Adj-Othe	Chasing (chased)	追いかける (追われる)	Oikakeru (Owareru)
Adj-Othe	Cheated	騙される	Damasareru
Adj-Othe	Cheating	不正行為	fusei koui
Adj-Othe	Cheeky	生意気 (な)	Namaiki (na)
Adj-Othe	Cheered up (cheering up)	元気づける (元気づける)	Genki dzukeru (genki dzukeru)
Adj-Othe	Cheerfulness	陽気さ	Yōkisa
Adj-Othe	Cheesy	安っぽい	Yasuppoi
Adj-Othe	Chemical	化学的 (な)/ 化学薬品 (な)	Kagaku-teki (na)/ Kagaku yakuhin (na)
Adj-Othe	Childlike	子供っぽい	kodomoppoi
Adj-Othe	Chill (chilly)	冷静 (冷ややか (な))	Reisei (hiyayaka (na))
Adj-Othe	Chilling	ぞっと (する)/ くつろぐ	Zotto (suru)/ Kutsurogu
Adj-Othe	Chilly	肌寒い	Hadazamui
Adj-Othe	Chimed in	口を挟む	kuchi o hasamu
Adj-Othe	Chipped	欠ける	Kakeru
Adj-Othe	Chique	シック	shikku
Adj-Othe	Chiseled	彫り込む	horikomu
Adj-Othe	Choleric	胆汁質の	Tanjinshitsu no
Adj-Othe	Chronic	慢性	mansei
Adj-Othe	Chuffed	むしゃむしゃ	mushamusha
Adj-Othe	Circumlocutory	回りくどい	Mawarikudo
Adj-Othe	Civil	民事 (の)	Minji (no)
Adj-Othe	Civilized	文明化された	Bunmei-ka sareta
Adj-Othe	Clad in	まとまる	matomaru
Adj-Othe	Clandestine (clandestinely)	秘密に (秘密裏に)	himitsu ni (himitsuri ni)
Adj-Othe	Clanging	カチャカチャと鳴る	Kachakacha to naru

Adj-Othe	Clanking	カチャカチャ音を立てる	Kachakacha oto o tateru
Adj-Othe	Clashing (clashed)	衝突 (する)	Shōtotsu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Classified	分類済み	Bunrui-zumi
Adj-Othe	Classy	高級 (な/ の)	Kōkyū (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Classy	上品	Jōhin
Adj-Othe	Claustrophobic	閉所恐怖症	Heishokyofushō
Adj-Othe	Cleansed	浄化	Jouka
Adj-Othe	Clinical (clinically)	臨床的 (臨床的に)	Rinshō-teki (rinshō-teki ni)
Adj-Othe	Cloaked (to be cloaked)	隠す (隠す)	kakusu
Adj-Othe	Clockwise	時計回り	Tokeimawari
Adj-Othe	Close (nearby)	近く (近く)	chikaku (chikaku)
Adj-Othe	Close behind	後ろをついて行く	ushiro o tsuite iku
Adj-Othe	Close up	クローズアップ(する)	Kurōzuappu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Close-fitting	ぴったり合う	Pittari au
Adj-Othe	Closest (the closest)	最も近い (最も近い)	Mottomo chikai (mottomo chikai)
Adj-Othe	Clumsily	不器用に	Bukiyō ni
Adj-Othe	Cluttered	乱雑 (な)	ranzatsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Coarse	粗野	sonya
Adj-Othe	Coaxing	なだめる (宥める)	Nadameru
Adj-Othe	Coercive	強制的	Kyouseiteki
Adj-Othe	Cognitive	認知	ninchi
Adj-Othe	Cold-blooded	冷血 (な/ の)	Reiketsu (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Collaborative	協力的	Kyōryokuteki
Adj-Othe	Collated	照合された	shougou sareta
Adj-Othe	Collective (collectively)	集団的 (集団的)	Shūdan-teki (Shūdan-teki)
Adj-Othe	Colloquial	口語	Kōgo
Adj-Othe	Colonial	植民地的	Shokuminchi-teki
Adj-Othe	Colonized	植民地化 (する)	Shokuminchika (suru)
Adj-Othe	Colossal	巨大	kyodai
Adj-Othe	Coltish	コルティッシュ	korutisshu
Adj-Othe	Comedic	喜劇	Kigeki
Adj-Othe	Comfortable (comfortably)	快適 (快適に)	kaiteki (kaiteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Comfortably	心地よく	Kokochiyoku
Adj-Othe	Comforting	慰める	Nagusameru
Adj-Othe	Comic	コミック	Komikku
Adj-Othe	Comical (comically)	滑稽に (滑稽に)	kokkei ni (kokkei ni)
Adj-Othe	Commendable	称賛に値する	shosan ni ataisuru
Adj-Othe	Commercial (product)	コマーシャル (製品)	Komāsharu (seihin)
Adj-Othe	Committed	献身的	Kenshin-teki
Adj-Othe	Commonly	一般的に	Ippantekini
Adj-Othe	Compelling (compelled)	強い (強い)	shiiru (shiiru)
Adj-Othe	Competent	有能	Yūnō
Adj-Othe	Complaining	不満を言う	Fumanwoiu
Adj-Othe	Complex	複雑 (な)	Fukuzatsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Compliant	順応性	Junnousei
Adj-Othe	Complimenting	褒める	homeru
Adj-Othe	Composite	複合	fukugō
Adj-Othe	Comprehensible	理解できる	Rikai dekiru
Adj-Othe	Comprehensive	包括的 (な)/ 総合的	Hōkatsu-teki (na)/ Sōgō-teki

Adj-Othe	Compressed	圧縮された	Asshuku sareta
Adj-Othe	Compromised	侵害された	Shingai sareta * (infringement; violation; invasion; encroachment; trespass)
Adj-Othe	Compromising	妥協 (する)	Dakyō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Compulsive	強迫的 (な)	Kyōhaku-teki (na) * (obsessive; compulsive)
Adj-Othe	Compulsory	強制的 (な)/ 義務的 (な)/ 無理 (な)/ 義務/ 規定種目	Kyōsei-teki (na)/ Gimu-teki (na)/ Muri (na)/ Gimu/ Kitei shumoku
Adj-Othe	Concealed	隠された	Kakusareta
Adj-Othe	Conceding (conceded)	譲る (譲った)	yuzuru (yuzutta)
Adj-Othe	Conceivable (conceived)	想像できる (考えられた)	Souzou dekiru (kangaerareta)
Adj-Othe	Concerned	心配 (する/ な)	Shinpai (suru/ na)
Adj-Othe	Concerning	について (に就いて)/ 関係 (する)	Ni tsuite/ Kankei (suru)
Adj-Othe	Concluding (concluded)	終了 (する) (終了 (する))	Shūryō (suru) (shūryō (suru))
Adj-Othe	Conclusive	決定的	Ketteiteki
Adj-Othe	Condemned	非難された	hinan sareta
Adj-Othe	Condescending	見下すよう (な)	Mikudasu yō (na)
Adj-Othe	Conducting (conducted)	指揮 (する) (指揮 (する))	Shiki (suru) (shiki (suru))
Adj-Othe	Confined	閉じ込められた	Tojikomerareta
Adj-Othe	Confiscated	没収された	Moshu sareta
Adj-Othe	Confronting	対峙 (する)	Taiji (suru)
Adj-Othe	Confusing	紛らわしい	Magirawashī
Adj-Othe	Congenial	気の合う	Ki no au
Adj-Othe	Conscious	意識的 (な)	Ishikiteki (na)
Adj-Othe	Consequential	重要 (な)	Jūyō (na)
Adj-Othe	Considerate	思慮深い	shiryou fukai
Adj-Othe	Considered (considering)	考慮 (する) (考慮 (する))	kōryo suru (kōryo suru)
Adj-Othe	Consisting (consisted)	成っている (成っている)	Natte iru (natte iru)
Adj-Othe	Conspiratorial (conspiratorally)	陰謀的 (陰謀的に)	Inbouteki (inbouteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Conspiring	共謀	Kyoubou
Adj-Othe	Constituting (constituted)	構成 (する) (構成された)	Kōsei (suru) (kōsei sareta)
Adj-Othe	Constitutional	憲法	Kenpō
Adj-Othe	Constrained	制約あり	seiyaku ari
Adj-Othe	Constructive	建設的	Kensetsuteki
Adj-Othe	Contemptible	軽蔑すべき	Keibetsu subeki
Adj-Othe	Contemptuous	軽蔑的 (な)	Keibetsuteki (na)
Adj-Othe	Content (contently)	満足 (満足して)	manzoku (manzoku shite)
Adj-Othe	Content (pleased)	満足しています/ 満足 (する/ です) (満足しています)	Manzoku shite imasu/ Manzoku (suru/desu) (manzoku shite imasu)
Adj-Othe	Contented	満足	Manzoku
Adj-Othe	Continual (continually)	継続的 (継続的に)	Keizoku-teki (keizoku-teki ni)
Adj-Othe	Continuing	継続中	Keizokuchuu
Adj-Othe	Continuous	継続的	Keizokuteki
Adj-Othe	Contradictive (contradicting)	矛盾した (矛盾している)	Mujun shita (mujun shiteiru)
Adj-Othe	Contradictory	矛盾	Mujun
Adj-Othe	Contrary (contrary to)	反対 (反対に)	Hantai (hantai ni)
Adj-Othe	Contrasting (contrasted)	対照的 (な) (対照的 (な))	Taishō-teki (na) (taishō-teki (na))

Adj-Othe	Controllable	制御可能	Seigyō kanou
Adj-Othe	Controlled	制御された	Seigyō sareta
Adj-Othe	Convenient	便利	Benri
Adj-Othe	Conventional	従来型	Jūrai-gata
Adj-Othe	Converging	収束 (する)	Shūsoku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Conversational	会話的	kaiwateki
Adj-Othe	Conversation-wise	会話的に	kaiwateki ni
Adj-Othe	Conversely	逆に	Gyaku ni
Adj-Othe	Conversing (conversed)	会話 (する)	kaiwa (suru)
Adj-Othe	Convivial	陽気 (な)	Yōki (na)
Adj-Othe	Convulsive	けいれん的 (な)	Keiren-teki
Adj-Othe	Cooled	冷める	sameru
Adj-Othe	Copacetic	麻薬	Mayaku
Adj-Othe	Cornered	追い詰められる	Oitsumerareru
Adj-Othe	Correctly	正しく	tadashiku
Adj-Othe	Corresponding (correspondingly)	対応 (する) (対応して)	taiou (suru) (taiou shite)
Adj-Othe	Costly	高価 (な)	Kōka (na)
Adj-Othe	Countable	数えられる	kazoerareru
Adj-Othe	Counter-	カウンター	Kauntā
Adj-Othe	Counterclockwise	反時計回り	Hantokeimawari
Adj-Othe	Countered (countering)	反論 (する)	Hanron (suru)
Adj-Othe	Counterfeit	偽造品	Gizō-hin
Adj-Othe	Counter-intuitive	直感に反する	chokkan ni hansuru
Adj-Othe	Counterproductive	逆効果	gyakukōka
Adj-Othe	Countless	無数	musū
Adj-Othe	Courageous	勇気のある	Yūki no aru
Adj-Othe	Covered	カバーされた	Kabā sareta
Adj-Othe	Covering	カバーリング	Kabāringu
Adj-Othe	Covering (coverings)	カバー (カバー)	kabaa (kabaa)
Adj-Othe	Covertly	秘密裏に	himitsuri ni
Adj-Othe	Cracked	割れた	Wareta
Adj-Othe	Cracked	ひび割れた	Hibiwatta
Adj-Othe	Crackling	パチパチ音	Pachipachi oto
Adj-Othe	Crafted	作られた/ 作成された	Tsukurareta/ Sakusei sareta
Adj-Othe	Crafty	ずる賢い	Zuru kashikoi
Adj-Othe	Crammed	詰め込んだ	Tsumekonda
Adj-Othe	Cramped	窮屈 (な)/ 狭苦しい	Kyūkutsu (na)/ Semakurushii
Adj-Othe	Crashing (crashed)	衝突 (衝突した)	Shōtotsu (shōtotsu shita)
Adj-Othe	Craving	渴望 (する)	Katsubō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Crawling	這う	Hau
Adj-Othe	Creased	折り目	Orime
Adj-Othe	Created (made)	創造された (作られた)	Sōzō sareta (tsukurareta)
Adj-Othe	Credible (believable)	信用できる (信じられる)	Shin'yō dekiru (shinji rareru)
Adj-Othe	Credible (credibly)	信じられる (信じられる)	Shinjirareru (shinjinrareru)
Adj-Othe	Creeping	忍び寄る	Shinobiyoru
Adj-Othe	Crimson	深紅	Shinkou
Adj-Othe	Cringey	気まずい	kimazui
Adj-Othe	Crippled	不自由 (な)	Fujiyū (na)
Adj-Othe	Criticizing	批判 (する)	Hihan (suru)

Adj-Othe	Cross country	クロスカンントリー	kurosu kantorii
Adj-Othe	Crowned (coronated)	戴冠 (する) (戴冠 (する))	Taikan (suru) (taikan (suru))
Adj-Othe	Crucial	重要 (な)	Jūyō (na)
Adj-Othe	Crude	粗野	sonya
Adj-Othe	Crummy	安っぽい	Yasuppoi
Adj-Othe	Crunchy	カリカリ	karikari
Adj-Othe	Crying	泣いている	Naiteiru
Adj-Othe	Crystalline	結晶化した	kesshōka shita
Adj-Othe	Crystallized	結晶化した	Kesshō-ka shita
Adj-Othe	Culminating	頂点に達する	chōten ni tassuru
Adj-Othe	Cumbersome	扱いにくい/ 面倒 (な)	Atsukai nikui/ Mendō (na)
Adj-Othe	Cunning	狡猾 (な)	Kōkatsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Cunningly	ずる賢く	Zuru kashikoku
Adj-Othe	Cured	治癒	chiyu
Adj-Othe	Curved	曲がった	magatta
Adj-Othe	Cute	かわいい	Kawaii
Adj-Othe	Cyber	サイバー	Saibā
Adj-Othe	Cylindrical	円筒形 (の)	Entōgata (no)
Adj-Othe	Cynical	シニカル (な)	Shinikaru (na)
Adj-Othe	Dapper	粋 (な)	Iki (na)
Adj-Othe	Dappling	まだら (斑)	madara
Adj-Othe	Daring	大胆 (な)	Daitan (na)
Adj-Othe	Darkening	黒ずみ	Kurozumi
Adj-Othe	Darn it (drat)	ちくしょう (ちくしょう)	Chikushō (chikushō)
Adj-Othe	Dashed	突進 (する)	Tosshin (suru)
Adj-Othe	Dashing	ダッシュ	dasshu
Adj-Othe	Dateless	日付のない	Hidzuke no nai
Adj-Othe	Daunting	気の遠くなるよう (な)	Ki no tōku naru yō (na)
Adj-Othe	Dauntingly	気が遠くなるように	ki ga tooku naru you ni
Adj-Othe	Dazed (dazing)	ぼんやりした/ ぼーっとする	Bon'yari shita/ Bootto suru
Adj-Othe	Dazzled	目がくらむ	Megakuramu
Adj-Othe	Dazzling	眩しい	Mabushii
Adj-Othe	Dead (died)	死んだ (死んだ)	Shinda (shinda)
Adj-Othe	Dearly	高価	kouka
Adj-Othe	Decayed	朽ち果てた	kuchihateta
Adj-Othe	Deceitful	欺瞞的	Giman-teki
Adj-Othe	Deceived (deceiving)	騙される	Damasareru
Adj-Othe	Deceptive	欺瞞的	Gimanteki
Adj-Othe	Decidedly	断固として	Danko toshite
Adj-Othe	Deciphering	解読 (する)	kaidoku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Declined (declining)	衰退 (衰退)	Suitai (suitai)
Adj-Othe	Decomposing	分解 (する)	Bunkai (suru)
Adj-Othe	Deemed	みなす	minasu
Adj-Othe	Deep blue	濃い青	Koi ao
Adj-Othe	Deepen (deepened)	深める (深めた)	Fukameru (fukameta)
Adj-Othe	Deepening	深まる	Fukamaru
Adj-Othe	Default (standard)	デフォルト (標準)	Deforuto (hyōjun)
Adj-Othe	Defective	欠陥品	Kekkanhin
Adj-Othe	Deficient	不足している	Fusoku shite iru
Adj-Othe	Defiled (defiling)	汚された (汚された)	Yogosareta (yogosareta)

Adj-Othe	Definite	確か (な)	Tashika (na)
Adj-Othe	Definitive (definitively)	決定的 (決定的に)	Ketteiteki (ketteiteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Degenerate	退化 (する)	Taika (suru) * (degeneration; retrogression; atrophy * (biology))/ regression (e.g. of society); deterioration; degeneration)
Adj-Othe	Degenerating	劣化 (する)/ 退化 (する)	Rekka (suru) * (deterioration (in quality, performance, etc.); degradation; worsening/ (visible) aging; becoming unattractive (due to aging))/ Taika (suru) * (degeneration; retrogression; atrophy * (biology))/ regression (e.g. of society); deterioration; degeneration)
Adj-Othe	Dehydrated	脱水状態	dassui jōtai
Adj-Othe	Delectable	おいしい (美味しい)	Oishī
Adj-Othe	Delegating	委任 (する)	inin (suru)
Adj-Othe	Deleted	削除された	sakujo sareta
Adj-Othe	Deliberate	意図的な	Itoteki na
Adj-Othe	Deliberately	故意に	Koi ni
Adj-Othe	Delicate	繊細	sensai
Adj-Othe	Delighting	楽しい	tanoshii
Adj-Othe	Delirious	せん妄	Senmō
Adj-Othe	Demilitarized	非軍事化 (する)	Higunjika (suru)
Adj-Othe	Democratic	民主党	Minshutō
Adj-Othe	Demolishing (demolished)	取り壊し (取り壊し)	Torikowashi (torikowashi)
Adj-Othe	Demoralizing (demoralized)	士気を低下させる (士気を低下させる)	shiki o teika saseru (shiki o teika saseru)
Adj-Othe	Deniable	否定できる	Hitei dekiru
Adj-Othe	Denoting (denoted)	示す (示す)	Shimesu (shimesu)
Adj-Othe	Dense	密集 (する)	Misshū (suru)
Adj-Othe	Departing (departed)	出発している (出発した)	shuppatsu shiteiru (shuppatsu shita)
Adj-Othe	Dependent (dependency)	依存 (する) (依存関係)	Izon (suru) (isonkankei)
Adj-Othe	Deposited	預けた	azuketa
Adj-Othe	Depressed	落ち込んだ	ochikonda
Adj-Othe	Depressing	憂鬱	Yūtsu
Adj-Othe	Depriving	奪う	Ubau
Adj-Othe	Derogatory	軽蔑的	Keibetsuteki
Adj-Othe	Described (describing)	説明した (説明 (する))	Setsumei shita (setsumei (suru))
Adj-Othe	Descriptive	説明的	setsumei-teki
Adj-Othe	Deserted (deserting)	捨てられた (捨てる)	suterareta (suteru)
Adj-Othe	Deservedly	当然に	Touzen ni
Adj-Othe	Deserving (deserved)	当然 (の) (当然 (の))	Tōzen (no) (Tōzen (no))
Adj-Othe	Designed (designing)	設計された (設計 (する))	sekkei sareta (sekkei (suru))
Adj-Othe	Desolate	荒涼とした	kouryou toshita
Adj-Othe	Destroyed	破壊された	hakai sareta
Adj-Othe	Destructive (destruct)	破壊的 (破壊的)	Hakai-teki (hakai-teki)
Adj-Othe	Detached	独立した	Dokuritsu shita
Adj-Othe	Detained	拘留	Kōryū
Adj-Othe	Detecting (detected)	検出 (する) (検出 (する))	Kenshutsu (suru) (kenshutsu (suru))
Adj-Othe	Deteriorated	劣化した/ 悪化した	Rekka shita / akka shita

Adj-Othe	Deteriorating	劣化 (する)/ 悪化 (する)	Rekka (suru) * (deterioration (in quality, performance, etc.); degradation; worsening/ (visible) aging; becoming unattractive (due to aging))/ Akka (suru) * (deterioration; getting worse; worsening; aggravation; degeneration; corruption)
Adj-Othe	Deterred	阻止される	Soshi sareru
Adj-Othe	Deterrent	抑止力	yokushiryoku
Adj-Othe	Deterring	抑止	yokushi
Adj-Othe	Detrimental	有害 (な)	Yūgai (na)
Adj-Othe	Devastating	壊滅的 (な)	Kaimetsu-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Deviously	ずる賢く	Zuru kashikoku
Adj-Othe	Devised (devising)	考案した (考案 (する))	Kouan shita (kouan (suru))
Adj-Othe	Devoid (devoid of)	欠けている	kakete iru
Adj-Othe	Devoutly	敬虔に	Keiken ni
Adj-Othe	Dictated	口述された (口述 (する/ の))	Kōjutsu sa reta (kōjutsu (suru/ no))
Adj-Othe	Difficultly	難しく	Muzukashiku
Adj-Othe	Diffusing	拡散中	kakusan chuu
Adj-Othe	Dignified	凛々しい	Ririshī
Adj-Othe	Dilapidated	荒廃した	kōhai shita
Adj-Othe	Dilapidated	老朽化した	Roukyuuka shita
Adj-Othe	Dilated	膨張 (する)	Bouchou (suru)
Adj-Othe	Diligently	熱心に	nesshin ni
Adj-Othe	Diluted	薄める	Usumeru
Adj-Othe	Diluted	薄まった	Usumatta
Adj-Othe	Diminished (diminishing)	減少 (減少)	genshō (genshō)
Adj-Othe	Dimly lit	薄暗い	usugurai
Adj-Othe	Dimmed	暗く (する)	Kuraku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Dinky	ちっぽけ (な)	Chippoke (na)
Adj-Othe	Diplomatic	外交	Gaikō
Adj-Othe	Dire	悲惨	hisan
Adj-Othe	Directed	指示	shiji
Adj-Othe	Directional	方向性	Hōkōsei
Adj-Othe	Discerning	こだわり	kodawari
Adj-Othe	Disconcerted	困惑	Konwaku
Adj-Othe	Disconcerting	当惑させる	touwaku saseru
Adj-Othe	Discouraged	落胆	Rakutan
Adj-Othe	Discovered	発見	Hakken
Adj-Othe	Discovering	発見 (する)	Hakken (suru)
Adj-Othe	Discreetly	慎重に	shinchō ni
Adj-Othe	Discussed (discussing)	議論された (議論された)	giron sareta (giron sareta)
Adj-Othe	Disfigured	傷ついた	Kizutsuita
Adj-Othe	Disgraceful	不名誉 (な)	Fumeiyo (na)
Adj-Othe	Disgusted (disgustedly)	嫌悪感を抱く	ken'okan o idaku
Adj-Othe	Dishevelled	乱れた	Midareta
Adj-Othe	Dishonestly	不正直	Fuseichoku
Adj-Othe	Dishonourable	不名誉 (な)	Fumeiyo (na)
Adj-Othe	Disintegrated	崩壊	Hōkai
Adj-Othe	Dismal	陰気 (な)	inki (na)
Adj-Othe	Dismissing (dismissed)	無視 (する) (無視 (する))	Mushi (suru) (mushi (suru))

Adj-Othe	Dismissive	軽視 (する)	Keishi (suru)
Adj-Othe	Disordered	乱雑	Ranzatsu
Adj-Othe	Dispatched	発送済み	Hassō-zumi
Adj-Othe	Displaced	移転された/ ずれている	iten sareta/ zurete iru
Adj-Othe	Displaying	表示しています/ 表示中/ 展示しています	Hyōji shite imasu * (display; displaying)/ Hyōji-chū/ Tenji shite imasu * (exhibition; display)
Adj-Othe	Displeased	不機嫌	Fukigen
Adj-Othe	Disposed	処分 (する)	Shobun (suru)
Adj-Othe	Disputed	論争	Ronsou
Adj-Othe	Disreputable	評判の悪い	Hyōban no warui
Adj-Othe	Dissipating	消散 (する)	Shōsan (suru)
Adj-Othe	Dissolved	溶解した	yōkai shita
Adj-Othe	Dissonant	不協和音	Fukyōwaon
Adj-Othe	Distinctive	特徴的 (な)	Tokuchō-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Distinctly	はっきりと	Hakkiri to
Adj-Othe	Distorted	歪んだ	yuganda
Adj-Othe	Distractive	気を散らす	Ki o chirasu
Adj-Othe	Disturbed	動揺 (する)	Dōyō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Disused (unused)	不用 (な/の)	Fuyō (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Diverse	多様な	tayou na
Adj-Othe	Diverted	そらす	Sorasu
Adj-Othe	Diverting	気をそらす	Ki o sorasu
Adj-Othe	Dividing	分離	bunri
Adj-Othe	Divine	神聖 (に/ な)	Shinsei (ni/ na)
Adj-Othe	Divinely	神聖 (に/ な)	Shinsei (ni/ na)
Adj-Othe	Divulging	漏らす	Morasu
Adj-Othe	Doable	実行可能	jikkou kanou
Adj-Othe	Docile	従順 (な)	jūjun na
Adj-Othe	Dodging (dodged)	避ける (避けた)	sakeru (saketa)
Adj-Othe	Dogged	頑固 (な)	Ganko (na)
Adj-Othe	Doggoned	頑固 (な)	Ganko (na)
Adj-Othe	Domestic	国内	Kokunai
Adj-Othe	Dopey	ドーピー	Dōpī
Adj-Othe	Dotted	点を打つ	ten o utsu
Adj-Othe	Double-edged	両刃の剣	Ryōba no tsurugi
Adj-Othe	Doubtable	疑わしい	Utagawashii
Adj-Othe	Doubtfully	疑わしい	Utagawashii
Adj-Othe	Doubting	疑う	Utagau
Adj-Othe	Doubtless	疑いの余地がない	Utagai no yochiganai
Adj-Othe	Draining	消耗	shoumou
Adj-Othe	Draped	ドレープ (な)	Dorēpu (na)
Adj-Othe	Drawn (drawing)	描かれた (描かれた)	Egakareta (egakareta)
Adj-Othe	Dreadful	恐ろしい	Osoroshii
Adj-Othe	Dreadfully	ひどく (酷く)	hidoku (hidoku)
Adj-Othe	Drenched	びしょ濡れにする	Bishonure ni suru
Adj-Othe	Dribbling	ドリブル	doriburu
Adj-Othe	Dried out	干からびた	Hikarabita
Adj-Othe	Dried up	干上がった	Hiagatta
Adj-Othe	Driftless (driftlessly)	漂流 (する)	Hyōryū (suru)
Adj-Othe	Drooling	よだれをたらす	yodare o tarasu

Adj-Othe	Drugged	薬漬け	Kusurizuke
Adj-Othe	Drying	乾燥 (する)	kansou (suru)
Adj-Othe	Dual	デュアル	Dyuaru
Adj-Othe	Dull	退屈 (な)	taikutsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Duly	きちんと	Kichinto
Adj-Othe	Dumbfounded (dumbstruck)	唖然とした (呆然とした)	Azento shita (bōzento shita)
Adj-Othe	Dummy	ダミー	damī
Adj-Othe	Duo	デュオ	Dyuo
Adj-Othe	Duplicate	複製 (する)	Fukusei (suru)
Adj-Othe	Durable	耐久性のある	Taikyū-sei no aru
Adj-Othe	Dust-covered	ほこりまみれ	Hokori mamire
Adj-Othe	Dusty	埃っぽい	Hokorippoi
Adj-Othe	Dynamic (dynamically)	ダイナミック (ダイナミックに)	Dainamikku (dainamikku ni)
Adj-Othe	Dyslexic	失読症	Shitsudokushō
Adj-Othe	Eager (eagerly)	熱心に (熱心に)	nesshin ni
Adj-Othe	Earnest (earnestly)	真剣に (真剣に)	Shinken ni (shinken ni)
Adj-Othe	Ebullient	沸騰した	futtoushita
Adj-Othe	Ebullient	熱狂的	Nekkyo-teki
Adj-Othe	Eccentric	風変わり (な)	Fuugawari (na)
Adj-Othe	Echoing (echoed)	反響 (する) (反響した)	Hankyō (suru) (hankyō shita)
Adj-Othe	Ecstatic	恍惚	Kōkotsu
Adj-Othe	Ecstatic	エクスタティック	Ekusutatikku
Adj-Othe	Edged (edging)	縁取り (縁取り)	enjiri (enjiri)
Adj-Othe	Edgy (on the edge)	エッジのきいた (エッジのきいた)	Ejji no kīta (ejji no kīta)
Adj-Othe	Educational	教育	Kyouiku
Adj-Othe	Eerie	不気味	Bukimi
Adj-Othe	Effable	言い表せる	iiarawaseru
Adj-Othe	Effectively	効果的に	Kōka-teki ni
Adj-Othe	Effervescently	勢いよく	ikioi yoku
Adj-Othe	Effusive	感情を爆発させる	Kanjo o bakuhatsu saseru
Adj-Othe	Egotistical (egotistically)	自己中心的 (自己中心的に)	Jiko chūshin-teki (jiko chūshin-teki ni)
Adj-Othe	Elaborated	完成	Kansei
Adj-Othe	Elated	大喜び (する)	ooyorokobi (suru)
Adj-Othe	Elecrifying	感電 (する)	Kanden (suru)
Adj-Othe	Electoral	選挙 (の)	Senkyo (no)
Adj-Othe	Elevated	高揚された	Kōyō sareta
Adj-Othe	Elongated	細長い	Hosonagai
Adj-Othe	Elsewhere	他の場所	Hoka no basho
Adj-Othe	Elusive	とらえどころのない (捉えどころのない)	Toraedokoro no nai
Adj-Othe	Emaciated	衰弱した	Suijaku shita
Adj-Othe	Emanating	発散 (する)	hassan (suru)
Adj-Othe	Embarrassing	恥ずかしい	Hazukashī
Adj-Othe	Embracing	抱擁	hōyō
Adj-Othe	Emerging (emerged)	出現 (する) (出現 (する))	Shutsugen (suru) (shutsugen (suru))
Adj-Othe	Emitted	発せられた	hasserareta
Adj-Othe	Emitting	発散 (する)	Hassan (suru)
Adj-Othe	Empathic	共感的	kyoukanteki

Adj-Othe	Emptied (emptying)	空になる (空になる)	Sora ni naru (sora ni naru)
Adj-Othe	Emptive	先制的	Sensei-teki
Adj-Othe	Empty-handed	手ぶらで	Tebura de
Adj-Othe	Enchanting	魅惑的 (な)	Miwaku-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Enclosed	囲まれた	Kakomareta
Adj-Othe	Encompassing (encompassed)	包括 (する)/ 包囲 (する) (包囲される/ 包括される)	Hōkatsu (suru)/ hōi (suru) (hōi sareru/ hōkatsu sareru)
Adj-Othe	Encouraged	勧められた	susumerareta
Adj-Othe	Encumbered	邪魔になる/ 負担がある	Jama ni naru/ Futan ga aru
Adj-Othe	Endearing	愛情のこもった	Aijou no komotta
Adj-Othe	Ending	終わる	
Adj-Othe	Endless (endlessly)	果てしない (果てしなく)	Hate shinai (hate shinaku)
Adj-Othe	Endurable	耐久性のある	Taikyū-sei no aru
Adj-Othe	Enduring	永続的 (な)	Eizoku-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Energized	元気が出る	Genkigaderu
Adj-Othe	Enforced	強制された	kyōsei sareta
Adj-Othe	Engaging	魅力的 (な)	Miri ~yokuteki (na)
Adj-Othe	Engrossed	夢中になる	Muchūninaru
Adj-Othe	Engrossed in	夢中	Muchuu
Adj-Othe	Engulfed	飲み込む	Nomikomu
Adj-Othe	Engulfing	飲み込む	nomikomu
Adj-Othe	Enigmatic	謎めいた	Nazomeita
Adj-Othe	Enjoyable	楽しい	Tanoshī
Adj-Othe	Enjoyably	楽しく	tanoshiku
Adj-Othe	Enlarged	拡大された	kakudai sareta
Adj-Othe	Enlightening	啓蒙 (する)	Keimō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Enlivened	元気になった	genki ni natta
Adj-Othe	Enlivened	活気づける	Kakkidzukeru
Adj-Othe	Enraptured	うっとり (する)	uttori (suru)
Adj-Othe	Enslaved (enslaving)	奴隷にされた	Dorei ni sareta
Adj-Othe	Entering (entered)	入場 (入場)	Nyūjō (nyūjō)
Adj-Othe	Enterprising	進取の気性	shinsho no kishou
Adj-Othe	Entertained (entertaining)	楽しませる	Tanoshimaseru
Adj-Othe	Enthralled	魅了された	miryō sareta
Adj-Othe	Enthusiastically	熱心に	Nesshin ni
Adj-Othe	Entrenched	根付いた	nezuita
Adj-Othe	Entrepreneurial	起業家精神	Kigyōka seishin
Adj-Othe	Envisioned	思い描いた	Omoikaita
Adj-Othe	Ephemeral	一時的 (な)	Ichiji-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Equitable	公平	Kōhei
Adj-Othe	Equivocal	あいまい (な)	aimai (na)
Adj-Othe	Ergonomic	人間工学に基づいた	Ningen kōgaku ni motodzuited
Adj-Othe	Eristic	諺的 (な)	Zento-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Erotic (erotic)	エロチック (エロチック)	erochikku
Adj-Othe	Errant	誤った	Ayamatta
Adj-Othe	Erratic (erratically)	不安定 (不安定)	fuantei (fuantei)
Adj-Othe	Erroneous	誤った	Ayamatta
Adj-Othe	Esoteric	難解 (な)	Nankai (na)
Adj-Othe	Especially	特に	Tokuni

Adj-Othe	Established (establishing)	確立 (確立)	Kakuritsu (kakuritsu)
Adj-Othe	Esteemed	尊敬 (する)/ 高く評価される	Sonkei (suru)/ Takaku hyōka sareru
Adj-Othe	Estranged	疎遠になる	Soen ni naru
Adj-Othe	Eternal	永遠 (の)	Eien (no)
Adj-Othe	Ethnic	エスニック (な)/ 民族的 (な)/ 民族 (の)	Esunikku (na)/ Minzoku-teki (na)/ Minzoku (no)
Adj-Othe	Eulogized	称賛される	shōsan sareru
Adj-Othe	Even (not uneven)	均一 (不均一ではない)	kin'itsu (fukin'itsu de wa nai)
Adj-Othe	Eventual	最終的 (な)	Saishū-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Exact	正確	Seikaku
Adj-Othe	Exaggerated	誇張した	kochō shita
Adj-Othe	Examined	調べる	shiraberu
Adj-Othe	Examining	調べる	Shiraberu
Adj-Othe	Exasperated	憤慨した	Fungai shita
Adj-Othe	Exasperating	腹立たしい	Haradatashi
Adj-Othe	Exceptional (exceptionally)	例外的に	Reigaiteki ni
Adj-Othe	Excessive	非常に	hijou ni
Adj-Othe	Excessively	非常に	hijou ni
Adj-Othe	Excitedly	興奮して	kōfun shite
Adj-Othe	Exclaimed	叫ぶ	sakebu
Adj-Othe	Excruciating (very painful)	耐え難い (とても痛い)	Taegatai (totemo itai)
Adj-Othe	Excusable	許される	Yurusareru
Adj-Othe	Exemplifying	例示 (する)	Reiji (suru)
Adj-Othe	Exorbitantly	法外に	Hougai ni
Adj-Othe	Exotic	エキゾチック	Ekizochikku
Adj-Othe	Expansive	広範	Kouhan
Adj-Othe	Expected	期待される	Kitai sareru
Adj-Othe	Expelled	追放されました	Tsuihō saremashita
Adj-Othe	Experienced	経験豊富 (な)	keiken houfu (na)
Adj-Othe	Expertly	巧みに	Takumi ni
Adj-Othe	Exploding	爆発 (する)	Bakuhatsu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Exploited	搾取される/ 搾取された	Sakushu sareru * (being exploited)/ Sakushu sareta * (exploited; was exploited)
Adj-Othe	Exploring (explored)	探索中 (探索済み)	Tansaku-chū (tansaku-zumi)
Adj-Othe	Expressed (expressing)	表現される (表現する)	Hyōgen sareru (hyōgen suru)
Adj-Othe	Expressive (expressing)	表現 (する)	hyōgen (suru)
Adj-Othe	Extant	現存	Genson
Adj-Othe	Extended	拡張された	Kakuchō sareta
Adj-Othe	Extreme	極端	kyokutan
Adj-Othe	Extremely smart	非常に賢い	Hijō ni kashikoi
Adj-Othe	Exuberant (exuberating)	盛り上がる (盛り上がる)	moriagaru (moriagaru)
Adj-Othe	Exuberantly	元気いっぱい	Genki ippai
Adj-Othe	Exultant	大喜び (する)	ooyorokobi (suru)
Adj-Othe	Exulting	大喜び (する)	ooyorokobi (suru)
Adj-Othe	Fabulous	素晴らしい	Subarashi
Adj-Othe	Facilitating	促進 (する)	Sokushin (suru)
Adj-Othe	Factual	事実	Jijitsu

Adj-Othe	Faded	色あせた	iroaseta
Adj-Othe	Failing	失敗しました	Shippai shimashita
Adj-Othe	Faint-hearted	気の弱い	ki no yowai
Adj-Othe	Faithful	忠実 (な)	Chūjitsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Faithfully	誠実に	seijitsu ni
Adj-Othe	Fallacious	誤り	Ayamari
Adj-Othe	Fallible	誤りやすい	Ayamariyasui
Adj-Othe	Falling	落下	Rakka
Adj-Othe	Falsely	誤って	ayamatte
Adj-Othe	Faltering	よろめく	Yoromeku
Adj-Othe	Familiar	馴染みがある	Najimi ga aru
Adj-Othe	Fantastically	素晴らしく	subarashiku
Adj-Othe	Faraway	遠く離れて	Tōku hanarete
Adj-Othe	Farthest (furthest)	最も遠い (最も遠い)	Mottomo tōi (mottomo tōi)
Adj-Othe	Farthest away (furthest away)	最も遠い (最も遠い)	Mottomo tōi (mottomo tōi)
Adj-Othe	Fascinating	魅力的な	Miryokuteki na
Adj-Othe	Fashionable	ファッショナブル (な)	Fasshonaburu (na)
Adj-Othe	Fast asleep (sound asleep)	ぐっすり眠っている (ぐっすり眠っている)	Gussuri nemutte iru (gussuri nemutte iru)
Adj-Othe	Fastened	固定 (する)	Kotei suru
Adj-Othe	Fastened	固定	Kotei
Adj-Othe	Fastly	素早く	Subayaku
Adj-Othe	Fast-talking	早口	Hayakuchi
Adj-Othe	Fathomable	計り知れない	Hakarishirenai
Adj-Othe	Faulty	欠陥のある	Kekkan'noaru
Adj-Othe	Favourably	好意的に	Kōiteki ni
Adj-Othe	Fazed	動揺 (する)	douyou (suru)
Adj-Othe	Fearful	怖い	Kowai
Adj-Othe	Fearfully	恐ろしく	osoroshiku
Adj-Othe	Fearlessly	恐れることなく	Osoreru koto naku
Adj-Othe	Fearsome	恐ろしい	Osoroshii
Adj-Othe	Feisty	元気 (な)	Genki (na)
Adj-Othe	Felt	感じた	kanjita
Adj-Othe	Feminine	女性的 (な)/ フェミニン/ 女らしい	Josei-teki (na)/ Feminin/ On'narashī
Adj-Othe	Fetterless	束縛されない	sokubaku sarenai
Adj-Othe	Feverish (feverishly)	熱狂的 (熱狂的に)	Nekkyō-teki (nekkyō-teki ni)
Adj-Othe	Fickle	気まぐれ (な)	Kimagure (na)
Adj-Othe	Fidgeting	そわそわ (する)	sowasowa (suru)
Adj-Othe	Fierce	激しい	hageshii
Adj-Othe	Fierce (fiercely)	激しい (激しく)	Hageshii (hageshiku)
Adj-Othe	Fiery	激しい	Hageshii
Adj-Othe	Figurative (figuratively)	比喩的 (な) (比喩的に)	Hiyu-teki (na) (hiyuteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Filled (filling)	満たされる (満たされる)	Mitasareru (mitasareru)
Adj-Othe	Filtered	フィルター	Firutā
Adj-Othe	Filthy	不潔な	Fuketsuna
Adj-Othe	Firm	しっかり (する)	Shikkari (suru)
Adj-Othe	Firm (firmly, resolute; resolutely)	しっかり (と) (しっかり (と); 毅然と; 断固として)	Shikkari (to) (shikkari (to); kizento; danko to shite)

Adj-Othe	Firmly	しっかりと	shikkari to
Adj-Othe	Firstly	まず	mazu
Adj-Othe	Fishy	怪しい	ayashii
Adj-Othe	Fitting	ぴったり合う	Pittari au
Adj-Othe	Fixating (fixated)	執着 (する) (執着 (する))	Shūchaku (suru) (Shūchaku (suru))
Adj-Othe	Fixing	固定 (する)	kotei (suru)
Adj-Othe	Flabbergasted	びっくりした	Bikkuri shita
Adj-Othe	Flaunting	見せびらかす	misebirakasu
Adj-Othe	Flawed	欠陥がある	Kekkan ga aru
Adj-Othe	Flawless	完璧 (な)	Kanpeki (na)
Adj-Othe	Flawlessly	完璧に	kanpeki ni
Adj-Othe	Fleeting	儚い	Hakanai
Adj-Othe	Flickered	ちらつく	Chiratsuku
Adj-Othe	Flipping	ひっくり返す	Hikkurikaesu
Adj-Othe	Flipping	ひっくり返す	Hikkurikaesu
Adj-Othe	Floating	フローティング	Furōtingu
Adj-Othe	Floppy (ie. floppy shoes)	フロッピー (つまり、フロッピーシューズ)	Fuoppī (tsumari, fuoppīshūzu)
Adj-Othe	Floral	花 (の)	Hana (no)
Adj-Othe	Flowery	花のよう (な)	Hana no yō (na)
Adj-Othe	Fluid	流動的	Ryūdōteki
Adj-Othe	Flurried	あわてた	Awateta
Adj-Othe	Focused	集中した/ 集中 (する)	Shūchū shita/ Shūchū (suru)
Adj-Othe	Folded	折りたたんだ/ 折りたたんだ状態	Oritatanda/ Oritatanda jōtai * (folded state)
Adj-Othe	Folk (ie. folk music)	フォーク/ 民族 (の) (民族音楽)	Fōku/ Minzoku (no) (minzoku ongaku)
Adj-Othe	Following (followed)	従うこと (従った)	Shitagau koto (shitagatta)
Adj-Othe	Fond (fondly)	愛情を込めて	Aijou o komete
Adj-Othe	Foiled (fooling)	騙される (騙す (だます))	Damasareru (damasu)
Adj-Othe	Foolishly	愚かに	oroka ni
Adj-Othe	For good	永久 (に/ な/ の)	Eikyū (ni/ na/ no)
Adj-Othe	For sure	確かに/ 屹度	Tashikani/ Kitto
Adj-Othe	For the very first time	まったく初めて/ 初めて	Mattaku hajimete/ Hajimete
Adj-Othe	For your sake (for my sake, for your sake)	あなたのために (私のために; あなたのために)	Anata no tame ni (watashi no tame ni; anata no tame ni)
Adj-Othe	Forced	強制される	kyousei sareru
Adj-Othe	Forceful (forcefully)	強引に (強引に)	Gōin ni (gōin ni)
Adj-Othe	Forcibly	強制的に	Kyōsei-teki ni
Adj-Othe	Foreboding	予感 (する)	Yokan (suru)
Adj-Othe	Foreboding	不吉な予感	Fukitsu na yokan
Adj-Othe	Foreign	外国	Gaikoku
Adj-Othe	Foremost	一番	Ichiban
Adj-Othe	Forensic	法医学	Hōigaku
Adj-Othe	Foreseeable	予見可能	Yokenkanō
Adj-Othe	Forged (forging)	偽造 (鍛造)	Gizou (tanzou)
Adj-Othe	Forgettable	忘れやすい	Wasure yasui
Adj-Othe	Forgiven	許される	yurusareru
Adj-Othe	Forgotten	忘れ去られた	Wasuresarareta
Adj-Othe	Formal (formally)	公式 (正式に)	Kōshiki (seishiki ni)
Adj-Othe	Formed (forming)	形成された (形成する)	keiseisareta (keiseisuru)
Adj-Othe	Formidable	手強い	tegowai

Adj-Othe	Forsaken	見捨てられた	misuterareta
Adj-Othe	Forthcoming	近々	Chikajika
Adj-Othe	Fortified (fortifying)	強化された (強化する)	kyoukasareta (kyoukasuru)
Adj-Othe	Forward (forwards)	前 (に/ へ) (前 (に/ へ))	Mae (ni/ e) (mae (ni/ e))
Adj-Othe	Fostered (fostering)	育成	Ikusei
Adj-Othe	Foul	ファウル (する)	Fauru (suru)
Adj-Othe	Foul-mouthed	口汚い	Kuchigitanai
Adj-Othe	Foul-smelling	悪臭	Akushū
Adj-Othe	Found	見つかった	Mitsukatta
Adj-Othe	Fractious	気難しい	Kimuzukashī
Adj-Othe	Fragile	壊れやすい	Koware yasui
Adj-Othe	Fragmentary	断片的 (な)	Danpenteki (na)
Adj-Othe	Frail	虚弱	Kyojaku
Adj-Othe	Frank (frankly)	率直に (率直に)	Sotchoku ni (sotchoku ni)
Adj-Othe	Frantic	必死 (の)	Hisshi (no)
Adj-Othe	Frantically	必死に	Hisshi ni
Adj-Othe	Fraudulently	不正に	Fusei ni
Adj-Othe	Frayed	ほつれる	Hotsureru
Adj-Othe	Freed (liberated)	フリード (解放された)	Furīdo (kaihō sa reta)
Adj-Othe	Frenetic	熱狂的 (な)	Nekkyō-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Frenetically	熱狂的に	Nekkyōteki ni
Adj-Othe	Frequently	頻繁に	Hinpan ni
Adj-Othe	Frightened	怖い	Kowai
Adj-Othe	Frightening	恐ろしい	Osoroshii
Adj-Othe	Friskily	さわやか	Sawayaka
Adj-Othe	Frolic	戯れる	tawamureru
Adj-Othe	Frolicsome	ふざける	fuzakeru
Adj-Othe	From above	上から	ue kara
Adj-Othe	From and to	からとへ	kara to e
Adj-Othe	From below	下から	shita kara
Adj-Othe	From the side	横から	yoko kara
Adj-Othe	From time to time	時々	Tokidoki
Adj-Othe	Frozen	凍った	Kōtta
Adj-Othe	Fruitful	実り多い	minoridōi
Adj-Othe	Fulfilling	充実した	Jūjitsu shita
Adj-Othe	Full of expectation	期待に満ちた	Kitai ni michita
Adj-Othe	Full of hope	希望に満ちた	Kibō ni michita
Adj-Othe	Full-blood (full-blooded)	純血 (純血の)	Junketsu (junketsu no)
Adj-Othe	Fumbling	手探り	tesaguri
Adj-Othe	Fundamental (fundamentally)	根本的に (根本的に)	konponteki ni
Adj-Othe	Furnished	提供	Teikyō
Adj-Othe	Furnishing	調度品	Choudohin
Adj-Othe	Furthered	さらに進む	Sarani susumu
Adj-Othe	Furtive	こっそり	kossori
Adj-Othe	Furtively	こっそり	kossori
Adj-Othe	Futuristic	未来的	Mirai teki
Adj-Othe	Gaily	陽気 (な)	Yōki (na)
Adj-Othe	Galvanizing	亜鉛メッキ	Aen mekki
Adj-Othe	Gamy	戯れる	Tawamureru

Adj-Othe	Gargantuan (colossal)	ガルガンチュアン (巨大)	Garuganchuan (kyodai)
Adj-Othe	Garrulous	饒舌	Jouzetsu
Adj-Othe	Gaslighting	ガスライティング	Gasuraitingu
Adj-Othe	General (in general; generally)	一般 (一般的に ; 一般的に)	Ippan (ippantekini; ippantekini)
Adj-Othe	Genial	優しい	Yasashī
Adj-Othe	Gently	穏やかに/ 優しく	Odayaka ni/ Yasashiku
Adj-Othe	Genuine	本物	honmono
Adj-Othe	Genuinely	純粋に	Junsui ni
Adj-Othe	Geometric (geometrical)	幾何学的 (幾何学的)	Ikunangaku-teki (ikunangaku-teki)
Adj-Othe	Ghostly	幽霊のよう (な)	Yūrei no yō (na)
Adj-Othe	Ghoulish	グールのよう (な)	guuru no you (na)
Adj-Othe	Giddy	めまいが (目眩が) (する)	Memai ga (memai ga) (suru)
Adj-Othe	Gigantic	巨大	kyodai
Adj-Othe	Gingerly	慎重に	Shinchō ni
Adj-Othe	Giving	与える	ataeru
Adj-Othe	Glad (gladly)	嬉しい (喜んで)	ureshii (yorokonde)
Adj-Othe	Gladful (gladfully)	嬉しい (嬉しく)	ureshii (ureshiku)
Adj-Othe	Glazing	グレージング	gureijingu
Adj-Othe	Gleaming (gleamed)	光る (光った)	Hikaru (hikatta)
Adj-Othe	Gleeful	大喜び (する)	ooyorokobi (suru)
Adj-Othe	Glib	口が達者	Kuchi ga tassha
Adj-Othe	Glooming	暗い	kurai
Adj-Othe	Gloomy (depressive)	憂鬱 (な)/ 陰気 (な)/ 陰鬱 (な)/ 不明朗 (な)/ 気鬱 (な)/ 暗鬱 (な)/ 幽暗 (な)/ 沈鬱 (な) (憂鬱 (な))	Yūutsu (na)/ Inki (na)/ In'utsu (na)/ Fumeirō (na)/ Kiutsu (na)/ An'utsu (na)/ Yūan (na)/ Chin'utsu (na) (yūutsu (na))
Adj-Othe	Glorying	栄光 (な)	Eikō (na)
Adj-Othe	Glossy	光沢のある	koutaku no aru
Adj-Othe	Godly	神々しい	Kōgōshī
Adj-Othe	Going on	続く	Tsuzuku
Adj-Othe	Good-humored	機嫌が良い	Kigengai
Adj-Othe	Gory	残酷	Zankoku
Adj-Othe	Gothic	ゴシック	Goshikku
Adj-Othe	Gradual	徐々に	Jojo ni
Adj-Othe	Gradual	徐々に	Jojoni
Adj-Othe	Grand	素晴らしい	Subarashī
Adj-Othe	Grandiloquent	大げさ (な)	Ōgesa (na)
Adj-Othe	Grandiose	大げさ	Ōgesa
Adj-Othe	Granted	許可 (する)	kyoka (suru)
Adj-Othe	Graphic (graphical)	グラフィック	Gurafikku
Adj-Othe	Grateful	ありがたい (有難い)/ 感謝 (する)	Arigatai * (grateful; thankful; welcome; appreciated; evoking gratitude)/ Kansha (suru)
Adj-Othe	Gratuitous	不当	Futō
Adj-Othe	Gravely (grave situation)	厳肅に (重大な状況)	genshuku ni (jūdaina jōkyō)
Adj-Othe	Greater	より大きな	yori ōkina
Adj-Othe	Greater degree (to a greater degree)	より大きな程度 (より大きな程度に)	yori ōkina teido (yori ōkina teido ni)
Adj-Othe	Greenish	緑がかった	midorigakatta
Adj-Othe	Grieving	悲しみ	Kanashimi

Adj-Othe	Grim (grimly)	陰気 (な) (陰気 (な))	inki (na) (inki (na))
Adj-Othe	Grimy	汚い	Kitanai
Adj-Othe	Grinning (grinned)	ニヤニヤ (ニヤリ)	Niyaniya (niyari)
Adj-Othe	Grizzled	白髪	Shiraga
Adj-Othe	Groomed (grooming)	手入れ済み (手入れ)	Teire zumi (teire)
Adj-Othe	Grotesque	グロテスク	gurotesuku
Adj-Othe	Grounded	地に足の着いた	Chiniashinotsuita
Adj-Othe	Grounded	地に足の着いた	Chi ni ashi no tsuita
Adj-Othe	Growing	増大	Zōdai
Adj-Othe	Grown up	飢える	Ueru
Adj-Othe	Gruff	不機嫌そう (な)	Fukigen-sō (na)
Adj-Othe	Gruff	無愛想	buaiso
Adj-Othe	Grumbling	不平不満	fuheifuman
Adj-Othe	Grunted	うなり声をあげる	unari goe o ageru
Adj-Othe	Guaranteed (guaranteeing)	保証 (する) (保証 (する))	Hoshō (suru) (hoshō (suru))
Adj-Othe	Guile	妄想	Mōsō
Adj-Othe	Gutted	内臓除去	naizou jokyo
Adj-Othe	Gutted	腹を立てる	Hara o tateru
Adj-Othe	Habitually (habitually)	習慣的に (習慣的に)	Shūkan-teki ni (Shūkan-teki ni)
Adj-Othe	Half blood (half-blooded)	混血 (混血の)	Konketsu (konketsu no)
Adj-Othe	Half-forgotten	半分忘れた	Hanbun wasureta
Adj-Othe	Half-full	半分しか満たない	Hanbun shika mitasanai
Adj-Othe	Half-hearted	中途半端 (な)	Chuuto hanpa (na)
Adj-Othe	Half-open	半開き	Hankiraki
Adj-Othe	Halfway	中途半端	Chuuto hanpa
Adj-Othe	Hallowed	神聖化 (する)	Shinseika (suru)
Adj-Othe	Hallucinating	幻覚	Genkaku
Adj-Othe	Halted (halting)	停止中 (停止中)	Teichichuu (teichichuu)
Adj-Othe	Hammering	ハンマー打ち	Hanmā-uchi
Adj-Othe	Handful (a handful)	一握り (一握り)	Ichinigiri (ichinigiri)
Adj-Othe	Handheld (hand-)	手持ち (手持ち)	temochi (temochi)
Adj-Othe	Hapless	不運 (な)	Fuun (na)
Adj-Othe	Happening	起きる	Okiru
Adj-Othe	Happily	幸せに	shiawase ni
Adj-Othe	Hardened	強靱 (な)	kyōjin (na)
Adj-Othe	Hardly	ほとんどない	Hotondo nai
Adj-Othe	Harmed (harming)	害を及ぼす	Gai o oyobosu
Adj-Othe	Harmonious	調和のとれた	Chōwa no toreta
Adj-Othe	Harmoniously	調和的に	chōwateki ni
Adj-Othe	Harmonizing	調和 (する)	Chōwa (suru)
Adj-Othe	Harshly	厳しい	Kibishī
Adj-Othe	Harvested	収穫された	Shūkaku sareta
Adj-Othe	Hastily	急いで	isoide
Adj-Othe	Hatched	孵化した	fuka shita
Adj-Othe	Hated	嫌われた	Kirawareta
Adj-Othe	Haunting	忘れがたい	wasuregatai
Adj-Othe	Hazing (hazed)	もやをさせる (もやをさせる)	Moya o sa seru (moya o saseru)
Adj-Othe	Headlong	真っ向から	Makkō kara

Adj-Othe	Headstrong	頑固 (な)	Ganko (na)
Adj-Othe	Heady	頭がおかしい	Atamagaokashī
Adj-Othe	Healed	癒された	iyasareta
Adj-Othe	Heard	聞いた	kiita
Adj-Othe	Heated	熱する	netsu suru
Adj-Othe	Heaving (heaved)	吐く (吐いた)	haku (haita)
Adj-Othe	Hedging	ヘッジ	hejji
Adj-Othe	Heedful (heedfully)	用心深く (用心深く)	Yōjinbukaku (yōjinbukaku)
Adj-Othe	Heedless	無頓着	Mutonchaku
Adj-Othe	Hefty	重い	Omoi
Adj-Othe	Heinous (heinously)	凶悪 (凶悪に)	Kyōaku (kyōaku ni)
Adj-Othe	Helping	助ける	Tasukeru
Adj-Othe	Helpless	無力 (な/ の)	Muryoku (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Heraldic	紋章学	Monshougaku
Adj-Othe	Hermetic	ハーメチック	Hāmechikku
Adj-Othe	Hesitating (hesitated)	ためらう (ためらった)	tamerau (tameratta)
Adj-Othe	Hideous (hideously)	恐ろしい (恐ろしい)	Osoroshī (osoroshī)
Adj-Othe	Hiding	隠れる	Kakureru
Adj-Othe	High-class	高級 (な/ の)	Kōkyū (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	High-end	高級	kōkyū
Adj-Othe	High-energy	高エネルギー	kou enerugii
Adj-Othe	High-frequency	高周波	Kōshūha
Adj-Othe	High-income (higher-income)	高所得 (高所得)	Kōshotoku (kōshotoku)
Adj-Othe	Highly	高く / 非常に	Takaku/ Hijō ni
Adj-Othe	High-octane	ハイオクタン価	haiokutan-ka
Adj-Othe	High-powered	ハイパワー	haipawaa
Adj-Othe	High-quality	高品質	Kōhinshitsu
Adj-Othe	Hindering	妨害	bōgai
Adj-Othe	Hinting (hinted)	ほのめかす (ほのめかす)	honomekasu (honomekasu)
Adj-Othe	Hired (hiring)	雇う (雇用)	Yatou (Koyō)
Adj-Othe	Historic	歴史的	rekishiteki
Adj-Othe	Hitched	結びつける	Musubitsukeru
Adj-Othe	Holistic	全体論的	zentai ronteki
Adj-Othe	Holographic	ホログラフィック	Horogurafikku
Adj-Othe	Homeless	ホームレス	Hōmuresu
Adj-Othe	Homesick	ホームシック	Hōmushikku
Adj-Othe	Honestly	正直に	Shōjiki ni
Adj-Othe	Hooded	フード付き	Fudo tsuki
Adj-Othe	Hooked	夢中になる	muchū ni naru
Adj-Othe	Hoped (hoping)	期待した (期待する)	Kitai shita (kitai suru)
Adj-Othe	Hopeful	希望に満ちた	kibou ni michita
Adj-Othe	Horrific	恐ろしい	Osoroshī
Adj-Othe	Horried	恐怖 (する)	Kyōfu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Horrifying	恐ろしい	Osoroshii
Adj-Othe	Hospitable	親切的な	Shinsetsu na
Adj-Othe	Humanistic	ヒューマニズム	hyūmanizumu
Adj-Othe	Humming	ハミング (する)	Hamingu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Humorous	ユーモラス (な)	Yuumorasu (na)
Adj-Othe	Humorously	ユーモラスに	Yūmorasu ni

Adj-Othe	Hunking	がっしりした	gasshiri shita
Adj-Othe	Hurtful	傷つく	Kizutsuku
Adj-Othe	Hushed	静か (な)	Shizuka (na)
Adj-Othe	Hybrid	ハイブリッド	Haiburiddo
Adj-Othe	Hyper	ハイパー	Haipaa
Adj-Othe	Hyperactive	多動	Tadō
Adj-Othe	Hyperintelligent	超知能	chouchinou
Adj-Othe	Hypermodern	超近代的	chou kindaiteki
Adj-Othe	Hypersonic	超音速	chouonsoku
Adj-Othe	Hypnotic	催眠術	Saimin-jutsu
Adj-Othe	Hypnotized	催眠術にかかった	Saimin-jutsu ni kakatta
Adj-Othe	Hypochondriac	心気症	Shinki-shō
Adj-Othe	Hypothetical	仮説	Kasetsu
Adj-Othe	Hysterical	ヒステリック	Hisuterikku
Adj-Othe	Iconic	象徴的	Shōchō-teki
Adj-Othe	Ideal (the ideal)	理想	Risou
Adj-Othe	Idealistic	理想主義的	Risoushugiteki
Adj-Othe	Idiomatic	慣用句	Kan'yōku
Adj-Othe	Idle (idly)	アイドル (ぼんやり)	Aidoru (bon'yari)
Adj-Othe	Ignited (igniting)	点火 (する) (点火 (する))	Tenka (suru) (tenka (suru))
Adj-Othe	Ignominious	不名誉な	Fumeiyo na
Adj-Othe	Ignorant	無知	Muchi
Adj-Othe	Ignored	無視される	mushisareru
Adj-Othe	Illegal (illicit)	違法 (な/ の) (違法 (な/ の))	Ihō (na/ no) (ihō (na/ no))
Adj-Othe	Illegitimate	非合法	higo-hou
Adj-Othe	Illicit	違法	ihō
Adj-Othe	Illicit	違法	Ihou
Adj-Othe	Illiterate	読み書きができない	yomikaki ga dekinai
Adj-Othe	Ill-mannered	行儀の悪い	gyōgi no warui
Adj-Othe	Illustrated (illustrating)	図示	Zushi
Adj-Othe	Illustrious	著名 (な)	Chomei (na)
Adj-Othe	Imaginable	想像できる	Souzou dekiru
Adj-Othe	Imagined	想像された	souzou sareta
Adj-Othe	Imagining	想像	souzou
Adj-Othe	Imitating	真似る	maneru
Adj-Othe	Immaculate (immaculately)	汚れのない (汚れなく)	yogore no nai (yogore naku)
Adj-Othe	Immeasurable	計り知れない	Hakarishirenai
Adj-Othe	Immediate	すぐに (直ぐに)	Sugu ni
Adj-Othe	Immemorial	太古 (の)	Taiko (no)
Adj-Othe	Immense	計り知れない	Hakarishirenai
Adj-Othe	Immersing	浸る	hitaru
Adj-Othe	Immortal	不滅	Fumetsu
Adj-Othe	Immune	免疫	Men'eki
Adj-Othe	Impactful	インパクトのある	inpākuto no aru
Adj-Othe	Impartial	公平	Kōhei
Adj-Othe	Impassable	通れない	tōrenai
Adj-Othe	Impassioned	情熱的な	Jōnetsu-teki na
Adj-Othe	Impatiently	せっかちに	Sekkachi ni
Adj-Othe	Impeccable	非の打ちどころがない	Hi no uchidokoro ga nai

Adj-Othe	Impending	差し迫った	Sashisematta
Adj-Othe	Impenetrable	侵入できない	shinnyū dekinai
Adj-Othe	Imperceptible	いつの間にか	Itsunomanika
Adj-Othe	Imperceptibly	いつの間にか	Itsunomanika
Adj-Othe	Imperial (imperialistic)	帝国主義的	Teikoku shugi-teki
Adj-Othe	Impertinent	生意気 (な)	Namaiki (na) * (impertinent; saucy; cheeky; impudent; audacious; cocky; pert; brash)
Adj-Othe	Impetuous	衝動的	Shōdō-teki
Adj-Othe	Impetuously	衝動的に	shoudou-teki ni
Adj-Othe	Implausible	ありそうにない	arisō ni nai
Adj-Othe	Implicating	含意	gan'i
Adj-Othe	Impopular (unpopular)	不人気 (不人気)	Funinki (funinki)
Adj-Othe	Important (importance)	重要な (重要性)	juuyou na (juuyousei)
Adj-Othe	Imposed (imposing)	課す	kasu
Adj-Othe	Imposing	堂々と	Dōdō to
Adj-Othe	Impractical	非实际的	Hijissaiteki
Adj-Othe	Impressionable	感受性が強い	Kanjusei ga tsuyoi
Adj-Othe	Imprisoning	投獄 (する)/ 閉じ込める/ 監禁 (する/ の)	Tōgoku (suru)/ Tojikomeru/ Kankin (suru/ no)
Adj-Othe	Improper	不適切 (な)	Futekisettsu (na)
Adj-Othe	In a fake way (in a fraudulent way)	偽りの方法で (不正な方法で)	Itsuarino hōhō de (fuseina hōhō de)
Adj-Othe	In a particular manner	特定のやり方で	tokutei no yarikata de
Adj-Othe	In a particular way	特定の方法で	tokutei no houhou de
Adj-Othe	In a spirit of	の精神で	No seishin de
Adj-Othe	In a spirit of (in the spirit of)	精神で	seishin de
Adj-Othe	In charge of	担当 (する)	Tantō (suru)
Adj-Othe	In contrast to	対照的に	Taishō-teki ni
Adj-Othe	In good spirits	気分が良い	kibun ga yoi
Adj-Othe	In high spirits	気分が上向き	kibun ga uwamuki
Adj-Othe	In it (in itself)	それ自体で	sore jitai de
Adj-Othe	In low spirits	気分が落ち込んでいる	kibun ga ochikonde iru
Adj-Othe	In response to	対応して	Taiō shite
Adj-Othe	In such a way that	そのように	Sono yō ni
Adj-Othe	In the distance	遠くに	tōku ni
Adj-Othe	In the meantime	その間に	Sono aida ni
Adj-Othe	In the mood (for/ to)	気分で (のために/ するために)	Kibun de (no tame ni/ suru tame ni)
Adj-Othe	In vain	無駄に	Muda ni
Adj-Othe	Inaccessible	近づきがたい	Chikadzuki gatai
Adj-Othe	Inaccurate (inaccurately)	不正確 (不正確)	Fuseikaku (fuseikaku)
Adj-Othe	Inactive	活動しない	katsudou shinai
Adj-Othe	Inappropriate	不適切	Futekisettsu
Adj-Othe	Inaugural	就任 (する)	Shūnin (suru)
Adj-Othe	Inaugurated	就任した	shuunin shita
Adj-Othe	Incapable	能力がない/ 無能	Nōryoku ga nai/ Munō
Adj-Othe	Incessant	絶え間ない	Taemanai
Adj-Othe	Incisive	鋭い	Surudo
Adj-Othe	Inclined (inclined to)	傾斜している (傾斜している)	Keisha shite iru (keisha shite iru)

Adj-Othe	Inclusive	包括的	houkatsu teki
Adj-Othe	Incompetent	無能	Munō
Adj-Othe	Incompetently	無能に	Munō ni
Adj-Othe	Incomprehensible (beyond comprehension)	理解できない (理解を超えている)	Rikaidekinai (rikai o koete iru)
Adj-Othe	Inconclusive	決定的でない	Ketteiteki de nai
Adj-Othe	Inconsequential	取るに足りない	Toru ni tarinai
Adj-Othe	Inconspicuously	目立たないように	medatanai you ni
Adj-Othe	Inconstant	不定	Futei
Adj-Othe	Inconvenient (inconveniently)	不便な (不便に)	fuben na (fuben ni)
Adj-Othe	Incorporate	組み込む	kumikomu
Adj-Othe	Incorporated (incorporating)	組み込まれた (組み込む)	kumikomareta (kumikomu)
Adj-Othe	Incredible (incredibly)	信じられない (信じ難い)	Shinjirarenai (shinji gatai)
Adj-Othe	Incredible (unbelievable)	信じられないほど (信じられないほど)	Shinji rarenai hodo (shinji rarenai hodo)
Adj-Othe	Indebted	恩義がある	Ongi ga aru
Adj-Othe	Indecent	猥褻 (な)	Waisetsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Indefatigable (indefatigably)	不屈の (不屈の)	fukutsu no (fukutsu no)
Adj-Othe	Indeficient	不足している	Fusoku shite iru
Adj-Othe	Indefinite	不定 (な/ の)	Futei (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Indelible	消えない	kienai
Adj-Othe	Indicating (indicated)	指示 (する) (指示される)	Shiji (suru) (shiji sareru)
Adj-Othe	Indifferent	無関心	Mukanshin
Adj-Othe	Indigenous	先住民	Senjūmin
Adj-Othe	Indignant	憤慨 (する)	Fungai (suru)
Adj-Othe	Indignified (indignity)	屈辱的 (な) (屈辱)	Kutsujoku-teki (na) (kutsujoku)
Adj-Othe	Indoctrinating (indoctrinated)	教化 (教化)	Kyouka (kyouka)
Adj-Othe	Indomitable	不屈 (の)	fukutsu (no)
Adj-Othe	Inducing	誘導 (する)	Yūdō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Indulgent	甘い	amai
Adj-Othe	Ineffable	言い表せない	iiarawasenai
Adj-Othe	Ineffective	効果がない	Kōka ga nai
Adj-Othe	Inexcusable	許されない	Yurusarenai
Adj-Othe	Inexorable	容赦ない	Yōsha nai
Adj-Othe	Inexperienced	未熟	Mijuku
Adj-Othe	Infernal	地獄のよう (な)	Jigoku no yō (na)
Adj-Othe	Inflame (inflamed)	燃え上がる	Moeagaru
Adj-Othe	Inflammatory	炎症性 (の)	Enshō-sei (no)
Adj-Othe	Influenced	影響を受ける	Eikyōwoukeru
Adj-Othe	Informal (informally)	非公式 (くだけた)	Hi kōshiki (kudaketa)
Adj-Othe	Ingenious (ingeniously)	独創的 (な)	Dokushou teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Ingrained	染み込んだ	Shimikonda
Adj-Othe	Ingrained	染み付いた	shimitsuita
Adj-Othe	Ingress	侵入	Shinnyū
Adj-Othe	Inherited	遺伝性 (の)	Iden-sei (no)

Adj-Othe	Inhospitable	不親切 (な)	Fushinsetsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Inimitable	比類のない	Hirui no nai
Adj-Othe	Innermost	最も内側	mottomo uchigawa
Adj-Othe	Innovative	革新的	Kakushinteki
Adj-Othe	Innumerable	数えられない	kazoerarenai
Adj-Othe	Inquisitive	好奇心旺盛	Kōkishin ōsei
Adj-Othe	Inscrutable	不可解	Fukakai
Adj-Othe	Insensate	無感覚な	Mukankaku na
Adj-Othe	Insensible (foolish)	鈍感 (愚か)	Donkan (oroka)
Adj-Othe	Insidious	陰陰	Inken
Adj-Othe	Insidious	陰陰な	Inken na
Adj-Othe	Insignificant	取るに足らない	Toru ni taranai
Adj-Othe	Insistent (insistently)	しつこい (しつこく)	Shitsukoi (shitsukoku)
Adj-Othe	Inspiring (inspired)	感動 (する) (感動 (する))	kandou (suru) (kandou (suru))
Adj-Othe	Inspired	インスピレーションを受けた	insupreshon o uketa
Adj-Othe	Inspiring	インスピレーションを与える	insupreshon o ataeru
Adj-Othe	Instructive	有益	Yūeki
Adj-Othe	Insufficient	不十分	Fujūbun
Adj-Othe	Insulted	侮辱される	Bujoku sareru
Adj-Othe	Integrated	統合 (する)	Tōgō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Intelligible	理解できる	rikai dekiru
Adj-Othe	Intelligibly	理解できる	Rikai dekiru
Adj-Othe	Intended	対象	Taishō
Adj-Othe	Intense (intensely)	激しい (激しく)	Hageshii (hageshiku)
Adj-Othe	Intensifying	激化 (する)	Gekika (suru)
Adj-Othe	Intensive	集中的 (な)	Shūchū-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Intentional	意図的	itoteki
Adj-Othe	Intently	熱心に	nesshin ni
Adj-Othe	Interim	暫定	Zantei
Adj-Othe	Interjected	差し挟む	sashihasamu
Adj-Othe	Interlinked (interlinking)	相互リンク (相互リンク)	sōgo rinku
Adj-Othe	Interminable (interminably)	果てしない (果てしない)	Hateshinai (hateshinai)
Adj-Othe	Interrupted	中断される	Chūdan sareru
Adj-Othe	Interrupted (interrupting)	中断された (中断 (する))	Chuudan sareta (chuudan (suru))
Adj-Othe	Intimate (intimately)	親密 (な) (親密に)	Shinmitsu (na) (shinmitsu ni)
Adj-Othe	Intolerant	不寛容 (な)	Fu kan'yō (na)
Adj-Othe	Intrepid	イントレピッド	Intorepiddo
Adj-Othe	Intricate	複雑 (な)	Fukuzatsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Intrigued	興味をそそられる	Kyoumi wo sosorareru
Adj-Othe	Intrusive	邪魔 (な)	Jama (na)
Adj-Othe	Invaluable	かけがえのない	
Adj-Othe	Invective	悪口	Waruguchi
Adj-Othe	Invented (inventing)	発明した (発明 (する))	hatsumei shita (hatsumei (suru))
Adj-Othe	Inventive	発明的	hatsumokuteki
Adj-Othe	Inverse	逆数	Gyakusū
Adj-Othe	Inversed	逆さま	Sakasama
Adj-Othe	Invincible	無敵	muteki
Adj-Othe	Invited (inviting)	招待された (招待 (する))	Shōtai sa reta (shōtai (suru))

Adj-Othe	Inviting	魅力的 (な)	Mirikiteki (na)
Adj-Othe	Involving (involved)	関与する (関与した)	kanyo suru (kanyo shita)
Adj-Othe	Invulnerable	無敵	Muteki
Adj-Othe	Iridescent (giving light; light giving)	イリデッセント (光を与える; 光を与える)	Iridessento (hikari o ataeru; hikari o ataeru)
Adj-Othe	Irksome	うざい (ウザイ)	Uzai
Adj-Othe	Ironical (ironical)	皮肉 (な) (皮肉 (な))	Hiniku (na) (hiniku (na))
Adj-Othe	Irrefutable	反駁不可能	Hanbaku fukanō
Adj-Othe	Irrelevant	無関係	Mukankei
Adj-Othe	Irreplaceable	かけがえのない	Kakegae no nai
Adj-Othe	Irrepressible	抑えられない	Osaerarenai
Adj-Othe	Irreproachable	非難の余地がない	Hinan no yochiganai
Adj-Othe	Irresistible	たまらない	Tamaranai
Adj-Othe	Irrespective	無関係	Mukankei
Adj-Othe	Irrevocable	取り消し不能	Torikeshi funō
Adj-Othe	Irrevocably	取り返しがつかない	torikaeshi ga tsukanai
Adj-Othe	Irritable	イライラ (する)	iraira (suru)
Adj-Othe	Irritably	イライラ (する)	iraira (suru)
Adj-Othe	Irritated	イライラしている	Iraira shite iru
Adj-Othe	Irritating	いらだたしい	iradatashii
Adj-Othe	Isolated	孤立	Koritsu
Adj-Othe	Issuing (issued)	発する	hassuru
Adj-Othe	Itinerant	巡回者	Junkai-sha
Adj-Othe	Jabbering (jabbered)	しゃべる (しゃべった)	Shaberu (shabetta)
Adj-Othe	Jealous (jealously)	嫉妬深い (嫉妬深く)	Shittobukai (shittobukaku)
Adj-Othe	Jetty	桟橋	Sanbashi
Adj-Othe	Joking (joked)	冗談 (ジョーク)	Jōdan (jōku)
Adj-Othe	Jolly	陽気 (な)	Yōki (na)
Adj-Othe	Jovial	陽気 (な)	Yōki (na)
Adj-Othe	Joyfully	楽しく	tanoshiku
Adj-Othe	Jubilant	歓喜 (の)	kanki (no)
Adj-Othe	Judgemental	批判的	hihanteki
Adj-Othe	Judicious	賢明	kenmei
Adj-Othe	Jumpy	びくびく	Bikubiku
Adj-Othe	Just this once	今回だけ	Konkai dake
Adj-Othe	Justifiable	正当化できる / 正当 (な)	soutouka dekiru / seitou (na)
Adj-Othe	Justified	正当化	Seitōka
Adj-Othe	Justly	正当に	Seitou ni
Adj-Othe	Juvenile	少年	shōnen
Adj-Othe	Keenly	鋭く / 沁み沁み (と)	Surudoku/ Shimijimi (to) * (keenly; deeply; fully; heartily; seriously; earnestly)
Adj-Othe	Keenly attuned	鋭く同調した	Surudoku dōchō shita
Adj-Othe	Kempt	整った	Totonotta
Adj-Othe	Kept	保たれた / 保管された	Tamotareta/ Hokan sareta
Adj-Othe	Kicking	蹴る	Keru
Adj-Othe	Kidnapped	誘拐	Yūkai
Adj-Othe	Killing	殺害	Satsugai
Adj-Othe	Kindly (kind)	親切に (親切に)	Shinsetsu ni (shinsetsu ni)
Adj-Othe	Kinetic	キネティック	kinekku
Adj-Othe	Knackered	くたびれた	kutabireta

Adj-Othe	Knocked over	ノックオーバー	Nokkōbā
Adj-Othe	Knocking (knock; a knock)	ノック (ノック、ノック)	Nokku (nokku, nokku)
Adj-Othe	Knowing (the knowing)	知ること (知ること)	Shiru koto (shiru koto)
Adj-Othe	Known	既知 (の)	Kichi (no)
Adj-Othe	Laborious	骨の折れる	Hone no oreru
Adj-Othe	Lacking (missing)	欠けている (欠けている)	Kakete iru (kakete iru)
Adj-Othe	Laid-back	のんびり	nonbiri
Adj-Othe	Lairy	ライリー	Rairii
Adj-Othe	Landscaped	景観の良い	Keikan no yoi
Adj-Othe	Lapping	ラッピング	rappingu
Adj-Othe	Large-scale	大規模 (な)	daikibo (na)
Adj-Othe	Larkish	陽気な	youki na
Adj-Othe	Lashed	鞭打たれる	Muchiutareru
Adj-Othe	Laughable	笑える	Waraeru
Adj-Othe	Laughing	笑い	warai
Adj-Othe	Lax	緩い	Yurui
Adj-Othe	Lean	傾いた	Katamuita
Adj-Othe	Lean-to (ie. having a lean-to roof)	傾斜している (傾斜している)	Keisha shite iru (keisha shite iru)
Adj-Othe	Leaping	跳躍 (する)	Chouyaku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Learned (learning)	学んだ (学習)	Mananda (gakushuu)
Adj-Othe	Least (the least)	最も少ない (最も少ない)	Mottomo sukunai (mottomo sukunai)
Adj-Othe	Leaving (left)	退場 (退場)	Taijō (taijō)
Adj-Othe	Leaving (left)	出発 (去った)	shuppatsu (satta)
Adj-Othe	Legislative	立法	Rippō
Adj-Othe	Legitimate	合法	gouhou
Adj-Othe	Leisurely	のんびり (ノンビリ) (と/する)	Nonbiri (to/ suru)
Adj-Othe	Less than	未満	miman
Adj-Othe	Less than five	5 個未満	5 ko miman
Adj-Othe	Lesser	より少ない	yori sukunai
Adj-Othe	Lesser degree (to a lesser degree)	より少ない程度 (より少ない程度に)	yori sukunai teido (yori sukunai teido ni)
Adj-Othe	Lethal	致命的	chimeiteki
Adj-Othe	Lethargic	無気力 (な)	Mukiryoku (na)
Adj-Othe	Life-threatening	生命を脅かす	Seimei o odokasu
Adj-Othe	Light-hearted (lighthearted)	気軽に (気軽に)	Kigaru ni
Adj-Othe	Likely	ありそう/ 可能性があります	Ari-sō/ Kanōsei ga arimasu
Adj-Othe	Limitless	限りない	Kagirinai
Adj-Othe	Limp (limply)	ぐったり (する)	guttari (suru)
Adj-Othe	Lingered	ぐずぐず (する)	guzuguzu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Lingering	長引く	nagabiku
Adj-Othe	Literal	リテラル	riteraru
Adj-Othe	Literally	文字通り	mojidoori
Adj-Othe	Literary	文学的	Bungakuteki
Adj-Othe	Literate	読み書きができる	yomikaki ga dekiru
Adj-Othe	Lithe	しなやか (な)	Shinayaka (na)
Adj-Othe	Little by little	少しずつ	Sukoshizutsu
Adj-Othe	Living (alive)	生きている (生きている)	Ikite iru (ikite iru)

Adj-Othe	Loads of	たくさんの	Takusan no
Adj-Othe	Loathing (loathed)	嫌悪(する)(嫌悪した)	ken'o (suru) (ken'oshita)
Adj-Othe	Localized	局所的	Kyokushoteki
Adj-Othe	Locked	ロック済み	Rokku zumi
Adj-Othe	Lodging	宿泊(する)	Shukuhaku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Logged	記録済み	Kirokuzumi
Adj-Othe	Long gone	久しぶり(久し振り)(な/の)/ 今は無き	Hisashiburi (na/ no) * (a long time (since the last time); first in a long time)/ Ima wa naki * ((long) gone; lost)
Adj-Othe	Long-awaited	待望(する/の)	Taibō (suru/ no) * (waiting expectantly; waiting eagerly; looking forward to/ long-awaited)
Adj-Othe	Longing	憧れ	Akogare
Adj-Othe	Long-standing	長年(の)	naganen (no)
Adj-Othe	Long-winded	長々とした	naganaga to shita
Adj-Othe	Looking back on it now	今から思えば/ 今振り返ってみると	Ima kara omoeba/ Ima furikaette miruto
Adj-Othe	Looming	迫りくる	Semarikuru
Adj-Othe	Loopy	おかしな	okashina
Adj-Othe	Loosened (loosening)	緩める(緩める)	yureru (yureru)
Adj-Othe	Loquacious	饒舌	Jōzetsu
Adj-Othe	Lost	失われた	Ushinawareta
Adj-Othe	Loudly	大声で	Ōgoe de
Adj-Othe	Lousy	最悪	saiaku
Adj-Othe	Loved	愛されました	Aisaremashita
Adj-Othe	Lovingly	愛情を込めて	Aijou o komete
Adj-Othe	Low-class	低級(な)	Teikyū (na)
Adj-Othe	Low-end	低級	teikyū
Adj-Othe	Low-energy	低エネルギー	tei enerugii
Adj-Othe	Lower class	下層階級	kasō kaikyū
Adj-Othe	Lowering	低下(する)	Teika (suru)
Adj-Othe	Low-frequency	低頻度	Tei hindo
Adj-Othe	Low-income (lower-income)	低所得(低所得)	Teishotoku (teishotoku)
Adj-Othe	Lucid	明晰(な)	Meiseki (na)
Adj-Othe	Luckily	幸いなことに	saiwaina koto ni
Adj-Othe	Lucky	幸運	Kouun
Adj-Othe	Ludic	ルディック	Rudikku
Adj-Othe	Lugubrious	陰気(な)	inki (na)
Adj-Othe	Lukewarm	生ぬるい	Namanurui
Adj-Othe	Luminescent	発光(する)	Hakkō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Luminous	明るい/ 光る/ 蓄光性(の)	Akarui/ Hikaru/ Chikukō-sei (no) * (phosphorescence; luminescence)
Adj-Othe	Lurking	潜んでいる	hisonde iru
Adj-Othe	Luxuriantly	贅沢に	Zeitaku ni
Adj-Othe	Machine made	機械製	Kikaisei
Adj-Othe	Mad	気が狂った	Ki ga kurutta
Adj-Othe	Maddening	狂気の沙汰	Kyōki no sata
Adj-Othe	Magenta	マゼンタ	Mazenta
Adj-Othe	Magnificent	壮麗(な)	sourei (na)

Adj-Othe	Majestic	マジェスティック (の/ な)	Majesutikku (no/ na)
Adj-Othe	Majestic	荘厳な	Sōgon na
Adj-Othe	Makeable	メイク可能	Meiku kanou
Adj-Othe	Makeshift	間に合わせの	Maniawase no
Adj-Othe	Makeshift	間に合わせ (の)	Mani awase (no)
Adj-Othe	Malevolent	悪意のある	Akui no aru
Adj-Othe	Maliciously	悪意を持って	akui o motte
Adj-Othe	Man made	人工	Jinkou
Adj-Othe	Manageable	管理可能	Kanri kanou
Adj-Othe	Managed	管理された	Kanri sareta
Adj-Othe	Managerial	経営的/ 経営上 (の)	Keiei-teki/ Keiei-jō (no)
Adj-Othe	Manifest	マニフェスト	manifesuto
Adj-Othe	Manipulative	操作的	Sousateki
Adj-Othe	Manoeuvring (manoeuvred)	策略している (策略した)	Sakuryaku shite iru (sakuryaku shita)
Adj-Othe	Manufactured	製造	Seizou
Adj-Othe	Manufacturing	製造	Seizou
Adj-Othe	Many a	多くの	Ooku no
Adj-Othe	Marching	行進 (する)	Kōshin (suru)
Adj-Othe	Marginally	ギリギリ (限り限り) (な/ の)	Girigiri (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Marked	マークされる	māku sareru
Adj-Othe	Marking	マーク (する)	māku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Marvellously	驚くほど	odoroku hodo
Adj-Othe	Masculine	男性的 (な)/ マスキュリン/ 男らしい	Dansei-teki (na)/ Masukyurin/ Otokorashī
Adj-Othe	Masterful (masterfully)	見事 (見事に)	Migoto (migoto ni)
Adj-Othe	Maternal	母性的 (な)	Bosei-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Mathematical	数学的	Sūgaku-teki
Adj-Othe	Matt	マット	Matto
Adj-Othe	Maximal	最大値	Saidaichi
Adj-Othe	Meandering	曲がりくねった	Magarikunetta
Adj-Othe	Meaningless	無意味	Muimi
Adj-Othe	Meanly	意地悪に	Ijiwaru ni
Adj-Othe	Meantime	その間に	Sono aida ni
Adj-Othe	Meanwhile	その間に	Sono aida ni
Adj-Othe	Measurable (measured)	測定可能 (測定済み)	Sokutei kanō (sokutei-zumi)
Adj-Othe	Mechanical	機械	Kikai
Adj-Othe	Meddling	干渉 (する)	Kanshō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Mediating	仲介	Chūkai
Adj-Othe	Mellow	穏やか (な)	Odayaka (na)
Adj-Othe	Melodious	メロディアス	merodiasu
Adj-Othe	Memorable	記憶に残る	Kioku ni nokoru
Adj-Othe	Menacing (menacingly)	威嚇的 (威嚇的に)	Ikakuteki (ikakuteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Mentally	精神的に	seishinteki ni
Adj-Othe	Merciful	慈悲深い	Jihibukai
Adj-Othe	Mercilessly	情け容赦なく	Nasake yōsha naku
Adj-Othe	Mercurial	マーキュリアル	Maakyuariaru
Adj-Othe	Mere (a mere)	単なる (単なる)	Tan'narū (tan'narū)
Adj-Othe	Mere (merely)	単なる (単なる)	tannaru (tannaru)
Adj-Othe	Merely	ただ	Tada

Adj-Othe	Mesmerising	魅了 (する)	Miryō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Metabolic	代謝の	taisha no
Adj-Othe	Metaphorical (metaphorically)	比喩的 (比喩的に)	Hiyu-teki (hiyu-teki ni)
Adj-Othe	Meticulous	細心の注意	saishin no chui
Adj-Othe	Metropolitan	大都市	Daitoshi
Adj-Othe	Micro-managing	細かい管理	Komakai kanri
Adj-Othe	Microscopic	微細	bisai
Adj-Othe	Middle class	中流階級	chūryū kaikyū
Adj-Othe	Middle-aged	中年	Chuunen
Adj-Othe	Mighty (mightily)	力強い (力強く)	Chikaradzuyoi (chikaradzuyoku)
Adj-Othe	Mildly	穏やかに	Odayaka ni
Adj-Othe	Mild-mannered	温厚 (な)	Onkō (na)
Adj-Othe	Militarized	軍事化 (する)	Gunjika (suru)
Adj-Othe	Mimetic	擬態語	Gitaigo
Adj-Othe	Mimic	真似る	Maneru
Adj-Othe	Mindful	思慮深い	Shiryobukai
Adj-Othe	Mingled	混ざる	Mazaru
Adj-Othe	Mingling	ミングリン	mingurin
Adj-Othe	Minimal	最小限	Saishōgen
Adj-Othe	Minuscule	極小	gokushō
Adj-Othe	Mirroring (mirrored)	ミラーリングしている (鏡に映す)	mirāringu shiteiru (kagami ni utsusu)
Adj-Othe	Mirthful	陽気 (な)	youki (na)
Adj-Othe	Miscellaneous	その他	Sonota
Adj-Othe	Mischievous (mischievously)	いたずら (な) (いたずらに)	Itazura (na) (itazurani)
Adj-Othe	Miserly	ケチな	Kechina
Adj-Othe	Misplaced	置き忘れた	Okiwasureta
Adj-Othe	Missed (missing)	行方不明 (行方不明)	Yukuefumei (yukuefumei)
Adj-Othe	Mistaken	誤った	Ayamatta
Adj-Othe	Misused	誤用 (する)	Goyō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Mixing	混合	Kongō
Adj-Othe	Mocked	嘲笑される	chōshō sareru
Adj-Othe	Mocking	モック (する)	Mokku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Modestly	控えめ	Hikaeme
Adj-Othe	Modifiable	修正可能	Shūsei kanō
Adj-Othe	Molested	いたずらする	itazura suru
Adj-Othe	Molesting	痴漢行為	Chikan kōi
Adj-Othe	Momentary	束の間 (つかの間) (の)	Tsukanoma (no)
Adj-Othe	Monetary	貨幣的 (な)	Kaheiteki (na)
Adj-Othe	Monkish	僧侶風	Sōryo-fū
Adj-Othe	Monochrome	モノクロ	Monokuro
Adj-Othe	Monotone	天職	Tenshoku
Adj-Othe	Monotonous	単調	Tanchō
Adj-Othe	Monstrous	怪物的	kaibutsuteki
Adj-Othe	Moonstruck	夢中になった	Muchuu ni natta
Adj-Othe	Morbid (morbidly)	病的な (病的に)	Byōteki na (byōteki ni)
Adj-Othe	More than	以上	ijou
Adj-Othe	More than two	2 個以上	2 ko ijou

Adj-Othe	Most (mostly)	ほとんど	Hotondo
Adj-Othe	Motionless	動かない	Ugokanai
Adj-Othe	Motivating	やる気が出る	yaruki ga deru
Adj-Othe	Mottled	まだら (の)	madara (no)
Adj-Othe	Mounted	取り付けた	toritsuketa
Adj-Othe	Much ado about	大騒ぎ	Oosawagi
Adj-Othe	Much-loved	とても愛されている	Totemo aisarete iru
Adj-Othe	Muffled	くぐもった	kugumotta
Adj-Othe	Multifaceted	多面的	tamen teki
Adj-Othe	Mundane	平凡	Heibon
Adj-Othe	Murmuring (murmured)	つぶやく (つぶやいた)	Tsubuyaku (Tsubuyaita)
Adj-Othe	Mute	ミュート (する)	Myūto (suru)
Adj-Othe	Muted	ミュート (する)	myuuto (suru)
Adj-Othe	Mutual (mutually)	相互 (相互に)	Sōgo (sōgo ni)
Adj-Othe	Mystical	神秘的	Shinpiteki
Adj-Othe	Mystifying	神秘的 (な)	Shinpi-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Mythological	神話的	Shinwa-teki
Adj-Othe	Naive	素朴	soboku
Adj-Othe	Named	指名 (する)	Shimei (suru)
Adj-Othe	Namely	つまり	Tsumari
Adj-Othe	Narcissistic	ナルシズム	narushishizumu
Adj-Othe	Narrative	物語	Monogatari
Adj-Othe	Narrowed	狭くなった	Semaku natta
Adj-Othe	Narrow-minded	心が狭い	Kokoro ga semai
Adj-Othe	Nationalistic	国家主義的	Kokkashugi teki
Adj-Othe	Native	ネイティブ	Neitibu
Adj-Othe	Natty	ナッティ	Natti
Adj-Othe	Naughty	いたずら (な)	itazura (na)
Adj-Othe	Nauseous (nauseously)	吐き気を催す (吐き気を催す)	hakike o moyou su (hakike o moyou su)
Adj-Othe	Naval	海軍	Kaigun
Adj-Othe	Near and far (far and near)	近くて遠い (遠くて近い)	Chikakute tōi (tōkute chikai)
Adj-Othe	Nearby	近く	chikaku
Adj-Othe	Nearest (the nearest)	最も近い (最も近い)	Mottomo chikai (mottomo chikai)
Adj-Othe	Nearly	ほぼ	hobo
Adj-Othe	Neat	きちんとした	Kichinto shita
Adj-Othe	Necessarily	必要に迫られて	Hitsuyō ni semararete
Adj-Othe	Negatively	否定的に	Hitei-teki ni
Adj-Othe	Negligent	怠慢	taiman
Adj-Othe	Negotiable	交渉可能	Kōshō kanō
Adj-Othe	Nepotistic	縁故主義	Enkoshugi
Adj-Othe	Nervously	神経質に	Shinkeishitsu ni
Adj-Othe	Neural	神経	shinkei
Adj-Othe	Neutral	中立	chūritsu
Adj-Othe	Neverending	終わりが無い	owari ga nai
Adj-Othe	Never-ending	終わりのない	owari no nai
Adj-Othe	Newfound	新発見	Shinhakken
Adj-Othe	Newfound	新発見	Shinhakken
Adj-Othe	New-found	新発見	Shinhakken
Adj-Othe	Newly	新しく	Atarashiku

Adj-Othe	No further	これ以上/ 以上...ない	Koreijō/ Ijō... nai
Adj-Othe	No go	禁止 (する)	Kinshi (suru)
Adj-Othe	No longer	もはや/ もう...ではない/ もう...いない	Mohaya/ Mō...De wanai/ Mō... Inai
Adj-Othe	No more	もうない/ これ以上はありません	Mō nai/ Koreijō wa arimasen
Adj-Othe	Nobler	より高貴 (な)	Yori kōki (na)
Adj-Othe	Nocturnal	夜行性 (の)	Yakō-sei (no)
Adj-Othe	Noisy	騒々しい	sōzōshii
Adj-Othe	Nomadic	遊牧民	Yūbokumin
Adj-Othe	Nonchalant	さりげない	Sarigenai
Adj-Othe	Nondescriptive	説明的ではない	Setsumeiteki de wa nai
Adj-Othe	Non-negotiable	交渉不可	Kōshō fuka
Adj-Othe	Non-ordained	非聖職者	Hi seishoku-sha
Adj-Othe	Non-refundable	返金不可 (な)/ 返金不可能 (な)	Henkin-fuka (na)/ Henkin fukanō (na)
Adj-Othe	Non-smoking	非喫煙者	Hi-kitsuen-sha
Adj-Othe	Non-sovereign (not sovereign)	非主権的 (主権的ではない)	hishukenteki (shukenteki dewa nai)
Adj-Othe	Non-traditional	非伝統的	Hidōdenteki
Adj-Othe	Non-verbal	非言語的	higengoteki
Adj-Othe	No-show	全く見せない	Mattaku misenai
Adj-Othe	Not anymore	もうだめだ	mou dameda
Adj-Othe	Not even	さえない	Saenai
Adj-Othe	Not exactly	正確にはそうではない	seikaku ni wa sou dewa nai
Adj-Othe	Not in the least	少なくとも	Sukunakutomo
Adj-Othe	Not inclined to	傾斜していない	Keisha shite inai
Adj-Othe	Not inclined (not inclined to)	気が進まない	Ki ga susumanai
Adj-Othe	Not much	あまりない	amarinai
Adj-Othe	Not named	指名しない	Shimei shinai
Adj-Othe	Not quite	完全には近いわけではない	kanzen ni wa chikai wake dewa nai
Adj-Othe	Not quite often	あまり頻繁ではない	Amari hinpan dewa nai
Adj-Othe	Not very much	あまりない	amarinai
Adj-Othe	Notably (notable)	注目に値する (注目に値する)	Chūmoku ni ataisuru (chūmoku ni ataisuru)
Adj-Othe	Noticeable	目立つ	medatsu
Adj-Othe	Noticed	気付かれる	Kidzucareru
Adj-Othe	Now and then	今も時々	Ima mo tokidoki
Adj-Othe	Now or never	今しかない	Ima shika nai
Adj-Othe	Now that I think about it (now that I come to think of it)	今思えば/ 今から思えば (今思えば)	Ima omoeba/ Ima kara omoeba (ima omoeba)
Adj-Othe	Numb	麻痺	Mahi
Adj-Othe	Objectionable	不快	Fukai
Adj-Othe	Obligate	義務	Gimu
Adj-Othe	Obliging	義務を負う	Gimu o ou
Adj-Othe	Oblivious	無知 (な)	Muchi (na)
Adj-Othe	Obscene	卑猥な	Hiwa na
Adj-Othe	Obscure	あいまい (な)	Aimai (na)
Adj-Othe	Obscure	不明瞭	Fumeiryō
Adj-Othe	Observable	観測できる	kansoku dekiru
Adj-Othe	Obsessed	取りつかれた	Toritsukareta

Adj-Othe	Obsessive	強迫観念(的)(な)/ 拘る (こだわる)/ 血道を上げる/ 思い込む/ 我利我利(と)/ 取り付かれる/ 強迫性障害(的)(な/ の)	Kyōhaku kan'nen (teki) (na) * (obsession; compulsive idea)/ Kakawaru/ Chimichiwoageru/ Omoikomu/ Garigari (to)/ Toritsuka reru/ Kyōhakuseishōgai (mato) (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Obsessive-compulsory	強迫性障害	Kyōhakusei shōgai
Adj-Othe	Obstinate	頑固(な)	Ganko (na)
Adj-Othe	Obstinately	頑固に	gankoni
Adj-Othe	Obstreperous	邪魔(な)	Jama (na)
Adj-Othe	Obtainable	手が届く	Tegatodoku
Adj-Othe	Obtainable	入手可能	Nūshu kanō
Adj-Othe	Obtained (obtaining)	取得した(取得)	Shutoku shita (shutoku)
Adj-Othe	Obtaining (obtained)	入手(入手)	Nūshu (nūshu)
Adj-Othe	Obtrusive	目障り(な)	Mezawari (na)
Adj-Othe	Obtuse	鈍感(な)/ 鈍角	Donkan (na) * (thickheaded; insensitive; dull; thick-skinned)/ Donkaku * (obtuse angle)
Adj-Othe	Obvious	明白(な)	Meihaku (na)
Adj-Othe	Occasional (occasionally)	たまに(たまに)	Tamani (tamani)
Adj-Othe	Occurring	起きる	Okiru
Adj-Othe	Odd (oddly)	奇妙(な)(奇妙(な))	Kimyō (na) (kimyō (na))
Adj-Othe	Offensively	不快に	Fukai ni
Adj-Othe	Offhand	無造作(な)	Muzōsa (na)
Adj-Othe	Official (officially)	公式(正式に)	Kōshiki (seishiki ni)
Adj-Othe	Offline	オフライン	Ofurain
Adj-Othe	Offstage	舞台外	butaigai
Adj-Othe	Oh dear (oh boy)	ああ, 親愛なる(ああ, ボーイ)	Ā, shin'ainaru (ā , bōi)
Adj-Othe	Old school	昔ながらのやり方	Mukashi nagara no yarikata
Adj-Othe	Ominous	不吉(な)	Fukitsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Ominously	不吉に	fukitsu ni
Adj-Othe	Omitted	省略(する)	Shōryaku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Omnipotent	全能	Zen'nō
Adj-Othe	Omniscient	全知	Zenchi
Adj-Othe	On and off	オンとオフ	on to ofu
Adj-Othe	On and on	延々と(延延と)	En'en to
Adj-Othe	On course	コース上	Kōsu-jō
Adj-Othe	On the verge of	差し掛かる/ 瀕する/ 成り掛ける	Sashi kakaru * (to be on the verge of; to be about to reach (a stage, period, etc.); to approach (e.g. a climax))/ Hin suru * (to be on the verge of; to be about to; to be on the point of)/ Nari kakeru * (to be on the verge; to be on the brink; to get close)
Adj-Othe	Once and for all	これを最後にきっぱりと	Kore o saigo ni kippari to
Adj-Othe	One on one	一対一	Ichitaiichi
Adj-Othe	Ongoing	進行中	Shinkō-chū
Adj-Othe	Online	オンライン	Onrain
Adj-Othe	Onomatopoeic	擬音語	Giongo
Adj-Othe	Onstage	舞台上	butaijou
Adj-Othe	Oops (darn it)	おっと(ちくしょう)	Otto (chikushō)
Adj-Othe	Open-minded	偏見のない	Henken no nai

Adj-Othe	Opposed	反対	hantai
Adj-Othe	Opposing	反対	Hantai
Adj-Othe	Opposite (opposites)	反対 (反対)	Hantai (hantai)
Adj-Othe	Optical	光学的	Kōgaku-teki
Adj-Othe	Opulent (very fancy)	豪華 (とても豪華)	Gōka (totemo gōka)
Adj-Othe	Ordained	聖職者	Seishoku-sha
Adj-Othe	Ordained	叙任 (する)	Jonin (suru)
Adj-Othe	Ordinary	普通	Futsū
Adj-Othe	Organizational	組織的	Soshikiteki
Adj-Othe	Ornate	装飾的 (な)	sōshokuteki (na)
Adj-Othe	Orphic	オルフィック	Orufikku
Adj-Othe	Ostentatious (ostentatiously)	派手 (な) (派手に)	Hade (na) (hade ni)
Adj-Othe	Otherworldly	異世界	I sekai (isekai)
Adj-Othe	Out of context	文脈外	Bunmyaku-gai
Adj-Othe	Out of tune	調子外れ	Chōshihazure
Adj-Othe	Outrageous (outrageously)	とんでもない (とんでもないほど)	Tondemonai (tondemonai hodo)
Adj-Othe	Outright	完全に	Kanzen ni
Adj-Othe	Outstandingly	抜群に	batsugun ni
Adj-Othe	Outstretched	伸びる	Nobiru
Adj-Othe	Over-energetic (over- exuberant)	エネルギー過剰 (興奮しすぎ)	Enerugii kajou (koufun shisugi)
Adj-Othe	Overextended	手が伸びすぎる	Te ga nobisugiru
Adj-Othe	Overflowing	あふれ出る (溢れ出る)	Afure deru
Adj-Othe	Overgrown	生い茂った (生い茂る)/ はびこる (蔓延る)	Oishigetta (oishigeru)/ Habikoru
Adj-Othe	Overhanging	張り出した	Haridashita
Adj-Othe	Overhearing (overheard)	立ち聞き (立ち聞き)	tachigiki
Adj-Othe	Overlapping	重複	juufuku
Adj-Othe	Overlooked	見落とされる	miotosareru
Adj-Othe	Overlooking	見下ろす	Miorosu
Adj-Othe	Overly	過剰	kajou
Adj-Othe	Overly critical	過度に批判的	kado ni hihanteki
Adj-Othe	Overly enthusiastic	熱心すぎる	nesshin sugiru
Adj-Othe	Overpacked	過剰梱包 (する)	Kajō konpō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Overpriced	高すぎる	Taka sugiru
Adj-Othe	Overprotective	過保護	kahogo
Adj-Othe	Overrated	過大評価されている	Kadai hyōka sarete iru
Adj-Othe	Overseas	海外	Kaigai
Adj-Othe	Overshadowed	影に隠れる	Kage ni kakureru
Adj-Othe	Overslept	寝過ごした/ 寝坊された (する/ の)	Nesugoshita/ Nebō sareta (suru/ no)
Adj-Othe	Overstepped	踏み越えた	Fumikoe ta
Adj-Othe	Overthrown	打倒された	Datō sareta
Adj-Othe	Overused	使いすぎ	Tsukai sugi
Adj-Othe	Overvalued	過大評価されている	Kadaihyōka sarete iru
Adj-Othe	Overweight (obese)	太りすぎ (肥満)	futorisugi (himan)
Adj-Othe	Overwhelmingly	圧倒的	Attōteki

Adj-Othe	Packed (very crowded)	満員 (非常に混雑)	Man'in (hijō ni konzatsu)
Adj-Othe	Paddling	パドリング	Padoringu
Adj-Othe	Pain-free	痛みがない	itami ga nai
Adj-Othe	Painstaking	骨の折れる	Hone no oreru
Adj-Othe	Palpable	明白 (な)	Meihaku (na)
Adj-Othe	Panegyric	賛美歌	Sanbika
Adj-Othe	Panicked	パニックになった	Panikku ni natta
Adj-Othe	Panicking	慌てる	Awateru
Adj-Othe	Panicky	慌てる	Awateru
Adj-Othe	Parading	パレード	pareedo
Adj-Othe	Paralyzed	麻痺させる	Mahi saseru
Adj-Othe	Parched	乾いた	Kawaita
Adj-Othe	Pardoned	赦される	yurusareru
Adj-Othe	Partial	偏った	katayotta
Adj-Othe	Partly	部分的に	Bubunteki ni
Adj-Othe	Passable	可	Ka
Adj-Othe	Passively	受動的に	joudouteki ni
Adj-Othe	Patched	まだら	madara
Adj-Othe	Paternal	父性的 (な)	Fusei-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Pathetic	哀れ	aware
Adj-Othe	Patient (patience)	気長 (な)/ 忍耐 (する)/ 気が長い (気の長い)/ 忍耐強い (忍耐 (する))	Kinaga (na)/ Nintai (suru)/ Ki ga nagai (ki no nagai)/ Nintai tsuyoi (nintai (suru))
Adj-Othe	Patiently	辛抱強く	Shinbōdzuyoku
Adj-Othe	Patriotic	愛国的	Aikokuteki
Adj-Othe	Patronizing	恩着せがましい	Onkisegamashī
Adj-Othe	Patting (patted)	撫でる	Naderu
Adj-Othe	Payable	支払う	shiharau
Adj-Othe	Peckish	小腹が空いた	Kobara ga suite
Adj-Othe	Pecky	ペッキー	Pekki
Adj-Othe	Peered through	覗き込んだ	Nozokikonda
Adj-Othe	Pending	保留中	hiryū-chū
Adj-Othe	Penetrable	侵入できる	Shin'nyū dekiru
Adj-Othe	Perceivable (perceived)	知覚できる (認識された)	Chikaku dekiru (ninshiki sareta)
Adj-Othe	Perceived (perceiving)	知覚される (知覚 (する))	Chikaku sareru (chikaku suru)
Adj-Othe	Perceptible	知覚できる	Chikaku dekiru
Adj-Othe	Perched	腰掛け	Koshikake
Adj-Othe	Perched (perched on)	とまっている (とまっている)	Tomatte iru (tomatte iru)
Adj-Othe	Percolating	浸透 (する)	shintou (suru)
Adj-Othe	Periodical	定期的	teiki-teki
Adj-Othe	Permanent	永久 (な/ の)	Towa (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Permeating	浸透 (する)	shintou (suru)
Adj-Othe	Perpendicular	垂直	Suichoku
Adj-Othe	Perpetual	永久 (な/ の)	Towa (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Perpetually	永遠に	Eien ni
Adj-Othe	Perplexing	困惑 (する)	Konwaku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Personalised	パーソナライズ	paasonaraizu
Adj-Othe	Persuading	説得 (する)	Settoku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Pertinacious (pertinaciously)	しつこい (しつこい)	Shitsukoi (shitsukoi)

Adj-Othe	Perturbed	動揺	Dōyō
Adj-Othe	Perverse	変態 (する/ の)	Hentai (suru/ no)
Adj-Othe	Pesky	厄介 (な)	Yakkai (na)
Adj-Othe	Pestiferous	有害 (な)	Yūgai (na)
Adj-Othe	Petrified (very scary)	石化 (する) (とても怖い)	Sekka (suru) (totemo kowai)
Adj-Othe	Pettish	気難しい	Kimuzukashī
Adj-Othe	Petulant	不機嫌 (な)	Fukigen (na)
Adj-Othe	Phlegmatic	冷静 (な)	Reisei (na)
Adj-Othe	Photogenic	写真映え (する)	Shashinbae (suru)
Adj-Othe	Photographic	写真的	Shashinteki
Adj-Othe	Photosynthetic	光合成 (の)	Kougousei (no)
Adj-Othe	Pious (piously)	敬虔 (敬虔に)	Keiken (keiken ni)
Adj-Othe	Piqued	激怒 (する)	Gekido (suru)
Adj-Othe	Piqued by	そそられる	Sosorareru
Adj-Othe	Pitch-black	真っ黒	Makkuro
Adj-Othe	Pivotal	極めて重要 (な)	Kiwamete jūyō (na)
Adj-Othe	Planned	計画済み	Keikaku-zumi
Adj-Othe	Plaster (plastered)	漆喰 (漆喰)	Shikkui (shikkui)
Adj-Othe	Plausible	もっともらしい	mottomorashii
Adj-Othe	Plausible	もっともらしい	Mottomorashii
Adj-Othe	Plausibly	もっともらしく	mottomorashiku
Adj-Othe	Playful	遊び好き	Asobizuki
Adj-Othe	Pleading	嘆願 (する)	Tangan (suru)
Adj-Othe	Pleasant-sounding	心地よい響き	kokochiyoi hibiki
Adj-Othe	Pleasing	喜ばしい	yorokobashii
Adj-Othe	Pleasurable	楽しい	Tanoshī
Adj-Othe	Pledged (pledging)	誓約 (誓約)	Seiyaku (seiyaku)
Adj-Othe	Plentiful	豊富	Hōfu
Adj-Othe	Pliant	しなやか	Shinayaka
Adj-Othe	Plotting (plotted)	計画している (計画済み)	Keikaku shite iru (keikaku-zumi)
Adj-Othe	Plucky	勇敢	Yūkan
Adj-Othe	Poetic (poetical; poetically)	ポエティック (詩的; 詩的)	Poetikku (shiteki; shiteki)
Adj-Othe	Pointed	尖った	Togatta
Adj-Othe	Pointless	無意味	Muimi
Adj-Othe	Pointy	とがった (尖った)	Togatta
Adj-Othe	Polished	ポリッシュ	Porisshu
Adj-Othe	Polished (polishing)	磨く (磨く)	Migaku (migaku)
Adj-Othe	Polite	丁寧 (な)	Teinei (na)
Adj-Othe	Politely	丁寧に	teinei ni
Adj-Othe	Polluting (pollutive)	汚染 (する) (汚染物質)	Osen (suru) (osen busshitsu)
Adj-Othe	Pompous (pompously)	尊大に (尊大に)	Sondai ni (sonдай ni)
Adj-Othe	Pondering	熟考 (する)	Jukukō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Pooling	プーリング	puuringu
Adj-Othe	Poorly	不十分です	Fu jūbundesu
Adj-Othe	Positioned (positioning)	配置 (ポジショニング)	Haichi (pojishoningu)
Adj-Othe	Positively	積極的に	Sekkyokutekini
Adj-Othe	Possessive	所有欲 (の)	Shoyū yoku (no)

Adj-Othe	Possibly	若しかすると/ どうやら/ 若しかして/ 事によると/ ひょっとしたら/ 若しや/ かも知れない/ ひょっと/ かも/ ひょっとすると/ おそらく (恐らく)	Moshi kasuru to/ Dōyara/ Waka shika shite/ Koto ni yoru to/ Hyottoshitara/ Wakashi ya/ Kamo shirenai/ Hyotto/ Kamo/ Hyotto suruto/ Osoraku
Adj-Othe	Posthumous	死後	Shigo
Adj-Othe	Potent	効能ある	kounou aru
Adj-Othe	Potential (potentially)	潜在的 (潜在的に)	Senzai-teki (senzai-teki ni)
Adj-Othe	Pounding	ドキドキ (する)	Dokidoki (suru)
Adj-Othe	Powerful (powerfully)	力強い (力強く)	chikara tsuyoi (chikara tsuyoku)
Adj-Othe	Powerless	無力 (な/ の)	Muryoku (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Practical	实际的	Jissaiteki
Adj-Othe	Practicing (practised)	練習 (練習した)	renshū
Adj-Othe	Pre-	事前	jizen
Adj-Othe	Preceding	先行 (する/ の)	Senkō (suru/ no)
Adj-Othe	Pre-defined	定義済み	teigi-zumi
Adj-Othe	Predetermined	所定 (の)	Shotei (no)
Adj-Othe	Predictable	予測可能	Yosoku kanō
Adj-Othe	Predicted (predicting)	予測された (予測された)	Yosoku sa reta (yosoku sa reta)
Adj-Othe	Pre-eminent	卓越した	Takuetsu shita
Adj-Othe	Pre-emptive	先制	Sensei
Adj-Othe	Preening	気取り	Kidori
Adj-Othe	Preferable	好ましい	Konomashii
Adj-Othe	Prejudiced	偏見のある	Henken no aru
Adj-Othe	Premature	時期尚早 (な/ の)	Jiki shōsō (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Premeditated	計画的	Keikakuteki
Adj-Othe	Premier	プレミア	Puremia
Adj-Othe	Premium	プレミアム	Puremiumu
Adj-Othe	Prepared (preparing)	準備された (準備された)	Junbi sareta (junbi sareta)
Adj-Othe	Preposterous	非常識 (な)	hijōshiki (na)
Adj-Othe	Presented (presenting)	提示	Teiji
Adj-Othe	Pretty awesome	とても素晴らしい	Totemo subarashii
Adj-Othe	Pretty cool	かなりクール	kanari kūru
Adj-Othe	Pretty neat	なかなかいい	anakanaka ii
Adj-Othe	Preventing (prevented)	防止 (する) (防止される)	boushi (suru) (boushi sareru)
Adj-Othe	Preventive	予防的/ 予防 (の)	Yobō-teki/ Yobō (no)
Adj-Othe	Previously determined (determined in advance)	あらかじめ決められた (あらかじめ決められた)	Arakajime kimedareta (arakajime kimedareta)
Adj-Othe	Pricey	高価	kouka
Adj-Othe	Primal	原始的	genshiteki
Adj-Othe	Primarily	主に	Omo ni
Adj-Othe	Primitive	原始的	Genshiteki
Adj-Othe	Primordial	原始的	genshiteki
Adj-Othe	Privileged	特権された	tokken sareta
Adj-Othe	Privily	ひそかに	hisoka ni
Adj-Othe	Proactive (proactively)	積極的 (積極的に)	Sekigyokuteki (sekkyokutekini)
Adj-Othe	Processional	行列	Gyoretsu
Adj-Othe	Produced	生産	Seisan
Adj-Othe	Producing	生産	seisan

Adj-Othe	Productive	生産的	seisanteki
Adj-Othe	Professional	プロフェッショナル	purofesshonaru
Adj-Othe	Profound	深遠 (な)	shin'en (na)
Adj-Othe	Profusely	たっぷりと	Tappuri to
Adj-Othe	Progressive	プログレッシブ	Puroguresshibu
Adj-Othe	Projected	投影された/ 予測された	
Adj-Othe	Projective	射影的/ 投影法	
Adj-Othe	Prolix	冗長	Jouchou
Adj-Othe	Prolonged	長期化	choukika
Adj-Othe	Prominent (prominently)	目立つ	medatsu
Adj-Othe	Promiscuous (promiscuously)	乱交 (乱交的に)	rankou (rankouteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Promised (promising)	約束 (する) (約束 (する))	Yakusoku (suru) (yakusoku (suru))
Adj-Othe	Promptly	速やかに	Sumiyaka ni
Adj-Othe	Propagated (propagating)	伝播した (伝播 (する))	Denpa shita (denpa (suru))
Adj-Othe	Propellant	推進剤	Suishin-zai
Adj-Othe	Proper	ちゃんとした	Chanto shita
Adj-Othe	Prophetic	予言的	Yogen-teki
Adj-Othe	Proposing (proposed)	提案 (する) (提案された)	teian (suru) (teian sareta)
Adj-Othe	Prosaic	散文的	Sanbunteki
Adj-Othe	Protected	保護されている	hogo sarete iru
Adj-Othe	Protective	保護的	hogoteki
Adj-Othe	Protesting	抗議 (する)	Kōgi (suru)
Adj-Othe	Provincial (provincials)	田舎者 (田舎者)	Inakamono (inakamono)
Adj-Othe	Provoking (provoked)	挑発的 (な) (挑発される)	chouhatsuteki (na) (chouhatsu sareru)
Adj-Othe	Publicly	公然と	Kōzen to
Adj-Othe	Pugnacious	好戦的	Kōsenteki
Adj-Othe	Pulpy	肉厚	Nikuatsu
Adj-Othe	Pulpy	果肉の多い	Kanyuu no ooi
Adj-Othe	Pungent	匂い	Kui
Adj-Othe	Punished (punishing)	処罰 (する) (処罰 (する))	shobatsu (suru) (shobatsu (suru))
Adj-Othe	Pure	純粋	Junsui
Adj-Othe	Purely	純粋に	Junsui ni
Adj-Othe	Purified	浄化された	Jouka sareta
Adj-Othe	Purposeless	目的のない	Mokuteki no nai
Adj-Othe	Qualified	資格がある	Shikaku ga aru
Adj-Othe	Quarrelsome	口論的	kōron no mato
Adj-Othe	Quenched	冷やす	Hiyasu
Adj-Othe	Quenching	焼入れ	yakiin
Adj-Othe	Questionable	疑わしい	Utagawashī
Adj-Othe	Questioning	疑問	Gimon
Adj-Othe	Quietly	静かに	Shizukani
Adj-Othe	Quite bad (pretty bad)	かなり悪い (かなり悪い)	Kanari warui (kanari warui)
Adj-Othe	Quitting	やめています (やめる)	Yamete imasu (yameru)
Adj-Othe	Quixotic	空想的	Kuusouteki
Adj-Othe	Racial	人種的	Jinshu-teki
Adj-Othe	Racing	レーシング	Rēshingu
Adj-Othe	Racy	きわどい	kiwadoi

Adj-Othe	Ragged	ぼろぼろ (の)	Boroboro (no)
Adj-Othe	Raised (risen)	上昇する (上昇する)	Jōshō suru (jōshō suru)
Adj-Othe	Raising	育てる	Sodateru
Adj-Othe	Rambling	とりとめのない話	Toritome no nai hanashi
Adj-Othe	Rampant	急成長/ はびこる (蔓延る)	Kyū seichō/ Habikoru
Adj-Othe	Random	無作為 (の/ な)/ 出鱈目 (な)/ ランダム (な)	Mu sakui (no/ na) * (random; unintentional; unintended)/ Detarame (na) * (random; haphazard; unsystematic, but can also mean 'nonsense; irresponsible remark; codswallop; hogwash; rubbish')/ Randamu (na) * (random)
Adj-Othe	Rapidly	急速に	kyuusoku ni
Adj-Othe	Raspy	かすれた声	Kasureta koe
Adj-Othe	Raucous	騒々しい	Souzoushii
Adj-Othe	Raucously	騒々しい	souzoushii
Adj-Othe	Ready to go	準備完了	Junbi kanryō
Adj-Othe	Ready to use (ready for using)	すぐに使える (すぐに使える)	Sugu ni tsukaeru (sugu ni tsukaeru)
Adj-Othe	Rearranging (rearranged)	並べ替える (並べ替えた)	narabekaeru (narabekaeta)
Adj-Othe	Reassured	安心 (な/ する)	anshin (na/suru)
Adj-Othe	Reassuring	安心 (する)	Anshin (suru)
Adj-Othe	Rebound	リバウンド (する)	Ribaundo (suru)
Adj-Othe	Rebuilt	再建された	saiken sareta
Adj-Othe	Receiving	受け取る	uketoru
Adj-Othe	Receptacle	容器	Yōki
Adj-Othe	Reckless	無謀 (な)	Mubō (na)
Adj-Othe	Reckoning	計算 (する)	Keisan (suru)
Adj-Othe	Recognizing (recognized)	認識 (認識)	ninshiki (ninshiki)
Adj-Othe	Recondite	再コンダイト	Sai kondaito
Adj-Othe	Recreational (recreationally)	娯楽 (娯楽的に)	goraku (gorakuteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Rectangular	長方形	chōhōkei
Adj-Othe	Reddish	赤みがかった	akamigakatta
Adj-Othe	Reduced (reducing)	縮小 (縮小)	shukushō
Adj-Othe	Reeling	動揺	Douyou
Adj-Othe	Refined	洗練された	Senrensareta
Adj-Othe	Refined	洗練 (する)	Senren (suru)
Adj-Othe	Reflecting (reflected)	反射 (する) (反射 (する))	Hansha (suru) (hansha (suru))
Adj-Othe	Refundable	返金可能	Henkin kanō
Adj-Othe	Refutable	反駁可能	Hanbaku kanō
Adj-Othe	Regaining	取り戻す	torimodosu
Adj-Othe	Regenerated (regenerating)	再生 (する) (再生 (する))	Saisei (suru) (saisei (suru))
Adj-Othe	Regenerative	再生 (する)	Saisei (suru)
Adj-Othe	Regulated	規制されている	kisei sareteiru
Adj-Othe	Regulating	規制 (する)	Kisei (suru)
Adj-Othe	Rehearsed	リハーサル	rihāsaruru
Adj-Othe	Rejecting	拒否 (する)	Kyohi (suru)
Adj-Othe	Related	関連 (する)	kanren (suru)

Adj-Othe	Relating (relating to)	関連 (する) (関連 (する))	Kanren (suru) (kanren (suru))
Adj-Othe	Relative	親類	shinrui
Adj-Othe	Relatively	比較的	Hikakuteki
Adj-Othe	Relaxing	リラックス	Rirakkusu
Adj-Othe	Relaying (relayed)	伝える (伝えた)	Tsutaeru (tsutaeta)
Adj-Othe	Released	リリースされました	Rirīsu sa remashita
Adj-Othe	Relenting	容赦ない	yoshinai
Adj-Othe	Relevant	関連 (する)	Kanren (suru)
Adj-Othe	Relinquished	放棄 (する)	Hōki (suru)
Adj-Othe	Relocating (relocated)	移転中 (移転)	Itenchū (iten)
Adj-Othe	Reluctantly	不本意に	Fuhoni ni
Adj-Othe	Remitted	送金済み	Sōkin-zumi
Adj-Othe	Remorseless (remorselessly)	容赦ない (容赦なく)	Yōsha nai (yōsha naku)
Adj-Othe	Remote	遠隔地	Enkakuchi
Adj-Othe	Remotely	遠く離れた	Tōku hanareta
Adj-Othe	Removed	削除された	Sakujo saretā
Adj-Othe	Renewed	リニューアル/ 更新された	Rinyūaru/ Koushin saretā
Adj-Othe	Renovated	改装	Kaisō
Adj-Othe	Renowned	有名 (な)	yuumei (na)
Adj-Othe	Rental	レンタル	Rentaru
Adj-Othe	Rented (renting)	借りる (貸出)	Kariru (Kashidashi)
Adj-Othe	Reorganizing (reorganized)	並べ替える (並べ替えた)	narabekaeru (narabekaeta)
Adj-Othe	Repeated	繰り返し (する/ の)	Kurikaeshi (suru/ no)
Adj-Othe	Repeatedly	繰り返し/ 何度も	Kurikaeshi (suru/ no) * (repeatedly/ repetition; repeat; reiteration; iteration; refrain; cycle)/ Nando mo * (many times over; often; repeatedly; time after time)
Adj-Othe	Replaceable	交換可能	Kōkan kanō
Adj-Othe	Replaced (replacing)	入れ替えた (入れ替える)	irekaeta (irekaeru)
Adj-Othe	Represented (representing)	表現 (する) (表現 (する))	Hyougen (suru) (hyougen (suru))
Adj-Othe	Reprimanding	叱責	Shisseki
Adj-Othe	Reproachable	非難の余地がある	Hinan no yochi ga aru
Adj-Othe	Republican (ie. a republican person)	共和党 (つまり 共和党支持者)	Kyōwatō (tsumari Kyōwatō shiji-sha)
Adj-Othe	Repulsive	反発的	hanpouteki
Adj-Othe	Repulsively	不快に	fukai ni
Adj-Othe	Reputable	評判の良い	Hyōban no yoi
Adj-Othe	Requesting (requested)	要求する (要求した)	youkyuu suru (youkyuu shita)
Adj-Othe	Required	必要	Hitsuyō
Adj-Othe	Resembled	似ている	Nite iru
Adj-Othe	Resembling	似ている	niteiru
Adj-Othe	Resentfully	恨み深く	Urami bukaku
Adj-Othe	Resilient	弾力性のある	danryokusei no aru
Adj-Othe	Resistible	抵抗力のある	Teikō-ryoku no aru
Adj-Othe	Resolute (resolutely)	毅然とした (毅然と)	kizen to shita (kizen to)
Adj-Othe	Resolved (resolving)	解決 (する) (解決中)	Kaiketsu (suru) (kaiketsuchū)
Adj-Othe	Resonant	共鳴 (する)	Kyōmei (suru)

Adj-Othe	Resourceful	機知に富む	kichi ni tomu
Adj-Othe	Respectable	立派 (な)	Rippa (na)
Adj-Othe	Respected	尊敬される	Sonkei sareru
Adj-Othe	Resplendent	輝かしい	kagayakashii
Adj-Othe	Responsibly	責任を持って	Sekinin o motte
Adj-Othe	Restless	落ち着きがない	ochitsuki ga nai
Adj-Othe	Restrained	抑制 (する)	Yokusei (suru)
Adj-Othe	Retentive	保持型	Hoiiji-gata
Adj-Othe	Reticent	寡黙	Kamoku
Adj-Othe	Retrieved (retrieving)	取り戻す	torimodosu
Adj-Othe	Retro	レトロ	retoro
Adj-Othe	Returnable	返品可能	Henpin kanō
Adj-Othe	Revelling	お祭り騒ぎ	Omatsurisawagi
Adj-Othe	Reverberated (reverberating)	反響した (反響する)	Hankyou shita (hankyou suru)
Adj-Othe	Reverberating	反響 (する)	Hankyō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Reverse	逆行 (する)	Gyakkō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Reversed	逆向き	Gyaku-muki
Adj-Othe	Revived (reviving)	蘇らせる (蘇らせる)	Yomigaeraseru (yomigaeraseru)
Adj-Othe	Revocable	取り消し可能	Torikeshi kanō
Adj-Othe	Revoked	取り消された	torikeshi saretā
Adj-Othe	Revoltng	反乱を起こしている	Hanran o okoshite iru
Adj-Othe	Revolutionary	革命的 (な)	Kakumei-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Rewarding (rewarded)	報奨 (報奨された)	Houshou (houshou saretā)
Adj-Othe	Rhetoric	修辞	Shuji
Adj-Othe	Riddled	穴だらけ (の)	anadarake (no)
Adj-Othe	Ridiculous	ばかげた	bakageta
Adj-Othe	Ridiculously	とんでもないほど	Tondemonai hodo
Adj-Othe	Rightful (rightfully)	正当なこと (正当に)	Seitou na koto (seitou ni)
Adj-Othe	Rigid	厳格	genkaku
Adj-Othe	Risky	危険	kiken
Adj-Othe	Rolling (rolled)	転がる	Korogaru
Adj-Othe	Rotten	腐った	kusatta
Adj-Othe	Roughly	乱暴に	ranbou ni
Adj-Othe	Rounded	丸みを帯びる	Marumi o obiru
Adj-Othe	Roused	覚醒した	kakusei shita
Adj-Othe	Rowdy	乱暴な	ranbōna
Adj-Othe	Royal	王家 (の)	Ōke (no)
Adj-Othe	Rudely	無作法に	busabō ni
Adj-Othe	Ruffled	フリル付き	Furiru-tsuki
Adj-Othe	Ruined	台無しにされる	Dainashi ni sareru
Adj-Othe	Rumbustious	姦しい	Kashimashii
Adj-Othe	Rummaged through	かき回した	Kakimawashita
Adj-Othe	Rumoured	噂の	uwasa no
Adj-Othe	Run down	追い詰める	oitsumeru
Adj-Othe	Running	走る	hashiru
Adj-Othe	Rushing	急流	Kyūryū
Adj-Othe	Rusty	さびた	Sabita
Adj-Othe	Ruthless	冷酷	reikoku
Adj-Othe	Ruthlessly	容赦なく	Yōsha naku

Adj-Othe	Sabbatical	休暇	Kyūka
Adj-Othe	Sabotaged	妨害された	Bōgai sareta
Adj-Othe	Sagacious (sagacity)	賢い/ 賢明 (賢明さ)	Kashikoi/ Kenmei (kenmeisa)
Adj-Othe	Sagaciously	賢明に	Kenmei ni
Adj-Othe	Sagely	賢明	Kenmei
Adj-Othe	Sagging	たるむ	Tarumu
Adj-Othe	Sanctimonious (sanctimoniously)	偽善的 (偽善的に)	Gizenteki (gizenteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Sanguine	楽観的 (な)	Rakkanteki (na)
Adj-Othe	Sarcastic	皮肉	Hiniku
Adj-Othe	Sardonic	皮肉っぽい/ 皮肉 (な)	Hiniku ppoi/ Hiniku (na)
Adj-Othe	Sassy	生意気	Namaiki
Adj-Othe	Satisfactory	満足のいく	Manzoku no iku
Adj-Othe	Satisfied	満足しています/ 満足 (する/ です)	Manzoku shite imasu/ Manzoku (suru/desu)
Adj-Othe	Satisfyingly	満足のいく	manzoku no iku
Adj-Othe	Saturating	飽和状態	houwa joutai
Adj-Othe	Savoring (savored)	味わう	Ajiwau
Adj-Othe	Sayable	言える	Ieru
Adj-Othe	Scandalous	言語道断 (な/ の)/ 苦々しい/ 怪しからん/ 人間きの悪い/ スキャンダラス (な)	Gongodōdan (na/ no)/ Niganigashī/ Keshikaran/ Hitogiki no warui/ Sukyandarasu (na)
Adj-Othe	Scandalous	スキャンダラス (な)	Sukyandarasu (na)
Adj-Othe	Scantly	不十分	Fujūbun
Adj-Othe	Scarce	希少 (な)	Kishō (na)
Adj-Othe	Scattered	散らばる	Chirabaru
Adj-Othe	Sceptical	懐疑的	Kaigiteki
Adj-Othe	Scheming (schemed)	計画している (計画済み)	Keikaku shite iru (keikaku-zumi)
Adj-Othe	Schizophrenic	統合失調症	tougou shicchoushou
Adj-Othe	Scientifical (scientifically)	科学的 (科学的に)	Kagakuteki
Adj-Othe	Scowling	しかめっ面をする	shikamemmen o suru
Adj-Othe	Scratchy	イライラ	Iraira
Adj-Othe	Screening	スクリーニング	Sukuriiningu
Adj-Othe	Scrutinized	精査された	seisa sareta
Adj-Othe	Scrutinizing	精査 (する)	Seisa (suru)
Adj-Othe	Seamless	シームレス	shiimuresu
Adj-Othe	Seamlessly	シームレスに	shīmusuresu ni
Adj-Othe	Searched (searching)	探す (探す)	sagasu (sagasu)
Adj-Othe	Seasonable	季節限定	kisetsu gentei
Adj-Othe	Seasoned	熟練	Jukuren
Adj-Othe	Secluded	人里離れた	Hitozato hanareta
Adj-Othe	Secret (a secret)	秘密 (秘密)	himitsu (himitsu)
Adj-Othe	Secretive	秘密主義	himitsushugi
Adj-Othe	Secure	安全	anzen
Adj-Othe	Sedentary	座りがち	Suwari gachi
Adj-Othe	Seducing	誘惑 (する)	Yūwaku (suru)
Adj-Othe	Seductive	誘惑的	Yūwakuteki
Adj-Othe	Seeable	見える	mieru
Adj-Othe	Seedy	みすぼらしい	misuborashii

Adj-Othe	Seemingly	一見	Ikken
Adj-Othe	Seen	見た	mita
Adj-Othe	Seething	沸騰 (する)	futtou (suru)
Adj-Othe	Seizing	つかむ	Tsukamu
Adj-Othe	Seldom (seldomly)	めったにない	Mettani nai
Adj-Othe	Self supporting	自立 (する/ の)	Jiritsu (suru/ no)
Adj-Othe	Self-evident	自明	jimei
Adj-Othe	Self-indulgent	わがまま	wagamama
Adj-Othe	Selfishly	利己的	Riko-teki
Adj-Othe	Self-motivating	自発的	Jihatsuteki
Adj-Othe	Self-serving	利己的	rikoteki
Adj-Othe	Self-sufficient	自給自足	Jikyuu jisoku
Adj-Othe	Semi-	準	jun
Adj-Othe	Semicircular	半円形	Han enkei
Adj-Othe	Semi-expected	準予想的	jun yosō-teki
Adj-Othe	Semi-intelligible	半分理解できない	hanbun rikai dekinai
Adj-Othe	Semi-precious	半貴石	hankiseki
Adj-Othe	Senile	老齡	rorei
Adj-Othe	Sensational	センセーショナル	Sensēshonaru
Adj-Othe	Sensed (sensing)	感知 (する) (感知 (する))	kanchi (suru) (kanchi (suru))
Adj-Othe	Senseless	無分別 (な)	Mufunbetsu (na)
Adj-Othe	Sensible	賢明 (な)	Kenmei (na) * (wise; sensible; well-advised; intelligent; sagacious; prudent)
Adj-Othe	Sent (sending)	送信済み (送信中)	Sōshin-zumi (sōshin-chū)
Adj-Othe	Sentenced (sentencing)	判決を下す (判決を下す)	hanketsu o kudasu (hanketsu o kudasu)
Adj-Othe	Sentimental	感傷的	Kanshō-teki
Adj-Othe	Serenely	穏やかに	Odayaka ni
Adj-Othe	Serialized	連載中	Rensai-chū
Adj-Othe	Serpentine	蛇行	Dakou
Adj-Othe	Serrated	鋸歯状	Nokogirihajō
Adj-Othe	Servile	卑屈 (な)	hikutsu na
Adj-Othe	Serving (served)	提供 (する)	Teikyō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Setup (a setup; the setup)	仕掛け (仕掛け ; 仕掛け)	shikake (shikake; shikake)
Adj-Othe	Set-up (setup)	セットアップ (セットアップ)	settoappu (settoappu)
Adj-Othe	Severe	厳しい/ ひどい (酷い)	Kibishī/ Hidoi
Adj-Othe	Sexual (sexually)	性的 (性的に)	seiteki (seiteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Shabby	みすぼらしく / 見すぼらしい (みすぼらしい)	Misuborashiku
Adj-Othe	Shadowy	陰のある	Kage no aru
Adj-Othe	Shady	怪しい	Ayashii
Adj-Othe	Shambling	よろめく	yoromeku
Adj-Othe	Shameful	恥ずかしい	Hazukashī
Adj-Othe	Shameless	恥知らず (な)	Hajishirazu (na)
Adj-Othe	Shaped (shaping)	形作られた (形作る)	katazukurareta (katazukuru)
Adj-Othe	Shared	共有	kyouyuu
Adj-Othe	Sharing	共有 (する)	Kyōyū (suru)
Adj-Othe	Sharpened	研がれる	Togareru
Adj-Othe	Sharply	切る	Kiru
Adj-Othe	Shedding (shedded)	脱皮 (脱皮した)	Dappi (dappi shita)

Adj-Othe	Sheepish (sheepishly)	恥ずかしがり屋 (恥ずかしがり屋に)	Hazukashigariya (hazukashigariya ni)
Adj-Othe	Shifted	シフトした	Shifuto shita
Adj-Othe	Shifty	ずるい	Zurui
Adj-Othe	Shingled	屋根板を張った	Yaneita o hatta
Adj-Othe	Shiny	光沢のある	koutaku no aru
Adj-Othe	Shipped (shipping)	発送 (する) (発送 (する))	hassō (suru) (hassō (suru))
Adj-Othe	Shivering	震える	furueru
Adj-Othe	Showered	浴びせる	Abiseru
Adj-Othe	Showing (showed; shown)	見せること	miseru koto
Adj-Othe	Shrewd	抜け目ない	nukemenai
Adj-Othe	Shrewd	抜け目のない	Nukemeno nai
Adj-Othe	Shrinking	縮小	Shukushō
Adj-Othe	Shrouded (to be shrouded)	覆い隠す	ōi kakusu
Adj-Othe	Shrunken	縮んだ	Chijinda
Adj-Othe	Shuffling	シャッフル (する)	shaffuru (suru)
Adj-Othe	Sibylline	シビュリン	Shibyurin
Adj-Othe	Side (sides)	横から	yoko kara
Adj-Othe	Sideline	脇に追いやられる	Waki ni oiyarareru
Adj-Othe	Sifting (sifted)	ふるい分ける	furuiwakeru
Adj-Othe	Silently	静かに	Shizuka ni
Adj-Othe	Silhouetted	シルエット	Shiruetto
Adj-Othe	Similar	類似	ruiji
Adj-Othe	Similarly	同様に	douyou ni
Adj-Othe	Simmered	煮込んだ	Nikonda
Adj-Othe	Simmering	とろとろ (トロトロ) (な/ と/ する)	Torotoro (na/ to/ suru) * (sticky; syrupy; pulpy/ weakly (of a flame); gently (e.g. boil); simmering/ dozing off; napping/ sluggishly; dawdling)
Adj-Othe	Simplified	簡略化	Kanryakuka
Adj-Othe	Simultaneous (simultaneously)	同時に (同時に)	Dōji ni (dōji ni)
Adj-Othe	Sincerely	誠意	Seii
Adj-Othe	Sinking	沈む	Shizumu
Adj-Othe	Sinuous (sinuously)	曲がりくねった	Magarikunetta
Adj-Othe	Sitting	座っている	Suwatte iru
Adj-Othe	Situated	状況に合わせる	jōkyō ni awaseru
Adj-Othe	Sized up	見定める	misadameru
Adj-Othe	Sizzling	焼けるように暑い	yakeru you ni atsui
Adj-Othe	Skeletal	骨格	Kokkaku
Adj-Othe	Sketchy	不鮮明	Fusenmei
Adj-Othe	Skilful (skilfully)	巧みに	Takumi ni
Adj-Othe	Skilled	熟練 (する)	Jukuren (suru)
Adj-Othe	Slacking	怠ける	namakeru
Adj-Othe	Slanted	斜め (の/ な)	Naname (no/ na)
Adj-Othe	Sleek	なめらか (な)	nameraka (na)
Adj-Othe	Sleeping	眠る	Nemuru
Adj-Othe	Slender	ほっそりした	hossori shita

Adj-Othe	Sliding	スライディング (する)	Suraidingu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Slight (slightly)	わずか (わずか)	Wazuka (wazuka)
Adj-Othe	Slipping (slipped)	滑る (滑った)	Suberu (subetta)
Adj-Othe	Sloped	傾斜のある	Keisha no aru
Adj-Othe	Sloppy	ずさん	zusan
Adj-Othe	Slouching	前かがみになる	maekagami ni naru
Adj-Othe	Slouching	猫背	nekoze
Adj-Othe	Slovenly	だらしない	Darashinai
Adj-Othe	Slowly	ゆっくり (と/ する)	Yukkuri (to/ suru)
Adj-Othe	Sluggishly	だらだらと	daradara to
Adj-Othe	Slumped	落ち込む	Ochikomu
Adj-Othe	Slumpy	だらしない	Darashinai
Adj-Othe	Sly	ずる賢い	Zurugasikoi
Adj-Othe	Small-minded	心が狭い	Kokoro ga semai
Adj-Othe	Small-scale	小規模 (な)	shoukibo (na)
Adj-Othe	Smattering	スマタリング	Sumataringu
Adj-Othe	Smattering	スマタリング	sumataringu
Adj-Othe	Smelling	臭い	kusai
Adj-Othe	Smoking	喫煙	Kitsuen
Adj-Othe	Smooth	スムーズ	sumūzu
Adj-Othe	Smooth-talking	口が達者	Kuchi ga tassha
Adj-Othe	Smudging	汚れ	yogore
Adj-Othe	Snagged	引っかかる	Hikkakaru
Adj-Othe	Snappy	キビキビ (と/ する)	Kibikibi (to/ suru)
Adj-Othe	Sneaky (sneakily)	こっそり (こっそり)	Kossori (kossori)
Adj-Othe	Sneezy	くしゃみ (嚏)	Kushami
Adj-Othe	Snobbish	スノッブ	sunobbu
Adj-Othe	Snooping (snooped)	詮索 (する) (詮索された)	sensaku (suru) (sensaku sareta)
Adj-Othe	Snuggling	寄り添う	Yorisou
Adj-Othe	So to speak	言わば (いわば)	Iwaba
Adj-Othe	Soaring	急上昇	kyuujoushou
Adj-Othe	Socially inept	社交性がない	Shakō-sei ga nai
Adj-Othe	Softly	そっと	Sotto
Adj-Othe	Soiled	汚れた	Yogoreta
Adj-Othe	Sole (solely)	唯一の (完全に)	yuiitsu no (kanzen ni)
Adj-Othe	Solely	もっぱら	Moppara
Adj-Othe	Solemn	厳粛 (な)	Genshuku (na)
Adj-Othe	Solitary	孤独 (な/ の)	Kodoku (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Solved	解決	kaiketsu
Adj-Othe	Somewhat familiar	やや馴染みのある	Yaya najimi no aru
Adj-Othe	Sooner or later	遅かれ早かれ	Osokare hayakare
Adj-Othe	Soothing	なだめるよう (な)/ なだめる	Nadameru yō (na)/ Nadameru
Adj-Othe	Sordid	汚い	Kitanai
Adj-Othe	Sort of	ある程度	Aruteido
Adj-Othe	Sorted	並べ替え済み	Narabekae zumi
Adj-Othe	Sorted out	整理しました	Seirishi mashita
Adj-Othe	Sound (to be sound)	音 (音になる)	Oto (oto ni naru)
Adj-Othe	Soundless (soundlessly)	音もなく	oto mo naku
Adj-Othe	Soundly	ぐっすり	gussuri
Adj-Othe	Sourced	調達先	Chōtatsusaki

Adj-Othe	Sousing	ソーシング	sōshingu
Adj-Othe	Sovereign	主権	shuken
Adj-Othe	Spaced out	間隔を空ける	Kankaku o akeru
Adj-Othe	Spanking	叩く	Tataku
Adj-Othe	Spare	予備 (の)	Yobi (no)
Adj-Othe	Sparkily	キラキラ	Kirakira
Adj-Othe	Sparkling	スパークリング (な)	Supākuringu (na)
Adj-Othe	Sparky	スパークー	Supaakii
Adj-Othe	Specifically	具体的に	gutaiteki ni
Adj-Othe	Specified (specifying)	特定 (する)/ 指定 (する)	Tokutei (suru)/ Shitei (suru)
Adj-Othe	Spectral	幽霊のよう (な)	Yūrei no yō (na)
Adj-Othe	Speedy	スピーディー	supiidee
Adj-Othe	Spellbound	魅了 (する)	Miryō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Spelled	綴る	Tsudzuru
Adj-Othe	Spiffy	粋な	ikina
Adj-Othe	Spiked	スパイクされた	Supaiku sareta
Adj-Othe	Spilling	こぼす	kobosu
Adj-Othe	Spiritually	精神的に	seishinteki ni
Adj-Othe	Splendent	華麗 (な)	karei (na)
Adj-Othe	Splendidly	見事に	Migoto ni
Adj-Othe	Spoken (said)	話した/ 話し言葉 (言った)	Hanashita/ Hanashi kotoba (itta)
Adj-Othe	Sponging	スポンジング	suponjingu
Adj-Othe	Spooked	怖がらせる	Kowagaraseru
Adj-Othe	Sportive	スポーティ	Supōti
Adj-Othe	Sporty	スポーティ	Supōtī
Adj-Othe	Spotted	まだら (斑) (な/ の)	Madara (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Sprawled	広げる	Hirogeru
Adj-Othe	Spread	広める	Hiromeru
Adj-Othe	Spread out	広げる/ 広がる	Hirogeru/ Hirogaru
Adj-Othe	Spreading	広がる	hirogaru
Adj-Othe	Sprightly	元気よく	Genki yoku
Adj-Othe	Springily	春らしく	Harurashiku
Adj-Othe	Sprinkling	ふりかけ	furikake
Adj-Othe	Spry (spryly)	スパイリー (スパイリー)	Supairii (supairii)
Adj-Othe	Spunk	スパンク	supanku
Adj-Othe	Spunky	元気 (な)	Genki (na)
Adj-Othe	Spurious	偽造品	Gizō-hin
Adj-Othe	Squalid	みすぼらしい	Misuborashii
Adj-Othe	Squarely	真っ向から	Makkō kara
Adj-Othe	Stabbed	刺す	sasu
Adj-Othe	Stabbed (stabbing)	刺される	Sasareru
Adj-Othe	Stable	安定 (する/ な)	Antei (suru/ na)
Adj-Othe	Stacked	積み重なる	Tsumikasanaru
Adj-Othe	Staggering	驚異的	kyouiteki
Adj-Othe	Stagnant	停滞	Teitai
Adj-Othe	Stalwart	屈強 (な/ の)	Kukkyō (na/ no)
Adj-Othe	Stalwart (stalwartly)	頑強に	Gankyō ni
Adj-Othe	Stammering	どもる (吃る)	Domoru (doru)
Adj-Othe	Standby	待機 (する)	Taiki (suru)
Adj-Othe	Standing	立っている	Tatte iru

Adj-Othe	Stand-up	スタンダップ	Sutandappu
Adj-Othe	Stand-up (standup)	スタンドアップ (スタンドアップ)	Sutandoappu (sutandoappu)
Adj-Othe	Stark	はっきりした	hakkiri shita
Adj-Othe	Starring	主演	Shuen
Adj-Othe	Startled	びっくりした	bikkuri shita
Adj-Othe	Startling	びっくり (する)	bikkuri (suru)
Adj-Othe	Starving	降りてこい	Orite koi
Adj-Othe	Stateless	無国籍	Mu kokuseki
Adj-Othe	Stately	風格のある/ 堂々とした	Fūkaku no aru/ Dōdō to shita
Adj-Othe	Static (statically)	静的 (静的に)	Seiteki (seiteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Staunch (staunchly)	頑固に (頑固に)	Ganko ni (ganko ni)
Adj-Othe	Stealthy	ステルス	Suterusu
Adj-Othe	Sterile	無菌 (の)	Mukin (no)
Adj-Othe	Stern (sternly)	厳しい (厳しく)	kibishii (kibishiku)
Adj-Othe	Stickfast (stick fast)	固まる (固まる)	katamaru (katamaru)
Adj-Othe	Sticky	粘着性のある	nenchakusei no aru
Adj-Othe	Stiffened	硬くなった	Kataku natta
Adj-Othe	Stingy	ケチ	Kechi
Adj-Othe	Stinking	悪臭を放つ	akushū o hanatsu
Adj-Othe	Stinky	臭い	Kusai
Adj-Othe	Stone-cold	冷酷	Reikoku
Adj-Othe	Stopped (stopping)	停止 (する) (阻止 (する))	Teishi (suru) (soshi (suru))
Adj-Othe	Stout	スタウト (な)	Sutauto (na)
Adj-Othe	Straight (straightly)	まっすぐ (真っ直ぐ)	massugu (massugu)
Adj-Othe	Straight up	一直線	Itchokusen
Adj-Othe	Straightforwardly	率直に	Sōchoku ni
Adj-Othe	Strained	緊張する	kinchou suru
Adj-Othe	Stranded	座礁 (する)/ 立ち往生	Zashō (suru)/ Tachi ōjō
Adj-Othe	Strategic	戦略的 (な)	Senryaku-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Strategically	戦略的に	Senryakuteki ni
Adj-Othe	Streaking	ストリーキング	sutorīkingu
Adj-Othe	Streetwise	ストリートワイズ	Sutoritowaizu
Adj-Othe	Strengthened	強化する	Kyōka suru
Adj-Othe	Stressed out	ストレスがたまる	Sutoresu ga tamaru
Adj-Othe	Strewn	散らばった	Chirabatta
Adj-Othe	Strict (strictly)	厳格 (厳しく)	genkaku (kibishiku)
Adj-Othe	Strongly	強く	tsuyoku
Adj-Othe	Strong-willed	意志の強い	ishi no tsuyoi
Adj-Othe	Struck (striking)	打つ (打つ)	utsu (utsu)
Adj-Othe	Strumming	かき鳴らす	Kakinarasu
Adj-Othe	Strung	張られた	Harareta
Adj-Othe	Strutting	闊歩 (する)	kakkou (suru)
Adj-Othe	Stuck	行き詰まる	ikizumaru
Adj-Othe	Stuck	立ち往生	tachi ōjō
Adj-Othe	Studying (studied)	勉強している (勉強した)	Benkyō shite iru (benkyō shita)
Adj-Othe	Stuffed	詰め込まれた	Tsumekomareta
Adj-Othe	Stumbling (stumbled)	つまづく (つまづく)	Tsumazuku (tsumazuku)
Adj-Othe	Stunningly	驚くほどに	Odoroku hodo ni
Adj-Othe	Subconscious	潜在意識	Senzai ishiki

Adj-Othe	Subordinate	従属的な	Jūzokuteki na
Adj-Othe	Subsequently	その後	Sonogo
Adj-Othe	Subsiding	沈静化	Chinseika
Adj-Othe	Substantial (substantially)	実質的 (実質的に)	jisshitsuteki (jisshitsuteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Subtle	微妙 (な)	Bimyou (na)
Adj-Othe	Subtly	微妙に	Bimyou ni
Adj-Othe	Subverted	覆された	Kutsugaesareta
Adj-Othe	Succeeding	成功 (する)	Seikō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Successful	成功した	seikou shita
Adj-Othe	Sudden (suddenly)	突然 (突然)	totsuzen
Adj-Othe	Sufficient (sufficiently)	十分 (十分に)	Jūbun (Jūbun ni)
Adj-Othe	Suggesting (suggested)	示唆する (示唆された)	shisa suru (shisa sareta)
Adj-Othe	Suicidal	自殺 (する)	Jisatsu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Suitable (suitably)	適当 (な) (適当 (な))	Tekitō (na) (tekitō (na))
Adj-Othe	Suiting (suited)	ふさわしい (ふさわしい)	Fusawashī (fusawashī)
Adj-Othe	Superbly	見事に	migoto ni
Adj-Othe	Superficial (superficially)	表面的な (表面的に)	hyoumenteki na (hyoumenteki ni)
Adj-Othe	Supple	しなやか	Shinayaka
Adj-Othe	Supplied (supplying)	供給 (供給中)	Kyōkyū (kyōkyū-chū)
Adj-Othe	Supported	サポートされています	sapooto sarete imasu
Adj-Othe	Supportive	支える	sasaeru
Adj-Othe	Supreme	最高 (の/ な)	Saikō (no/ na)
Adj-Othe	Surging	湧き上がる	wakiagaru
Adj-Othe	Surreptitious	密かに	Hisokani
Adj-Othe	Surreptitiously	こっそりと	kossori to
Adj-Othe	Surrounded	囲まれて	Kakomarete
Adj-Othe	Suspected	疑わしい	utagawashii
Adj-Othe	Suspended	宙ぶらりん	chūburarin
Adj-Othe	Suspiciously	疑わしい	Utagawashii
Adj-Othe	Swaggering	威張って	ibatte
Adj-Othe	Sweet	甘い	Amai
Adj-Othe	Swelling	腫れ	hare
Adj-Othe	Swift	素早い	Subayai
Adj-Othe	Swiftly	素早く	Subayaku
Adj-Othe	Swirling	旋回 (する) / 渦巻く	Senkai (suru) / uzumaku
Adj-Othe	Symbolic	象徴的 (な)	Shōchō-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Sympathetically (sympathetical)	同情的に (同情的 (な))	Dōjōteki ni (dōjōteki (na))
Adj-Othe	Synchronized	同期済み	Douki zumi
Adj-Othe	Systematic	系統的	Keitōteki
Adj-Othe	Tacit	暗黙	Anmoku
Adj-Othe	Tacky	粘着質	nenchakushitsu
Adj-Othe	Tactful	気の利いた	ki no kiita
Adj-Othe	Tactically	戦略的に	senryakuteki ni
Adj-Othe	Tactless	無神経	mushinkei
Adj-Othe	Taken (took)	取る (取る)	toru (toru)
Adj-Othe	Taking place	起きる	Okiru
Adj-Othe	Talking (talked)	話す (話した)	hanasu
Adj-Othe	Tampered	改ざんされた	kaizan sareta

Adj-Othe	Tantalized	じれったい (焦れったい)	Jirettai
Adj-Othe	Tardy	遅刻 (する)	chikoku suru
Adj-Othe	Targeted	ターゲットを絞った	Tāgetto o shibotta
Adj-Othe	Taut	ピンと張った	Pinto hatta
Adj-Othe	Taxonomic	分類学上 (の)	Bunruigaku jō (no)
Adj-Othe	Teasing	からかう	karakau
Adj-Othe	Tedious (tediously)	退屈 (退屈)	Taikutsu (taikutsu)
Adj-Othe	Telltale	証拠	Shōko
Adj-Othe	Temperamental	気まぐれ	Kimagure
Adj-Othe	Tempestuous	激しい	Hageshī
Adj-Othe	Temporarily	一時的に	Ichijiteki ni
Adj-Othe	Tempting	魅力的な	miryokuteki na
Adj-Othe	Tenacious	粘り強い	Nebashibui
Adj-Othe	Tender	優しい	yasashii
Adj-Othe	Tenderly	優しく	Yasashiku
Adj-Othe	Tending to	傾向がある	keikō ga aru
Adj-Othe	Tense	緊張	Kinchō
Adj-Othe	Tepid	ぬるい	Nurui
Adj-Othe	Terminated (terminating)	終了しました (終了中)	shuuryou shimashita (shuuryou-chuu)
Adj-Othe	Terribly	ひどく (酷く)	hidoku (hidoku)
Adj-Othe	Terrific	素晴らしい	Subarashī
Adj-Othe	Terrified	恐怖	Kyoufu
Adj-Othe	Testy	気難しい	Kimuzukashī
Adj-Othe	Tetchy	イライラ	Iraira
Adj-Othe	Texturizing	テクスチャリング (する)	Tekusutsharingu (suru)
Adj-Othe	Thankful	感謝する	kansha suru
Adj-Othe	Thanking	お礼	Orei
Adj-Othe	Thatched	茅葺き	Kayabuki
Adj-Othe	The extent to	程度	teido
Adj-Othe	The most famous	最も有名 (な)	Mottomo yūmei (na)
Adj-Othe	The soul of	の魂	No tamashī
Adj-Othe	Theatrical	芝居がかった	Shibaigakatta
Adj-Othe	Theatrical (theatrically)	芝居がかった (芝居がかったように)	shibaigakatta (shibaigakatta yō ni)
Adj-Othe	Therapeutic (therapeutical; therapeutically)	治療的 (治療的; 治療的に)	Chiryō-teki (chiryō-teki; chiryō-teki ni)
Adj-Othe	Thermal	熱	netsu
Adj-Othe	Thermic	熱	netsu
Adj-Othe	Thinkable	考えることができる	Kangaeru koto ga dekiru
Adj-Othe	This and that	あれこれ	Arekore
Adj-Othe	Thoughtfully	思慮深く	Shiryofukaku
Adj-Othe	Threatening (threatened)	脅迫 (脅迫された)	Kyōhaku (kyōhaku sa reta)
Adj-Othe	Thrilled	わくわくする	Wakuwaku suru
Adj-Othe	Throbbing	ドキドキ	Dokidoki
Adj-Othe	Ticklish	くすぐったい (擽ったい)	Kusuguttai
Adj-Othe	Tidy	きちんとした	Kichinto shita
Adj-Othe	Tied up	縛られる	Shibarareru

Adj-Othe	Tight (tightly)	きつく (きつく)	Kitsuku (kitsuku)
Adj-Othe	Tight-fisted	堅い	Katai
Adj-Othe	Timeless	時代を超越した	Jidai o chōetsu shita
Adj-Othe	Timely	時宜を得た	jiki wo eta
Adj-Othe	Tinged (tinging)	ティンギング (ティンギング)	Tingingu (tingingu)
Adj-Othe	Tinted	色を付ける	Iro o tsukeru
Adj-Othe	Tireless (untiring)	疲れしない (疲れしない)	tsukarenai (tsukarenai)
Adj-Othe	Tirelessly	疲れを知らずに	tsukare o shirazu ni
Adj-Othe	Tiresome	面倒	mendō
Adj-Othe	To a great degree (in a great degree)	かなり (かなり)	Kanari (kanari)
Adj-Othe	To a small degree (in a small degree)	少し (少し)	Sukoshi (sukoshi)
Adj-Othe	To the extent of	程度まで	Teido made
Adj-Othe	To the extent that	程度まで	Teido made
Adj-Othe	Told	言った	itta
Adj-Othe	Tolerant	寛容 (な/ する)	Kan'yō (na/ suru)
Adj-Othe	Too bad (that's too bad)	残念です (それは残念です)	zan'nendesu (sore wa zan'nendesu)
Adj-Othe	Too early	早すぎる	Hayasugiru
Adj-Othe	Too late	遅すぎる	Ososugiru
Adj-Othe	Too little	少なすぎる	sukunasugiru
Adj-Othe	Too much	多すぎる	oosugiru
Adj-Othe	Too precise	正確すぎる	Seikaku sugiru
Adj-Othe	Top up	補充 (する)	hojū (suru)
Adj-Othe	Top-down	上から下に	ue kara shita ni
Adj-Othe	Toppled over	転倒 (する)	Tentō (suru)
Adj-Othe	Toward	に向かって	Ni mukatte
Adj-Othe	Towering	そびえ立つ	Sobietatsu
Adj-Othe	Tracking	トラッキング	torakkingu
Adj-Othe	Transcending	超越	Chōetsu
Adj-Othe	Transitory	はかない (儚い)	Hakanai
Adj-Othe	Transpiring	蒸散中	Jousanchuu
Adj-Othe	Transported (transporting)	輸送 (する) (輸送 (する))	yusō (suru) (yusō (suru))
Adj-Othe	Travelling (travelled)	旅する (旅した)	tabi suru (tabi shita)
Adj-Othe	Treacherous	裏切り	Uragiri
Adj-Othe	Treasured	大切にされる	Taisetsu ni sareru
Adj-Othe	Tremendous	非常に	hijou ni
Adj-Othe	Trenched	溝を掘る	Mizo o horu
Adj-Othe	Tricked (tricking)	騙される	Damasareru
Adj-Othe	Trimmed	整えた	Totonoeta
Adj-Othe	Trimming	トリミング	Torimingu
Adj-Othe	Triumphant	勝ち誇った	Kachihokotta
Adj-Othe	Triumphing	勝利 (する)	shouri (suru)
Adj-Othe	Trivializing (trivialized)	軽視 (する) (軽視 (する))	Keishi (suru) (keishi (suru))
Adj-Othe	Trivially	些細なこと	sasaina koto
Adj-Othe	Troubled	困っている	komatteiru
Adj-Othe	Troublesome	めんどくさい (面倒くさい)	Mendokusai
Adj-Othe	Troubling	厄介な	yakkai na
Adj-Othe	Truly	本当に	Hontou ni

Adj-Othe	Trusted	信頼 (する)	shinrai (suru)
Adj-Othe	Trustworthy	信頼できる	Shinrai dekiru
Adj-Othe	Truthful	真実	Shinjitsu
Adj-Othe	Truthfully	正直に	Shōjikini
Adj-Othe	Try-out	トライアウト	toriauto
Adj-Othe	Tucked away	隠れた	Kakureta
Adj-Othe	Tucked away	隠してある	Kakushite aru
Adj-Othe	Tumultuous	騒々しい	Sōzōshī
Adj-Othe	Turbo	ターボ	Taabo
Adj-Othe	Turned over	ひっくり返る	Hikkurikaeru
Adj-Othe	Turning	旋回	Senkai
Adj-Othe	Twinkling	きらきら (キラキラ) (と/ する)	Kirakira (to/ suru)
Adj-Othe	Two-sided	裏表がある	uraomote ga aru
Adj-Othe	Ubiquitous	ユビキタス	Yubikitasu
Adj-Othe	Ugly	醜い	minikui
Adj-Othe	Ulterior	裏側/ 隠された/ 隠れた	Uragawa/ Kakusareta/ Kakureta
Adj-Othe	Ultimately	究極的に	kyukyoku teki ni
Adj-Othe	Ultramodern	超近代的	chou kindaiteki
Adj-Othe	Unable (cannot do; not able to do something)	できない (できない; 何かをすることができない)	Dekinai (dekinai; nanika o suru koto ga dekinai)
Adj-Othe	Unaccomplished	未完成	Mikansei
Adj-Othe	Unadulterated	混じりけのない	Majirike no nai
Adj-Othe	Unaffected	影響なし	eikyou nashi
Adj-Othe	Unaffectedly	飾らない	kazaranai
Adj-Othe	Unambiguous	明確 (な)	meikaku na
Adj-Othe	Unambiguously	明確に	meikaku ni
Adj-Othe	Unassuming	控えめ	Hikaeme
Adj-Othe	Unattentive	注意散漫	Chuui sanman
Adj-Othe	Unavoidable	避けられない	sakerarenai
Adj-Othe	Unbalanced	バランスを崩す	baransu o kuzusu
Adj-Othe	Unbeatable	無敵	muteki
Adj-Othe	Unbecoming	不相応	Fusōō
Adj-Othe	Unbelievable (unbelievably)	信じられない (信じ難い)	Shinji rarenai (shinji gatai)
Adj-Othe	Unborn	生まれない	umarenai
Adj-Othe	Uncalled (uncalled for)	不当	Futō
Adj-Othe	Uncaring	思いやりのない	omoiyari no nai
Adj-Othe	Uncharted	アンチャーテッド	Anchāteddo
Adj-Othe	Uncomplicated	単純	Tanjun
Adj-Othe	Uncompromising	妥協のない	Dakyō no nai
Adj-Othe	Unconscious	無意識	Muishiki
Adj-Othe	Unconstrained	制約なし	Seiyaku nashi
Adj-Othe	Uncontrolled	制御されていない	Seigyo sarete inai
Adj-Othe	Unconventional	非従来型	Hi jūrai-gata
Adj-Othe	Uncountable	数えられない	kazoerarenai
Adj-Othe	Undeniable	否定できない	hitei dekinai
Adj-Othe	Undeniably	否定できない	Hitei dekinai
Adj-Othe	Under consideration (under discussion)	検討中 (議論中)	kentōchū (gironchū)
Adj-Othe	Under control	管理下に置く	Kanrika ni oku

Adj-Othe	Undercover	潜入	Sen'nyū
Adj-Othe	Underfoot	足元	ashimoto
Adj-Othe	Underlying	根底にある	Kontei ni aru
Adj-Othe	Undermost	最下部	Sai kabu
Adj-Othe	Underpriced	値段が安すぎる	Nedan ga yasusugiru
Adj-Othe	Underrated	過小評価されている	Kashō hyōka sarete iru
Adj-Othe	Understaffed	人員不足	Jin'in fusoku
Adj-Othe	Understanding (the understanding)	理解 (する) (理解 (する))	Rikai (suru) (rikai (suru))
Adj-Othe	Understood (understanding)	理解 (する) (理解 (する))	Rikai (suru) (rikai (suru))
Adj-Othe	Underused	あまり使われていない	Amari tsukawarete inai
Adj-Othe	Undetermined	未定 (の/ な)	Mitei (no/ na)
Adj-Othe	Undone	解ける	Hodokeru
Adj-Othe	Undoubtable	疑いの余地がない	Utagai no yochi ga nai
Adj-Othe	Undoubtedly	疑いなく / 間違いなく	Utagainaku/machigainaku
Adj-Othe	Uneasy	不安	Fuan
Adj-Othe	Unelaborated	未完成	Mikansei
Adj-Othe	Unending	終わりが無い	
Adj-Othe	Unequalled	比類のない	hirui no nai
Adj-Othe	Unequivocal	明白 (な)	meihaku (na)
Adj-Othe	Unequivocal	明確 (な)	meikaku na
Adj-Othe	Unequivocally	明確に	meikaku ni
Adj-Othe	Uneven	不均一	fukin'itsu
Adj-Othe	Uneven	不均等な	fukintō na
Adj-Othe	Unexpected	予想外 (の)	Yosō-gai (no)
Adj-Othe	Unexpressed	表現されない	Hyōgen sarenai
Adj-Othe	Unfair (unfairly)	不公平 (不公平に)	Fu Kōhei (fu kōhei ni)
Adj-Othe	Unfamiliar	馴染みがない	Najimi ga nai
Adj-Othe	Unfastened	外した	Hazushita
Adj-Othe	Unfathomable	計り知れない	Hakarishirenai
Adj-Othe	Unfathomable	計り知れない	Hakarishirenai
Adj-Othe	Unfavorable	好ましくない	Konomashikunai
Adj-Othe	Unfazed	動じない	Dōjinai
Adj-Othe	Unfeasible	実現不可能	Jitsugen fukanō
Adj-Othe	Unfeeling (unfeelingly)	無情 (な) (無情に)	Mujō (na) (mujō ni)
Adj-Othe	Unfiltered	フィルターなし	Firutā nashi
Adj-Othe	Unfixed	未解決	Mikaiketsu
Adj-Othe	Unfocused (not focused)	焦点が合っていない (焦点が合っていない)	Shōten ga atte inai (shōten ga atte inai)
Adj-Othe	Unforced	強制されない	kyousei sarenai
Adj-Othe	Unforgettable	忘れられない / 忘れにくい	Wasurerarenai/ Wasure nikui * (hard to forget; difficult to forget)
Adj-Othe	Unforgiven	許されない	yurusarenai
Adj-Othe	Ungracious	不謹慎	fukinshin
Adj-Othe	Ungraciously	不愉快に	Fuyukai ni
Adj-Othe	Ungrounded	根拠のない	Konkyo no nai
Adj-Othe	Unheard	聞こえない / 前代未聞	Kikoenai/ Zendaïmimon
Adj-Othe	Unheard of	前代未聞	Zendaïmimon
Adj-Othe	Unhurried (unhurriedly)	慌てずに (慌てずに)	Awatezu ni (awatezu ni)

Adj-Othe	Unidirectional	一方向	lppōkō
Adj-Othe	Unimaginable	想像もつかない	Souzou mo tsukanai
Adj-Othe	Uninteresting	面白くない	Omoshirokunai
Adj-Othe	Uninterrupted	途切れない	Togirenai
Adj-Othe	Uninvited	招かれざる者	manekarezaru mono
Adj-Othe	Uninviting	魅力的でない	Mirikiteki denai
Adj-Othe	Unironically	皮肉にも	Hiniku ni mo
Adj-Othe	Unjustifiable	正当化できない	soutouka dekinai
Adj-Othe	Unkempt	乱雑	Ranzatsu
Adj-Othe	Unknown	未知 (の)	Michi (no)
Adj-Othe	Unlatched	外した	Hazushita
Adj-Othe	Unlikeliest	あり得ない	Arienai
Adj-Othe	Unlikely	ありそうにない/ 可能性がありません	Ari-sō ninai/ Kanōsei ga arimasen
Adj-Othe	Unlocked	ロック解除	Rokku kaijo
Adj-Othe	Unloved	愛されていない	aisarete inai
Adj-Othe	Unmanaged	管理されていない	Kanri sarete inai
Adj-Othe	Unmistakable	紛れもない	Magire mo nai
Adj-Othe	Unmistakably	紛れもなく	Magire mo naku
Adj-Othe	Unmixed	混じりけのない	Majirike no nai
Adj-Othe	Unnatural	不自然 (な)	Fushizen (na)
Adj-Othe	Unnaturally	不自然に	Fushizen ni
Adj-Othe	Unnecessarily	不必要に	fuhitsuyou ni
Adj-Othe	Unnerving (unnervingly)	不安にさせる (不安にさせるように)	Fuan ni saseru (fuan ni saseru you ni)
Adj-Othe	Unnoticed	気付かれない	Kidzukarenai
Adj-Othe	Unobtainable	手に入らない	Te ni hairanai
Adj-Othe	Unobtrusive	目立たない	medatanai
Adj-Othe	Unofficial	非公式	Hikōshiki
Adj-Othe	Unorganized	まとまりのない	matomari no nai
Adj-Othe	Unparalleled	比類のない	Hirui no nai
Adj-Othe	Unpayable	支払えない	shiharaenai
Adj-Othe	Unplanned	計画外	Keikaku-gai
Adj-Othe	Unpleasantly	不快に	Fukai ni
Adj-Othe	Unpredictable	予測不可能	Yosoku fukanō
Adj-Othe	Unprivileged	恵まれていない	megumarete inai
Adj-Othe	Unprotected	保護されていない	hogo sarete inai
Adj-Othe	Unprotective	保護されていない	hogo sarete inai
Adj-Othe	Unraveled	ほつれる	Hotsureru
Adj-Othe	Unrefined	洗練されていない	senren sarete inai
Adj-Othe	Unrelenting	容赦ない	Yōshanai
Adj-Othe	Unresolved	未解決	Mikaiketsu
Adj-Othe	Unsafe	危険	kiken
Adj-Othe	Unsatisfactory	不十分です	Fu jūbundesu
Adj-Othe	Unsatisfied	満足できない	Manzoku dekinai
Adj-Othe	Unsayable	言えない	lenai
Adj-Othe	Unseemly	見苦しい	migurushii
Adj-Othe	Unseen	見えない	Mienai
Adj-Othe	Unskilled	未熟	Mijuku
Adj-Othe	Unsolved	解決されていない	kaiketsu sarete inai

Adj-Othe	Unspecified	特定しない	Tokutei shinai
Adj-Othe	Unsteady	不安定 (な)	Fuantei (na)
Adj-Othe	Unstoppable	止められない	tomerarenai
Adj-Othe	Unstrained	緊張しない	kinchou shinai
Adj-Othe	Unstudied	勉強しない	benkyou shinai
Adj-Othe	Unsuitable	不適切	Futekisettsu
Adj-Othe	Unsure	不確か (な)	Futashika (na)
Adj-Othe	Unsuspected	疑わしくない	utagawashikunai
Adj-Othe	Unsympathetic	同情のない	Dōjō no nai
Adj-Othe	Unsystematic	体系的でない	taikeiteki de nai
Adj-Othe	Untamable	手に負えない	te ni oenai
Adj-Othe	Unthinkable	考えられない	Kangaerarenai
Adj-Othe	Unthinkable	考えられない	Kangaerarenai
Adj-Othe	Unthinking	考えなし	Kangae nashi
Adj-Othe	Unthwarted	妨害されない	Bōgai sarenai
Adj-Othe	Untidy	だらしない	Darashinai
Adj-Othe	Untiring	飽きのこない	aki no konai
Adj-Othe	Untold	語られない	katararenai
Adj-Othe	Untrue (not true)	真実ではない	Shinjitsude wanai
Adj-Othe	Untruthful	不誠実	Fuseijitsu
Adj-Othe	Unused	未使用 (の)	Mi shiyō (no)
Adj-Othe	Unusual	普通でない	Futsūdenai
Adj-Othe	Unusual	異常 (な)	ijou (na)
Adj-Othe	Unusually	異常に	Ijō ni
Adj-Othe	Unwavering	揺るぎない	Yuruginai
Adj-Othe	Unwearied (unweariedly)	疲れずに (疲れずに)	Tsukarezu ni (tsukarezu ni)
Adj-Othe	Unwelcoming	歓迎されない	Kangei sarenai
Adj-Othe	Unwell	具合が悪い	guai ga warui
Adj-Othe	Unyielding	不屈の	Fukutsu no
Adj-Othe	Unyielding	屈しない	Kussanai
Adj-Othe	Up to no good	悪事を企む	Akuji o takuramu
Adj-Othe	Upbeat	明るい	Akarui
Adj-Othe	Upper class	上流階級の	jōryū kaikyū no
Adj-Othe	Uppermost	最上部	Sai jōbu
Adj-Othe	Upright	直立	chokuritsu
Adj-Othe	Upright	直立	Chokuritsu
Adj-Othe	Upset	動揺 (する)	douyou (suru)
Adj-Othe	Upside down	逆さまに	Sakasama ni
Adj-Othe	Urbane	都会的 (な)	Tokai-teki (na)
Adj-Othe	Usable	使用可能	Shiyou kanou
Adj-Othe	Used	中古 (の)	Chūko (no)
Adj-Othe	Useful (usable)	有用 (使用可能)	Yuuyou (shiyou kanou)
Adj-Othe	Usual	通常 (の)	tsuujou (no)
Adj-Othe	Usual (the usual)	いつもの (いつもの)	Itsumono (itsumono)
Adj-Othe	Vaguely	漠然と	Bakuzentō
Adj-Othe	Vain	虚栄心	Kyoei shin
Adj-Othe	Valiant	勇敢 (な)	Yūkan (na)
Adj-Othe	Valuable	価値がある	
Adj-Othe	Valued	評価される	Hyōka sareru

Adj-Othe	Varying (varied)	変化 (する)	Henka (suru)
Adj-Othe	Vehement (vehemently)	激しい (激しく)	Hageshii (hageshiku)
Adj-Othe	Veiled	ベールに包まれた	Bēru ni tsutsumareta
Adj-Othe	Venerable	尊い	Totoi
Adj-Othe	Vengeful (vengeful)	復讐心 (復讐心)	Fukushū kokoro (fukushū kokoro)
Adj-Othe	Venomous	毒のある	Doku no aru
Adj-Othe	Verbal (oral)	口頭 (の/ な) (口頭 (の/ な))	Kōtō (no/ na) (kōtō (no/ na))
Adj-Othe	Verbose	冗長	Jouchou
Adj-Othe	Verifiable	検証可能	Kenshou kanou
Adj-Othe	Verily	本当に	Hontou ni
Adj-Othe	Versatile	多用途	Tayōto
Adj-Othe	Vertiginous	目が回るよう (な)	Me ga mawaru you (na)
Adj-Othe	Very irritating (extremely irritating)	非常に刺激的 (非常に刺激的)	Hijō ni shigekiteki (hijō ni shigekiteki)
Adj-Othe	Very loyal	非常に忠実	Hijou ni chuujitsu
Adj-Othe	Vibrant	活気に満ちた	kakki ni michita
Adj-Othe	Vibrantly	活気にあふれて	Kaki ni afurete
Adj-Othe	Vice versa	逆に	Gyaku ni
Adj-Othe	Victorious (victoriously)	勝利 (勝利して)	Shōri (shōri shite)
Adj-Othe	Vigorous	活発な	Kappatsu na
Adj-Othe	Vigorously	活発に	Kappatsu ni
Adj-Othe	Vindictive	復讐心/ 執念深い	Fukushū kokoro/ Shūnenbukai
Adj-Othe	Violating (violated)	違反 (する) (違反した)	Ihan (suru) (ihan shita)
Adj-Othe	Violently	激しく	Hageshiku
Adj-Othe	Virginal	処女	Shojo
Adj-Othe	Viridescent	緑がかった	midorigakatta
Adj-Othe	Virile	男らしい	Otokorashī
Adj-Othe	Virtual (virtually)	仮想 (仮想的に)	Kasō (kasō-teki ni)
Adj-Othe	Virtually	事実上	jijitsu jou
Adj-Othe	Viscous	粘性	nensei
Adj-Othe	Visibly	目に見えて	Menimiete
Adj-Othe	Vitally	極めて	kiwamete
Adj-Othe	Vivacious (vivaciously)	元気いっぱい (元気いっぱい)	Genki ippai (genki ippai)
Adj-Othe	Volatile	不安定 (な)	fuantei (na)
Adj-Othe	Volatility	不安定	Fuantei
Adj-Othe	Voluble	饒舌	Jouzetsu
Adj-Othe	Vulgar	下品 (な)	gehin (na)
Adj-Othe	Vulnerable	脆弱	Zeijaku
Adj-Othe	Wandering	放浪 (する/ の)	Hōrō (suru/ no)
Adj-Othe	Wanton (wantonly)	気まま (な)/ ワントン	Kimama (na)/ Wanton
Adj-Othe	Warm-blooded	温血	Nukuchi
Adj-Othe	Warmed	温める	Atameru
Adj-Othe	Wasted (wasting)	無駄にする (無駄にする)	muda ni suru (muda ni suru)
Adj-Othe	Wasteful	無駄 (な)	Muda (na)
Adj-Othe	Watchful	用心深い	Youjinbukai
Adj-Othe	Waterlogged	水浸し	Mizubishashi
Adj-Othe	Watertight (waterproof)	防水 (防水)	Bousui (bousui)
Adj-Othe	Wavering	揺れる	Yureru
Adj-Othe	Weakened	弱める	Yowameru
Adj-Othe	Weather-beaten	風雨にさらされた	fū ni sarasareta

Adj-Othe	Weathered	風雨にさらされた	fūu ni sarasareta
Adj-Othe	Welcome	歓迎 (する/ の)/ いらっしやいませ	Kangei (suru/ no)/ Irasshaimase * (used in shops, restaurants, etc.)
Adj-Othe	Welcoming	歓迎 (する/ の)	Kangei (suru/ no)
Adj-Othe	Well designed	よく設計された	yoku sekkei sareta
Adj-Othe	Well read	よく読む	yoku yomu
Adj-Othe	Well received	よく受け入れられる	yoku ukeirerareru
Adj-Othe	Well regulated	よく規制されている	yoku kisei sareteiru
Adj-Othe	Well renowned	よく知られている	yoku shirareteiru
Adj-Othe	Well rounded	バランスが取れている	baransu ga toreteiru
Adj-Othe	Well suited	ふさわしい	Fusawashī
Adj-Othe	Well versed	精通している	seitsu shiteiru
Adj-Othe	Well-aimed	よく狙った	yoku neratta
Adj-Othe	Well-fitted	ぴったりフィット (する)	Pittari fitto (suru)
Adj-Othe	Well-guarded (well protected)	よく守られた (よく守られた)	Yoku mamorareta (yoku mamorareta)
Adj-Othe	Well-meant (well-meaning)	善意 (善意)	Zen'i (zen'i)
Adj-Othe	Well-rehearsed	よく練習した	yoku renshū shita
Adj-Othe	Well-timed	タイミングよく	taimingu yoku
Adj-Othe	Well-worn	使い古された	tsukaifurusareta
Adj-Othe	Wetting (wetting)	濡れる (濡れる)	nureru (nureru)
Adj-Othe	Whimsical	気まぐれな	kimagure na
Adj-Othe	Whining	愚痴を言う	Guchiwoiu
Adj-Othe	Whispering	ささやく	sasayaku
Adj-Othe	Widely	広く	Hiroku
Adj-Othe	Widely known	広く知られている	Hiroku shira rete iru
Adj-Othe	Widened	広くなった	Hiroku natta
Adj-Othe	Wider	より広い	Yori hiroi
Adj-Othe	Widespread	広く普及している	hiroku fukyuu shiteiru
Adj-Othe	Wiggling (wiggled)	くねくね (する)	Kunekune (suru)
Adj-Othe	Wildly	ワイルドに	Wairudo ni
Adj-Othe	Winding	曲がりくねった	Magarikunetta
Adj-Othe	Wished (wishing)	望んだ (願う)	Nozonda (negau)
Adj-Othe	With haste	急いで	Isoide
Adj-Othe	Withdrawing	撤退	Tettai
Adj-Othe	Withholding	差し控える	sashihikaeru
Adj-Othe	Without addition	追加なし	tsuika nashi
Adj-Othe	Without asking	尋ねることなく	Tazuneru koto naku
Adj-Othe	Without constraint	制約のない	seiyaku no nai
Adj-Othe	Without haste	急がずに	Isogazu ni
Adj-Othe	Without listening	聞かずに	Kikazu ni
Adj-Othe	Without thinking	考えずに	Kangaezu ni
Adj-Othe	Witty	気の利いた	Ki no kiita
Adj-Othe	Wonderfully	素晴らしく	subarashiku
Adj-Othe	Woolly	ウーリー	Ūrī
Adj-Othe	Woozy	ふらつく	furatsuku
Adj-Othe	Wording (worded)	言葉遣い	Kotobazukai
Adj-Othe	Worn	着用	chakuyō
Adj-Othe	Worthless	無価値	Mukachi

Adj-Other	Worthy	ふさわしい	Fusawashii
Adj-Other	Wounded (injured; hurt)	負傷した (負傷した、傷ついた)	Fushō shita (fushō shita, kizutsuita)
Adj-Other	Woven	織り込まれた	Orikoma reta
Adj-Other	Wrapped	包まれた/ 包む/ 包装 (する/ の)/ ラップ (な)	Tsutsuma reta/ Tsutsumu/ Hōsō (suru/ no)/ Rappu (na)
Adj-Other	Wroth	怒り	Ikari
Adj-Other	Wrought	精錬	Seiren
Adj-Other	Wry (ie. a wry grin)	泣く (つまり, 苦笑い)	Naku (tsumari, akugaoi)
Adj-Other	Yearning (yearned)	憧れ (憧れ)	Akogare (akogare)
Adj-Other	Yelling (yelled)	叫ぶ (叫んだ)	sakebu (sakenda)
Adj-Other	Yielding	屈服 (する)	Kuppuku (suru)
Adj-Other	Zestful	素晴らしい	subarashii
Adj-Other	Zestily	熱心に	Nesshin ni
Adj-Other	Zesty	ピリッとした	Piritto shita
Adj-Other	Zing	ジン	jin
Adj-Other	Zingy	ジンジー	jinjii
Adj-Other	Zippy	ジッピー	jippii

Vocabulary List - Nouns - Physical & Non-Physical

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Noun-Item	Backpack	バックパック	Bakku pakku
Noun-Item	Bag	袋 (囊)/ 鞆/ バッグ	Fukuro * (can be a sack or a plastic shopping bag)/ Kaban * (can also be a leather bag or paper bag)/ Baggu
Noun-Item	Barrel (ie. rain barrel; a ton)	樽/ バレル (つまり; 雨が降るバレル; 1 トン)	Taru/ Bareru (tsumari; amegafuru bareru; 1-ton)
Noun-Item	Rain barrel	雨桶	Ame oke
Noun-Item	Water barrel	水桶	Mizu oke
Noun-Item	Basket	籠 (籠)/ バスケット	Kago/ Basuketto
Noun-Item	Cat basket	猫かご	Neko kago
Noun-Item	Dog house	犬小屋	Inugoya
Noun-Item	Shopping basket	買い物かご	Kaimono kago
Noun-Item	Beach umbrella	ビーチパラソル/ ビーチ傘	Bīchiparasoru/ Bīchi kasa
Noun-Item	Beer bottle	ビール瓶 (ビールびん)/ ビールボトル	Bīru bin/ Bīrubotoru
Noun-Item	Bottle	瓶 (ビン)/ ボトル	Bin/ Botoru
Noun-Item	Bottle case (jar case)	瓶ケース (ビンケース)/ ボトルケース	Bin kēsu/ Botorukēsu
Noun-Item	Bouquet	花束	Hanataba
Noun-Item	Flower bouquet	花束	Hanataba
Noun-Item	Box (case)	箱 (入れ/ 入れ物 (容れ物/ 容物/ 入物/ いれもの)/ ケース)	Hako (Ire/ Iremono/ Kēsu)
Noun-Item	Lost and found box	忘れ物ボックス	Wasuremono bokkusu
Noun-Item	Storage box	収納ボックス/ 保管箱	Shūnō bokkusu/ Hokan-bako
Noun-Item	Storage conditions	保管条件	Hokan jōken

Noun-Item	Bowl	鉢/ 丼鉢 (どんぶり鉢)/ ボウル/ ボール	Hachi/ Donburi hachi/ Bōru/ Bōru
Noun-Item	Wooden bowl	椀/ 木製のボウル/ 木造ボウル/ 木造のボウル	Wan/ Mokusei no bōru/ Mokuzō bōru/ Mokuzō no bōru
Noun-Item	Bucket	桶 (おけ)/ バケツ (馬穴)/ 水桶/ バケツ	Oke/ Baketsu/ Mizu oke * (pail (for water); bucket/ cistern; water tank)/ Baketto
Noun-Item	Water bucket	水バケツ	Mizu baketsu
Noun-Item	Pail (bucket)	ペール/ バケツ (馬穴)/ 桶 (おけ) (バケツ (馬穴))	Pēru/ Baketsu/ Oke (baketsu)
Noun-Item	A bucket full of water	水がいっぱい入ったバケツ	Mizu ga ippai haitta baketsu
Noun-Item	Cage	檻 * (pen; jail cell)/ 籠 * (basket)/ ケージ	Ori/ Kago/ Kēji
Noun-Item	Camping gear	キャンプ用品/ キャンプ用具 (キャンプ道具)/ キャンプ装備	Kyanpu yōhin/ Kyanpu dōgu/ Kyanpu sōbi
Noun-Item	Can (a can)	缶 (缶)	kan
Noun-Item	Canteen	水筒	suitou
Noun-Item	Casket (a casket)	棺桶 (棺桶)	Kan'oke (kan'oke)
Noun-Item	Chest (a chest; coffer)	櫃/ 箱/ チェスト	Hitsu/ Hako/ Chesuto
Noun-Item	Collection box	募金箱/ 回収ボックス/ コレクションボックス	Bokin-bako/ Kaishū bokkusu/ Korekushon bokkusu
Noun-Item	Collector's box	コレクターズボックス/ コレクターズBOX/ コレクターズ箱/ コレクターの箱/ コレクター箱	Korekutāzubokkusu/ Korekutāzu bokkusu/ Korekutāzu-bako/ Korekutā no hako/ Korekutā- bako
Noun-Item	Collector's item (collectors item)	コレクターズアイテム/ コレクターズ品 (コレクターズアイテム)	Korekutāzuaitemu/ Korekutāzu-hin (korekutāzuaitemu)
Noun-Item	Container	入れ物/ 容器	Iremono/ Yōki
Noun-Item	Glass container	ガラス容器	Garasu yōki
Noun-Item	Waste container (landfill container)	廃棄物容器 (埋立容器)	Haiki-mono yōki (umetate yōki)
Noun-Item	Hopper	ホッパー	Hoppā
Noun-Item	Crucible	坩堝 (るつぽ)	Rutsubo * (crucible; melting pot/ melting pot (of cultures, ideas, etc.)/ state of ecstasy; state of fevered excitement)
Noun-Item	Cosmetics	化粧品/ 化粧 (仮粧/ けわい/ けしょう/ けそう)(する)/ コスメ/ コスメティック (コスメチック)/ メーキャップ化粧品	Keshōhin/ Keshō (kewai/ keshou/ kesou) (suru)/ Kosume * (abbreviation)/ Kosumetikku (kosumechikku)/ Mēkyappu keshōhin
Noun-Item	Cup	一杯 (の)/ カップ	Ippai (no)/ Kappu
Noun-Item	Mug	マグ/ マグカップ	Magu/ Magukappu * (wasei, word made in Japan, From English "mug cup")
Noun-Item	Earthenware	土器/ 瀬戸物/ 陶器/ 陶物/ 焼き物 (焼物)/ 陶	Doki/ Setomono/ Tōki/ Suemono/ Yakimono/ Sue
Noun-Item	Pottery	陶器	Tōki
Noun-Item	Silverware	銀食器	Ginshokki
Noun-Item	Flagon	フラゴン	furagon
Noun-Item	Glass	一杯 (の)/ ガラス	Ippai (no)/ Garasu
Noun-Item	Shard (shards)	シャード (シャード)	shaado (shaado)

Noun-Item	Jar (a jar)	瓶 (びん)	Bin
Noun-Item	Jug (jugs)	ジャグ (水差し)	Jagu (mizusashi)
Noun-Item	Key	鍵	Kagi
Noun-Item	Keychain	キーホルダー/ 鍵鎖/ 鍵の鎖/ 鍵チェーン/ 鍵のチェーン	Kīhorudā/ Kagi kusari/ Kagi no kusari/ Kagi chēn/ Kagi no chēn
Noun-Item	Lock	錠/ 錠前/ ロック (する)	Jō/ Jōmae/ Rokku (suru)
Noun-Item	Chain lock	チェーンロック	Chēnrokku
Noun-Item	Love potion (aphrodisiac)	媚薬/ 惚れ薬 (ほれ薬/ ほれぐすり)/ 精力剤/ 強精剤/ 催淫剤/ 強精薬/ ラブポーション (媚薬)	Biyaku/ Hore gusuri/ Seiryoku-zai/ Kyōseizai/ Saiinzai/ Kyōsei yaku/ Rabupōshon (Biyaku)
Noun-Item	Lunchbox	弁当箱	Bentō-bako
Noun-Item	Medium-sized bottle	中瓶	Chū bin
Noun-Item	Ointment	軟膏	Nankō
Noun-Item	Pack	箱/ パック/ 包装 (する)/ 梱包 (する)/ 荷姿/ パッケージング	Hako/ Pakku/ Hōsō (suru)/ Konpō (suru)/ Nisugata/ Pakkējingu
Noun-Item	Package	小包/ 包み/ 箱/ パッケージ (する)/ 荷物	Kodzutsumi/ Tsutsumi/ Hako * (box; case; chest; package; pack; crate)/ Pakkēji (suru)/ Nimotsu * (luggage; baggage; package)
Noun-Item	Parcel	小包	Kodzutsumi
Noun-Item	Pan	鍋/ パン	Nabe/ Pan
Noun-Item	Cooking pan (frying pan)	鍋/ フライパン	Nabe/ Furaipan
Noun-Item	Parasol	パラソル	Parasoru
Noun-Item	Perfume bottle	香水瓶	Kōsui bin
Noun-Item	Pot	鉢/ ポット/ 壺 (つぼ)	Hachi/ Potto/ Tsubo * (pot; jar; vase)
Noun-Item	Cauldron (large iron pot)	大釜/ 大鍋/ 釜 (かま) (大釜)	Ōkama/ Ōnabe/ Kama (Ōkama)
Noun-Item	Kettle (iron kettle)	ケトル (鉄瓶)	Ketoru (tetsubin)
Noun-Item	Flower pot	植木鉢/ 鉢	Uekibachi/ Hachi
Noun-Item	Potion (elixir)	水薬/ ポーション/ 傷薬 (疵薬/ きずぐすり)/ 魔法薬 (妙薬/ エリクサー/ エリキシル (エリクシア)/ エリキシル剤/ 奇薬)	Suiyaku/ Pōshon/ Kizu kusuri/ Mahō kusuri * (magic potion) (Myōyaku/ Erikusā/ Erikishiru/ Erikishiru-zai/ Kiyaku)
Noun-Item	Elixir	エリクサー	Erikusā
Noun-Item	Invisibility potion	透明化ポーション/ 不可視のポーション	Tōmei-ka pōshon/ Fukashi no pōshon
Noun-Item	Tonic	強壮剤	Kyousouzai
Noun-Item	Saddle	サドル	Sadoru
Noun-Item	Saddlebags	サドルバッグ	Sadorubaggu
Noun-Item	Umbrella	傘/ 雨傘 (雨がさ/ あまがさ)/ パラソル/ アンブレラ/ 洋傘/ こうもり傘 (蝙蝠傘/ こうもりがさ/ コウモリ傘/ コウモリがさ)/ 和傘/ 置き傘/ 相合傘	Kasa/ Amagasa/ Parasoru/ Anburera/ Yōgasa * ((Western-style) umbrella; parasol)/ Kōmorigasa * ((Western-style) umbrella)/ Wakasa * (Japanese umbrella)/ Okigasa * (spare umbrella kept (at work) in the event of a sudden shower)/ Aiai gasa * (sharing an umbrella; being under one umbrella)
Noun-Item	Award	アワード/ 賞	Awādo/ Shō
Noun-Item	Prize	賞/ 褒美/ 賞品	Shō/ Hōbi/ Shōhin * (prize; trophy)
Noun-Item	Reward	褒美	Hōbi

Noun-Item	Sack	袋/ ザック	Fukuro/ Zakku
Noun-Item	Salve (ointment)	軟膏/ 軟膏剤/ 薬/ 傷薬 (疵薬/ きずぐすり)/ 塗布剤/ 塗擦剤/ 塗り薬 (塗薬/ めりぐすり)/ 糊剤 (軟膏/ 軟膏剤)	Nankō/ Nankō-zai/ Kusuri/ Kizu kusuri/ Tofu-zai/ Tosatsuzai/ Nurigusuri/ Nori-zai (nankō/ nankō-zai)
Noun-Item	Sleeping bag	寝袋/ シュラフザック/ シュラフ	Nebukuro/ Shurafuzakku * (from German "Schlafsack")/ Shurāfu * (abbreviation; from German "Schlafsack")
Noun-Item	Spray	噴射 (する)/ スプレー (する)	Funsha (suru) * (jet; spray; emission; spouting/ rocket propulsion; jet propulsion)/ Supurē (suru) * (spray)
Noun-Item	Thermos bottle	魔法瓶/ マイボトル	Mahōbin/ Maibotoru * (Wasei, word made in Japan, From English "my bottle")
Noun-Item	Treasure	宝物/ 宝の山/ 金のなる木	Takaramono/ Takara no yama * (gold mine; treasure trove; golconda; mountain of treasures)/ Kanenonaruki * (means 'money tree; gold mine; cash cow', but can also mean 'jade plant (Crassula ovata); money plant')
Noun-Item	Treasure chest	宝箱/ 宝の箱/ 宝物箱/ 宝物の箱/ レジヤークエスト	Takarabako/ Takara no hako/ Takaramono-bako/ Takaramono no hako/ Torejāchesuto
Noun-Item	Vase	花瓶/ 壺 (つぼ)	Kabin/ Tsubo * (pot; jar; vase)
Noun-Item	Water bottle	水筒/ ウォーターボトル	Suitō/ U~ōtābotoru
Noun-Item	Water flask	水フラスコ	Mizu furasuko
Noun-Item	Eating utensils	食器	Shokki
Noun-Item	Kitchenware	キッチン用品	Kitchin yōhin
Noun-Item	Tableware	食器	Shokki
Noun-Item	Cutlery	刃物/ カトラリー	Hamono/ Katorarī
Noun-Item	Chopsticks	箸	Hashi
Noun-Item	Fork	フォーク	Fōku
Noun-Item	Napkin	ナプキン/ 口拭き/ 巾	Napukin/ Kuchifuki/ Kin * (not haba which can have the same Kanji and means 'width')
Noun-Item	Plate	皿	Sara
Noun-Item	Spoon	スプーン/ 匙	Supūn/ Saji
Noun-Item	Antique	骨董/ 骨董品/ 古い/ 古美術品/ 古風/ 古物/ 年代物/ アンティーク (な)	Kottō/ Kotsutōhin/ Furui/ Ko bijutsu-hin/ Kofū/ Kobutsu/ Nendai-mono/ Antīku (na)
Noun-Item	Badge	バッジ/ 印 (しるし)	Bajji/ Shirushi * (badge; crest; flag)
Noun-Item	Ball	ボール/ 玉 (球)	Bōru/ Tama
Noun-Item	Ball bearing	ボールベアリング/ 鋼球/ 玉軸受け	Bōrubearingu/ Kōkyū * (steel ball; bearing ball)/ Tama jikuuke * (ball bearings)
Noun-Item	Baseball	野球/ ベースボール	Yakyū/ Bēsubōru
Noun-Item	Baseball bat	野球用バット/ ベースボールバット/ ベースボールのバット	Yakyū-yō batto/ Bēsubōrubatto/ Bēsubōru no batto
Noun-Item	Basketball	バスケットボール/ バスケ/ バスケット/ 籠球	Basukettobōru/ Basuke * (abbreviation)/ Basuketto * (means 'basket', but is also used when referring to basketball)/ Rōkyū

Noun-Item	Birthday card	誕生日カード/ バースデーカード/ 誕生日の葉書	Tanjōbi kado/ Bāsudēkado/ Tanjōbi no hagaki
Noun-Item	Birthday gift	誕生日プレゼント	Tanjōbipurezento
Noun-Item	Birthday present	(お) 誕生日プレゼント/ (お) 誕生日贈り物	(O) Tanjōbipurezento/ (o) Tanjōbi okurimono
Noun-Item	Board game	ボードゲーム/ 盤ゲーム	Bōdogēmu/ Ban gēmu
Noun-Item	Cards	カード	Kādo
Noun-Item	Card game	カードゲーム/ トランプゲーム	Kādogēmu/ Toranpugēmu * (from English "trump game")
Noun-Item	Collectible card game	トレーディングカードゲーム/ 収集価値のあるカードゲーム	Torēdingukādogēmu/ Shūshū kachinoaru kādogēmu
Noun-Item	Poker	ポーカー	Pōkā
Noun-Item	Ceramic	セラミック/ 陶芸/ 窯業	Seramikku/ Tōgei/ Yōgyō
Noun-Item	Chess	チェス/ 西洋将棋	Chesu/ Seiyōshōgi
Noun-Item	Collectibles	収集品/ グッズ/ コレクション (する)/ 集まり (集り/ あつまり)	Shūshū-hin/ Guzzu * (goods, promotional items, also used for collectibles)/ Korekushon (suru) * (collection)/ Atsumari * (means 'gathering; meeting', but can also mean 'collection', ie. of objects)
Noun-Item	Small collectibles	小さな収集品/ 小さなグッズ/ 小さなコレクション	Chīsana shūshū-hin/ Chīsana guzzu/ Chīsana korekushon
Noun-Item	Collection	収集 (する)/ コレクション (する)	Shūshū (suru)/ Korekushon (suru)
Noun-Item	Coin collection	コインコレクション	Koin korekushon
Noun-Item	Stamp collection	切手収集	Kitte shūshū
Noun-Item	Dart (darts)	ダーツ/ 吹き針 (ダーツ)	Dātsu/ Fukibari (dātsu)
Noun-Item	Dartboard	ダーツボード	Dātsubōdo
Noun-Item	Decoration	装飾/ 装飾品	Sōshoku/ Sōshoku-hin
Noun-Item	Christmas decoration	クリスマスの飾り	Kurumasu no kazari
Noun-Item	Figurine	置物/ 小像	Okimono/ Shōzō
Noun-Item	Football (soccer)	フットボール/ 蹴球 (サッカー/ サッカーボール)	Futtobōru/ Shūkyū (Sakkā/ Sakkābōru)
Noun-Item	Game	ゲーム/ 競技 (する/ の)	Gēmu/ Kyōgi (suru/ no) * (game; match; contest/ competition (economics))
Noun-Item	Gift (present)	贈り物 (贈物)/ ギフト (プレゼント (する)/ (お) 祝い)	Okurimono/ Gifuto (Purezento (suru)/ (o) Iwai)
Noun-Item	Present (a present; a gift)	プレゼント (贈り物)	Purezento (okurimono)
Noun-Item	Souvenir	記念品	Kinenhin
Noun-Item	Memento	記念品	Kinenhin
Noun-Item	Globe (World globe)	地球儀 (地球儀)/ グローブ/ 地球	Chikyūgi (Chikyūgi)/ Gurōbu/ Chikyū
Noun-Item	Heap (pile)	ヒープ (パイル)	Hīpu (pairu)
Noun-Item	Heirloom	家宝/ 伝家	Kahō/ Denka
Noun-Item	Hockey (icehockey)	ホッケー (アイスホッケー)	Hokkē (Aisuhokkē)
Noun-Item	Miniature	ミニチュア/ 雛型/ 小型	Minichua/ Hinagata/ Kogata
Noun-Item	Miniature boat (miniature ship)	ミニチュアボート (ミニチュア船)	Minichuabōto (minichua-sen)
Noun-Item	Miscellaneous goods (various goods)	雑貨 (各種グッズ/ いろいろな商品 (色々な商品/ 色々な商品)/ 様々な商品 (さまざまな商品/ 様々な商品))	Zakka (kakushu guzzu/ iroirona shōhin/ samazamana shōhin)

Noun-Item	Model (model building)	模型/ モデル/ 型 (かた)/ 規範/ 模範/ 典型/ 見本/ 手本 (モデル構築)	Mokey * (model; dummy; maquette/ physical model)/ Moderu * (model; dummy; mock-up/ model (profession); fashion model/ model (of a vehicle, machine, etc.); version/ model (e.g. mathematical; in model theory)/ model (for a fictional character, place, etc.); inspiration)/ Kata * (type; style; model; pattern)/ Kihan * (model; standard; pattern; norm; criterion; example/ norm (social))/ Mohan * (exemplar; model; example; pattern)/ Tenkei * (type; pattern; model; epitome; exemplar; archetype; perfect example)/ Mihon * (sample; specimen; pattern/ model; example)/ Tehon * (model; (good) example; exemplar; paragon/ model handwriting; model drawing; copybook) (moderu kōchiku)
Noun-Item	Model train (miniature train)	鉄道模型 (ミニチュアトレイン)	Tetsudō mokey (Minichuatorein)
Noun-Item	Orb	オーブ	Ōbu
Noun-Item	Ornament (decoration)	オーナメント/ 装飾 (する)/ 飾り/ 装飾品/ 飾り物/ 装飾物	Ōnamento/ Sōshoku (suru)/ Kazari/ Sōshoku- hin/ Kazarimono/ Sōshoku-mono
Noun-Item	Packaging	包装 (する)	Hōsō (suru)
Noun-Item	Packing (packaging)	荷姿/ 包装 (する)/ 梱包 (する)	Nisugata/ Hōsō (suru)/ Honpō (suru)
Noun-Item	Prototype	プロトタイプ/ 原型/ 祖型/ プロト/ 試作 (する)	Purototaipu * (prototype)/ Genkei * (prototype; model; pattern; archetypal)/ So-gata * (prototype)/ Puroto * (prototype/ abbreviation)/ Shisaku (suru) * (trial manufacture; experiment; test piece; prototype)
Noun-Item	Roleplaying game (ie. dungeons & dragons)	ロールプレイングゲーム (例: ダンジョンズ & ドラゴンズ)	Rōrupureingu gēmu (rōrupureingugēmu) (rei: Danjonzu& doraigonzu)
Noun-Item	Score	スコア (する)/ 得点 (する)/ 点数 (する)/ 記録 (する)/ 点 (てん)/ 失点 (する)	Sukoa (suru)/ Tokuten (suru) * (scoring; score; points made; marks obtained; goals; runs)/ Tensū (suru) * (marks; points; score; grade; runs (baseball))/ Kiroku (suru) * (record (e.g. in sports); results; score)/ Ten * (mark (in an exam, etc.); grade; score; points)/ Shitten (suru) * (lost point (in a game); point given away; conceded goal/ blunder; mistake; error)
Noun-Item	Highscore	高点/ 高得点/ ハイスコア	Kōten/ Kō tokuten/ Haisukoa
Noun-Item	Scoreboard	スコアボード	Sukōbōdo
Noun-Item	Seal	証明/ シール	Shōmei/ Shīru
Noun-Item	Second hand goods (secondhand articles)	中古品/ 古道具/ 古物 (の)/ 使用品/ 使用済みアイテム/ 使用済み商品/ 古 (ふる) (の)	Chūko-hin/ Furudōgu/ Kobutsu (no)/ Shiyō-hin/ Shiyō-zumi aitemu/ Shiyō-zumi shōhin/ Furu (no)
Noun-Item	Skate (a skate)	スケート	Sukēto
Noun-Item	Skateboard	スケートボード	Sukētobōdo
Noun-Item	Small present (small gift)	粗品 * (humble (kenjougo) language)	Soshina* (hanburu (kenjougo) language)

Noun-Item	Statue	像/ スタチュー/ 立像/ 彫像/ 銅像 * (bronze statue)/ 石像 * (stone statue)/ 寿像 * (statue of a living person)	Zō/ Sutachū/ Ritsuzō/ Chōzō/ Dōzō * (bronze statue)/ Sekizō * (stone statue)/ Juzō * (statue of a living person)
Noun-Item	Stone statue	石像	Sekizō
Noun-Item	Sticker (a sticker)	ステッカー (ステッカー)	Sutekkā (sutekkā)
Noun-Item	Sundry (sundries; miscellaneous goods; various goods)	雑貨/ 雑品/ 小間物/ 諸口/ 細細とした/ 細細した/ いろいろなグッズ (色々なグッズ)/ 様々なグッズ/ いろいろな品物 (色々な品物)/ 様々な品物/ いろいろな物品 (色々な物品)/ 様々な物品/ いろいろな品 (色々な品)/ 様々な品/ いろいろな商品 (色々な商品)/ 様々な商品/ いろいろな製品 (色々な製品)/ 様々な製品	Zakka/ Zappin/ Komamono/ Shokuchi/ Komagoma to shita/ Komagomashita/ Iroirona guzzu/ Samazamana guzzu/ Samazamana guzzu/ Iroirona shinamono/ Samazamana shinamono/ Iroirona buppin/ Samazamana buppin/ Iroirona shina (hin)/ Samazamana shina (hin)/ Iroirona shōhin/ Samazamana shōhin/ Iroirona seihin/ Samazamana seihin
Noun-Item	Tabletop	テーブルトップ	Tēburutoppu
Noun-Item	Tabletop game (dice game)	卓上ゲーム/ テーブルゲーム (サイコロゲーム)	Takujō gēmu/ Tēburugēmu (saikorogēmu)
Noun-Item	Tag (a tag)	タグ (タグ)	Tagu (tagu)
Noun-Item	Tennis	テニス/ 庭球	Tenisu/ Teikyū
Noun-Item	Tennis racket	テニスラケット	Tenisuraketto
Noun-Item	Toy (toys)	玩具 (おもちゃ) (玩具 (おもちゃ))	Omocha (omocha)
Noun-Item	Unused product (unused item)	未使用品	Mishiyōhin (mi shiyō-hin)
Noun-Item	Art (artwork)	美術/ アート/ アートワーク/ 芸術/ 芸 (藝)/ 術/ 芸術作品/ 美術品/ オブジェ	Bijutsu/ Āto/ Ātowāku/ Geijutsu/ Gei/ Jutsu/ Geijutsu sakuhin/ Bijutsu-hin/ Obuje
Noun-Item	Art form (form of art)	アートフォーム (芸術の形)	Ātofōmu (geijutsu no katachi)
Noun-Item	Art texture	アートの質感	āto no shitsukan
Noun-Item	Abstract art	抽象芸術	Chūshō geijutsu
Noun-Item	Carving	彫刻 (する)	Chōkoku (suru)

Noun-Item	Draft	案 (あん)/ 下書き (する)/ 草 (そう)/ 下書/ ドラフト/ 案文/ 草稿/ 稿 (こう) (する)/ 素案/ 草案/ 原案	An * (draft; rough copy/ idea; plan; proposal; suggestion; (government) bill)/ Shitagaki (suru) * (draft; rough copy)/ Sō * (draft; rough copy/ do not use the hiragana pronunciation 'kusa' of the same kanji character, which means 'grass; weed; herb; thatch')/ Gesho * (draft; rough copy, has the same kanji character as 'shitagaki')/ Dorafuto * (draft; rough copy; rough sketch/ draft (esp. in baseball) * (sports)/ draught (beer); draft/ draft (air current); draught)/ Anbun * (draft; draft proposal)/ Sōkō * (notes; draft; manuscript)/ Kō (suru) * (manuscript; version; draft)/ Soan * (rough plan; draft)/ Sōan * (draft (for a speech, bill, etc.))/ Gen'an * (original plan; original bill; original motion; draft)
Noun-Item	Drawing (diagram; plans; blueprint)	図面	Zumen
Noun-Item	Drawing (drafting)	製図 (する)	Seizu (suru)
Noun-Item	Drawing (painting)	(お) 絵かき (御絵描き) (する)/ 図/ 絵/ 図画	(o) Ekaki (suru)/ Zu/ E/ Zuga
Noun-Item	Drawing (sketch)	素描 (する)	Sobyō (suru)
Noun-Item	Expressionism	表現主義	Hyōgen shugi
Noun-Item	High quality stained glass work	ハイクオリティーステンドグラス 作品	Haikuoritīsutendogurasu sakuhin
Noun-Item	Impressionism	印象派	Inshōha
Noun-Item	Landscape painting	風景画/ 風景絵画/ 風景の絵画	Fūkei-ga/ Fūkei kaiga/ Fūkei no kaiga
Noun-Item	Life's work	人生をかけた仕事/ ライフワーク	Jinsei o kaketa shigoto/ Raifuwāku
Noun-Item	Mixed materials	混合材料	Kongō zairyō
Noun-Item	Oil painting	油絵/ オイルペインティング	Aburae/ Oirupeintingu
Noun-Item	Painting (drawing)	ペインティング/ 絵画/ 絵/ 描画 (する)/ お絵かき (御絵描き) (する)	Peintingu/ Kaiga/ E/ Byōga (suru)/ O ekaki (suru)
Noun-Item	Pastel	パステル	Pasuteru
Noun-Item	Sculpture	彫刻 (する)/ 彫像/ 彫物 (彫り物) (する)/ 彫刻術/ 彫刻作品/ スカルプチャー	Chōkoku (suru)/ Chōzō/ Horimono (suru)/ Chōkoku-jutsu/ Chōkoku sakuhin/ Sukarupuchā
Noun-Item	Short piece (of music, writing); small work (painting, sculpture, etc.)	小品	Shōhin
Noun-Item	Tripod	三脚	Sankyaku
Noun-Item	Work of art (e.g. book, film, composition, etc., production)	作品/ 芸術作品/ 美術品/ アート作品/ 新作 (する)	Sakuhin/ Geijutsu sakuhin/ Bijutsu-hin/ Āto sakuhin/ Shinsaku (suru) * (new work; new production; new composition; new creation; new title)
Noun-Item	Successful work	出世作	Dayona
Noun-Item	Confident work	自信作	Jishin-saku
Noun-Item	Controversial work	問題作	Mondaisaku

Noun-He	Addiction	中毒 (する/ の)/ 常用癖/ 嗜癖/ アディクション	Chūdoku (suru/ no)/ Jōyōheki/ Shiheki/ Adikushon
Noun-He	Indulgence	贅沢	Zeitaku
Noun-He	Bandage	包帯 (する)	Hōtai (suru)
Noun-He	Band aid	バンドエイド	Bandoeido
Noun-He	Comfort	心地よく	Kokochiyoku
Noun-He	Comfortability	快適性	Kaiteki-sei
Noun-He	Cure (remedy; healing)	治療 (ちりょう) (する)/ 治癒 (ちゆ) (する)/ 治療法/ 療法 (の)/ 療病/ キュア (治療法; 治癒 (する))	Chiryō (suru)/ Chiyu (suru) * (same Kanji characters as chiryō, but different pronunciation)/ Chiryō-hō/ Ryōhō (no)/ Ryōbyō/ Kyua (chiryō-hō; chiyu (suru))
Noun-He	Diagnose	診断 (する)	Shindan (suru)
Noun-He	Drugs	薬物/ 薬 (くすり)/ 医薬品	Yakubutsu/ Kusuri/ Iyakuhin * (medical and pharmaceutical products; medicinal supplies; drugs; pharmaceuticals; medicine/ pharmaceutical drug)
Noun-He	Drug addiction	麻薬中毒 (の)/ 麻薬常習/ 薬物中毒	Mayaku chūdoku (no)/ Mayakujōshū/ Yakubutsu chūdoku
Noun-He	Drug overdose	過量服用/ 薬物の過剰摂取/ 麻薬の過剰摂取/ 薬物過剰摂取	Karyō fukuyō/ Yakubutsu no kajō sesshu/ Mayaku no kajō sesshu/ Yakubutsu kajō sesshu
Noun-He	Hard drugs	ハードドラッグ	Hādoraggu
Noun-He	Soft drugs	ソフトドラッグ	Sofutoraggu
Noun-He	Poison	毒 (どく)	Doku
Noun-He	Venom	ヴェノム	Vu~enomu
Noun-He	First aid	応急処置	Ōkyū shochi
Noun-He	Healing	癒し	Iyashi
Noun-He	Healthcare (health care; health insurance)	健康管理/ 体調管理/ ヘルスケア (医療 (の); 健康保険)	Kenkō kanri/ Taichō kanri/ Herusukea (Iryō (no); Kenkōhoken)
Noun-He	Healthcare system	医療制度	Iryō seido
Noun-He	Holistic approach	全体的アプローチ	zentaiteki apuroochi
Noun-He	Injection (ie. vaccination)	注射 (する)/ 注入 (する) (つまり、 接種 (する)/ ワクチン接種 (する)/ 予防接種)	Chūsha (suru) * (Injection; jab; shot)/ Chūnyū (suru) * (pouring; injection) (tsumari. Sesshu (suru)/ Wakuchin sesshu (suru)/ Yobō sesshu)
Noun-He	Chemicals	化学薬品 (な)	Kagaku yakuhin (na)
Noun-He	Discharge	解雇 (する)	Kaiko (suru) * (dismissal (of an employee); discharge; firing; layoff/ termination of employment)
Noun-He	Dosage	投与量	Tōyo-ryō
Noun-He	Ear drops	点耳剤	Tenjizai
Noun-He	Eye drops	目薬	Megusuri
Noun-He	Nasal drops	点鼻薬	Tenbi-yaku
Noun-He	Medicine	薬/ 医/ 剤/ 薬剤/ 医薬	Kusuri/ I/ Zai/ Yakuzai/ Iyaku
Noun-He	Medicine (chemicals)	薬品	Yakuhin
Noun-He	Medical and pharmaceutical products	医薬品	Iyakuhin
Noun-He	Medical assistance (medical help)	医療扶助 (医療扶助)	Iryō fujo (iryō fujo)

Noun-Hea	Medical help (medical assistance)	医療援助/ 医療支援/ 医療の助け/ 医療上の助け/ メディカルヘルプ (医療補助/ 医療支援/ 医療援助)	Iryō enjo/ Iryō shien/ Iryō no tasuke/ Iryō-jō no tasuke/ Medikaru herupu (Iryō hojo/ Iryō shien/ Iryō enjo)
Noun-Hea	Medical examination	健康診断/ 診察 (する)/ 診断 (する)	Kenkōshinda/ Shinsatsu (suru)/ Shindan (suru) * (means 'diagnosis; medical examination')
Noun-Hea	Medical treatment	治療 (する/ の)/ 医療(の)/ 療法(の) / 療養 (する/ の)	Chiryō (suru/ no)/ Iryō (no)/ Ryōhō (no)/ Ryōyō (suru/ no)
Noun-Hea	Medicinal use	薬用 (の)	Yakuyō (no)
Noun-Hea	Medicine (healing art)	医/ 医術 (の)	I/ Ijutsu (no)
Noun-Hea	Narcotics	麻薬	Mayaku
Noun-Hea	Neurosis	神経症	Shinkeishō
Noun-Hea	Outbreak	発生	Hassei
Noun-Hea	Overdose (excessive consumption)	過剰摂取 (する)/ 過量/ オーバードーズ	Kajō sesshu (suru)/ Karyō/ Ōbādōzu
Noun-Hea	Pharmaceuticals (medical supplies)	医薬品	Iyakuhin
Noun-Hea	Pill (pills)	丸薬/ 薬 (くすり)/ ピル/ 丸薬/ 丸剤 (錠剤)	Gan'yaku * (pill)/ Kusuri * (medicine; pharmaceuticals; (legal) drugs; pill; ointment; salve)/ Piru * (pill)/ Gan'yaku * (pill)/ Ganzai * (pill/ pill (pharmacy)) (Jōzai * (pill; lozenge; tablet))
Noun-Hea	Symptoms	症状	Shōjō
Noun-Hea	Therapy	治療	Chiryō
Noun-Hea	Therapy session	セラピーセッション	Serapīsesshon
Noun-Hea	Tranquilizer	精神安定剤	Seishin antei-zai
Noun-Hea	Wrappings	ラッピング (する)	Rappingu (suru)
Noun-Iter	Thing (physical thing; non-physical thing)	物 (もの) * (physical thing, ie. an object)/ 事 (こと) * (non-physical thing; ie. a matter)/ 事柄 (事がら)	Mono * (physical thing, ie. an object)/ Koto * (non-physical thing; ie. a matter)/ Kotogara (koto-gara)
Noun-Iter	A big thing	大きなこと (大きな事)/ 一大事/ 大事	Ōkina koto/ Ichidaiji/ Daiji
Noun-Iter	Ordinary things	普通のもの	Futsū no mono
Noun-Iter	Special things	特別なもの	Tokubetsuna mono
Noun-Iter	Remarkable things (remarkable thing)	注目に値するもの/ 目覚ましい事 (目覚ましいこと)/ 特筆すべきこと (特筆すべき事)/ 顕著なこと (顕著な事)	Chūmoku ni ataisuru mono/ Mezamashī koto/ Tokuhitsu subeki koto/ Kenchona koto
Noun-Iter	Stuff	詰め物	Tsumebutsu
Noun-Iter	A chore	雑用 (の)/ 雑役/ 家事	Zatsuyō (no)/ Zatsueki/ Kaji * (housework; domestic chores)
Noun-Iter	Daily errands	毎日の用事	Mainichi no yōji
Noun-Iter	Daily things	日常のこと	Nichijō no koto
Noun-Iter	Daily use	日常的に使用/ 常用 (する/ の)/ 日用/ 当用 (の)	Nichijō-teki ni shiyō/ Jōyō (suru/ no)/ Nichiyō/ Tōyō (no)
Noun-Iter	Emphasis (stress)	強調 (する) (ストレス)	Kyōchō (suru) (sutoresu)
Noun-Iter	Errand (errands)	用事 (用事)	Yōji (yōji)
Noun-Iter	Errands (tasks, things to do)	用事/ やる事/ やるべきこと (やるべき事)	Yōji/ Yaru koto/ Yarubeki koto

Noun-Item	Favor (favour)	好意/ 恩 (おん)/ 恩恵/ 頼み/ 恩義 (好意)	Kōi/ On/ Onkei * (grace; favor; favour; blessing; benefit)/ Tanomi * (request; favor; favour)/ Ongi * (obligation; favour; favor; debt of gratitude) (kōi)
Noun-Item	Groceries	食料品	Shokuryōhin
Noun-Item	Importance	重き/ 重要性/ 重点	Omoki/ Jūyō-sei/ Jūten
Noun-Item	Important matter (serious matter)	重要事項 (重大事項)	Jūyō jikō (jūdai jikō)
Noun-Item	Important point	重点/ 要衝/ 枢機/ 体要/ 注意点/ 要所/ 要諦/ 衝 (しょう)/ 大事なポイント/ チェックポイント	Jūten/ Yōshō/ Sūki/ Taiyō/ Chūi-ten/ Yōsho/ Yōtei/ Shou/ Daijina pointo/ Chekkupointo * (important point; point to check; point not to miss; wasei, word made in Japan, from English "check point")
Noun-Item	Pretty important	かなり重要	Kanari jūyō
Noun-Item	Not important	重要ではありません/ 重要じゃない	Jūyōde wa arimasen * (polite)/ Jūyō janai * (informal)
Noun-Item	Quite important (reasonably important)	かなり重要 (かなり重要)	Kanari jūyō (kanari jūyō)
Noun-Item	Very important	非常に重要です/ とても重要	Hijō ni jūyōdesu/ Totemo jūyō
Noun-Item	Mission	使命/ (お) 使い/ 任務/ ミッション	Shimei * (mission; errand/ task; duty; obligation)/ (o) Tsukai * (errand; mission; going on an errand)/ Ninmu * (duty; function; office; mission; task; role)/ Misshon * (mission)
Noun-Item	Mission statement	ミッションステートメント/ 使命の宣言/ 使命宣言/ 使命の声明 (文)/ 綱領/ 使いの宣言	Misshonsutētomento/ Shimei no sengen * (mission statement; mission declaration; statement of mission; statement of the mission)/ Shimei sengen/ Shimei no seimei (bun)/ Kōryō * (general plan; main points; summary; platform (e.g. for a campaign); mission statement)/ Tsukai sengen
Noun-Item	Mission goal	ミッション目標/ 使命の目的/ 任務の目的	Misshon mokuhyō/ Shimei no mokuteki/ Ninmu no mokuteki
Noun-Item	Special mission	特別任務	Tokubetsu ninmu
Noun-Item	Obligation (obligations)	義務/ 責務/ 名分/ 任 (にん) (義務)	Gimu/ Sekimu/ Meibun * (moral duty; moral obligations)/ Nin * (obligation; duty; charge; responsibility) (gimu)
Noun-Item	Moral obligation	道徳的義務	Dōtokuteki gimu
Noun-Item	Task (assignment; work to do)	作業 (する)/ 仕事 (する)/ 用 (よう)/ 勤め/ 一仕事 (する)/ 任務/ 使命/ タスク (割り当て; やるべき仕事)	Sagyō (suru)/ Shigoto (suru)/ Yō * (business; task; errand; engagement)/ Tsutome * (service; duty; business; responsibility; task)/ Hitoshigoto (suru) * (task; (doing a) bit of work)/ Ninmu * (duty; function; office; mission; task; role)/ Shimei * (means 'mission; errand', but can also mean 'task; duty; obligation')/ Tasuku (Wariate; Yarubeki shigoto)

Noun-Item	Task list	タスクリスト/ タスク一覧/ 仕事リスト/ 仕事の一覧/ 作業リスト/ 事リスト/ 用事リスト/ することリスト/ やることリスト	Tasuku risuto/ Tasuku ichiran/ Shigoto risuto/ Shigoto no ichiran/ Sagyō risuto/ Koto risuto * (things list; to do list)/ Yōji risuto * (errand list; errands list)/ Suru koto risuto * (to do list)/ Yarukotorisuto * (to do list; informal)
Noun-Item	Required task (required assignment)	必須タスク (必須課題)	Hissu tasuku (hissu kadai)
Noun-Item	Assignment	割り当て/ 指定 (する)/ 仕事 (する)/ 配属 (する)/ 分担 (する/ の)/ 役 (やく)/ 宿題/ アサインメント	Wariate * (allotment; assignment; allocation; quota; rationing)/ Shitei (suru) * (designation; specification; assignment; appointment; pointing at)/ Shigoto (suru) * (work; job; labor; labour; business; task; assignment; occupation; employment)/ Haizoku (suru) * (assignment (of a person to somewhere); attachment (of a person to another unit, organization, etc.))/ Buntan (suru/ no) * (taking on one's share (e.g. of work); dividing (work, expenses, etc.) between; apportionment; allotment; allocation; assignment)/ Yaku * (role; assignment; responsibility; duty; function; job; service)/ Shukudai * (homework; assignment)/ Asainmento * (assignment)
Noun-Item	Things to do	用事/ やる事	Yōji/ Yaru koto
Noun-Item	Things to do (must-do items; one's duty; what is required)	成すべきこと (成すべき事/ なすべきこと/ なすべき事)	Nasubeki koto
Noun-Light	Candle	蠟燭/ キャンドル	Rōsoku/ Kyandoru
Noun-Light	Candlelight (Candle light)	蠟燭の光 (ろうそくの光)/ 蠟燭光/ キャンドルライト/ 蠟燭の明かり (ろうそくの明かり/ 蠟燭の灯火)/ キャンドルの灯り/ キャンドルライト	Rōsoku no hikari/ Rōsoku hikari/ Kyandoruraito/ Rōsoku no akari/ Kyandoru no akari/ Kyandoruraito
Noun-Light	Candle holder (candlestick)	キャンドルホルダー/ ろうそく立て (ロウソク立て/ 蠟燭立て) (燭台/ キャンドルスティック)	Kyandoruhorudā/ Rōsoku-tate (Shokudai/ Kyandorusutikku)
Noun-Light	Standard candle (standard light source)	標準光源	Hyōjun kōgen
Noun-Light	Dimmer	暗くなる	Kuraku naru
Noun-Light	Electric light (electric lamp)	電灯 (電球)	Dentō (denkyū)
Noun-Light	Flashlight	懐中電灯	Kaichū dentō
Noun-Light	Lamp (lights)	ランプ/ 灯 (ひ)/ 洋灯/ 灯火 (とうか/ ともしび)/ 電灯 (明かり (灯/ 灯り/ 灯かり/ あかり)/ 光 (ひかり)/ ライト/ 照明 (する)/ 点灯 (する))	Ranpu/ Hi (Tō)/ Yōtō/ Tōka (tōka * (light; lamplight)/ tomoshibi * (light; lamp; torch))/ Dentō * (electric light) (Akari/ Hikari/ Raito/ Shōmei (suru)/ Tentō (suru))

Noun-Lig	Indoor lamp	室内灯	Shitsunai-tō
Noun-Lig	Outdoor lamp	アウトドアランプ/ 室外灯	Autodoaranpu/ Shitsugai-tō
Noun-Lig	Beacon	ビーコン	biikon
Noun-Lig	Christmas lights	クリスマスのあかり (クリスマスの明かり/ クリスマスの灯り)	Kurisumasu no akari
Noun-Lig	Desk lamp	デスクランプ/ 電気スタンド/ スタンド/ 机ランプ/ デスク灯/ 机の灯	Desukuranpu/ Denki sutando/ Sutando/ Tsukue ranpu/ Desuku-tō/ Tsukue no akari
Noun-Lig	Lantern	灯籠/ 提灯/ ランタン/ カンテラ	Tōrō * (garden lantern; hanging lantern)/ Chōchin * (paper lantern; Chinese lantern; Japanese lantern) / Rantan/ Kantera * (from Dutch; Flemish “kandelaar”)
Noun-Lig	Light button (on and off button)	光のボタン (光の釦)/ 光ボタン (光釦)/ 照明のボタン (照明の釦)/ 照明ボタン (照明釦)/ 明かりのボタン (灯のボタン)/ ライトボタン (オン・オフボタン/ 点滅ボタン/ 点滅するボタン)	Hikari no botan/ Hikari botan/ Shōmei no botan/ Shōmei botan/ Akari no botan/ Raito botan (On ofubotan/ Tenmetsu botan/ Tenmetsu suru botan)
Noun-Lig	Neon light	ネオンライト/ ネオン光/ ネオンの光	Neonraito/ Neon hikari/ Neon no hikari
Noun-Lig	Night light (night lamp)	夜の光/ 常夜灯/ 終夜灯/ 夜間照明/ 夜明かり/ ナイトライト	Yoru no hikari/ Jōyatō/ Shūyatō/ Yakan shōmei/ Yoru akari/ Naitoraito
Noun-Lig	Torch	トーチ	Tōchi
Noun-Lig	Chandelier	シャンデリア	Shanderia
Noun-Lig	Decorative light	装飾用ライト/ イルミネーション/ 電飾/ デコレーションライト/ 装飾的な照明/ 装飾ライト	Sōshoku-yō raito * (decorative lights/ decoration lights)/ Iruminēshon * (illumination; decorative lighting)/ Denshoku * (decorative lights; illumination)/ Dekorēshonraito * (decoration lights)/ Sōshoku-tekina shōmei * (decorative lighting)/ Sōshoku raito * (decorative lights)
Noun-Lig	Fluorescent lamp (fluorescent light)	蛍光灯 (蛍光灯)	Keikōtō (keikōtō)
Noun-Lig	Glittering lights	きらめく光	Kirameku hikari
Noun-Lig	Oil lamp	石油ランプ/ 油灯/ 油の灯/ 油の明かり/ オイルランプ	Sekiyu ranpu/ Yutō/ Abura no hi/ Abura no akari/ Oiruranpu
Noun-Lig	Tea light	お茶の光/ 茶ライト/ ティーライト	Ocha no hikari/ Cha raito/ Tīraito
Noun-Lig	Atmospheric lighting	雰囲気照明	Fun'iki shōmei
Noun-Lig	Backlight	逆光	Gyakkō
Noun-Lig	Light bulb	電球/ 白熱電球	Denkyū/ Hakunetsu denkyū * (light bulb; incandescent light bulb)
Noun-Lig	Glowstick (neon light stick)	光る棒/ グロースティック/ ケミカルライト/ サイリウム	Hikarubō/ Gurōsutikku/ Kemikaruraito/ Sairiumu
Noun-Lig	Incandescent lamp (light bulb; glow lamp)	白熱灯/ グローランプ/ 白熱電球/ 電球	Hakunetsu-tō/ Gurōranpu/ Hakunetsu denkyū/ Denkyū

Noun-Light	LED Light	LED光/ LEDの光/ LEDライト/ LEDのライト/ LED照明/ LEDの照明/ LEDの明かり	Reddo hikari/ Reddo no hikari/ Eruidiraite/ Reddo no raito/ Reddo shōmei/ Reddo no shōmei/ Reddo no akari
Noun-Light	Spotlight (limelight)	点光/ スポットライト/ スポット/ 世間の目 (ライムライト/ フットライト/ 脚光, ie. 脚光を浴びる/ 檜舞台)	Tenkō * (spotlight)/ Supottoraito * (spotlight)/ Supotto * (spotlight/ abbreviation)/ Seken no me * (spotlight; public eye; public's attention; goldfish bowl) (Raimuraito * (limelight)/ Futtoraito * (footlights; limelight)/ Kyakkō * (footlight; limelight), ie. Kyakkōwoabiru * (to be performed (on the stage)/ to be in the limelight)/ Hinoki butai * (the limelight; the big stage; the big time))
Noun-Text	Article (writing)	記事 (執筆 (する))	Kiji * (article; news story; report; account/ article (publishing)) (shippitsu (suru) * (writing; authoring))
Noun-Text	Book	本/ 書/ 図書	Hon/ Sho/ Toshō * (books)
Noun-Text	Item	項目	Kōmoku
Noun-Text	Dots	点/ 一点 (1点/ いってん)/ 点々 (点点/ てんてん)/ ドット/ スポット	Ten/ Itten (1-ten)/ Tenten * (dots; spots)/ Dotto/ Supotto
Noun-Text	Lecture	講義 (する)	Kōgi (suru)
Noun-Text	Letter (character)	手紙 (文字)	Tegami (moji)
Noun-Text	Line (ie. text row)	行 (行)/ 明細/ 列	Gyō (Yuki)/ Meisai/ Retsu
Noun-Text	Line item	行項目/ 明細項目/ 行アイテム/ ラインアイテム	Gyō kōmoku/ Meisai kōmoku/ Gyō aitemu/ Rain aitemu
Noun-Text	Literature	文学/ 文献/ 文芸	Bungaku/ Bunken * (literature; books (reference); document)/ Bungei * (literature/ the arts; art and literature; liberal arts)
Noun-Text	Novel	小説	Shōsetsu
Noun-Text	Paper	紙	Kami
Noun-Text	Phrase (phrases)	フレーズ (フレーズ)	fureezu (fureezu)
Noun-Text	Poem (poetry)	詩 (詩)	shi (shi)
Noun-Text	Poetry	詩	Uta
Noun-Text	Point (points)	点 (てん)/ 先 (さき)/ 要領/ 地点/ 箇所/ ポイント (ポイント)	Ten * (dot; spot; point; speck; mark/ mark (in an exam, etc.); grade; score; points/ point (in a game); score; goal; run/ point * (geometry)/ point; aspect; matter; detail; part; respect; way; viewpoint)/ Saki * (point; tip; end; nozzle)/ Yōryō * (point; gist; essentials; tenets; outline)/ Chiten * (spot; point; place; position)/ Kashō * (place; point; part; spot; area; passage; portion)/ Pointo * (point (of a story, argument, etc.); important part; vital point/ point (e.g. in stock exchange movement); percentage point/ point; site; spot/ (decimal) point/ point (in scoring)) (pointo)
Noun-Text	Saying (the saying)	ことわざ (ことわざ)	kotowaza (kotowaza)

Noun-Text	Sentence (line of text)	文/ 句/ 文章	Bun/ Ku/ Bunshō
Noun-Text	Slang	スラング	Surangu
Noun-Text	Story	(お) 話 (はなし)/ 物語/ ストーリー	(o) Hanashi/ Monogatari/ Sutōrī * (story; tale; legend/ plot; storyline/ narrative)
Noun-Text	Storyline (plot)	ストーリーライン/ ストーリー (プロット (する)/ 陰謀/ 構想 (する))	Sutōrīrain/ Sutōrī * (story; tale; legend/ plot; storyline/ narrative) (Purotto (suru) * (plot (of a story))/ plotting (a graph))/ Inbō * (plot; intrigue; scheme)/ Kōsō (suru) * (plan; plot; idea; conception; vision; scheme))
Noun-Text	Theme (topic; the subject)	テーマ/ 課題/ 主題/ 題 (だい) (話題/ 主題; 主題)	Tēma/ Kadai * (subject; theme; issue; matter)/ Shudai * (subject; theme; motif)/ Dai * (title; subject; theme; topic) (Wadai * (topic; subject)/ Shudai * (subject; theme; motif); shudai)
Noun-Text	Stripes	縞/ 線/ 棒縞/ 縞々 (縞縞/ しましま)/ ストライプ/ ボーダー	Shima/ Sen/ Bōjima/ Shimashima/ Sutoraipu/ Bōdā
Noun-Text	Word	語 (ご)/ 単語/ 言葉/ 言 (げん)	Go/ Tango/ Kotoba/ Gen * (word; remark; statement)
Noun-Text	...nd/ ... th (ie. 2nd, 5th)	番目/ 目	Banme/ Me
Noun-Text	2nd line, 3rd column (second line, third column)	2 行目, 3 列目/ 二行目三列目/ 2 行目, 3 番目の列/ 2 行 3 列	2-Gyō-me, 3-retsū-me/ Futayu-me San-retsū-me/ 2-Gyō-me, 3-banme no retsu/ 2-gyō 3-retsū
Noun-Text	A long story	長い話	Nagai hanashi
Noun-Text	A play on words	言葉遊び	Kotoba asobi
Noun-Text	Abbreviation	略語/ 略称 (する)/ 省略 (する)	Ryakugo/ Ryakushō (suru)/ Shōryaku (suru) * (omission; leaving out/ abbreviation; abridgment; abridgement; shortening (e.g. of a name))
Noun-Text	Address	住所/ アドレス	Jūsho/ Adoresu
Noun-Text	Address book	住所録/ アドレス帳/ アドレスブック	Jūshoroku/ Adoresu-chō/ Adoresu bukku
Noun-Text	Advertisement	広告 (する)/ 宣伝 (する)/ アドバタイズメント/ アド	Kōkoku (suru)/ Senden (suru)/ Adobataizumento/ Ado * (ad; advertisement)
Noun-Text	Agenda	議題/ 日程/ 協議事項/ 会議事項/ 議事日程/ アジェンダ	Gidai/ Nittei/ Kyōgi jikō/ Kaigi jikō/ Giji nittei/ Ajenda
Noun-Text	Full agenda	完全な議題	Kanzen'na gidai
Noun-Text	Hidden agenda	隠された目的	Kakusareta mokuteki
Noun-Text	Allegory	寓話	Gūwa
Noun-Text	Alphabet (the ABCs)	アルファベット/ ローマ字 (ABC)	Arufabetto/ Rōma ji (rōmaji/ romaji) * (Latin alphabet; Roman alphabet) (ABC * (yes, this is written in normal western romaji characters. It means 'alphabet; ABCs'))
Noun-Text	Anecdote	逸話	Itsuwa
Noun-Text	Annals	年代記	nendaiki
Noun-Text	Antiquity	古代/ 古/ 前世/ 時代/ 旧故/ 上世	Kodai/ Inishie * (do not confuse this word with 'furu' which is the same kanji but means 'old; used; previous' or 'used item; secondhand item')/ Zense/ Jidai/ Kyūko/ Jōsei
Noun-Text	Appendix	付録	Furoku

Noun-Text	Autobiography	自伝/ 自叙伝/ 自叙 (する)/ 自伝文学/ オートバイオグラフィー	Jiden/ Jijoden/ Jijo (suru)/ Jiden bungaku * (autobiography; autobiographical literature)/ Ôtobaigurafî
Noun-Text	Background	背景/ 遠景/ バックグラウンド/ 陰 (かげ)/ 影 (かげ)/ 後景/ バック	Haikei/ Enkei * (vista; background; perspective; distant view)/ Bakkuguraundo/ Kage * (the background; behind the scenes; behind someone's back)/ Kage * (behind; background; other side)/ Kôkei * (background; setting)/ Bakku * (background; backdrop)
Noun-Text	Migration background	移行の背景	Ikô no haikei
Noun-Text	Foreground	前景/ 近景/ フォアグラウンド/ 表 (おもて)	Zenkei/ Kinkei/ Foaguraundo/ Omote * (foreground; surface; used mostly as a term in computing)
Noun-Text	Bedtime stories	おとぎ話/ 寝物語/ ベッドタイムストーリーズ	Otogibanashi * (fairy tale; fairy story; nursery tale)/ Nemonogatari * (pillow talk; conversation in bed/ bedtime story)/ Beddotaimusutôrîzu
Noun-Text	Bestseller	ベストセラー	Besutoserā
Noun-Text	Book collection	書籍コレクション	shoseki korekushon
Noun-Text	Treasured book	宝物	Takaramono
Noun-Text	Book page	本のページ/ ブックページ	Hon no pēji/ Bukkupēji
Noun-Text	Bookend	ブックエンド	Bukkuendo
Noun-Text	Bookmark	栞 (しおり)/ ブックマーク/ お気に入り	Shiori * (bookmark/ bookmark (World Wide Web))/ Bukkumāku * (bookmark)/ Okiniiri * (can mean 'favorite; favourite; pet (e.g. teacher's pet)/ polite (teineigo)', but can also mean 'bookmark (in a web browser)')
Noun-Text	Bracket (brackets)	ブラケット (ブラケット)	Buraketto (buraketto)
Noun-Text	Business card (Name card)	名刺/ ビジネス カード/ ネームカード	Meishi/ Bijinesu kâdo/ Nēmukâdo
Noun-Text	Calendar	カレンダー/ 暦	Karendā/ Koyomi
Noun-Text	Calendar dates	暦日	Rekijitsu
Noun-Text	Carbon paper	カーボン紙	Kābon-shi
Noun-Text	Catalogue	目録/ カタログ (する)/ 品書き	Mokuroku/ Katarogu (suru)/ Shinagaki
Noun-Text	Catchphrase	キャッチフレーズ	kyatchifureezu
Noun-Text	Chapter	章 (しょう)/ チャプター (チャプタ)	Shô (shou)/ Chaputā (chaputa)
Noun-Text	New chapter	新しい章	Atarashii shô
Noun-Text	Character (letter)	文字/ キャラクター (文字)	Moji/ kyarakutā (moji)
Noun-Text	Chart	図表/ 地図/ チャート	Zuhyô * (chart; diagram; graph; figure)/ Chizu * (map; atlas; chart; plan)/ Châto * (chart)
Noun-Text	Chronicle	クロニクル	Kuronikuru
Noun-Text	Cliché	決まり文句	Kimari monku
Noun-Text	College diploma (university diploma)	大学卒業証書/ 卒業証書/ 大学のディプロマ	Daigaku sotsugyô shôsho/ Sotsugyô shôsho/ Daigaku no dipuroma
Noun-Text	Coloring book	塗り絵	Nurie (nuri e)
Noun-Text	Column	列	Retsu
Noun-Text	Comic book	コミックブック	Komikku bukku

Noun-Tex	Comma	コンマ/ 読点	Konma * (comma)/ Tōten * (comma, linguistics)
Noun-Tex	Common words (ordinary words)	一般的な単語/ よくある言葉/ 共通の言葉/ 普通の言葉	Ippantekina tango/ Yoku aru kotoba/ Kyōtsū no kotoba/ Futsū no kotoba
Noun-Tex	Content (the content)	内容/ 中身/ 実体/ 含有量/ 含量/ コンテンツ/ コンテント (内容)	Naiyō * (contents; content; substance; matter; detail; import)/ Nakami * (contents; interior; filling/ substance; content)/ Jittai * (substance; essence; entity; subject; content; reality; true form)/ Gan'yū-ryō * (content (of a mineral, etc.))/ Ganryō * (content/ content (of a mineral, etc.))/ Kontentsu * (contents; content/ content (media))/ Kontento * (content/ computing) (naiyō)
Noun-Tex	Context	文脈/ 背景/ 前後関係/ 脈絡/ コンテキスト	Bunmyaku * (context (of a passage); line of thought/ context (of a matter, event, etc.); circumstances; background)/ Haikai * (background (of an incident, situation, etc.); circumstances; context/ background; scenery; backdrop; setting)/ Zengo kankei * (context (of a passage))/ Myakuraku * (logical connection; chain of reasoning; coherence; context)/ Kontekusuto * (context/ context (language use))
Noun-Tex	Contract (agreement)	契約 (する)/ コントラクト/ 約定 (する)	Keiyaku (suru)/ Kontorakuto/ Yakujō (suru)
Noun-Tex	Contract (written contract)	契約書/ 契約文書/ 契約書類	Keiyakusho/ Keiyaku bunsho/ Keiyaku shorui
Noun-Tex	Cookbook	料理本	Ryōribon
Noun-Tex	Copyright	著作権/ 版權/ 蔵版/ コピーライト	Chosakken/ Hanken/ Zōhan/ Kopīraitō
Noun-Tex	Copyright law	著作権法/ 版權法/ 版權法律/ コピーライト法	Chosakukenhō/ Hanken-hō/ Hanken hōritsu/ Kopīraitō-hō
Noun-Tex	Cover	表紙/ 蓋 (ふた)/ カバー (する)	Hyōshi * (cover (of a book, magazine, etc.); binding)/ Futa * (cover; lid; cap)/ Kabā (suru) * (cover; covering; dust jacket; wrapper/ covering (a song); cover; cover version/ coverage/ to cover (a loss); to offset; to compensate for (e.g. a weakness); to make up for; to cover for (someone))

Noun-Text	Book cover	書皮/ 書影/ ブックカバー/ 表紙(する)/ 厚表紙/ 帙(ちつ)	Shohi * (book cover; outer wrapper for a book (put on by a bookseller before being handed to a customer))/ Shoei * (outward appearance of a book; photo of a book's exterior; photo of a book's cover)/ Bukkukabā * (can mean 'book cover', but can also mean 'dust jacket; book jacket; dust wrapper; dust cover'; Wasei, word made in Japan, From English "book cover" * (wasei (word made in Japan))/ Hyōshi (suru) * (cover (of a book, magazine, etc.); binding/ to appear on the cover of a magazine * (slang)/ book cover)/ Atsuhyōshi * (thick book cover; book with thick binding)/ Chitsu * (protective covering for a book (often in the form of a folding case with clasps)/ counter for book covers)
Noun-Text	Daily mail	毎日のメール/ デイリーメール紙	Mainichi no mēru/ Deirīmēru-shi * (daily mail paper)
Noun-Text	Data	データ	Dēta
Noun-Text	Genetic data	遺伝データ	Iden dēta
Noun-Text	Personal data	個人データ/ 個人情報	Kojin dēta/ Kojin jōhō * (personal information/ personally identifiable information)
Noun-Text	Desktop publishing (DTP)	卓上出版	Takujōshuppan
Noun-Text	Diary	日記/ 日記帳/ ダイアリー	Nikki/ Nikki-chō/ Daiarī
Noun-Text	Dictionary	辞典/ 辞書/ 字引/ ディクショナリ(ディクショナリー)	Jiten/ Jisho/ Jibiki/ Dikushonari (dikushonarī)
Noun-Text	Dictionary of Chinese characters; kanji dictionary	字書	Jisho
Noun-Text	Dictionary with Japanese definitions of kanji and kanji compounds; kanji dictionary	漢和辞典 (漢和字典)	Kanwa jiten
Noun-Text	Document	文書/ 書面/ 書/ 資料 (の)	Bunsho/ Shomen/ Sho/ Shiryō (no)
Noun-Text	Document (official)	書類/ 資料	Shorui/ Shiryō
Noun-Text	Drawing board	製図板	Seizu-ban
Noun-Text	Drawing book	お絵描き帳	o Ekaki-chō
Noun-Text	Edition (version)	版/ エディション (版/ バージョン)	Han/ Edishon (han/ bājon)
Noun-Text	Variant	変異体	Hen'i-tai
Noun-Text	Big edition	大型版/ ビッグエディション	Ōgata-ban * (large version; large edition)/ Biggu edishon * (big edition)
Noun-Text	Electronic dictionary (portable electronic dictionary)	電子辞書	Denshijijo

Noun-Tex	Employee ID (employee card)	社員証 (社員証)	Shain-shō (shain-shō)
Noun-Tex	Encyclopedia	百科事典	Hakkajiten
Noun-Tex	English-Japanese dictionary/ Japanese-English dictionary	英和辞典/ 和英辞書	Eiwa jiten/ Kazuhide jisho
Noun-Tex	Envelope	封筒	Fūtō
Noun-Tex	Eraser (an eraser)	消しゴム (消ゴム)	Keshigomu
Noun-Tex	Etymology	語源	Gogen
Noun-Tex	Fairy tale	おとぎ話/ 童話/ メルヘン/ 幼物語	Otogibanashi * (fairy tale; fairy story; nursery tale)/ Dōwa * (children's story; fairy tale)/ Meruhen * (fairy tale; from German "Märchen")/ O-sana monogatari * (stories from one's childhood/ children's story; fairy tale)
Noun-Tex	Farewell letter (goodbye letter)	別れの手紙 (別れの手紙)	Wakare no tegami (wakare no tegami)
Noun-Tex	Field (in a form, web page, etc.) (blank)	欄/ フィールド	Ran/ Fīrudo
Noun-Tex	Fingerprint	指紋/ フィンガープリント	Shimon/ Fingāpurinto
Noun-Tex	Footer	フッター/ 最下部	Futtā/ Sai kabu
Noun-Tex	Foreword	端書き/ 序文/ 序詞/ 緒言/ 序言	Hagaki/ Jobun/ Joshi/ Shogen/ Jogen
Noun-Tex	Afterword	あとがき (後書き)	Atogaki
Noun-Tex	Form (written order; order form)	フォーム/ 注文書/ 書字 (の)	Fōmu/ Chūmonsho/ Shoji (no)
Noun-Tex	Guideline	ガイドライン/ 手引き * (book/ manual)/ 心得 * (rules)	Gaidorain/ Tebiki * (book/ manual)/ kokoroe * (rules)
Noun-Tex	Header (heading)	見出し/ ヘッダー/ ヘディング	Midashi/ Heddā/ Hedingu
Noun-Tex	Heartwarming story	いい話/ 佳話	Ī hanashi/ Kawa
Noun-Tex	Heritage	遺産	Isan
Noun-Tex	Cultural heritage	文化遺産	Bunka isan
Noun-Tex	History	歴史/ 史/ 記/ 日く	Rekishi/ Shi/ Ki/ Iwaku
Noun-Tex	Ancient history	古代の歴史	Kodai no rekishi
Noun-Tex	Ghost story	怪談/ 幽霊話/ 怪談話 (怪談噺/ 怪談咄/ かいだんばなし)/ お化け話 (おばけ話/ 御化け話/ おばけばなし)/ 怪談もの (怪談物; 怪談モノ; かいだんもの)/ ゴーストの話/ ゴーストストーリー	Kaidan/ Yūrei-banashi/ Kaidan-banashi/ Obake-banashi/ Kaidan mono/ Gōsuto no hanashi/ Gōsutosutōrī
Noun-Tex	Golden age	黄金時代	Kogane jidai
Noun-Tex	Graphic (graphics)	図形/ グラフィック (な) (グラフィックス (な))	Zukei * (figure; shape; graphic)/ Gurafikku (na) * (graphics; graphic) (gurafikkusu (na))
Noun-Tex	Handout	配布物/ ハンドアウト/ プリント (する)/ 配付資料	Haifu-mono/ Handoauto/ Purinto (suru)/ Haifu shiryō
Noun-Tex	ID card (identity card; identification card)	IDカード (身分証明書; 身分証明書)	ID kādo (Mibun shōmei-sho; mibun shōmei-sho)
Noun-Tex	Idiom (idioms)	イディオム (慣用句)	Idiomu (kan'yō-ku)
Noun-Tex	Emigration	移民 (する)	Imin (suru)
Noun-Tex	Immigration	移民 (する)	Imin (suru)

Noun-Tex	Immigration card	入国カード	Nyūkoku kādo
Noun-Tex	Immigration papers	入国書類	Nyūkoku shorui
Noun-Tex	Index	索引/ 指数/ 指標/ 目録	Sakuin * (index (in a book))/ index (publishing))/ Shisū * (index; index number; exponent (e.g. in floating-point representation); characteristic)/ Shihyō * (index; indices; indicator)/ Mokuroku * (catalogue; catalog; inventory; index; list)
Noun-Tex	Indicator	インジケータ/ 指標	Injikēta/ Shihyō
Noun-Tex	Ink (writing ink)	インク/ 墨 (すみ)/ インキ/ 朱肉 (筆記用インク)	Inku/ Sumi * (sumi; India ink; Chinese ink; ink stick; ink-cake)/ Inki * (from Dutch; Flemish “inkt”)/ Shuniku * (thick red ink (used for signature seals); red ink pad; vermilion ink; cinnabar ink) (Hikki-yō inku)
Noun-Tex	Input ((data) entry)	入力 (する)	Nyūryoku (suru)
Noun-Tex	Inscription	碑文 (の)/ 銘文/ 銘 (めい)/ 碑銘	Hibun (no)/ Meibun/ Mei/ Himei
Noun-Tex	Instruction manual (instructions; instruction book; guideline; guide)	説明書/ 説明 (する)/ 指示書/ 取扱説明書/ 要領書/ 取説	Setsumeisho/ Setsumei (suru)/ Shiji-sho/ Toriatsukai setsumeisho/ Yōryō-sho/ Torisetsu
Noun-Tex	Introductory book (primer; (beginner's) guide)	入門書/ 啓蒙書/ 紹介本	Nyūmonsho/ Keimō-sho/ Shōkai hon
Noun-Tex	Item (list of articles)	品目	Hinmoku
Noun-Tex	Parent item	親アイテム	Oya aitemu
Noun-Tex	First item	最初のアイテム	Saisho no aitemu
Noun-Tex	Next item	次のアイテム	Tsugi no aitemu
Noun-Tex	Previous item	前のアイテム	Mae no aitemu
Noun-Tex	Last item	最後のアイテム	Saigo no aitemu
Noun-Tex	Subitem	サブアイテム	Sabu aitemu
Noun-Tex	Label (a label)	ラベル (ラベル)	Raberu (raberu)
Noun-Tex	Logo	ロゴ	Rogo
Noun-Tex	Precursor	前駆物質	Zenku busshitsu
Noun-Tex	Replacement item (substitution item)	交換アイテム (代替アイテム)	Kōkan aitemu (daitai aitemu)
Noun-Tex	Subsequent item	後続のアイテム	Kōzoku no aitemu
Noun-Tex	Iteration	反復 (する)/ 繰り返し (する/ の)/ イテレーション	Hanpuku (suru) * (repetition; iteration; recursion; recurrence; recapitulation)/ Kurikaeshi (suru/ no) * (repetition; repeat; reiteration; iteration; refrain; cycle/ repeatedly)/ Iterēshon * (iteration)
Noun-Tex	Journal	雑誌/ 日記/ 日誌/ 日録/ ジャーナル	Zasshi/ Nikki/ Nisshi/ Nichiroku/ Jānaru
Noun-Tex	Large dictionary	大辞典	Dai jiten
Noun-Tex	Legacy	遺産/ レガシー/ 遺贈 (する)	Isan/ Regashī/ Izō (suru) * (bequest; legacy)
Noun-Tex	Legend	伝説/ 神話/ 物語 (物語り)/ 昔話/ 語り草 (語り種/ 語りぐさ)/ 伝/ 伝え/ 伝え話/ 言い伝え/ 口碑/ ストーリー/ レジェンド	Densetsu/ Shinwa/ Monogatari/ Mukashibanashi/ Katari kusa/ Den/ Tsutae/ Tsutaebanashi/ litsutae/ Kōhi/ Sutōri/ Rejendo
Noun-Tex	Letter (written letter)	手紙 (書かれた)	Tegami (kakareta)

Noun-Tex	License	免許 (する)/ ライセンス/ 許可 (する)/ 認可 (する)/ 使用許可/ 免許証/ 許可証/ 免許状/ 認可証/ 証 (あかし)	Menkyo (suru)/ Raisensu/ Kyoka (suru)/ Ninka (suru)/ Shiyō kyoka/ Menkyoshō/ Kyoka-shō/ Menkyo-jō/ Ninka-shō/ Akashi
Noun-Tex	Driver's license	運転免許証/ 運転免許	Unten menkyoshō/ Unten menkyo
Noun-Tex	Line (in a movie or spoken lines)	台詞 (科白)	Serifu
Noun-Tex	Line item details	明細項目の詳細/ 品目の詳細/ ラインアイテムの詳細	Meisai kōmoku no shōsai/ Hinmoku no shōsai/ Rain aitemu no shōsai
Noun-Tex	List	リスト/ 一覧	Risuto/ Ichiran
Noun-Tex	Checklist	チェックリスト/ チェック一覧	Chekku risuto/ Chekku ichiran
Noun-Tex	Long list (a long list of ...)	長いリスト/ 長い一覧 (... の長いリスト/ ... の長い一覧)	Nagai risuto/ Nagai ichiran (... no nagai risuto/ ... no nagai ichiran)
Noun-Tex	Wait list (waiting list)	待ちリスト/ 待ち一覧/ 待機リスト/ ウェイティングリスト/ キャンセル待ち/ 順番待ちリスト/ 予約待ちリスト/ 待機の一覧 (順番待ちリスト)	Machi risuto/ Machi ichiran/ Taiki risuto/ U~eitingurisuto/ Kyanseru-machi * (wait list; literally translated 'cancellation list')/ Junban-machi risuto/ Yoyaku-machi risuto * (wait list; literally translated 'reservation wait list')/ Taiki no ichiran (Junban-machi risuto)
Noun-Tex	Love letter	恋文/ 付け文/ ラブレター	Koibumi/ Tsukebumi/ Raburetā
Noun-Tex	Magazine	雑誌/ 誌/ マガジン	Zasshi/ Shi/ Magajin
Noun-Tex	Magazine subscription	雑誌の購読/ 雑誌の予約購読/ マガジン購読/ マガジン申し込み/ Magazine購読/ 雑誌の定期購読	Zasshi no kōdoku/ Zasshi no yoyaku kōdoku/ Magajin kōdoku/ Magajin mōshikomi/ Magazine kōdoku/ Zasshi no teiki kōdoku
Noun-Tex	Manual (handbook)	手引書/ 必携 (の)/ 要領書/ マニュアル (の/ な)/ 教則本/ 入門書/ 説明書	Tebiki-sho/ Hikkei (no)/ Yōryō-sho/ Manyuaru (no/ na)/ Kyōsokubon/ Nyūmonsho/ Setsumeisho
Noun-Tex	Map	地図/ マップ/ 図	Chizu/ Mappu/ Zu
Noun-Tex	Map - Detailed map	詳細地図	Shōsai chizu
Noun-Tex	Map - Small scale map	広域地図	Kōiki chizu
Noun-Tex	Medical book	医書/ 医学書	Isho/ Igaku-sho
Noun-Tex	Membership	会員/ 会員権/ メンバーシップ	Kaiin/ Kaiin-ken/ Menbāshippu
Noun-Tex	Membership card	会員券/ 会員証/ 証/ 会員カード/ メンバーカード	Kaiin-ken/ Kaiin-shō/ Akashi/ Kaiin kado/ Menbākado
Noun-Tex	Message	メッセージ/ 通信文/ 言付け (する)/ 言伝	Messēji * (message)/ Tsūshin bun * (message)/ Kotodzuke (suru) * ((verbal) message; sending word/ and can also mean 'excuse; pretext')/ Kotodzute * ((oral) message; declaration; hearsay; rumour; rumor)
Noun-Tex	Message code	メッセージコード	Messējikōdo
Noun-Tex	Metaphor	比喩/ 隠喩	Hiyu/ In'yu
Noun-Tex	Mishearing	空耳	Soramimi
Noun-Tex	Mistranslation	誤訳 (する)	Goyaku (suru)
Noun-Tex	Myth	神話 (の)	Shinwa (no)
Noun-Tex	Mythology	神話	Shinwa
Noun-Tex	Newsletter	ニュースレター/ 会報	Nyūsuretā/ Kaihō * (bulletin (issued by a society); report; newsletter)

Noun-Text	Newspaper	新聞	Shinbun
Noun-Text	Note (notes)	手紙/ メモ (する) (メモ (する))	Tegami * (letter; missive; note; mail/ letter (message))/ Memo (suru) * (note; memo; memorandum) (memo (suru))
Noun-Text	Notebook (memo pad)	手帳/ ノートブック/ ノート/ 帳面	Techō/ Nōtobukku/ Nōto * (abbreviation)/ Chōmen
Noun-Text	Notepad	メモ帳/ ノートパッド	Memochō/ Nōtopaddo
Noun-Text	Old book (rare book; classic)	古書	Kosho
Noun-Text	One passage (one paragraph)	一節	Issetsu
Noun-Text	Overview	概要/ 概説 (する)	Gaiyō/ Gaisetsu (suru) * (overview; outline; rough summary)
Noun-Text	Page	頁 (ページ)	Pēji
Noun-Text	Page by page (per page)	ページごと (に/ の) (ページごと (に/ の))	Pēji-goto (ni/ no) (pēji-goto (ni/ no))
Noun-Text	Pamphlet	小冊子/ パンフレット/ プログラム/ ブローシャ	Shōsasshi/ Panfuretto/ Puroguramu * (program (booklet); brochure; pamphlet)/ Burōsha * (brochure)
Noun-Text	Paper edge (paper border)	ペーパーエッジ (紙縁)	Pēpāejji (Kami en)
Noun-Text	Parable	たとえ話 (例え話/ 譬え話/ たとえばなし)/ 例え (たとえ)/ 比喩	Tatoebanashi/ Tatoe * (example/ simile; metaphor; allegory; fable; parable)/ Hiyu * (simile; metaphor; allegory; parable)
Noun-Text	Paraphrase	言い換える	likaeru
Noun-Text	Parody	パロディー (にする)/ パロディ (にする)	Parodī (ni suru)/ Parodi (ni suru)
Noun-Text	Permit (license)	許可 (する)/ 許可証/ 許可書/ 免許 (する)/ 免許証 (ライセンス)	Kyoka (suru)/ Kyoka-shō/ Kyoka-sho/ Menkyo (suru) * (license; licence; permission; permit; certificate)/ Menkyoshō * (licence; license; permit; certificate (of qualification)) (Raisensu)
Noun-Text	Petition	嘆願 (する)	Tangan (suru)
Noun-Text	Piece of paper	一枚の紙/ 紙切れ/ 紙っぺら	Ichi-mai no kami/ Kamikire/ Kamipperra
Noun-Text	Paragraph	段落/ 句 (く)/ パラグラフ/ 章段	Danraku/ Ku/ Paragurafu/ Shōdan
Noun-Text	Passport	旅券/ パスポート	Ryoken/ Pasupōto
Noun-Text	Pen (a pen; pens)	ペン (ペン ; ペン類)	pen (pen; penrui)
Noun-Text	Pen and paper	ペンと紙	Pen to kami
Noun-Text	Ballpoint pen	ボールペン	Bōrupen * (ball-point pen; Wasei, word made in Japan, From English "ball pen")
Noun-Text	Feather pen	羽根ペン (羽ペン/ はねペン)/ 鵞ペン	Hane pen (hane pen)/ Gapen * (goose pen; goose feather pen; pen made from goose feathers)
Noun-Text	Pencil	鉛筆/ ペンシル	Enpitsu/ Penshiru
Noun-Text	Pencil case	筆入れ	Fude-ire
Noun-Text	Pencil sharpener	鉛筆削り	Enpitsukezuri
Noun-Text	Permanent Resident Card (Green Card)	永住者カード (グリーンカード)	Eijū-sha kādo (Gurīnkādo)
Noun-Text	Personal history	個人の歴史/ 個人的な歴史/ 経歴/ 履歴/ 履歴書/ 前歴/ 自分史	Kojin no rekishi/ Kojin-tekina rekishi/ Keireki/ Rireki/ Rirekisho/ Zenreki/ Jibun-shi

Noun-Tex	Personal identification number	個人識別番号	Kojin shikibetsu bangō
Noun-Tex	Photo (image; photograph)	写真/ フォト/ イメージ(する)	Shashin/ Foto/ Imēji (suru)
Noun-Tex	Picture (image; illustration)	絵/ 絵画/ 写真/ 図/ 画像/ 像/ 映像 * (image (on a screen); picture (e.g. on a TV))	E/ Kaiga/ Shashin/ Zu/ Gazō/ Zō/ Eizō * (image (on a screen); picture (e.g. on a TV))
Noun-Tex	Picture book (illustrated book)	絵本/ 図鑑/ 画譜/ 画集	Zukan/ Ehon/ Gafu/ Gashū * (book of pictures (paintings, drawings, etc.); collection of pictures/ art book)
Noun-Tex	Pile of books	本の山	Hon no yama
Noun-Tex	Portrait	ポートレート	
Noun-Tex	Self-portrait	自画像	Jigazō
Noun-Tex	Print (a print; a printout)	印刷(する)/ プリント(する)/ 捺染(する)/ 版画/ 絶版(印刷物; プリントアウト(する))	Insatsu (suru)/ Purinto (suru) * (print; printing; (printed) copy)/ Nassen (suru) * ((textile) printing)/ Hanga * (woodcut; woodblock print; art print)/ Zeppan * (out of print) (insatsubutsu * (printed matter); purintoauto (suru) * (printout; (computer) printing))
Noun-Tex	In print	印刷中/ 印刷される/ 復刊(する)	Insatsu-chū/ Insatsu sareru * (printed; to be printed)/ Fukkan (suru) * (reissue; putting back in print)
Noun-Tex	Out of print	絶版/ 絶版になって	Zeppan/ Zeppan ni natte
Noun-Tex	Pronunciation	発音(する)/ 読み方	Hatsuon (suru)/ Yomikata
Noun-Tex	Publication (announcement)	公開(する)/ 発表(する)/ 広告(する)	Kōkai (suru) * (publication)/ Happyō (suru) * (announcement; publication)/ Kōkoku (suru) * (announcement; notice)
Noun-Tex	Publishing	出版(する)	Shuppan (suru)
Noun-Tex	Question mark	疑問符/ クエスチョンマーク/ はてなマーク/ はて	Gimonfu/ Ku~esuchonmāku/ Hatena maku/ Hate * (abbreviation)
Noun-Tex	Quote (a quote)	引用(する/ の)/ (引用(する/ の))	In'yō (suru/ no) (in'yō (suru/ no))
Noun-Tex	Exclamation mark	エクスクラメーション・マーク/ 感嘆符	Ekusukuramēshon maku/ Kantan fu * (exclamation point; exclamation mark)
Noun-Tex	Reading pane	閲覧ペイン	Etsuran pein
Noun-Tex	Recommended books	推薦図書	Suisen tosho
Noun-Tex	Record	記録(する)/ 録/ レコード	Kiroku (suru)/ Roku/ Rekōdo
Noun-Tex	Record page	録ページ(録頁)	Roku pēji
Noun-Tex	Registration form	登録用紙	Tōroku yōshi

Noun-Text	Release (the release)	解放 (する)/ リリース (する)/ 公開 (する)/ 放免 (する)/ 出獄 (する)/ 放出 (する)/ 発売 (する)/ 釈放 (する)/ 封切り (する) (リリース (する))	Kaihō (suru) * (release; unleashing; liberation; emancipation; setting free)/ Rirīsu (suru) * (release (of a film, product, etc.); publication/ release; liberation; setting free/ release (of a previously pressed mouse button))/ Kōkai (suru) * (opening to the public; making available to the public; exhibiting; unveiling; release (of a film, information, etc.); disclosure; publication)/ Hōmen (suru) * (release (from custody); discharge; liberation; setting free; letting go; letting off; acquittal)/ Shutsugoku (suru) * (release (from prison))/ Hōshutsu (suru) * (release; emission; ejection)/ Hatsubai (suru) * (sale; offering for sale; release (for sale); launch (product))/ Shakuho (suru) * (release; liberation; acquittal)/ Fūkiri (suru) * (premiere; first showing; release (film)) (rirīsu (suru))
Noun-Text	Repetition	繰り返し (する/ の)/ 反復 (する)/ 重複 (する/ の)	Kurikaeshi (suru/ no) * (repetition; repeat; reiteration; iteration; refrain; cycle/ repeatedly)/ Hanpuku (suru) * (repetition; iteration; recursion; recurrence; recapitulation)/ Chōfuku (jūfuku) (suru/ no) * (duplication; repetition; overlapping; redundancy; restoration)
Noun-Text	Revised edition (ie. of a text, book, etc.)	改訂版/ 改版 (する)/ リバイズドエディション	Kaichōban/ Kaihan (suru)/ Ribaizudoedishon
Noun-Text	Riddle	謎 (なぞ)	Nazo
Noun-Text	Row (line; column)	列/ 行/ 並び/ 並	Retsu/ Gyō/ Narabi/ Nami
Noun-Text	Rulebook	規則書/ ルールブック	Kisoku-sho/ Rūrubukku
Noun-Text	Saga	サガ (サーガ)/ 物語	Saga (sāga)/ Monogatari
Noun-Text	Science fiction (SCI FI)	サイエンスフィクション/ 空想科学小説/ サイファイ (SCI FI)	Saiensufikushon/ Kūsō kagaku shōsetsu/ Saifai (saifai)
Noun-Text	Screen (of a TV, computer, etc.)	画面/ スクリーン	Gamen/ Sukurīn
Noun-Text	Secondhand book (used book)	古本	Furuhon
Noun-Text	Secret will and testament (sealed envelope will)	秘密証書遺言	Himitsushōsho yuigon
Noun-Text	Section (e.g. in a newspaper) (column; page)	欄/ 句 (く)/ 区間/ セクション	Ran/ Ku/ Kukan/ Sekushon
Noun-Text	Section header (section heading)	節の見出し	Setsunomidashi
Noun-Text	Self publishing	自費出版	Jihi shuppan
Noun-Text	Small dictionary	小辞典	Ko jiten
Noun-Text	Social security	社会保障	Shakai hoshō
Noun-Text	Social security number	社会保障番号	Shakai hoshō bangō

Noun-Tex	Special edition (limited edition)	スペシャルエディション/ 特別エディション/ 特集 (する)/ 増刊 (する)/ 特別版/ スペシャル版/ 特別号 (限定版)	Supesharuedishon/ Tokubetsu edishon/ Tokushū (suru)/ Zōkan (suru)/ Tokubetsuhan/ Supesharu-ban/ Tokubetsu-gō * (special issue; special edition) (Genteiban)
Noun-Tex	Spelling	綴り/ 綴り字/ スペル/ スペリング/ 綴字	Tsudzuri/ Tsudzuri ji/ Superu/ Superingu/ Teiji
Noun-Tex	Staff card (personnel card)	社員証/ スタッフカード/ 職員カード/ 職員証/ 従業員カード	Shain-shō/ Suttaffukādo/ Shokuin kādo/ Shokuin-shō/ Jūgyōin kādo
Noun-Tex	Storybook	(お) 話の本/ 物語の本/ 物語的な本/ ストーリーブック/ 書籍の著書/ お話の書籍/ 物語の書物/ 物語の著書	(o) Hanashi no hon/ Monogatari no hon/ Monogatari-tekina hon/ Sutōrībukku/ Shoseki no chosho/ (o) Hanashi no shoseki/ Monogatari no shomotsu/ Monogatari no chosho
Noun-Tex	Subscription	応募 (する)/ 申し込み (をする)/ 予約購読 (する)/ 定期購読 (する)/ サブスクリプション (する)/ 購読 (する/ の)	Ōbo (suru) * (application; subscription; entry (competition, raffle, etc.); enlistment)/ Mōshikomi (o suru) * (application; entry; request; subscription; offer; proposal; overture; challenge)/ Yoyaku kōdoku (suru) * (subscription)/ Teiki kōdoku (suru) * (subscription (e.g. to a magazine))/ Sabusukuripushon (suru) * (subscription)/ Kōdoku (suru/ no) * (buying and reading (book, magazine, etc.); subscribing (incl. free subscriptions); taking (e.g. newspaper))
Noun-Tex	Subtitles	字幕/ サブタイトル/ 字幕スーパー	Jimaku/ Sabutaitoru/ Jimaku sūpā
Noun-Tex	Summary	大筋/ 要約 (する)/ 概略/ 概要/ 大要/ 一覧	Ōsuji * (outline; summary; gist; basic points)/ Yōyaku (suru) * (summary; digest)/ Gairyaku * (outline; summary; gist; in brief)/ Gaiyō * (outline; summary; overview; synopsis; abstract; abridgment; abridgement)/ Taiyō * (summary; outline)/ Ichiran * (summary; list; table; catalog; catalogue)
Noun-Tex	Tale (tales)	物語 (物語)	Monogatari (monogatari)
Noun-Tex	Term (the term)	用語 (用語)	Yōgo (yōgo)
Noun-Tex	Terminology (term)	用語	Yōgo
Noun-Tex	Text (writing)	文章/ テキスト/ 本文/ 文	Bunshō/ Tekisuto/ Honbun/ Bun
Noun-Tex	Textbook	教科書/ 教本/ 教科用図書/ テキストブック/ テキスト	Kyōkasho/ Kyōhon/ Kyōkayōtoshō/ Tekisuto bukku/ Tekisuto
Noun-Tex	The whole story	一部始終/ 一伍一什/ 全貌/ 顛末/ 経緯/ 全話	Ichibushijū/ Ichigoichijū/ Zenbō/ Tenmatsu/ Ikisatsu/ Zenwa
Noun-Tex	Thick book	分厚い本/ 厚い本	Buatsui hon/ Atsui hon
Noun-Tex	Title	題/ 題名/ 名称/ 題目/ 称号 * (can also mean a name, title or degree)/ タイトル	Dai/ Daimei/ Meishō/ Daimoku/ Shōgō * (can also mean a name, title or degree)/ Taitoru
Noun-Tex	Track record	実績	Jisseki
Noun-Tex	Translation	翻訳 (する)/ 訳/ 翻訳書 * (book, document)/ 訳書 * (book, document)	Hon'yaku (suru)/ Wake (yaku)/ Hon'yaku-sho * (book, document)/ Yakusho * (book, document)

Noun-Tex	Translation ability (translation skills)	翻訳能力/ 翻訳力/ 翻訳スキル/ 翻訳技術/ 翻訳技能	Hon'yaku nōryoku/ Hon'yaku-ryoku/ Hon'yaku sukiru/ Hon'yaku gijutsu/ Hon'yaku ginō
Noun-Tex	Usage Guide	凡例	Hanrei
Noun-Tex	Visa	査証 (する)/ ビザ/ 旅券査証/ V i s a/ V I S Aカード	Sashō (suru)/ Biza/ Ryokensashō/ Biza/ Biza kado
Noun-Tex	Vocabulary (words; word list)	語彙/ 単語/ ボキャブラリー/ 単語篇/ 用語集/ レキシコン (単語; 単語リスト)	Goi/ Tango/ Bokyaburari/ Tangohen * (glossary; vocabulary)/ Yōgo-shū * (glossary; vocabulary)/ Rekishikon * (lexicon; dictionary) (tango; tango risuto)
Noun-Tex	Will (testament)	遺言 (する)/ 遺書/ 遺言状/ 遺言書/ テストメント/ 遺告	Yuigon (suru)/ Isho/ Igonjō/ Yuigonsho/ Tesutamento/ Yuikoku
Noun-Tex	Testament	遺言書/ 遺言 (する)/ 遺書/ 遺言状/ 遺言書/ テスタメント/ 証 (あかし)	Yuigonsho * (will; testament)/ Yuigon (suru) * (will; testament)/ Isho * (note left by a dead person; suicide note; testamentary letter; will; testament. But be careful with this word as it can also mean 'posthumous work' or 'suicide note')/ Igonjō * (will; testament)/ Igonsho * (will; testament)/ Tesutamento * (testament)/ Akashi * (proof; evidence; sign; testimony; testament (to something); vindication)
Noun-Tex	Wordbook (dictionary)	言海/ 単語帳/ ワードブック	Genkai/ Tango-chō/ Wādobukku
Noun-Tex	Workbook	ワークブック/ 問題集/ 学習帳/ 練習帳	Wākubukku/ Mondaishū/ Gakushū-chō/ Renshū- chō
Noun-Tex	Wrapping paper	包装紙	Hōsōshi
Noun-Tex	Paper wrapper	包装紙	Hōsōshi
Noun-Tex	Writing (writings; book)	著作 (する)/ 文章/ 書き込み (する)/ 作文 (する)/ 執筆 (する)/ 著述 (する)	Chosaku (suru) * (writing; book)/ Bunshō/ Kakikomi (suru)/ Sakubun (suru) * (writing (an essay, prose, etc.); composition)/ Shippitsu (suru) * (writing; authoring)/ Chojutsu (suru) * (writing; book; (literary) work)
Noun-Tex	Writing pen	筆記用ペン/ 書くペン	Hikki-yō pen/ Kaku pen
Noun-Tex	Writing style	文調/ 文体/ 書風	Bunchō/ Buntai * (literary style)/ Shofū * (style of handwriting; style of calligraphy)
Noun-Gr	Grammar	文法/ グラマー	Bunpō/ Guramā
Noun-Gr	Verb	動詞	Dōshi
Noun-Gr	Adjective	形容詞	Keiyōshi
Noun-Gr	Noun	名詞	Meishi
Noun-Gr	Vowel	母音	Boin
Noun-Gr	Consonant	子音	Shiin
Noun-Gr	Synonym	代名詞/ 同意語/ 同義語/ シノニム	Daimeishi * (synonym; classic example; pattern; byword; representative)/ Dōi-go/ Dōgigo/ Shinonimu
Noun-Gr	Antonym	対義語	Taigo
Noun-Ma	Article (product)	品物 (製品)	Shinamono * (goods; article; thing) (seihin * (manufactured goods; finished goods; product))

Noun-Ma	Goods	品/ 品物/ 物資/ グッズ	Shina (Hin)/ Shinamono/ Busshi * (goods; materials; commodities; resources; supplies)/ Guzzu * (goods; promotional items)
Noun-Ma	Material	材料	Zairyō
Noun-Ma	Materials (material)	材料/ 物資/ 用材	Zairyō/ Busshi/ Yōzai
Noun-Ma	Handmade article (handmade item)	ハンドメイド品 (手作り品)	Hando meido-hin (tedzukuri-hin)
Noun-Ma	Custom made article (custom made product)	オーダーメイド品/ 特注品/ 特製品/ オリジナル品 (特注品)	Ōdāmeido-hin * (made-to-order article; made-to-order item; custom-made article; custom-made item)/ Tokuchū-hin * (article specially made to order; made-to-measure (custom-made) article)/ Toku seihin * (custom-made article; specially made article)/ Orijinaru-hin * (custom-made item; made-to-order article) (tokuchū-hin)
Noun-Ma	Product	製品/ 商品	Seihin/ Shōhin
Noun-Ma	Resources	資源/ 資力/ リソース	Shigen/ Shiryoku * (means; resources; wealth)/ Risōsu
Noun-Ma	Stock (inventory)	在庫/ ストック (する)	Zaiko/ Sutokku (suru)
Noun-Ma	Inventory	在庫	zaiko
Noun-Ma	Stock level	在庫量	Zaikoryō
Noun-Ma	In stock	在庫あり (在庫有り)/ 手持ち/ 仕入れ	Zaiko ari/ Temochi * (in hand; on hand; on one; in stock; in store)/ Shiire * (stocking; buying up)
Noun-Ma	Out of stock	在庫切れ/ 品切れ/ 欠品	Zaiko-gire/ Shinagire/ Ketsu-hin
Noun-Ma	Sold out	完売 (する)/ 売り切れ/ 品切れ/ ロットアップ/ 満員	Kanbai (suru)/ Urihire/ Shinagire * (out of stock; sold out)/ Rottoappu * (sold out; out of production; wasei, word made in Japan, from English "lot up". Be careful, for in Dutch, the word 'Rot op' which almost sounds the same means bugger off)/ Man'in * (full house; no vacancy; sold out; standing room only; full (of people); crowded)
Noun-Ma	High grade item (high value item)	ハイグレード品/ 高級な品/ 上級な品 (高額品)	Haigurēdo-hin/ Kōkyūna shina/ Jōkyūna shina * (upper level item; upper grade item; upper class item) (Kōgaku-hin)
Noun-Ma	Low grade item (low value item)	ローグレード品/ 低級な品/ 劣等な品 (低価格品)	Rōgurēdo-hin/ Teikyūna shina/ Rettōna shina (Tei kakaku-hin)
Noun-Ma	Expensive goods (valuable goods; valuable products)	高い商品/ 高価な品物/ 高価品/ 高額な商品 (貴重品; 価値のある商品)	Takai shōhin/ Kōkana shinamono/ Kōka-hin/ Kōgakuna shōhin (Kichō-hin; Kachinoaru shōhin)
Noun-Ma	Valuables	貴重品/ 有価物/ 金目のもの	Kichō-hin/ Yūka butsu/ Kaneme no mono
Noun-Ma	Cheap goods (low priced goods; cheap products)	安い商品/ 安物/ 安価な商品 (低価格品; 安価な商品)	Yasui shōhin/ Yasumono/ Ankana shōhin (Tei kakaku-hin; Ankana shōhin)
Noun-Ma	Accessory	アクセサリー	Akusesarī

Noun-Ma	Accessories (additional equipment)	小物/ 服飾品/ アクセサリー/ 部品	Komono * (accessories; small articles)/ Fukushoku-hin * (accessories)/ Akusesarī * (accessory (fashion); jewelry/ accessory (audio, car, camera, etc.)/ accessory)/ Buhin * (parts; accessories; components)
Noun-Ma	Additional equipment (extra equipment)	追加装備 (エクストラ装備)	Tsuika sōbi (ekusutora sōbi)
Noun-Ma	Assortment (product range)	品揃え (品ぞろえ) (製品範囲)	Shina soroe (Seihin han'i)
Noun-Ma	Ballast	底荷/ 砂利/ バラスト/ 脚荷	Soko ni/ Jari/ Barasuto/ Ashi ni * (ballast (for a ship))
Noun-Ma	Belongings	持ち物	Mochimono
Noun-Ma	Component (ingredient)	成分/ 成分品/ 部品/ コンポ	Seibun/ Seibun-hin/ Buhin/ Konpo
Noun-Ma	Ingredient (component)	成分/ 材料/ 素材/ 成分品	Seibun/ Zairyō/ Sozai/ Seibun-hin
Noun-Ma	Plastic	プラスチック (の/ な)/ 可塑 (的) (な)	Purasuchikku (no/ na)/ Kaso (-teki) (na)
Noun-Ma	Product (finished goods)	製品	Seihin
Noun-Ma	Product (goods; merchandise)	商品	Shōhin
Noun-Ma	Product details (product description)	製品詳細/ 製品の明細/ 商品詳細/ 商品の明細 (製品説明/ 商品説明)	Seihin shōsai/ Seihin no meisai/ Shōhin shōsai/ Shōhin no meisai (Seihin setsumei/ Shōhin setsumei)
Noun-Ma	Product quality	製品の品質/ 商品の品質	Seihin no hinshitsu/ Shōhin no hinshitsu
Noun-Ma	Product specification	製品仕様/ 商品仕様/ 製品の指定/ 商品の指定 (製品仕様書/ 商品仕様書)	Seihin shiyō/ Shōhin shiyō/ Seihin no shitei/ Shōhin no shitei (Seihin shiyōgaki/ Shōhin shiyōgaki)
Noun-Ma	Product review	製品レビュー/ 商品レビュー/ 製品の評価/ 商品の評価	Seihin rebbyū/ Shōhin rebbyū/ Seihin no hyōka/ Shōhin no hyōka
Noun-Ma	Raw materials	原材料	Genzairyō
Noun-Ma	Sample	サンプル	Sanpuru
Noun-Ma	A set (a series)	セット (する)/ 組み合わせ/ 揃い (の)/ 対 (つい)/ 集合 (する) (シリーズ/ 一連 (の)/ 連続 (する)/ 連鎖/ 系列/ 立て続け/ 級数/ 続き)	Setto (suru)/ Kumiawase * (combination; assortment; set/ matching (in a contest); pairing)/ Soroi (no) * (set; suit; uniform collection; matching items)/ Tsui * (pair; couple; set)/ Shūgō (suru) * (Set; mathematics) (Shirīzu/ Ichiren (no) * (series; chain; sequence)/ Renzoku (suru) * (continuation; succession; series)/ Rensa * (chain; series; connection/ linkage (genetics))/ Keiretsu * (series; sequence; system; succession)/ Tatetsudzuke * (succession; continuation; series; sequence)/ Kyūsū * (series (mathematics))/ Tsudzuki * (continuation; rest (of the story, work, etc.); next installment; sequel/ flow (e.g. of a piece of writing); pacing (of a story)/ succession (of); sequence; series; spell; stretch; streak; run))

Noun-Ma	Set (a set)	セット (する)/ 一連 (の)/ 一式	Setto (suru) * (set (of things); combo)/ Ichiren (no) * (series; chain; sequence)/ Isshiki * (complete set; all; everything)
Noun-Ma	Small article (small item)	小品	Shōhin
Noun-Ma	Smuggled goods (contraband)	密輸品 (密輸品)	Mitsuyu-hin (mitsuyu-hin)
Noun-Ma	Spare part	予備部品/ スペア部品	Yobi buhin/ Supea buhin
Noun-Ma	Spoils	戦利品/ 台無し (にする/ な)	Senri-hin * (spoils of war; booty; war trophy/ something one managed to obtain or buy (at a bargain sale, merchandise stall, etc.); purchases; prizes (at an arcade, etc.) * (jocular, humorous term))/ Dainashi (ni suru/ na) * (spoiled; spoilt; ruined; wasted (chance, etc.); messed up; destroyed; (coming to) nothing)
Noun-Ma	Standard item (usual thing; (a) classic)	定番 (の)	Teiban (no)
Noun-Ma	Stolen goods	盗品	Tōhin
Noun-Ma	Loot (the loot)	戦利品 (戦利品)	Senri-hin * (spoils of war; booty; war trophy/ something one managed to obtain or buy (at a bargain sale, merchandise stall, etc.); purchases; prizes (at an arcade, etc.) * (jocular, humorous term)) (senri-hin)
Noun-Ma	Substance	物質/ 実質/ 本体/ 実体/ 本質/ 内容/ 物 (もの)/ 中身/ 要旨	Busshitsu * (material; substance)/ Jisshitsu * (substance; essence/ substantive; substantial; essential; real (e.g. interest rate)/ in essence; in effect; essentially; effectively; practically)/ Hontai * (substance; true form; true character)/ Jittai * (substance; essence; entity; subject; content; reality; true form)/ Honshitsu * (essence; true nature; substance; reality)/ Naiyō * (contents; content; substance; matter; detail; import)/ Mono * (thing; object; article; stuff; substance)/ Nakami * (contents; interior; filling/ substance; content)/ Yōshi * ((main) point; gist; key points; essentials; substance; summary; outline; abstract)
Noun-Ma	This product (this item; this article)	本品	Honpin (ponpin)
Noun-Dev	Computer	コンピューター	Konpyūtā
Noun-Dev	Device	デバイス/ 仕掛け/ 装置 (する)/ 機器/ 道具/ 器具	Debaisu/ Shikake/ Sōchi (suru)/ Kiki/ Dōgu/ Kigu
Noun-Dev	Apparatus	装置 (する)/ 道具/ 機械/ 器具/ 機器	Sōchi (suru)/ Dōgu/ Kikai/ Kigu/ Kiki
Noun-Dev	Printer (printing device)	プリンター (印刷装置)	Purintā (insatsu sōchi)
Noun-Dev	Abacus	そろばん (算盤)/ アバカス	Soro ban/ Abakasu

Noun-Dev	Adapter	アダプタ/アダプター/ 電源アダプター	Adaputa/ Adaputā/ Dengen adaputā * (power adapter)
Noun-Dev	Alarm	警報	Keihō
Noun-Dev	Alarm clock	目覚まし時計 (目覚し時計)/ 目覚まし	Mezamashidokei/ Mezamashi
Noun-Dev	Answering machine (answer phone)	留守番電話	Rusuban denwa
Noun-Dev	Bell	鐘/ ベル	Kane/ Beru
Noun-Dev	Button (buttons)	ボタン (ボタン)	Botan (botan)
Noun-Dev	Cable	ケーブル	Kēburu
Noun-Dev	Extension cord	延長コード	Enchō kōdo
Noun-Dev	Extension lead	延長リード	Enchō rīdo
Noun-Dev	Calculator (electronic calculator)	電卓 (電卓)	Dentaku (dentaku)
Noun-Dev	Camera (Photocamera)	カメラ (フォトカメラ)	Kamera (foto kamera)
Noun-Dev	Camera work	カメラワーク	Kamerawāku
Noun-Dev	Underwater camera	水没カメラ/ 水中カメラ	Suibotsu kamera * ('submerged camera')/ Suichū kamera
Noun-Dev	CD Rom	CD-ROM/ シーディーロム	Shīdīromu/ Shīdīromu
Noun-Dev	Clock (a clock)	時計 (時計)	Tokei (tokei)
Noun-Dev	Broken computer (damaged computer)	壊れたコンピューター/ 破損したコンピュータ/ ダメージしたコンピュータ (壊れたコンピューター)	Kowareta konpyūtā/ Hason shita konpyūta/ Damēji shita konpyūta (kowareta konpyūtā)
Noun-Dev	Computer game (Video game)	コンピュータゲーム (テレビゲーム/ TVゲーム)	Konpyūtagēmu (Terebigēmu/ TV gēmu * (Wasei, word made in Japan, From English "television game"))
Noun-Dev	Computer mouse	コンピューターのマウス	Konpyūtā no mausu
Noun-Dev	Computer video card	コンピューターのビデオカード	Konpyūtā no bideokādo
Noun-Dev	Connector cable	コネクタケーブル	Konekutakēburu
Noun-Dev	Desk phone	卓上電話/ 固定電話	Takujōdenwa/ Kotei denwa
Noun-Dev	Digital board	デジタルボード	Dejitarubōdo
Noun-Dev	Drag and drop (drag & drop)	ドラッグ アンド ドロップ/ ドラッグアンドドロップ (ドラッグ アンド ドロップ/ ドラッグ&ドロップ)	Doraggu ando doroppu/ Doragguandodoroppu (Doraggu ando doroppu/ Doraggu& doroppu)
Noun-Dev	Drama	演劇/ 戯曲/ 劇 (げき)/ 芝居/ 悲劇/ 院本/ 劇道/ 演戯/ ドラマ/ テレビドラマ	Engeki * (drama; theatre; theater; play)/ Gikyoku * (drama; play)/ Geki * (drama; play)/ Shibai * (play; drama)/ Higeiki * (tragedy; tragic drama; tragic play)/ Inpon * (drama; playbook)/ Gekidō * (drama; dramatic art)/ Engi * (drama; play)/ Dorama * (abbreviation from 'terebi dorama') ; ((non-documentary) television series; TV drama; teledrama; play/ drama; dramatic incident; spectacle; tragedy)/ Terebi dorama * ((non-documentary) television series; teledrama; television drama; television play; video drama)

Noun-Dev	DVD disk	DVDディスク/ デジタルビデオディスク	DVD disuku/ Dejitarubideodisuku
Noun-Dev	E-mail	電子メール/ Eメール (する)/ メール (する)/ イーメール	Denshi mēru/ E mēru (suru)/ Mēru (suru)/ Īmeiru
Noun-Dev	E-mail folder	電子メールフォルダ	Denshi mēruforuda
Noun-Dev	Earplugs	耳栓	Mimisen
Noun-Dev	Encryption	暗号化 (する)/ 暗証化 (する)	Angō-ka (suru)/ Anshōka (suru)
Noun-Dev	Gadget	小道具/ 仕掛け/ 器具/ 珍道具/ ガジェット/ ガゼット/ 機械装置	Kodōgu * (small tool; gadget)/ Shikake * (device; contrivance; mechanism; gadget)/ Kigu * (utensil; implement; tool; instrument; appliance; apparatus)/ Chindōgu * (gadget)/ Gajetto * (gadget)/ Gazetto * (gadget)/ Kikai sōchi * (machine; mechanism; gadget)
Noun-Dev	Handle (a handle)	ハンドル	Handoru
Noun-Dev	Holder (ie. battery holder)	ホルダー/ 持ち (バッテリーホルダー; バッテリー持ち, など)	Horudā/ Mochi (batterīhorudā; batterī-mochi, nado)
Noun-Dev	Inbox	受信箱/ 受信トレイ/ インボックス	Jushin-bako/ Jushin torei
Noun-Dev	Outbox	送信箱/ 送信トレイ/ 送信待ち	Sōshin-bako/ Sōshin torei/ Sōshin-machi
Noun-Dev	Sent items	送信済みアイテム/ 送信アイテム	Sōshinsumiaitemu/ Sōshin aitemu
Noun-Dev	Harddisk (harddrive)	ハードディスク/ 固定ディスク (ハードドライブ)	Hādodisuku/ Kotei disuku (Hādorairibu)
Noun-Dev	Headphones	ヘッドフォン	Heddofon
Noun-Dev	Internet	インターネット/ 電網/ ネット	Intānetto/ Denmō/ Netto
Noun-Dev	Internet access	インターネット・アクセス/ インターネット接続/ インターネット回線/ インターネット認可/ インターネット承認	Intānetto akusesu/ Intānetto setsuzoku/ Intānetto kaisen/ Intānetto no ninka/ Intānetto shōnin
Noun-Dev	Internet address (website address)	インターネットアドレス (ウェブサイトアドレス/ ウェブサイトの住所)	Intānettoadoresu (U~ebusaito adoresu/ U~ebusaito no jūsho)
Noun-Dev	Internet cable	インターネットケーブル/ インターネットの電線	Intānettokēburu/ Intānetto no densen
Noun-Dev	Internet connection	インターネット接続/ インターネット回線	Intānetto setsuzoku/ Intānetto kaisen
Noun-Dev	Cable internet	ケーブルインターネット	Kēburuintānetto
Noun-Dev	Jukebox	ジュークボックス	Jūkubokkusu
Noun-Dev	Label printer (sticker printer)	ラベルプリンター (シールプリンター)	Raberupurintā (shīrupurintā)
Noun-Dev	Laptop	ラップトップ	Rappu toppu
Noun-Dev	LCD Screen	液晶画面/ LCDスクリーン/ 液晶モニター/ LCD モニター	Ekishō gamen/ LCD sukurīn/ Ekishō monitā/ LCD monitā
Noun-Dev	Lever (a lever)	レバー	Rebā
Noun-Dev	Machine	機械/ マシン/ 機械装置	Kikai/ Mashin/ Kikai sōchi * (machine; mechanism; gadget/ machinery; mechanical equipment; mechanical device)
Noun-Dev	Heavy machines	重い機械	Omoi kikai

Noun-Dev	Mailbox	メールボックス/ 郵便受け/ 郵便箱/ ポスト	Mērubokkusu/ Yūbin'uke * (letterbox, a physical mailbox)/ Yūbinbako/ Posuto * (postbox, a physical mailbox)
Noun-Dev	Memory card	メモリカード	Memorikādo
Noun-Dev	Mobile phone	携帯電話	Geitaidenwa
Noun-Dev	Monitor	モニター	Monitā
Noun-Dev	Movie	映画/ 電影/ ムービー	Eiga/ Den'ei/ Mūbī
Noun-Dev	Phone	電話 (する)/ フォン/ 電話機/ 受話器	Denwa (suru)/ Fon/ Denwaki/ Juwaki * (telephone receiver; receiver; handset)
Noun-Dev	Phone book	電話帳	Denwachō
Noun-Dev	Phone call	(お) 電話 (する/ の)/ 通話 (する)/ 電話呼び出し/ 電話の呼び出し	(o) Denwa (suru/ no)/ Tsūwa (suru)/ Denwa yobidashi/ Denwa no yobidashi
Noun-Dev	Answered call	応答した呼び出し/ 応答した通話	Ōtō shita yobidashi/ Ōtō shita tsūwa
Noun-Dev	Missed call	不在着信	Fuzai chakushin
Noun-Dev	Phone card	テレホンカード	Terehonkādo
Noun-Dev	Phone case	電話ケース	Denwa kēsu
Noun-Dev	Phone conversation	電話での会話/ 架電 (する)/ 電話による会話/ 電話の会話/ 電話会話	Denwa de no kaiwa/ Kaden (suru) * ((making a telephone call; (having a) telephone conversation; calling; dialing)/ Denwa ni yoru kaiwa/ Denwa no kaiwa/ Denwa kaiwa
Noun-Dev	Phone line	電話線/ 電話回線	Denwa-sen/ Denwa kaisen
Noun-Dev	Phone number	電話番号	Denwabangō
Noun-Dev	Photocopier	コピー機	kopīki
Noun-Dev	Personal number (private number; personal phone number)	個人番号 (個人番号; 個人の電話番号)	Kojin bangō (kojin bangō; kojino tenwabangō)
Noun-Dev	Landline	固定電話/ 有線電話/ 固電	Kotei denwa/ Yūsen denwa/ Kata-den
Noun-Dev	Podcast	ポッドキャスト	Poddokyasuto
Noun-Dev	Portal	ポータル	Pōtaru
Noun-Dev	Webportal	ウェブポータル	U~ebupōtaru
Noun-Dev	Power bank (charger)	パワー・バンク/ モバイルバッテリー/ 持ち充/ モバ充 (充電器/ チャージャー)	Pawā banku * (power bank)/ Mobairubatterī * (portable battery charger; external battery; power bank/ from English “mobile battery”)/ Mochi mitsuru * (portable battery charger; power bank/ slang)/ moba Mitsuru * (portable battery charger; power bank/ slang) (Jūden-ki * ((battery) charger; AC adapter)/ Chājā * (charger))
Noun-Dev	Battery	バッテリー	Batterī
Noun-Dev	Radio	無線/ ラジオ	Musen/ Rajio
Noun-Dev	Remote control	リモコン	Rimokon
Noun-Dev	Light remote control	ライトリモコン	Raitorimokon
Noun-Dev	Remote stick	リモートスティック	Rimōtosutikku
Noun-Dev	Safe (a safe)	金庫 (金庫)	Kinko * (safe; strongbox; cashbox; vault; strongroom/ depository; cash office; treasury; provider of funds) (kinko)
Noun-Dev	Scanner	スキャナー	Sukyanā
Noun-Dev	Hand scanner	ハンスキャナー	Handosukyanā

Noun-De	Sent e-mail (answered e-mail; replied e-mail)	送信されたメール/ 送信した電子メール/ 送信したメール/ 送信済み電子メール (返信された電子メール; 返信されたメール)	Sōshin sa reta mēru/ Sōshin shita denshi mēru/ Sōshin shita mēru/ Sōshin-zumi denshi mēru (Henshin sa reta denshi mēru; Henshin sa reta mēru)
Noun-De	To be sent e-mail (to be answered e-mail; e-mail to be replied to)	送信されるメール/ 送信メール/ 送信Eメール/ 送信電子メール/ 送信する準備ができるメール (返信メール; 返信メール)	Sōshin sareru mēru/ Sōshin mēru/ Sōshin E mēru/ Sōshin denshi mēru/ Sōshin suru junbi ga dekiru mēru (Henshin mēru; Henshin mēru)
Noun-De	Media	メディア	Media
Noun-De	Social media	ソーシャルメディア/ 社会的なメディア/ 社会的メディア/ 社会メディア/ 社交メディア	Sōsharumedia/ Shakai-tekina media/ Shakai-teki media/ Shakai media/ Shakō media
Noun-De	Speakers	スピーカー	Supikā puragu chikyūgi (chikyūgi) ichi suru torikowasu bakuha suru memo suru (risuto suru, māku suru)
Noun-De	Super Mario Brothers (Super Mario Bros.)	スーパーマリオブラザーズ/ 超マリオ兄弟	Sūpāmarioburazāzu/ Chō Mario kyōdai * (computer game)
Noun-De	Switch (a switch, the switch)	スイッチ (スイッチ、スイッチ)	Suitchi (suitchi, suitchi)
Noun-De	System (technical; technical architecture)	系統/ 体系/ システム/ 系/ 体制	Keitō/ Taikei/ Shisutemu/ Kei/ Taisei
Noun-De	Television (TV)	テレビ (TV)/ テレビジョン/ 電視	Terebi (TV)/ Terebijon/ Denshi
Noun-De	Cable TV	ケーブルテレビ	Kēburuterebi
Noun-De	Satellite TV	衛星テレビ	Eisei terebi
Noun-De	TV Series	連続テレビ番組/ テレビ番組/ テレビシリーズ/ テレビドラマ	Renzoku terebibangu/ Terebi bangumi/ Terebishirīzu/ Terebi dorama
Noun-De	Melodrama	メロドラマ	Merodorama
Noun-De	TV Show (television show)	テレビ番組 (テレビ番組)	Terebibangu (terebibangu)
Noun-De	USB Charger	USB充電器	USB jūden-ki
Noun-De	USB port (USB slot)	USBポート (USBスロット)	USB pōto (USB surotto)
Noun-De	USB slot	USBスロット	USB surotto
Noun-De	Video	動画/ ビデオ	Dōga/ Bideo
Noun-De	Animation	アニメーション	animeeshon
Noun-De	Watch (a watch)	時計/ ウォッチ	Tokei/ U~otchi
Noun-De	Website	Webサイト	U~ebu saito
Noun-De	Website link	ウェブサイトへのリンク	U~ebusaito e no rinku
Noun-De	Wifi	Wi-Fi/ WIFI (ワイハイ/ ワイファイ)	Waifai (waihαι/ waifai)
Noun-De	Wireless LAN	ワイヤレスLAN/ ワイヤレスのLAN/ 無線LAN (無線ラン/ むせんラン)	Waiyaresu ran/ Waiyaresu no ran/ Musen ran

Noun-Dev	Configuration	構成 (する)/ 設定 (する)/ 配置 (する)/ コンフィギュレーション (する)/ コンフィグ (する)/ 環境設定 (する)	Kōsei (suru)/ Settei (suru)/ Haichi (suru) * (arrangement (of resources); deployment; stationing; posting; disposition; configuration; layout)/ Konfigyurēshon (suru)/ Konfigu (suru) * (config.; configuration, abbreviation)/ Kankyō settei (suru) * (configuration (e.g. of a computer or file); user preferences; system environment; environment setting)
Noun-Dev	Installation (setup)	インストール (する)/ 装置 (する)/ 設備 (する)/ 導入 (する)/ 取り付け (する)/ 据え付け (する)/ 設置 (する)/ インスタレーション (する) (設定 (する)/ セットアップ (する)/ セット (する))	Insutōru (suru)/ Sōchi (suru) * (equipment; device; installation; apparatus)/ Setsubi (suru) * (equipment; facilities; installation; accommodations; conveniences; arrangements)/ Dōnyū (suru) * (introduction; bringing in; installation; setting up; importation)/ Toritsuke (suru) * (installation; mounting; furnishing; fitting)/ Suetsuke (suru) * (installation; setting; fitting; mounting)/ Setchi (suru) * (establishment; institution/ installation (of a machine or equipment))/ Insutarēshon (suru) (Settei (suru)/ Settoappu (suru)/ Setto (suru) * (setting up; preparing; arranging; placing; positioning; configuring; setting (e.g. an alarm)))
Noun-Dev	Modem (router)	モデム/ 変復調装置 (ルーター/ ラウター)	Modemu/ Henfukuchō sōchi (Rūtā/ Rautā)
Noun-Dev	Modem setup (modem configuration)	モデムの設定/ モデム設定/ モデムのセットアップ (モデムの構成/ モデム構成/ モデムコンフィギュレーション)	Modemu no settei/ Modemu settei/ Modemu no settoappu (Modemu no kōsei/ Modemu kōsei/ Modemukonfigyurēshon)
Noun-Dev	Password (code)	パスワード/ 暗証/ 合言葉/ 暗号 (コード/ 記号/ 暗号/ 暗証/ 符号/ 略号)	Pasuwādo/ Anshō * (code; cipher; password)/ Aikotoba * (password; watchword)/ Angō * (code; password; cipher/ encryption) (Kōdo/ Kigō * (symbol; code; sign; notation)/ Angō * (code; password; cipher)/ Anshō * (code; cipher; password)/ Fugō * (sign; mark; symbol; code)/ Ryakugō * (code; mark; symbol))
Noun-Dev	System configuration (system setup)	システム構成/ システムの構成/ システムコンフィギュレーション/ 環境設定/ 装置構成 (システム設定/ システムの設定/ システムセットアップ)	Shisutemu kōsei/ Shisutemu no kōsei/ Shisutemukonfigyurēshon/ Kankyō settei * (configuration (e.g. of a computer or file); user preferences; system environment; environment setting)/ Sōchi kōsei * (device configuration; system configuration) (Shisutemu settei/ Shisutemu no settei/ Shisutemu settoappu)
Noun-Dev	Wireless (wireless connection)	ワイヤレス/ 無線/ 無電 (無線接続/ ワイヤレス接続/ 無線関係)	Waiyaresu/ Musen/ Muden (Musen setsuzoku/ Waiyaresu setsuzoku/ Musen kankei)
Noun-Dev	Wireless headphones	ワイヤレスヘッドフォン	Waiyaresuheddofon

Noun-Toc	Tools (equipment)	器具/ 道具/ 用具/ 物の具	Kīgu/ Dōgu/ Yōgu/ Mononogu
Noun-Toc	Tool (tools)	ツール (道具)	Tsūru (dōgu)
Noun-Toc	Builder's tools	ビルダーのツール	Birudā no tsūru
Noun-Toc	Abrasive tool	研磨工具	Kenma kōgu
Noun-Toc	Adhesive tape (Scotch tape)	粘着テープ (セロハンテープ)	Nenchaku tēpu (Serohantēpu)
Noun-Toc	Barometer	気圧計/ バロメーター	Kiatsu-kei/ Baromētā
Noun-Toc	Bolt (a bolt)	ボルト (ボルト)	Boruto (boruto)
Noun-Toc	Brace (braces)	ブレース (中括弧)	Burēsu (nakakakko)
Noun-Toc	Broom (the/ a broom)	ほうき (箒) (ほうき (箒))	Hōki (Hōki)
Noun-Toc	Brush (a brush)	ブラシ (する) (ブラシ (する))	Burashi (suru) (burashi (suru))
Noun-Toc	Building material	建材/ 建築資材/ 建設資材	Kenzai/ Kenchiku shizai/ Kensetsu shizai
Noun-Toc	Canvas	画布/ キャンバス/ キャンバス地	Gafu/ Kyanbasu/ Kyanbasu-chi
Noun-Toc	Cement	セメント	semento
Noun-Toc	Tarp	防水シート	Bōsui shīto
Noun-Toc	Chain	鎖/ チェーン/ 連鎖 (する)	Kusari/ Chēn/ Rensa (suru)
Noun-Toc	Chains (the chains)	鎖 (鎖)	Kusari (kusari)
Noun-Toc	Chisel	鑿 (ノミ/ のみ)/ 刀 (かたな)/ 彫刻刀/ 鑿 (たがね)	Nomi/ Katana/ Chōkokutō/ Tagane
Noun-Toc	Clamp	クランプ	kuranpu
Noun-Toc	Cogwheel	歯車	Haguruma
Noun-Toc	Colander	ザル	Zaru
Noun-Toc	Compass	方位磁針/ 羅針盤/ 磁石/ 方位磁石/ 羅盤/ 羅針儀/ コンパス	Hōi jishin/ Rashinban/ Jishaku/ Hōi jishaku/ Raban/ Rashingi/ Konpasu * (can also be used for the compass for drawing circles, etc.)
Noun-Toc	Concrete mixer (cement mixer)	コンクリートミキサー (セメントミキサー)	Konkurītomikisā (sementomikisā)
Noun-Toc	Contact lens	コンタクトレンズ/ コンタクト	Kontakutorenzu/ Kontakuto
Noun-Toc	Cookie cutter	型にはまった	Kata ni hamatta
Noun-Toc	Crowbar	バール/ 鉄梃/ 鉄棒	Bāru/ Tettei/ Tetsubō
Noun-Toc	Cutting board	まな板	Manaita
Noun-Toc	Cutting tool (cutting tools)	切断工具 (切断工具)	setsudan kougu
Noun-Toc	Drill (a drill)	鑿岩機 (削岩機)/ ドリル (ドリル)/ ジャックハンマー	Sakuganki/ Doriru (doriru)/ Jakkuhanmā
Noun-Toc	Dustpan	ちりとり (ちり取り)	Chiritori (chiri-tori)
Noun-Toc	Easel (ie. used for painting)	画架/ イーゼル (つまり, 絵を描くために使用されます)	Gaka/ Īzeru (tsumari, e o kaku tame ni shiyō sa remasu)

Noun-Tod	Equipment (tools; materials)	器材/ 装備 (する)/ 装置 (する)/ 設備 (する)/ 備品/ 機器/ 機材/ 用品/ 用具/ イクイップメント/ 装備品/ 器具類/ 機具	Kizai * (tools and materials; equipment and materials)/ Sōbi (suru) * (equipment)/ Sōchi (suru) * (equipment; device; installation; apparatus)/ Setsubi (suru) * (equipment; facilities; installation; accommodations; conveniences; arrangements)/ Bihin * (equipment; fixtures; furnishings; fittings; furniture; supplies)/ Kiki * (device; equipment; machinery; apparatus)/ Kizai * (machinery and materials; equipment/ materials for manufacturing machinery)/ Yōhin * (articles; supplies (e.g. office supplies); things (for); utensils; goods; equipment)/ Yōgu * (tool; implement; instrument; equipment)/ Ikuippumento * (equipment)/ Sōbi-hin * ((item of) equipment; accessories (bike, auto))/ Kiguru * (instruments; equipment; implements; utensils; tools; apparatus)/ Kigu * ((tools and equipment)
Noun-Tod	Filling material	充填材/ 詰め物/ 充填物/ 充填材料/ 注入材	Jūten-zai/ Tsumebutsu/ Jūten-mono/ Jūten zairyō/ Chūnyū-zai * (filling material for construction work; filling material for repairing, kitting, etc.)
Noun-Tod	Filter (filters)	ろ波器/ フィルター/ こし器/ 水囊/ 濾過 (する)/ 汙 (ろ) (フィルター)	Rohaki * (filter; wave filter)/ Firutā * (filter (esp. camera))/ Koshi-ki * (strainer; sieve)/ Suinō * (filter; water bag)/ Roka (suru) * (filtration; filtering; percolation)/ Ro * (filter, Shanghai, river near Shanghai) (firutā)
Noun-Tod	Fishing gear (fishing equipment)	釣り具 (釣具)/ 漁具	Tsuri-gu (tsurigu)/ Gyogu
Noun-Tod	Fishing net	漁網	Gyomō
Noun-Tod	Fishing rod (fishing pole)	つりざお (釣竿)	Tsuri zao (tsurizao)
Noun-Tod	Fishing tackle	釣り道具	Tsuri dōgu
Noun-Tod	Fishing tools	釣り道具	Tsuri dōgu
Noun-Tod	Fish bait (fishing bait)	魚の餌 (魚のえさ)/ フィッシュエサ (釣り餌 (釣りエサ)/ フィッシュフード)	Sakana no esa/ Fisshuesa (Tsuri esa/ Fisshufūdo)
Noun-Tod	Garden fork	園芸用フォーク	engeiyō fooku
Noun-Tod	Gear	装備 (する)/ 用品/ 装置 (する)/ 設備 (する)/ ギヤ	Sōbi (suru)/ Yōhin/ Sōchi (suru)/ Setsubi (suru)/ Giya
Noun-Tod	Glue	糊 (のり)/ グルー	Nori/ Gurū
Noun-Tod	Goggle (goggles)	ゴーグル (ゴーグル)	Gōguru (gōguru)
Noun-Tod	Grater	おろし金	Oroshigane
Noun-Tod	Grinding tool	研削工具	Kensaku kōgu
Noun-Tod	Grinding wheel	研削ホイール	Kensaku hōiru
Noun-Tod	Hand tool (handheld tool)	手工具 (手持ち工具)	tekougu (temochi kougu)
Noun-Tod	Hose (garden hose; fire hose)	ホース/ 蛇管 (庭用ホース; 消防用ホース/ 消防ホース)	Hōsu * (from Dutch; Flemish “hoos”)/ Jakan * (coil; hose) (Niwa-yō hōsu; Shōbō-yō hōsu/ Shōbō hōsu)

Noun-Tod	Fire hose	消防ホース	Shōbō hōsu
Noun-Tod	Hedge trimmer	生垣バリカン	ikigaki barikan
Noun-Tod	Hourglass	砂時計	Sunadokei
Noun-Tod	Household equipment (home appliances)	住宅設備/ 住設/ 家具調度 (家電製品/ 家電)	Jūtaku setsubi * (household furnishings; home appliances)/ Jūsetsu * (household furnishings; home appliances/ abbreviation)/ Kaguchō-do * (household furnishings) (Kaden seihin * (consumer electronics; home appliances)/ Kaden * (household (electrical) appliances; home appliances; consumer electronics))
Noun-Tod	Household items	家庭用品/ 生活用品/ 調度/ 所帯道具/ 家財/ 家財道具	Katei yōhin * (household articles; household goods)/ Seikatsu yōhin * (daily supplies; daily necessities; household items; housewares)/ Chōdo * (household items; furniture; furnishings; fixtures; supplies)/ Shotaidōgu * (household goods)/ Kazai * (household belongings; household goods)/ Kazaidōgu * (household belongings; household possession; furniture and household goods; goods and chattels; home furnishings; household goods; traps)
Noun-Tod	Household tools (e.g. brooms, dustpans)	荒物/ 家庭用品	Aramono/ Katei yōhin
Noun-Tod	Instrument (tool)	器具/ 道具/ 機械/ 用具 (道具)	Kigu * (utensil; implement; tool; instrument; appliance; apparatus)/ Dōgu * (tool; implement; instrument; utensil; apparatus; device)/ Kikai * (instrument; appliance; apparatus)/ Yōgu * (tool; implement; instrument; equipment) (dōgu}
Noun-Tod	Kit material	キットの資材/ キットイング資材/ キットの材料/ キットイング材料	Kitto no shizai/ Kittingu shizai/ Kitto no zairyō/ Kittingu zairyō
Noun-Tod	Kite	凧 (紙凧/ たこ)	Tako
Noun-Tod	Label maker	ラベルメーカー	Raberumēkā
Noun-Tod	Ladle	柄杓	Hishaku
Noun-Tod	Lawnmower	芝刈り機	shibakariki
Noun-Tod	Lens	レンズ	Renzu
Noun-Tod	Magnet	磁石/ マグネット	Jishaku/ Magunetto
Noun-Tod	Mesh	メッシュ	Messhu
Noun-Tod	Meter (Gauge)	計器/ メーター (ゲージ)	Keiki * (meter; gauge)/ Mētā (Gēji)
Noun-Tod	Rain gauge	雨量計	Uryō-kei
Noun-Tod	Microscope	顕微鏡/ マイクロスコープ	Kenbikyō/ Maikurosukōpu
Noun-Tod	Mirror	鏡/ ミラー	Kagami/ Mirā
Noun-Tod	Mop (a mop)	モップ (モップ)	Moppu (moppu)
Noun-Tod	Mould	カビ	Kabi
Noun-Tod	Oil brush	オイルブラシ	Oiruburashi
Noun-Tod	Oil paint brush	油絵の具ブラシ	Aburaenogu burashi
Noun-Tod	Paint (paints; painting material)	塗料/ 絵の具/ 塗り	Toryō/ Enogu/ Nuri

Noun-To	Paint brush (paintbrush)	刷毛/ ペイントブラシ (絵筆)	Hake * (brush (for painting, basting, etc.))/ Peintoburashi * (paint brush) (Efude * (paintbrush))
Noun-To	Paint roller	ペイントローラー	Peintorōrā
Noun-To	Wet paint	塗りたての塗料/ 塗りたてのペンキ/ 湿ったペイント/ 湿った塗料/ ペンキ塗り立て/ 湿式塗料/ 湿式ペンキ/ ウェットペイント	Nuritate no toryō/ Nuritate no penki/ Shimetta peinto/ Shimetta toryō/ Penki nuritate/ Shisshiki toryō/ Shisshiki penki/ U~ettopeinto
Noun-To	Palette	調色板/ パレット	Chōshokuban/ Paretto
Noun-To	Painter's palette	画家のパレット/ 画家の調色板	Gaka no paretto/ Gaka no chōshokuban
Noun-To	Peeler	ピーラー	Pīrā
Noun-To	Pickaxe	鶴嘴 (つるはし)	Tsuruhashi
Noun-To	Piece (bit; patch; shred; scrap)	ピース (ビット; パッチ; シュレッド; スクラップ)	Pīsu (bitto; patchi; shureddo; sukurappu)
Noun-To	Stash	隠し場所	Kakushibasho * (cache; place to hide something)
Noun-To	Pile	パイル	Pairu
Noun-To	Stockpile	備蓄 (する)	Bichiku (suru)
Noun-To	Bits and pieces	断片的なもの	Danpenteki na mono
Noun-To	Pipe (tube)	管 (かん)/ 筒 (つつ)/ パイプ (管 かん)/ 筒 (つつ)/ チューブ)	Kan * (pipe; tube)/ Tsutsu * (pipe; tube; cylinder)/ Paipu (Kan/ Tsutsu/ Chūbu)
Noun-To	Plaster (the cast)	石膏 (キャスト)	Sekkō (kyasuto)
Noun-To	Rake (a rake)	熊手 (熊手)	Kumade (kumade)
Noun-To	Smoking pipe	パイプ (ie. for タバコ)/ 喫煙パイプ/ 喫煙用パイプ/ 煙管/ 煙筒	Paipu * (ie. for tabako)/ Kitsuen paipu/ Kitsuen- yō paipu/ Kiseru * (Japanese smoking pipe)/ Entō * (means chimney but can also mean 'Japanese smoking pipe')
Noun-To	Spike (spikes)	スパイク (スパイク)	Supaiku (supaiku)
Noun-To	Squeegee	スキージ	Sukīji
Noun-To	Water pipe (waterpipe)	水道管/ 送水管/ 導水管/ 給水管/ 水管/ 樋 (とい) (水道管)	Suidō-kan/ Sōsui-kan * (water pipe; water supply pipe; water main, ie. from a spring, well, constructed pump, etc.)/ Dōsui-kan * (water conveyance pipe; constructed water pipe; construction)/ Kyūsui-kan * (water supply pipe; supplied water pipe; water refill pipe)/ Suikan * (water pipe; construction)/ Toi * (trough; gutter; water pipe; flume; chute) (suidō-kan)
Noun-To	Pliers	ペンチ/ プライヤー (プライヤ)/ 鋏 (矢床)	Penchi * (Wasei, word made in Japan, from English "pinchers")/ Puraiyā (puraiya)/ Yattoko * (do not confuse this word with scissors, 'hasami', which has the same Kanji characters)
Noun-To	Plough (a plough)	鋤 (犁)/ 唐鋤/ プラウ	Suki/ Karasuki/ Purau
Noun-To	Plug	栓/ プラグ	Sen/ Puragu

Noun-Toc	Plunger	プランジャー/ ピストン/ 押し子 (押し)/ ラバーカップ/ シュッポン	Puranjā * (plunger)/ Pisuton * (piston; plunger)/ Oshi-ko * (plunger (of syringe))/ Rabākappu * (plunger (for unblocking sinks, toilets, etc.))/ rubber cup)/ Shuppon * (plunger (for unblocking sinks, etc.))
Noun-Toc	Professional equipment	専門的な機器/ プロ仕様の機器/ プロフェッショナルな機器	Senmon-tekina kiki/ Puro shiyō no kiki/ Purofesshonaruna kiki
Noun-Toc	Pruners	剪定ばさみ	sentebasami
Noun-Toc	Pump	唧筒/ ポンプ (する)	Sokutō * (pump)/ Ponpu (suru) * (from Dutch; Flemish “pomp”)
Noun-Toc	Rolling pin	麺棒	Menbō
Noun-Toc	Rope	縄/ 綱/ ロープ	Nawa/ Tsuna/ Rōpu
Noun-Toc	Cord (a cord)	紐 (ひも)/ 縄 (なわ)/ 綱 (つな)/ 緒 (お)/ 細縄/ コード (コード)	Himo * (string; cord)/ Nawa * (rope; cord)/ Tsuna * (rope; cord; line)/ O * (cord; strap; thong)/ Hosonawa * (cord/ rare term)/ Kōdo * (cord; flex) (kōdo)
Noun-Toc	Rope cord	ロープコード	Rōpukōdo
Noun-Toc	Knot (a knot)	ノット (結び目)	Notto (musubime)
Noun-Toc	Loop	ループ	Rūpu
Noun-Toc	String	紐 (ひも)/ 糸 (いと)/ 弦 (つる/ げん)	Himo * (string; cord)/ Ito * (thread; yarn; string)/ Gen (Tsuru * (bowstring/ string (of shamisen, guitar, violin, etc.))/ Gen * (bowstring/ string (of a shamisen, etc.); stringed instrument))
Noun-Toc	Sandpaper	研磨紙/ 砂紙/ 紙やすり (紙鑢/ 紙ヤスリ)/ サンドペーパー	Kenmashi/ Sunagami/ Kamiyasuri/ Sandopēpā
Noun-Toc	Saw (a saw)	鋸 (のこぎり/ ノコギリ) (のこぎり (鋸))	Nokogiri (nokogiri)
Noun-Toc	Scissors	鋏 (はさみ)	Hasami * (do not confuse this word with scissors, 'yattoko', which has the same Kanji characters)
Noun-Toc	Pointed-tip scissors	先の尖ったハサミ	Saki no togatta hasami
Noun-Toc	Screwdriver	ドライバー/ ねじ回し	Doraibā/ Neji-mawashi
Noun-Toc	Screws	螺子 (螺旋/ ネジ)/ スクリュー	Neji/ Sukuryū
Noun-Toc	Sieve (a sieve)	篩 (ふるい)/ 裏ごし器/ 裏ごし/ こし器	Furui * (sieve; sifter; screen)/ Uragoshi-ki * (sieve (for reducing soft solids to a pulp))/ Uragoshi * (sieve (for reducing soft solids to a pulp))/ Koshi-ki * (strainer; sieve)
Noun-Toc	Skimmer	スキマー	Sukimā
Noun-Toc	Spade (shovel)	鋤 (犁/ すき)/ スコップ (シャベル)	Suki/ Sukoppu * (from Dutch; Flemish “schop”; do not use “スペード/ Supēdo”, which means a spade card in a card game, these 2 words can sound confusing) (Shaberu)
Noun-Toc	Spatula	スパチュラ	Supachura
Noun-Toc	Stamp	切手/ スタンプ	Kitte/ Sutanpu
Noun-Toc	Stapler	ホッチキス	Hotchikisu
Noun-Toc	Staple (a staple)	ステープル (ステープル)	Suteepuru (suteepuru)
Noun-Toc	Stopper	ストッパー	Sutoppā
Noun-Toc	Suction cup (sucker)	吸盤 (吸盤)	Kyūban (kyūban)
Noun-Toc	Sundial	日時計	Hidokei

Noun-Toc	Syringe	注射器/ シリンジ/ スポイト	Chūsha-ki * (syringe; hypodermic needle; injector)/ Shirinji * (syringe)/ Supoito * ((bulb) syringe; dropper; fountain pen filler/ from Dutch; Flemish “spuit”)
Noun-Toc	Thermometer	温度計/ 寒暖計/ サーモメーター	Ondokei/ Kandankei/ Sāmomētā
Noun-Toc	Thermostat	サーモスタット	Sāmosutatto
Noun-Toc	Thread	糸/ 一糸	Ito/ Isshi
Noun-Toc	Tool box (toolbox)	工具箱/ 道具箱/ 工具入 (工具入れ)/ ツールボックス	Kōgu-bako/ Dōgu-bako/ Kōgu ire/ Tsūrubokkusu
Noun-Toc	Toolkit	ツールキット	Tsūrukitto
Noun-Toc	Trowel	こて (鋤)	Kote
Noun-Toc	Turner (slotted turner)	ターナー (溝付きターナー)	Tānā (mizo-tsuki tānā)
Noun-Toc	Utensil (tools)	器具/ 道具	Kigu/ Dōgu
Noun-Toc	Vacuum cleaner	掃除機/ バキュームクリーナー	Zōjiki/ Bakyūmukurinā
Noun-Toc	Wallpaper	壁紙	Kabegami
Noun-Toc	Watering can	じょうろ	jyourou
Noun-Toc	Weighing scale	体重計	Taijū-kei
Noun-Toc	Whisk	泡立てる	Awadateru
Noun-Toc	Winch	ウインチ	Uinchi
Noun-Toc	Wire	ワイヤー/ 針金	Waiyā/ harigane
Noun-Toc	Wrench	レンチ/ スパナ	Renchi/ Supana
Noun-Toc	Zoom lens (telephoto lens)	ズームレンズ (望遠レンズ)	Zūmurenzū (Bōen renzu)
Noun-We	Weapon	武器/ 兵器/ ウェポン	Buki/ Heiki/ U~epon
Noun-We	Arrow	矢印	Yajirushi * (can also mean a (romantic) interest (for a certain person); direction (of one's attention, etc.))
Noun-We	Quiver (arrow quiver)	矢筒 (矢筒)	ya-tsutsu (ya-tsutsu)
Noun-We	Arsenal	工廠/ 兵器工場/ 造兵廠/ 武器倉/ 兵器廠	Kōshō/ Heiki kōjō/ Zō heishou/ Buki kura/ Heikishō
Noun-We	Automatic rifle	自動小銃/ フルオートライフル	Jidō shōjū/ Furuōtoraifuru
Noun-We	Axe	斧	Ono
Noun-We	Blowgun	吹き矢	Fukiya
Noun-We	Bow	弓	Yumi
Noun-We	Bazooka	バズーカ/ バズーカ砲	Bazūka/ Bazūka-hō
Noun-We	Blade	刃 (は)/ 刃 (やいば)/ ブレード	Ha/ Yaiba/ Burēdo
Noun-We	Bomb	爆弾/ ボム	Bakudan/ Bomu
Noun-We	Atomic bomb	原子爆弾/ 原爆	Genshi bakudan/ Genbaku
Noun-We	Caltrop (caltrops)	カルトロップ (カルトロップ)	karutoroppu (karutoroppu)
Noun-We	Cannon (artillery)	大砲/ 砲/ 大筒/ 加農 (カノン)/ カノン砲/ キャノン/ 筒	Taihō/ Hō/ Ōdzutsu/ Kanō (kanon)/ Kanon-hō/ Kyanon/ Tsutsu
Noun-We	Cannonball	砲丸/ 砲弾/ キャノンボール	Hōgan/ Hōdan/ Kyanonbōru
Noun-We	Dagger	短剣	Tanken
Noun-We	Dangerous weapon (lethal weapon)	凶器	Kyōki
Noun-We	Explosives	爆発物/ 炸薬/ 危険物	Bakuhatsu-mono/ Sakuyaku/ Kiken-mono * (hazardous materials; dangerous goods; explosives; combustibles)
Noun-We	Fireworks	花火	Hanabi

Noun-We	Grenade	手榴弾	Shuryūdan
Noun-We	Shrapnel	破片	Hahen
Noun-We	Gun	銃/ 砲/ 鉄砲/ ガン	Jū/ Hō/ Teppō/ Gan
Noun-We	Gunfire	砲火	Hōka
Noun-We	Water gun	水鉄砲/ / 水銃/ 水の銃/ ウォーターガン	Mizudeppō/ Suijū/ Mizu no jū/ U~ōtāgan
Noun-We	Halberd	斧槍/ ハルバード/ 薙刀	Fusō * (western type of polearm)/ Harubādo/ Naginata * (specific Japanese polearm)
Noun-We	Hammer	ハンマー/ 大型ハンマー/ 大槌	Hanmā/ Ōgata hanmā * (big hammer; sledgehammer)/ Ōtsuchi * (big hammer; sledgehammer)
Noun-We	Machine gun	マシンガン	Mashin gan
Noun-We	Mallet	マレット	Maretto
Noun-We	Knife	ナイフ/ 出刃/ 短刀/ 包丁/ 小刀	Naifu/ Deba/ Tantō/ Hōchō/ Kogatana
Noun-We	Putty knife	パテナイフ	Patenaifu
Noun-We	Utility knife	ユーティリティナイフ	Yūtiritinaifu
Noun-We	Nitroglycerin	ニトログリセリン	Nitoroguriserin
Noun-We	Pistol	拳銃/ 短銃/ ピストル	Kenjū/ Tanjū/ Pisutoru
Noun-We	Pocket knife	ポケットナイフ	Pokettonaifu
Noun-We	Rifle	小銃/ ライフル銃/ ライフル/ 銃	Shōjū/ Raifuru jū/ Raifuru/ Jū
Noun-We	Rocket launcher	ロケットランチャー	Rokettoranchā
Noun-We	Rod (a rod)	ロッド/ 棒(ぼう)(棒(ぼう))	Roddo * (rod; pole; stick)/ Bō * (pole; rod; stick; baton) (bō)
Noun-We	Secret weapon	秘密兵器/ 秘密武器/ シークレットウェポン	Himitsu heiki/ Himitsu buki/ Shikurettou~epon
Noun-We	Shield	盾/ シールド(する)	Tate/ Shīrudo (suru)
Noun-We	Shotgun	ショットガン	shottogan
Noun-We	Sniper rifle	狙撃銃/ スナイパーライフル	Sogeki jū/ Sunaipāraifuru
Noun-We	Spear	槍/ スペア	Yari/ Supea
Noun-We	Staff	杖(つえ)/ スタッフ	Tsue/ Suttaffu
Noun-We	Stick	棒(ぼう)/ スティック	Bō/ Sutikku
Noun-We	Bamboo stick	竹の棒	Take no bō
Noun-We	Walking stick	ステッキ	Sutekki
Noun-We	Wand (a wand)	ワンド(杖)	Wando (tsue)
Noun-We	Cane	杖(つえ)	Tsue
Noun-We	Sword (long sword)	剣/ 刀剣/ 刀 (長剣/ 長い剣/ 長い刀剣/ 太刀/ 長刀/ 大剣/ ロングソード/ 長い刀)	Ken/ Tōken/ Katana (Chōken/ Nagai ken/ Nagai tōken/ Tachi/ Naginata/ Daiken/ Rongusōdo/ Nagai katana)
Noun-Arr	Armour (armor)	鎧(よろい)	Yoroi (yoroi)
Noun-Arr	Leather armour	革鎧	Kawa yoroi
Noun-Arr	Plate armour (plate mail)	板金鎧/ 甲鉄板/ 甲鉄/ プレートアーマー (プレートメール)	Bankin yoroi/ Kōtetsuban/ Kō tetsu/ Purētoāmā (purētomeiru)
Noun-Arr	Chain Mail (chain armor)	鎖帷子/ チェーンメール (チェーンアーマー)	Kusari katabira/ Chēnmeiru (chēn'āmā)
Noun-Clo	Clothing/ Clothes	服/ 衣類/ 衣服/ 衣料/ 衣(ころも)/ 衣(きぬ)/ 衣料品	Fuku/ Irui / Ifuku/ Iryō/ Koromo (I)/ Kinu * (same kanji as koromo, but different hiragana characters)/ Iryō-hin

Noun-Clo	Clothing and accessories (attire)	服飾 (の)	Fukushoku (no)
Noun-Clo	Attire	服装	Fukusō
Noun-Clo	Cloth	布/ 生地/ 布地	Nuno/ Kiji/ Nunoji
Noun-Clo	Old clothes (secondhand clothing)	古着	Furugi
Noun-Clo	Apparel	衣服/ 衣料品/ アパレル	Ifuku/ Iryō-hin/ Apareru
Noun-Clo	Apron	エプロン	Epuron
Noun-Clo	Armband (bracelet)	腕章/ アームバンド (ブレスレット)	Wanshō/ Āmubando (Buresuretto)
Noun-Clo	Band	帯/ バンド	Obi/ Bando
Noun-Clo	Bead (beads)	ビーズ (ビーズ)	Biizu (biizu)
Noun-Clo	Bead (pearl bead; wooden bead)	ビーズ/ 玉 (球/ 珠/ 弾 たま)/ 粒 (りゅう/ つび/ つぼ)/ 小玉 (パールビーズ、木製ビーズ/ 木のビーズ)	Bīzu/ Tama/ Tsubu (ryū/ tsu bi/ tsu bo)/ Kodama (pārubīzu, mokusei bīzu/ ki no bīzu)
Noun-Clo	Belt (loincloth)	帯/ ベルト (緊褌/ 下帯/ 腰布/ 回し * (sumo))	Obi/ Beruto (Kinkon/ Shitaobi/ Koshinuno/ Mawashi * (sumo term))
Noun-Clo	Blouse	ブラウス	Burausu
Noun-Clo	White blouse	白いブラウス	Shiroi burausu
Noun-Clo	Boots	靴/ ブーツ	Kutsu/ Būtsu
Noun-Clo	Bracelet	腕輪/ 腕飾り/ ブレスレット	Udewa/ Ude-kazari/ Buresuretto
Noun-Clo	Cape	ケープ/ 回し (まわし)	Kēpu/ Mawashi
Noun-Clo	Cloak (Mantle)	マント/ 外套/ マンテル (マント/ 外套/ マンテル)	Manto * (from French “manteau”)/ Gaitō/ Manteru * (from Dutch; Flemish “mantel”) (manto/ gaitō/ manteru)
Noun-Clo	Costume (outfit)	衣装 (衣裳/ いしょう)/ 仮装 (する)/ 服装/ 装束/ コスチューム (衣装)	Ishō/ Kasō (suru)/ Fukusō/ Shōzoku/ Kosuchūmu (ishō)
Noun-Clo	Fantasy costume (fantasy outfit)	ファンタジー衣装/ 幻想の衣装/ 空想の衣装 (ファンタジー衣装)	Fantajī ishō/ Gensō no ishō/ Kūsō no ishō (fantajī ishō)
Noun-Clo	Medieval costume (medieval outfit)	中世の衣装 (中世の衣装)	Chūsei no ishō (chūsei no ishō)
Noun-Clo	Party costume (party outfit)	パーティーコスチューム (パーティー衣装)	Pātīkosuchūmu (pātī ishō)
Noun-Clo	Outfit	服装	Fukusō
Noun-Clo	Crown	王冠 (の)/ クラウン/ 位/ 冠	Ōkan (no)/ Kuraun/ Kurai/ Kanmuri
Noun-Clo	Dress	ドレス/ 身なり (身形)/ 服装/ 装い/ 身支度/ ワンピース	Doresu/ Minari/ Fukusō/ Yosōi/ Mijitaku/ Wanpīsu * (from English “one-piece”)
Noun-Clo	Full-dress (full dress)	正装 (正装)	Seisou (seisou)
Noun-Clo	Full-dress uniform (full uniform)	正装 (正装)	Seisou (seisou)
Noun-Clo	Red dress	赤いドレス	Akai doresu
Noun-Clo	Garb	服装	Fukusō
Noun-Clo	Garment	衣服/ 衣 (ころも)/ ガーメント/ 衣 (きぬ)	Ifuku/ Koromo (I)/ Gāmento/ Kinu * (same kanji as koromo, but different hiragana characters)
Noun-Clo	Glasses	眼鏡	Megane
Noun-Clo	Colored glasses	色眼鏡	Iromegane
Noun-Clo	Reading glasses	老眼鏡	Rōgankyō

Noun-Clo	Sunglasses	サングラス/ 黒眼鏡/ グラサン/ 色眼鏡/ ラップアラウンド	Sangurasu/ Kuro megane * (sunglasses; shady glasses; dark glasses)/ Gurasan * (abbreviation, slang)/ Iromegane * (coloured glasses; tinted glasses; sunglasses)/ Rappuaraundo * (wrap-around (i.e. sunglasses))
Noun-Clo	Gloves	手袋/ グローブ	Tebukuro/ Gurōbu
Noun-Clo	Rubber gloves	ゴム手袋	Gomu tebukuro
Noun-Clo	Hanger	ハンガー	Hangā
Noun-Clo	Clothes hanger	ハンガー	Hangā
Noun-Clo	Hat	帽子/ ハット	Bōshi/ Hatto
Noun-Clo	Hat (cap)	帽子/ ハット (キャップ)	Bōshi/ Hatto (kyappu)
Noun-Clo	Straw hat	麦わら帽子 (麦藁帽子)/ ストローハット	Mugiwarabōshi/ Sutorōhatto
Noun-Clo	Helmet	ヘルメット/ 鉄帽/ 兜	Herumetto/ Tetsu-bō/ Kabuto
Noun-Clo	Hood (a cap, a hood)	フード (キャップ; フード)	Fūdo (kyappu; fūdo)
Noun-Clo	Hooded sweatshirt	フード付きスウェットシャツ	Fūdo-tsuki sū~ettoshatsu
Noun-Clo	Jacket	上着 (上衣/ 表着)/ ジャケット/ コート	Uwagi/ Jaketto * (jacket)/ Kōto * (coat)
Noun-Clo	Jacket pocket (coat pocket)	ジャケットのポケット/ 上着の懐 (コートのポケット)	Jaketto no poketto/ Uwagi no futokoro (kōto no poketto)
Noun-Clo	Muff	マフ	Mafu
Noun-Clo	Rag (a rag)	ぼろ布 (ボロ布)/ 襤褸 (雑巾)	Boro nuno/ Boro * (rag; old cloth/ tattered clothes; ragged clothes; rags) (zōkin * (house-cloth; dust cloth))
Noun-Clo	Topsider jacket	トップサイダージャケット	Toppusaidājaketto
Noun-Clo	Winter jacket	冬用ジャケット/ 冬用の上着/ 冬用上着	Fuyu-yō jaketto/ Fuyu-yō no uwagi/ Fuyu-yō uwagi
Noun-Clo	Jewellery (jewelry)	宝飾品/ 宝飾/ アクセサリー/ ジュエリー (宝飾品)	Hōshokuhin/ Hōshoku/ Akusesarī/ Juerī (Hōshokuhin)
Noun-Clo	Piece of jewellery	宝石類	Hōseki-rui
Noun-Clo	Medallion	メダリオン	Medarion
Noun-Clo	Necklace	首飾り/ ネックレス/ ペンダント	Kubikazari/ Nekkuresu/ Pendanto
Noun-Clo	Jeweled necklace	宝石をあしらったネックレス	Hōseki o ashiratta nekkuresu
Noun-Clo	Long necklace	長いネックレス/ ロングネックレス	Nagai nekkuresu/ Rongunekkuresu
Noun-Clo	Short necklace	短いネックレス	Mijikai nekkuresu
Noun-Clo	Pearl necklace	真珠のネックレス/ パール ネックレス/ パールネックレス	Shinju no nekkuresu/ Pāru nekkuresu/ Pārunekkuresu
Noun-Clo	Pants	パンツ/ ズボン (洋袴)	Pantsu/ Zubon
Noun-Clo	Short pants	ショートパンツ	Shōtopantsu
Noun-Clo	Pocket	懐 (ふところ)/ ポケット	Futokoro/ Poketto
Noun-Clo	Polyester	ポリエステル	Poriesuteru
Noun-Clo	Polyester fiber	ポリエステル繊維	Poriesuteru sen'i
Noun-Clo	Ring	指輪/ 輪/ リング	Yubiwa/ Wa/ Ringu
Noun-Clo	Golden ring	金の指輪	Kin no yubiwa
Noun-Clo	Silver ring	銀指輪	Gin yubiwa
Noun-Clo	Sandals	突っかけ (突っ掛け/ つっかけ)/ 草履/ サンドル	Tsukkake/ Zōri/ Sandaru
Noun-Clo	Flip-flops	ビーチサンダル	Bīchisandaru

Noun-Clo	Hilt	柄	Gara
Noun-Clo	Scabbard	鞘	Saya
Noun-Clo	Shawl (scarf)	ショール/ 肩掛け/ スカーフ	Shōru/ Katakake/ Sukāfu
Noun-Clo	Scarf	スカーフ	Sukāfu
Noun-Clo	Bandana	バンダナ	Bandana
Noun-Clo	Headband	ヘッドバンド	Heddo bando
Noun-Clo	Headscarf	ヘッドスカーフ	Heddosukāfu
Noun-Clo	Shirt	シャツ	Shatsu
Noun-Clo	Blue shirt	青いシャツ	Aoi shatsu
Noun-Clo	Green shirt	緑のシャツ	Midori no shatsu
Noun-Clo	Hawaii shirt	ハワイアンシャツ	Hawaiianshatsu
Noun-Clo	Shoes (boots)	靴/ シューズ	Kutsu/ Shūzu
Noun-Clo	Shoe size	靴のサイズ	Kutsu no saizu
Noun-Clo	Running shoes	ランニングシューズ	Ran'ningushūzu
Noun-Clo	Shoelace	靴紐 (靴ひも)/ 靴の紐 (靴のひも)/ シューレース	Kutsuhimo/ Kutsu no himo/ Shūrēsu
Noun-Clo	Sleeve (sleeves)	スリーブ/ 袖	Surību/ Sode
Noun-Clo	Long sleeves	長袖	Nagasode
Noun-Clo	Short sleeves	半袖	Hansode
Noun-Clo	Skimp	けちる	kechirū
Noun-Clo	Slippers	スリッパ/ 室内履き/ 上草履/ 部屋履き	Surippa/ Shitsunai haki/ Uwazōri/ Beyabaki
Noun-Clo	Sneakers (trainers)	スニーカー	Sunīkā
Noun-Clo	Sweater	セーター	Seta
Noun-Clo	Trench coat	トレンチコート	torenchikōto
Noun-Clo	Trousers	ズボン (洋袴)/ トラウザーズ	Zubon/ Torauzāzu
Noun-Clo	Trouser pocket	ズボンのポケット/ ズボンの懐	Zubon no poketto/ Zubon no futokoro
Noun-Clo	Underwear	下着/ 肌着/ 襯衣/ 下衣/ アンダーウェア/ インナーウェア (インナーウエア)/ 内着	Shitagi * (underwear; undergarment; underclothes; lingerie)/ Hadagi * (underwear; underclothes; lingerie; chemise; singlet)/ Shin'i * (underwear; shirt (worn as an undergarment))/ Shita goro mo * (undergarment; underwear/ lower garment (e.g. trousers))/ Andāu~ea/ In'nāu~ea * (underwear; underclothes; undergarment; inner garment; innerwear; inner wear)/ Uchiki * (means 'everyday clothes', but can also mean 'underwear')
Noun-Clo	Vest	ベスト	Besuto
Noun-Clo	Earrings	耳飾り/ 耳環/ イヤリング	Mimikazari/ Mimiwa/ Iyaringu
Noun-Clo	Bracers	ブレイサー/ 締め紐	Burēsā/ Shime himo
Noun-Clo	Collar	襟 (えり)	Eri
Noun-Clo	Skirt	スカート	Sukāto
Noun-Clo	Suit (business suit)	スーツ (ビジネススーツ)	Sūtsu (Bijinesusūtsu)
Noun-Clo	Black men's suit	黒のメンズスーツ	Kuro no menzusūtsu
Noun-Clo	Diver's suit	ダイバースーツ	Daibāsūtsu
Noun-Clo	Wetsuit	ウェットスーツ	U~ettosūtsu
Noun-Clo	Striped suit	ストライプスーツ	Sutoraipusūtsu

Noun-Clo	Waders	胴付長靴/ 防水ズボン/ 防水長靴/ ウェーダー	Dōtsukinagakutsu * (waders (waterproof pants often fitted with boots, used mostly by fishermen)/ hip boots)/ Bōsui zubon * (waders)/ Bōsui nagagutsu * (waterproof long boots/ waders)/ U~ēdā * (waders)
Noun-Mo	Money	お金/ 現金 * (money on hand/ ready money) / 金銭/ 貨幣	Okane/ Genkin * (money on hand/ ready money) / Kinsen * (cash)/ Kahei * (currency; coinage)
Noun-Mo	Cash (on hand money)	現金/ 金銭/ キャッシュ (手元にあるお金)	Genkin * (cash; ready money; money on hand; currency)/ Kinsen * (money; cash)/ Kyasshu * (cash) (temoto ni aru okane)
Noun-Mo	Coin (coins)	コイン (硬貨)	Koin (Kōka)
Noun-Mo	Debt	借金 (する)/ 負債/ 債務/ 借り/ 債 (さい)	Shakkin (suru)/ Fusai/ Saimu * (debt; liabilities; obligation to a person or party (usu. legal or contractual))/ Kari * (borrowing; debt; loan)/ Sai * (debt; loan)
Noun-Mo	Outstanding debt (outstanding payment)	負債残高 (支払残高)	Fusai zandaka (shiharai zandaka)
Noun-Mo	Price (pricing)	価格/ 値段/ 代金/ 値/ 代価	Kakaku/ Nedan/ Daikin/ Atai/ Daika
Noun-Mo	Payment	支払い/ 払い/ 納付 (する)	Shiharai * (payment)/ Harai * (payment; bill; account)/ Nōfu (suru) * (payment; supply)
Noun-Mo	Down payment	頭金/ 契約金/ 即金	Atamakin * (down payment; deposit)/ Keiyaku-kin * (down payment; contract money)/ Sokkin * (spot cash; cash payment; immediate payment (in cash); cash down)
Noun-Mo	Due payment (outstanding payments; outstanding bills)	支払期日 (未払い; 未払いの請求書)	Shiharai kijitsu (mibarai; mibarai no seikyū-sho)
Noun-Mo	Overdue payment (late payment)	支払い期限を過ぎた (支払いが遅れた)	Shiharai kigen o sugita (shiharai ga okureta)
Noun-Mo	Payment warning (payment alert)	支払い警告 (支払い警告)	Shiharai keikoku (shiharai keikoku)
Noun-Mo	Indemnification	弁償 (する)/ 代償/ 補償 (する)/ 填補	Benshō (suru) * (compensation; indemnification; reparation; restitution; recompense)/ Daishō * (compensation; reparation; indemnification)/ Hoshō (suru) * (compensation; reparation)/ Tenpo * (making up (a deficit, loss, etc.); covering; compensation; supplementation; replenishment)
Noun-Mo	Indemnification papers	補償の書類/ 補償書類/ 弁償の書類/ 補償の文書	Hoshō no shorui/ Hoshō shorui/ Benshō no shorui/ Hoshō no bunsho
Noun-Mo	Refund	返金 (する)	Henkin (suru)
Noun-Mo	Refund policy (money back policy)	返金ポリシー (返金ポリシー)	Henkin porishī (henkin porishī)

Noun-Mc	Reimbursement	償還 (する)/ 弁償 (する)/ 返済 (する)/ 返金 (する)/ 弁済 (する)/ リンバースメント/ 弁償金	Shōkan (suru) * (repayment; redemption; amortization; amortisation)/ Benshō (suru) * (compensation; indemnification; reparation; restitution; recompense)/ Hensai (suru) * (repayment; reimbursement; refund; redemption)/ Henkin (suru) * (refund; repayment; reimbursement)/ Bensai (suru) * (repayment; settlement (of a debt); paying off; reimbursement (of expenses))/ Riinbāsumento * (reimbursement)/ Benshō-kin * (reparation; indemnity; compensation; reimbursement)
Noun-Mc	Repayment	返済 (する)/ 払い戻し (する)/ 償還 (する)/ 返金 (する)/ 返却 (する)/ 償却 (する)/ 弁済 (する)/ 恩返し (する)	Hensai (suru)/ Haraimodoshi (suru)/ Shōkan (suru) * (repayment; redemption; amortization; amortisation)/ Henkin (suru) * (refund; repayment; reimbursement)/ Henkyaku (suru) * (return of something; repayment)/ Shōkyaku (suru) * (repayment; redemption)/ Bensai (suru) * (repayment; settlement (of a debt); paying off; reimbursement (of expenses))/ Ongaeshi (suru) * (paying back a favour; repayment (of an obligation, kindness, etc.))
Noun-Mc	Redemption (redemption payment)	償還 (する) (償還金の支払い)	Shōkan (suru) (shōkan-kin no shiharai)
Noun-Mc	Gross amount	総額/ 所得金額/ 総支給額	Sōgaku/ Shotoku kingaku * (income amount; gross income)/ Sō shikyū-gaku * (gross pay; total amount paid)
Noun-Mc	Net amount	純額/ 正味金額/ 差引支給額	Jungaku/ Shōmi kingaku/ Sashihiki shikyū-gaku * (net pay; net amount paid)
Noun-Mc	Net price	正味価格	Shōmi kakaku
Noun-Mc	Discount price	割引価格	Waribiki kakaku
Noun-Mc	Deduction	控除 (する)/ 差し引き (する)	Kōjo (suru) * (subtraction; deduction (e.g. tax); subsidy)/ Sashihiki (suru) * (deduction; subtraction; balance)
Noun-Mc	Price deduction	価格控除	Kakaku kōjo
Noun-Mc	Special deductions	特別控除	Tokubetsu kōjo
Noun-Mc	Total discount	合計割引	Gōkei waribiki
Noun-Mc	Total amount	合計金額	Gōkei kingaku
Noun-Mc	Total price	合計金額	Gōkei kingaku
Noun-Mc	Credit	掛け/ 債権/ 誇り/ クレジット	Kake * (credit; money owed on an account; bill)/ Saiken * (credit; claim)/ Hokori * (pride; boast; credit (to))/ Kurejitto
Noun-Mc	Debit	引き落とし/ デビット	Hikiotoshi * (debit; withdrawal)/ Debitto
Noun-Mc	Account balance (debit and credit balance)	口座残高 (借方残高と貸方残高)	Kōza zandaka (karikatazandaka to kashikatazandaka)
Noun-Mc	Change (spare change)	小銭 (小銭)	Kozeni (kozeni)
Noun-Mc	Change money	釣り銭 (釣銭/ つり銭)/ 小銭	Tsurisen/ Kozeni

Noun-Mc	Pocket money	ポケットマネー/ ポケットのお金/ 小遣い銭/ 小遣い/ 手元/ 懐銭/ 懐のお金	Pokettomanē/ Poketto no okane/ Kodzukai sen/ Kodzukai/ Temoto/ Futokoro zeni/ Futokoro no okane
Noun-Mc	Wallet	財布/ 札入れ/ 紙入れ (紙入)/ 金入れ	Saifu/ Satsuire/ Kamiire/ Kaneire
Noun-Mc	Cost price	原価/ 仕入れ値/ 納品価格/ 仕入れ価格/ 買値	Genka/ Shiirene/ Nōhin kakaku/ Shiire kakaku/ Kaine
Noun-Mc	Sales price	販売価格/ 売値 (売り値)/ セールス価格/ 売買価格	Hanbai kakaku/ Urine/ Sērusu kakaku/ Baibai kakaku
Noun-Mc	High price (expensive price)	高い価格/ 価格が高いです/ 値段が高いです/ 高価格/ 高額	Takai kakaku/ Kakaku ga takai desu/ Nedan ga takai desu/ Kō kakaku/ Kōgaku
Noun-Mc	Low price (cheap price)	安い価格/ 価格が安いです/ 値段が安いです/ 低価格	Yasui kakaku/ Kakaku ga yasui desu/ Nedan ga yasui desu/ Tei kakaku
Noun-Mc	Allowance (e.g. housing allowance) (benefit)	手当 (する)/ 仕送り (する)/ 給与 (する)	Teate (suru)/ Shiokuri (suru)/ Kyūyo (suru)
Noun-Mc	Amount (quantity; value)	金額 (数量; 値)/ 高 (たか)	Kingaku (Sūryō; Atai)/ Taka
Noun-Mc	Significant amount	かなりの量	Kanari no ryō
Noun-Mc	Asset (assets)	財産/ 資産/ 資財/ アセット	Zaisan/ Shisan/ Shizai/ Asetto
Noun-Mc	At one's own expense	自己負担で (自己の負担で)/ 自分自身の費用/ 自身の費用	Jiko futan de (Jiko no futan de)/ Jibunjishin'no hiyō/ jishin no hiyō
Noun-Mc	Bank account	銀行口座	Ginkō kōza
Noun-Mc	Bank account number	銀行の口座番号	Ginkō no kōza bangō
Noun-Mc	Corporate account	企業アカウント/ 企業会計	Kigyō akaunto/ Kigyō kaikei
Noun-Mc	Bank deposit	銀行預金	Ginkō yokin
Noun-Mc	Bank statement	銀行取引明細書	Ginkō torihiki meisai-sho
Noun-Mc	Bankrupt	破産 (する)/ 倒産 (する)/ 没落 (する)/ 破綻 (破たん) (する)	Hasan (suru)/ Tōsan (suru)/ Botsuraku (suru)/ Hatan (suru)
Noun-Mc	Bill (the bill)	勘定 (する)/ 請求書/ 付け (つけ) (請求書)	Kanjō (suru)/ Seikyū-sho/ Tsuke * (bill; bill of sale; payment invoice) (seikyū-sho)
Noun-Mc	Bill of sale	売買契約書	Baikaikeiyaku-sho
Noun-Mc	Budget	予算 (する)	Yosan (suru)
Noun-Mc	Capacity (volume)	容量/ 体積/ 容積/ 量 (りょう)/ キャパシティ (容量/ 体積/ 容積/ 量 (りょう)/ 数量/ 高 (たか)/ ボリューム/ 音量)	Yōryō/ Taiseki/ Yōseki/ Ryō/ Kyapashiti (Yōryō/ Taiseki/ Yōseki/ Ryō/ Sūryō/ Taka * (quantity; amount; volume; number; amount of money)/ Boryūmu/ Onryō * (volume (sound)))
Noun-Mc	Class	クラス	Kurasu
Noun-Mc	Classification (class)	分類 (クラス)	Bunrui (kurasu)
Noun-Mc	Classification (grouping; sorting)	分類 (する)/ 区別 (する)/ 選別 (する)/ 仕分け (する)/ 分け (する)/ 区分 (する)/ 類別 (する)/ 部分け (する)/ 順 (じゅん)/ 順序/ オーダー (する)	Bunrui (suru)/ Kubetsu (suru)/ Senbetsu (suru)/ Shiwake (suru)/ Wake (suru)/ Kubun (suru)/ Ruibetsu (suru)/ Bubun ke (suru)/ Jun/ Junjo/ Ōdā (suru)
Noun-Mc	Compensation (reparation)	補償 (する)/ 賠償 (する)	Hoshō (suru)/ Baishō (suru)
Noun-Mc	Compensation payment (reparation)	補償金	Hoshō kin

Noun-Mo	Cost	料金/ 費用/ 費/ 値段/ 代金/ 値/ 代価	Ryōkin/ Hiyō/ Hi/ Nedan/ Daikin/ Atai/ Daika
Noun-Mo	Cost reduction	コスト削減/ 経費削減	Kosuto sakugen/ Keihi sakugen
Noun-Mo	Cost increase	コスト増加/ 負担増	Kosuto zōka/ Futan-zō
Noun-Mo	Credit card	クレジットカード	Kurejittokādo
Noun-Mo	Pin card	ピンカード	Pinkādo
Noun-Mo	Visa card	ビザカード	Bizakādo
Noun-Mo	Currency	通貨/ 貨幣/ カレンシー	Tsūka/ Kahei/ Karensū
Noun-Mo	Currency change (currency conversion)	通貨変更 (通貨換算)	Tsūka henkō (tsūka kansan)
Noun-Mo	Currency exchange	為替	Kawase
Noun-Mo	Deposit	預かり金 (預り金)/ 預金 (する)/ 貯金 (する)	Azukari-kin/ Yokin (suru)/ Chokin (suru)
Noun-Mo	Deposit (esp. on renting a house) (security money)	保証金/ 敷金	Hoshōkin/ Shikikin
Noun-Mo	Depreciation	下落 (する)/ 減価償却/ 低減 (する)/ 減価 (する)/ 減価償却費	Geraku (suru) * (depreciation; decline; fall; slump)/ Gankashōkyaku * (depreciation)/ Teigen (suru) * (decrease; reduction; fall; depreciation; mitigation)/ Genka (suru) * (price reduction; depreciation; abatement)/ Gankashōkyaku-hi * (depreciation cost; depreciation expense)
Noun-Mo	Discount (price reduction)	割引/ 値引き (する)/ (お) 値下げ (する)/ ディスカウント (する)	Waribiki/ Nebiki (suru)/ (O) Nesage (suru)/ Disukaunto (suru)
Noun-Mo	Distinction	区別 (する)/ 別 (の/ な)/ 識別 (する)	Kubetsu (suru)/ Betsu (no/ na)/ Shikibetsu (suru)
Noun-Mo	Discernment	識別 (する)	Shikibetsu (suru)
Noun-Mo	Estimation	推定 (する)/ 見積もり/ 評価 (する)/ 予測 (する)/ 算定 (する)/ 値打ち	Suitei (suru)/ Mitsumori/ Hyōka (suru)/ Yosoku (suru)/ Santei (suru)/ Neuchi
Noun-Mo	Evaluation	評価 (する)/ 品定め (する)/ 値打ち/ 考課/ エバリュエーション	Hyōka (suru)/ Shinasadame (suru)/ Neuchi/ Kōka/ Ebaryūeshon
Noun-Mo	Excess	過剰 (な/ の)/ 超過 (する)/ 余分 (な)/ 過度 (な/ の/ に)/ 過多 (な)/ 余りにも (あまりにも)/ 余りに (あまりに)/ 余り (あまり) (な/ の)	Kajō (na/ no)/ Chōka (suru)/ Yobun (na) * (becomes yobun'na)/ Kado (na/ no/ ni)/ Kata (na)/ Amarini mo/ Amarini/ Amari (na/ no)
Noun-Mo	Expenses	経費/ 支出 (する)/ 出費 (する)/ 物入り (物要り)/ 諸掛かり/ 失費/ 入り目 (入目)/ 入費/ 入用/ 入り用 (入りよう/ 要り用/ 入用/ 要りよう/ いりよう)/ 費用/ 費/ エクスペンス	Keihi/ Shishutsu (suru)/ Shuppi (suru)/ Monoiri (mono iri)/ Shogakari/ Shippi/ Iri-me/ Nyūhi/ Iriyō/ Iriyō/ Hiyō/ Hi/ Ekusupensu
Noun-Mo	Expensive (highly priced)	高価 (な)	Kōka (na)
Noun-Mo	Fare (the fare)	運賃 (運賃)/ 料金/ フェア	Unchin (unchin)/ Ryōkin/ Fea
Noun-Mo	Fee (charge)	料金	Ryōkin
Noun-Mo	Fine (a fine; penalty)	罰金	Bakkin

Noun-Mo	Flat rate (fixed fee, always the same price)	定額料金/ 固定価格/ 正札値段 (固定料金; 常に同じ料金)	Teigaku ryōkin * (flat rate; fixed price; fixed fee)/ Kotei kakaku * (fixed price)/ Shōfuda nedan * (fixed price) (kotei ryōkin; tsuneni onaji ryōkin)
Noun-Mo	Friend price	友達価格/ 友達の値段/ フレンド価格	Tomodachi kakaku/ Tomodachi no nedan/ Furendo kakaku
Noun-Mo	Frugality	儉約 (する/ な)/ 質素 (な)/ 儉 (けん)/ 勤儉 (する)/ 質素儉約 (する)/ 勤儉力行 (する)	Ken'yaku (suru/ na) * (thrift; economy; frugality)/ Shisso (na) * (simple; plain/ modest; frugal; reserved)/ Ken * (economizing; thriftiness; prudence; frugality)/ Kinken (suru) * (industry; diligence; frugality)/ Shisso ken'yaku (suru) * ((practice of) simplicity and frugality; scrimping and saving)/ Kinkenrikkō (suru) * (work hard and practice frugality)
Noun-Mo	Fund (funds)	資金 (資金)	shikin (shikin)
Noun-Mo	Grading (Classification)	採点 (する)/ 級別/ 分粒/ 格付け (する)/ ランク付け (する)/ レーティング/ グレーディング (分類 (する)/ 区別 (する)/ 選別 (する)/ 内訳/ 仕分け (する)/ 種別 (する)/ 分け/ 区分 (する/ の)/ 部分け (する)/ 類別 (する)/ 格付け (する))	Saiten (suru)/ Kyū-betsu/ Bunryū/ Kakudzuke (suru)/ Ranku-tsuke (suru)/ Rētingu/ Gurēdingu (Bunrui (suru)/ Kubetsu (suru)/ Senbetsu (suru)/ Uchiwake/ Shiwake (suru)/ Shubetsu (suru)/ Wake/ Kubun (suru/ no)/ Bubun ke (suru)/ Ruibetsu (suru)/ Kakudzuke (suru))
Noun-Mo	Guaranteed minimum income	最低保障給	Saitei hoshō-kyū
Noun-Mo	Hire (the hire)	雇用 (雇用)	Koyō (koyō)
Noun-Mo	For hire	レンタル用	rentaru-yō
Noun-Mo	Hour rate (tariff)	時間料金 (料金)	Jikan ryōkin (ryōkin)
Noun-Mo	Household expenses	住居費	Jūkyo-hi
Noun-Mo	Income (earnings, profit)	収入/ 所得/ 上がり (揚がり)/ 働き (収益, 利益)	Shūnyū/ Shotoku/ Agari/ Hataraki (shūeki, rieki)
Noun-Mo	Average income	平均所得/ 平均収入	Heikin shotoku/ Heikin shūnyū
Noun-Mo	Benefit	利点	Riten
Noun-Mo	Bonus (extra; additional)	ボーナス/ 賞与/ 手当 (する) (追加 (する/ の); 追加 (する/ の))	Bōnasu/ Shōyo/ Teate (suru) * (salary; pay; compensation; allowance (e.g. housing allowance); benefit; bonus) (Tsuika (suru/ no); Tsuika (suru/ no))
Noun-Mo	Performance bonus	実績に応じた追加の報酬	Jisseki ni ōjita tsuika no hōshū
Noun-Mo	Extras (addition; supplement)	エクストラ (する)/ プラスオン (する) (追加 (する/ の/ な); 補足 (する))	Ekusutora (suru)/ Purasuon (suru) * (extras; addition; supplement; Wasei, word made in Japan, From English "plus on") (Tsuika (suru/ no/ na); Hosoku (suru))
Noun-Mo	Supplement	補足 (する/ の)	Hosoku (suru/ no)
Noun-Mo	Installment	掛け金/ 一回分/ 取り付け/ インストールメント	Kakekin * (installment; instalment; premium; bill)/ Ichi-kaibun * (dose; installment; instalment)/ Toritsuke * (installation; mounting; furnishing; fitting)/ Insutōrumento * (installment; instalment)
Noun-Mo	Interest (usury; profit)	利息 (高利貸し; 利益)	Risoku (kōrigashi; rieki)

Noun-Mo	Interest rate	金利	Kinri
Noun-Mo	List price (regular price; established price)	定価	Teika
Noun-Mo	Lottery	宝くじ (宝籤)/ 籤/ 抽選 (抽籤/ 抽せん) (する)/ くじ引き (籤引き/ 籤引) (する)/ 福引/ 富/ ロッテリー/ 抽選会	Takarakuji/ Kuji/ Chūsen (suru)/ Kujibiki (suru)/ Fukubiki/ Tomi/ Rotterī/ Chūsen-kai
Noun-Mo	Overtime pay (overtime money; overtime payment)	残業代/ 残業手当/ 時間外手当/ 残業の補償	Zangyō-dai/ Zangyō teate/ Jikangaiteate/ Zangyō no hoshō
Noun-Mo	Price increase	(お) 値上げ (する)	(o) Neage (suru)
Noun-Mo	Profit (gains)	利益 (する)	Rieki (suru)
Noun-Mo	Rating (Score)	評価 (する)/ 格付け (する)/ 等級/ レーティング/ レート (スコア/ 得点 (する)/ 点数/ 点)	Hyōka (suru)/ Kakudzuke (suru)/ Tōkyū/ Rētingu/ Rēto (Sukoa/ Tokuten (suru)/ Tensū/ Ten)
Noun-Mo	Rent (the rent)	家賃/ 賃貸 (する)/ 賃料/ 借料/ 賃貸し (する) (家賃)	Yachin/ Chintai (suru)/ Chinryō/ Shakuryō/ Chingashi (suru) (yachin)
Noun-Mo	Rent allowance	住居手当	Jūkyo teate
Noun-Mo	Reparation (repairment; repair)	補償 (する)/ 弁償 (する)/ 代償/ 償金/ 弁償金/ 補い/ 修理 (する)/ リペア (を) (する) (修理 (する); 修理 (する))	Hoshō (suru) * (compensation; reparation)/ Beshō (suru) * (compensation; indemnification; reparation; restitution; recompense)/ Daishō * (compensation; reparation; indemnification)/ Shōkin * (reparation; redemption)/ Beshō-kin * (reparation; indemnity; compensation; reimbursement)/ Oginai * (replenishment; supplement; reparation)/ Shūri (suru) * (repair; mending; fixing; servicing)/ Ripea (o) (suru) * (repair) (shūri (suru); shūri (suru))
Noun-Mo	Royalty (royalties)	特許料/ ロイヤルティ (ロイヤリティ/ 著作権使用料)	Tokkyo-ryō * (patent fee; royalty)/ Roiyaruti (roiyariti/ chosakken shiyō-ryō * (royalties))
Noun-Mo	Salary (wage, pay)	給与 (する)/ 賃金/ 給料/ 手当 (する)	Kyūyo (suru)/ Chingin/ Kyūryō/ Teate (suru)
Noun-Mo	Gross salary	総給与	Sō kyūyo
Noun-Mo	Net salary	純給与	Jun kyūyo
Noun-Mo	Month salary	月給	Gekkyū
Noun-Mo	Monthly salary (monthly pay; monthly earnings)	月給 (月収)	Gekkyū (gesshū)
Noun-Mo	Year salary	年収	Nenshū
Noun-Mo	Savings	貯蓄 (する)/ 貯金 (する)/ 節約 (する)/ 蓄え (貯え/ たくわえ)/ 積立 (積み立て/ 積立て/ つみたて)	Chochiku (suru)/ Chokin (suru)/ Setsuyaku (suru)/ Takuwae/ Tsumitate
Noun-Mo	Shortage (deficiency; lack)	不足 (する/ な)/ 欠乏 (する)/ 貧困 (な/ の)/ 欠損 (する)/ 欠如 (する)/ 不十分 (不充分) (な)	Fusoku (suru/ na)/ Ketsubō (suru)/ Hinkon (na/ no)/ Kesson (suru)/ Ketsujo (suru)/ Fujūbun (na) * (fujūbun'na, pronunciation changes slightly)
Noun-Mo	Slump	スランプ	suranpu

Noun-Mc	Splitting the bill (splitting the cost)	割り勘 (する)/ 割り勘にする/ 勘定を分ける/ 勘定を割る/ 割前勘定/ ダッチアカウント/ 兵隊勘定/ 百舌勘定	Warikan (suru)/ Warikan'nisuru/ Kanjō o wakeru * (divide the bill; share the bill)/ Kanjō o waru/ Warimaekanjō/ Datchiakaunto * (English “Dutch account”. Wasei (word made in Japan))/ Heitaikanjō * (Dutch treat; going Dutch)/ Mozukanjō * (splitting the bill so that the others end up paying the whole amount; wheedling the others into paying the whole bill)
Noun-Mc	Subsidy	補助金	Hojokin
Noun-Mc	Sum of trust money	信託金の額	Shintaku-kin no gaku
Noun-Mc	Surplus	余剰/ 余裕/ 過剰 (な)/ 余分 (な)/ 余り (あまり) (な/ の)/ 過多 (な)/ 剰余金/ 余計 (な)/ 超過分 (の)/ 剰余/ エクストラ (の/ な)/ 余り物 (あまり物)/ サープラス (の/ な)	Yojō/ Yoyū/ Kajō (na)/ Yobun (na)/ Amari (na/ no)/ Kata (na)/ Jōyo-kin/ Yokei (na)/ Chōka-bun (no)/ Jōyo/ Ekusutora (no/ na)/ Amarimono/ Sāpurasu (no/ na)
Noun-Mc	Tax (taxes)	税金/ 税	Zeikin/ Zei
Noun-Mc	Tax rate	税率/ 課税率	Zeiritsu/ Kazei-ritsu
Noun-Mc	Before taxes	税引前	Zeibiki mae
Noun-Mc	After taxes	税引後	Zeibiki go
Noun-Mc	Tip (a tip)	チップ (チップ)	Chippu (chippu)
Noun-Mc	Value	値/ 価値	Atai/ Kachi
Noun-Mc	Added value	付加価値	Fuka kachi
Noun-Mc	Wage (recompense; salary)	給/ 給与 (する)/ 給料	Kyū/ Kyūyo (suru)/ Kyūryō
Noun-Mc	Loan (loans)	借入金/ 融資 (する)/ 借金 (する)/ 貸し/ 貸付 (する)/ 貸与 (する)/ 貸借 (する)/ 借り/ ローン (ローン)	Kariirekin/ Yūshi (suru)/ Shakkin (suru)/ Kashi/ Kashitsuke (suru)/ Taiyo (suru)/ Taishaku (suru) * (loan; debit and credit; lending and borrowing)/ Kari * (borrowing; debt; loan)/ Rōn (rōn)
Noun-Mc	Long-term loan	長期融資	Chōki yūshi
Noun-Mc	Operating loan	運転資金	untan shikin
Noun-Mc	Funds (capital; fund)	資金/ 資本/ 資 (し) (資本金; 資金)	Shikin/ Shihon/ Shi (Shihonkin * (capital stock/ common stock); Shikin)
Noun-Mc	Hypothec (hypothecary)	抵当/ モーゲージ/ 抵当権/ 担保	Teitō/ Mōgēji/ Teitō-ken * (mortgage; right of pledge; lien/ hypothec)/ Tanpo * (security; guarantee; collateral; mortgage/ guarantee (e.g. of safety))
Noun-Mc	Mortgage	抵当/ モーゲージ/ 抵当権/ 担保	Teitō/ Mōgēji/ Teitō-ken * (mortgage; right of pledge; lien/ hypothec)/ Tanpo * (security; guarantee; collateral; mortgage/ guarantee (e.g. of safety))
Noun-Mc	Property	財産/ 資産/ 所有物/ 資財/ 財物/ 身代	Zaisan/ Shisan/ Shoyū-butsu * (property; possession)/ Shizai/ Zaibutsu/ Shindai
Noun-Mc	Intellectual property	知的財産	Chiteki zaisan
Noun-Mc	Property law (property laws)	財産法/ 物権法/ 物権/ 財産の法律/ 物権法律/ 財産の法則/ 所在地法 (財産法)	Zaisan-hō/ Bukken-hō/ Bukken/ Zaisan no hōritsu/ Bukken hōritsu/ Zaisan no hōsoku/ Shozaichi-hō * (local law; law of the country where a property, etc. is located) (zaisan-hō)

Noun-Mo	Shares (stock holdings)	株式/ 持ち株 (保有株式)	Kabushiki/ Mochikabu * (stock holdings; one's shares) (Hoyū kabushiki)
Noun-Cor	Time	時間/ 時 (刻/ 秋/ とし)/ 時期	Jikan * (time; hour/ period; of time; interval of time; amount of time)/ Toki (Ji) * (time; hour; moment. This one is better used for making appointments)/ Jiki * (time; season; period; phase; stage)
Noun-Cor	Free time	暇 (ひま) (な)/ 自由時間/ 自由な時間/ 空き/ 空き時間/ 片手間/ お暇 (いとま) (する)/ 閑 (かん)/ フリータイム	Hima (na)/ Jiyū jikan/ Jiyūna jikan/ Aki * (means space or vacancy, but can also mean 'free time; time to spare')/ Aki jikan/ Katatema/ o Itoma (suru) * (do not confuse with the word 'hima' which has the same kanji character, only with 'na' instead of 'suru)/ Kan/ Furitaimu
Noun-Cor	Break (rest)	休憩 (する)/ 一服 (する)/ 一息/ 休養 (する)/ 一休み (する)/ 中休み (する)/ 小憩 (する)/ 合間 (の)/ 切れ目/ 中断 (する)/ 絶え間/ 晴れ間 (休憩 (休けい) (する)/ 休み)	Kyūkei (suru) * (rest; break; recess; intermission)/ Ippuku (suru) * ((a) dose; (a) puff; (a) smoke; lull; short rest; take a (little) rest; break)/ Hitoiki * (one breath/ pause; break; rest; breather)/ Kyūyō (suru) * (rest; relaxation; recreation; recuperation; convalescence)/ Hitoyasumi (suru) * ((short) rest; breather; break)/ Nakayasumi (suru) * (break (from work, etc.); recess)/ Shōkei (suru) * (short break; breather; brief recess; rest)/ Aima (no) * (interval; break; pause; spare moment)/ Kireme * (pause; interval; interruption/ gap; break; rift)/ Chūdan (suru) * (interruption; suspension; break)/ Taema * (interval; break; pause; intermission/ gap (e.g. in the clouds); rift; cleft)/ Harema * (break (in the weather, esp. rain or snow); interval of clear weather/ patch of blue sky/ period of serenity) (Kyūkei (suru)/ Yasumi * (rest; recess; respite/ vacation; holiday; absence; suspension))
Noun-Cor	Holiday (holidays)	休日 (休日)	Kyūjitsu (kyūjitsu)
Noun-Cor	Interval	間隔	kankaku
Noun-Cor	Pause	一時停止 (する)/ 休止 (する)/ 間合い/ 合間 (の)/ 間 (ま)	Ichiji teishi (suru) * (suspension; pause; temporary halt; moratorium/ stopping (at an intersection, railway crossing, etc.)/ stop sign)/ Kyūshi (suru) * (pause; suspension; rest; stoppage)/ Maai * (pause; interval)/ Aima (no) * (interval; break; pause; spare moment)/ Ma * (time; pause)
Noun-Cor	Vacation	休暇	Kyūka
Noun-Cor	Break time (rest time; resting time; time to rest)	休憩時間 (休憩時間; 休憩時間; 休憩時間)	Kyūkei jikan (kyūkei jikan; kyūkei jikan; kyūkei jikan)
Noun-Cor	Closing time	閉店時間	Heiten jikan

Noun-Cor	Holiday time	休日の時間	Kyūjitsu no jikan
Noun-Cor	Moment (moments)	瞬間/ つかの間/ 一瞬/ 時(とき)/ 咄嗟/ ひととき (ひと時) (瞬間)	Shunkan * (moment; second; instant)/ Tsukanoma * (moment; brief space of time)/ Isshun * (instant; moment; for an instant)/ Toki * (time; hour; moment)/ Tossa * (moment; instant)/ Hitotoki * (a (short) time; a while; moment/ one time (in the past); a period; former times) (shunkan)
Noun-Cor	Last moment (on the last moment)	土壇場/ ぎりぎり (限り限り) (な/ の)/ いよいよという時	Dotanba * (last moment; eleventh hour)/ Girigiri (na/ no) * (just barely; only just; at the very limit; at the last moment)/ Iyoiyotoiutoki * ((at the) last moment; (in the) nick of time)
Noun-Cor	Opening time (opening times)	営業時間 (営業時間)	Eigyō jikan (eigyō jikan)
Noun-Cor	Opening hours	営業時間	Eigyō jikan
Noun-Cor	Office hours	営業時間	Eigyō jikan
Noun-Cor	Special moment	特別な瞬間/ 特別なひととき (特別なひと時)	Tokubetsuna shunkan/ Tokubetsuna hitotoki
Noun-Cor	Sleep time (sleeping time; time to sleep; time to go to bed)	睡眠時間 (睡眠時間; 寝る時間; 寝る時間)	Suimin jikan (suimin jikan; nerujikan; nerujikan)
Noun-Cor	Suitable time (convenient time)	適当な時/ 適切な時/ 適当な時間/ 頃合/ 頃 (ころ)/ 間合い/ ご都合のよい時間帯 (ご都合のよい時間帯)	Tekitōna toki * (suitable time)/ Tekisetsuna toki/ Tekitōna jikan/ Koroai * (suitable time; good time)/ Koro * (suitable time (or condition))/ Maai * (suitable time; appropriate opportunity)/ Gotsugō no yoi jikantai (gotsugō no yoi jikantai)
Noun-Cor	Work time (working time; time to work)	仕事をする時間/ 労働時間 (労働時間; 働くまでの時間)	Shigoto o suru jikan/ Rōdō jikan (rōdō jikan; hataraku made no jikan)
Noun-Cor	Period	限目	Genme
Noun-Cor	Cycle	サイクル	Saikuru
Noun-Cor	Intermission	休憩 (する)/ 休憩時間/ 絶え間/ 途絶え/ 間章/ 途切れ/ 幕間/ インターミッション	Kyūkei (suru) * (rest; break; recess; intermission)/ Kyūkei jikan * (rest period; intermission; break time; recess)/ Taema * (interval; break; pause; intermission)/ Todae * (pause; intermission; break; interruption; suspension)/ Kanshou * (interlude; intermission/ insert chapter; special chapter)/ Togire * (break; pause; interruption; intermission)/ Makuai * (intermission (between acts); interlude)/ Intāmisshon * (intermission)
Noun-Cor	Leisure	余暇 (の)/ 暇 (ひま)/ 閑暇/ 閑日月/ レジャー/ 手透き	Yoka (no) * (leisure; leisure time; spare time)/ Hima * (spare time; free time; leisure/ time off; leave; vacation; holiday)/ Kanka * (leisure)/ Kanjitsugetsu * (leisure)/ Rejā * (leisure)/ Tesuki * (not busy; unengaged; being free)
Noun-Cor	Nap (a nap; a short sleep)	昼寝 (昼寝; 短い睡眠)	Hirune (hirune; mijikai suimin)

Noun-Cor	Relaxation	休養(する)/ 緩和(する)/ 休息(する/ の)/ 骨休め(する)/ 息抜き(する)/ 気晴らし(する)/ 楽(な)/ 寛ぎ(の)/ 慰安(する)/ 憩い(の)/ 気散じ(な)/ リラックス(する)/ リラクゼーション/ リラクゼーション	Kyūyō (suru)/ Kanwa (suru)/ Kyūsoku (suru/ no)/ Honeyasume (suru)/ Ikinuki (suru) * (taking a breather; relaxation; vent hole)/ Kibarashi (suru) * (recreation; diversion; relaxation)/ Raku (na) * (comfort; ease; relief; (at) peace; relaxation/ easy; simple; without trouble; without hardships)/ Kutsurogi (no)/ Ian (suru) * (solace; relaxation)/ Ikoi (no)/ Kisanji (na) * (recreation; diversion; relaxation)/ Rirakkusu (suru)/ Rirakusēshon/ Rirakuzēshon
Noun-Cor	Relief	安心(な/ する)	anshin (na/suru)
Noun-Cor	Respite	休息(休足)(する/ の)/ 休み	Kyūsoku (suru/ no) * (rest; relief; relaxation)/ Yasumi * (rest; recess; respite/ vacation; holiday; absence; suspension)
Noun-Cor	Rest (break; pause)	休息(休足)(する/ の)/ 休み/ 休憩(休けい)(する)/ 一服(する)(休憩(休けい)(する); 一休み(する); 一時停止(する); 休止(する); ポーズ(ポーズ)(する))	Kyūsoku (suru/ no) * (rest; relief; relaxation)/ Yasumi * (rest; recess; respite/ vacation; holiday; absence; suspension)/ Kyūkei (suru) * (rest; break; recess; intermission)/ Ippuku (suru) * ((a) dose; (a) puff; (a) smoke; lull; short rest; take a (little) rest; break) (Kyūkei (suru); Hitoyasumi (suru) * ((short) rest; breather; break); Ichiji teishi (suru); Kyūshi (suru); Pōzu (suru))
Noun-Cor	Resting day (day off; non-working day)	休日(休日; 休業日)	Kyūjitsu (Kyūjitsu; Kyūgyōbi)
Noun-Cor	Sleep (a sleep; a rest; a night's rest)	睡眠/ 眠り(睡眠; 休息; 夜の休息)	Suimin/ Nemuri (suimin; kyūsoku; yoru no kyūsoku)
Noun-Cor	Afternoon nap	お昼寝/ 午後の昼寝 * (afternoon nap)/ 午後の睡眠 * (afternoon sleep)/ 午後の眠り	Ohirune/ Gogo no hirune/ Gogo no suimin/ Gogo no nemuri
Noun-Cor	An off day	調子の悪い日	Chōshi no warui hi
Noun-Cor	Hiatus	休止中	Kyūshi-chū
Noun-Cor	Hibernation	冬眠(する)/ 越冬(する)/ 冬ごもり(する)/ 蟄伏(する)/ ハイバネーション	Tōmin (suru) * (hibernation; winter sleep; torpor)/ Ettō (suru) * (passing the winter; hibernation)/ Fuyugomori (suru) * (hibernation/ staying indoors during winter)/ Chippuku (suru) * (hibernation; staying home or in place)/ Haibanēshon * (hibernation * (computing))
Noun-Cor	Do not disturb	邪魔しないでください	Jama shinaide kudasai
Noun-Cor	On holiday	休暇中	Kyuukachuu
Noun-Cor	Out of office	不在	Fuzai
Noun-Cor	Talk (Chat)	話/ 談話(する)/ トーク(喋り(する)/ 雑談(する)/ チャット(する))	Hanashi/ Danwa (suru)/ Tōku (Shaberi (suru)/ Zatsudan (suru)/ Chatto (suru))
Noun-Cor	Line (ie. waiting line)	ライン/ 待機列	Rain/ Taiki retsu

Noun-Cor	Argument (arguments; discussion)	議論 (する)/ 論議 (する)/ 弁論 (する/ の)/ 口論 (する)/ 論/ アーギュメント (議論 (する); 議論 (する))	Giron (suru)/ Rongi (suru)/ Benron (suru/ no)/ Kōron (suru) * (more argument as in quarrel; dispute)/ Ron/ Āgyumento (giron (suru)); giron (suru))
Noun-Cor	Call (a call; the call)	呼び出し (する)/ 呼び声 (呼び出し (する))	Yobidashi (suru) * (call; summons; paging; curtain call)/ Yobigoe * (call; hail; yell) (yobidashi (suru))
Noun-Cor	Cough	咳 (せき)/ 咳嗽	Seki/ Gaisō
Noun-Cor	Cry (a cry)	泣く (泣く)	Naku (naku)
Noun-Cor	Sob (sobbing; sobs)	すすり泣く (すすり泣き、すすり泣き)	susurinaku (susurinaki, susurinaki)
Noun-Cor	Conversation	会話 (する)/ 談話 (する)/ 話	Kaiwa (suru)/ Danwa (suru)/ Hanashi
Noun-Cor	Gasp (a gasp)	息を呑む (息を呑む)	Ikiwonomu (ikiwonomu)
Noun-Cor	Goosebumps	鳥肌が立つ	torihada ga tatsu
Noun-Cor	Groan (moan)	うめく (呻く) (うめき声)	Umeku (umekigoe)
Noun-Cor	Meaning	意味 (する)/ 意義/ 義 (の)/ 趣旨 (主旨/ しゅし)	Imi (suru)/ Igi/ Gi (no)/ Shushi
Noun-Cor	Purport	旨	Mune
Noun-Cor	Narration	語り/ ナレーション	Katari/ Narēshon
Noun-Cor	Pant (panting)	喘ぐ (息を切らして)	Aegu (iki o kirashite)
Noun-Cor	Roar (a roar)	咆哮 (する) (咆哮 (する))	Hōkō (suru) (hōkō (suru))
Noun-Cor	Shiver (a shiver)	震え (震え)	Furue (furue)
Noun-Cor	Shout (a shout)	叫び/ 叫び声/ わめき声 (叫び)	Sakebi/ Sakebigoe/ Wameki-goe (sakebi)
Noun-Cor	Shrug (a shrug)	肩をすくめる (肩をすくめる)	Katawosukumeru (katawosukumeru)
Noun-Cor	Tremble (a tremble)	震える (震える)	Furueru (furueru)
Noun-Cor	Tremor	身震い	Miburui
Noun-Cor	Yell (a yell)	叫び声/ 叫び/ わめき声 (叫び声)	Sakebigoe/ Sakebi/ Wameki-goe (sakebigoe)
Noun-Cor	Wailing	嘆き	Nageki
Noun-Cor	Wheeze	喘鳴 (する)/ ゼイゼイ (する)	Zeimei (suru)/ Zeizei (suru)
Noun-Cor	Accent	アクセント	akusento
Noun-Cor	Communication	コミュニケーション/ 通信 (する)	Komyunikēshon/ Tsūshin (suru)
Noun-Cor	Communication skill	コミュニケーション能力/ コミュニケーションスキル/ 通信能力	Komyunikēshon nōryoku/ Komyunikēshonsukiru/ Tsūshin nōryoku
Noun-Cor	Conflict	葛藤 (する)/ 紛争 (する)/ 対立 (する)/ トラブル	Kattō (suru)/ Funsō (suru)/ Tairitsu (suru)/ Toraburu
Noun-Cor	Conflict of interest	利益相反	Riekiaihan
Noun-Cor	Internal conflict	内部抗争/ 内輪もめ	Naibu kōsō * (internal strife; infighting; internal conflict)/ Uchiwamome * (internal conflict; family quarrel; domestic trouble)
Noun-Cor	Correspondence (to; equivalence)	対応 (する)	Taiō (suru)
Noun-Cor	Decision (resolution)	決断 (する)/ 決定 (する)/ 解決 (する)	Ketsudan (suru)/ Kettei (suru)/ Kaiketsu (suru)
Noun-Cor	Definition	定義 (する)	Teigi (suru)
Noun-Cor	Exclamation	感嘆符	Kantan fu * (exclamation point; exclamation mark)
Noun-Cor	Final decision (final say)	最終決定 (する) (最終決定 (する))	Saishū kettei (suru) (saishū kettei suru))

Noun-Cor	Final word (final say)	最後の一言/ 最終的な発言 (最終発言)	Saigo no hitokoto/ Saishū-tekina hatsugen (saishū hatsugen)
Noun-Cor	Description (explanation)	説明 (する)/ 記述 (する)/ 描写 (する)	Setsumei (suru)/ Kijutsu (suru)/ Byōsha (suru)
Noun-Cor	Document description	文書の説明	Bunsho no setsumei
Noun-Cor	Difficult time (hard time)	大変な時期 (大変な時期)	Taihen'na jiki (taihen'na jiki)
Noun-Cor	Disagreement (difference of opinion)	意見の相違/ 不一致/ 食い違い/ 不同意/ 不賛成/ 不和 (な/ の)/ 否 (いな) (意見の相違)	Iken'nosōi/ Fuitchi/ Kuichigai/ Fu dōi/ Fusansei * (disapproval; disagreement)/ Fuwa (na/ no) * (friction; discord; trouble; dissension; disagreement)/ Ina (no; nay/ formal or literary term/ disagreement; objection; disapproval/ formal or literary term) (iken'nosōi)
Noun-Cor	Discussion (debate)	議論 (する)/ 討論 (する)/ 会談 (する)/ 話し合い (する)/ 弁論 (する/ の)	Giron (suru)/ Tōron (suru)/ Kaidan (suru)/ Hanashiai (suru)/ Benron (suru/ no)
Noun-Cor	Public discussion (public debate)	公開討論/ 物議/ 問題/ 物議騒然/ トークイベント/ トークセッション (公開討論/ 公議)	Kōkai tōron * (public debate; open discussion)/ Butsugi * (public discussion; public criticism; controversy)/ Mondai * (public discussion; controversy)/ Butsugisōzen * (tumultuous public discussion; noisy public criticism)/ Tōkuibento * (public talk; panel session; round- table discussion)/ Tōkusesshon * (public talk; panel session; round-table discussion) (Kōkai tōron/ Kōgi * (public opinion; public debate/ just view; fair argument/ rare term))
Noun-Cor	Dialogue	対話	Taiwa
Noun-Cor	Monologue	モノ ローク	Monorōgu
Noun-Cor	Dispute	紛争 (する)/ 論争 (する)/ 争い/ 争議/ 議論 (する)/ 口論 (する)/ 抗争 (する)/ 口喧嘩 (する)/ 諍い (する)/ 係争 (する)	Funsō (suru)/ Ronsō (suru)/ Arasoi/ Sōgi * (dispute; quarrel; strike)/ Giron (suru) * (argument; discussion; dispute; controversy)/ Kōron (suru) * (quarrel; argument; row; (verbal) dispute)/ Kōsō (suru) * (rivalry; feud; conflict; dispute; struggle; strife; contention; resistance)/ Kuchigenka (suru) * (quarrel; dispute; argument)/ Isakai (suru) * (quarrel; dispute; argument)/ Keisō (suru) * (dispute; contention; conflict; controversy)
Noun-Cor	Evening chat	夜語り	Yogatari
Noun-Cor	Fact (facts)	事実 (事実)	Jijitsu (jijitsu)
Noun-Cor	Friendly chat	談笑 (する)/ 懇話 (する)/ 気さくな会話/ 気さくな話/ 親切な会話/ 親切な話/ 優しい会話/ 優しい話	Danshō (suru)/ Konwa (suru)/ Kisakuna kaiwa/ Kisakuna hanashi/ Shinsetsuna kaiwa/ Shinsetsuna hanashi/ Yasashī kaiwa/ Yasashī hanashi

Noun-Cor	Greeting (salutation; saying hello)	(ご) 挨拶 (あいさつ) (する)/ 迎え/ 迎い/ 声かけ/ 会釈 (する)	(go) Aisatsu (suru)/ Mukae/ Mukai/ Koe kake * (saying something (to someone); greeting; approaching (someone))/ Eshaku (suru) * (slight bow (as a greeting or sign of gratitude); nod; salutation)
Noun-Cor	Heated discussion	白熱した議論/ 激論 (劇論) (する)	Hakunetsu shita giron/ Gekiron (suru)
Noun-Cor	Inconsistency	矛盾 (する/ の)/ 抵触 (する)/ 齟齬 (する)/ 不整合 (の)	Mujun (suru/ no) * (contradiction; inconsistency)/ Teishoku (suru) * (infringement (of a law, treaty, etc.); contravention; running afoul/ conflict (with a theory, claim, etc.); inconsistency; incompatibility; contradiction/ collision; contact; touching * (archaic, original meaning))/ Sogo (suru) * (inconsistency; discord; conflict; discrepancy; contradiction; failure; frustration)/ Fu seigō (no) * (inconsistency; mismatch; nonconformity; discordance; misalignment/ unconformity * (geology))
Noun-Cor	Indoctrination	教化 (する)/ インドクトリネーション	Kyōka (suru) * (education; enlightenment; civilization; civilisation; indoctrination)/ Indokutorinēshon
Noun-Cor	Informal chat	非公式的な会話/ 非公式のチャット	Hikōshiki-tekina kaiwa/ Hikōshiki no chatto
Noun-Cor	Off the record	オフザレコード (の)/ オフレコ (の/ な)/ 非公式 (の/ な)/ 非公式的 (な)	Ofuzarekōdo (no)/ Ofureko (no/ na)/ Hikōshiki (no/ na)/ Hikōshiki-teki (na)
Noun-Cor	Quarrel (discussion)	口論 (する)/ 喧嘩 (する)/ 口喧嘩 (する)/ 諍い (する)/ 揉め事/ 言い合い/ トラブル (話し合い (する))	Kōron (suru)/ Kenka (suru)/ Kuchigenka (suru)/ Isakai (suru)/ Momegoto/ iiai/ Toraburu (Hanashiai (suru))
Noun-Cor	Quarrel (a quarrel)	喧嘩	kenka
Noun-Cor	Squabble	口論 (する)	kōron (suru)
Noun-Cor	Small talk	世間話/ 俗話/ 話々 (話話) (する)	Yokenbanashi/ Zokuwa/ Hanashi-banashi (suru)
Noun-Cor	Public speaking	人前で話す/ 演説 (する)/ パブリックスピーキング	Hitomae de hanasu/ Enzetsu (suru)/ Paburikku supīkingu
Noun-Cor	Speech	演説 (する)/ 挨拶 (あいさつ) (する)/ スピーチ (する)	Enzetsu (suru)/ Aisatsu (suru)/ Supīchi (suru)
Noun-Cor	Direct speech	直接話法	Chokusetsu wahaha
Noun-Cor	Freedom of speech	言論の自由	Genron'nojiyū
Noun-Cor	Manner of speech	話し方	Hanashikata
Noun-Cor	Rebuttal	反論 (する)	hanron (suru)
Noun-Cor	Refutal	反論 (する)	hanron (suru)
Noun-Cor	Statement	声明 (する)/ 陳述 (する)/ 言明 (する)/ 申し立て/ ステートメント/ 発言 (する)/ 言説 (する)	Seimei (suru)/ Chinjutsu (suru)/ Genmei (suru)/ Mōshitate/ Sutētomento/ Hatsugen (suru)/ Gensetsu (suru)

Noun-Cor	Determining a speaker's true or hidden meaning (or intentions)	口裏 (口占)	Kuchiura
Noun-Cor	Getting the stories straight (coordinating one's stories)	口裏合わせ	Kuchiura awase
Noun-Cor	Hidden meaning	隠された意味 (する)	Kakusareta imi (suru)
Noun-Cor	True meaning (underlying principle)	本義/ 真義/ 真味/ 真の意味/ 真意義/ 正意/ 真実の意味	Hongi/ Shingi/ Shinmi/ Shin no imi/ Shin'igi/ Shōi (masai)/ Shinjitsu no imi
Noun-No	Logic	論理/ 論法/ 理路/ ロジック	Ronri/ Ronpō/ Riro/ Rojikku
Noun-No	Resolution (solution; decision)	解決 (する)/ 決議 (する)/ 議決 (する)/ 決心 (する)	Kaiketsu (suru)/ Ketsugi (suru)/ Giketsu (suru)/ Kesshin (suru)
Noun-No	Solution	解決 (する)/ 解答 (する)/ 解決策/ 答え	Kaiketsu (suru)/ Kaitō (suru)/ Kaiketsusaku/ Kotae
Noun-No	Definitive solution (clear solution; workable solution)	最終的な解決策 (透明な解決策; 実行可能な解決策)	Saishū-tekina kaiketsusaku (tōmeina kaiketsusaku; jikkō kanōna kaiketsusaku)
Noun-No	Temporary solution (temporary fix)	一時的な解決策/ 一時的な解決/ 一時的な解答/ 一時的な答え/ 一時しのぎ (の) (一時的な修正)	Ichiji-tekina kaiketsusaku/ Ichiji-tekina kaiketsu/ Ichiji-tekina kaitō/ Ichiji-tekina kotae/ Ichijishinogi (no) * (makeshift; stopgap; temporary expedient; temporary solution; band- aid) (ichiji-tekina shūsei)
Noun-No	Permanent solution (permanent fix)	恒久的な解決策/ 恒久的な解決/ 恒久的な解答/ 恒久的な答え (恒久的な修正)	Kōkyū-tekina kaiketsusaku/ Kōkyū-tekina kaiketsu/ Kōkyū-tekina kaitō/ Kōkyū-tekina kotae (kōkyū-tekina shūsei)
Noun-No	Practical solution	現実的な解決策	Genjitsu-tekina kaiketsusaku
Noun-No	Strategy (tactics)	戦略 (戦術/ 作戦)/ ストラテジー	Senryaku (Senjutsu/ Sakusen)/ Sutoratejī
Noun-Sou	Culture	文化	Bunka
Noun-Sou	Music	音楽/ ミュージック/ 作曲 (する)	Ongaku/ Myūjikkū/ Sakkyoku (suru) * (composition (of music); setting; writing music)
Noun-Sou	Song	歌 (うた)/ 歌唱 (する)/ 歌曲/ 歌謡/ 曲 (きょく)/ ソング	Uta/ Kashō (suru)/ Kakyoku/ Kayō * (song; ballad)/ Kyoku/ Songu
Noun-Sou	Song title	曲名	Kyokumei
Noun-Sou	Cacophony	不協和音	Fukyōwaon
Noun-Sou	Chorus	コーラス	koorasu
Noun-Sou	Commotion	騒ぎ/ 響めき (響き)/ バタバタ (ばたばた) (する/ と)/ 騒動	Sawagi/ Doyomeki/ Batabata (suru/ to)/ Sōdō * (strife; riot; rebellion; turmoil/ (media) uproar; brouhaha; (public) outcry; scandal; controversy)
Noun-Sou	Great commotion	大騒ぎ	Ōsawagi
Noun-Sou	Chime	チャイム	Chaimu
Noun-Sou	Dissonance	不協和音	Fukyōwaon
Noun-Sou	Echo (reverberation)	反響 (する)/ 響き/ 木霊 (する)/ 音響/ 余響/ エコー (残響)	Hankyō (suru)/ Hibiki/ Kodama (suru) * (more poetic, ie. this word also means 'spirit of a tree; tree spirit' in Japanese)/ Onkyō/ Yokyō/ Ekō (Zankyō)

Noun-Sou	Joke	冗談/ ジョーク	Jōdan/ Joku
Noun-Sou	Lullaby	子守唄/ ララバイ	Komoriuta/ Rarabai
Noun-Sou	Melody	メロディー/ 旋律/ 歌曲/ 節回し/ 曲 (きょく)/ 節 (ふし)/ 調べ/ 曲調/ 音調/ チューン (する)/ 妙なる調べ/ メロ/ 哀調/ 悲歌 (する/ の)/ 駅メロ/ 諧調	Merodī * (melody)/ Senritsu * (melody; tune)/ Kakyoku * (melody; tune; song)/ Fushimawashi * (melody; intonation)/ Kyoku * (tune; melody; air)/ Setsu (fushi) * (means 'joint; knuckle', but can also mean 'tune; melody')/ Shirabe * (means 'investigation; inspection; examination, but can also mean 'tune; note; melody')/ Kyokuchō * (melody; tune)/ Onchō * (tune; tone; intonation; melody; rhythm; harmony)/ Chūn (suru) * (tune; melody)/ Taenarushirabe * (enchanted melody; sweet tune)/ Mero * (melody * (abbreviation)/ section of a pop song)/ Aichō * (plaintive strains; mournful tone; sad melody)/ Hika (suru/ no) * (elegy; dirge; mournful melody)/ Eki mero * (station melody; departure melody; melody sounded on a station platform just before the doors of a train are closed)/ Kaichō * (harmonious melody; harmony; unity; euphony)
Noun-Sou	Music tone	音楽の音色/ 楽調/ 曲調	Ongaku no neiro/ Gakuchō/ Kyokuchō * (can also mean 'melody; tune')
Noun-Sou	Music tune	音楽の調子/ 音楽の曲/ 音楽の歌	Ongaku no chōshi/ Ongaku no kyoku/ Ongaku no uta
Noun-Sou	Music volume	音楽の音量/ 音楽のボリューム	Ongaku no onryō/ Ongaku no boryūmu
Noun-Sou	Noise	騒音/ 物音/ ノイズ	Sōon/ Monooto/ Noizu
Noun-Sou	Piece of music	音楽	Ongaku
Noun-Sou	Pitch	ピッチ	Picchi
Noun-Sou	Prank	いたずら (悪戯) (する)/ 悪ふざけ (する)/ 戯れ言/ 転合	Itazura (akugi) (suru)/ warufuzake (suru)/ zaregoto/ tengō
Noun-Sou	Rhythm	調子/ 韻律/ 節奏/ 律動蔑 (する)/ 音律/ 拍子/ 音調/ リズム	Chōshi * (tune; tone; key; pitch; time; rhythm)/ Inritsu * (metre (of a poem); meter; rhythm)/ Sessō * (rhythm)/ Ritsudō (suru) * (rhythm)/ Onritsu * (metre; rhythm; musical temperament)/ Hyōshi * ((musical) time; tempo; beat; rhythm)/ Onchō * (tune; tone; intonation; melody; rhythm; harmony)/ Rizumu * (rhythm)
Noun-Sou	Rock 'n roll	ロックンロール	Rokkunrōru

Noun-Sou	Sleight of hand (dexterity)	スライハンド/ 手術 (する)/ 手品/ 手妻/ 奇術 (器用さ/ 器用貧乏)	Suraihando * (sleight of hand (e.g. in magic tricks); wasei, word made in Japan, From English)/ Shujutsu (suru) * (can mean 'surgery; operation; procedure', but can also mean 'skill with one's hands; sleight of hand' * (obsolete term))/ Tejina * (magic (illusion); conjuring; magic trick; conjuring trick; sleight of hand)/ Tedzuma * (sleight of hand)/ Kijutsu * (magic; conjuring; sleight of hand; legerdemain/ magic (illusion)) (Kiyō-sa * (skillful; skilful; adroit; dexterous; dextrous; deft; nimble; handy/ clever; shrewd; ingenious)/ Kiyōbinbō * (jack of all trades, master of none))
Noun-Sou	Sound	音/ 物音/ 音声/ サウンド	Oto/ Monooto/ Onsei/ Saundo
Noun-Sou	Soundwave	音波	Onpa
Noun-Sou	Standing ovation	拍手喝采 (する)/ 満場総立ち/ スタンディングオベーション	Hakujukassai (suru) * (clapping and cheering; applause)/ Manjō sōdachi * (standing ovation)/ Sutanguobēshon
Noun-Sou	Stereo set (HIFI Set)	ステレオセット/ ステレオ (HIFIセット)	Sutereo setto/ Sutereo (HIFI setto)
Noun-Sou	Tone (the tone)	口調 (口調)	Kuchō (kuchō)
Noun-Sou	Tone of voice	声の調子/ 口調	Koe no chōshi/ Kuchō
Noun-Sou	Tradition	伝統/ トラディション	Dentō/ Toradishon
Noun-Sou	Trick (tricks)	トリック (トリック)	torikku (torikku)
Noun-Sou	Magic trick	マジック	majikku
Noun-Sou	Tune (melody; air)	曲 (きょく)/ 曲調 (きょく)/ 旋律/ 歌曲/ 調子/ 一曲/ 調べ (しらべ)/ 音調/ 曲節/ 音締/ 色 (いろ)/ チューン/ メロディー	Kyoku/ Kyokuchō/ Senritsu/ Kakyoku/ Chōshi/ Ikkyoku/ Shirabe/ Onchō/ Kyokusetsu/ Nejime/ Iro/ Chūn/ Merodī
Noun-Sou	Tuning	調整 (する)	Chōsei (suru)
Noun-Sou	Voice (tone of voice; sound)	声 (声色/ 声音 (の)/ 色 (いろ)/ 声のトーン)	Koe (Kowairo/ Seion (no)/ Iro/ Koe no tōn)
Noun-Ins	Musical instrument	楽器/ 鳴り物 (鳴物/ なりもの)	Gakki/ Narimono
Noun-Ins	Bass	低音/ ベース	Teion/ Bēsu
Noun-Ins	Cello	チェロ	Chero
Noun-Ins	Chimes	チャイム	Chaimu
Noun-Ins	Clarinet	クラリネット	Kurarinetto
Noun-Ins	Drums (drum)	太鼓/ ドラム (太鼓)	Taiko/ doramu (taiko)
Noun-Ins	Flute	笛 (ふえ)/ フルート	Fue/ Furūto
Noun-Ins	Guitar	ギター	Gitā
Noun-Ins	Harp	ハープ	Hāpu
Noun-Ins	Horn (musical instrument)	ホルン (楽器)	Horun (gakki)
Noun-Ins	Piano	ピアノ	Piano
Noun-Ins	Triangle	三角形/ トライアングル	Sankakkei/ Toraianguru
Noun-Ins	Trumpet	トランペット	Toranpetto
Noun-Ins	Violin	バイオリン/ ヴィオロン	Baiorin/ Vu~ioron * (from French "violon")

Noun-Sou	Beep	ビーブ	Bīpu
Noun-Sou	Bleep	ピーッ	pī
Noun-Sou	Blob	ブロブ	Burobu
Noun-Sou	Blub	ブラブ	Burabu
Noun-Sou	Boing	ボイン	Boin
Noun-Sou	Clank	カタカタ	Katakata
Noun-Sou	Clap	拍手 (する)	Hakushu (suru)
Noun-Sou	Clunk	カタカタ	Katakata
Noun-Sou	Ding	丁	Chō
Noun-Sou	Ding dong (bell sound)	ディンドン (鐘の音)	Dindon (kanenone)
Noun-Sou	Dong	ドン	Don
Noun-Sou	Hiss	ヒスノイズ	Hisunoizu
Noun-Sou	Peew	ピュー	Pyū
Noun-Sou	Plop	プロップ	puropu
Noun-Sou	Pop (a pop)	ポンポン (ポンポン)	ponpon (ponpon)
Noun-Sou	Pock	ポック	Pokku
Noun-Sou	Rattle	ガラガラ	Garagara
Noun-Sou	Ring (sound)	リング (音)	Ringu (oto)
Noun-Sou	Splat	スプラット	Supuratto
Noun-Sou	Splut	スプラット	Supuratto
Noun-Sou	Toing	トーイング	Tōingu
Noun-Sou	Twang	トワン	Towan
Noun-Sou	Whack	たたく	Tataku
Noun-Sou	Wham	ワム	Wamu
Noun-Sou	Whee	ウィー	U~ī
Noun-No	Use (usage)	使い/ 用/ 利用 (する)/ 使用 (する)/ 用途/ 通用 (する)	Tsukai/ Yō/ Riyō (suru)/ Shiyō (suru)/ Yōto/ Tsūyō (suru)
Noun-No	Applications (uses; how to operate; operation procedures)	運用方法	Un'yō hōhō
Noun-No	Choice (selection)	選択 (する)/ 選び	Sentaku (suru)/ Erabi
Noun-No	Coincidence	偶然 (な/ の)/ 一致 (する)/ 偶然の一致	Gūzen (na/ no) * (becomes gūzen'na; means 'coincidence; chance; accident; fortuity/ by chance; unexpectedly; accidentally')/ Itchi (suru) * (means 'agreement; accord; correspondence; consistency; coincidence')/ Gūzen no itchi * (coincidence)
Noun-No	First choice	最初に選んだ	saisho ni eranda
Noun-No	For personal use (for private use)	個人用	Kojin-yō
Noun-No	Good choice	良い選択	yoi sentaku
Noun-No	Option (selection)	オプション (する/ の)/ 選択 (する)/ 選択肢	Opushon (suru/ no)/ Sentaku (suru)/ Sentakushi
Noun-No	Private instruction (private lessons)	個人教授	Kojin kyōju
Noun-No	Private matters (private matter) (personal matters)	私的用件/ 個人的な用件/ 個人的な問題	Shiteki yōken/ Kojin-tekina yōken/ Kojin-tekina mondai
Noun-No	Selection (choice)	選択 (する)/ 選び	Sentaku (suru)/ Erabi

Noun-No	Utilization	利用 (する)/ 使用 (する)/ 利用法	Riyō (suru)/ Shiyō (suru) * (use; application; employment; utilization; utilisation)/ Riyō-hō * (usage; way to use; utilization)
Noun-No	Validity	有効 (な/ の)	Yūkō (na/ no)
Noun-No	Way of using (something) (how to use something)	使い方 (遣い方/ つかいかた)/ 利用方法/ 使う方法	Tsukaikata/ Riyō hōhō/ Tsukau hōhō
Noun-No	Availability	利用可能性/ 可能性/ 可用性/ アベイラビリティ/ 空き状況	Riyō kanōsei/ Kanōsei/ Kayōsei/ Abeirabiriti/ Aki jōkyō
Noun-No	Case	場合/ 際/ 時 (刻/ 秋/ とし)/ 事件/ 例/ ケース	Baai/ Sai/ Toki (Ji)/ Jiken/ Rei/ Kēsu
Noun-No	Special case	特例/ 特別なケース/ 特別な場合/ 特殊例/ 特殊な場合/ 特殊な事例/ 別物/ 別枠	Tokurei * (special case; exception)/ Tokubetsuna kēsu/ Tokubetsuna baai * (special case; special occasion; special situation)/ Tokushu rei/ Tokushuna baai/ Tokushuna jirei/ Betsumono * (another thing; exception; special case)/ Betsuwaku * (additional; extraordinary; outside the norms; special case)
Noun-No	Design	設計 (する)/ デザイン (する)/ 模様/ 図柄/ 図案/ 柄 (がら)/ 意匠/ 企画 (する)/ 意図 (する)/ エフ (する)/ 立案 (する)	Sekkei (suru)/ Dezain (suru)/ Moyō * (pattern; figure; design)/ Zugara * (design; pattern)/ Zuan * (design; sketch)/ Gara * (pattern; design)/ Ishō * (design/ idea; conception; plan)/ Kikaku (suru) * (planning; plan; project; arrangements)/ Ito (suru) * (intention; aim; design)/ Kufū (suru) * (devising (a way); contriving; inventing; thinking up; figuring out; coming up with; working out/ device; design; idea; plan; invention)/ Ritsuan (suru) * (planning; devising (a plan)/ drafting; drawing up)
Noun-No	Difference	違い/ 差異/ 差/ 相違 (する)/ 別 (の/ な)	Chigai/ Sai/ Sa/ Sōi (suru)/ Betsu (no/ na)
Noun-No	Distance	距離/ 道のり/ 遠い (遠く)	Kyori * (distance; range; interval/ difference (e.g. in opinion); gap; distance)/ Michinori * (distance; journey; itinerary)/ Tōi (tōku) * (far; distant; far away; a long way off; in the distance/ far away; distant place; a (great) distance; a long way off; afar)
Noun-No	Example (examples)	例え (たとえ)/ 例 (れい)/ 事例/ 実例/ 一例/ 用例 (例 (れい))	Tatoe (tatoe)/ Rei/ Jirei/ Jitsurei/ Ichirei/ Yōrei (rei)
Noun-No	Exemplification	例示 (する)	Reiji (suru)
Noun-No	Free	無料 (の)	Muryō (no)
Noun-No	Freedom	自由 (な)	Jiyū (na)
Noun-No	Idea	考え/ 案	Kangae/ An
Noun-No	Liberty (Freedom)	自由 (な)/ 不羈/ リバティー/ 自由の身/ フリーダム	Jiyū (na)/ Fuki/ Ribatī/ Jiyū no mi/ Furīdamu
Noun-No	Offer (an offer; a deal)	提供 (する)/ 申し出/ 申し入れ/ オファー (オファー; 取引)	Teikyō (suru)/ Mōshide/ Mōshiire/ Ofā (ofā; torihiki)

Noun-No	Generous offer	寛大なオファー	Kandaina ofā
Noun-No	Plan (planning)	企画 (する)/ 計画 (する)/ 立案 (する)/ 設計 (する)/ 策/ プラニング/ プラン	Kikaku (suru)/ Keikaku (suru)/ Ritsuan (suru)/ Sekkei (suru)/ Saku/ Puraningu/ Puran
Noun-No	Action plan	行動計画/ 方針/ 基本方針/ アクションプラン	Kōdō keikaku/ Hōshin * (policy; course; plan (of action); principle)/ Kihon hōshin * (basic policy; fundamental policy; fundamental plan of action)/ Akushon puran * (action plan)
Noun-No	Careful planning	慎重な計画/ 注意深い計画/ 気をつけて計画	Shinchōna keikaku/ Chūibukai keikaku/ Kiwotsukete keikaku
Noun-No	Time planning	時間計画	Jikan keikaku
Noun-No	Proposal	提案 (する)/ 申し出/ 申し入れ/ 案 (あん)	Teian (suru)/ Mōshide/ Mōshiire/ An
Noun-No	Bid proposal	入札提案書	Nyūsatsu teian-sho
Noun-No	Backup (a backup)	控え (ひかえ)/ 下支え (する)/ 助太刀 (する)/ バックアップ (バックアップ)	Hikae * (reserve; spare; backup)/ Shitazasae (suru) * (support; backup; prop; backstay; underpinning)/ Sukedachi (suru) * (assistance (in a fight); help; aid; backup/ helper; supporter)/ Bakkuappu (bakkuappu)
Noun-No	Backup plan	代替案	Daitaian
Noun-No	Measure (the measure)	測定 (する) (測定 (する))	Sokutei (suru) (sokutei (suru))
Noun-No	Measures (steps; dealing with; action)	対策/ 処置 (する)/ 措置 (する)	Taisaku/ Shochi (suru)/ Sochi (suru)
Noun-No	Precautions	予防 (する)/ 用心 (する)/ (ご) 注意 (する)/ 警戒 (する)/ 戒心 (する)/ 予防線/ 予防措置/ 注意事項/ 予防策	Yobō (suru)/ Yōjin (suru)/ (go) Chūi (suru)/ Keikai (suru)/ Kaishin (suru)/ Yobōsen/ Yobō sochi/ Chūi jikō/ Yobō-saku
Noun-No	Project	プロジェクト/ 計画/ 事業	Purojekuto/ Keikaku/ Jigyō
Noun-No	Program	プログラム (する)/ コンピュータプログラム	Puroguramu (suru)/ Konpyūtapuroguramu
Noun-No	Protocol	プロトコル/ 手順/ 規約/ 議定書	Purotokoru/ Tejun/ Kiyaku/ Gitei-sho
Noun-No	Range (scope)	範囲	Han'i
Noun-No	Out of range (out of reach)	範囲外 (手の届かないところ)	Han'i-gai (te no todokanai tokoro)
Noun-No	Reminder	注意 (する)/ 備忘/ 念押し (する)/ リマインダー	Chūi (suru) * (advice; warning; caution; reminder/ attention; notice; heed/ care; caution; precaution; looking out (for); watching out (for))/ Bibō * (reminder)/ Nen oshi (suru) * (reminder)/ Rimaindā * (reminder)
Noun-No	Weekly reminder (a weekly reminder)	毎週のリマインダー (毎週のリマインダー)	Maishū no rimaindā (maishū no rimaindā)
Noun-No	Sequence (order)	順序/ 一連 (の)/ シーケンス (順序/ 順番)	Junjo/ Ichiren (no)/ Shikensu (junjo/ junban)
Noun-No	Step (pace; stride; stroll)	一歩/ 歩 (ほ)/ 歩調/ 足並み/ 歩み/ 歩幅/ 足取り	Ippo/ Ho/ Hochō/ Ashinami/ Ayumi/ Hohaba/ Ashidori
Noun-No	Steps (stage; phase; procedure)	段階/ 段 (だん)/ 一歩	Dankai/ Dan/ Ippo
Noun-No	A good idea (good idea)	良い考え (良い考え)	Yoi kangae (yoi kangae)
Noun-No	A bad idea (bad idea)	悪い考え (悪い考え)	Warui kangae (warui kangae)

Noun-No	A not so good idea (not so good idea)	あまり良くない考え (あまり良くない考え)	Amari yokunai kangae (amari yokunai kangae)
Noun-No	A smart plan	賢い計画/ スマートな計画/ 賢い計画/ スマートプラン/ スマートなプラン/ 機敏な計画	Kashikoi keikaku/ Sumātōna keikaku/ Kashikoi keikaku/ Sumātopuran/ Sumātōna puran/ Kibin'na keikaku
Noun-No	An additional idea	追加の考え/ 追加のアイデア	Tsuika no kangae/ Tsuika no aidea
Noun-No	Bigotry	偏見	Henken
Noun-No	Devious idea	よこしまな考え	Yokoshimana kangae
Noun-No	Discrimination (racism)	差別 (しゃべつ/ しゃべち) (する) (人種差別/ 人種主義/ 人種差別主義/ レイズム/ レーシズム)	Sabetsu (shabetsu/ shi ~yabechi) (suru) (Jinshusabetsu/ Jinshu shugi/ Jin shusabetsu shugi/ Reishizumu/ Rēshizumu)
Noun-No	Great potential	大きな可能性	Ōkina kanōsei
Noun-No	Infinite possibilities	無限の可能性/ 限りない可能性	Mugen no kanōsei/ Kagirina kanōsei
Noun-No	Main objective (main object; principal object; true aim)	本旨/ 眼目/ 主目的	Honshi/ Ganmoku/ Shu mokuteki
Noun-No	Main topic (main subject)	本題/ 主な話題/ メイントピック/ 主なテーマ	Hondai/ Omona wadai/ Mein topikku/ Omona tēma
Noun-No	Misandry (misandristic)	ミサンドリー (ミサンドリー)	Misandorī (misandorī)
Noun-No	Misogyny (misogynistic)	ミソジニー (女性蔑視)	Misojinī (josei besshi)
Noun-No	Possibility (can do; possibilities)	可能性/ 見込み/ 発展性/ ポシビリティー (できること (出来ること); 可能性)	Kanōsei/ Mikomi/ Hatten-sei/ Poshibiritī (Dekiru koto; kanōsei)
Noun-No	Preparation (preliminaries)	準備 (する)/ 予備 (の)	Junbi (suru)/ Yobi (no)
Noun-No	Preparations (arrangements)	用意 (する)/ 準備 (する)/ 支度 (する)	Yōi (suru)/ Junbi (suru)/ Shitaku (suru)
Noun-No	Necessary preparations	必要な準備/ 必要な備え/ 十分な準備/ 手を回す	Hitsuyōna junbi/ Hitsuyōna sonae/ Jūbun'na junbi/ Tewomawasu * (verb; to use one's influence; to pull strings; to take measures; to make the necessary preparations)
Noun-No	Load (the load; a load)	荷 (に)/ 負荷 (する)/ 負担/ 重荷/ 積み荷 (負荷; 負荷)	Ni * (load; baggage; cargo; freight; goods/ burden; responsibility)/ Fuka (suru) * (burden/ load (electrical, CPU, etc.)/ load)/ Futan * (burden; load; responsibility/ bearing (a cost, responsibility, etc.); shouldering)/ Omoni * (load; heavy burden; encumbrance; heavy freight; heavy responsibility)/ Tsumini * (load; freight; cargo) (fuka; fuka)
Noun-No	Overload	過負荷	Ka fuka
Noun-No	Presence or absence (whether something is there or not)	有る無し (あるなし)	Arunashi
Noun-No	Setting	設定 (する)	Settei (suru)
Noun-No	Special preparation	特別な準備/ 格別な準備/ 並外れた準備	Tokubetsuna junbi/ Kakubetsuna junbi/ Nami hazureta junbi
Noun-No	Subject (theme; motif)	主題/ 課題/ 内容/ 話題	Shudai/ Kadai/ Naiyō/ Wadai

Noun-No	Suicide	自殺 (する)/ 自害 (する)/ 自尽 (する)/ 自裁 (する)/ スーサイド/ 切腹 (する)/ 腹切り (する)	Jisatsu (suru)/ Jigai (suru)/ Jijin (suru)/ Jizai (suru)/ Sūsaido/ Seppuku (suru) * (Japanese - seppuku; harakiri; ritual suicide)/ Harakiri (suru) * (Japanese - harakiri; seppuku; ritual suicide)
Noun-No	Difficult subject (difficult topic)	難しい話題/ 困難な課題/ 難しい題材/ 難しいトピック (難しい話題)	Muzukashī wadai * (means difficult subject; difficult topic)/ Kon'nan'na kadai * (means difficult subject; difficult theme)/ Muzukashī daizai * (means difficult subject; difficult theme)/ Muzukashī topikku (muzukashī wadai)
Noun-No	Subtopic (secondary topic)	サブトピック/ サブテーマ/ サブ話題/ 追加の話題/ 追加話題/ 副の話題/ 分の話題	Sabu topikku/ Sabutēma/ Sabu wadai/ Tsuika no wadai/ Tsuika wadai/ Fuku no wadai/ Bun no wadai
Noun-No	Topic	話題/ 話/ テーマ/ トピック/ 題	Wadai/ Hanashi/ Tēma/ Topikku/ Dai
Noun-No	Ability (capability; skill)	能力/ 性能/ 腕前/ 才能/ 力量/ 手腕/ 技量/ 力	Nōryoku/ Seinō/ Udemae/ Sainō/ Rikiryō/ Shuwan/ Giryō/ Chikara
Noun-No	Ability (technical skill)	技能	Ginō
Noun-No	Innate ability	生まれつきの能力	Umatsukurinōryoku
Noun-No	Act (deed; conduct)	行為/ 行動 (する/ の)/ 活動 (する)/ 行い (行ない) (する)/ 業 (わざ)	Kōi/ Kōdō (suru/ no)/ Katsudō (suru)/ Okonai (suru)/ Waza * (deed; act; work; performance/ not to be confused with 'gō' with the same kanji characters which means karma from Buddhism)
Noun-No	Action	行動 (する/ の)/ 作用 (する)/ 活動 (する)/ 動作/ 行い/ 措置 (する)/ 実行 (する)/ アクション	Kōdō (suru/ no)/ Sayō (suru) * (action; operation; effect; function)/ Katsudō (suru) * (activity (of a person, organization, animal, volcano, etc.); action)/ Dōsa * (movement (of the body); action; motion; gesture)/ Okonai * (deed; act; action)/ Sochi (suru) * (measure; step; action)/ Jikkō (suru) * (execution (e.g. of a plan); carrying out; (putting into) practice; action; implementation; fulfillment; realization/ execution (of a program); run)/ Akushon
Noun-No	Activity	活動 (する)/ アクティビティ (な)	Katsudō (suru)/ Akutibiti (na)
Noun-No	Gesture	ジェスチャー	jesuchaa
Noun-No	Turn (a turn; the turn)	順番/ 番 (ばん)/ 順 (じゅん)/ 回転 (する)/ ターン (する) (ターン; ターン)	Junban * (turn (in line); order of things; sequential order)/ Ban * (number (in a series)/ (one's) turn)/ Jun * (order; turn; sorting)/ Kaiten (suru) * (rotation; revolution; turn; spin)/ Tān (suru) * (turn) (tān; tāt)
Noun-No	Outdoor activities	野外活動/ 屋外の活動/ 戸外の活動/ アウトドアの活動	Yagai katsudō/ Okugai no katsudō/ Kogai no katsudō/ Autodoa no katsudō
Noun-No	Indoor activities	屋内活動/ 屋内の活動/ インドアの活動	Okunai katsudō/ Okunai no katsudō/ Indoa no katsudō
Noun-No	Campaign	運動 (する)/ キャンペーン	Undō (suru)/ Kyanpēn
Noun-No	Capability	能力	Nōryoku
Noun-No	Challenge	挑戦 (する)/ 挑む/ チャレンジ (する)	Chōsen (suru)/ Idomu/ Charenji (suru)

Noun-No	Code (codes)	規約/ コード (コード)	Kiyaku/ Kōdo (kōdo)
Noun-No	Code of conduct	行動規範	Kōdō kihan
Noun-No	Electricity	電気/ エレキ	Denki/ Ereki
Noun-No	Electrically	電氣的 (に)/ 電気式 (の)	Denki-teki (ni)/ Denki-shiki (no) * (electrical; electric)
Noun-No	Circuit	回路	Kairo
Noun-No	Short circuit	短絡	Tanraku
Noun-No	Establishment	設立 (する)/ 設定 (する)/ 創立 (する)/ 確立 (する)/ 樹立 (する)/ 設置 (する)/ 建設 (する)/ 成立 (する)/ (お) 店 (みせ)/ 施設 (する)/ 創設 (する)/ 制定 (する)/ 開設 (する)/ 事業所/ 創建 (する)/ 確定 (する)/ 発足 (する)/ 店舗	Setsuritsu (suru) * (establishment; founding)/ Settei (suru) * (establishment; creation; posing (a problem); setting (movie, novel, etc.); scene)/ Sōritsu (suru) * (establishment; founding; organization; organisation)/ Kakuritsu (suru) * (establishment; settlement)/ Juritsu (suru) * (establishment; founding; setting (a record))/ Setchi (suru) * (establishment; institution)/ Kensetsu (suru) * (construction; establishment)/ Seiritsu (suru) * (formation; establishment; materialization; coming into existence)/ (o) Mise * (store; shop; establishment; restaurant)/ Shisetsu (suru) * (institution; establishment; facility)/ Sōsetsu (suru) * (establishment; founding; organization; organisation)/ Seitei (suru) * (enactment; establishment; creation)/ Kaisetsu (suru) * (establishment; opening; setting up; inauguration)/ Jigyōsho * (establishment; place of business; business site; office; (production) facility)/ Sōken (suru) * (establishment; foundation)/ Kakutei (suru) * (decision; settlement; confirmation; establishment)/ Hossoku (suru) * (starting; inauguration; launch; founding; establishment; start-up)/ Tenpo * (shop; store; establishment; restaurant)
Noun-No	Everyday life	日常生活	Nichijō seikatsu
Noun-No	Experience	経験 (する)/ 体験 (する)	Keiken (suru) * (experience, general term)/ Taiken (suru) * (be careful when using this, this is more about personal experience; (practical) experience; personal experience; hands-on experience; first-hand experience)
Noun-No	Amazing experience	素晴らしい経験	Subarashii keiken
Noun-No	Work experience (working experience)	実務経験 (実務経験)	Jitsumukeiken (jitsumukeiken)
Noun-No	Equality (Equal; the same)	等しい/ 平等	Hitoshī/ Byōdō
Noun-No	Equal rights	同権/ 同等 (な/ の)/ 平等な権利/ 平等権	Dōken/ Dōtō (na/ no)/ Byōdōna kenri/ Byōdō-ken * (right of equality; equal rights)
Noun-No	Equivalent	同等 (な/ の)	Dōtō (na/ no)

Noun-No	Hard lesson (difficult lesson; tough lesson)	厳しい教訓/ 辛い教訓/ 厳しいレッスン/ ハードレッスン (難しいレッスン; 厳しいレッスン)	Kibishī kyōkun/ Tsurai kyōkun/ Kibishī ressun/ Hādoressun (Muzukashī ressun; Kibishī ressun)
Noun-No	High voltage	高電圧	Kō den'atsu
Noun-No	Influence	影響 (する)/ 勢力	Eikyō (suru)/ Seiryoku
Noun-No	Intelligence (intellect; mentality)	知能/ 知性/ 賢明 (な)/ 知恵/ 利根 (な)/ 叡智 (英知)/ 利発 (な)/ 知力 (智力) (の)	Chinō/ Chisei/ Kenmei (na)/ Chie/ Tone (na)/ Eichi/ Rihatsu (na)/ Chiryoku (no)
Noun-No	Intimidation	脅迫 (する)/ 恫喝 (する)/ 威嚇 (する)/ 恐嚇 (する)/ 脅喝 (する)/ 威迫 (する)/ 脅し/ 凄み	Kyōhaku (suru)/ Dōkatsu (suru)/ Ikaku (suru)/ Kyōkaku (suru)/ Kyōkatsu (suru)/ Ihaku (suru)/ Odoshi * (threat; threatening; intimidation)/ Sugomi * (means ghastliness; dreadfulness; grimness; weirdness, but can also mean intimidation; menace; threat)
Noun-No	Threat (a threat to)	脅威 (する) (に対する脅威)	Kyōi (suru) (ni taisuru kyōi)
Noun-No	Life (human life)	人生/ 人命/ 生涯	Jinsei/ Jinmei/ Shōgai
Noun-No	Life (life force; essence; existence)	命 (いのち)/ 生命/ 生命力/ 浩然の気/ 神気	Inochi/ Seimei/ Inochiryoku/ Kōzen'noki * (universal life force; source of animation for all things, and can also mean 'free spirit; mindset unencumbered with worldly concerns')/ Shinki * (qi; mysterious life force that makes up everything)
Noun-No	Life (living)	生活 (する)	Seikatsu (suru)
Noun-No	Life changer	人生を変える/ 人生が変わるような/ 人生を変える/ 生活変化 (な/ する)	Jinsei o kaeru/ Jinsei ga kawaru yōna/ Jinsei o kaeru/ Seikatsu henka (na/ suru)
Noun-No	Life lesson (life lessons)	人生の教訓/ 人生のレッスン (人生の教訓)	Jinsei no kyōkun/ Jinsei no ressun (jinsei no kyōkun)

Noun-No	Lifetime	一生/ 一生涯/ 生涯/ 寿命/ 命 (いのち)/ 世 (よ)/ 生涯/ 一代/ 一世/ 生存期間/ 畢生/ ライフタイム/ 半生/ 一世一代/ 一期一会/ 終身雇用	Isshō * (whole life; a lifetime; all through life; one existence; a generation; an age; the whole world; the era/ (the only, the greatest, etc.) of one's life)/ Isshōgai * (lifetime; one's whole life; all through life)/ Shōgai * (life; lifetime; career/ for life; all one's life; throughout one's life; as long as one lives)/ Jūmyō * (lifespan; life; lifetime/ life (of a battery, lightbulb, etc.); service life; end of an object's (useful) life)/ Inochi * (life; life force/ lifetime; lifespan)/ Yo * (world; society; public/ life; lifetime/ age; era; period; epoch; generation)/ Shōgai * (life; lifetime; career/ for life; all one's life; throughout one's life; as long as one lives)/ Ichi dai * (generation; lifetime; age)/ Issei * (generation; lifetime/ the age; the day)/ Seizon kikan * (lifetime)/ Hissei * (lifetime)/ Raifu taimu * (lifetime)/ Hansei * (half a lifetime; half one's life; one's life so far)/ Isseichidai * (once in a lifetime; the first and last occurrence (event, experience) of one's lifetime)/ Ichigoichie * (once-in-a-lifetime encounter; uniquely precious experience; one lifetime, one meeting)/ Shūshin koyō * (lifetime employment; permanent employment)
Noun-No	Full of life	活気に満ちあふれて	kakki ni michi afurete
Noun-No	Long life	長い人生/ 長生 (する)/ 長寿/ 長命 (な/ の)/ 長生き (する)/ 永寿/ 寿 (ことぶき)/ 万丈/ 万歳 (する)	Nagai jinsei/ Chōsei (suru) * (longevity)/ Chōju * (long life; longevity)/ Chōmei (na/ no) * (long life)/ Nagaiki (suru) * (longevity; long life)/ Eiju * (long life; longevity)/ Kotobuki * (means 'congratulations; felicitations; best wishes', but also means 'longevity; long life')/ Banjō * (hurrah!; long life; congratulations; full vent)/ Banzai (suru) * (means 'banzai; hurrah; hurrah; hooray/ something to cheer about; something worthy of celebration/ giving up; throwing one's hands up', but also means 'eternal life and prosperity')
Noun-No	Manipulation	操作 (する)/ 操縦 (する)/ 操り/ 誤魔化し (の)/ マニピュレーション	Sōsa (suru)/ Sōjū (suru)/ Ayatsuri/ Gomakashi (no)/ Manipyurēshon

Noun-No	Mentality	心理/ 精神/ 気質/ 心気/ 精神状態/ メンタリティ/ メンタル (な)/ マインド	Shinri * (state of mind; mentality; psychology)/ Seishin * (means 'mind; spirit; soul; heart; ethos', but can also mean 'attitude; mentality; will; intention')/ Kishitsu * (disposition; temperament; nature; mentality; spirit; character; trait; turn of mind)/ Shinki * (mentality; mood; sentiment; feelings/ fretfulness; tedium; irritation)/ Seishin jōtai * (mental condition; state of mind; mentality)/ Mentariti * (mentality)/ Mentaru (na) * (mental/ mental health; mental state; mental resolve; mentality)/ Maindo * (mind; mindset; mentality; sentiment)
Noun-No	Hands on mentality	実践的な精神	Jissen-tekina seishin
Noun-No	Victim mentality	被害者意識	Higaishaishiki
Noun-No	Neutrality	中立/ 中立性/ 局外中立/ 不偏不党/ 不偏 (な/ の)/ 不介入/ ニュートラリティ (ニュートラリティー)/ 中性 (の)	Chūritsu/ Chūritsu-sei/ Kyokugai chūritsu/ Fuhēfutō * (impartiality; neutrality; independence)/ Fūhen (na/ no) * (impartiality; neutrality; fairness)/ Fu kainyū * (noninvolvement; nonintervention; neutrality)/ Nyūtorariti (nyūtorariti)/ Chūsei (no) * (neutrality (incl. chemical, electrical, etc.); indifference/ sexlessness; androgyny; androgyny; neuter/ neuter gender)
Noun-No	Night and day (opposites)	雪と墨	Yukitosumi
Noun-No	Organization (sorting; arrangement; putting in order)	整理 (する)	Seiri (suru)
Noun-No	Partiality (favoritism)	偏愛 (する)/ 欲目/ 不公平 (な)/ 偏見 (する/ の)/ 依怙偏見 (する)/ 厚薄/ 偏好/ 依怙/ 偏愛 (する) (依怙偏見 (えこひいき) (する)/ 偏見 (する)/ 分け隔て (する)/ 偏愛 (する)/ 偏頗 (する)/ 身びいき (身偏見) (する)/ 依怙/ 情実)	Hen'ai (suru) * (favoritism; favouritism; partiality)/ Yokume * (partiality; bias)/ Fukōhei (na) * (unfairness; injustice; partiality)/ Hiki (suru/ no) * (favour; favor; patronage; favouritism; favoritism; partiality/ favourite; favorite)/ Ekohiki (suru) * (favoritism; favouritism; partiality; prejudice; bias)/ Kōhaku * (thickness; partiality)/ Hen kō * (partiality (to something); liking)/ Eko * (favoritism; favouritism; partiality; prejudice; bias)/ Hen'ai (suru) * (favoritism; favouritism; partiality) (Ekohiki (suru)/ Hiki (suru)/ Wake hedate (suru) * (distinction; favoritism; favouritism; discrimination)/ Hen'ai (suru)/ Henpa (suru) * (favoritism; favouritism; discrimination)/ Mibiki (suru) * (favoritism; favouritism; nepotism)/ Eko/ Jōjitsu * (real situations; personal consideration; private circumstances; favoritism; favouritism))

Noun-No	Personal preference	個人の好み/ 個人的好み/ 個人的な好み	Kojin no konomi/ Kojin-teki konomi/ Kojin-tekina konomi
Noun-No	Political power (authority; influence)	権力 (の)/ 政権/ 政柄	Kenryoku (no)/ Seiken/ Seihei
Noun-No	Potency	力強い	Chikaradzuyoi
Noun-No	Power (influence, authority)	権限/ 権力 (の)/ 権威/ 威勢/ 威力/ 職権/ 勢い/ 羽振り/ 権	Kengen/ Kenryoku (no)/ Ken'i/ Isei/ Iryoku/ Shokken/ Ikioi/ Haburi/ Ken
Noun-No	Power (motion)	動力	Dōryoku
Noun-No	Power (strength)	力/ パワー/ 勢力/ 強さ/ 勢い	Chikara/ Pawā/ Seiryoku/ Tsuyo-sa/ Ikioi
Noun-No	Power outage (electricity outage; blackout)	停電 (する)	Teiden (suru)
Noun-No	Power supply (source of power)	電源	Dengen
Noun-No	Pretense	ふり (振り)/ 見せ掛け/ 真似 (する)	Furi * (means 'pretence (pretense); show; pretending (to)', but also means 'swing; shake; wave; swinging' and 'appearance; behaviour')/ Misekake * (seeming; pose; show; pretense; sham; mock)/ Mane (suru) * (imitating; copying; mimicry/ behavior; behaviour; action; conduct/ pretense)
Noun-No	Prejudice	偏見/ 僻み/ 先入観/ 毛嫌い (する)/ 固定観念/ 僻見/ 依怙臆見 (する)/ 偏り	Henken/ Higami * (prejudice; bias; warped view; jealousy; inferiority complex)/ Sen'nyūkan * (preconception; preconceived notion; prejudice)/ Kegirai (suru) * (antipathy; prejudice)/ Kotei kan'nen * (fixed idea; idée fixe; stereotype; prejudice)/ Hekiken/ Ekohiki (suru) * (favoritism; favouritism; partiality; prejudice; bias)/ Katayori * (can mean 'deviation; inclination; offset; bias; prejudice', but can also mean 'polarization; polarisation' or 'systematic error')
Noun-No	Prudence	慎重さ	Shinchō-sa
Noun-No	Stereotype	固定観念	Kotei kan'nen * (fixed idea; idée fixe; stereotype; prejudice)
Noun-No	Real life	実生活/ 実在 (する/ の)/ 3次元 (三次元/ さんじげん)	Jisseikatsu * (real life; actual life; everyday life)/ Jitsuzai (suru/ no) * (actual existence; real existence; existing in real life)/ 3-jigen (sanjigen/ sanji gen) * (three dimensions; 3D; 3-D/ real world; IRL; in real life * (slang, Jocular, humorous term, as opposed to the two dimensions of anime and manga))
Noun-No	Something real	本物の何か	Honmono no nanika

Noun-No	Reorganization (reorganisation)	再編成 (する)/ 再組織 (する)/ 改革 (する)/ 組織再編 (する)/ 改編 (する)/ 改組 (する)/ 再編 (する)/ 改装 (する)/ 改造 (する)/ 機構改革 (する)/ 統廃合 (する)/ 再設 (する)/ 再構成 (する) (再編 (する))	Sai hensei (suru)/ Sai soshiki (suru)/ Kaikaku (suru) * (reform; reformation; reorganization)/ Soshiki saihen (suru) * (reorganization; reorganisation; restructuring)/ Kaihen (suru)/ Kaiso (suru) * (reorganization; reorganisation; reshuffle)/ Saihen (suru) * (reorganization; reorganisation; reshuffle)/ Kaisō (suru) * (remodelling; remodeling; reorganization; reorganisation)/ Kaizō (suru) * (remodeling; remodelling; reconstruction; conversion; alteration; renovation; modification; reshuffling (e.g. a cabinet); reorganization; restructuring)/ Kikō kaikaku (suru) * (reorganization; reorganisation; structural reform)/ Tōhaigō (suru) * (reorganization (e.g. of a company); reorganisation; consolidation; scrap-and-build)/ Sai Setsu (suru) * (re-establishment; reorganization; reorganisation)/ Sai kōsei (suru) * (reconstruction; reorganization; reorganisation; reconstitution; reconfiguration) (Saihen (suru))
Noun-No	Management reorganization (management reorganisation)	経営再建/ 経営転換/ 経営再編/ 経営の再編 (経営再編)	Keiei saiken/ Keieitenkan/ Keiei saihen/ Keiei no saihen (keiei saihen)
Noun-No	Reorganization plan (reorganisation plan; restructuring plan)	再建計画/ 再編計画/ 組織再編計画 (再編計画; 再建計画)	Saiken keikaku/ Saihen keikaku/ Soshiki saihen keikaku (saihen keikaku; saiken keikaku)
Noun-No	Correctness	正しさ/ 至正/ コレクトネス	Tadashi-sa * (rightness; correctness)/ Shisei * (perfect correctness)/ Korekutonesu * (correctness; used in 'ポリティカルコレクトネス/ poritikarukorekutonesu', which means 'political correctness')
Noun-No	Right and wrong	黒白/ 白黒 (の)/ 善悪/ 正悪/ 正邪	Kuroshiro/ Shirokuro (no)/ Zen'aku/ Seiaku/ Seija
Noun-No	Rights (the right)	権利/ 権 (けん) (権利)	Kenri/ Ken (kenri)
Noun-No	Claim (claims)	クレーム (クレーム)	Kurēmu (kurēmu)
Noun-No	Skill (handiness; proficiency)	熟練 (する/ の)/ 技術/ スキル/ 練熟/ 練度/ 習熟/ 切れ味	Jukuren (suru/ no)/ Gijutsu/ Sukiru/ Renjuku/ Rendo/ Shūjuku/ Kireaji
Noun-No	Strength (physical strength)	力 (ちから)/ 強さ/ 強度/ 勢力 (体力/ 腕力/ 筋力/ 膂力/ 腕っ節 (腕っぶり/ うでっぶり)/ 身体能力)	Chikara/ Tsuyo-sa/ Kyōdo/ Seiryoku (Tairyoku/ Wanryoku/ Kinryoku/ Ryoryoku/ Udeppushi/ Karada nōryoku)
Noun-No	Talent (skill; ability)	能/ 才能/ 働き/ 技量/ 力量/ 才器/ オ/ タレント	Nō/ Sainō/ Hataraki/ Giryō/ Rikiryō/ Sai-ki/ Sai/ Tarento

Noun-No	Technicality	こじつけ (の)/ 技術的な理由/ 専門性	Kojitsuke (no) * (distortion; stretch; strained interpretation; technicality; casuistry; sophistry)/ Gijutsu-tekina riyū * (technical reason)/ Senmon-sei * (specialization; specialty; speciality; expertise)
Noun-No	Vigour	活力	Katsuryoku
Noun-No	Vitality (energy; vigour; liveliness; spirit; life)	活気	Kakki
Noun-No	Waiver	権利放棄	Kenri hōki
Noun-No	Feature (features)	特徴 (特徴)	Tokuchou (Tokuchou)
Noun-No	Additional features (other features)	追加機能/ その他の特徴/ 追加特徴/ 追加の特徴/ 追加的な特徴	Tsuika kinō/ Sonohoka no tokuchō/ Tsuika tokuchō/ Tsuika no tokuchō/ Tsuika-tekina tokuchō
Noun-No	Special features	特別な機能	Tokubetsuna kinō
Noun-No	Advantage (point in favor)	利点 (な)	Riten (na)
Noun-No	Adventure	冒険 (する)/ アドベンチャー	Bōken (suru)/ Adobenchā
Noun-No	Adventurous spirit	冒険心/ 冒険的な精神	Bōkengokoro/ Bōken-tekina seishin
Noun-No	Quest	探求 (する)/ クエスト	Tankyū (suru)/ Kuesuto
Noun-No	Being full of energy (vitality; in exuberant spirits)	気力旺盛/ 気力横溢	Kiryokuōsei/ Kiryokuōitsu
Noun-No	Full of energy	エネルギーに満ちた	Enerugī ni michita
Noun-No	Black and white	黒白/ 白黒 (の)	Kuroshiro/ Shirokuro (no)
Noun-No	Characteristic (feature; trait)	特性/ 特色/ 固有 (の/ な)/ 特有 (の/ な)/ 特質/ 独特 (の/ な)/ 特徴/ 独自 (の/ な)/ 一流 (の)	Tokusei * (special characteristic; special quality; trait; idiosyncrasy; peculiarity)/ Tokushoku * (characteristic; feature; idiosyncrasy; personal colour)/ Koyū (no/ na) * (characteristic; traditional; peculiar; inherent; native; eigen-)/ Tokuyū (no/ na) * (characteristic (of); peculiar (to))/ Tokushitsu * (characteristic; feature; special quality)/ Dokutoku (no/ na) * (peculiarity; uniqueness; characteristic/ understood only by oneself)/ Tokuchō * (feature; trait; characteristic; peculiarity; distinction)/ Dokuji (no/ na) * (original; unique; distinctive; characteristic; peculiar/ independent; one's own; personal)/ Ichiryū (no) * (characteristic (of); peculiar (to); unique (to)/ first-class; first-rate; top-flight; top-ranking; leading; eminent; top)
Noun-No	Characteristic quality (one's real ability; one's specialty)	本領	Honryō
Noun-No	Attribute (attributes)	属性/ アトリビュート (属性)	Zokusei/ Atoribyūto (zokusei)
Noun-No	Property (attribute; properties)	プロパティ (属性; プロパティ)	Puopati (zokusei; puopati)
Noun-No	Streak	ストリーク/ 縞 (しま) (の)	Sutorīku/ Shima (no) * (stripe; bar; streak)

Noun-No	Colour and scent (color and scent)	色香	Iroka
Noun-No	Condition (body condition; physical condition)	調子/ 具合/ 体位/ コンディション (体調; 体調; 体の調子; 体の状態; 体の状況)	Chōshi/ Guai/ Taii * (be careful, though the first meaning is 'physical condition', it can also mean 'posture; (body) position; sexual position'/ Kondishon (Taichō; Taichō; Karada no chōshi; Karada no jōtai; Karada no jōkyō)
Noun-No	Condonement	大目に見る	Ōmenimiru
Noun-No	Constitution (physique)	体質/ 体 (からだ) (体格)	Taishitsu/ Karada (Taikaku)
Noun-No	Disadvantage (handicap; unfavorable position)	不利 (な)	Furi (na)
Noun-No	Electricity charges (power rates)	電気料金	Denki ryōkin
Noun-No	Electricity consumption (power consumption)	消費電力/ 電力消費量 (消費電力)	Shōhi denryoku/ Denryoku shōhi-ryō (Shōhi denryoku)
Noun-No	Energy resources (energy source; power source)	エネルギー資源/ エネルギーリソース/ エネルギー源/ エネルギーソース/ 動力資源	Enerugī shigen/ Enerugī risōsu/ Enerugī-gen/ Enerugīsōsu/ Dōryokushigen
Noun-No	Force (strength, vigor, energy; power)	力/ 強さ/ 活力/ エネルギー/ 気力/ 動力/ 勢い	Chikara/ Tsuyo-sa/ Katsuryoku/ Enerugī/ Kiryoku/ Dōryoku/ Ikioi
Noun-No	Great skill	大技	Ōwaza
Noun-No	Hyperactivity (excess activity)	過剰行動/ 活動過多 (の)/ 活動過剰	Kajō kōdō/ Katsudō kata (no)/ Katsudōkajō
Noun-No	Inexperienced (unrealistic; knowing but little of the world)	不慣れ (な)/ 未経験 (の/ な)/ 未熟 (の/ な)/ 青い/ 経験の浅い/ 世事に疎い	Funare (na)/ Mikeiken (no/ na)/ Mijuku (no/ na)/ Aoi/ Keiken no asai/ Sejiniutoi
Noun-No	Leadership	指導 (する)/ 主導 (する)/ 主導権/ 先導 (する)/ 指導部/ 統率 (する)/ 先導性/ 領導 (する)/ 主動/ リーダーシップ (する)	Shidō (suru)/ Shudō (suru)/ Shudō-ken/ Sendō (suru)/ Shidōhō/ Tōsotsu (suru)/ Sendō-sei/ Ryō shirube (suru)/ Shudō/ Rīdāshipu (suru)
Noun-No	Lifestyle	ライフスタイル	Raifusutairu
Noun-No	Momentum	勢い/ 弾み/ 運動量/ 動量/ 余勢/ 惰力/ 気運/ モーメント項/ モーメンタム	Ikioi * (means 'force; vigor; vigour; energy; spirit; life', but can also mean 'impetus; momentum; course (of events)')/ Hazumi * (means 'bounce; spring; rebound', but can also mean 'momentum; impetus; impulse; stimulus; inertia')/ Undōryō * (means 'momentum' from physics, but can also mean 'amount of exercise')/ Dō-ryō * (momentum)/ Yosei * (surplus power; momentum; impetus; inertia)/ Daryoku * (inertia; momentum/ force of habit)/ Kiun * (trend; tendency; momentum)/ Mōmento kō/ Mōmentamu
Noun-No	Oddity (oddities)	奇妙さ/ 一風/ 風変わりなもの/ 特異なもの (特異なもの)/ 特異な点 (奇妙さ)	Kimyō-sa/ Ippū/ Fūgawarina mono/ Tokuina mono/ Tokuina ten (kimyō-sa)
Noun-No	Opinion (point of view)	意見/ 見解/ 視点/ 考え/ オピニオン	Iken/ Kenkai/ Shiten/ Kangae/ Opinion

Noun-No	Matter of opinion	意見の問題	Iken no mondai
Noun-No	Point of view	視点	Shiten
Noun-No	Outlook	見通し/ 展望 (する)/ 見晴らし/ 眺め/ 旗色/ 概況	Mitōshi/ Tenbō (suru)/ Miharashi/ Nagame/ Hatairo/ Gaikyō
Noun-No	Outlook on life (one's horizons)	視野/ 見	Shiya/ Ken
Noun-No	Particularity (particularities; particulars)	特殊性 (特殊性; 特殊性)	Tokushu-sei (tokushu-sei; tokushu-sei)
Noun-No	Peculiarity	特殊性/ 独特 (の)	Tokushu-sei/ Dokutoku (no)
Noun-No	Perspective	視点/ 観点/ 見通し/ 遠近法/ パースペクティブ	Shiten/ Kanten/ Mitōshi * (also used for visual/ visibility perspective)/ Ochikochi-hō * (also used for visual/ visibility perspective)/ Pāsupekutibu
Noun-No	Prospect	見通し/ 眺め/ 見晴らし/ 眺望 (する)/ 展望 (する)/ 望み/ 前景気/ 候補/ プロスペクト	Mitōshi * (forecast; outlook; prospect; prediction)/ Nagame * (scene; view; prospect; outlook)/ Miharashi * (view; prospect; outlook)/ Chōbō (suru) * (prospect; view; outlook)/ Tenbō (suru) * (view; outlook; prospect)/ Nozomi * (means 'wish; desire; hope', but can also mean 'prospect; expectation; (one's) hopes')/ Mae- geiki * (prospect; promise; outlook)/ Kōho * (candidate; contender; prospect; pick; choice; list)/ Purosupekuto * (prospect)
Noun-No	Resistance (physical resistance)	抵抗 (する)/ 抵抗力/ 耐性 (物理抵抗/ 物理的抵抗/ 物理的な抵抗/ 物理的耐性)	Teikō (suru)/ Teikō-ryoku/ Taisei (Butsuri teikō/ Butsuri-teki teikō/ Butsuri-tekina teikō/ Butsuri- teki taisei)
Noun-No	The five colours (green, yellow, red, white and black)	五彩	Gosai
Noun-No	Transmission of electricity	送電 (する)	Sōden (suru)
Noun-No	Unique in his kind	彼の種類ではユニーク (な)	Kare no shuruide wa yunīku (na)
Noun-No	Uniqueness	独自性	Dokuji-sei
Noun-No	Ups and downs	浮き沈み (する)/ 栄枯盛衰/ 波乱/ 盛衰	Ukishizumi (suru)/ Eikoseisui/ Haran/ Seisui
Noun-No	Venture (ventures)	ベンチャー (ベンチャー)	Benchā (benchā)
Noun-No	Way of life (lifestyle; living)	生き方/ 暮らし (暮し/ 暮らし)/ 暮らし振り/ 生活振り/ 生きる道/ 生き様/ 生活法/ 生活パターン/ 暮らし方/ 生活態度/ 生活習慣/ 生態	Ikikata/ Kurashi/ Kurashi furi/ Seikatsu furi/ Ikiru michi/ Ikizama/ Seikatsu-hō/ Seikatsu patān/ Kurashi-kata/ Seikatsu taido/ Seikatsu shūkan/ Seitai
Noun-Em	Emotions (emotion)	感情/ 情緒/ 情 (じょう)/ 情動/ 心緒	Kanjō/ Jōcho/ Jō/ Jōdō/ Shinsho

Noun-Em	Feeling	感 (かん)/ 感じ/ 気分/ 気持ち/ 感情/ フィーリング/ 意 (い)/ 気味 (きみ)	Kan * (feeling; sensation; emotion; admiration; impression)/ Kanji * (feeling; sense; impression)/ Kibun * (feeling; mood)/ Kimochi * (feeling; sensation; mood; state of mind)/ Kanjō * (emotion; feeling; feelings; sentiment)/ Firingu * (feeling)/ I * (feelings; thoughts)/ Kimi * (sensation; feeling)
Noun-Em	Good feeling (good emotions)	良い気分/ いい気分/ 気分がいいです/ 気分が良いです (良い感情/ いい感情)	Yoi kibun/ Ī kibun/ Kibun ga īdesu * (I feel good)/ Kibungayoidesu * (I feel good) (Yoi kanjō/ Ī kanjō)
Noun-Em	Special feeling	特別な感情/ 特別な感じ/ 特別な感/ 特別感	Tokubetsuna kanjō/ Tokubetsuna kanji/ Tokubetsuna-kan/ Tokubetsu-kan
Noun-Em	Uneasy feeling	不安な気持ち/ 不安感	Fuan'na kimochi/ Fuan-kan * (uneasy feeling; sense of anxiety; malaise)
Noun-Em	Imagination	想像 (する)/ 仮想 (する/ の)/ 想像力/ 考え/ 思い/ イマジネーション/ 空想力/ 気のせい/ 妄想癖	Sōzō (suru) * (imagination; supposition; guess)/ Kasō (suru/ no) * (imagination; supposition; virtual; potential (enemy))/ Sōzō-ryoku * ((power of) imagination; power of imagination)/ Kangae * (thinking; thought; view; opinion; concept/ idea; notion; imagination)/ Omoi * (thought/ imagination; mind; heart)/ Imajinēshon * (imagination)/ Kūsō-ryoku * ((power of) imagination)/ Ki no sei * ((just) one's imagination; just one's imagination)/ Mōsō kuse * ((having an) overactive imagination; tendency to get lost in one's imagination)
Noun-Em	Beyond imagination	想像を超えて	Sōzō o koete
Noun-Em	Love (affection; care)	愛 (あい)/ 愛情/ 恋愛 (する/ の)/ 恋 (こい)	Ai/ Aijō/ Ren'ai (suru/ no) * (love; love-making; passion; emotion; affections/ falling in love)/ Koi * (romantic love; (romantic) love)
Noun-Em	True love	真の愛/ 真実の恋/ 真実の愛/ 本当の愛/ 屋烏の愛/ トゥルーラブ/ リアル・ラヴ	Shin no ai/ Shinjitsu no koi/ Shinjitsu no ai/ Hontō no ai/ Okuunoai * (true love; deep love; love for someone so deep that it can reach a crow perched on that person's roof)/ To~urūrabu * (true love)/ Riaru ravu * (real love)
Noun-Em	Heightened emotions	感情の高揚	Kanjō no kōyō
Noun-Em	Strong emotion (strong emotions)	強い感情 (強い感情)	Tsuyoi kanjō (tsuyoi kanjō)
Noun-Em	Sentiment	感情	Kanjō
Noun-Em	Thought (Idea)	思い/ 思考/ 考え/ 思想/ 観念/ イデア/ 意 (い)	Omoi/ Shikō/ Kangae/ Shisō/ Kan'nen/ Idea/ I
Noun-Em	Affection	愛情	Aijō
Noun-Em	Afterthought	後から考えたこと/ 結果論	Ato kara kangaeta koto/ Kekka-ron
Noun-Em	Forethought	先見の明/ 遠謀	Senken no mei/ Enbō
Noun-Em	Hindsight	後知恵	Atodjie

Noun-Em	Pensiveness	物思い (ie. 物思いにふける)	Monoomoi * (reverie; meditation; anxiety; thought; pensiveness) (ie. monoomoi ni fukeru) * (to be lost in deep thought; to be deeply immersed in thought)
Noun-Em	Reflection (meditation)	反省 (する)/ 内省 (瞑想 (する))	Hansei (suru) * (reflection; reconsideration; introspection; meditation; contemplation/ regret; repentance; remorse; being sorry)/ Naisei * (introspection; reflection on one's self) (Meisō (suru))
Noun-Em	Association (of ideas)	連想 (する)	Rensō (suru) * (association (of ideas); being reminded (of something); suggestion/ association (psychology))
Noun-Em	Habit	習慣/ 習い	Shūkan/ Narai
Noun-Em	Addictive habit	中毒性のある習慣	Chūdoku-sei no aru shūkan
Noun-Em	Humor (humour)	(ご) 機嫌/ ユーモア (ユーモア)/ おかしみ/ 機嫌気襟/ 気襟	(go) Kigen/ Yūmoa (yūmoa)/ Okashi mi * (humor; humour; wit)/ Kigenkidzuma * (humour; humor; temper; mood; spirits)/ Kidzuma * (humour; humor; temper; mood; spirits)
Noun-Em	Sarcastic humour	皮肉なユーモア	Hinikuna yūmoa
Noun-Em	Impression	印象/ 感じ/ 所感	Inshō * (impression)/ Kanji * (feeling; sense; impression)/ Shokan * (impressions; thoughts; feelings; opinions)
Noun-Em	Artist impression	アーティストの印象	Ātisuto no inshō
Noun-Em	Lasting impression	永続的な印象	Eizoku-tekina inshō
Noun-Em	Inspiration	靈感/ インスピレーション	Reikan/ Insupirēshon
Noun-Em	Instinct	本能/ 直感 (する)/ インスティンクト	Hon'nō/ Chokkan (suru)/ Insutinkuto
Noun-Em	Intuition	直感 (する)/ 勘/ 感覚 (する)/ 直覚 (する/ の)	Chokkan (suru)/ Kan/ Kankaku (suru)/ Chokkaku (suru/ no)
Noun-Em	Mood	気分/ 気持ち/ 感じ/ ムード/ 情 (じょう)/ 気 (き)	Kibun/ Kimochi/ Kanji/ Mūdo/ Jō/ Ki * (spirit; mind; heart/ nature; disposition/ intention; mind; will; motivation/ mood; feelings/ consciousness/ care; attention; consideration; worry/ interest/ (the) air; atmosphere/ ambience; atmosphere (of); air (of); mood)
Noun-Em	Mood (good mood; humor)	機嫌 (な) (上機嫌 (な))	Kigen (Kigen'na) (Jōkigen (na))
Noun-Em	Musings	思索 (する)	Shisaku (suru) * (speculation; thinking; meditation)
Noun-Em	Personality (character; ethos)	人格/ キャラクター/ 格/ 性格/ 人物/ 人柄/ 気風/ 個性/ 色 (いろ)	Jinkaku/ Kyarakutā/ Kaku/ Seikaku/ Jinbutsu/ Hitogara/ Kippu/ Kosei/ Iro
Noun-Em	Buoyant personality	陽気な性格	Yōki-na seikaku

Noun-Em	Caring personality	思いやりのある性格 (思いやりがある性格)/ 世話な性格/ 細やかな性格/ 親切な性格/ 愛情深い性格	Omoiyari no aru seikaku (omoiyari ga aru seikaku)/ Sewana seikaku/ Komayakana seikaku/ Shinsetsuna seikaku * (kind personality; gentle personality; considerate personality; generous personality; friendly personality; nice personality)/ Aijōbukai seikaku * (caring personality; devoted personality; loving personality; affectionate personality)
Noun-Em	Stubborn personality	頑固な性格/ 強情な性格/ 頑強な性格/ 一徹な性格/ 強硬な性格	Gankona seikaku/ Gōjōna seikaku/ Gankyōna seikaku * (stubborn personality; persistent personality; tenacious personality/ strong personality; tough personality)/ Ittetsuna seikaku * (obstinate personality; stubborn personality; inflexible personality)/ Kyōkōna seikaku * (firm personality; strong personality; unbending personality; stubborn personality; tough personality)
Noun-Em	Romance (love affair)	ロマンス/ ロマン/ 伝奇小説/ 恋愛小説/ 恋路/ 浮き名/ 恋模様/ 恋愛もの (恋愛)	Romansu * (romance; love story/ love affair; romantic relationship/ romance * (music))/ Roman * (romance (e.g. Arthurian romances); heroic tale * (from French "roman")/ (nigh) impossible dream; adventurous spirit; great undertaking; epic adventure/ (full-length) novel/ romance; love affair/ romanticism)/ Denki shōsetsu * (romance (fiction))/ Ren'ai shōsetsu * (love romance; love story; romance; romance story; romantic fiction/ romance novel)/ Koiji * (romance; love's pathway)/ Ukina * (rumour (of a love affair); rumor; romance; scandal/ bad reputation * (archaic))/ Koi moyō * (romance; love affair)/ Ren'ai mono * (love story; romance) (Ren'ai * (love; love-making; passion; emotion; affections/ falling in love))
Noun-Em	Sensation (feeling; sense)	感覚 (する)/ 気味 (きみ)/ 気持ち/ 心地/ 知覚 (する)/ 気配/ センセーション (感情; 感覚)	Kankaku (suru)/ Kimi/ Kimochi/ Kokochi/ Chikaku (suru)/ Kehai/ Sensēshon (kanjō; kankaku)
Noun-Em	Senses	感覚 (する)	Kankaku (suru)
Noun-Em	Sense of belonging (belongingness)	帰属意識 (所属感)	Kizoku ishiki (shozoku-kan)
Noun-Em	Sensitivity (sensitive)	感度/ 感性/ 感受性/ 情感 (敏感 (な))	Kando/ Kansei/ Kan jusei/ Jōkan (Binkan (na) * (becomes 'binkan'na'))
Noun-Em	Highly sensitive (highly intelligent)	高感度/ 高い感度/ 非常に敏感/ 大変な敏感 (高知能/ 高い知能)	Kō kando/ Takai kando/ Hijō ni binkan/ Taihen'na binkan (Kō chinō/ Takai chinō)
Noun-Em	Vent (emotions)	はけ口 (感情)	Hakeguchi (kanjō)
Noun-Em	Visualization	視覚化 (する)	Shikaku-ka (suru)
Noun-Em	Touch (a touch; the touch)	触れる (触れる; 触れること)	Fureru (fureru; fureru koto)
Noun-Em	Cuddle (a cuddle)	抱きしめる (抱きしめる)	Dakishimeru (dakishimeru)

Noun-Em	Hug (a hug)	抱擁 (する)/ ハグ (する) (抱擁 (する)/ ハグ (する))	Hōyō (suru)/ Hagu (suru) (hōyō (suru)/ hagu (suru))
Noun-Em	Pat (patting)	パット (する)	patto (suru)
Noun-Em	Look (a look; the look; a gaze)	見て/ 一見 (する) (一瞥 (する); 視線; 視線)	Mite/ Ikken (suru) * (look; glimpse; glance) (ichibetsu (suru); shisen; shisen)
Noun-Em	Facial expression	表情	Hyōjō
Noun-Em	Frown (a frown)	しかめっ面 (しかめっ面)	Shikamettsura (shikamettsura)
Noun-Em	Glare	グレア	Gurea
Noun-Em	Grin	ニヤリ	Niyari
Noun-Em	Laughter	笑い	Warai
Noun-Em	Smile	笑顔	Egao
Noun-Em	Smirk (a smirk)	ニヤニヤ (ニヤニヤ)	Niyaniya (niyaniya)
Noun-Em	Adoration	心酔 (する)/ 愛好 (する)/ 憧れ (の)	Shinsui (suru)/ Aikō (suru)/ Akogare (no)
Noun-Em	Aim (objective; object; purpose; end)	当て/ 狙い/ 意図 (する)	Ate/ Nerai/ Ito (suru)
Noun-Em	Anonymity	匿名/ 無名/ 匿名性	Tokumei/ Mumei/ Tokumei sei
Noun-Em	Apology (excuse; apologies; sorry; excuse; pardon)	(お) 詫び (する)/ 謝罪 (する)/ 申し訳 (する)/ 陳謝 (する)/ 御免 (なさい)/ 失礼しました/ 万謝 (する)	(o) Wabi (suru)/ Shazai (suru)/ Mōshiwake (suru)/ Chinsha (suru)/ Gomen (nasai)/ Shitsureishimashita/ Bansha (suru)
Noun-Em	Appearance (behaviour)	振り (ふり/ 風)	Furi
Noun-Em	Appearance (looks)	見目/ 見目形/ 見た目/ 風貌	Mime (kenmoku)/ Mimekatachi/ Mitame/ Fūbō
Noun-Em	Appearance (outward appearance; exterior appearance)	外観/ 見栄 (見え/ 見得)	Gaikan/ Mie
Noun-Em	Atmosphere	雰囲気/ 情緒 (の)/ 空気/ 情調/ 空気感/ 気/ ムード/ アトモスフィア/ バイブス	Fun'iki/ Jōcho (no)/ Kūki/ Jōchō/ Kūki-kan/ Ki/ Mūdo/ Atomosufia/ Baibusu
Noun-Em	Attitude (behaviour; manner)	態度/ 姿勢 (行動 (する))	Taido/ Shisei (Kōdō (suru))
Noun-Em	Respectful attitude	敬意を持った態度	Keii o motta taido
Noun-Em	Demeanor (demeanors)	態度 (態度)	Taido (taido)
Noun-Em	Attraction	魅力/ アトラクション	Miryoku/ Atorakushon
Noun-Em	Fatal attraction	致命的な魅力	Chimei-tekina miryoku
Noun-Em	Opposites attract	反対のものは引き合う	Hantai no mono wa hikiau
Noun-Em	Distraction	気晴らし/ 錯乱 (する)/ 気移り (する)/ 気を散らし (気を散らす)	Kibarashi * (recreation; diversion; relaxation; distraction)/ Sakuran (suru) * (confusion; distraction; derangement)/ Kiutsuri (suru) * (気移り)/ Ki o chirashi (ki o chirasu * (to distract a person's attention))
Noun-Em	Good habit	良い習慣 (よい習慣)	Yoi shūkan
Noun-Em	Bad habit	悪い習慣/ 悪癖/ 悪習/ 病気 (の)	Warui shūkan/ Akuheki/ Akushū/ Byōki (no)

Noun-Em	Behavior (behaviour)	振る舞い/ (お) 行儀/ 行動 (する/ の)/ 態度/ 真似 (マネ) (する)/ 風 (かぜ)/ 素振り/ 振り (ふり)/ 拳動/ 素行/ 行い (行ない/ おこない)/ 動作/ 行状/ 拳措/ 行跡/ 拳措進退/ 起居動作/ 品行/ 拳 (きょ) (振る舞い)	Furumai/ (o) Gyōgi/ Kōdō (suru/ no)/ Taido * (attitude; manner; behaviour; demeanour; bearing/ attitude (towards an issue, etc.); position; stance; stand)/ Mane (suru)/ Kaze * (means 'wind; breeze; draught; draft', but can also mean 'manner; behaviour; behavior')/ Soburi/ Furi * (means 'swing; shake; wave; swinging', but can also mean 'appearance; behaviour/ pretence (pretense); show; pretending (to)')/ Kyodō/ Sokō/ Okonai * (means 'deed; act; action', but can also mean 'conduct; behavior; behaviour')/ Dōsa/ Gyōjō/ Kyoso/ Gyōseki/ Kyososhintai/ Kikyo dōsa/ Hinkō * ((moral) conduct; behaviour; behavior; deportment)/ Kyo (ki ~yo) (furumai)
Noun-Em	Acceptable behavior	許容される動作	Kyoyō sareru dōsa
Noun-Em	Behavioural problems	行動上の問題	Kōdō-jō no mondai
Noun-Em	Emotional behavior	感情的な行動	Kanjō-tekina kōdō
Noun-Em	Group behavior	集団行動	Shūdan kōdō
Noun-Em	Intolerable behaviour	許容できない行為/ 許容できない行動	Kyoyō dekinai kōi/ Kyoyō dekinai kōdō
Noun-Em	Offensive behaviour	攻撃的な行動	kōgekiteki na kōdō
Noun-Em	Strange behavior (strange behaviour)	奇妙な行動/ 奇妙な振る舞い/ 奇行 (奇妙な行動)	Kimyōna kōdō/ Kimyōna furumai/ Kikō (kimyōna kōdō)
Noun-Em	Unacceptable behavior	容認できない行為	Yōnin dekinai kōi
Noun-Em	Transgressive behaviour	違反行為	Ihan kōi
Noun-Em	Treatment	扱い/ 待遇 (する)/ 取り扱い/ 治療/ 処理 (する)/ 加工 (する)/ 療法	Atsukai * (treatment; service; dealing (with); handling; management/ handling (of a machine, tool, etc.); operation; use/ treating as; treating like)/ Taigū (suru) * (treatment; reception; service)/ Toriatsukai * (treatment; service; handling; management)/ Chiryō * ((medical) treatment; care; therapy; cure; remedy)/ Shori (suru) * (processing; dealing with; treatment; disposition; disposal)/ Kakō (suru) * (manufacturing; processing; treatment; machining)/ Ryōhō * (therapy; treatment; remedy; cure)
Noun-Em	Special treatment	特別な治療	Tokubetsuna chiryō
Noun-Em	Beauty	美しさ	Utsukushi-sa
Noun-Em	Blame (reproach)	非難 (する/ な) (非難 (する/ な))	Hinan (hinan)
Noun-Em	Blank stare (expressionless look)	虚ろな視線/ ぽかん (と) (する)/ ぽかんと見つめる/ ぽかんと見る/ ぼんやり眺めた (無表情 (な))	Utsurona shisen/ Pokan (to) (suru)/ Pokanto mitsumeru/ Pokanto miru/ Bon'yari nagameta (Muhyōjō (na))
Noun-Em	Boast (a boast)	自慢 (する)	Jiman (suru)

Noun-Em	Bravado	空威張り (する)/ 空元気/ 虚勢/ 虚勢を張る (虚勢を張って)	Karaibari (suru) * (bluffing; bluster; bravado)/ Karagenki * (putting on a brave face; put-on cheeriness; pretending one is fine; show of courage; bravado; Dutch courage)/ Kyosei * (bluff; false show of power; bold front)/ Kyoseiwoharu (kyosei o hatte) * (to bluff; to act brave; to put on a bold front; to put on a bravado)
Noun-Em	Censure	非難 (する/ な)/ 攻撃 (する)/ 糾弾 (する)/ 咎め	Hinan (suru/ na) * (criticism; blame; censure; attack; reproach)/ Kōgeki (suru) * (can mean 'attack; assault; raid; onslaught; offensive', but can also mean 'criticism; censure; denunciation; condemnation')/ Kyūdan (suru) * (censure; denunciation; (verbal) attack; blaming)/ Togame * (blame; censure; rebuke; reproof)
Noun-Em	Change of heart	心変わり (する)/ 心境の変化/ 心移り	Kokorogawari (suru)/ Shinkyōnohenka/ Kokoro utsuri
Noun-Em	Charm (fascination; glamour)	魅力/ 魅了 (する)/ 色香/ 味わい (の)/ 風情/ 味/ 愛嬌/ 情味/ シェルム * (from French "charme")	Miryoku/ Miryō (suru)/ Iroka/ Ajiwai (no)/ Fuzei/ Aji/ Aikyō/ Jōmi/ Sharumu* (furomu furenchi "charme")
Noun-Em	Charisma	カリスマ性	Karisuma-sei
Noun-Em	Allure	アリュール	Aryūru
Noun-Em	Clutter	乱雑 (な)/ 雑然 (たる/ と)/ ガチャガチャ (な/ と)/ がしゃがしゃ (な/ と/ する)	Ranzatsu (na) * (disorder; confusion; clutter; mess; muddle; disarray)/ Zatsuzen (taru/ to) * (untidy (room, pile, etc.); messy; cluttered; disorderly; jumbled (e.g. thoughts); chaotic (lifestyle, atmosphere, etc.))/ Gachagacha (na/ to) * (messy; cluttered; untidy/ with a clatter; with a rattle; with a clank/ persistently (complaining, etc.); annoyingly; (going) on and on)/ Ga shaga sha (na/ to/ suru) * ((pieces of metal, etc. hitting each other) noisily/ cluttered; disordered; messy)
Noun-Em	Commendation	表彰	Hyōshō
Noun-Em	Common knowledge	常識/ 周知 (する/ の)/ 世間周知/ 公知の事実/ 天下周知/ 周知の事実/ 一般常識/ 共通認識	Jōshiki/ Shūchi (suru/ no) * (common knowledge; being well-known; making (something) well-known)/ Sekenshūchi/ Kōchi no jijitsu/ Tenkashūchi/ Shūchi no jijitsu/ Ippan jōshiki/ Kyōtsū ninshiki

Noun-Em	Common process (common procedure)	一般的な処理/ 共通の処理/ 共通処理/ 共通手順/ 共通の手続き/ 普通の処理/ 共通の過程/ 共通プロセス/ 一般的なプロセス/ 共通の工程/ 共通の方法/ 共通の段階 (共通手順/ 一般的な手順/ 共通のプロシージャ)	Ippantekina shori * (common processing; dealing with; treatment)/ Kyōtsū no shori/ Kyōtsū shori/ Kyōtsū tejun * (common process; procedure; sequence)/ Kyōtsū no tetsudzuki * (common procedure; process; proceedings; formalities)/ Futsū no shori/ Kyōtsū no katei * (common process; course; mechanism)/ Kyōtsū purosesu/ Ippantekina purosesu/ Kyōtsū no kōtei * (common process; operation; stage of a process; progress of work)/ Kyōtsū no hōhō * (common method; process; manner; way; means; technique)/ Kyōtsū no dankai * (common stage; step; phase) (Kyōtsū tejun/ Ippantekina tejun/ Kyōtsū no puroshija)
Noun-Em	Common sense	常識/ 一般常識/ 共通認識/ コモンセンス	Jōshiki/ Ippan jōshiki/ Kyōtsū ninshiki/ Komonsensu
Noun-Em	Compliment	お世辞 (を する)/ 褒め言葉	Oseji (o suru)/ Homekotoba * (words of praise; eulogy; compliment)
Noun-Em	Confession	告白 (する)/ 白状 (する)/ 自白 (する)/ 自供 (する)	Kokuhaku (suru)/ Hakujō (suru)/ Jihaku (suru)/ Jikyō (suru)
Noun-Em	Confidence	自信 (する)/ 信頼 (する)/ 信用 (する)/ 確信 (する)/ 安心 (する/ な)/ 信任 (する)/ コンフィデンス	Jishin (suru) * (self-confidence; confidence (in oneself))/ Shinrai (suru) * (reliance; trust; faith; confidence)/ Shin'yō (suru) * (confidence; trust; faith; reputation)/ Kakushin (suru) * (conviction; belief; confidence)/ Anshin (suru/ na) * (peace of mind; relief; (sense of) security; safety; assurance; confidence)/ Shin'nin (suru) * (trust; confidence; credence)/ Konfidensu * (confidence)
Noun-Em	Conformity	適合 (の/ する)/ 同調 (する)/ 適応 (する)/ 符合 (する)/ 吻合 (する/ の)/ 整合 (する/ の)/ 準拠 (する)/ 整合性	Tekigō (no/ suru) * (conformity; compatibility; adaptability; congruity; congruence)/ Dōchō (suru) * (conformity; alignment; agreement; sympathy; following suit)/ Tekiō (suru) * (adaptation; accommodation; conformity)/ Fugō (suru) * (agreement; coincidence; correspondence; conformity)/ Fungō (suru/ no) * (coincidence; conformity)/ Seigō (suru/ no) * (adjustment; coordination; integration; conformity)/ Junkyo (suru) * (being based on; following (a rule, guidelines, etc.); conforming to (standards, regulations, etc.); complying with)/ Seigousei * (integrity; consistency; conformity; compliance)
Noun-Em	Confusion (perplexity; turmoil; panic)	混乱 (する) (当惑; 混乱; パニック)	Konran (suru) (tōwaku; konran; panikku)
Noun-Em	Compassion	同情 (する)	Dōjō (suru)

Noun-Em	Consideration	考慮 (する)/ 検討 (する)/ 配慮 (する)/ 思考 (する/ の)/ 思いやり/ 考察 (する)/ 気遣い/ 一考 (する)/ デリカシー	Kōryo (suru)/ Kentō (suru)/ Hairyo (suru)/ Shikō (suru/ no)/ Omoiyari * (consideration; thoughtfulness; sympath)/ Kōsatsu (suru)/ Kidzukai * (consideration; concern; fear; worry)/ Ikkō (suru) * (consideration; thought)/ Derikashī * (watch out, this word does not mean 'delicacy' and doesn't have to do with food. It means 'delicacy; tact; sensitivity; consideration; thoughtfulness')
Noun-Em	Careful consideration	慎重な考察/ 熟考 (する)/ 思料 (する)/ 一分別/ 詮議立て (する)	Shinchōna kōsatsu/ Jukkō (jukukō) (suru) * (careful consideration; deliberation; thinking over carefully)/ Shiryō (suru) * (careful consideration; thought)/ Ichi bunbetsu/ Sengitake (suru) * (thorough discussion; careful consideration; rigorous investigation)
Noun-Em	Contempt	軽蔑 (する)/ 侮蔑 (する)/ 蔑視 (する)/ 軽侮 (する)/ 卑しみ/ 侮り/ 侮慢 (する)/ 蔑み (さげすみ)/ 唾棄 (する)/ 貶下 (する)	Keibetsu (suru)/ Bubetsu (suru)/ Besshi (suru)/ Keibu (suru)/ Iyashimi/ Anadori/ Buman (Suru)/ Sagesumi/ Daki (suru)/ Henge (suru)
Noun-Em	Criticism	批判 (する)/ 批評 (する)/ 評論 (する)/ 非難 (する)/ 攻撃 (する)/ 論評 (する)/ 評 (ひょう)/ 論詰 (する)/ 誹議 (する)/ 指弾 (する)/ 論難 (する)	When speaking to Japanese people, be careful to use the correct Kanji word in Japanese. 'Hihan' can sound judgemental, while Hihyō has more to do with reviewing and giving comments/ Hihan (suru) * (criticism; judgement; judgment; comment)/ Hihyō (suru) * (criticism; critique; review; commentary)/ Hyōron (suru) * (criticism; critique)/ Hinan (suru) * (criticism; blame; censure; attack; reproach)/ Kōgeki (suru) * (can mean 'attack; assault; raid; onslaught; offensive', but can also mean 'criticism; censure; denunciation; condemnation')/ Ronpyō (suru) * (comment; criticism; critique; review)/ Hyō * (criticism; commentary; review)/ Ronkitsu (suru) * (criticism)/ Higi (suru) * (criticism; censure)/ Shidan (suru) * (criticism; blame; rejection; disdain; contempt/ originally means 'flick (of the finger)')/ Ron'nan (suru) * (criticism; censure)

Noun-Em	Decency	良識/ 義理 (の/ な)/ 世間体/ 体裁/ 具合/ 正面 (の/ な)/ ディセンシー	Ryōshiki * (good sense)/ Giri (no/ na) * (duty; sense of duty; honor; honour; decency; courtesy; debt of gratitude; social obligation)/ Sekentei * (appearance (in the eyes of society); decency)/ Teisai * ((outward) appearance/ (proper) format (e.g. of an essay); form; style/ appearances; decency; show; display/ lip- service; insincere words; glib talk)/ Guai * (means 'condition; state' and 'health; state (of health)', but can also mean 'face; dignity; decency; propriety')/ Shōmen (no/ na) * (means 'the front', but can also mean 'honest; upright; decent; proper; respectable; straight; serious; sensible')/ Disenshī * (decency)
Noun-Em	Deep emotion (impression; inspiration)	感激 (する)	Kangeki (suru)
Noun-Em	Demonstrative of one's worth (worthy of one's reputation; living up to one's name)	面目躍如 (たる/ と/ する)	Menbokuyakujo (taru/ to/ suru)
Noun-Em	Devotion (loyalty)	献身 (する) (忠誠心)	Kenshin (suru) (chūsei kokoro)
Noun-Em	Absolute devotion (absolute loyalty)	絶対的な忠誠心 (絶対的な忠誠心)	Zettai-tekina chūsei kokoro (zettai-tekina chūsei kokoro)
Noun-Em	Direct personality	直接的な性格/ 直接的な人格	Chokusetsutekina seikaku/ Chokusetsutekina jinkaku
Noun-Em	Discretion	裁量 (する)/ 分別 (する)/ 思慮 (する)/ 遠慮 (する)	Sairyō (suru)/ Bunbetsu (suru)/ Shiryō (suru)/ Enryō (suru)
Noun-Em	Disgrace	恥辱/ 屈辱/ 面汚し/ 汚名/ 恥さらし (な)/ 恥 (はじ)/ 恥辱/ 不名誉 (な)/ 汚点/ 汚れ/ 名折れ/ 汚辱/ 不評 (の/ な)	Chijoku * (disgrace; shame; insult)/ Kutsujoku * (disgrace; humiliation)/ Tsurayogoshi * (disgrace; shame)/ Omei * (bad name; bad reputation; disgrace; dishonour; dishonor; stigma; infamy)/ Hajisarashi (na) * (disgrace; shame)/ Haji * (shame; embarrassment; disgrace)/ Chijoku * (disgrace; shame; insult)/ Fumeiyo (na) * (dishonor; dishonour; disgrace; shame)/ Oten * (stain; blot; flaw; disgrace)/ Kegare (yogore) * (uncleanliness; impurity; defilement/ disgrace; shame; stain; blot; corruption; depravity)/ Naore * (disgrace; discredit; dishonor; dishonour; blot; shame)/ Ojoku * (disgrace; humiliation; insult)/ Fuhyō (no/ na) * (bad reputation; poor reception; unpopularity; disrepute; disgrace)

Noun-Em	Disorder	混乱 (する)/ 障害 (する)/ 乱れ/ 無秩序 (な)/ 乱雑 (な)/ 不調 (の /な)/ 乱脈 (な)/ 目茶苦茶 (な)/ 無茶苦茶 (な)/ 紊乱 (する)/ 狼藉 (たる)	Konran (suru)/ Shōgai (suru)/ Midare/ Muchitsujo (na)/ Ranzatsu (na)/ Fuchō (no/ na) * (bad condition; poor condition; disorder; slump; being out of form)/ Ranmyaku (na)/ Mechakucha (na) * (disorderly; chaotic; confused; messy)/ Muchakucha (na) * (disorder; confusion; being jumbled; being mixed up)/ Binran (suru) * (disorder; confusion; disturbance (of order, peace, etc.); corruption (e.g. of public morals))/ Rōzeki (taru) * (means 'disorder; confusion', but can also mean 'violence; outrage; riot')
Noun-Em	Anxiety disorder	不安障害	fuan shougai
Noun-Em	Compulsive disorder	強迫性障害	Kyōhakusei shōgai
Noun-Em	Disrespect	輕蔑 (する)/ 不敬 (な)/ 失敬 (する/ な)/ 不遜 (な)/ 無礼 (な)/ 輕視 (する)	Keibetsu (suru)/ Fukei (na)/ Shikkei (suru/ na)/ Fuson (na)/ Burei (na)/ Keishi (suru)
Noun-Em	Double personality (split personality)	二重人格/ 二重人格性/ 二重人格者/ 二人の人格/ デュアル・パーソナリティ (二重人格/ 多重人格)	Nijūjinkaku/ Nijūjinkaku-sei/ Nijūjinkaku-sha/ Futari no jinkaku/ De~yuaru pāsonariti (Nijūjinkaku/ Tajū jinkaku * (multiple personality; split personality))
Noun-Em	Egoism (selfishness)	個人主義/ 利己主義	Kojin shugi/ Riko shugi
Noun-Em	Elegance	優雅 (な)/ 優美 (な)/ 気品/ 風情 (ふぜい)/ 風流 (な)/ 風雅 (な)/ 典雅 (な)/ 雅趣/ 端麗 (な)/ 雅致/ 清粋/ 品 (ひん)/ 雅 (な)/ 風韻/ 景趣/ エレガンス/ エレガント (な)	Yūga (na)/ Yūbi (na)/ Kihin/ Fuzei/ Fūryū (na)/ Fūga (na)/ Tenga (na)/ Gashu/ Tanrei (na)/ Gachi/ Seisui/ Hin/ Miyabi (na)/ Fūin/ Keishu/ Eregansu/ Ereganto (na)
Noun-Em	Embarrassment	恥ずかしさ/ 恥 (辱/ 羞/ 耻)/ 赤面 (する)/ 困惑 (する)/ 当惑 (する)/ はにかみ (ハニカミ)/ とぎまぎ (する)/ 恥部	Hazukashi-sa/ Haji/ / Sekimen (suru)/ Konwaku (suru)/ Tōwaku (suru)/ Hanikami/ Togi magi (suru)/ Chibu
Noun-Em	Guilt	罪悪感	Zaiaku-kan

Noun-Em	Shame (embarrassment)	恥 (はじ)/ 羞恥心/ 面汚し/ 不名誉 (な)/ 辱め/ 不面目 (な)/ 恥さらし (な)/ 恥辱/ 汚れ/ 羞恥/ 慙愧 (する)/ 顔負け (する) (恥ずかしさ)	Haji * (shame; embarrassment; disgrace)/ Shūchishin * (shyness; shame)/ Tsurayogoshi * (disgrace; shame)/ Fumeiyo (na) * (dishonor; dishonour; disgrace; shame)/ Hazukashime * (shame; disgrace)/ Fumenboku (na) * (shame; disgrace)/ Hajisarashi (na) * (disgrace; shame)/ Chijoku * (disgrace; shame; insult)/ Kegare (yogore) * (uncleanness; impurity; defilement/ disgrace; shame; stain; blot; corruption; depravity)/ Shūchi * (shyness; bashfulness; shame)/ Zanki (suru) * ((feeling of) shame; feeling of shame; feelings of shame; shameful feelings)/ Kaomake (suru) * (being put to shame; being outshone; being eclipsed; feeling embarrassed) (Hazukashi-sa * (embarrassing; embarrassed; ashamed; humiliated; shy/ disgraceful; shameful))
Noun-Em	Emotionally cold (coldhearted; distant; reserved)	冷たい/ 情が薄い	Tsumetai/ Jōgausui
Noun-Em	Emotionally unavailable	感情的に対応できない	Kanjō-teki ni taiō dekinai
Noun-Em	Encouragement	奨励 (する)	Shōrei (suru)
Noun-Em	Enthusiasm (zeal)	熱意	Netsui
Noun-Em	Ethical code (code of ethics)	倫理規定	Rinri kitei
Noun-Em	Ethics (morals)	倫理/ 倫理学/ 道学/ 倫理観/ 修身/ エシックス/ モラル	Rinri/ Rinri-gaku/ Dōgaku/ Rinri-kan * (ethics; ethical viewpoint; moral value; sense of duty; sense of ethics)/ Shūshin * (morals; ethics; moral training)/ Eshikkusu/ Moraru * (morals; morality; ethics)
Noun-Em	Personal ethics (individual ethics)	個人倫理/ 個人的な倫理/ 個人の倫理	Kojin rinri/ Kojin-tekina rinri/ Kojin no rinri
Noun-Em	Situational ethics	状況倫理	Jōkyō rinri
Noun-Em	Eulogy	賛辞/ 褒め言葉/ 賛歌/ 頌徳/ 褒辞/ 褒詞/ 賞詞/ 追悼の辞/ 追悼 (する)	Sanji * (eulogy; compliment)/ Homekotoba * (words of praise; eulogy; compliment)/ Sanka * (song of praise; eulogy; paean; hymn)/ Shō toku * (eulogy)/ Hōji * (praise; eulogy)/ Hōshi * (praise; eulogy)/ Shōshi * ((words of) praise; eulogy)/ Tsuitō no ji * (memorial address; eulogy)/ Tsuitō (suru) * (mourning)
Noun-Em	Expression (way of saying)	表現 (する)/ 言葉遣い (する)/ 言い回し/ 形容 (する)/ 言葉/ 表示 (する) (言い方/ 言いよう (言い様/ いいよう/ いいざま))	Hyōgen (suru)/ Kotobadzukai (suru)/ iimawashi/ Keiyō (suru)/ Kotoba/ Hyōji (suru) (iikata/ liyō (liiyō/ Īzama))
Noun-Em	Exterior (outside; outer part)	外側 (の)/ 外 (そと)	Sotogawa (no) * (exterior; outside; outer; external; lateral)/ Soto * (outside; exterior)
Noun-Em	Outer	外側 (の)/ アウター	Sotogawa (no) * (exterior; outside; outer; external; lateral)/ Autā * (outer)
Noun-Em	Idiocy	愚かさ	Oroka-sa

Noun-Em	Inside (interior; inner part)	内側/ 内 (うち)	Uchigawa * (inside; interior; inner part)/ Uchi * (inside; within)
Noun-Em	Inner	内的 (な)/ 内面的 (な)/ インナー	Naiteki (na) * (inner; intrinsic; mental; inherited)/ Naimen-teki (na) * (inner; internal; inside)/ In'nā * (inner)
Noun-Em	Surface (face)	表面 (の)/ 表 (おもて)/ 面 (めん)	Hyōmen (no) * (surface; face/ outside; exterior/ appearances; superficiality)/ Omote * (surface/ face (i.e. the visible side of an object)/ front (of a building, etc.); obverse side (i.e. "head") of a coin/ outside; exterior/ appearance)/ Men * (face/ surface (esp. a geometrical surface)/ aspect; facet; side/ mask; face guard)
Noun-Em	Surface level	表面レベル	Hyōmen reberu
Noun-Em	Above surface level	地表レベルより上	Chihyō reberu yori ue
Noun-Em	Face (public position or attitude)	建前/ 面目/ 顔	Tatemaie/ Menboku/ Kao
Noun-Em	Fanaticism	狂信 (する)/ ファナティズム/ 狂信主義/ 狂い/ 熱狂 (する)	Kyōshin (suru)/ Fanatishizumu/ Kyōshin shugi/ Kurui/ Nekkyō (suru)
Noun-Em	Fervor	熱意	Netsui
Noun-Em	Fickle but kind-hearted	多情仏心	Tajō busshin * (literally: emotional, loose morals but having 'Buddha's heart or Buddha's mercy')
Noun-Em	Fine figure (a fine figure)	立派な姿/ ファインフィギュア/ 英姿颯爽 (たる/ と)/ 美丈夫/ 大丈夫 (立派な姿/ ファインフィギュア)	Rippana sugata/ Fainfigyua/ Eishisassō (taru/ to) * (cutting a fine (dashing, gallant, noble) figure)/ Bijōfu * (good-looking man; fine figure of a man)/ Daijōbu * (great man; fine figure of a man) (rippana sugata/ fainfigyua)
Noun-Em	Firmness	硬さ/ 強固 (な)/ 不動 (の/ な)/ 毅然 (たる/ と)/ 剛強 (な)	Kata-sa * (firmness; hardness; stiffness; honesty)/ Kyōko (na) * (firm; strong; solid; stable)/ Fudō (no/ na) * (immovable; motionless; firm; unwavering; unshakable; steadfast)/ Kizen (taru/ to) * (resolute; firm; dauntless; undaunted)/ Goukyō (na) * (strength; firmness)
Noun-Em	Flipping a table over in anger (overturning a table in anger)	ちゃぶ台返し (卓袱台返し/ チャブ台返し)	Chabudai-gaeshi (chabudaigaeshi)
Noun-Em	Foolishness	愚かさ	Oroka-sa
Noun-Em	Forgetfulness (oblivion)	物忘れ (する)/ 健忘/ 忘却 (する)/ 尻抜け/ 健忘症 (忘却 (する))	Monowasure (suru)/ Kenbō * (forgetfulness; amnesia)/ Bōkyaku (suru) * (lapse of memory; forgetting completely; consigning to) oblivion/ forgetting)/ Shirinuke * (forgetfulness; leaving things unfinished)/ Kenbōshō * (amnesia; loss of memory) (Bōkyaku (suru))

Noun-Em	Frenzy	狂乱 (する/ の)/ 狂暴 (な)/ 躁狂 (する)/ 熱狂ぶり/ 逆上 (する)/ フレンジー	Kyōran (suru/ no) * (Fury; frenzy; madness; wildness)/ Kyōbō (na) * (rage; frenzy)/ Sōkyō (suru) * (frenzy; delirium; wild excitement)/ Nekkyō-buri * (craze; frenzy; enthusiasm)/ Gyakujō (suru) * (going into a frenzy; flying into a rage)/ Furenjī
Noun-Em	Heartfelt thanks (deep gratitude)	厚礼/ 感佩 (する)	Kōrei/ Kanpai (suru)
Noun-Em	Heroism (bravery)	義勇/ 勇敢さ/ 義烈/ 英雄主義/ 義気/ 武俠/ 勇/ ヒロイズム (勇気/ 勇敢さ/ 度胸/ 勇烈 (な)/ 剛勇 (豪勇) (な/ の)/ 勇/ 勇猛 (な)/ 勇俠 (の)/ 雄武/ 武)	Giyū/ Yūkan-sa/ Giretsu/ Eiyūshugi/ Giki/ Bukyō/ Isamu/ Hiroizumu (Yūki/ Yūkan-sa/ Dokyō/ Yūretsu (na)/ Gōyū (na/ no)/ Isamu/ Yūmō (na)/ Yūkyō (no)/ Yuubu (oumu)/ Bu)
Noun-Em	Honesty	正直 (な)/ 誠実 (さ) (な)/ 忠実 (な)/ 実 (の/ な)/ 誠 (の)/ 信 (の)	Shōjiki (na)/ Seijitsu (sa) (na)/ Chūjitsu (na) * (more honest as in loyal, true, faithful)/ Mi (no/ na)/ Makoto (no)/ Shin (no)
Noun-Em	Fair play	公正な態度/ フェアプレー/ フェアプレイ/ 公平無私 (な/ の)	Kōseina taido/ Feapurē/ Feapurei/ Kōhei mushi (na/ no) * (impartiality; fair play)
Noun-Em	Foul play	反則 (犯則/ はんそく) (する)/ 不正行為/ 如何様 (の/ な)/ 卑劣 (な)/ だまし討ち/ 狡 (ずる)/ 犯罪	Hansoku (suru)/ Fusei kōi/ Ikasama (no/ na) * (fraud; cheating; foul play; trickery; hoax; swindle; counterfeit; fake)/ Hiretsu (na) * (mean; contemptible; despicable; dirty; foul; cowardly; base)/ Damashi uchi * (surprise attack; sneak attack; foul play)/ Zuru * (cunning deed; sly trick; foul play/ cunning person; sly fellow; cheat)/ Hanzai * (crime; offence; offense)
Noun-Em	Honor	名誉 (な)/ 栄誉/ 義理 (の)/ 光栄 (な)/ 尊敬 (する)/ 敬意/ 誉れ/ 面目/ 体面/ 誉望/ 面子 (メンツ)/ 顔/ オナー	Meiyo (na)/ Eiyo/ Giri (no)/ Kōei (na)/ Sonkei (suru)/ Keii/ Homare/ Menboku/ Taimen/ Yobō/ Mentsu * (from Chinese “miànzi”)/ Kao/ Onā
Noun-Em	Humanism	人道主義/ 人文主義/ 人本主義/ 人類愛/ ヒューマニズム/ ユマニスム	Jindō shugi/ Jinbun shugi/ Jinponshugi/ Jinrui ai * (humanism; love for humanity)/ Hyūmanizumu/ Yumanisumu * (from French “humanisme”)
Noun-Em	Identity	身元	Mimoto
Noun-Em	Inclination (inclinations)	勝手/ 傾向/ 意向/ 性癖/ 性向/ 向き/ 偏り/ 傾き/ 傾斜 (する)	Katte * (one's own convenience; one's way; selfishness/ surroundings; environment; way of doing things/ one's inclinations)/ Keikō * (tendency; trend; inclination)/ Ikō * (intention; idea; inclination; wish)/ Seiheki * (disposition; inclination; characteristic; idiosyncrasy; propensity)/ Seikō * (inclination; tendency; nature; character)/ Muki * (tendency; inclination)/ Katayori * (deviation; inclination; offset; bias; prejudice)/ Katamuki * (slope; inclination; list/ tendency; trend; bent; disposition; bias)/ Keisha (suru) * (inclination; slant; slope; bevel; list; dip; tilt; lean)

Noun-Em	Indirect personality	間接的な人格/ 間接人格/ 間接的な性格/ 間接性格	Kansetsu-tekina jinkaku/ Kansetsu jinkaku/ Kansetsu-tekina seikaku/ Kansetsu seikaku
Noun-Em	Indiscretion	無分別 (な)/ 不謹慎 (な)/ 不心得 (な)/ 放漫 (な)/ 無思慮/ 不料簡 (な)/ 浅慮 (な)/ 不所存 (な)	Mufunbetsu (na)/ Fukinshin (na)/ Fukokoroe (na)/ Hōman (na)/ Bushiryo/ Furyōken (na)/ Senryo (na)/ Fushozon (na)
Noun-Em	Individual differences (personal differences)	個人差	Kojin-sa
Noun-Em	Individualism	個人主義/ インディビジュアルリズム	Kojin shugi/ Indibijuarizumu
Noun-Em	Individuality (personality)	個性	Kosei
Noun-Em	Inner feelings	底意地/ 心中/ 表情/ 心裡/ 胸先三寸	Sokoiji/ Shinjū/ Chūjō/ Shinri/ Munasakisanzun
Noun-Em	Insanity	狂気	Kyōki
Noun-Em	Insult	侮辱 (する)/ 侮言/ 悪口 (する)/ 陵辱 (する)	Bujoku (suru)/ Bugen/ Waruguchi (suru) * (slander; bad-mouthing; abuse; insult; speaking ill (of))/ Ryōjoku (suru) * (insult; affront; disgrace; indignity)
Noun-Em	Slander (slandering)	誹謗中傷 (誹謗中傷)	Heibōchūshō (heibōchūshō)
Noun-Em	Integrity	誠実 (さ) (な)/ 正直 (な)/ 保全 (する)/ 誠 (まこと)/ 節操	Seijitsu (-sa) (na) * (sincere; honest; faithful)/ Shōjiki (na) * (honest; frank; candid; straightforward/ honestly; frankly)/ Hozen (suru) * (preservation; integrity; conservation; maintenance)/ Makoto * (sincerity; honesty; faithfulness; good faith)/ Sessō * (integrity; fidelity; constancy; principle; faithfulness; honor; honour)
Noun-Em	Intention	意図 (する)/ 意思/ 意向 (意嚮)	Ito (suru)/ Ishi/ Ikō
Noun-Em	A knowing look	物知り顔	Monoshiri-gao
Noun-Em	Fidelity	忠実度	Chūjitsu-do
Noun-Em	Glance	一目 (ひとめ)/ 一目 (いちもく) (する)/ 瞥見 (する)/ 目 (め)	Hitome * (glance; look; glimpse)/ Ichi moku (suru) * (please note the kanji is the same as with 'hitome'. The word means 'look; glance; glimpse')/ Bekken (suru) * (glance; glimpse; cursory view)/ Me * (normally means 'eye; eyeball' or 'eyesight; sight; vision', but can also mean 'look; stare; gaze; glance' or 'notice; attention; observation; eyes (of the world, public, etc.)')

Noun-Em	Gossip (rumour; rumor)	噂話 (うわさ話/ うわさばなし)/ 噂 (うわさ)/ お喋り (する)/ 世間話/ 説 (せつ)/ ゴシップ/ 巷説/ 余聞/ 口端/ 怪情報/ 口の端/ 空談/ 無駄話 (する)/ 風評/ 下馬評/ 陰口 (噂 (うわさ); 噂 (うわさ))	Uwasabanashi/ Uwasa * (rumour; rumor; report; hearsay; gossip; common talk)/ Oshaberi (suru) * (chattering; talk; idle talk; chat; chitchat; gossip)/ Sekenbanashi * (small talk; chat; gossip)/ Setsu * (means 'theory; doctrine' or 'opinion; view', but can also mean 'rumour; rumor; gossip; hearsay')/ Goshippu/ Kōsetsu * (gossip; talk about town)/ Yobun/ Kuchi wa * (means 'gossip', but literally means 'corner of the mouth')/ Kaijōhō/ Kuchi no wa * (means 'gossip', but literally means 'corner of the mouth')/ Kūdan * (gossip; chatter)/ Muda-banashi (suru) * (idle talk; chit-chat; gossip)/ Fūhyō * (rumor; rumour; gossip; report)/ Gebahyō * (rumor; rumour; gossip; speculation; irresponsible criticism; hearsay)/ Kageguchi * (malicious gossip; backbiting; speaking ill behind someone's back) (uwasa; uwasa)
Noun-Em	Gratitude (gratefulness)	感謝 (感謝の心)	Kansha (kansha no kokoro)
Noun-Em	Hearsay	伝聞	Denbun
Noun-Em	Invisibility	不可視 (の)/ 隠形 (いんぎょう)/ 不可視性/ 透明 (な/ の)/ 透明化/ 見えざる	Fukashi (no)/ Ongyou (ingyou) * (invisibility through magic)/ Fukashi-sei/ Tōmei (na/ no) * (transparent; clear)/ Tōmei-ka/ Miezaru
Noun-Em	Likeness (resemblance)	らしさ/ 類似 (する/ の)/ 相似 (する)/ 似 (に)/ 似て/ 肖像/ 似顔 (類似性 (の))	Rashisa * (-inity; -likeness; essence)/ Ruiji (suru/ no) * (resemblance; similarity; likeness; analogy)/ Sōji (suru) * (resemblance; likeness; similitude)/ Ni * (looking like (someone); taking after (either of one's parents))/ Nite * (similar)/ Shōzō * (portrait; likeness; picture)/ Nigao * (portrait; likeness) (Ruiji-sei (no) * (resemblance; similarity; analogy))
Noun-Em	Alikeness	類似性/ 類似 (する/ の)	Ruijisei * (resemblance; similarity; analogy)/ Ruiji (suru/ no) * (resemblance; similarity; likeness; analogy)
Noun-Em	Similarity	類似性 (の)/ 類似 (する/ の)/ 同様 (の/ な)/ 同一 (の/ な)/ 一様 (な/ の)/ 似寄り/ 相似 (する)	Ruijisei (no) * (resemblance; similarity; analogy)/ Ruiji (suru/ no) * (resemblance; similarity; likeness; analogy)/ Dōyō (no/ na) * (same; similar; (just) like; equal)/ Dōitsu (no/ na) * (identical; same; one and the same; equal)/ Ichiyō (na/ no) * (uniform; equal; even; the same; identical)/ Niyori * (similarity)/ Sōji (suru) * (resemblance; likeness; similitude)
Noun-Em	Loose personality	ゆるい性格 (緩い性格)/ ゆるい人格 (緩い人格)	Yurui seikaku/ Yurui jinkaku

Noun-Em	Loyalty	忠誠心/ 忠誠 (な)/ 忠義 (な)/ 忠節/ 忠愛 (の)/ 忠 (ちゅう) (の/ な)/ 尽忠 (する)/ 誠忠 (な)/ 老実/ 信義 (の)/ ロイヤリティ	Chūsei shin/ Chūsei (na)/ Tadayoshi (na)/ Chūsetsu/ Chūai (no)/ Chū (no/ na) * (loyalty; devotion; fidelity; faithfulness)/ Jinchū (suru)/ Seichū (na)/ Rō jitsu * (loyalty; fidelity)/ Shingi (no) * (faith; fidelity; loyalty)/ Roiyariti * (can mean 'royalty (payment)' but can also mean 'loyalty')
Noun-Em	Luck	幸せ (な)/ 幸い (な)/ 幸 (さち)/ 福 (ふく)/ 運 (うん)/ 運勢/ 幸運 (な)/ ラック	Shiawase (na)/ Saiwai (na)/ Kō (Sachi)/ Fuku/ Un/ Unsei/ Kōun (na)/ Rakku
Noun-Em	Lunacy	狂気	Kyōki
Noun-Em	Madness	狂気/ 気違い/ 発狂 (する)/ 狂い/ キ印 (気印/ き印/ きじるし/ キジルシ)/ 癡狂/ 狂乱 (する/ の)/ 乱心 (する)/ 気違い沙汰/ マドネス	Kyōki/ Kichigai/ Hakkyō (suru)/ Kurui/ Kijirushi * (madness; madman, slang)/ Tenkyō/ Kyōran (suru/ no) * (fury; frenzy; madness; wildness)/ Ranshin (suru) * (mental derangement; madness; insanity)/ Kichigaizata * (insane behavior; madness)/ Madonesu
Noun-Em	Makeover	リフォーム (する)/ 変身 (する)/ 大変身 (する)/ イメージチェンジ (する)/ イメチェン (する)	Rifōmu (suru)/ Henshin (suru)/ Dai henshin (suru)/ Imējichenji (suru)/ Imechen (suru)
Noun-Em	Manifestation	顕現 (する)/ 現れ/ 発揮 (する)/ 表明 (する)/ 表示 (する)	Kengen (suru) * (manifestation)/ Araware * (embodiment; manifestation; materialization; materialisation; expression; indication)/ Hakki (suru) * (show (of power, ability, etc.); exhibition; demonstration; display; manifestation)/ Hyōmei (suru) * (declaration; indication; representation; manifestation; demonstration; expression; announcement; assertion)/ Hyōji (suru) * (indication; expression; showing; manifestation; demonstration)
Noun-Em	Manner (demeanor; way of talking)	言い方/ 話し方/ 口当たり/ 舌頭/ 言い草/ 舌端/ 口癖/ 言いよう/ 口ぶり (口振り)/ 口前 (の)/ 口舌 (の)/ 口利き	Ikata/ Hanashikata/ Kuchiatari/ Zettō/ Iigusa/ Zettan/ Kuchiguse/ Iiyō/ Kuchiburi/ Kuchimae (no)/ Kōzetsu (no)/ Kuchikiki
Noun-Em	Manners (customs)	風俗/ 礼儀/ 作法/ (お/ 御) 行儀	Fūzoku/ Reigi/ Sahō/ (o) Gyōgi
Noun-Em	Mercy (compassion)	慈悲 (の)/ 情け/ 慈 (の)	Jihi (no)/ Nasake/ Megumi (no)
Noun-Em	Mind games	心のゲーム/ 心理ゲーム/ マインド・ゲーム	Kokoro no gēmu/ Shinri gēmu/ Maindo gēmu
Noun-Em	Mirth	陽気 (な)	youki (na)
Noun-Em	Motivation (will to do something)	動機/ やる気/ モチベーション/ 気合/ 気/ 意欲	Dōki/ Yaruki/ Mochibēshon/ Kiai/ Ki/ Iyoku
Noun-Em	Work motivation (motivation to work)	仕事のモチベーション (仕事へのモチベーション)	Shigoto no mochibēshon (shigoto e no mochibēshon)
Noun-Em	Motives (intention)	動機/ モチーフ	Dōki/ Mochifu
Noun-Em	Neurotic	神経質	Shinkeishitsu

Noun-Em	Observation	観察 (する)/ 観測 (する)/ 視察 (する)/ 注目 (する)/ 監視 (する)/ 見聞き (する)/ 目視 (する)/ 見聞 (する)/ 見学 (する)/ 観望 (する)/ 立会い/ 望観 (する)/ 観照 (する)/ 目 (め) (する)	Kansatsu (suru) * (observation; survey; watching)/ Kansoku (suru) * (observation; survey; measurement/ opinion; prediction; thinking)/ Shisatsu (suru) * (inspection; observation)/ Chūmoku (suru) * (notice; attention; observation)/ Kanshi (suru) * (monitoring; watching; observation; surveillance; guarding; supervision; lookout)/ Mikiki (suru) * (information; experience; observation; seeing and hearing)/ Mokushi (suru) * (seeing (with the naked eye); observation; visual inspection)/ Kenbun (suru) * (information; experience; knowledge; observation)/ Kengaku (suru) * (inspection; study by observation; field trip; tour; review/ sitting out (e.g. PE class))/ Kanbō (suru) * (observation; watching (developments)/ looking out (into the distance))/ Tachiai * (presence (e.g. of an observer); observation; observer; witness)/ Bōkan (suru) * (observation; looking out (into the distance))/ Kanshō (suru) * (contemplation; meditation; (objective) observation)/ Me (suru) * (notice; attention; observation; eyes (of the world, public, etc.)/ look; watch; observe)
Noun-Em	Olfactory	嗅覚	Kyūkaku
Noun-Em	Passion (the passion)	情熱/ 恋愛 (する/ の)/ 感動 (する)/ 愛欲/ 炎 (ほのお)/ パッション/ 熱情/ 激情/ 熱 (ねつ)/ 情 (じょう) (情熱)	Jōnetsu * (passion; enthusiasm; zeal)/ Ren'ai (suru/ no) * (love; love-making; passion; emotion; affections/ falling in love)/ Kandō (suru) * (being deeply moved emotionally; excitement; passion; inspiration; deep emotion; strong impression)/ Aiyoku * (passion; sexual desire; lust)/ Honō * (can mean 'flame; blade', but can also mean 'flames (of intense emotion, e.g. love, jealousy, anger); passion')/ Passhon/ Netsujō * (ardour (ardor); passion) / Gekijō * (violent emotion; passion; fury)/ Netsu * (means 'heat' or 'fever; temperature', but can also mean 'zeal; passion; enthusiasm; mania; craze; rage')/ Jō * (means 'feelings; emotion; sentiment', or 'compassion; sympathy', but can also mean 'passion; affection; love') (Jōnetsu)

Noun-Em	Pity (sorrow; sympathy)	同情 (する)/ 哀れ (な)/ 情け/ 気の毒 (な)/ 哀れみ (の)/ 慈悲 (の)/ 不憫 (な)/ 哀憐 (する)/ 哀愍 (する)/ 憐憫 (悲しみ; 同情 (する))	Dōjō (suru) * (sympathy; compassion; pity)/ Aware (na) * (pity; sorrow; grief; misery; compassion; pathos/ pitiable; pitiful; pathetic; miserable)/ Nasake * (pity; sympathy; compassion; mercy/ affection; love)/ Kinodoku (na) * (pitiful; unfortunate; poor; miserable; wretched/ unpardonable; regrettable)/ Awaremi (no) * (pity; compassion)/ Jihi (no) * (mercy; compassion; clemency; pity; charity; benevolence)/ Fubin (na) * (poor; pitiful; piteous; pitiable)/ Airen (suru) * (pity; compassion)/ Aimin (suru) * (pity)/ Renbin * (pity; compassion; mercy) (Kanashimi * (sadness; sorrow; grief); Dōjō (suru))
Noun-Em	Physical appearance	容姿	Yōshi
Noun-Em	Politeness	礼儀正しさ	Reigi tadashi-sa
Noun-Em	Excuse (pretext)	言い訳 (する)/ 口実/ 詫び	Iiwake (suru)/ Kōjitsu/ Wabi * (apology)
Noun-Em	Praise	賞賛 (する)	Shōsan (suru)
Noun-Em	Prominence	異彩/ 特出 (する)/ 特立 (する)/ プロミネンス	Isai * (conspicuousness (usu. color); prominence; distinctiveness)/ Tokushutsu (suru) * (prominence; superiority)/ Tokuritsu (suru) * (prominence; independence)/ Puominensu
Noun-Em	Propriety	可否/ 作法/ 礼節/ 適否/ 当否/ 妥当性/ 頃合	Kahi * (propriety; right and wrong; advisability; possibility/ pro and con; ayes and noes)/ Sahō * (manners; etiquette; propriety)/ Reisetu * (decorum; propriety; politeness)/ Tekihi * (propriety; fitness; aptitude)/ Tōhi * (propriety; right or wrong; justice)/ Datōsei * (validity; verification; propriety)/ Koroai * (propriety; moderation)
Noun-Em	Provocation (arousing criticism; causing a controversy)	挑発 (する)	Chōhatsu (suru)
Noun-Em	Public affection	公共の愛情	Kōkyō no aijō
Noun-Em	Public display	一般公開	Ippan kōkai
Noun-Em	Purpose	目的	Mokuteki
Noun-Em	Determined purpose	一念	Ichinen
Noun-Em	Goal	目標/ 目的/ ゴール (する)	Mokuhyō * (goal; target; aim; objective)/ Mokuteki * (purpose; goal; aim; objective; intention)/ Gōru (suru) * (goal (in soccer, hockey, etc.); basket (in basketball))
Noun-Em	Goal oriented	ゴール指向	Gōru shikō
Noun-Em	Radiant beauty	輝く美しさ/ 輝くような美しさ/ まばゆい美しさ (眩い美しさ)/ 輝きの美しさ/ 放射美	Kagayaku utsukushi-sa/ Kagayaku yōna utsukushi-sa/ Mabayui utsukushi-sa/ Kagayaki no utsukushi-sa/ Hōsha-bi

Noun-Em	Rage (anger; frenzy; fury; wrath)	怒り/ 激怒 (する)/ 狂暴 (な)/ 立腹 (する)/ レイジ (怒り; 狂乱 (する/ の); 激怒 (する); 激怒 (する))	Ikari * (anger; rage; fury; wrath; indignation)/ Gekido (suru) * (rage; fury)/ Kyōbō (na) * (rage; frenzy)/ Rippuku (suru) * (anger; offence; offense; rage; taking offense; taking offence)/ Reiji (ikari; kyōran (suru/ no); gekido (suru); gekido (suru))
Noun-Em	Rationality	合理/ 合理性	Gōri/ Gōrisei
Noun-Em	Readiness (preparedness)	覚悟 (する)/ レディネス (準備 (する))	Kakugo (suru) * (readiness; (mental) preparedness)/ Redinesu * (readiness) (junbi (suru))
Noun-Em	Recognition	認識 (する)/ 承認 (する)/ 見覚え/ 評価 (する)	Ninshiki (suru) * (awareness; perception; understanding; knowledge; cognition; cognizance; cognisance)/ Shōnin (suru) * (recognition; acknowledgement; acknowledgment; approval; consent; agreement)/ Mioboe * (remembrance; recollection; recognition)/ Hyōka (suru) * (means more recognition as 'appreciation; recognition; acknowledgement; rating highly; praising')
Noun-Em	Red face (embarrassment)	赤い顔	Akai kao
Noun-Em	Regret	後悔 (する/ の)/ 悔い/ 残念 (な)/ 心残り	Kōkai (suru/ no)/ Kui/ Zan'nen (na)/ Kokoronokori
Noun-Em	Remorse (regret)	後悔 (する/ の) (後悔 (する/ の))	Kōkai (suru/ no) (kōkai (suru/ no))

Noun-Em	Reprimand	叱責 (する)/ 意見 (する)/ 懲罰 (する/ の)/ 訓告 (する)/ 注意 (する)/ 譴責 (する)/ 難詰 (する)/ 嚴重注意/ 懲戒 (する)/ 叱咤 (する)/ 問責 (する)/ 異見 (する)/ 詰責 (する)/ (お) 談義 (する)	Shisseki (suru) * (reprimand; rebuke; reproach; scolding)/ Iken (suru) * (scolding; reprimand; rebuke; admonition; cautioning; warning/ opinion; view; comment)/ Chōbatsu (suru/ no) * (discipline; punishment; reprimand)/ Kunkoku (suru) * (reprimand; admonition)/ Chūi (suru) * (admonishment; reprimand; telling-off/ advice; warning; caution; reminder/ care; caution; precaution; looking out (for); watching out (for)/ attention; notice; heed)/ Kenseki (suru) * (reprimand; rebuke; censure; reproof)/ Nankitsu (suru) * (reprimand)/ Genjū chūi * (reprimand; stern warning)/ Chōkai (suru) * (discipline; punishment; reprimand)/ Shitta (suru) * (scolding; rebuke; reprimand)/ Monseki (suru) * (blame; censure; reproof; reprimand; rebuke)/ Iken (suru) * (scolding; reprimand; rebuke; admonition; cautioning; warning/ different opinion; different view; dissenting view; objection)/ Kisseki (suru) * (reproach; reprove; reprimand/ rare term)/ (o) Dangi (suru) * (admonition; reprimand/ (informal) discussion; talk; conversation; chat/ (formal and tedious) talk; lecture; sermon/ dated term)
Noun-Em	Reputation (honor; good name; fame)	評判 (の)/ 面目/ 名声/ 声価/ 名誉 (な)/ 信用 (する)	Hyōban (no)/ Menboku/ Meisei/ Seika/ Meiyo (na)/ Shin'yō (suru)
Noun-Em	Respect	尊敬 (する)/ 尊重 (する)/ 敬意/ 評価 (する)	Sonkei (suru)/ Sonchō (suru)/ Keii/ Hyōka (suru)
Noun-Em	Lack of respect	敬意の欠如	keii no ketsujo
Noun-Em	Mutual respect	お互いの尊重/ お互いの尊敬/ 相互の尊重/ 相互尊重/ 相互の尊敬	Otagai no sonchō/ Otagai no sonkei/ Sōgo no sonchō/ Sōgo sonchō/ Sōgo no sonkei
Noun-Em	Respect each other	お互いを尊重 (する)	Otagai o sonchō (suru)
Noun-Em	Respect for a superior	目上の人への敬意/ 目上の人への尊重/ 上司への敬意/ 上司への尊重	Meue no hito e no keii * (respect for a superior/ senior (ie. in a profession))/ Meue no hito e no sonchō * (respect for a superior/ senior (ie. in a profession))/ Jōshi e no keii * (respect/ honor for (one's) superior; (one's) boss; the higher-ups)/ Jōshi e no sonchō * (respect/ esteem/ regards for (one's) superior; (one's) boss; the higher-ups)
Noun-Em	Revenge (retribution; requital)	復讐 (復しゅう) (する) (報復 (する))	Fukushū (suru) (hōfuku (suru))

Noun-Em	Rumour (rumor)	噂 (噂; うわさ)/ 評判/ 説 (せつ)/ 話 (はなし)/ 風の便り/ 風聞 (する)/ 評説/ 巷談/ 下馬評/ 風評/ 余録/ 伝聞 (する)/ 流言飛語/ 風説 (する)/ 取りざた/ 怪情報/ 余聞/ (お) 聞き (する)	Uwasa/ Hyōban * (means 'reputation; (public) estimation; popularity', but can also mean 'rumour; rumor; talk (e.g. of the town)')/ Setsu * (means 'theory; doctrine' or 'opinion; view', but can also mean 'rumour; rumor; gossip; hearsay')/ Hanashi * (can mean 'talk; speech; chat; conversation' or 'topic; subject' or 'discussions; negotiation; argument', but can also mean 'rumor; talk; hearsay')/ Kazenotayori/ Fūbun (suru)/ Hyōsetsu/ Kōdan/ Gebahyō * (rumor; rumour; gossip; speculation; irresponsible criticism; hearsay)/ Fūhyō/ Yoroku * (unofficial record; rumour; rumor)/ Denbun (suru)/ Ryūgenhigo * (false rumour (rumor); groundless rumour; canard)/ Fūsetsu (suru)/ Torizata * (talk (of the town); rumour; rumor; gossip)/ Kaijōhō/ Yobun/ (o) kiki (suru) * (rumour; rumor; hearsay; reputation)
Noun-Em	Ruse	瞞着/手段/ 詭策 (きさく)/ 詭謀 (きぼう)/ 小策/ 策略/ 計略/ ルセ	Manchaku/ shudan/ Kisaku/ Kibō / Shōsaku/ sakuryaku/ keiryaku/ Ruse
Noun-Em	Sanity	正気/ 他愛	Shōki/ Tawai
Noun-Em	Shyness	内気 (な)/ 羞恥/ 羞恥心/ 人見知り (する)/ 恥じらい/ 含羞/ はにかみ (ハニカミ)	Uchiki (na)/ Shūchi/ Shūchishin/ Hitomishiri (suru)/ Hajirai/ Ganshū/ Hanikami
Noun-Em	Spirit of a poem (true meaning of a poem)	歌の心	Uta no kokoro
Noun-Em	Splendor	素晴らしさ/ 華麗 (な)/ 華美 (花美) (な)/ 壮麗 (な)/ 豪華 (な)/ 雄大 (な)/ 光輝/ 光彩/ 豪壮 (な)/ 栄華/ 栄耀/ 華/ 絶勝	Subarashi-sa/ Karei (na)/ Kabi (na)/ Sōrei (na)/ Gōka (na)/ Yūdai (na)/ Mitsuteru/ Kōsai/ Gōsō (na)/ Eiga/ Eiyō/ Hana/ Zesshō
Noun-Em	Steadfastness	堅実さ	Kenjitsu-sa
Noun-Em	Strong personality (strong character)	個性が強い (個性が強い/ 強い性格/ 性格が強い/ 強烈なキャラクター)	Kosei ga tsuyoi (kosei ga tsuyoi/ tsuyoi seikaku/ Seikaku ga tsuyoi/ kyōretsuna kyarakutā)
Noun-Em	Stupidity	愚かさ	Oroka-sa
Noun-Em	Surprise (a surprise)	驚き (オドロキ)/ 驚かしました/ 吃驚 (する)/ 驚愕 (の/ する)/ 意表 (な)/ 一驚 (する)/ 意外 (の/ な/ と)/ サプライズ (な/ する/ の) (驚いた/ 驚きました/ 驚いています/ 驚き (オドロキ))	Odoroki/ Odorokashimashita/ Bikkuri (suru)/ Kyōgaku (no/ suru)/ Ihyō (na)/ Ikkyō (suru)/ Igai (no/ na/ to)/ Sapuraizu (na/ suru/ no) (Odoroita/ Odorokimashita/ Odoroite imasu/ Odoroki)
Noun-Em	Sympathy (compassion; pity)	同情 (する)/ 思いやり (思い遣り)/ 情け/ 情/ 同情心	Dōjō (suru)/ Omoiyari/ Nasake/ Jō/ Dōjōshin
Noun-Em	Tantrum (temper tantrum; fit of anger; fit of rage)	癇癢 (癲癢; 怒りの発作; 怒りの発作)	Kanshaku (kanshaku; ikari no hossa; ikari no hossa)

Noun-Em	Temper (a temper)	気性/ 癩癩/ (ご) 機嫌/ 短気 (な)/ 癩 (かん)/ 気心/ かんしゃく玉/ お天気/ 気まぐれ (な)/ 気棲/ 機嫌気棲/ テンパー (気性)	Kishō * (disposition; temperament; temper; nature)/ Kanshaku * (temper; irritability; fit of anger; tantrum (esp. of children); temper tantrum)/ (go) Kigen * (humour; humor; temper; mood; spirits)/ Tanki (na) * (short temper; quick temper; hot temper; impatience; irritability)/ Kan * (temper; nerves)/ Kigokoro * (temper; disposition)/ Kanshakudama * (fit of anger; temper; rage)/ Otenki * (means 'weather', but can also mean 'mood; temper')/ Kimagure (na) * (whim; caprice; whimsy; fickle; moody; uneven temper)/ Kidzuma * (humour; humor; temper; mood; spirits)/ Kigenkidzuma * (humour; humor; temper; mood; spirits)/ Tenpā * (temper) (kishō)
Noun-Em	Temperament	気質/ 性質/ 気象/ 気性/ 素質/ 資質/ 人となり/ テンペラメント/ 気稟/ 質 (たち)/ 心術/ 心配性 (の/ な)	Kishitsu * (disposition; temperament; nature; mentality; spirit; character; trait; turn of mind)/ Seishitsu * (nature (of a person); disposition; temperament; character/ quality; inherent characteristic; property; nature; (chemical) behavior)/ Kishō * (means 'weather (conditions); weather conditions', but can also mean 'disposition; temperament')/ Kishō * (disposition; temperament; temper; nature/ has the same hiragana characters, but different kanji characters as the 'weather (conditions)' kanji)/ Soshitsu * (means 'makings (of); aptitude; talent; qualities', but can also mean 'nature; character; temperament')/ Shishitsu * (nature; disposition; temperament; qualities; attributes; talents)/ Hitotonari * (hereditary disposition; temperament; nature)/ Temperamento * (temperament)/ Kihin * (innate character; temperament; disposition)/ Tachi (shitsu) * (nature (of a person); disposition; temperament/ nature (of something); character; kind; sort)/ Shinjutsu * (nature; disposition; temperament)/ Shinpai-sei (no/ na) * (nervous temperament; worrier's disposition)
Noun-Em	Outburst	爆発 (する)	Bakuhatsu (suru) * (outburst (of emotion); explosion (e.g. of anger); eruption (e.g. of discontent)/ explosion; detonation; blast; blowing up; eruption)
Noun-Em	Emotional outburst	感情の爆発	Emotional outburst
Noun-Em	Thankfully (fortunately; luckily)	お陰様で	Okagesamade

Noun-Em	Thanks (gratitude)	(お) 礼/ 感謝 (する)/ どうも (有難う) (ございます)/ 謝意/ サンクス/ サンキュー/ グラシアス	(o) Rei/ Kansha (suru)/ Dōmo (arigatou) (gozaimasu)/ Shai/ Sankusu/ Sankyū/ Gurashiasu * (from Spanish; Castilian “gracias”)
Noun-Em	Thanks to your (his, their, everyone's, etc.) (kindness; assistance)	お陰様で	Okagesamade
Noun-Em	Thankfulness	感謝 (する)	Kansha (suru)
Noun-Em	Triumphant look	誇り顔	Hokorigao
Noun-Em	True character (real nature)	本性/ 正体/ 正気/ 生地/ 地金/ 真面目	Honshō/ Shōtai/ Shōki/ Kiji/ Jigane/ Shinmen moku * (not majime)
Noun-Em	True feelings (true motives; true intentions; real intentions; one's heart)	本心/ 内心/ 心底/ 心根/ 心中/ 腹/ 下水 (したみず)	Honshin/ Naishin/ Shinsoko/ Kokorone/ Shinjū/ Hara/ Shita mizu * (water flowing underneath; one's true feelings)
Noun-Em	True heart (sincerity)	真心 (の)/ 正意/ 赤心/ 赤誠/ 正気	Magokoro (no)/ Shōi (masai)/ Sekishin/ Sekisei/ Shōki
Noun-Em	True motives (true intentions; real intentions)	心中/ 本音/ 本意/ 本心/ 奥意/ 底意/ 真意/ 内心/ 内懐/ 実の心/ 腹/ 心底/ 実意	Shinjū/ Hon'ne/ Hon'i/ Honshin/ Oku i/ Sokoi/ Shin'i/ Naishin/ Uchibutokoro/ Makotonokokoro/ Hara/ Shinsoko/ Jitsui
Noun-Em	Ultterior motive (secret intentions)	下心/ 魂胆/ 一物/ 思惑/ 他心/ 他意	Shitagokoro/ Kontan/ Ichimotsu/ Omowaku/ Tashin/ Tai
Noun-Em	Vengeance	仇討ち/ 敵討ち (する)/ 復讐 (する)	Adauchi * (vengeance; revenge; retaliation)/ Katakiuchi (suru) * (vengeance; revenge; retaliation)/ Fukushū (suru) * (revenge)
Noun-Em	Veil (shroud)	ベール/ ヴェール/ 覆面 (する/ の) (シュラウド/ 覆い (被い/ 蔽い / 掩い))	Bēru/ Vu~ēru/ Fukumen (suru/ no) (Shuraudo/ Ōi)
Noun-Em	Way of saying	言い方	iikata
Noun-Em	What a beauty	何て美しい/ なんと美しい/ なんと美しいことでしょう/ どのような美しさ/ 美しいね	Nanite utsukushī/ Nanto utsukushī/ Nanto utsukushī kotodeshou/ Dono yōna utsukushi-sa/ Utsukushī ne * (informal)
Noun-Em	Willingness	やる気/ 意欲	Yaruki * (will (to do something); drive; motivation; enthusiasm; eagerness)/ Iyoku * (will; desire; eagerness; interest; drive; motivation; urge; ambition)
Noun-Em	Zeal	熱意/ 熱心 (な)/ 情熱/ 熱 (ねつ)/ ジール/ ズィール/ 熱中 (する)	Netsui/ Nesshin (na)/ Jōnetsu/ Netsu/ Jīru/ Zu~īru/ Netchū (suru) * (being enthusiastic about; being wild about; being absorbed in; being engrossed in; being devoted to)
Noun-Em	Zest	熱意/ 興味/ ゼスト	Netsui/ Kyōmi * (interest (in something); curiosity (about something); zest (for))/ Zesuto

Noun-Em	Fun	楽しい/ 楽しみ (な)/ 面白い/ 歓楽/ 面白み (面白味)/ 遊び/ ファン	Tanoshī/ Tanoshimi (na) * (enjoyment; pleasure; amusement; delight; joy; fun; diversion; hobby/ anticipation; looking forward to; something to look forward to)/ Omoshiroi * (interesting; fascinating; intriguing; enthralling/ amusing; funny; comical/ enjoyable; fun; entertaining; pleasant; agreeable/ good; satisfactory; favourable; desirable; encouraging)/ Kanraku/ Omoshiromi/ Asobi * (pleasure; amusement; pastime; recreation; diversion/ play; playing; game)/ Fan * (this word can both mean fun and fan)
Noun-Em	Funny thing	面白いこと	Omoshiroikoto
Noun-Em	Pretty funny (quite funny)	かなり面白い (です)/ かなりおかしい (かなり可笑しい (です) (かなり面白い (です))	Kanari omoshiroi (desu)/ Kanari okashī (desu) (kanari omoshiroi (desu))
Noun-Em	Happiness (joy)	幸福 (な)/ 幸せ (な)/ 幸い (な)/ 福/ 清福/ 果報 (な)/ 幸/ 光/ 鼓腹 (する)	Kōfuku (na)/ Shiawase (na)/ Saiwai (na)/ Fuku/ Seifuku/ Kahō (na)/ Sachi (kō)/ Hikari/ Kofuku (suru)
Noun-Em	Unhappiness	不幸 (な)	Fukō (na)
Noun-Em	Well-being	幸福/ 健康	Kōfuku/ Kenkō
Noun-Em	Welfare	福祉	Fukushi
Noun-Em	Health	健康 (な)/ ヘルス	Kenkō (na)/ Herusu
Noun-Em	Hearing	聴覚 (の)/ ヒアリング (する)	Chōkaku (no) * (the sense of hearing/ hearing (sense))/ Hiaringu (suru) * (listening (esp. in foreign language education); listening comprehension/ from English “hearing”/ interview (with a client, etc.); survey)
Noun-Em	Listening (the listening)	(お) 聞き (する)/ 聴聞 (する)/ 傍聴 (する)/ 聴取 (する)/ 視聴 (する)/ リスニング (する)/ ヒアリング (する) (リスニング (する))	(o) Kiki (suru) * (hearing; audible sound/ rumour; rumor; hearsay; reputation)/ Chōmon (suru) * (listening; hearing)/ Bōchō (suru) * (listening (to a lecture, hearing, parliament session, etc.); attending (without participating); sitting in (e.g. on a meeting); observing)/ Chōshu (suru) * (hearing (of a statement, opinion, explanation, etc.); asking; questioning (e.g. a suspect); enquiry/ listening (e.g. to the radio))/ Shichō (suru) * (looking and listening; (television) viewing; watching)/ Risuningu (suru) * (listening)/ Hiaringu (suru) * (listening (esp. in foreign language education); listening comprehension/ from English “hearing”/ interview (with a client, etc.); survey) (risuningu (suru))
Noun-Em	Eavesdropping	盗聴 (する)/ 立ち聞き (する)/ 盗み聞き (する)	Tōchō (suru) * (interception (email); wiretap; bug)/ Tachigiki (suru) * (eavesdropping)/ Nusumigiki (suru) * (eavesdropping; tapping)

Noun-Em	Enjoyment (fun)	(お) 楽しみ/ 喜び/ 享楽 (する)/ 悦楽 (する)/ 歓楽/ 快 (かい)/ 幸福 (な)/ 快哉/ 愉悦 (する)/ 欣悦/ 喜悅/ 悦楽 (する)/ 飲 (かん)/ 快樂/ エンジョイ (する)/ ジョイ (楽しみ)	(o) Tanoshimi/ Yorokobi/ Kyōraku (suru)/ Etsuraku (suru)/ Kanraku/ Kai/ Kōfuku (na)/ Kaisai/ Yuetsu (suru)/ Kin'etsu/ Kietsu/ Etsuraku (suru)/ Kan/ Kairaku * (pleasure)/ Enjoi (suru)/ Joi (tanoshimi)
Noun-Em	Friendliness	愛想/ 好意/ 親切 (深切) (な)/ 当たり (当り/ 中り/ 中たり/ あたり)/ 親 (しん)/ 親しみやすさ/ 友情/ 友好/ 人情	Aiso/ Kōi/ Shinsetsu (na)/ Atari/ Shin/ Shitashimiyasusa/ Yūjō/ Yūkō/ Ninjō
Noun-Em	Friendship	友情/ 交際 (する)/ 親睦 (する)/ 懇意 (な)/ 友好/ 親善/ よしみ (誼)/ 親密 (な)/ 懇親/ 親和 (する)/ 交遊 (する)/ 友誼	Yūjō * (friendship; fellowship; camaraderie)/ Kōsai (suru) * (company; friendship; association; society; acquaintance/ (romantic) involvement; dating)/ Shinboku (suru) * (friendship; amity)/ Kon'i (na) * (friendship; (on) familiar terms; intimacy/ kindness; goodwill/ dated term))/ Yūkō * (friendship)/ Shinzen * (friendship; goodwill; friendly relations; amity)/ Yoshimi * (friendship; friendly relations; connection; relation; intimacy)/ Shinmitsu (na) * (intimacy; friendship)/ Konshin * (friendship; intimacy)/ Shinwa (suru) * (friendship; fellowship)/ Kōyū (suru) * (friendship; companionship; fraternity; comradeship)/ Yūgi * (friendship; friendly relations; fellowship)
Noun-Em	Kinship	親族関係	Shinzoku kankei
Noun-Em	Joy (pleasure; delight)	喜び (悦び/ 慶び)/ ジョイ/ 喜悅 (する)/ 快樂/ 歓楽/ 快哉/ 悦楽 (する)/ 興/ うれしさ (嬉しいさ)/ 愉悦 (する)/ 欣悦 (する)/ 飲/ 幸福 (な)	Yorokobi/ Joi/ Kietsu (suru)/ Kairaku/ Kanraku/ Kaisai/ Etsuraku (suru)/ Kyō/ Ureshi-sa (ureshi sa)/ Yuetsu (suru)/ Kin'etsu (suru)/ Kan (yorokobi)/ Kōfuku (na)
Noun-Em	Memory (memories)	記憶 (する)/ 覚え/ メモリー/ 物覚え/ 心覚え/ うろ覚え/ 宙 (ちゅう) (思い出/ 遺事)	Kioku (suru)/ Oboe * (memory; sense; experience)/ Memori/ Monooboe * (memory; ability to learn)/ Kokorooboe * (memory)/ Urooboe * (faint memory; vague memory; dim memory; vague recollection)/ Chū * (means 'space; air; midair', but can also mean '(from) memory; (by) heart') (Omoide/ Iji * (reminiscences; memories))
Noun-Em	Precise memory (sharp memory)	正確な記憶力 (鮮明な記憶力)	Seikakuna kioku-ryoku (senmeina kioku-ryoku)
Noun-Em	Mind	心 (こころ)/ 精神/ 気 (き)/ マインド/ 頭 (あたま)	Kokoro/ Seishin/ Ki * (spirit; mind; heart/ nature; disposition/ intention; mind; will; motivation/ mood; feelings/ consciousness/ care; attention; consideration; worry/ interest/ (the) air; atmosphere/ ambience; atmosphere (of); air (of); mood)/ Maindo/ Atama * (mind; brains; intellect)

Noun-Em	Odor (smell; scent)	匂い (臭い)	Nioi
Noun-Em	Pungent odor (pungent smell)	刺激臭 (刺激臭)	Shigeki-shū (shigeki-shū)
Noun-Em	Stench	悪臭	Akushū
Noun-Em	Smell	匂い	Nioi
Noun-Em	Scent	香り	Kaori
Noun-Em	Fragrance	香り/ 芳香/ 香料	Kaori/ Hōkō/ Kōryō
Noun-Em	Incense	お香	O Kaori
Noun-Em	Incense burner	香炉	Kōro
Noun-Em	Perfume	香水/ 芳香/ 香料/ パルファン/ パフューム	Kōsui/ Hōkō/ Kōryō/ Paru fan * (from French "parfum")/ Pafu~yūmu
Noun-Em	Satisfaction (contentment)	満足 (する/ な)	Manzoku (suru/ na)
Noun-Em	Seeing (sight; vision; looking)	見 (み)/ 拝見 (する)/ 目視 (する)/ ご覧 (する)/ 見参 (する)/ 見物 (する)/ 視聴 (する)/ 観察 (する)/ 監視 (する)/ 見送り/ シーイング/ ウォッチング/ スルー (する) (視覚; ビジョン; 見る)	Mi * (looking; viewing)/ Haiken (suru) * (seeing; looking at/ humble (kenjougo) language, polite (teineigo) language)/ Mokushi (suru) * (seeing (with the naked eye); observation; visual inspection)/ Goran (suru) * ((please) try to/ (please) look/ seeing; looking; watching/ honorific or respectful (sonkeigo) language)/ Kenzan (suru) * (seeing; meeting)/ Kenbutsu (suru) * (sightseeing; watching; viewing)/ Shichō (suru) * (looking and listening; (television) viewing; watching)/ Kansatsu (suru) * (observation; survey; watching)/ Kanshi (suru) * (monitoring; watching; observation; surveillance; guarding; supervision; lookout)/ Miokuri * (seeing (someone) off; send-off)/ Shīingu * (seeing)/ U~otchingu * (watching)/ Surū (suru) * (ignoring; looking the other way; letting pass) (shikaku; bijon; miru)
Noun-Em	Sight	視覚/ 視力/ 目 (め)	Shikaku/ Shiryoku/ Me
Noun-Em	Eyesight (vision)	視覚/ 視力/ 目 (め)/ アイサイト (視覚/ 視力/ 目 (め)/ 目視 (する)/ ビジョン)	Shikaku/ Shiryoku/ Me/ Aisaito (Shikaku/ Shiryoku/ Me/ Mokushi (suru)/ Bijon)
Noun-Em	Out of sight	見えない	Mienai
Noun-Em	Amusement (enjoyment)	娯楽 (する)/ 遊び (あそび)/ 楽しみ (な)/ 一興/ 遊楽 (する)/ 荒び (進び/ 遊び/ すさび)/ 慰み/ アミューズメント (楽しみ)	Goraku (suru)/ Asobi/ Tanoshimi (na)/ Ikkyō/ Yūraku (suru)/ Susabi/ Nagusami/ Amyūzumento (Tanoshimi)
Noun-Em	Boredom	退屈 (する/ な)/ 飽き/ 倦怠 (する)/ 無為無聊 (な/ の)/ 無聊 (な)/ 気づかれ (気疲れ/ きづかれ) (する)/ 徒然 (な)/ アンニユイ (な)	Taikutsu (suru/ na)/ Aki/ Kentai (suru)/ Mui buryō (na/ no)/ Buryō (na)/ Kidzukare (suru)/ Tsuredzure (na)/ An'nyui (na) * (from French)

Noun-Em	Burden (yoke)	重荷/ 負担 (する)/ 負荷 (する)/ 厄介 (な)/ 荷物/ 荷 (に)/ 足手まとい (な)/ 足手がらみ/ 重み/ 厄介事/ 負担感/ 荷厄介 (な)/ 首枷 (ヨーク/ 頸木/ 束縛 (する))	Omoni * (load; heavy burden; encumbrance; heavy freight; heavy responsibility)/ Futan (suru) * (burden; load; responsibility/ bearing (a cost, responsibility, etc.); shouldering)/ Fuka (suru) * (burden/ load (electrical, CPU, etc.))/ Yakkai (na) * (trouble; burden; nuisance; bother; worry)/ Nimotsu * (means 'luggage; baggage; package', but can also mean 'burden' or 'payload (of a packet, cell, etc.)')/ Ni * (means 'load; baggage; cargo; freight; goods', but can also mean 'burden; responsibility')/ Ashidematoi (na) * (impediment; burden; encumbrance; hindrance; drag)/ Ashite-garami * (impediment; burden; encumbrance; hindrance; drag)/ Omomi * (weight/ weight (e.g. of someone's words); burden; grandeur; dignity/ importance; significance)/ Yakkai koto * (troublesome matter; burden; difficult task; chore; hassle)/ Futan-kan * ((sense of) burden/ sense of burden)/ Niyakkai (na) * (encumbrance; burden; drag)/ Kubikase * (pillory; burden) (Yōku/ Kubiki * (literally means 'neck tree', but means yoke & constraints; oppression)/ Sokubaku (suru) * (originally means 'binding; confinement with rope', but means restraint; restriction; fetters; yoke; shackles)
Noun-Em	Despair (hopelessness)	闇 (の)/ 絶望 (する/ の)/ 失望 (する)/ 失意 (の)	Yami (no)/ Zetsubō (suru/ no)/ Shitsubō (suru)/ Shitsui (no)
Noun-Em	Disappointment	失望 (する)/ 失意 (の)	Shitsubō (suru)/ Shitsui (no)
Noun-Em	Dream	夢 (ゆめ)/ 夢想 (する)/ ドリーム	Yume/ Musō (suru) * (dream; vision; reverie)/ Dorīmu
Noun-Em	Dream come true (a dream come true)	夢が叶う (夢が叶う)	Yumegakanau (yumegakanau)
Noun-Em	Nightmare	悪夢	Akumu
Noun-Em	Empathy	共感 (の/ する)/ 人情/ 共感性 (の)/ 自己移入/ 感情移入 (する)/ エンパシー	Kyōkan/ Ninjō * (humanity; empathy; kindness; sympathy)/ Kyōkan-sei (no)/ Jiko inyū * (empathy; understanding; sensitivity; philosophy)/ Kanjō inyū (suru)/ Enpashī
Noun-Em	Endurance	持久力/ 我慢 (する)/ 忍耐 (する)/ 体力 (する)/ 辛抱 (する)/ 頑張り/ 忍耐心	Jikyū-ryoku * (stamina; tenacity)/ Gaman (suru) * (endurance; patience; perseverance; bearing (with something)/ self-control; self-restraint)/ Nintai (suru) * (endurance; perseverance; patience)/ Tairyoku (suru) * (stamina; endurance; physical strength; resilience; resistance to disease)/ Shinbō (suru) * (patience; endurance; perseverance)/ Ganbari * (tenacity; endurance)/ Nintai shin * (endurance; perseverance; patience)

Noun-Em	Essence	本質 (の)/ 実質 (の)/ 真髓/ 実体/ 越幾斯 (エキス)/ 精髓/ 精神/ 生命/ 精華/ 粹 (すい) (な)/ 大体 (だいたい)/ 地体/ 要義/ 気 (き)/ 奥義/ 極意/ 根本/ エッセンス	Honshitsu (no) * (essence; true nature; substance; reality)/ Jisshitsu (no) * (substance; essence/ substantive; substantial; essential; real (e.g. interest rate)/ in essence; in effect; essentially; effectively; practically)/ Shinzui * (essence; quintessence; spirit; soul; heart; pith (and marrow))/ Jittai * (substance; essence; entity; subject; content; reality; true form)/ Ekkisu * (extract (of plants, meat, etc.); essence; concentrate; concentrated stock)/ Seizui * (essence; kernel; spirit; pith)/ Seishin * (mind; spirit; soul; heart; ethos/ attitude; mentality; will; intention/ spirit (of a matter); essence; fundamental significance)/ Seimei * (life; existence/ life force; lifeblood; soul; essence)/ Seika * (essence; quintessence; flower; glory)/ Sui (na) * (essence; the best; cream)/ Daitai * (outline; main points; gist; substance; essence)/ Ji-tai * (essence; true nature; substance; reality/ originally; naturally; by nature; from the start)/ Yōgi * (essence)/ Ki * (spirit; mind; heart/ nature; disposition/ intention; mind; will; motivation/ mood; feelings/ essence)/ Ōgi * (secret techniques (of an art or skill); inner mysteries; essence; quintessence; heart)/ Gokui * (innermost secrets (of an art or skill); mysteries; essence; heart)/ Konpon * (root; source; origin/ foundation; basis; essence)/ Essence
Noun-Em	Fancy (a fancy; archaic)	ファンシー (な)/ 派手 (な)/ 好み/ 妄想 (する)/ 思いつき/ 気まぐれ (な)/ 豪華 (な) (空想 (する/ の); 古風 (な))	Fanshī (na) * (fancy/ fancy; imagination; whim; idea)/ Hade (na) * (showy; loud; flashy; gaudy)/ Konomi * (liking; taste; fancy; fondness/ wish; desire; choice; preference)/ Mōsō (suru) * (delusion; wild idea; (wild) fancy; (ridiculous) fantasy)/ Omoitsuki * (idea; plan; fancy; impulse; thought; whim; suggestion)/ Kimagure (na) * (whim; caprice; fancy)/ Gōka (na) * (extravagant; lavish; opulent; luxurious; magnificent; splendid; fancy; gorgeous) (Kūsō (suru/ no) * (daydream; fantasy; fancy; vision); Kofū (na) * (old-fashioned; archaic; antique; antiquated))
Noun-Em	Fantasy	空想 (の/ する)/ 幻想 (する)/ ファンタジー	Kūsō (no/ suru)/ Gensō (suru)/ Fantajī
Noun-Em	Fashion	ファッション	Fasshon
Noun-Em	Feeling happy (feeling of happiness; happy feeling)	幸せな気持ち/ 幸福感/ 幸せです/ 幸せを感じる/ 幸せな気分	Shiawasena kimochi/ Kōfuku-kan/ Shiawasedesu/ Shiawase o kanjiru/ Shiawasena kibun
Noun-Em	Fondness	愛着	Aichaku
Noun-Em	Glee (a glee)	歓喜 (歓喜)	kanki (kanki)

Noun-Em	Good condition	良好な状態/ 良い状態/ 状態良好	Ryōkōna jōtai/ Yoi jōtai/ Jōtai ryōkō
Noun-Em	Good health	良い健康/ 良好の健康/ 健康です/ 元気です/ 調子がいいです	Yoi kenkō/ Ryōkō no kenkō/ Kenkōdesu/ Genkidesu/ Chōshigaidesu
Noun-Em	Grief	悲しみ	Kanashimi
Noun-Em	Happily ever after	末永くお幸せに/ 目出度し目出度し/ いつまでもお幸せに	Suenagaku oshiawaseni/ Medetashimedetashi * (and they all lived happily ever after/ having a happy ending; ending without incident)/ Itsu made mo oshiawaseni
Noun-Em	High spirits (high energy)	元気が出る (元気がでる)/ 気炎 (気焰)/ 行け行け (イケイケ) (な)/ 大はしゃぎ (大燥ぎ) (する/ の)/ 高調 (する)/ 衝天/ 意気盛ん (な)/ 浮き浮き (する/ と)/ 意気軒昂 (な/ たる/ と)/ 張り切る/ ブチアゲ (ぶちあげ、ブチあげ)/ 奮い立つ (奮い起つ)/ 血気/ 浮き立つ/ アゲアゲ (あげあげ) * (slang)/ 機嫌 (な)/ 燥ぐ/ 晴れ晴れ (晴ればれ/ 晴々/ 晴晴/ はればれ)/ 勇む/ 舞い上がる/ 意気が揚がる/ 乗り乗り (ノリノリ) (な)/ 気炎万丈 (気焰万丈)/ 軒昂 (たる/ と)/ 意気衝天 (意気昇天)/ 勇躍 (する)/ 活潑潑地 (の/ な)/ 勇み立つ/ 入れ込む/ 意気天を衝く/ 喜び勇む/ きゃぴきゃぴ (キャピキャピ)/ ご機嫌 (御機嫌) (な)/ 逸る (早る) (元気が出る (元気がでる)/ 行け行け (イケイケ) (な))/ 上機嫌 (な)	Genkigaderu (genki ga deru)/ Kien/ Ike ike (ikeike) (na)/ Ōhashagi (suru/ no)/ Kōchō (suru)/ Shōten/ Ikisakan (na)/ Ukiuki (suru/ to)/ Ikikenkō (na/ taru/ to)/ Harikiru/ Buchiage (buchi age)/ Furuitatsu / Kekki/ Ukitatsu/ Ageage* (slang)/ Kigen (na)/ Hashagu/ Harebare (hare bare)/ Isamu/ Maiagaru/ Ikigaagaru/ Nori- nori (norinori) (na)/ Kienbanjō/ Kenkō (taru/ to)/ Ikishōten (iki shōten)/ Yūyaku (suru)/ Kappatsupatchi (no/ na)/ Isamitatsu/ Irekomu/ Ikitenwotsuku/ Yorokobiisamu/ Ki ~yapikyapi (kyapikyapi)/ Gokigen (na)/ Hayaru (Genkigaderu/ Ike ike (ikeike) (na))/ Jōkigen (na)
Noun-Em	Liking (a liking for)	好む (好む)	Konomu (konomu)
Noun-Em	Low-energy	低エネルギー	Tei enerugī
Noun-Em	Low spirits	意気消沈	Iki shōchin
Noun-Em	Hoax	でっち上げ (捏ち上げ)/ 捏造 (する)/ 如何様	Detchiage/ Netsuzō (suru)/ Ikasama * (fraud; cheating; foul play; trickery; hoax; swindle; counterfeit; fake)
Noun-Em	Humility (humbleness)	謙虚さ/ 謙虚 (な)/ 謙遜 (する/ な)/ 卑下 (する/ の) (謙虚さ)	Kenkyo-sa * (humility; modesty/ modest; humble)/ Kenkyo (na) * (modest; humble)/ Kenson (suru/ na) * (modesty; humility; being humble)/ Hige (suru/ no) * (self-abasement; humility; self-depreciation) (kenkyo-sa)
Noun-Em	Hygiene (sanitation; health)	衛生/ ハイジーン/ 保健衛生 (衛生; 健康)	Eisei/ Haijīn/ Hoken eisei (eisei; kenkō)
Noun-Em	Jealousy	嫉妬 (する)	Shitto (suru)
Noun-Em	Laziness	怠惰 (な)	Taida (na)

Noun-Em	Negativity (negative)	陰性 (の/ な)/ 消極性/ ネガティブ (な) (否定 (な)/ ネガティブ (な))	Insei (no/ na)/ Shōkyoku-sei/ Negatibu (na) (Hitei-teki (na)/ Negatibu (na))
Noun-Em	Negative attitude	否定的な態度/ 否定的な姿勢	Hitei-tekina taido/ Hitei-tekina shisei
Noun-Em	Negative thinking (negative thoughts)	否定的な思考/ 否定的な考え/ 否定的な思い/ マイナス思考/ マイナスな思考/ マイナスな考え (マイナス思考)	Hitei-tekina shikō/ Hitei-tekina kangae/ Hitei-tekina omoi/ Mainasu shikō/ Mainasuna shikō/ Mainasuna kangae (mainasu shikō)
Noun-Em	Nonsense (utter nonsense)	出鱈目 (な)/ 無意味 (な)/ ナンセンス (ノンセンス) (な)/ 馬鹿らしい (バカらしい)/ 荒唐無稽 (な)/ 無茶 (な)/ 与太/ 戯言/ 徒言/ よしなし事 (由無し事/ 由なし事) (まったくナンセンス)	Detarame (na)/ Muimi (na)/ Nansensu (na)/ Bakarashī/ Kōtōmukei (na)/ Mucha (na)/ Yota/ Zaregoto/ Itazuragoto/ Yoshinashigoto (Mattaku nansensu)
Noun-Em	Optimism	楽観 (する)/ 楽観主義 (の)/ 楽観論/ 楽観視 (する)	Rakkan (suru)/ Rakkan shugi (no)/ Rakkan-ron/ Rakkan-shi (suru)
Noun-Em	Patience	忍耐 (する)/ 根気/ 辛抱 (する)/ 我慢 (する)/ 隠忍 (する)/ 機根/ 堪忍 (する)/ 忍耐心	Nintai (suru)/ Konki/ Shinbō (suru)/ Gaman (suru)/ In'nin (suru)/ Kikon/ Kan'nin (suru)/ Nintai kokoro
Noun-Em	Peace	平和 (な)/ 和/ 安泰 (な)/ 円満 (な)/ 無事 (な)/ ピース/ ハーモニー/ 安心 (する/ な)	Heiwa (na)/ Wa/ Antai (na)/ Enman (na)/ Buji (na)/ Pisu/ Hāmoni/ Anshin (suru/ na) * (becomes 'anshin'na'/ peace of mind; relief; (sense of) security; safety; assurance; confidence)
Noun-Em	Perservation	保存 (する)/ 維持 (する)/ 保全 (する)/ 保護 (する)	Hozon (suru) * (preservation; conservation; storage; maintenance/ saving (e.g. to disk * (computing)))/ Iji (suru) * (maintenance; preservation; improvement)/ Hozen (suru) * (preservation; integrity; conservation; maintenance)/ Hogo (suru) * (means 'protection; safeguard; guardianship; custody; patronage', but can also mean 'preservation; conservation')
Noun-Em	Persistence	持続性/ 不屈 (の/ な)/ 一点張り (の)/ 存続 (する)/ 根気 (の)/ 耐久力 (の)/ 粘り (の)/ 固執 (する)/ 持久 (する)/ 耐久 (する/ な)	Jizoku-sei/ Fukutsu (no/ na)/ Ittenbari (no)/ Sonzoku (suru)/ Konki (no)/ Taikyū-ryoku/ Nebari (no)/ Koshū (suru)/ Jikyū (suru)/ Taikyū (suru/ na)
Noun-Em	Pessimism (discouragement)	悲観 (する)/ 悲観論/ 悲観主義/ 厭世主義 (の)/ ペシズム/ 厭世観/ マイナス思考/ 厭世/ ネガティブシンキング	Hikan (suru)/ Hikan-ron/ Hikan shugi/ Ensei shugi (no)/ Peshimizumu/ Ensei-kan/ Mainasu shikō/ Ensei/ Negatibushinkingu
Noun-Em	Pique	激怒 (する)	Gekido (suru)
Noun-Em	Positivity (positive)	陽性 (の/ な)/ 積極性/ ポジティブ (な) (前向き/ ポジティブ (な))	Yōsei (no/ na)/ Sekkyoku-sei/ Pojitibu (na) (Maemuki/ Pojitibu (na))
Noun-Em	Positive attitude	前向きな態度/ 前向きな姿勢	Maemukina taido/ Maemukina shisei

Noun-Em	Positive thinking (positive thoughts)	前向きな思考/ 積極的な思考/ 前向きな考え/ 積極的な考え/ 前向きな思い/ プラス思考/ ポジティブシンキング (ポジティブ思考)	Maemukina shikō/ Sekkyoku-tekina shikō/ Maemukina kangae/ Sekkyoku-tekina kangae/ Maemukina omoi/ Purasu shikō/ Pojitibushinkingu (pojitibu shikō)
Noun-Em	Psychology	心理	Shinri
Noun-Em	Reality	現実/ リアリティ	Genjitsu/ Riarity
Noun-Em	Sadness	悲しみ	Kanashimi
Noun-Em	Self-control	自制心	Jiseishin
Noun-Em	Self-esteem	自尊心	Jisonshin
Noun-Em	Self-sabotage (self sabotaging)	自己妨害/ 自己サボタージュ (の) (自己妨害)	Jiko bōgai/ Jiko sabotāju (no) (jiko bōgai)
Noun-Em	Self-worth	自尊心	Jisonshin
Noun-Em	Sarcasm	皮肉 (の/ な)/ 風刺 (する/ の)/ 嫌味 (な)/ 冷評 (する)/ 当て言	Hiniku (no/ na)/ Fūshi (suru/ no)/ Iyami (na) * (cutting remark; disagreeable remark; snide comment; sarcastic comment)/ Reihyō (suru) * (sarcasm; sneer; jeer)/ Atekoto * (snide remark; sarcasm)
Noun-Em	Sleepiness	眠気	Nemuke
Noun-Em	Spontaneity	自発性	Jihatsu-sei
Noun-Em	Stamina	体力/ 元気 (な)/ 持久力	Tairyoku * (stamina; endurance; physical strength; resilience; resistance to disease)/ Genki (na) * (lively; full of spirit; energetic; vigorous; vital; spirited/ healthy; well; fit; in good health)/ Jikyū-ryoku * (stamina; tenacity; endurance)
Noun-Em	Stillness (calmness)	静けさ/ 静寂 (黙) (な)/ 寂静 (深閑) (たる/ と)/ 寂静 (な)/ 静	Shizukesa/ Shijima (na)/ Jakujō (taru/ to)/ Jakujō (na)/ Sei
Noun-Em	Stillness and motion	静と動	Sei to dō
Noun-Em	Survival	存続 (する)/ サバイバル/ 生き残り/ 生存 (する)/ 残存 (する)/ 生残	Sonzoku (suru)/ Sabaibaru/ Ikinokori * (can mean 'survival', but can also mean 'survivor; relic')/ Seizon (suru) * (existence; being; survival/ to exist; to live; to survive)/ Zanzon (suru) * (survival; remaining; being extant; being left)/ Seizan * (not 'ikinoko')
Noun-Em	Survival instinct	生存本能	Seizon honnō
Noun-Em	Tiredness (fatigue)	疲労感	Hirō-kan
Noun-Em	Tolerance	許容 (する/ の)/ 許容範囲/ 寛容 (な/ する)/ 寛大 (な)/ 包容力	Kyoyō (suru/ no) * (permission; allowance; acceptance; tolerance; pardon)/ Kyoyō han'i * (tolerance level; permissible range; acceptable limits)/ Kan'yō (na/ suru) * (tolerance; open- mindedness; forbearance; generosity; magnanimity)/ Kandai (na) * (tolerant; generous; lenient; broad-minded; magnanimous)/ Hōyō-ryoku * (tolerance; broad- mindedness)
Noun-Em	Tolerance level (tolerance limit)	許容レベル/ 許容範囲 (許容限界)	Kyoyō reberu/ Kyoyō han'i * (tolerance level; permissible range; acceptable limits) (kyoyō genkai)

Noun-Em	Totally awesome	まったく素晴らしい/ 本当に素晴らしい	Mattaku subarashii/ Hontōni subarashī
Noun-Em	Tragedy	悲劇	Higeki
Noun-Em	Tranquility	静けさ/ 静穏 (な)/ 安泰 (な)/ 鎮静 (の)/ 平静 (な)/ 太平 (の/ な)/ 平安 (な)/ 沈静 (な/ する)/ 安穩 (な)/ 閑寂 (な)/ 昌平/ 休意 (する)/ 清閑 (な)/ 寂靜 (な)/ 寧靜 (な)/ 安らぎ (の)	Shizukesa/ Seion (na)/ Antai (na)/ Chinsei (no)/ Heisei (na)/ Taihei (no/ na)/ Heian (na)/ Chinsei (na/ suru)/ An'non (na)/ Kanjaku (na)/ Shōhei/ Kyūi (suru)/ Seikan (na)/ Jakujō (na)/ Neisei (na)/ Yasuragi (no)
Noun-Em	Trivia	トリビア	Toribia
Noun-Em	Trivial matter	些細な事/ 些細 (な)/ ただ事 (只事/ 徒事/ 唯事/ あだ事/ ただごと/ あだごと)/ 下らない/ 大したことない/ 大したことではない/ 詰らない/ 瑣末/ 細かい/ 軽い/ 取るに足りない/ 自明 (な/ の)/ 下らぬ/ 下らん/ それ式/ 末梢的 (な)/ 小さい/ 一寸した/ どうでも良い/ 馬鹿/ トリビアル (な)/ 貧小 (な)/ 些細な問題/ 自明性	Sasainakoto/ Sasai (na)/ Tadagoto (tada-goto/ ada-goto)/ Kudaranai/ Taishitakotonai/ Taishita kotode wanai/ Najiranai/ Samatsu/ Komakai/ Karui/ Toru ni tarinai/ Jimei (na/ no)/ Kudaranu/ Shimo ran/ Sore-shiki/ Masshō-teki (na)/ Chīsai/ Chottoshita/ Dō demo yoi/ Baka * (trivial matter as in a folly; absurdity; be careful as the word normally means 'idiot; moron; fool')/ Toribiaru (na)/ Hinshō (na)/ Sasaina mondai/ Jimei-sei
Noun-Em	Unimportant matter (not important matter)	どうでもいいこと (重要ではないこと)	Dō demo ī koto (jūyōde wanai koto)
Noun-Em	Yawn	欠伸 (あくび) (する)	Akubi (suru)
Noun-Em	Trust (faith; firm belief)	信頼 (信頼; 固い信念)	Shinrai (shinrai; katai shin'nen)
Noun-Em	Breach of trust	背任 (する)	Hainin (suru)
Noun-Em	Lack of trust	信頼の欠如	Shinrai no ketsujo
Noun-Em	Adrenaline	アドレナリン	Adorenarin
Noun-Em	Aggression	侵略 (する)/ 侵入 (する)/ 攻勢/ 戦争挑発/ 火の手/ アグレッション	Shinryaku (suru) * (invasion (e.g. of a country); raid; aggression)/ Shin'nyū (suru) * (invasion; incursion; raid; aggression; intrusion; trespass; penetration; hacking)/ Kōsei * (offensive (movement); aggression)/ Sensōchōhatsu * (aggression; warmongering)/ Hinote * (flame; blaze; fire/ attack; aggression * (idiomatic expression))/ Agureshon * (aggression)
Noun-Em	Anger	怒り/ 腹立ち/ 立腹 (する)/ 怒気/ 雷 (かみなり)/ 憤り	Ikari/ Haradachi/ Rippuku (suru) * (anger; offence; offense; rage; taking offense; taking offence)/ Doki * (anger; wrath)/ Kaminari * (means 'lightning; thunder; thunderbolt', but can also mean 'anger; fit of anger')/ Ikidōri * (resentment; indignation; anger)
Noun-Em	Anxiety	心配	Shinpai
Noun-Em	Bout of anger (bout of rage)	激怒 (激怒)	Gekido (gekido)
Noun-Em	Fit of anger (fit of rage)	激怒 (激怒)	Gekido (gekido)

Noun-Em	Attention	(ご(御)) 注意 (する)/ 着目 (する)/ 注目 (する)/ 目/ 配慮 (する)/ 気配り (する)/ 集中 (する)	(go) Chūi (suru)/ Chakumoku (suru)/ Chūmoku (suru)/ Me/ Hairyo (suru)/ Kikubari (suru)/ Shūchū (suru) * (concentration; focus; attention)
Noun-Em	Avoidance	回避 (する)	Kaihi (suru)
Noun-Em	Burnout	燃え尽き症候群	Moetsukishōkōgun
Noun-Em	Evasion	回避 (する)	Kaihi (suru)
Noun-Em	Care	(お)世話 (する)/(お)手入れ (する)/ ケア (する)/ 注意 (する)	(o) Sewa (suru)/ (o) Teire (suru)/ Kea (suru)/ Chūi (suru)
Noun-Em	Emotional care	心の世話/ 心の面倒/ 感情的な世話/ 感情的な面倒/ 心のケア/ 感情的なケア/ メンタルケア	Kokoro no sewa/ Kokoro no mendō/ Kanjō-tekina sewa/ Kanjō-tekina mendō/ Kokoronokea/ Kanjō-tekina kea/ Mentarukea * (mental care)
Noun-Em	Extreme care	細心の注意を払う	Saishin no chūiwoharau
Noun-Em	Conceit	うぬぼれ	Unubore
Noun-Em	Depression (lethargy; apathy)	うつ (鬱) (な/ の)/ うつ病 (鬱病/ 鬱病 / ウツ病/ うつびょう) (な/ の)/ 不況 (な/ の)/ 憂鬱 (な)/ 消沈 (する)/ 低気圧 (な)/ 気鬱症 (無気力 (な); 無関心 (な))	Utsu (na/ no) * (depression; low spirits)/ Utsubyō (na/ no) * (depression * (medicine))/ Fukyō (na/ no) * (depression; recession; slump)/ Yūutsu (na) * (depression; melancholy; dejection; gloom; despondency)/ Shōchin (suru) * (depression; low spirits; dejection)/ Teikiatsu (na) * (means 'bad temper; foul mood; tense situation', but normally means 'low (atmospheric) pressure; low-pressure system; depression; cyclone')/ Kiutsushō * (depression; melancholy) (Mukiryoku (na) * (apathy; lassitude; lethargy; languor); Mukanshin (na) * (apathetic; indifferent; nonchalant; callous/ becomes mukanshin'na))
Noun-Em	Despair (hopeless)	絶望 (する) (どうしようもない)	Zetsubō (Dō shiyō mo nai)
Noun-Em	Desperation	絶望 (する/ の/ な)/ 自暴自棄/ 失望 (する)/ 闇 (やみ) (の)/ 失意 (の)/ 悲観 (する)/ 自暴/ 自棄 (の/ な)	Zetsubō (suru/ no/ na)/ Jibōjiki * (desperation; despair; self-abandonment)/ Shitsubō (suru) * (disappointment; despair)/ Yami (no) * (means 'darkness; the dark' or 'hidden place; secrecy; oblivion', but can also mean 'bewilderment; despair; hopelessness')/ Shitsui (no) * (disappointment; despair; despondency; broken heart; adversity)/ Hikan (suru) * (pessimism; (taking a) gloomy view; discouragement; despondency; despair; disappointment)/ Jibō * (despair; desperation; abandonment)/ Jiki (no/ na) * (desperation; despair; self-abandonment)
Noun-Em	Disgust	嫌悪 (する)	Ken'o (suru)
Noun-Em	Fear	恐れ (虞/ 畏れ/ 怖れ/ おそれ)/ 恐怖 (する)/ 恐怖心/ 不安 (な)/ 心配 (する/ な)/ 懸念 (する)/ 気遣い (気づかい/ きづかい)/ 心労 (する)	Osore/ Kyōfu (suru)/ Kyō fushin/ Fuan (na)/ Shinpai (suru/ na)/ Kenen (suru)/ Kidzukai/ Shinrō (suru)

Noun-Em	Grudge	恨み/ 遺恨/ 意趣遺恨/ 恨み言/ 意趣/ 怨語/ 鬱憤/ 怨言/ 怨恨/ 怨望 (する)	Urami/ Ikon/ Ishuikon/ Uramigoto/ Ishu/ Engo/ Uppun/ Engen/ Enkon/ Enbō (suru)
Noun-Em	Huff (in a huff)	怒って	Okotte
Noun-Em	Humiliation (embarrassment)	屈辱/ 陵虐 (する)/ 汚辱 (恥ずかしさ)	Kutsujoku/ Ryōgyaku (suru) * (humiliation; indignity; affront; assault)/ Ojoku * (disgrace; humiliation; insult) (hazukashi-sa)
Noun-Em	Isolation	分離 (する)	Bunri (suru)
Noun-Em	Loneliness	寂しさ/ 孤独	Sabishisa/ Kodoku
Noun-Em	Melancholy	憂鬱 (な)	Yūtsu (na)
Noun-Em	Panic	恐慌/ 恐怖 (する)/ 狼狽 (する)/ パニック	Kyōkō/ Kyōfu (suru) * (fear; dread; dismay; terror; horror; scare; panic)/ Rōbai (suru) * (confusion; dismay; consternation; panic)/ Panikku
Noun-Em	Pressure	圧迫 (する)/ 切迫 (する)/ 圧力 * (physics) / 弾圧 (する)/ 締め付け/ 強圧 (する)/ プレッシャー	Appaku (suru)/ Seppaku (suru)/ Atsuryoku* (physics)/ Dan'atsu (suru)/ Shimetsuke/ Kyōatsu (suru)/ Pureshā
Noun-Em	Pride	誇り/ プライド	Hokori/ Puraido
Noun-Em	Resentment	憤り	Ikidōri
Noun-Em	Restlessness	落ち着きのなさ/ 不穏 (な)/ 焦燥感	Ochitsuki no na-sa * ('ochitsuki' means calmness, but this word literally means lack of calmness)/ Fuon (na)/ Shōsō-kan * (irritability; feeling of impatience; sense of uneasiness)
Noun-Em	Separation	分離 (する)/ 別居 (する)/ 別れ/ 決別 (する)	Bunri (suru) * (separation; partition; detachment; segregation; isolation)/ Bekkyo (suru) * (separation; living separately; living apart)/ Wakare * (parting; separation; farewell)/ Ketsubetsu (suru) * (separation; farewell; parting)
Noun-Em	Shock	衝撃 (する)/ ショック (する)	Shōgeki (suru)/ Shokku (suru)
Noun-Em	Solitude	孤独 (な/ の)	Kodoku (na/ no)
Noun-Em	Special care	特別な注意/ 特別なケア/ 要注意 (の)	Tokubetsuna chūi/ Tokubetsuna kea/ Yōchūi (no)
Noun-Em	Stress (anxiety)	ストレス/ 圧力/ 応力 (不安 (な/ の))	Sutoresu/ Atsuryoku * (pressure; stress; physics & non-physics)/ Ōryoku * (stress (e.g. on a mechanical part); tension; mechanics) (Fuan (na/ no) * (fuan'na))
Noun-Em	Sulkiness	不機嫌	Fukigen
Noun-Em	Suspense	サスペンス	sasupensu
Noun-Em	Tendency	傾向	Keikō
Noun-Em	Tense (tense situation)	緊張 (する)/ 緊迫 (する)/ ピリピリ (と/ する)/ 陰悪 (な) (緊張した状況/ 緊迫した状況)	Kinchō (suru) * (tension; strain; nervousness; stress)/ Kinpaku (suru) * (tension; strain)/ Piripiri (to/ suru) * (nervously; tensely; (while) on edge)/ Ken'aku (na) * (dangerous; perilous; threatening; stormy; volatile; tense; critical; serious) (Kinchō shita jōkyō/ Kinpaku shita jōkyō)

Noun-Em	Tension	緊張 (する)/ 緊迫 (する)/ 切迫 (する)/ 張り/ 緊張感/ 歪力/ 応力/ テンション	Kinchō (suru)/ Kinpaku (suru)/ Seppaku (suru) * (pressure; urgency; tension; imminence; acuteness)/ Hari * (stretch; tension)/ Kinchō-kan * (feeling of tension; air of tension; tension; nervousness)/ Wairyoku * (stress; tension)/ Ōryoku * (stress (e.g. on a mechanical part); tension)/ Tenshon * (means '(emotional) tension; anxiety', but can also be used in a positive way meaning '(highness of) spirits; (good) mood; excitement; energy' or 'tension; tensile strength' as in physics)
Noun-Em	Terror (horror; panic; great fear; anxiety; dread)	恐怖 (する)/ 恐怖心/ 恐れ/ 震駭/ 愕然 (たる/ と)/ テロル/ テロ (ホラー; パニック; 大きな恐怖; 不安 (な/ の); 恐怖)	Kyōfu (suru)/ Kyōfu kokoro/ Osore/ Shingai/ Gakuzen (taru/ to) * (means 'astonished; shocked; amazed; astounded; aghast', but can also mean terror)/ Teroru/ Tero (horā; panikku; ōkina kyōfu; fuan (na/ no) * (fuan'na); kyōfu)
Noun-Em	Trepidation	不安 (な)	Fuan (na)
Noun-Em	Undivided attention	専心 (する)/ 専念 (する)/ 一心不乱 (な)/ 馬車馬/ 完全な注意/ 関心を向ける/ 集中力	Senshin (suru)/ Sen'nen (suru)/ Isshinfuran (na)/ Bashauma * (literally means: 'cart-horse; work-horse', but means 'doing something wholeheartedly; doing with one's undivided attention')/ Kanzen'na chūi/ Kanshin o mukeru/ Shūchū-ryoku
Noun-Em	Unwanted attention	望まない注目/ 不要な注目/ 無用の注意/ 不必要な関心/ 望まない形での注目	Nozomanai chūmoku/ Fuyōna chūmoku/ Muyō no chūi/ Fuhitsuyōna kanshin/ Nozomanai katachi de no chūmoku
Noun-Em	Urge (urges)	衝動 (衝動)/ 督促 (する)	Shōdō (shōdō) * (impulse; urge; impetus)/ Tokusoku (suru) * (urge; demand; importunity)
Noun-Em	Vanity	虚栄心/ 自惚れ	Kyoei shin/ Unubore * (conceit; vanity; pride; self-importance; egotism)
Noun-Em	Worry (concern)	心配 (する) (気になる)	Shinpai (suru) (Ki ni naru)
Noun-Act	Coming (the coming)	来ること (来ること)	Kuru koto (kuru koto)
Noun-Act	Going (the going)	行くこと/ 行き (行くこと/ 行き)	Iku koto/ iki (iku koto/ iki)
Noun-Act	Creating (the creating)	作ること/ 作成 (する)/ 創造 (する) (作ること/ 作成 (する)/ 創造 (する))	Tsukuru koto/ Sakusei (suru)/ Sōzō (suru) (tsukuru koto/ sakusei (suru)/ sōzō (suru))
Noun-Act	Doing (the doing)	行うこと (行うこと)	Okonau koto (okonau koto)
Noun-Act	Undoing (the undoing)	元に戻すこと (元に戻すこと)	Motonimodosu koto (motonimodosu koto)
Noun-Act	Closure/ Closing (the closing)	閉鎖/ クロージング (クロージング)	Heisa/ Kurōjingu (kurōjingu)
Noun-Act	Opening (the opening)	オープニング (オープニング)	Ōpuningu (ōpuningu)
Noun-Act	Experience (the experiencing)	経験 (する)/ 感じること (経験 (する)/ 感じること)	Keiken (suru)/ Kanjiru koto (keiken (suru)/ kanjiru koto)
Noun-Act	Feeling (the feeling)	感じること/ 感じ (感じことと/ 感じ)	Kanjiru koto/ Kanji (kanjiru koto/ kanji)
Noun-Act	Feelings (feeling)	感じ/ 感情 (感じ)	Kanji/ Kanjō (kanji)
Noun-Act	Giving (the giving)	与えること (与えること)	Ataeru koto (ataeru koto)
Noun-Act	Hearing (the hearing)	聞くこと/ 聞き (聞ことと/ 聞き)	Kiku koto/ Kiki (kiku koto/ kiki)

Noun-Act	Hurry (the hurrying)	急ぐこと (急ぐこと)	Isogu koto (isogu koto)
Noun-Act	Learning (the learning)	学び/ 学ぶこと (学び/ 学ぶこと)	Manabi/ Manabu koto (manabi/ manabu koto)
Noun-Act	Living (the life)	生きること/ 生き	Ikiru koto/ Iki
Noun-Act	Looking (the looking)	見ること (見ること)	Miru koto (miru koto)
Noun-Act	Making (the making)	作り (作り)	Tsukuri (tsukuri)
Noun-Act	Reading (the reading)	読むこと (読むこと)	Yomu koto (yomu koto)
Noun-Act	Receiving (the receiving)	受け取ること (受け取ること)	Uketoru koto (uketoru koto)
Noun-Act	Rush (the rushing)	急ぐこと (急ぐこと)	Isogu koto (isogu koto)
Noun-Act	Seeing (the seeing)	見ること (見ること)	Miru koto (miru koto)
Noun-Act	Taking (the taking)	受け取ること (受け取ること)	Uketoru koto (uketoru koto)
Noun-Act	Thinking (the thinking)	考えること (考えること)	Kangaeru koto (kangaeru koto)
Noun-Act	Touching (the touching)	触れること (触れること)	Fureru koto (fureru koto)
Noun-No	Blend	ブレンド (する)	burendo (suru)
Noun-No	Combination	組み合わせ (組合せ) (する)/ 結合 (する)/ コンビネーション/ コンビ/ 合同 (する)	Kumiawase (suru) * (combination; assortment; set)/ Ketsugō (suru) * (combination; union; joining; linking; coupling)/ Konbinēshon/ Konbi/ Gōdō (suru) * (combination; union; joining; incorporation; amalgamation; merger; fusion/ combined; joint; united; shared)
Noun-No	Combi	コンビ/ コンビネーション/ 合同 (する)/ 組み合わせ (組合せ) (する)/ 結合 (する)	Konbi/ Konbinēshon/ Gōdō (suru) * (combination; union; joining; incorporation; amalgamation; merger; fusion/ combined; joint; united; shared)/ Kumiawase (suru) * (combination; assortment; set)/ Ketsugō (suru) * (combination; union; joining; linking; coupling)
Noun-No	Join (the joining)	参加 (する) (参加 (する))	Sanka (suru) (sanka (suru))
Noun-No	Union	連合 (する)/ 組合/ 合同 (する)/ 接合 (する)/ 接続 (する)/ 団結 (する)/ 同盟 (する)/ 結合 (する)/ 一致 (する)/ 合体 (する)/ 結束 (する)/ ユニオン	Rengō (suru)/ Kumiai/ Gōdō (suru)/ Setsugō (suru)/ Setsuzoku (suru)/ Danketsu (suru)/ Dōmei (suru)/ Ketsugō (suru)/ Itchi (suru)/ Gattai (suru)/ Kessoku (suru)/ Yunion
Noun-No	Development	開発 (する)/ 発展 (する)/ 発達 (する)/ デベロップメント (する)	Kaihatsu (suru)/ Hatten (suru)/ Hattatsu (suru)/ Deberoppumento (suru)
Noun-No	Grind	グラインド	Guraindo
Noun-No	Hodgepodge	ごった煮	Gottani * (various foods cooked together; hodgepodge; hotchpotch; mulligan stew)
Noun-No	Match (agreement; coincidence)	一致 (する)	Itchi (suru)
Noun-No	Match made in heaven	天国でマッチした	Tengoku de matchi shita
Noun-No	Method (way, means)	方法/ 仕方/ 仕様/ 仕口/ 方/ 格/ 方式	Hōhō/ Shikata/ Shiyō/ Shiguchi/ Hō/ Kaku/ Hōshiki

Noun-No	Means (way; measure)	手段/ 手立て/ 仕方/ 仕様/ 方法/ 方便	Shudan * (means; way; measure)/ Tedate * (means; method)/ Shikata * (way; method; means; resource; course)/ Shiyō * (way; method; means; resource; remedy)/ Hōhō * (method; process; manner; way; means; technique)/ Hōben * (means; expedient; instrument)
Noun-No	Means (resources)	資力/ 道具/ 資産/ 具 (ぐ)	Shiryoku * (means; resources; wealth)/ Dōgu * (means 'tool; implement; instrument; utensil; apparatus; device', but can also mean 'means')/ Shisan * (property; fortune; means; assets)/ Gu * (tool; means)
Noun-No	Mixture	混合 (する)	Kongō (suru) * (mixing; mixture; meld)
Noun-No	Concoction	調合 (する)	Chōgō (suru)
Noun-No	Mode (modes)	流 (りゅう)/ モード (モード)	Ryū * (way; manner; style; fashion; mode)/ Mōdo * (mode; manner; way) (mōdo)
Noun-No	Style (manner; way)	振り (ぶり)/ 調子/ 流儀/ 流 (りゅう)/ 風 (ふう)/ 調 (ちょう)	Buri * (different pronunciation than 'furi' with the same Kanji)/ Chōshi/ Ryūgi * (style as in way (of doing things))/ Ryū * (style as in way; manner; style; fashion; mode)/ Fū * (Fū/ Kaze * ('means 'wind', but can also mean 'manner; behaviour')) * (style as in manner; behaviour, ie. like the wind, breeze, draft)/ Chō * (style as in mood; tendency, ie. musical)
Noun-No	Style (method; way)	様式/ 型/ 式/ 格	Yōshiki/ Kata/ Shiki/ Kaku
Noun-No	Style (appearance; looks; personality)	風格/ 振り/ スタイル	Fūkaku/ Furi/ Sutairu
Noun-No	Sense of style	おしゃれ感	Oshare-kan
Noun-No	Technique	技術/ テクニク	Gijutsu/ Tekunikku
Noun-No	Test	試験 (する)/ テスト (する)/ 試し/ 試み (こころみ)	Shiken (suru) * (examination; exam; test/ trial; experiment; test)/ Tesuto (suru) * (examination; quiz; test/ test; tryout; trial)/ Tameshi * (trial; test)/ Kokoromi * (attempt; trial; experiment; a trial; a try/ endeavour (endeavor); effort; venture; initiative)
Noun-No	Unique method	ユニークな方法/ 独自の手法/ ユニークな手法	Yunīkuna hōhō/ Dokuji no shuhō/ Yunīkuna shuhō * (unique approach; unique technique; unique method)
Noun-No	Way (method)	仕方/ 仕様/ 方法/ 風 (な)/ やり方/ 致し方/ 術/ 流儀/ 方	Shikata/ Shiyō/ Hōhō/ Kaze (na)/ Yarikata/ Itashikata/ Jutsu/ Ryūgi/ Hō
Noun-No	A better way	もっといい方法	Motto ii hōhō
Noun-No	A different way	別の方法/ 別の仕方/ 別の方/ 別の式/ 別の手法/ 別の法/ 別の風/ 別のやり方/ 別のやり口/ 別の手立て	Betsu no hōhō/ Betsu no shikata/ Betsu no kata/ Betsu no shiki/ Betsu no shuhō/ Betsu no hō/ Betsu no fū * (not 'kaze')/ Betsu no yarikata/ Betsu no yarikuchi/ Betsu no tedate
Noun-No	Another way	別の方法	Betsu no hōhō
Noun-No	Acquisition	取得 (する)	Shutoku (suru)
Noun-No	Adaptability (flexibility; compatibility)	適合 (する)/ 適応性 (の)/ 弾力性/ 適応力/ 順応性/ 適応性	Tekigō (suru)/ Tekiō-sei (no)/ Danryoku-sei/ Tekiō-ryoku/ Jun'ōsei/ Tekiō-sei

Noun-No	Collaboration	共同 (する/ の)/ 協力 (する)/ 握手 (する)/ 合作 (する)/ コラボレーション	Kyōdō (suru/ no) * (cooperation; collaboration; association; partnership; (acting in) unison)/ Kyōryoku (suru) * (cooperation; collaboration; help; support)/ Akushu (suru) * (means 'handshake', but can also mean 'reconciliation; joining hands; cooperation')/ Gassaku (suru) * (collaboration; joint work)/ Koraborēshon
Noun-No	Cooperation (working together; work together)	(ご) 協力 (する)/ 共同 (する/ の)/ 協調 (する)/ 一致 (する)/ 握手 (する)/ 助け合い (する)/ 連携 (する)/ 協働 (する)/ 共同性/ タイアップ (する) (一緒に仕事をする/ と一緒に働く/ と一緒に作業する/ と一緒に労働する/ (ご) 協力 (する); (ご) 協力 (する)/ 連動 (する)/ 同労 (する)/ タッグを組む/ 机を並べる)	(go) Kyōryoku (suru)/ Kyōdō (suru/ no)/ Kyōchō (suru) * (cooperation; conciliation; harmony; coordination)/ Itchi (suru) * (union; unity; cooperation)/ Akushu (suru) * (literally means 'handshake', but can also mean 'reconciliation; joining hands; cooperation')/ Tasukeai (suru) * (cooperation; mutual aid (help))/ Renkei (suru) * (cooperation; coordination; link)/ Kyōdō (suru) * (cooperation; collaboration; (joint) participation)/ Kyōdō-sei/ Taiappu (suru) * (tie-in; collaboration; partnership; cooperation/ from English "tie-up") (Issho ni shigoto o suru/ To isscho ni hataraku/ To isscho ni sagyō suru/ To isscho ni rōdō suru/ (go) kyōryoku (suru); (go) kyōryoku (suru)/ Rendō (suru) * (operating together; working together; being linked (to); being tied (to); being connected (with); interlocking)/ Dōrō (suru) * (working together)/ Taggu o kumu * (to work together; to strive together; to form a tag team)/ Tsukue o naraberu * (to work together (in the same class, workplace, etc.); to be classmates; to sit side by side; to put (one's) desks side by side))
Noun-No	Ownership (possessions)	所有権/ 所有 (する)/ 蔵 (ぞう)/ オーナーシップ (所有物/ 所有 (する)/ 物 (もの)/ 我が物/ 所持 (する)/ 獲得 (する/ の)/ 有 (ゆう)/ 保有 (する/ の)/ 所蔵 (する/ の))	Shoyū-ken/ Shoyū (suru)/ Zō/ Ōnāshippu (Shoyū-butsu/ Shoyū (suru)/ Mono * (thing; object; article; stuff; substance/ one's things; possessions; property; belongings/ things; something; anything; everything; nothing)/ Waga mono * (one's own property; possessions)/ Shoji (suru) * (possession; having (on one's person); carrying (with one))/ Kakutoku (suru/ no) * (acquisition; possession)/ Yū * (possession; having)/ Shozō (suru/ no) * ((in one's) possession)/ Hoyū (suru/ no) * (possession; retention; maintenance))
Noun-No	Co-ownership (joint ownership)	共有 (する)/ 相持ち/ 合営 (する)/ 共同所有 (共有 (する)/ 提携 (する))	Kyōyū (suru)/ Aimochi * (joint ownership; sharing; going Dutch)/ Gōei (suru) * (joint ownership; joint operation)/ Kyōdō shoyū (Kyōyū (suru)/ Teikei (suru))

Noun-No	Participation	参加 (する)/ 関与 (する)/ 関係 (する)/ 出場 (する)/ 加担 (する)/ 参列 (する)	Sanka (suru) * (participation; joining; entry)/ Kan'yo (suru) * (participation; taking part in; participating in; being concerned in)/ Kankei (suru) * (participation; involvement; concern/ relation; relationship; connection)/ Shutsujō (suru) * (participation (in a tournament, match, race, etc.); entry; taking part (in); competing (in); appearance)/ Katan (suru) * (support; participation; assistance; complicity; conspiracy)/ Sanretsu (suru) * (attendance; participation; presence)
Noun-No	Sponsorship	主催 (する)/ 提携 (する)/ 共催 (する)/ スポンサーシップ	Shusai (suru) * (sponsorship (i.e. conducting under one's auspices); promotion; organizing; organising; hosting; staging)/ Teikei (suru) * (cooperation; tie-up; joint business; partnership; alliance; sponsorship)/ Kyōsai (suru) * (joint sponsorship (of an event); cosponsorship; joint hosting)/ Suponsāshippu
Noun-No	Affinity	親和性	Shinwa-sei
Noun-No	Compatibility (affinity)	相性 (合性)/ 両立 (する)/ コンパチビリティ/ コンパチ	Aishō/ Ryōritsu (suru)/ Konpachibiriti/ Konpachi
Noun-No	Compatibility (computer)	互換性 * (between computers, networks, interfaces)/ 相性 * (between people)	Gokansei* (between computers, networks, interfaces)/ Aishō* (between people)
Noun-No	Customization	カスタマイズ (する)/ カスタム化 (する)	Kasutamaizu (suru)/ Kasutamu-ka (suru)
Noun-No	Evolution	進化 (する)/ 展開 (する)/ エボリューション	Shinka (suru)/ Tenkai (suru)/ Eboryūshon
Noun-No	Extension	拡大 (する)/ 延長 (する)/ 引き伸ばし/ 拡張 (する)/ エクステンション (をする)	Kakudai (suru)/ Enchō (suru)/ Hikinobashi/ Kakuchō (suru)/ Ekusutenshon (o suru)
Noun-No	Flexibility	柔軟性 (に/ な)/ フレキシビリティ/ 弾力/ 弾力性	Jūnanseii (ni/ na)/ Furekishibiriti/ Danryoku/ Danryoku-sei
Noun-No	Migration	移行 (する)	Ikō (suru)
Noun-No	Sense of unity (feeling of unity)	統一感/ 一体感/ 一体の感じ/ 統一の感じ/ 統一感じ/ 一体感じ/ 統一の気分/ 統一の感覚/ 統一の気持ち	Tōitsu-kan/ Ittai kan (ichi taikan)/ Ittai no kanji/ Tōitsu no kanji/ Tōitsu kanji/ Ittai kanji/ Tōitsu no kibun/ Tōitsu no kankaku/ Tōitsu no kimochi
Noun-No	Unity (compatible)	統一 (する/ の)/ 一致 (する)	Tōitsu (suru/ no) * (unity; consolidation; uniformity; unification; compatible)/ Itchi (suru) * (union; unity; cooperation/ agreement; accord; correspondence; consistency; coincidence)
Noun-No	Analysis	分析 (する)/ 解析 (する)/ アナライズ ((を) する)/ アナリシス	Bunseki (suru)/ Kaiseki (suru)/ Anaraizu (o) suru/ Anarishisu
Noun-No	Statistical analysis	統計分析	Tōkei bunseki
Noun-No	Attempt (a try)	(お) 試し (験し/ 験)/ 試み	(o) Tameshi/ Kokoromi

Noun-No	Conquest	征服 (する)/ 克服 (する)/ 勝利 (する)/ 制覇 (する)/ 征圧 (する)/ 征伐 (する)/ 攻略 (する)/ 征討 (する)/ 席卷 (する)	Seifuku (suru) * (conquest; subjugation/ overcoming (a difficulty); conquering (e.g. a mountain); mastery (of a skill))/ Kokufuku (suru) * (conquest (of a difficulty, illness, crisis, etc.); overcoming; surmounting; bringing under control)/ Shōri (suru) * (victory; triumph; win; conquest; success)/ Seiha (suru) * (conquest; domination; supremacy; mastery/ winning (a championship))/ Sei-atsu (suru) * (conquest; subjugation; overcoming; controlling)/ Seibatsu (suru) * (conquest; subjugation; overcoming/ chastisement; punishment; punitive expedition)/ Kōryaku (suru) * (capture (of enemy territory); taking (by storm); conquest; attack; assault/ defeating (an opponent)/ attacking (a problem) strategically)/ Seitō (suru) * (subjugation; conquest)/ Sekken (suru) * (sweeping (over, across); conquering; overwhelming)
Noun-No	Defeat (loss; failure)	敗北 (する)/ 負け (失敗 (する))	Haiboku (suru)/ Make (shippai suru)
Noun-No	Difficulty (trouble)	困難 (な)/ 苦勞 (する)/ 難/ 面倒 (な)	Kon'nan (na)/ Kurō (suru)/ Nan/ Mendō (na) * (can mean 'trouble; bother' or 'trouble; difficulty', but can also mean 'care; attention')
Noun-No	Disability	障害 (する)	Shōgai (suru)
Noun-No	Disturbance	妨害 (する)/ 騒ぎ/ 邪魔 (する/ な)	Bōgai (suru) * (obstruction; hindrance; blocking; disturbance; interference; interruption; jamming (a signal)/ Sawagi * (uproar; disturbance)/ Jama (suru/ na) * (hindrance; obstacle; nuisance; disturbance; interruption; interference)
Noun-No	Evidence (Proof)	証拠/ 証明 (する)/ 証 (あかし/ しょう)/ 証左 (証拠)	Shōko/ Shōmei (suru)/ Akashi (akashi/ shou)/ Shōsa (shōko)
Noun-No	Experiment	実験 (する)/ 試み/ 試験 (する)/ エクスペリメント	Jikken (suru)/ Kokoromi/ Shiken (suru)/ Ekusuperimento
Noun-No	Extraordinary combination	素晴らしい組み合わせ/ 特別な組み合わせ	Subarashī kumiawase/ Tokubetsuna kumiawase
Noun-No	Good attempt	良い試み	Yoi kokoromi
Noun-No	Hardship (difficulty)	苦難/ 困難 (な)/ 苦勞 (する)/ 辛苦 (する)/ 難	Kunan/ Kon'nan (na) * (difficulty; hardship; trouble; distress/ infeasibility; inability (to carry out) * (euphemistic)/ becomes 'kon'nan'na')/ Kurō (suru)/ Shinku (suru)/ Nan
Noun-No	Hassle	面倒 (な)/ 厄介事	Mendō (na) * (can mean 'trouble; bother' or 'trouble; difficulty', but can also mean 'care; attention')/ Yakkai koto * (troublesome matter; burden; difficult task; chore; hassle)

Noun-No	Hindrance	障害 (する)/ (お) 邪魔 (する)/ 差し支え/ 妨害 (する)	Shōgai (suru)/ (o) Jama (suru)/ Sashitsukae/ Bōgai (suru) * (hindrance; obstacle; nuisance; disturbance; interruption; interference/ hindrance; impediment/ obstruction; hindrance; blocking; disturbance; interference; interruption; jamming (a signal))
Noun-No	Interception	傍受 (する)	Bōju (suru)
Noun-No	Interference (disturbance)	干渉 (する)/ 口出し (する)/ 邪魔 (する)/ 妨害 (する) (妨害 (する))	Kanshō (suru) * (interference; intervention; meddling)/ Kuchidashi (suru) * (interference; meddling; butting in)/ Jama (suru) * (hindrance; obstacle; nuisance; disturbance; interruption; interference)/ Bōgai (suru) * (obstruction; hindrance; blocking; disturbance; interference; interruption; jamming (a signal)) (Bōgai (suru))
Noun-No	Intervention	介入 (する)/ 干渉 (する)	Kainyū (suru)/ Kanshō (suru) * (interference; intervention; meddling)
Noun-No	Intrusion	侵入 (する)	Shin'nyū (suru)
Noun-No	Investigation	調査 (する)/ 調べ	Chōsa (suru)/ Shirabe
Noun-No	Detailed investigation (detailed examination)	精査 (する)/ 詳細調査/ 精密調査/ 徹底究明/ 詳細な調査 (精密検査)	Seisa (suru)/ Shōsai chōsa/ Seimitsu chōsa/ Tettei kyūmei/ Shōsaina chōsa (Seimitsu kensa)
Noun-No	Thorough investigation	徹底的な調査	Tetteitekina chōsa
Noun-No	Lack (a lack of)	不足 (する/ な) (不足 (する/ な))	Fusoku (suru/ na) (fusoku (suru/ na))
Noun-No	Deficit	赤字	Akaji
Noun-No	Loss	損失/ 損 (する/ な)/ 紛失 (する)	Sonshitsu/ Son (suru/ na)/ Funshitsu (suru)
Noun-No	Wantage (wanting)	欲しがる	Hoshigaru
Noun-No	Obstacle (barrier; hurdle)	障害 (する)/ (お) 邪魔 (する/ な)/ 支障/ 壁 (かべ)/ 障害物 (難関/ 障害物/ 関門/ バリア/ ハードル)	Shōgai (suru)/ (o) Jama (suru/ na)/ Shishō/ Kabe * (literally means 'wall', this means 'barrier; obstacle' figuratively)/ Shōgai-mono (Nankan/ Shōgai-mono/ Kanmon/ Baria * (barrier)/ Hādorū * (hurdle))
Noun-No	Obstacle course (course)	障害物競走 (コース)	Shōgaibutsukyōsō (kōsu)
Noun-No	Probation	保護観察	Hogo kansatsu
Noun-No	Sequel	続編 (ぞくへん)/ 続き (する)/ 後日談/ 後日物語	Zokuhen/ Tsudzuki (suru)/ Gojitsu-dan/ Gojitsumonogatari
Noun-No	Spread (the spread)	広がり/ 拡散 (する)/ 普及 (する)/ 浸透 (する)/ スプレッド (スプレッド)	Hirogari * (spread; span; expanse; extent)/ Kakusan (suru) * (spreading; disseminating; scattering/ diffusion (of light, gas))/ Fukyū (suru) * (diffusion; spread; popularization; promulgation; familiarization)/ Shintō (suru) * (permeation (of thought, ideology, culture, etc.); infiltration (e.g. of ideas); spread; penetration (e.g. into a market); pervasion/ permeation (of a liquid, etc.); soaking; percolation/ osmosis * (chemistry; biology))/ Supureddo * (spread) (supureddo)

Noun-No	Submission	提出 (する)/ 投稿 (する)/ 降参 (する)/ 服従 (する)/ 降伏 (する)/ 屈服 (する)	Teishutsu (suru) * (presentation (of documents); submission (of an application, report, etc.); production (e.g. of evidence); introduction (e.g. of a bill); filing; turning in)/ Tōkō (suru) * (contribution (to a newspaper, magazine, etc.); submission; post (on a blog, social media, etc.))/ Kōsan (suru) * (surrender; submission; capitulation/ being defeated (e.g. by a problem); giving up; giving in)/ Fukujū (suru) * (obedience; submission; resignation)/ Kōfuku (suru) * (surrender; capitulation; submission/ yield * (engineering))/ Kuppuku (suru) * (yielding; submission; surrender; giving way; succumbing)
Noun-No	Test case	テストケース/ 試験項目/ テスト項目/ 試験/ 試金石	Tesutokēsu/ Shiken kōmoku/ Tesuto kōmoku/ Shiso/ Shikinseki * (touchstone (e.g. of success); test; litmus test)
Noun-No	Trial	試し (験し/ 験/ ためし)/ 裁判 (する/ の)/ 試み (こころみ)/ 審理 (する)/ 試験 (する)/ 試練/ 公判/ 開廷 (する)/ トライアル	Tameshi * (trial; test)/ Saiban (suru/ no) * (trial; judgement; judgment)/ Kokoromi * (attempt; trial; experiment; a trial; a try/ endeavour (endeavor); effort; venture; initiative)/ Shinri (suru) * (trial)/ Shiken (suru) * (examination; exam; test/ trial; experiment; test)/ Shiren * (test; trial; ordeal; tribulation)/ Kōhan * (public hearing; trial)/ Kaitei (suru) * (court session; trial)/ Toraiaru
Noun-No	Trial and error	試行錯誤 (する)/ トライ & エラー/ トライアルアンドエラー	Shikōsakugo (suru)/ Torai& erā/ Toraiaruandoerā
Noun-No	Trial by fire	火事による裁判	Kaji ni yoru saiban
Noun-No	Tryout (a tryout; a try)	トライアウト/ テスト (する)/ 試験 (する)/ 試み (こころみ)/ 試し/ 小手調べ (トライアウト; トライ (する))	Toraiauto/ Tesuto (suru) * (test; tryout; trial)/ Shiken (suru) * (trial; experiment; test)/ Kokoromi * (attempt; trial; experiment/ endeavour (endeavor); effort; venture; initiative)/ Tameshi * (trial; test)/ Koteshirabe * (preliminary test or trial; tryout) (Toraiauto; Torai (suru) * (try; attempt))
Noun-No	Victory (win; success; triumph)	勝利 (する)/ 勝ち/ 戦勝 (する)/ 圧勝 (する)/ 大勝 (する) (勝利 (する); 成功 (する); 勝利 (する))	Shōri (suru) * (victory; triumph; win; conquest; success)/ Kachi * (win; victory)/ Senshō (suru) * (winning a war; victory)/ Asshō (suru) * (overwhelming victory; crushing victory; sweeping victory; landslide victory)/ Taishō (suru) * (great victory; decisive victory; overwhelming victory; landslide victory) (shōri (suru); seikō (suru); shōri (suru))

Noun-No	Policy	方針/ 政策/ 策 (さく)/ 方策/ 施策/ ポリシー	Hōshin * (policy; course; plan (of action); principle)/ Seisaku * (political measures; policy)/ Saku * (plan; policy; means; measure; stratagem; scheme)/ Hōsaku * (plan; policy)/ Shisaku * (policy; measure)/ Porishī
Noun-No	Anti-corruption policy	汚職防止ポリシー	Oshoku bōshi porishī
Noun-No	Asylum policy	亡命政策	Bōmei seisaku
Noun-No	Breach of policy	ポリシー違反	Porishī ihan
Noun-No	Company policy	会社の方針	Kaisha no hōshin
Noun-No	Rule (rules; regulations)	規則/ 規約/ 憲法/ 決まり (の)/ 法則/ 守則/ ルール	Kisoku/ Kiyaku/ Kenpō/ Kimari (no)/ Hōsoku/ Shusoku/ Rūru
Noun-No	Strict rules	厳しい規則	Kibishī kisoku
Noun-No	Unspoken rules	暗黙のルール	Anmoku no rūru
Noun-No	Unwritten rules	暗黙のルール	Anmoku no rūru
Noun-No	Sale (offering for sale)	発売 (する)/ 販売 (する)/ 売り/ セール	Hatsubai (suru)/ Hanbai (suru)/ Uri/ Sēru
Noun-No	Sales	販売 (する)/ 売れ行き/ 売上高	Hanbai (suru)/ Ureyuki/ Uriagedaka
Noun-No	Shopping	買い物 (する)/ 買い/ ショッピング (する)	Kaimono (suru)/ Kai/ Shoppingu (suru)
Noun-No	Billing document	請求伝票	Seikyū denpyō
Noun-No	Invoice	請求書/ 請求文書/ 請求書類	Seikyū-sho/ Seikyū bunsho/ Seikyū shorui
Noun-No	Sales invoice	販売請求書	Hanbai seikyūsho
Noun-No	Bargain	買い得 (買得)/ お得 (お徳/ 御得/ 御徳/ おとく/ おトク)/ 掘り出し物 (掘出し物/ 掘り出し物)/ お買い得 (お買得/ 御買得/ お買徳/ 御買得/ お買い徳/ おかいどく)/ 目つけ物 (目つけ物)/ バーゲン	Kaidoku/ o Toku/ Horidashimono/ Okaidoku/ Mekkemono/ Bāgen
Noun-No	Production	生産 (する)/ 製造 (する/ の)/ 製作 (する)/ 産出 (する)/ プロデュース (する)	Seisan (suru)/ Seizō (suru/ no)/ Seisaku (suru)/ Sanshutsu (suru)/ Purode~yūsu (suru) * (to produce (e.g. movie, play, show, event, musical recording, etc.); to design (e.g. new commercial product, restaurant concept, etc.); to create)
Noun-No	Mass production	大量生産/ マスプロダクション	Tairyō seisan/ Masupurodakushon
Noun-No	Assembly	組み立て	Kumi-tate
Noun-No	Purchasing	購入 (する)/ 購買 (する)	Kōnyū (suru)/ Kōbai (suru)
Noun-No	Supply (of goods) (delivery)	供給 (する)/ 補給 (する)/ 調達 (する)/ 納入 (する)/ 物資/ 消耗品/ サプライ	Kyōkyū (suru)/ Hokyū (suru)/ Chōtatsu (suru)/ Nōnyū (suru)/ Busshi * (goods; materials; commodities; resources; supplies)/ Shōkōhin * (consumable goods; consumables; supplies)/ Sapurai
Noun-No	Vendor invoice	ベンダー請求書	Bendā seikyūsho
Noun-No	Supplier invoice	サプライヤー請求書	Sapuraiyā seikyūsho
Noun-No	Replenishment	補充 (する)	Hojū (suru)
Noun-No	Extra supplies (extra goods)	余分な供給/ 追加供給/ 追加の供給/ 余分な物資/ 追加の物資/ 追加の補給/ 追加消耗品 (追加グッズ)	Yobun'na kyōkyū/ Tsuika kyōkyū/ Tsuika no kyōkyū/ Yobun'na busshi/ Tsuika no busshi/ Tsuika no hokyū/ Tsuika shōkōhin * (additional consumable goods) (Tsuika guzzu)

Noun-Tra	Trade	売買 (する)/ 商売 (する)/ 貿易 (する)/ 交易 (する)/ 商業 (する)/ 営業 (する)/ 売り買い (する)/ 通商 (する)/ トレード (する)/ トレーディングをする	Baibai (suru)/ Shōbai (suru)/ Bōeki (suru)/ Kōeki (suru)/ Shōgyō (suru)/ Eigyō (suru)/ Urikai (suru)/ Tsūshō (suru)/ Torēdo (suru)/ Torēdingu o suru
Noun-Tra	Trading	取引	Torihiki
Noun-Tra	Trade ban (trade prohibition)	貿易禁止/ 貿易の厳禁/ 貿易の禁	Bōeki kinshi/ Bōeki no genkin/ Bōeki no kin
Noun-Tra	Trade union	労働組合	roudou kumiai
Noun-Tra	Deal	取引 (をする)	Torihiki (o suru)
Noun-Tra	Dealbreaker (not a deal; deal breaker)	合意を壊すもの/ 取引を壊すもの/ ディールブレーカー (取引ではない; 取引ブレーカー)	Gōi o kowasu mono/ Torihiki o kowasu mono/ Dīruburēkā (Torihikide wanai; Torihiki burēkā)
Noun-Tra	Dealership	ディーラーシップ	Dīrāshippu
Noun-Tra	Agreement (rules, code, protocol)	規約/ アグリーメント	Kiyaku/ Agurimento
Noun-Tra	Agreement (agreeing; coming to an agreement)	合意 (する)/ 一致 (する)/ 同意 (する)/ アグリーメント	Gōi (suru)/ Itchi (suru)/ Dōi (suru)/ Agurimento
Noun-Tra	In agreement	同意している/ 合意の上で	Dōi shite iru/ Gōi no ue de
Noun-Tra	Binding agreement	拘束力のある契約	Kōsoku-ryoku no aru keiyaku
Noun-Tra	Brand	ブランド	Burando
Noun-Tra	Buying and selling	売り買い (する)/ 売買 (する)	Urikai (suru)/ Baibai (suru)
Noun-Tra	Domestic trade	国内貿易	Kokunai boueki
Noun-Tra	Foreign trade	外国貿易	Gaikoku boueki
Noun-Tra	Trend	トレンド	torendo
Noun-Tra	Uptrend	上昇トレンド	jōshō torendo
Noun-Tra	Downtrend	下降トレンド	kakō torendo
Noun-No	Change (modification, alteration, revision)	変更 (する)	Henkō (suru)
Noun-No	Comeback	再起 (する)/ 復活 (する)/ 復帰 (する)/ カムバック (する)/ 振り返り/ 戻ってくる	Saiki (suru) * (comeback; recovery; restoration; rally)/ Fukkatsu (suru) * (revival (of an old system, custom, fashion, etc.); restoration; return; comeback/ resurrection; rebirth)/ Fukki (suru) * (return; reversion; comeback; reinstatement)/ Kamubakku (suru) * (comeback)/ Kaerizaki * (comeback (e.g. in business); reinstatement/ second blooming (in a season); reflowering; reflorescence)/ Modotte kuru * (to come back; to be coming back; to return; to be returning)

Noun-No	Concession	譲歩 (する/ の)/ 租界/ 歩み寄り/ 交譲/ 歩み合い/ コンセッション/ コンセ/ ても良い (てもよい)/ 譲り合い (譲合/ ゆずりあい)/ 優遇 (する/ の)	Jōho (suru/ no)/ Sokai/ Ayumiyori/ Kōjō/ Ayumiai/ Konsesshon/ Konse * (abbreviation)/Te mo yoi * (indicates concession or compromise)/ Yuzuriai/ Yūgū (suru/ no) * (concession as in 'concession/ preferential invoice, ie. debit memo/ credit memo, etc.. Normally it means 'favorable treatment; favourable treatment; hospitality; warm reception; good treatment; hearty welcome")
Noun-No	Conversion (change; transformation; ie. of data, etc.)	変換 (する)	Henkan (suru)
Noun-No	Conversion (diversion; changeover)	転換 (する/ の)	Tenkan (suru/ no)
Noun-No	Conversion (ie. currency exchange)	換算 (する)	Kansan (suru)
Noun-No	Mutation	変異 (する/ の)/ 変化 (する)/ 変転 (する)/ 転変 (する)/ 変移 (する)	Hen'i (suru/ no)/ Henka (suru)/ Henten (suru)/ Tenpen (suru)/ Hen'i (suru)
Noun-No	Variation (variations)	バリエーション (バリエーション)	Bariēshon (bariēshon)
Noun-No	Creation	創造 (する)/ 作成 (する)/ 作製 (する)/ 創作 (する)/ 誕生 (する)/ 設定 (する)/ 生成 (する)/ 創出 (する)/ 制定 (する)/ 制作 (する)/ 創始 (する)/ 造成 (する)/ 構築 (する)/ 創成 (する)/ 造化/ 創生 (する)/ クリエイション (する)/ 造物/ 創見/ 開闢/ 万物/ 新作 (する)	Sōzō (suru) * (creation/ Creation (by God))/ Sakusei (suru) * (making (a report, plan, contract, etc.); drawing up; writing out; preparing; creating (a file, website, account, etc.))/ Sakusei (suru) * (manufacture; production/ note that the kanji is different but the pronunciation the same as the other sakusei word)/ Sōsaku (suru) * (creation; production; creative work (novel, film, etc.); original work; (creative) writing/ fabrication; fiction; invention)/ Tanjō (suru) * (birth; creation; formation)/ Settei (suru) * (establishment; creation; posing (a problem); setting (movie, novel, etc.); scene)/ Seisei (suru) * (creation; generation; formation; derivation)/ Sōshutsu (suru) * (creation; generation)/ Seitei (suru) * (enactment; establishment; creation)/ Seisaku (suru) * (work (film, book)/ production; creation; turning (something) out; development)/ Sōshi (suru) * (creation; founding; initiating)/ Zōsei (suru) * (development (of land); preparation (e.g. of ground for housing); reclamation; creation)/ Kōchiku (suru) * (construction; building; putting up; erecting; creation; formulation; architecture (systems, agreement, etc.))/ Sōsei (suru) * (creation; formation; foundation; establishment)/ Zōka * (creation; nature; the Universe)/ Sōsei (suru) * (creation; birth;
Noun-No	Deviation	偏差	Hensa

Noun-No	Copy	コピー/ 複写 (する)	Kopī/ Fukusha (suru)
Noun-No	Fastness (swiftness; quickness)	速さ (素早さ; すばやさ)	Haya-sa (subaya-sa; subaya-sa)
Noun-No	Quickness (swiftness; fastness)	素早さ (素早さ; 速さ)	Subaya-sa (Subaya-sa; Haya-sa)
Noun-No	With rapid speed (with high speed; rapidly)	急速に (高速で; 急速に)	kyuusoku ni (kousoku de; kyuusoku ni)
Noun-No	Swiftness	素早さ	Subaya-sa
Noun-No	Slowness	遅さ	Oso-sa
Noun-No	Delay (lag; postponement)	遅延 (する/ の) (遅れ; 延期 (する))	Chien (suru/ no) (Okure; Enki (suru))
Noun-No	Procrastination	先延ばし/ 怠慢 (な)/ 遅滞 (する)/ 延滞 (する/ の)/ 延引 (する)	Saki nobashi * (delay; putting off; procrastination)/ Taiman (na)/ Chitai (suru)/ Entai (suru/ no)/ En'in (suru)
Noun-No	Bill of lading	船荷証券	Funani shōken
Noun-No	Shipping documents	発送書類/ 発送の書類/ 出荷書類/ 輸送書類/ 書類の輸送/ 転送書類	Hassō shorui/ Hassō no shorui/ Shukka shorui/ Yusō shorui * (transport documents)/ Shorui no yusō/ Tensō shorui * (transfer documents)
Noun-No	Delivery (issuance; handing over; granting)	交付 (する)	Kōfu (suru)
Noun-No	Delivery (logistics)	配達 (する)/ 配送 (する)/ 配信 (する)/ 受け渡し/ デリバリー	Haitatsu (suru)/ Haisō (suru)/ Haishin (suru)/ Ukewatashi/ Deribarī
Noun-No	Delivery costs	配送料	Haisōryō
Noun-No	Delayed delivery (delayed sending; delayed shipment)	配達の遅延 (発送の遅れ; 発送の遅れ)	Haitatsu no chien (hassō no okure; hassō no okure)
Noun-No	Fast delivery (early delivery)	素早い納品 (早い納品)	Subayai nōhin (Hayai nōhin)
Noun-No	Late delivery	遅い配達	Osoi haitatsu
Noun-No	Slow delivery	配達が遅い	Haitatsu ga osoi
Noun-No	Subsequent delivery	次回以降の配送	Jikai ikō no haisō
Noun-No	Service (help; assistance; care)	扱い/ 待遇 (する)/ 取り扱い/ サービス (する)	Atsukai/ Taigū (suru)/ Toriatsukai/ Sābisu (suru)
Noun-No	Service (of goods; providing for free)	奉仕 (する)	Hōshi (suru)
Noun-No	Service (responsibility; task)	勤め/ 勤務 (する)	Tsutome/ Kinmu (suru)
Noun-No	24 hours service (twenty four hours service)	24時間サービス (24時間サービス)	24-Jikan sābisu (24-jikan sābisu)
Noun-No	Personalised service	パーソナライズされたサービス	Pāsonaraizu sareta sābisu
Noun-No	Rental service	レンタルサービス	rentarusābisu
Noun-No	Delivery document	配達文書/ 配達書/ 配送伝票/ 納品文書/ 納品書/ 交付書面/ 渡書類/ 受渡書	Haitatsu bunsho/ Haitatsu-sho/ Haisō denpyō/ Nōhin bunsho/ Nōhinsho/ Kōfu shomen/ Watari shorui/ Ukewatashi-sho
Noun-No	Delivery slip (delivery note)	納品書/ 納品書伝票	Nōhinsho/ Nōhinsho denpyō
Noun-No	Delivery service	配達サービス	Haitatsu sābisu
Noun-No	Postal service	郵便サービス	Yūbin sābisu

Noun-No	Self-service	セルフサービス	Serufusābisu
Noun-No	Standby service	スタンバイサービス	Sutanbaisābisu
Noun-No	Conveyance	伝達 (する)	Dentatsu (suru)
Noun-No	Duplication	複製 (する)	Fukusei (suru)
Noun-No	Express delivery (priority delivery; priority mail)	速達/ 特別な配信 (優先配達; 優先郵便)	Sokutatsu/ Tokubetsuna haishin * (special delivery) (yūsen haitatsu; yūsen yūbin)
Noun-No	Export	輸出 (する)/ エクスポート (する)	Yushutsu (suru)/ Ekusupōto (suru)
Noun-No	Falsification	改ざん (する)/ 偽造 (する/ の)	Kaizan (suru)/ Gizō (suru/ no)
Noun-No	Forgery (spurious article; counterfeit; imitation; sham)	偽物 (贋物/ にせ物/ ニセ物/ ニセ物/ ニセモノ/ ニセモン)/ 真似事/ 偽造 (する/ の)	Nisemono/ Manegoto/ Gizō (suru/ no)
Noun-No	Freight	貨物/ 荷/ 積み荷/ 運送 (する)/ 船荷/ 運送品/ 貨物便	Kamotsu/ Ni/ Tsumini/ Unsō (suru)/ Funani/ Unsō-hin/ Kamotsu-bin
Noun-No	Fullness	充実 (する)/ 満腹感/ 腹持ち/ 充足感	Jūjitsu (suru)/ Manpuku-kan/ Haramochi/ Jūsoku-kan
Noun-No	Emptiness	空虚 (な)/ 空 (から)/ 空き/ 中空/ 空 (くう)	Kūkyo (na)/ Kara * (not 'sora' with the same kanji character which means 'sky; the air; the heavens' or 'weather')/ Aki/ Chūkū/ Kū * (not 'sora' with the same kanji character which means 'sky; the air; the heavens' or 'weather')
Noun-No	Game changer	大逆転 (する)/ ゲームチェンジャー	Dai gyakuten (suru)/ Gēmu chenjā
Noun-No	Genuine article (the real thing; the real deal)	本物/ 本場物/ 正物/ 純良品/ 真物/ モノホン/ ほんま物	Honmono/ Honba-mono/ Sei mono/ Jun ryōhin/ Mabutsu/ Monohon/ Honma-mono
Noun-No	The real thing	本物	Honmono
Noun-No	Imitation	模倣 (する/ の)	Mohō (suru/ no)
Noun-No	Impersonation	成り済まし (なりすまし)/ 物真似 (する)/ 人格化 (する)/ 化身 (する)/ 体現 (する)/ 形態模写	Narisumashi * (identity fraud; forgery (e.g. of email); spoofing/ masquerade (esp. for evil purposes))/ Monomane (suru) * (imitation (of someone, something); impersonation; (vocal) mimicry/ impersonator)/ Jinkaku-ka (suru) * (impersonation; personification)/ Keshin (suru) * (incarnation; impersonation; personification; avatar; Buddhism, Buddhist term)/ Taigen (suru) * (personification; impersonation; embodiment)/ Keitai mosha * (mimicry; impersonation)
Noun-No	Import	輸入 (する)/ インポート (する)	Yunyū (suru)/ Inpōto (suru)
Noun-No	Logistics	物流/ ロジスティクス	Butsuryū/ Rojisutikusu

Noun-No	Negotiation (negotiations)	交渉 (する)/ 掛け合い/ 談判 (する)/ 折衝 (する)/ 協議 (する)/ 商談 (する)/ 話 (はなし)/ 会商 (する) (交渉 (する))	Kōshō (suru)/ Kakeai/ Danpan (suru) * (negotiations; bargaining; talks; making demands)/ Sesshō (suru)/ Kyōgi (suru) * (conference; consultation; discussion; negotiation)/ Shōdan (suru) * (business discussion; negotiation; business negotiations)/ Hanashi * (can mean 'talk; speech; chat; conversation' or 'topic; subject', but can also mean 'discussions; negotiation; argument')/ Kaishō (suru) * (negotiation; talks) (kōshō (suru))
Noun-No	Real or fake	本物か偽物か	Honmono ka nisemono ka
Noun-No	Shift (a shift, the shift)	シフト (する)/ 転向 (する)/ 移行 (する)/ 推移 (する) (シフト (する); シフト (する))	Shifuto (suru) * (shift; move/ (work) shift; work schedule/ gearshift; changing gears)/ Tenkō (suru) * (conversion; shift; about-face; switch)/ Ikō (suru) * (transition; changeover; switchover; shift/ transfer (of powers, weight, etc.); shift (e.g. of centre of gravity))/ Suii (suru) * (transition; change; progress; development; shift) (shifuto (suru); shifuto (suru))
Noun-No	Shipment	出荷 (する)/ 発送 (する)/ 運送 (する)	Shukka (suru)/ Hassō (suru)/ Unsō (suru)
Noun-No	Switch (to another ideology, party, system, method, etc.)	乗り換え (する)	Norikae (suru)
Noun-No	Archeology	考古学 (の)/ 考古/ アーキオロジー	Kōkogaku (no)/ Kōko/ Ākiorojī
Noun-No	Biology	生物学/ 生物/ バイオロジー	Ikimonogaku/ Seibutsu * (abbreviation)/ Baiorojī
Noun-No	Microbiology	微生物学	Biseibutsugaku
Noun-No	Chemistry	化学/ 舍密 (セイミ)/ 舍密 (しゃみつ)/ ケミストリー (ケミストリ)	Kagaku/ Seimi * (from Dutch; Flemish "chemie")/ Shamitsu * (please note the kanji characters for shamitsu are the same as for seimi)/ Kemisutorī (kemisutori)
Noun-No	Search	検索 (する)/ 調べ/ 搜索 (する)/ 捜査 (する/ の)	Kensaku (suru)/ Shirabe/ Sōsaku (suru) * search (esp. for someone or something missing)/ Sōsa (suru/ no) * search (esp. in criminal investigations)
Noun-No	Research	研究 (する)/ 探索 (する)/ 探究 (する)/ リサーチ (する)	Kenkyū (suru)/ Tansaku (suru)/ Tankyū (suru)/ Risāchi (suru)
Noun-No	Astronomy	天文学/ 天文/ 星学/ アストロノミー	Tenmongaku/ Tenmon/ Hoshi-gaku/ Asutoronomī

Noun-No	Navigation	ナビゲーション (する)/ 航海 (する)/ 航行 (する)/ 運航 (する)/ 通航 (する)/ 回航 (する)/ 航法/ 航海術/ 舟行 (する)/ 潜行 (する)/ 遠洋航海/ 電波航法/ 潜航 (する)/ 按針/ ナビゲート (する)/ ナビ (する)	Nabigēshon (suru)/ Kōkai (suru) * ((sea) voyage; navigation; sailing; passage; cruise)/ Kōkō (suru) * (cruise; navigation; sailing)/ Unkō (suru) * (operation (of a ship or aircraft route); service; navigation; flight)/ Tsūkō (suru) * (navigation; sailing)/ Kaikō (suru) * (navigation; cruise)/ Kōhō * (sailing; navigation)/ Kōkai-jutsu * (seamanship; (the art of) navigation)/ Shūkō (suru) * (boating; sailing; navigation)/ Senkō (suru) * (underwater navigation/ going underground; going into hiding; travelling incognito; travelling in disguise)/ En'yō kōkai * (ocean navigation)/ Denpakōhō * (radio navigation; electronic navigation)/ Senkō (suru) * (submarine voyage; underwater navigation)/ Anjin * (navigation by magnetic compass)/ Nabigēto (suru) * (navigation)/ Nabi (suru) * (navigation; (car) navigation system/ abbreviation)
Noun-No	Demography (demographics)	人口学/ 人口統計学/ デモグラフィー/ 人口統計 (人口統計)	Jinkō-gaku * (demography)/ Jinkō tōkei-gaku * (demography)/ Demogurafī * (demography)/ Jinkō tōkei * (population statistics; demographics) (jinkō tōkei)
Noun-No	Discovery (Findings)	発見 (発見)/ ディスカバリー	Hakken (hakken)/ Disukabarī
Noun-No	Loophole	抜け穴	Nukeana * (means loophole, but can also mean 'secret passage; underground passage')
Noun-No	Ethnography	民族誌学/ 民族誌/ エスノグラフィー/ 土俗学	Minzoku-shi-gaku * (ethnography)/ Minzoku-shi * (ethnography)/ Esunogurafī * (ethnography)/ Dozokugaku * (ethnology; folkloristics/ obsolete term)
Noun-No	Exposure	暴露 (する)/ 向き/ 露見 (する)	Bakuro (suru) * (disclosure; exposure; revelation)/ Muki * (direction; orientation; aspect; exposure)/ Roken (suru) * (discovery (of a plot, misdeed, etc.); detection; exposure; disclosure)
Noun-No	Finding (findings)	所見 (所見)/ 発見 (する)/ 発掘 (する)/ 答申 (する)	Shoken (shoken) * (view; opinion; finding; findings)/ Hakken (suru) * (discovery; detection; finding)/ Hakkutsu (suru) * (discovery (of a new fact, talent, etc.); finding; unearthing)/ Tōshin (suru) * (report; reply; findings)
Noun-No	Geography (Earthlore)	地理/ 地理学/ ジオグラフィー (地球伝承)	Chiri/ Chiri-gaku/ Jiogurafī (chikyū denshō)
Noun-No	Geology	地質学/ ジオロジー	Chishitsu-gaku/ Jiorojī
Noun-No	Geometry	ジオメトリ/ ジオメトリー/ 幾何学/ 幾何	Jiometori/ Jiometori/ Kika gaku/ Kika * (abbreviation)
Noun-No	Linguistics	言語学/ 語学	Gengo-gaku * (linguistics)/ Gogaku * (study of foreign languages/ linguistics)
Noun-No	Mathematics (maths)	数学/ 数理 (数学)	Sūgaku/ Sūri (sūgaku)

Noun-No	Algebra	代数	Daisū
Noun-No	Medicine study	医学研究	Igaku kenkyū
Noun-No	Physics (science)	理学/ 物理学/ 物理/ フィジックス	Rigaku/ Butsurigaku/ Butsuri/ Fijikkusu
Noun-No	Quantum physics	量子物理学	Ryōshi butsurigaku
Noun-No	The laws of physics	物理法則/ 物理学の法則	Butsuri hōsoku/ Butsurigaku no hōsoku
Noun-No	Science	科学/ 理科/ 理系/ サイエンス	Kagaku/ Rika/ Rikei/ Saiensu
Noun-No	Statistics	統計 (する/ の)/ 統計量/ 統計情報/ スタティスティックス	Tōkei (suru/ no)/ Tōkei-ryō/ Tōkei jōhō * (statistics information, ie. 'statistics')/ Sutatisutikkusu
Noun-No	Teleportation	テレポーテーション/ 瞬間移動 (する)	Terepōtēshon/ Shunkan idō (suru)
Noun-No	Engineering	工学/ 技術/ 工務/ エンジニアリング	Kōgaku/ Gijutsu/ Kōmu/ Enjiniaingu
Noun-No	Forensic research (forensic investigation)	科学捜査研究/ フォレンジックリサーチ (科学捜査)	Kagaku sōsa kenkyū/ Forenjikkurisāchi (kagaku sōsa)
Noun-No	Forensics	科学捜査	Kagaku sōsa
Noun-No	Innovation	革新 (する)/ 改革 (する)/ イノベーション/ 更新 (する)/ 変革 (する)/ 新機軸/ 一生面/ 改変 (する)	Kakushin (suru)/ Kaikaku (suru) * (reform; reformation; reorganization)/ Inobēshon/ Kōshin (suru) * (renewal; update; replacement; renovation; breaking (a record))/ Henkaku (suru) * (change; transformation; reform; revolution; revolutionizing; innovation; upheaval)/ Shin kijiku * (innovation; new departure; milestone; breakthrough)/ Ichi sei men * (innovation; new vista; new field; not 'isseimen')/ Kaihen (suru) * (change; alteration; modification)
Noun-No	Invention	発明 (する)/ 発明品/ 創製 (する)/ 工夫 (する)/ 創作 (する)/ 考案 (する)/ 創案 (する)/ 創見/ インベンション/ インヴェンション	Hatsumei (suru)/ Hatsumei-hin * (invention (product; material))/ Sōsei (suru) * (invention; origination; discovery)/ Kufū (suru) * (devising (a way); contriving; inventing; thinking up; figuring out; coming up with; working out/ device; design; idea; plan; invention)/ Sōsaku (suru) * (creation; production; creative work (novel, film, etc.); original work; (creative) writing/ fabrication; fiction; invention (to make up something, ie. a made up story))/ Kōan (suru) * (plan; device; idea; design; contrivance; conception; invention)/ Sōan (suru) * (conceiving (an idea); thinking up; invention; original idea; new idea)/ Sōken * (originality; creation; invention)/ Inbenshon/ In'vu~enshon
Noun-No	Patent	特許/ 専売特許	Tokkyo * (patent/ special permission; license; licence; concession; charter)/ Senbai tokkyo * (patent; exclusive rights to a patent)

Noun-No	Patent right (patent rights)	特許権 (特許権)	Tokkyo-ken (tokkyo-ken)
Noun-No	Philosophy	哲学/ 倫理学/ 哲理/ フィロソフィー/ コンセプト	Tetsugaku/ Rinri-gaku/ Tetsuri/ Firosofi/ Konseputo
Noun-No	Science and technology	科学技術	Kagaku gijutsu
Noun-No	Science history (history of science)	科学史/ 科学歴史	Kagaku-shi/ Kagaku rekishi
Noun-No	Science is universal (belief that everything can be explained by science; scientism)	科学万能	Kagaku ban'nō
Noun-No	Science philosophy (philosophy of science)	科学哲学	Kagaku tetsugaku
Noun-No	Scientific calculation	科学技術計算	Kagaku gijutsu keisan
Noun-No	Scientific discovery	科学的発見/ 科学的な発見	Kagaku-teki hakken/ Kagakutekina hakken
Noun-No	Scientific knowledge	科学知識	Kagaku chishiki
Noun-No	Scientific method	科学的方法	Kagakuteki hōhō
Noun-No	Scientific revolution	科学革命	Kagaku kakumei
Noun-No	Scientism	科学主義	Kagaku shugi
Noun-No	Technology	技術/ テクノロジー	Gijutsu/ Tekunorojī
Noun-No	Traceability	トレーサビリティ/ 追跡可能性	Torēsabiriti/ Tsuiseki kanōsei
Noun-No	Basis (standard)	基準	Kijun
Noun-No	Base (the base)	基盤/ 土台/ 基地/ 基底/ 拠点/ 元々 (元元/ 本本/ 本々/ もともと) (の/ な)/ ベース (ベース)	Kiban * (base; basis; foundation; footing; infrastructure)/ Dodai * (foundation; base; basis/ from the beginning; from the outset; by nature)/ Kichi * (base (military, expedition, etc.))/ Kitei * (base; basis; foundation)/ Kyoten * (position; location; base; point; site)/ Motomoto (no/ na) * (originally; from the start; from the beginning; from the outset; by nature/ none the worse (for); (coming out) even; in the same position (as before))/ Bēsu * (base; basis; theme; basic ingredient/ base (e.g. military); depot) (bēsu)
Noun-No	The base of	のベース	No bēsu
Noun-No	Standard (basis; level; norm)	基準 (の)/ 標準/ 水準/ 規格/ ベーシック (な)/ レギュラー (の/ な)	Kijun (no)/ Hyōjun/ Suijun/ Kikaku/ Bēshikku (na)/ Regyurā (no/ na) * (regular; standard)
Noun-No	Standard (default)	標準 (デフォルト)	Hyōjun (deforuto)
Noun-No	Different standard (different standards)	規格が違う (規格が違う)	Kikaku ga chigau (kikaku ga chigau)
Noun-No	Element (elements)	要素/ 元素 (要素)/ 構成単位/ 構成要素/ 綱要/ エレメント	Yōso * (component; item)/ Genso * (element (e.g. earth, water, air, fire))/ Kōsei tan'i * (building block; constituent unit; structural unit)/ Kōsei yōso * (component; element; part)/ Kōyō * (elements; essentials; outline)/ Eremento

Noun-No	Level	平準/ レベル/ 平準化/ 程度/ 加減/ 程 (ほど)/ 度 (ど)/ 度合い (度合/ どあい)/ 性 * (ie. 危険性 or 安全性)/ 範囲	Heijun/ Reberu/ Heijun-ka/ Teido/ Kagen/ Hodo/ Do/ Doai/ Sei* (ie. kiken-sei, riskiness; (level of) danger, or anzen sei, safety; security)/ Han'I * (extent; scope; sphere; range; span)
Noun-No	Level (to be level)	水平 (な/ の)/ レベル (水平になる)	Suihei (na/ no)/ Reberu (suihei ni naru)
Noun-No	Boundary	境界/ 境/ 区域	Kyōkai/ Sakai/ Kuiki
Noun-No	Core (heart; heart of the matter; center)	核心/ 中心/ 芯 (しん)/ 心 (しん)/ 核 (かく)/ 命 (いのち)/ コア (核心; 核心; 中心)	Kakushin/ Chūshin/ Shin/ Shin/ Kaku/ Inochi * (most important thing; foundation; core)/ Koa (kakushin; kakushin; chūshin)
Noun-No	Diversity	多様性 (の)/ な)	Tayō-sei (no)/ na)
Noun-No	Variety	バラエティ	Baraeti
Noun-No	Facility (accommodations; equipment; arrangements)	設備 (する)/ 施設 (する) (宿泊施設; 設備 (する); 手配 (する))	Setsubi (suru)/ Shisetsu (suru) (shukuhaku shisetsu; setsubi (suru); tehai (suru))
Noun-No	Foundation (basis, core)	基礎/ 基盤/ 土台/ 基本/ 根拠/ 財団	Kiso * (foundation; basis)/ Kiban * (foundation; basis; base; footing; infrastructure)/ Dodai * (foundation; base; basis)/ Kihon * (basics; fundamentals; basis; foundation)/ Konkyo * (basis; grounds; foundation; reason; authority/ base (of operations))/ Zaidan * (foundation (institution); syndicate; group)
Noun-No	Genes	遺伝子 (の)	Idenshi (no)
Noun-No	Limit	限界 (の)/ 限度 (の)/ 限定 (する)/ 程/ 切り/ 制限 (する)/ 限り/ 枠/ リミット	Genkai (no)/ Gendo (no)/ Gentei (suru)/ Hodo/ Kiri/ Seigen (suru)/ Kagiri/ Waku/ Rimitto
Noun-No	Naming	命名 (する/ の)/ ネーミング (する)/ 名付け	Meimei (suru/ no)/ Nēmingu (suru)/ Nadzuke
Noun-No	Naming (nominating)	指名 (する)/ 任命 (する)/ ノミネート (する)	Shimei (suru)/ Ninmei (suru)/ Nominēto (suru)
Noun-No	Reserve (constraint; restraint)	遠慮 (する)	Enryo (suru)
Noun-No	Reserve (spare)	予備 (の)/ 備蓄 (する)/ 準備 (する)	Yobi (no)/ Bichiku (suru)/ Junbi (suru)
Noun-No	Restraint (restraints)	拘束 (する) (拘束 (する))	Kōsoku (suru) (kōsoku (suru))
Noun-No	Restriction (limit)	制限 (リミット)	Seigen (rimitto)
Noun-No	Restrictions (limitations; constraints)	制限 (する)/ 拘束 (する)/ 限定 (する/ の)/ 制約 (する) (制限 (する), 制約 (する), リミテーション, リミット)	Seigen (suru)/ Kōsoku (suru)/ Gentei (suru/ no)/ Seiyaku (suru) (seigen (suru), seiyaku (suru), rimitēshon, rimitto)
Noun-No	Risk	危険 (な)/ 冒険 (する/ な)/ リスク	Kiken (na)/ Bōken (suru/ na)/ Risuku
Noun-No	Root (the root; origin; source)	根源/ 根底/ 元 (もと)/ 根本/ 源/ 大本/ 根 (ね)	Kongen/ Kontei/ Moto/ Konpon/ Minamoto/ ōmoto/ Ne

Noun-No	Origin	元 (もと)/ 始まり (はじまり)/ 起源/ 根源/ 原始 (の)/ 発端/ 原因 (する)/ 原点/ 出所/ 源 (みなもと)/ 始め (はじめ)/ 成り立ち/ 由来 (する)/ 発祥 (する)/ 物種	Moto/ Hajimari/ Kigen * (origin; beginning; source; rise)/ Kongen * (root; source; origin; cause)/ Genshi (no) * (origin; beginning; genesis)/ Hottan * (origin; genesis; opening; start; beginning)/ Gen'in (suru) * (cause; origin; source)/ Genten * (starting point; origin; beginning)/ Shussho * (source; origin; provenance)/ Minamoto * (source (of a river); fountainhead)/ Hajime * (beginning; start; outset; opening)/ Naritachi * (the way in which something came about; origin/ structure; organization; the way something is constructed)/ Yurai (suru) * (origin; source; history; derivation/ originally; from the start; by nature)/ Hasshō (suru) * (origin)/ Monodane * (origin; fundamental element)
Noun-No	Provenance	出所/ 素性/ 来歴	Shussho * (source; origin; provenance)/ Sujō * (birth; lineage; parentage; origin/ identity; background; history; past/ provenance; origin)/ Raireki * (history; career)
Noun-No	Source	元 (もと)/ 根源/ 源 (げん)/ 源 (みなもと)/ ソース	Moto/ Kongen/ Gen/ Minamoto * (source (of a river); fountainhead)/ Sōsu
Noun-No	Source of inspiration	インスピレーションの源	Insupirēshon no minamoto
Noun-No	Threshold	閾値	Ikichi
Noun-No	Pain threshold	痛みの閾値	Itami no ikichi
Noun-No	Category	種類/ カテゴリー	Shurui/ Kategorī * (category; from German "Kategorie")
Noun-No	Kind (one's kind; my kind; your kind)	種類 (な)/ タイプ (自分の種類 (な); 私の種類 (な); あなたの種類 (な))	Shurui (na)/ Taipu (jibun no shurui (na); watashi no shurui (na); anata no shurui (na))
Noun-No	Type (kind; category)	種類/ タイプ	Shurui/ Taipu
Noun-No	Scale	規模/ 音階	Kibo * (scale; scope; plan; structure)/ Onkai * (scale * (music)/ musical scale)
Noun-No	Infinite (endless; unlimited)	無限 (の/ な)/ 無辺 (な)/ インフィニット (の)/ 広大無辺 (な/ の)/ 無辺際 (な) (無限 (の/ な); 無制限 (の/ な))	Mugen (no/ na)/ Muhen (na)/ Infinitto (no)/ Kōdai muhen (na/ no)/ Muhenzai (na) (mugen (no/ na); museigen (no/ na))
Noun-No	Finite (limited; fixed)	有限 (の/ な)/ 限りある (限り有る/ かぎりある) (制限 (する)/ 限定的 (に/ な)/ 限界 (の)/ 限度/ 限定 (する/ の)/ 程/ 境界/ 切り/ 限る/ 限り/ リミット; 固定的 (に/ な)/ 一定 (の/ な/ する))	Yūgen (no/ na)/ Kagiri aru (Seigen (suru)/ Gentei teki (ni/ na)/ Genkai (no)/ Gendo/ Gentei (suru/ no)/ Hodo/ Kyōkai/ Kiri/ Kagiru/ Kagiri/ Rimitto; Kotei-teki (ni/ na)/ Ittei (no/ na/ suru))
Noun-No	Unlimited (no limit)	無制限 (の/ な)/ 制限なし/ 限りない/ 無期 (な)/ 底知れない/ 底知れず/ 底知れぬ	Museigen (no/ na)/ Seigen nashi/ Kagirinaï/ Muki (na)/ Sokoshirenai/ Sokoshirezu/ Sokoshirenu
Noun-No	Comment (remark)	論評 (する)/ 台詞 (科白)/ 注釈 (する)/ コメント (する)/ 言葉	Ronpyō (suru)/ Serifu/ Chūshaku (suru)/ Komento (suru)/ Kotoba

Noun-No	Conclusion	結論 (する)/ 断定 (する)/ 最後/ 完了 (する)/ 決着 (する)	Ketsuron (suru)/ Dantei (suru)/ Saigo/ Kanryō (suru) * (completion; conclusion)/ Ketchaku (suru) * (conclusion; decision; end; settlement)
Noun-No	Final conclusion (definitive conclusion)	最終結論 (最終的な結論)	Saishū ketsuron (saishū-tekina ketsuron)
Noun-No	Control	管理 (する)/ 抑制 (する)/ 取り締まり/ 収拾 (する)/ 監督 (する)/ 統制 (する)/ 制止 (する)/ 規制 (する)/ 支配 (する)/ 調節 (する)/ コントロール (の/ な/ する)	Kanri (suru)/ Yokusei (suru)/ Torishimari/ Shūshū (suru) * (control; bringing under control; settling (a matter); putting in order)/ Kantoku (suru) * (supervision; control; superintendence; direction)/ Tōsei (suru) * (regulation; control)/ Seishi (suru) * (control; check; restraint; inhibition)/ Kisei (suru) * (regulation; (traffic) policing; control; restriction)/ Shihai (suru) * (rule; domination; control/ direction; management; guidance)/ Chōsetsu (suru) * (regulation; adjustment; control)/ Kontorōru (no/ na/ suru)
Noun-No	Curfew	門限	mongen
Noun-No	Derivation	導出 (する)	Dōshutsu (suru)
Noun-No	Explanation	説明 (する)/ 解説 (する)	Setsumei (suru)/ Kaisetsu (suru)
Noun-No	Hype	誇大広告	Kodai kōkoku
Noun-No	Instructions	指示 (する)	Shiji (suru)
Noun-No	Judgement	判断 (する)/ 審判 (する)/ 判定 (する)/ 判決 (する)/ 判断力	Handan (suru)/ Shinpan (suru)/ Hantei (suru)/ Hanketsu (suru)/ Handan-ryoku
Noun-No	Sentence (the verdict)	判決 (する)	Hanketsu (suru)
Noun-No	Verdict (the verdict)	評決 (する) (評決 (する))	Hyōketsu (suru) (hyōketsu (suru))
Noun-No	Management	管理 (する)/ 経営 (する)/ 運営 (する)/ マネジメント/ 監督 (する/ の)	Kanri (suru)/ Keiei (suru)/ Un'ei (suru)/ Manejimento/ Kantoku (suru/ no)
Noun-No	News	知らせ/ 便り/ 情報/ ニュース	Shirase * (news; word; tidings; notice; notification; information)/ Tayori * (news; tidings; information; correspondence; letter)/ Jōhō * (information; news; report; intelligence)/ Nyusu
Noun-No	Latest news (the most recent news)	最新のお知らせ/ 最新ニュース (最近のニュース)	Saishin no (o) shirase/ Saishin nyūsu (saikin no nyūsu)
Noun-No	Old news	古い情報/ 旧聞/ 古いニュース	Furui jōhō/ Kyūbun/ Furui nyūsu
Noun-No	Notice	知らせ	Shirase
Noun-No	Notice period	通知期間	Tsūchi kikan
Noun-No	Three week's notice	3週間前に通知する	3-shūkan mae ni tsūchi suru
Noun-No	Two month's notice	2か月前に通知する	2-ka getsu mae ni tsūchi suru
Noun-No	Novelty	新 (しん)/ 新味/ 新規性/ 新案/ 新鮮味/ ノベルティ	Shin * (new; neo-/ newness; novelty)/ Shinmi * (fresh taste; novelty; originality; freshness)/ Shinki-sei * (novelty (patentability requirement)/ novelty (patent))/ Shin'an * (new idea or design; novelty)/ Shinsenmi * (freshness; novelty)/ Noberuti * (novelty/ novelty item)
Noun-No	Paradox	逆説	Gyakusetsu

Noun-No	Politics	政治/ 政略/ 治/ ポリティックス	Seiji/ Seiryaku/ Chi/ Poritikkusu
Noun-No	Promotion (promotions)	昇進(する)/ 昇格(する)/ 振興(する)/ 促進(する)/ 奨励(する)/ プロモーション(を)(する)	Shōshin (suru) * (promotion in rank)/ Shōkaku (suru) * (promotion in status)/ Shinkō (suru) * (promotion in encouragement)/ Sokushin (suru)/ Shōrei (suru)/ Puromōshon (o) (suru)
Noun-No	Protest	抗議(する)	Kōgi (suru)
Noun-No	Protest (demonstration)	デモンストレーション/ デモ/ デモ活動/ 示威行為/ 示威(する)/ 示威運動/ 示威行進/ 抗議デモ/ 抗議運動	Demonsutorēshon/ Demo/ Demo katsudō/ Shīkōi/ Jī (suru)/ Jī undō/ Jiikōshin/ Kōgi demo/ Kōgi undō
Noun-No	Regulation (regulations)	規制(する)/ 統制(する)/ 調節(する)/ 決まり(の)/ 調整(する)/ 憲法/ 規定(する)/ 規則/ 整理(する)/ 制(せい)/ 肅正(する)/ 定め(規制(する))	Kisei (suru) * (regulation; (traffic) policing; control; restriction)/ Tōsei (suru) * (regulation; control)/ Chōsetsu (suru) * (regulation; adjustment; control)/ Kimari (no) * (rule; regulation)/ Chōsei (suru) * (adjustment; regulation; coordination; reconciliation; tuning; fixing; tailoring)/ Kenpō * (constitution/ rules; regulation)/ Kitei (suru) * (stipulation; prescription; provision; regulation; rule)/ Kisoku * (rule; regulation)/ Seiri (suru) * (means 'sorting; arrangement; organization; putting in order; adjustment; regulation', but can also mean 'liquidation; settlement; consolidation; clearance (e.g. debt); paying off')/ Sei * (system; organization; organisation; imperial command; laws; regulation; control; government; suppression; restraint; holding back; establishment)/ Shukusei (suru) * (regulation; enforcement)/ Sadame * (means 'law; rule; regulation; provision; decision; appointment; arrangement; agreement', but can also mean 'destiny; fate; karma') (Kisei (suru))
Noun-No	Specification / Designation (do)	仕様/ 指定(する)	Shiyō/ Shitei (suru)
Noun-No	Tiding (tidings)	知らせ/ 便り(する)/ 音沙汰/ 訪れ(知らせ)	Shirase/ Tayori (suru)/ Otosata * (news (from someone); word; letter; tidings; contact)/ Otozure * (can mean 'visit; call' or 'arrival (e.g. of spring); advent; coming; appearance', but it can also mean 'news; tidings; word') (shirase)
Noun-No	Accusation	告訴(する)/ 問罪(する)/ 告発(する)	Kokuso (suru) * (accusation; complaint; charge; suit; legal action; legal proceedings/ law)/ Monzai (suru) * (accusation; indictment)/ Kokuhatu (suru) * (indictment; prosecution; complaint)
Noun-No	Administration	管理(する)/ 行政/ 運営(する)	Kanri (suru)/ Gyōsei/ Un'ei (suru)

Noun-No	After-dinner speech (speech made at a dinner (luncheon))	卓上演説	Takujōenzetsu
Noun-No	Animosity	敵意	Tekii
Noun-No	Backlash	反動/ バックラッシュ/ 反発 (する)	Handō/ Bakkurasshu/ Hanpatsu (suru) * (opposition; rebellion; revolt; resistance; backlash; refusal)
Noun-No	Broadcast	放送 (する)/ ブロードキャスト	Hōsō (suru)/ Burōdokyasuto
Noun-No	Bureaucracy	官界/ 官僚制/ 官僚主義/ 官/ ビュロクラシー	Kankai/ Kanryō-sei/ Kanryō shugi/ Kan/ Byūrokurashī
Noun-No	Bureaucratic organization (bureaucracy)	官僚機構	Kanryō kikō
Noun-No	Commentary	論評 (する)/ 解説 (する/ の)/ 評注/ 評/ 注記 (する)/ 通解 (する)/ 通釈 (する)	Ronpyō (suru)/ Kaisetsu (suru/ no)/ Hyōchū/ hyō/ Chūki (suru)/ Tsū kai (suru)/ Tsūshaku (suru)
Noun-No	Commercial	コマーシャル (な/ の)/ 営利的 (な)/ 商業 (の)/ 商業的 (な)/ 商用 (の/ な)/ 市販 (の/ する)	Komāsharu (na/ no)/ Eiri-teki (na)/ Shōgyō (no)/ Shōgyō-teki (na)/ Shōyō (no/ na) * (commercial; on business; for business; business purpose)/ Shihan (no/ suru) * (putting on the market; putting on sale; making commercially available/ commercial; off-the-shelf; store-bought; over- the-counter)
Noun-No	Complaint (lawsuit)	訴え/ 告訴 (する)	Uttae/ Kokuso (suru)
Noun-No	Complaint (objection)	文句/ 苦情/ 不平 (の/ な)/ 不満/ 泣き言/ 不足 (する/ な)/ 不服 (な)/ 言い分/ 小言	Monku/ Kujō/ Fuhei (no/ na)/ Fuman/ Nakigoto/ Fusoku (suru/ na)/ Fufuku (na)/ iibun/ Kogoto
Noun-No	Conspiracy	陰謀	Inbō
Noun-No	Conspiracy theories	陰謀論	Inbō-ron
Noun-No	Degradation	左遷 (する)/ 劣化 (する)/ 低下 (する)	Sasen (suru) * (degradation/ demotion in rank)/ Rekka (suru) * (degradation/ deterioration in quality)/ Teika (suru)
Noun-No	Discreet and well- advised judgment (wise and mature judgment; making judgment with prudence)	思慮分別	Shiryobunbetsu
Noun-No	Dissent	異議	Igi
Noun-No	Formal complaint (official complaint)	正式な苦情/ 公式な苦情/ 公式苦情	Seishikina kujō/ Kōshikina kujō/ Kōshiki kujō
Noun-No	General remarks	概論 (する)/ 総論 (する)	Gairon (suru)/ Sōron (suru)
Noun-No	Hostility (enmity; animosity)	敵意/ 敵対 (する)/ 反対 (する/ の/ な)/ 反抗 (する)/ 反目 (する)/ 敵愾心 (敵意)	Tekii * (hostility; animosity; enmity)/ Tekitai (suru) * (hostility; antagonism; opposition)/ Hantai (suru/ no/ na) * (opposition; resistance; antagonism; hostility; objection; dissent)/ Hankō (suru) * (opposition; resistance; insubordination; defiance; hostility; rebellion)/ Hanmoku (suru) * (enmity; antagonism; hostility)/ Tekigaishin * (hostility; enmity) (tekii)

Noun-No	Imprisonment (detainment)	投獄 (する)/ 収容 (する)/ 禁錮 (する)/ 収監 (する)/ 捕らわれ (捕われ/ 囚われ/ とらわれ)/ 幽囚 (する)/ 懲役刑/ 懲役 (拘留 (する)/ 拘置 (する)/ 収容 (する)/ 拘禁 (する)/ 留め置き/ 留置 (する))	Tōgoku (suru)/ Shūyō (suru)/ Kinko (suru) * (imprisonment (without forced labour))/ Shūkan (suru)/ Toraware * (captive)/ Yūshū (suru)/ Chōeki-kei/ Chōeki * (imprisonment with hard labor) (Kōryū (suru)/ Kōchi (suru)/ Shūyō (suru)/ Kōkin (suru)/ Tomeoki/ Tomeoki (suru) * (detention (usu. during investigation))
Noun-No	Marketing	マーケティング/ マーケ/ 販売 (する)	Māketingu/ Māke/ Hanbai (suru)
Noun-No	Objection (protest)	抗議 (する/ の)/ 異議/ 不服 (な)/ 抗言 (する)/ 異論/ 反論 (する)/ 異存/ 文句/ プロテスト (する)	Kōgi (suru/ no)/ Igi/ Fufuku (na)/ Kōgen (suru)/ Iron/ Hanron (suru)/ Izon/ Monku * (complaint; grumbling; objection)/ Purotesuto (suru)
Noun-No	Opposition (resistance, dissent)	反対 (する/ の/ な)	Hantai (suru/ no/ na)
Noun-No	Opposition movement (protest)	反対運動	Hantai undō
Noun-No	Parroting back (repeating (another's words) like a parrot)	オウム返し (鸚鵡返し/ おうむ返し/ おうむがえし) (する) (オウムのよう (に) (他人の言葉を) 繰り返す)	Ōmu-gaeshi (suru) (ōmu no yō ni (tanin no kotoba o) kurikaesu)
Noun-No	Personal opinion	個人的意見/ 個人的な意見	Kojin teki iken/ Kojin-tekina iken
Noun-No	Point in common (shared opinion; shared interest)	共通点/ 共通の視点	Kyōtsū-ten/ Kyōtsū no shiten
Noun-No	Presumption	推定 (する/ の)	Suitei (suru/ no)
Noun-No	Previous remarks	前言 (する)	Zengen (suru)
Noun-No	Rebellion (revolt)	反発 (する)/ 反乱 (する)/ 暴動/ 騒動 (する)/ 反抗 (する)/ 造反 (する)/ 乱逆/ 謀反 (する)/ レベリオン/ 反逆 (する)/ 乱/ 背反 (する)	Hanpatsu (suru)/ Hanran (suru)/ Bōdō/ Sōdō (suru)/ Hankō (suru)/ Zōhan (suru)/ Rangyaku/ Muhon (suru)/ Reberion/ Hangyaku (suru)/ Ran/ Haihan (suru)
Noun-No	Revolt (rebellion; uprising)	反乱 (する) (反乱 (する); 蜂起 (する))	Hanran (suru) (hanran (suru); hōki (suru))
Noun-No	Remark (remarks)	備考 (備考)	Bikō * (note (for reference); remarks; N.B.) (bikō)
Noun-No	Remarks (comments)	言い草 (言草/ 言種)/ 発言 (する)/ 備考/ 台詞 (科白)/ 言/ 言説 (する)/ 注釈 (する)/ 言葉	Iigusa/ Hatsugen (suru)/ Bikō/ Serifu/ Gen/ Gensetsu (suru)/ Chūshaku (suru)/ Kotoba
Noun-No	Sharp comment	鋭いコメント/ 厳しい批判	Surudoī komento/ Kibishī hihan * (harsh criticism)

Noun-No	Suspicion (presumption)	疑惑 (の)/ 容疑/ 嫌疑/ 不審 (な)/ 疑問/ 疑念/ 不信感/ 勘ぐり/ 疑心/ 疑い/ 猜疑 (する)/ 廉 (かど)/ 狐疑 (する) (推測 (する/ の))	Giwaku (no) * (doubt; misgivings; distrust; suspicion)/ Yōgi * (suspicion; charge)/ Kengi * (suspicion)/ Fushin (na) * (doubt; suspicion; question; strangeness)/ Gimon * (doubt; question; suspicion; dubiousness)/ Ginen * (doubt; suspicion; misgivings; scruples)/ Fushinkan * (distrust; suspicion)/ Kanguri * (suspicion; distrust)/ Gishin * (doubt; suspicion; fear; apprehension)/ Utagai * (doubt; question; uncertainty; skepticism; scepticism; suspicion; distrust)/ Saigi (suru) * (suspicion; jealousy)/ Kado * (grounds; charge; suspicion)/ Kogi (suru) * (doubt; suspicion; hesitation; indecision/ formal or literary term) (Suisoku (suru/ no) * (guess; conjecture))
Noun-Oth	Vague suspicion (faint suspicion)	漠然とした疑惑 (かすかな疑い)	Bakuzento shita giwaku (kasukana utagai)
Noun-No	Uniformity of thought (uniform thinking)	画一思考	Kakuitsu shikō
Noun-No	Wrong judgement (error of judgement)	判断の誤り/ 判断ミス	Handan no ayamari/ Handan misu
Noun-No	Clutter	乱雑 (な)	ranzatsu (na)
Noun-No	Debris (rubble)	残骸/ デブリ (瓦礫)	Zangai/ Deburi (gareki)
Noun-No	Dross	ドロス	Dorosu
Noun-No	Garbage (junk)	ごみ (塵) (がらくた (我楽多))/ 屑/ 廃品 (ジャンク)	Gomi (Garakuta)/ Kuzu/ Haihin * (waste; garbage) (janku)
Noun-No	Garbage bag	ごみ袋	Gomi-bukuro
Noun-No	Pollution	汚染 (する)/ 汚濁 (する)/ ポリューション	Osen (suru)/ Odaku (suru)/ Poryūshon
Noun-No	Futility (ie. what a waste; what a loss)	無駄 (無駄) (な)	Muda (na)
Noun-No	Falling debris (flying debris)	落下する破片 (飛散する破片)	Rakka suru hahen (hisan suru hahen)
Noun-No	Mess (a mess; the mess)	混乱 (する)/ 乱雑 (な) (混乱 (する); 混乱 (する))	Konran (suru)/ ranzatsu (na) (konran (suru); konran (suru))
Noun-No	Recycling	リサイクル (する)	Risaikuru (suru)
Noun-No	Redundant (excessive; surplus)	冗長 (な) (過剰; 余剰)	Jōchō (na) (Kajō; Yojō)

Noun-No	Rubbish (filth)	塵 (ごみ/ ゴミ)/ 塵芥/ 芥 (あくた)/ 塵 (ちり)/ 我楽多/ 瓦礫/ 出鱈目 (な)/ 駄作/ 与太 (汚物)	Gomi * (rubbish; trash; garbage; refuse; litter)/ Jinkai * (rubbish; trash; garbage; refuse)/ Akuta * (rubbish; trash; garbage; refuse; dirt)/ Chiri * (dust/ trash; garbage; rubbish; dirt/ please note it has the same kanji character as 'gomi', only different hiragana)/ Garakuta * (junk; rubbish; trash; garbage; odds and ends)/ Gareki * (rubble; debris; wreckage; tiles and pebbles)/ Detarame (na) * (nonsense; irresponsible remark; codswallop; hogwash; rubbish)/ Dasaku * (poor piece of work; rubbish; trash)/ Yota * (idle talk; nonsense; rubbish; humbug/ fool; idiot; good-for-nothing fellow/ irresponsible; nonsensical) (obutsu)
Noun-No	Trash	塵 (ごみ/ ゴミ)	Gomi * (rubbish; trash; garbage; refuse; litter)
Noun-No	Waste	廃棄物/ 屑/ 廃品	Haiki-Butsu * (not 'haiki-mono')/ Kuzu/ Haihin * (waste; garbage)
Noun-No	Accounting	会計 (の/ する)/ 経理	Kaikei (no/ suru)/ Keiri
Noun-No	Automatic	自動 (の)	Jidō (no)
Noun-No	Chance (a chance)	機会/ チャンス (チャンス)/ 契機/ 機 (き)	Kikai/ Chansu (chansu)/ Keiki/ Ki
Noun-No	Last chance	最後のチャンス	Saigo no chansu
Noun-No	Opportunity (Chance)	機会/ 折/ 期/ 時機	Kikai/ Ori/ Ki/ Jiki
Noun-No	Congratulatory words	祝い言	Iwai-goto * (iwai gen)
Noun-No	Draw (attraction; feature)	看板	Kanban
Noun-No	Economy	経済/ エコノミー	Keizai/ Ekonomī
Noun-No	Economic circumstances (economic reasons)	経済的事情 (経済的理由)	Keizai-teki jijō (keizai-teki riyū)
Noun-No	Economy classes (economy lessons)	経済のクラス/ 経済の教室/ 経済の授業/ エコノミークラス/ エコノミー教室/ エコノミー授業/ 経済課/ エコノミー課 (経済のレッスン/ エコノミーレッスン)	Keizai no kurasu/ Keizai no kyōshitsu/ Keizai no jugyō/ Ekonomīkurasu/ Ekonomī kyōshitsu/ Ekonomī jugyō/ Keizai-ka/ Ekonomī-ka (Keizai no ressun/ Ekonomīressun)
Noun-No	Finance (loan, crediting, accounting)	金融/ 会計 (の/ する)/ ファイナンス	Kin'yū/ Kaikei (no/ suru)/ Fainansu
Noun-No	Financial circumstances (financial reasons)	経済的事情 (経済的理由)	Keizai-teki jijō (keizai-teki riyū)
Noun-No	Nature (behaviour, ie. naturally)	自然	Shizen
Noun-No	Occasion (point in time)	時点/ 機会/ 節/ 時/ 折/ 期/ オケーション/ 時機/ 場合	Jiten/ Kikai/ Setsu/ Toki/ Ori/ Ki/ Okējon/ Jiki/ Baai * (case; occasion; situation; circumstances)

Noun-No	Operation (task)	操作 (する)/ 作業 (する)/ 運転 (する)/ 作動 (する)/ 作用 (する)/ 経営 (する)/ 運営 (する)/ 実施 (する)/ 運行 (する)/ 運航 (する)/ 工程/ 操業 (する)/ 稼働 (する)/ オペレーション (タスク)	Sōsa (suru)/ Sagyō (suru)/ Unten (suru) * (operation (of a machine); running; working)/ Sadō (suru) * (operation; functioning; running)/ Sayō (suru) * (action; operation; effect; function)/ Keiei (suru) * (management; administration; operation; running (a business); conducting)/ Un'ei (suru) * (management; administration; operation)/ Jisshi (suru) * (enforcement; implementation; putting into practice; carrying out; operation; working (e.g. working parameters); enactment)/ Unkō (suru) * (operation (of a bus or train service); service; running)/ Unkō (suru) * (operation (of a ship or aircraft route); service; navigation; flight)/ Kōtei * (process; operation; stage of a process; progress of work)/ Sōgyō (suru) * (operation (of a machine, factory, fishing boat, etc.); work)/ Kadō (suru) * (operation (of a machine); running)/ Operēshon (Tasuku)
Noun-No	Operation (of a machine) (running; working)	運転 (する)/ 操業 (する)/ 稼働 (する) (ie. の機械)	Unten (suru)/ Sōgyō (suru)/ Kadō (suru) (ie. no kikai)
Noun-No	Equal opportunities	機会均等	Kikai kintō
Noun-No	Good opportunity	良い機会/ いい機会/ 好機/ 絶好の機会	Yoi kikai/ Ī kikai/ Kōki/ Zekkō no kikai * (great opportunity; excellent opportunity)
Noun-No	Learning opportunity	学習の機会/ 学習機会/ 学びの機会	Gakushū no kikai/ Gakushū kikai/ Manabi no kikai
Noun-No	New opportunity (new chance)	新しい機会/ 新たな機会/ 新しいチャンス/ 新たなチャンス (新しいチャンス)	Atarashī kikai/ Aratana kikai/ Atarashī chansu/ Aratana chansu (atarashī chansu)
Noun-No	The perfect opportunity	絶好の機会/ 完全な機会/ 絶好の契機/ 絶好のチャンス/ 完全なチャンス/ 絶好な機会/ 完璧な機会/ 偉大な機会/ 大な機会/ 大した機会	Zekkō no kikai/ Kanzen'na kikai/ Zekkō no keiki/ Zekkō no chansu/ Kanzen'na chansu/ Zekkōna kikai/ Kanpekina kikai/ Idaina kikai/ Dai na kikai * (great opportunity; big opportunity; large opportunity; huge opportunity; major opportunity; serious opportunity/ prominent opportunity)/ Taishita kikai * (great opportunity; important opportunity; significant opportunity)
Noun-No	Right opportunity (Right moment)	適切な機会/ 右の機会/ 適正な機会/ いい機会/ 良い機会 (よい機会) (適切な瞬間)	Tekisetsuna kikai/ Migi no kikai/ Tekiseina kikai * (reasonable opportunity; suitable opportunity)/ Ī kikai * (good opportunity; great opportunity; good chance)/ Yoi kikai * (good opportunity; great opportunity; good chance) (Tekisetsuna shunkan)
Noun-No	Reflexes (reflex)	反射神経/ 反射 (する) (反射神経)	Hansha shinkei/ Hansha (suru) (Hansha shinkei)
Noun-No	Startle reflex	驚愕反射/ 驚か反射	Kyōgaku hansha/ Odoroka hansha

Noun-No	Shaking (something) out	振り出し (振出し/ 振り出/ 振出)	Furidashi
Noun-No	Special occasion	特別な行事/ 特別な機会/ 特別の日/ 特別な日/ 特別なイベント	Tokubetsuna gyōji/ Tokubetsuna kikai/ Tokubetsu no hi/ Tokubetsuna hi/ Tokubetsuna ibento
Noun-No	Swing (shake; wave; swinging)	振り (ふり/ 風)	Furi
Noun-No	Target	対象 (の)/ 的 (まと)	Taishō (no)/ Mato * (mark; target/ object; subject; focus/ point (e.g. of argument))
Noun-No	Trigger	トリガー (する)/ (を) 起動 (する)/ 契機/ 引き金 (引金/ 引鉄/ 引き鉄/ ひきがね)	Torigā (suru)/ (o) Kidō (suru)/ Keiki/ Hikigane
Noun-Tra	Education (schooling; training)	教育 (する)/ 仕込み (仕込) (する)/ 養成 (する)/ 学問 (する)/ 教化 (する) (学文 (する)/ 学門 (する))	Kyōiku (suru)/ Shikomi (suru) * (training; education; upbringing)/ Yōsei (suru) * (training; education; development; cultivation)/ Gakumon (suru) * (study; scholarship; learning; education; knowledge)/ Kyōka (suru) * (education; enlightenment; civilization; civilisation; indoctrination) (gakumon (suru)/ gaku-mon (suru))
Noun-Tra	Education system	教育制度/ 教育システム/ 学制	Kyōiku seido/ Kyōiku shisutemu/ Gakusei
Noun-Tra	Schooling	学校教育	Gakkō kyōiku
Noun-Tra	Teaching (teachings)	教え (教え)	Oshie (oshie)
Noun-Tra	Exam (examination)	試験 (する)/ 考試 (試験 (する)/ テスト (する)/ 調査 (する)/ 検査 (する)/ 検討 (する)/ 検問 (する)/ 調べ)	Shiken (suru) * (examination; exam; test)/ Kōshi * (test; exam) (Shiken (suru)/ Tesuto (suru) * (examination; quiz; test)/ Chōsa (suru) * (investigation; examination; inquiry; enquiry; survey)/ Kensa (suru) * (inspection (e.g. customs, factory); examination; test; check; scan (e.g. MRI, PET); audit)/ Kentō (suru) * (consideration; examination; investigation; study; scrutiny; discussion; analysis; review)/ Kenmon (suru) * (inspection; examination; check)/ Shirabe * (investigation; inspection; examination))
Noun-Tra	Study (learning; education)	勉強 (する)/ 学習 (する)/ 学問 (する)/ 学修 (する)/ 学び/ 学 (がく)/ 習い/ 勉学 (する)/ 学科/ 修行 (する)/ スタディ (スタディー) (学習 (する); 教育 (する))	Benkyō (suru)/ Gakushū (suru) * (more study as in 'learning; tutorial')/ Gakumon (suru) * (more study as in 'education')/ Gakushū (suru) * (more study as in 'learning')/ Manabi/ Gaku/ Narai * (lesson; learnings)/ Bengaku (suru) * (study as in pursuit of knowledge)/ Gakka * (study as in subject; course of study)/ Shugyō (suru) * (study as in training; practice; discipline)/ Sutadi (Sutadī) (Gakushū (suru); Kyōiku (suru))
Noun-Tra	Drill	ドリル (する)	Doriru (suru)
Noun-Tra	Exercise (physical training; workout)	運動 (する)/ 練習 (する)	Undō (suru)/ Renshū (suru)
Noun-Tra	Physique	体格	Taikaku
Noun-Tra	Physiqueness	体格/ 体 (からだ)/ スタイル	Taikaku/ Karada/ Sutairu

Noun-Tra	Practise	練習 (する)/ 実践 (する)	Renshū (suru)/ Jissen (suru)
Noun-Tra	Training (education; upbringing)	仕込み (仕込)/ 教育 (する)/ 養成 (する)/ 訓練 (する)	Shikomi/ Kyōiku (suru)/ Yōsei (suru)/ Kunren (suru)
Noun-Tra	Training	トレーニング (する)/ 養成 (する)/ 教育 (する)/ 仕込み	Torēningu (suru)/ Yōsei (suru)/ Kyōiku (suru)/ Shikomi
Noun-Tra	Warm-up	準備し始める	Junbi shi hajimeru
Noun-Tra	Workout	運動 (する)/ ワークアウト	Undō (suru)/ Wākuauto
Noun-No	Defect	欠陥/ 短所/ 欠点/ 障害 (する)	Kekkan * (defect; fault; flaw; deformity; deficiency; shortage; gap)/ Tansho * (defect; demerit; weak point; disadvantage)/ Ketten * (fault; defect; flaw; weak point; weakness; shortcoming; drawback)/ Shōgai (suru) * (disorder; defect; disability; handicap; impairment; dysfunction)
Noun-No	Issue	問題/ 発行 (する)/ 課題/ 発刊 (する)/ 号 (ごう)/ 刊行 (する)/ 案件/ 問題点	Mondai * (problem (e.g. societal, political); question; issue; subject (e.g. of research); case; matter)/ Hakkō (suru) * (issue (of banknotes, bonds, passport, etc.))/ Kadai * (subject; theme; issue; matter)/ Hakkan (suru) * (publication; issue; launching (a publication))/ Gō (gou) * (number; edition; make; model; issue; part of that group)/ Kankō (suru) * (publication; issue)/ Anken * (matter (to discuss); item (on the agenda); issue; topic; case)/ Mondaiten * (the problem (at issue); the point at issue; problematic issue; problem)
Noun-No	Problem (issue)	問題/ 問題点 (問題)	Mondai/ Mondaiten (mondai)
Noun-No	Question (query, inquiry)	ご質問 (する)/ 問い (お問い合わせ)/ 質疑 (する)	(go) Shitsumon (suru)/ Toi (o toiwase)/ Shitsugi (suru)
Noun-No	Approach	発想 (する)/ アプローチ (する)	Hassō (suru)/ Apurōchi (suru)
Noun-No	Assumption	予測 (する)/ 仮定 (する)/ 前提/ 推定 (する/ の)/ 予期 (する)/ つもり (積もり)/ 仮説/ 想定 (する)/ 措定 (する)	Yosoku (suru) * (prediction; estimation)/ Katei (suru) * (assumption; supposition; hypothesis/ supposition * (grammar))/ Zentei * (condition; assumption; prerequisite; hypothesis/ intention; intent; aim; goal)/ Suitei (suru/ no) * (presumption; assumption/ estimation)/ Yoki (suru) * (expectation; anticipation; forecast)/ Tsumori * (belief; assumption; thought; conviction/ intention; plan; purpose; expectation/ estimate; estimation; calculation)/ Kasetu * (hypothesis; supposition; assumption; tentative theory)/ Sōtei (suru) * (hypothesis; supposition; assumption; expectation; anticipation)/ Sotei (suru) * (assumption; supposition)
Noun-No	Certainty (definiteness)	確実性/ 確実度/ 必 (ひつ)	Kakujitsu-sei/ Kakujitsu-do/ Hitsu

Noun-No	Comparison (comparement)	比較 (する/ の)/ 比べ物/ 対比 (する)/ 照合 (する)/ 対照 (する)/ 比べ物にならない (比較 (する/ の))	Hikaku (suru/ no) * (comparison)/ Kurabemono * (comparison; something worthy of comparison)/ Taihi (suru) * (contrast; comparison)/ Shōgō (suru) * (collation; comparison)/ Taishō (suru) * (contrast; antithesis; comparison)/ Kurabemononinaranai * (cannot be compared (with); being no match (for)/ incomparable; nothing compares) (hikaku (suru/ no))
Noun-No	Consequence (consequences)	結果 (する)/ 帰結 (する)/ 影響 (する) (結果 (する)/ 前後/ 後先)	Kekka (suru)/ Kiketsu (suru)/ Eikyō (suru) (kekka (suru)/ Zengo/ Atosaki)
Noun-No	Dire consequences	悲惨な結果	hisana kekka
Noun-No	Logical consequence	論理的帰結	Ronri-teki kiketsu
Noun-No	Coverage	カバレッジ/ カバー (する)/ 報道 (する)	Kabarejji/ Kabā (suru)/ Hōdō (suru) * (more cover as in news and media coverage)
Noun-No	Critical impact	重大な影響	Jūdaina eikyō
Noun-No	Degree of involvement	関与の程度	Kan'yo no teido
Noun-No	Diligence	勤勉 (な)	Kinben (na) * (becomes 'kinben'na')
Noun-No	Discipline	規律	Kiritsu
Noun-No	Self discipline	自己規律	Jiko kiritsu
Noun-No	Doctrine (Principle)	主義/ 義/ 説/ 教義/ 教え (訓/ おしえ)/ ドクトリン/ 教理/ 教旨/ 論 (ろん) (原理/ 原則/ 主義/ 法/ 旨/ 理/ 一理/ 本位/ プリンシプル)	Shugi/ Gi/ Setsu/ Kyōgi/ Oshie/ Dokutorin/ Kyōri/ Kyōshi/ Ron (Genri/ Gensoku/ Shugi/ Hō/ Mune/ Ri/ Ichiri/ Hon'i/ Purinshipuru)
Noun-No	Doubt (question)	疑問/ 疑惑 (の)/ 不審/ 疑念/ 疑い/ 懷疑 (する)/ 疑義/ 疑心/ 迷い/ 狐疑 (する)/ 疑り	Gimon/ Giwaku (no)/ Fushin/ Ginen/ Utagai/ Kaigi (suru)/ Gigi/ Gishin/ Mayoi/ Kogi (suru)/ Utaguri
Noun-No	Effect (influence)	影響 (する)/ 結果 (する)/ 効力/ 効能/ エフェクト (影響力)	Eikyō (suru)/ Kekka (suru)/ Kōryoku/ Kōnō/ Efekuto (eikyō-ryoku)
Noun-No	Impact (the impact)	インパクト (インパクト)	Inpakuto (inpakuto)
Noun-No	Inconvenience	不便 (な)	Fuben (na)
Noun-No	Involvement	関与 (干与/ かんよ) (する)	Kan'yo (suru)
Noun-No	Lessons (classes)	教え (訓/ おしえ)/ 授業 (する)/ レッスン/ 課 (授業 (する))/ 学/ 習い	Oshie/ Jugyō (suru)/ Ressun/ Ka (Jugyō (suru))/ Gaku/ Narai
Noun-No	Principle (principles)	原則/ 原理/ 主義/ 法 (ほう)/ 方針/ 旨 (むね)/ 理 (り)/ 一理/ 志操/ 義 (ぎ) (原則)	Gensoku * (principle; general rule/ as a rule; in principle; in general)/ Genri * (principle; theory; fundamental truth)/ Shugi * (doctrine; rule; principle; -ism)/ Hō * (law; act; principle/ method)/ Hōshin * (policy; course; plan (of action); principle)/ Mune * (principle; aim; main purpose; central part; pillar)/ Ri * (reason; principle; logic)/ Ichiri * ((a) principle; (a) reason; (a) point; some truth)/ Shisō * (principle)/ Gi * (morality; righteousness; justice; honour (honor)/ meaning/ teachings; doctrine * (Buddhism)) (gensoku)
Noun-No	Probability theory	確率論/ 確率理論	Kakuritsu-ron/ Kakuritsuriron

Noun-No	Puzzle	パズル/ 謎	Pazuru/ Nazo
Noun-No	Complex puzzle	複雑なパズル/ 複雑な謎/ 難しいパズル/ 困難なパズル/ 問題であるパズル	Fukuzatsuna pazuru/ Fukuzatsuna nazo/ Muzukashī pazuru/ Kon'nan'na pazuru/ Mondaidearu pazuru
Noun-No	Random (randomness)	無作為 (に/ な/ の)/ 偶さか/ 行き当たりばったり (の)/ ランダム (な) (ランダム性)	Musakui (ni/ na/ no)/ Tamasaka/ Ikiataribattari (no)/ Randamu (na) (randamu-sei)
Noun-No	Reach (area)	リーチ (する) (エリア)	Rīchi (suru) (eria)
Noun-No	Reference	参考/ 参照 (する)	Sankō * (reference; consultation)/ Sanshō (suru) * (reference (e.g. to a dictionary, passage, footnotes); consultation; comparison)
Noun-No	Referral (endorsement)	紹介 (する)/ 推薦 (する/ の)/ 参照 (する)/ 参考 (推薦 (する/ の)/ 推奨 (する))	Shōkai (suru)/ Suisen (suru/ no)/ Sanshō (suru) * (reference (e.g. to a dictionary, passage, footnotes); consultation; comparison)/ Sankō * (reference; consultation) (Suisen (suru/ no)/ Suishō (suru))
Noun-No	Registration	登録 (する)	Tōroku (suru)
Noun-No	Result (outcome)	結果 (する)/ 成果/ リザルト	Kekka (suru)/ Seika/ Rizaruto
Noun-No	Scholarship (performance grant)	奨学金 (業績助成)	Shōgakkin * (scholarship; stipend; bursary/ student loan) (gyōseki josei)
Noun-No	Short course (training)	講習 (する)	Kōshū (suru)
Noun-No	Study material	学習教材/ 学習用	Gakushū kyōzai/ Gakushū-yō
Noun-No	Tenet (tenets)	教義/ 教条/ 教旨 (教義)	Kyōgi * (creed; doctrine; dogma)/ Kyōjō * (tenet; dogma)/ Kyōshi * (doctrine; teaching; tenet) (kyōgi)
Noun-No	Theory	理論/ 説 (せつ)/ 理屈/ 学説/ 原論/ 仮説/ セオリー	Riron/ Setsu/ Rikutsu/ Gakusetsu/ Genron * (theory; principles)/ Kasetu * (hypothesis; supposition; assumption; tentative theory)/ Seorī
Noun-No	Weakness (vulnerability)	弱点 (脆弱性)	Jakuten (seijakusei)
Noun-No	Weak spot	弱点/ 短所	Jakuten * (weak point; weakness; shortcoming; defect; flaw; sore spot; tender spot)/ Tansho * (defect; demerit; weak point; disadvantage)
Noun-No	Workshop	ワークショップ/ 研修会	Wākushoppu/ Kenshū-kai
Noun-No	Danger (peril; hazard)	危険 (な/ に)	Kiken (na/ ni)
Noun-No	A close call (that was close)	危機一髪 (危機一髪だった)	Kikiippatsu (kikiippatsudatta)

Noun-No	Jeopardy	危殆/ 危ない/ 危うい/ 危険 (な)	Kitai * (danger; jeopardy; distress)/ Abunai * (dangerous; risky; hazardous; perilous; precarious/ in danger; in jeopardy; critical; grave; at risk/ uncertain; unreliable; insecure; unsteady; doubtful/ look out!/ watch out!/ be careful!)/ Ayai * (dangerous; in danger; facing imminent danger/ precarious (situation); perilous (state, balance, etc.); in doubt; in jeopardy; uncertain; insecure; concerning; worrying)/ Kiken (na) * (becomes 'kiken'na') * (danger; peril; hazard/ risk)
Noun-No	Safe (safety; security)	安全 (な/ に)	Anzen (na/ ni)
Noun-No	Safety measures (protective measures)	安全対策/ 安全措置 (保護対策)	Anzen taisaku/ Anzen sochi (Hogo taisaku)
Noun-No	Safety precautions	安全上のご注意/ 安全上の注意事項/ 安全対策/ 安全措置	Anzen-jō no go chūi/ Anzen-jō no chūi jikō/ Anzen taisaku/ Anzen sochi
Noun-No	Security	安全 (な)/ 保証 (する)/ 安心 (する/ な)/ セキュリティ	Anzen (na) * (becomes 'anzen'na') * (safety; security)/ Hoshō (suru) * (guarantee; security; assurance; pledge; warranty)/ Anshin (suru/ na) * (becomes 'anshin'na'/ peace of mind; relief; (sense of) security; safety; assurance; confidence)/ Sekyuriti
Noun-No	Stable (steady)	安定 (する/ な)/ 安定性	Antei (suru/ na)/ Antei-sei
Noun-No	Night duty	泊まり番/ 夜直/ 泊まり/ 夜回り (する)	Tomariban/ Yachoku/ Tomari/ Yomawari (suru) * (night watch; night watchman)
Noun-No	Night shift (night duty)	夜勤 (夜勤)	Yakin (yakin)
Noun-No	Being off night duty (end of the night shift)	夜勤明け	Yakin-ake
Noun-No	Loitering at night (late-night prowling)	深夜徘徊 (する)/ 夜に彷徨く/ 夜に彷徨う/ 夜間に彷徨う/ 深夜に彷徨う/ 夜間徘徊 (する)/ 夜に徘徊 (する) (深夜徘徊 (する))	Shin'ya haikai (suru)/ Yoru ni urotsuku/ Yoru ni samayō/ Yakan ni samayō/ Shin'ya ni samayō * (to loiter late at night)/ Yakan haikai (suru)/ Yoru ni haikai (suru) (Shin'ya haikai (suru) * (to wander late at night))
Noun-No	Walking around at night (night travel; travel at night)	夜行 (する)/ 夜歩き (する)/ 夜道歩く/ 夜歩き回る/ 夜に徘徊 (する)/ 夜の散策 (する)/ 夜に散策 (する) (夜間旅行 (する)/ 夜行 (する))	Yakō (suru)/ Yoaruki (suru)/ Yomichi aruku/ Yoru arukimawaru/ Yoru ni haikai (suru)/ Yoru no sansaku (suru)/ Yoru ni sansaku (suru) (Yakan ryokō (suru)/ Yakō (suru))
Noun-No	Completion (end)	完了 (する)/ 終了 (する)	Kanryō (suru)/ Shūryō (suru)
Noun-No	Completion (perfection)	完成 (する)	Kansei (suru)
Noun-No	Completeness	完全 (な/ の)	Kanzen (na/ no)
Noun-No	Continuation	継続 (する)/ 続き (する)/ 続行 (する)/ 連続 (する)/ 持続 (する)/ 続 (しよく) (する)/ 永続 (する)/ コンティニューエーション	Keizoku (suru)/ Tsudzuki (suru)/ Zokkō (suru) * (continuation; continuance; going on; resuming)/ Renzoku (suru) * (continuation; succession; series)/ Jizoku (suru) * (continuation; persisting; lasting; sustaining; enduring; duration)/ Zoku (suru)/ Eizoku shita * (permanence; continuation)/ Kontinyuēshon

Noun-No	Finish (end)	仕上がり/ 終了 (する)/ 終結 (する/ の)/ 切り/ 最終/ 最後/ 終わり/ 打ち切り/ 末 (すえ)	Shiagari/ Shūryō (suru)/ Shūketsu (suru/ no)/ Kiri * (end; finish; place to stop/ bound; limit; end)/ Saishū * (last; final; closing)/ Saigo * (end; conclusion/ last; final; latest; most recent)/ Owari * (end; ending; close; conclusion)/ Uchikiri/ Sue
Noun-No	Finish (finishing touches)	仕上げ (仕上)	Shiage
Noun-No	Start (beginning; the beginning)	開始 (する)/ 始め (はじめ/ 初め) (する)/ 仕掛け (する)/ スタート (する)/ 最初/ 冒頭/ 当初/ 皮切り (始まり (初まり/ はじまり); 始まり (初まり/ はじまり))	Kaishi (suru)/ Hajime (suru)/ Shikake (suru)/ Sutāto (suru)/ Saisho/ Bōtō/ Tōsho/ Kawagiri (Hajimari)
Noun-No	Start from the beginning	最初から始める	Saisho kara hajimeru
Noun-No	Stop	停止 (する)/ ストップ (する)	Teishi (suru)/ Sutoppu (suru)
Noun-No	Success	成功 (する)/ サクセス (する)/ 当たり (当り/ 中り/ 中たり/ あたり)	Seikō (suru)/ Sakusesu (suru)/ Atari
Noun-No	Stagnancy (stillness)	滞り/ 停滞 (する)/ 低迷 (する)	Toromi/ Teitai (suru)/ Teimei (suru)
Noun-No	Standstill	停止 (する)/ 停滞 (する)/ 滞留 (する)	Teishi (suru) * (stoppage; coming to a stop; halt; standstill/ ceasing (movement, activity, etc.); suspension (of operations); interruption (e.g. of electricity supply); cutting off/ suspension (of payment, a licence, etc.); (temporary) prohibition; ban/ suspension of music, dance, etc. as a sign of mourning for a prominent person)/ Teitai (suru) * (stagnation; tie-up; standstill; congestion; delay; accumulation; falling into arrears)/ Tairyū (suru) * (stagnation; standstill; accumulation; pile-up)

Noun-No	Stoppage	停止 (する)/ 不通/ 中止 (する)/ 梗塞 (する)/ 途絶 (する)/ 休止 (する)/ 中絶 (する)/ 閉止 (する)/ 止まり/ 運休 (する)	Teishi (suru) * (stoppage; coming to a stop; halt; standstill/ ceasing (movement, activity, etc.); suspension (of operations); interruption (e.g. of electricity supply); cutting off/ suspension (of payment, a licence, etc.); (temporary) prohibition; ban/ suspension of music, dance, etc. as a sign of mourning for a prominent person)/ Futsū * (suspension; interruption; stoppage; tie-up; cessation)/ Chūshi (suru) * (interruption; discontinuance; suspension; stoppage/ cancellation (of a planned event); calling off)/ Kōsoku (suru) * (stoppage; blocking/ infarction; infarct * (medicine))/ Tozetsu (suru) * (stoppage; interruption; cessation; suspension)/ Kyūshi (suru) * (pause; suspension; rest; stoppage)/ Chūzetsu (suru) * (abortion/ discontinuance; stoppage; suspension; interruption)/ Heishi (suru) * (stoppage)/ Tomari * (stop; stoppage; end)/ Unkyū (suru) * (suspension (of a transportation service); cancellation; stoppage)
Noun-No	Suspension	宙ぶりん	chūburarin
Noun-No	Movement (movements)	動き (動き)	Ugoki (ugoki)
Noun-No	Motion (movement)	動 (どう)/ 動作 (する)/ 動き/ 移動 (する)	Dō * (motion)/ Dōsa (suru) * (movement (of the body); action; motion; gesture)/ Ugoki * (movement; move; motion)/ Idō (suru) * (movement; transfer; migration; removal; travel/ mobile; moving; traveling; travelling; roving)
Noun-No	Gyration	回転 (する)/ 回転運動/ 回転 (する)	Kaiten (suru)/ Kaiten undō/ Senten (suru)
Noun-No	Great success (huge success; big success)	大成功/ 大当たり (する/ の)/ 上出来 (の/ な)/ 大ウケ (する)/ 上首尾 (な)/ 大盛況/ 大出来 (大成功; 大成功)	Taiseikō/ Ōatari (suru/ no) * (great success; big hit; smash hit; winner)/ Jōdeki (no/ na) * (good performance; good work; great success)/ Ōuke (Ō uke, 'dai uke') (suru) * (big hit (with); great success; great reception; great popularity; catching on greatly)/ Jōshubi (na) * (great success; happy result; good result)/ Dai seikyō * (great success; roaring business)/ Ōdeki * (well-made; well-done; great success) (taiseikō; taiseikō)
Noun-No	Resounding success	大成功	Taiseikō
Noun-No	Basics (the basics)	基本/ 初歩/ A B C/ 初歩の初歩 (基本)	Kihon/ Shoho * (basics; rudiments; elements; ABCs of ...)/ ABC (kihon) * (can mean 'alphabet; ABCs', but also means 'the ABCs (of); basics; fundamentals; rudiments')/ Shoho no shoho * (absolute basics; very rudiments)

Noun-No	Blunder	失態	Shittai
Noun-No	Error (an error)	エラー (する)/ 誤り (あやまり)/ 過失/ 間違い/ 過ち/ 非 (ひ)/ 誤差 (エラー (する))	Erā (suru) * (error)/ Ayamari * (error; mistake; slip; bug)/ Kashitsu * (accident (caused by negligence); error; blunder)/ Machigai * (mistake; error; blunder/ accident; mishap; trouble)/ Ayamachi * (fault; error; indiscretion; faux pas)/ Hi * (fault; error; mistake)/ Gosa * (measurement error; calculation error) (erā (suru))
Noun-No	Failure (mistake)	失敗 (する) (ミス (する))	Shippai (suru) (misu (suru) * (mistake; error; blunder; from English "miss"))
Noun-No	Total failure (complete failure)	完全な失敗 (完全な失敗/ 全滅 (する))	Kanzen'na shippai (Kanzen'na shippai/ Zenmetsu (suru) * (means 'total destruction; complete destruction; annihilation; being wiped out', but can also mean 'total defeat; complete failure'))
Noun-No	Fallibility	誤りやすい	Ayamari yasui
Noun-No	Fault (faults)	過失/ 欠点 (欠点)	Kashitsu/ Ketten (ketten)
Noun-No	Mishap	事故	Jiko
Noun-No	Mistake (error; blunder)	間違い (エラー (する); 失策 (する); 失敗 (する))	Machigai (Erā (suru); Shissaku (suru); Shippai (suru))
Noun-No	Anticipation	期待 (する/ の)	Kitai (suru/ no)
Noun-No	Expectations	期待 (する/ の)	Kitai (suru/ no)
Noun-No	Without expectation	期待せずに	Kitai sezu ni
Noun-No	Faint hopes (dim prospects; little hope; unlikely (to be successful))	望み薄 (な)	Nozomi-usu (na)
Noun-No	Termination	終了 (する)/ 解除 (する)/ 終止 (する)/ 消滅 (する)/ 満了 (する)/ 解止 (する)/ 終末/ 仕舞い	Shūryō (suru)/ Kaijo (suru) * (termination (of a contract); cancellation; rescinding; rescission)/ Shūshi (suru) * (termination; cessation; stop)/ Shōmetsu (suru) * (extinction; extinguishment; disappearance; vanishing; termination; lapse)/ Manryō (suru) * (expiration; termination)/ Kaishi (suru) * (termination; law term)/ Shūmatsu * (end; close; conclusion; termination)/ Shimai * (end; close; finish; termination)
Noun-No	Business	仕事/ 事業/ 業務	Shigoto/ Jigyō/ Gyōmu
Noun-No	Business information	ビジネス情報/ 事業案内/ 商業情報/ ビジネス案内	Bijinesu jōhō/ Jigyō an'nai/ Shōgyō jōhō/ Bijinesu an'nai
Noun-No	Business operations	事業運営	Jigyō un'ei
Noun-No	Risky business	危険なビジネス	Kiken na bijinesu
Noun-No	Career (occupation)	キャリア/ 経歴/ 生命/ 履歴/ 生涯/ 閱歴/ 来歴	Kyaria/ Keireki/ Seimei/ Rireki/ Shōgai/ Etsureki/ Raireki
Noun-No	Company	会社/ カンパニー	Kaisha/ Kanpanī
Noun-No	Own company	自分の会社	Jibun no kaisha
Noun-No	Enterprise	企業	Kigyō
Noun-No	Plant (Factory)	工場	Kōjō

Noun-No	Industry	工業/ 業界/ 産業/ 実業	Kōgyō/ Gyōkai/ Sangyō/ Jitsugyō
Noun-No	Financial industry	金融業界	Kinyū gyōkai
Noun-No	Organization	組織 (する)	Soshiki (suru)
Noun-No	Routine	日常 (の)/ 定期的 (な)/ 規則的 (な)/ 日常的 (な)/ 定番 (の)/ 日課/ ルーティーン (ルーチン/ ルーティン) (の/ 的) (な))	Nichijō (no)/ Teiki-teki (na) * (periodic; regular; routine)/ Kisoku-teki (na) * (systematic; regular; routine)/ Nichijō-teki (na) * (mundane; routine; everyday; unremarkable; common; day-to-day)/ Teiban (no) * (standard item; usual thing; (a) classic; go-to choice; staple; regular fixture; standard procedure; convention)/ Nikka * (daily routine; daily work; daily lesson)/ Rūtīn (rūchin/ rūtin) (no/ (teki) (na) * (routine; routine duties; routine work)
Noun-No	Daily routine	日課	Nikka
Noun-No	Routine check	日常点検	Nichijō tenken
Noun-No	Irregularities	不規則性	Fukisokusei
Noun-No	System (institution; organization)	制度 (の)/ 体系/ 制/ 体制	Seido (no)/ Taikei/ Sei/ Taisei
Noun-No	Warehouse	倉庫	Sōko
Noun-No	Curiosity	好奇心/ 興味/ 詮索好き (な)/ キュリオシティー	Kōkishin/ Kyōmi/ Sensaku suki (na)/ Kyurioshitī
Noun-No	Details	詳細 (する)/ ディテール/ 精細 (な)/ 事細か (な)/ 細	Shōsai (suru)/ Ditēru/ Seisai (na)/ Kotokomaka (na)/ Sai (hoso)
Noun-No	Dismissal	解雇 (する)	Kaiko (suru) * (dismissal (of an employee); discharge; firing; layoff/ termination of employment)
Noun-No	Attendance	出席	Shusseki
Noun-No	Meeting	会議	Kaigi
Noun-No	Business meeting	ビジネス会議/ 業務の会議/ 業務会議/ ビジネスミーティング/ 事業の会議	Bijinesu kaigi/ Gyōmu no kaigi/ Gyōmu kaigi/ Bijinesumītingu/ Jigyō no kaigi
Noun-No	Stand-up meeting	スタンダップミーティング	Sutandappu Mītingu
Noun-No	Elicitation	誘出 (する)/ 導出 (する)/ 引き出し (する)/ 誘導 (する)	Yūshutsu (suru)/ Dōshutsu (suru) * (derivation; drawing (a conclusion)/ resolution (logic))/ Hikidashi (suru)/ Yūdō (suru) * (guidance; leading; induction; introduction; incitement; inducement)
Noun-No	Information	情報/ 案内 (する)/ インフォメーション/ 報告 (する)	Jōhō/ An'nai (suru)/ Infomēshon/ Hōkoku (suru)
Noun-No	Information system	情報システム	Jōhō shisutemu
Noun-No	Insider information	インサイダー情報/ 内部情報	Insaidā jōhō/ Naibu jōhō
Noun-No	Sensitive information	機密情報	Kimitsu jōhō
Noun-No	Interest (in something)	興味	Kyōmi
Noun-No	Interview	面接 (する)/ インタビュー (する)/ 会見 (する)/ 面談 (する)/ 面会 (する)	Mensetsu (suru)/ Intabyū (suru)/ Kaiken (suru) * (more an audience interview/ meeting like for example a press conference)/ Mendan (suru)/ Menkai (suru)

Noun-No	Justification	正当化 (する)/ 弁解 (する)/ 合理化 (する)/ 申し開き/ 義認 (する)	Seitō-ka (suru) * (justification; warrant)/ Benkai (suru) * (explanation (e.g. for one's actions); excuse; justification; defense; defence)/ Gōri-ka (suru) * (rationalization; making (something) conform to reason; justification)/ Mōshi-biraki * (excuse; explanation; justification; defense; defence)/ Ginin (suru) * (justification (by faith))
Noun-No	Knowledge	知識/ 心得	Chishiki/ Kokoroe
Noun-No	Notification	通知 (する)/ 届 (とどけ)/ 通報 (する)/ 届け出/ 断り/ 知らせ	Tsūchi (suru) * (notice; notification; report; posting/ notification (on a smartphone, PC, etc.))/ Todoke * (report; notification; registration)/ Tsūhō (suru) * (report; notification; tip; bulletin/ message (in information and communication theory))/ Todokede * (report; notification)/ Kotowari * (notice; notification; warning)/ Shirase * (news; word; tidings; notice; notification; information)
Noun-No	Office	事務所/ 事務室/ オフィス	Jimusho/ Jimu-shitsu/ Ofisu
Noun-No	Overtime (over-hours; overtime work)	残業 (する)/ 超過勤務/ 時間外/ 超勤/ 時間外勤務 (する)/ タイムオーバー/ オーバータイム/ 居残り (する)/ 居残る (時間外労働; 時間外労働)	Zangyō (suru)/ Chōka kinmu/ Jikangai * (overtime; outside of hours (school, office, surgery, etc.))/ Chōkin/ Jikangaikinmu (suru) * (overtime (work); work done outside normal working hours)/ Taimuōbā * (wasei, word made in Japan, From English "time over")/ Ōbātaimu/ Inokori (suru) * (working overtime/ be careful, it can also mean 'detention; being kept in (e.g. after school)')/ Inokoru * (to stay behind; to remain; to work overtime) (Jikangairōdō; Jikangairōdō)
Noun-No	Profession	職業	Shokugyō
Noun-No	Reason (a reason)	理由 (理由)/ 理 (理り)/ 由 (因/ 縁)	Riyū (riyū)/ Kotowari (Ri)/ Yoshi
Noun-No	Cause (reason; origin; source)	原因 (する)/ 根源/ 元 (もと)/ 起因 (する) (理由; 起源; 元 (もと); 源 (みなもと)/ 根源/ 出所; ソース)	Gen'in (suru) * (cause; origin; source)/ Kongen * (root; source; origin; cause)/ Moto * (origin; source; beginning/ basis; base; foundation; root/ cause)/ Kiin (suru) * (to be caused by; to result from; to arise from; to stem from; to be due to/ cause; origin) (Riyū * (reason; pretext; motive); Kigen * (origin; beginning; source; rise); Moto; Minamoto * (source (of a river); fountainhead/ source; origin; root/ same kanji character as moto, only different hiragana characters); Kongen; Shussho * (source; origin; provenance); Sōsu * (source))

Noun-No	Retirement	引退 (する)/ 退職 (する)/ 脱退 (する)/ 隠居 (する)/ 退任 (する)/ 退陣 (する)/ 退却 (する)/ 定年 (する)/ 定年退職 (する)/ リタイア (する)/ 退官 (する)/ 隠遁 (する)/ 退隠 (する)/ 隠退 (する)/ 籠居 (する)/ 幽居 (する)/ 引っ込み/ 去り際 (の)	Intai (suru)/ Taishoku (suru) * (retirement; resignation)/ Dattai (suru) * (withdrawal (e.g. from an organization); secession; leaving; pulling out)/ Inkyo (suru) * (retirement (from work); leading a quiet life (after retirement))/ Tainin (suru) * (retirement; resignation; stepping down)/ Taijin (suru) * (resignation; stepping down; retirement)/ Taikyaku (suru) * (retreat; withdrawal; retirement)/ Teinen (suru) * ((compulsory) retirement age; age limit/ (compulsory) retirement (on reaching retirement age); mandatory retirement)/ Teinen taishoku (suru) * ((compulsory) retirement (on reaching retirement age); mandatory retirement)/ Ritaia (suru) * (retirement/ retiring (from a race, match, etc.); dropping out)/ Taikan (suru) * (retirement from office)/ Inton (suru) * (retirement (from the world); seclusion)/ Taiin (suru) * (retirement (from an official position))/ Intai (suru) * (seclusion; reclusion; retirement (from activities))/ Rōkyo (suru) * (staying at home or indoors; living in seclusion; retirement)/ Yūkyo (suru) * (hermitage; retreat; retirement; seclusion)/ Hikkomi * (retreat; retirement; depression (hole))/ Sari giwa (no) * ((moment of) departure; (upon) leaving; retirement)
Noun-No	Role	役割/ 役/ 役目/ 役回り (役まわり)	Yakuwari/ Yaku/ Yakume/ Yakumawari
Noun-No	Seclusion	隠遁 (する)/ 隔離 (する/ の)/ 隠退 (する)/ 隔絶 (する)/ 幽居 (する)	Inton (suru) * (retirement (from the world); seclusion)/ Kakuri (suru/ no) * (isolation; segregation; separation; quarantine)/ Intai (suru) * (seclusion; reclusion; retirement (from activities))/ Kakuzetsu (suru) * (isolation; separation; remoteness; seclusion; reclusion; inaccessibility; sequestration)/ Yūkyo (suru) * (hermitage; retreat; retirement; seclusion)
Noun-No	Visit	訪問 (する)/ 訪れ	Hōmon (suru)/ Otozure
Noun-No	Work (job, labor)	仕事 (を)(する)/ 作業 (する)/ 働き/ 職 (しょく)/ 労働 (する)/ 業 (ぎょう)	Shigoto (o) (suru)/ Sagyō (suru)/ Hataraki/ Shoku * (job; work; employment; occupation; position)/ Rōdō (suru)/ Gyou
Noun-No	Working day	仕事日/ 仕事の日/ 労働日/ 就業日/ 仕事の日付/ 労働の日付/ 仕事日付/ オフィスアワー	Shigoto-bi/ Shigoto no hi/ Rōdō-bi/ Shūgyōbi/ Shigoto no hidzuke/ Rōdō no hidzuke/ Shigoto hidzuke/ Ofisuawā * (office hours; working day)

Noun-No	Working day and night (working around-the-clock)	不眠不休 (の)/ 昼夜兼行/ 兼行 (する)/ 一日中働く/ 昼も夜も働く/ 昼夜兼行で働く (24時間体制で働く)	Fumin fukyū (no) * (no sleep or rest; working day and night)/ Chūya kenkō * (around-the-clock; (working) day and night)/ Kaneyuki (suru) * (working twice as hard; working day and night/ doing simultaneously; doing things simultaneously)/ Ichinichijū hataraku * (work the whole day; work all day; work all day long; work all the day; work throughout the day)/ Hiru mo yoru mo hataraku/ Chūya kenkō de hataraku (24-jikan taisei de hataraku * (work around the clock; working 24 hours per day)
Noun-No	Work from home	在宅勤務/ 在宅ワーク/ 自宅で仕事	Zaitaku kinmu/ Zaitaku wāku * (home employment/ piecework that can be done at home; outwork/ work from home)/ Jitaku de shigoto
Noun-No	Working space	作業スペース/ 作業領域/ ワークスペース	Sagyō supēsu/ Sagyō ryōiki * (workspace; working area)/ Wākusupēsu
Noun-No	Fieldwork	フィールドワーク	fiirudowaaku
Noun-No	Night work (late night overtime work; late night overtime)	深夜業/ 夜間勤務/ 夜間勤務/ 夜なべ (夜鍋/ 夜業/ よなべ) (する)/ 夜業 (する)/ 夜仕事 (する)/ 夜働き (する) (深夜残業)	Shin'ya-gyō/ Yakan kinmu/ Yakan kinmu/ Yonabe (suru)/ Yagyō (suru)/ Yoru shigoto (suru)/ Yobataraki (suru) (Shin'ya zangyō)
Noun-No	The work to be done	すべき仕事/ やるべき仕事/ やらなければならない仕事/ やるべき作業/ すべき作業/ 必要な仕事/ なれる仕事 (為れる仕事)/ する仕事	Surubeki shigoto/ Yarubeki shigoto/ Yaranakereba naranai shigoto/ Yarubeki sagyō/ Surubeki sagyō/ Hitsuyōna shigoto * (necessary work; required work)/ Nareru shigoto/ Suru shigoto
Noun-No	Job (the work)	仕事 (を) (する)/ 職 (しょく)/ 職業/ 役 (やく)/ 働き口/ ジョブ/ 求人 (する)	Shigoto (o) (suru)/ Shoku * (job; work; employment; occupation; position)/ Shokugyō * (occupation; profession; job; vocation; trade; calling; business/ job (role))/ Yaku * (role; assignment; responsibility; duty; function; job; service)/ Hataraki-guchi * (position; job; employment; opening)/ Jobu * (job)/ Kyūjin (suru) * (recruiting; job offer; job vacancy/ recruitment)
Noun-No	Job change	転職 (する)	Tenshoku (suru)
Noun-No	Job interview	面接 (を) (する)/ 就職面接/ 仕事の面接/ 就職の面接	Mensetsu (o suru)/ Shūshoku mensetsu/ Shigoto no mensetsu/ Shūshoku no mensetsu
Noun-No	Job opening	就職口	Shūshoku kuchi
Noun-No	Job title	役職名/ 役職/ ジョブタイトル	Yakushoku-mei/ Yakushoku/ Jobutaitoru
Noun-No	Employment	雇用 (する)/ 職 (しょく)/ 就業 (する)/ 仕事 (する)	Koyō (suru) * (employment; hire)/ Shoku * (job; work; employment; occupation; position)/ Shūgyō (suru) * (employment; starting work)/ Shigoto (suru) * (work; job; labor; labour; business; task; assignment; occupation; employment)
Noun-No	Employment rate	雇用率/ 就業率/ 就職率	Koyō-ritsu/ Shūgyō-ritsu * (employment rate; percentage of employment)/ Shūshoku-ritsu

Noun-No	Self-employment (one-man business; individual owner)	個人事業主/ 個人企業	Kojinjigyōshu/ Kojin kigyō
Noun-No	A good reason	正当な理由/ 十分な理由/ 良い理由	Seitōnariyū/ Jūbun'nariyū/ Yoi riyū
Noun-No	Abandonment (renunciation; forsaking; leaving alone)	放棄 (する)/ 投棄 (する)/ 遺棄 (する/ の)/ 見切り/ 置き去り/ 遺棄罪 (放棄 (する); 見捨てる; 放っておく)	Hōki (suru)/ Tōki (suru)/ Iki (suru/ no)/ Mikiri/ Okizari/ Iki-zai (hōki (suru); Misuteru; Hanatte oku)
Noun-No	Abandonment of the status quo	現状打破	Genjō daha
Noun-No	Average (mediocre; in the mean)	平均 (する)/ 平均的 (な)/ 並 (なみ) (の)/ 人並み (の/ な)/ 普通 (な/ の)/ 一般 (の/ な)/ 一般的 (な)/ 中 (ちゅう) (の/ な)	Heikin (suru)/ Heikin-teki (na)/ Nami (no)/ Hitonami (no/ na)/ Futsū (no/ na)/ Ippan (no/ na)/ Ippan-teki (na)/ Chū (no/ na)
Noun-No	Aware	わかっている (分かっている; 分かる (わかる))/ 敏感 (な)/ 知る/ (ご) 存知/ 気づく/ 心得る/ 存じる/ 悟る/ 気がつく/ 意識 (する)/ 目覚める/ 存ずる/ 意識化 (する)/ 心付く/ 理会 (する)/ アウェア	Wakatte iru (wakaru)/ Binkan (na)/ Shiru/ (go) Zonchi/ Kidzuku/ Kokoroeru/ Zonjiru/ Satoru/ Kigatsuku/ Ishiki (suru)/ Mezameru/ Zonzuru/ Ishiki-ka (suru)/ Kokoro tsuku/ Rikai (suru)/ Au~ea
Noun-No	Balance (equilibrium)	釣り合い (釣合い/ 釣合/ つりあい)/ バランス (する)/ 平均 (する) (平衡 (する)/ 均衡 (する))	Tsuriai/ Baransu (suru)/ Heikin (suru) (Heikō (suru)/ Kinkō (suru))
Noun-No	Behind closed doors (behind-the-scenes)	秘密裡 (秘密裏)	Himi tsuri
Noun-No	Circumstances	状況/ 状態/ 事情/ 事故/ 事態/ 際 (さい)/ 様子/ 場合	Jōkyō/ Jōtai/ Jijō/ Jiko * (means 'accident; incident; trouble', but can also mean 'circumstances; reasons')/ Jitai * (situation; (present) state of affairs; circumstances; often with a negative connotation)/ Sai * (occasion; time; circumstances; (in) case (of); when)/ Yōsu/ Baai * (case; occasion; situation; circumstances)
Noun-No	Combination of circumstances (a combination of circumstances)	状況の組み合わせ (状況の組み合わせ)	Jōkyō no kumiawase (Jōkyō no kumiawase)
Noun-No	Close-up	アップ (する)	Appu (suru)
Noun-No	Condition	状態	Jōtai
Noun-No	Conditions	条件	Jōken
Noun-No	Favorable conditions	好条件	Kōjōken sekushon
Noun-No	Pre existing conditions	既存の条件	Kizon no jōken
Noun-No	Confidential information (secret information)	秘密情報	Himitsu jōhō
Noun-No	Disposal	廃棄 (する)	Haiki (suru)
Noun-No	Double shift (overwork)	ダブルシフト (過労)	Daburu shifuto (karō)

Noun-No	Effort	努力 (する)	Doryoku (suru)
Noun-No	Endeavour (endeavours)	努力 (する)/ 尽力 (する) (努力 (する))	Doryoku (suru) * (effort; exertion; endeavour; endeavor; hard work; striving)/ Jinryoku (suru) * (efforts; exertion; endeavour; assistance; services) (doryoku (suru))
Noun-No	Extent to which (something) is true or false; whether or not (something) is true	真偽のほど	Shingi no hodo
Noun-No	Forced labor	強制労働/ 服役 (する)/ 囚人労働/ 賦役 (夫役/ ふえき/ ぶえき/ ぶやく)/ 役 (えき)	Kyōsei rōdō * (slave labor)/ Fukueki (suru) * (serving time in prison; compulsory service)/ Shūjin rōdō * (prison labor)/ Fueki (fueki/ bueki/ buyaku) * (slave labour; compulsory service)/ Eki * (not yaku with the same kanji character which means role) * (unpaid work; forced labor)
Noun-No	Foreknowledge	予知 (する)/ 予見 (する)/ 先見の明/ 先見/ 見通し/ 先知 (する)/ 知慮	Yochi (suru)/ Yoken (suru)/ Senken no mei/ Senken/ Mitōshi * (forecast; outlook; prospect; prediction)/ Senchi (suru) * (foresight; speedy comprehension)/ Chiryo * (foresight; wisdom; sagacity)
Noun-No	Hard work	大変な仕事/ 刻苦 (する)/ 頑張る仕事/ 苦心 (する)/ 努力 (する)/ 劇務 (激務)/ 重労働/ 難しい仕事/ 難い仕事/ 固い仕事 (硬い仕事)/ 難い作業/ 難い働き/ 難い労働/ ハードワーク (する/ の/ な)	Taihen'na shigoto/ Kokku (suru)/ Ganbaru shigoto/ Kushin (suru)/ Doryoku (suru)/ Gekimu/ Jūrōdō/ Muzukashī shigoto/ Katai shigoto/ Katai shigoto/ Katai sagyō/ Katai hataraki/ Katai rōdō/ Hādownāku (suru/ na/ no)
Noun-No	Imperfections	欠陥/ 不備 (な/ の)/ 至らぬ点	Kekkan * (defect; fault; flaw; deformity; deficiency; shortage; gap)/ Fubi (na/ no) * (defect; deficiency; imperfection; inadequacy; lack)/ Itaranu ten * (shortcoming; fault; flaw; imperfection * (polite (teineigo)))
Noun-No	Improvement (Advancement)	改善 (する)/ 向上 (する) (進歩 (する))/ 発展 (する)	Kaizen (suru)/ Kōjō (suru) (Shinpo (suru))/ Hatten (suru)
Noun-No	Continuous improvement	継続的改善	Keizoku-teki kaizen
Noun-No	Insight	洞察 (する)/ 洞察力/ 直覚 (する/ の)/ インサイト	Dōsatsu (suru)/ Dōsatsu riyoku/ Chokkaku (suru/ no)/ Insaito
Noun-No	Interpretation	解釈 (する)/ 判読 (する)/ 読み/ 訓解	Kaishaku (suru)/ Handoku (suru)/ Yomi/ Kunkai

Noun-No	Learning on the job (learning on-the-job)	職場で学ぶ/ 実務を通じて学ぶ/ 実地学習/ 仕事をしながら覚える/ 仕事の学習 (する) (職場で学ぶ)	Shokuba de manabu/ Jitsumu o tsūjite manabu * (learn through practical work; learn through practical experience)/ Jitchi gakushū * (actual learning on the job; hands on learning; hands- on learning; practical learning)/ Shigoto o shinagara oboeru * (learn while working)/ Shigoto no gakushū (suru) (shokuba de manabu)
Noun-No	Neglection	怠慢 (な)/ 無視 (する)	Taiman (na) * (negligence; neglect; carelessness; procrastination/ becomes taiman'na')/ Mushi (suru) * (disregarding; ignoring/ neglection)
Noun-No	Negligence	過失/ 怠慢 (な)/ 油断 (する)/ 疎か (おろそか) (な)/ 等閑 (なおざり) (な/ する)/ 不行き届き (な)/ 怠り	Kashitsu * (negligence/ accident (caused by negligence); error; blunder)/ Taiman (na) * (negligence; neglect; carelessness; procrastination/ becomes taiman'na')/ Yudan (suru) * (negligence; carelessness; inattention; unpreparedness)/ Orosoka (na) * (negligent; neglectful; careless; remiss)/ Naozari (na/ suru) * (neglect; negligence; disregard; making light of)/ Fuyukitodoki (na) * (negligence; carelessness; incompetence; mismanagement)/ Okotari * (negligence; carelessness)
Noun-No	Optimization	最適化 (する)/ 効率化 (する)/ 最速化 (する)	Saiteki-ka (suru)/ Kōritsu-ka (suru) * (making efficient; optimization)/ Saisoku-ka (suru) * ((speed) optimization; speed optimization)
Noun-No	Other people's affairs (someone else's problem)	人事 (他人事/ ひとごと)	Jinji (hitogoto/ hitogoto)
Noun-No	Overwork	過労	Karō
Noun-No	Peak (the peak)	ピーク (頂上)	Pīku (chōjō)
Noun-No	Personal information (private information)	個人情報/ 個人的な情報	Kojin jōhō/ Kojin-tekina jōhō
Noun-No	Position (positions)	位置 (する)/ ポジション (ポジション)	Ichī (suru)/ Pojishon (pojishon)
Noun-No	Present condition (recent state)	現状/ 近況	Genjō/ Kinkyō
Noun-No	Procedure	手順/ 手続き/ プロシージャ	Tejun/ Tetsudzuki/ Puroshija
Noun-No	Process	プロセス/ 過程/ 処理 (する)/ 工程/ 手順/ 手続き (する)/ 流れ/ 手続き (する)	Purosesu/ Katei/ Shori (suru)/ Kōtei/ Tejun/ Tetsudzuki (suru)/ Nagare/ Tetsudzuki (suru)
Noun-No	Collaborative process	共同プロセス	Kyōdō purosesu

Noun-No	Coercion	強制 (する)/ 強要 (する)/ 脅迫 (する)/ 威圧 (する)/ 圧力/ 無理強い (する)/ 無理往生 (な)/ 弾圧政治/ 強迫 (する)	Kyōsei (suru) * (compulsion; coercion; forcing (to do); enforcement)/ Kyōyō (suru) * (coercion; extortion; compulsion; force)/ Kyōhaku (suru) * (threat; menace; coercion; blackmail/ intimidation)/ latsu (suru) * (coercion; overpowering; overawing; daunting)/ Atsuryoku * (pressure; stress * (physics)/ pressure (e.g. political); coercion; arm-twisting)/ Muriiji (suru) * (forcing; compulsion; coercion; pushing (to do))/ Muriōjō (na) * (forced compliance; coercion; compulsion)/ Dan'atsuseiji * ((political) coercion)/ Kyōhaku (suru) * (compulsion; coercion; duress/ obsession; compulsion * (psychology))
Noun-No	Compulsion	強制 (する)/ 無理強い (する)/ 強要 (する)/ 強迫 (する)/ 押し付け/ 無理往生 (な)	Kyōsei (suru) * (compulsion; coercion; forcing (to do); enforcement)/ Muriiji (suru) * (forcing; compulsion; coercion; pushing (to do))/ Kyōyō (suru) * (coercion; extortion; compulsion; force)/ Kyōhaku (suru) * (compulsion; coercion; duress/ obsession; compulsion * (psychology))/ Oshitsuke * (imposition (i.e. of rules, of a decision); compulsion)/ Muriōjō (na) * (forced compliance; coercion; compulsion)
Noun-No	Obsession	執着 (する)/ 強迫観念/ 沼 (ぬま)	Shūchaku (suru) * (attachment; adhesion; insistence; tenacity; fixation; obsession; clinging (e.g. to old customs))/ Kyōhaku kan'nen * (obsession; compulsive idea)/ Numa * (means 'marsh; swamp; wetland; bog; pond', but can also mean 'obsession; addiction; being hooked on; getting sucked into/ slang')
Noun-No	Placement	配置 (する)	Haichi (suru)
Noun-No	Progress (to make progress)	進捗 (する)/ 進歩 (する)/ 進展 (する)/ 前進 (する)/ 上達 (する)/ 進む/ 運ぶ/ 上がる/ 伸びる	Shinchoku (suru)/ Shinpo (suru)/ Shinten (suru)/ Zenshin (suru)/ Jōtatsu (suru)/ Susumu/ Hakobu/ Agarū/ Nobiru
Noun-No	Reasonable (fair; acceptable)	そこそこ (の)/ 結構 (な)/ 妥当 (する/ な)/ 穏当 (な)/ 適正 (な)/ 手ごろ	Sokosoko (no)/ Kekkō (na)/ Datō (suru/ na)/ Ontō (na)/ Tekisei (na)/ Tegoro

Noun-No	Renovation (remodeling)	改修 (する)/ 改造 (する)/ リフォーム (する)/ 更新 (する)/ 衣替え (する)/ 刷新 (する)/ リニューアル (する)/ リノベーション (する)/ リノベ (する)/ 修築 (する) (改築 (する))	Kaishū (suru) * (repair; improvement)/ Kaizō (suru) * (remodeling; remodelling; reconstruction; conversion; alteration; renovation; modification; reshuffling (e.g. a cabinet); reorganization; restructuring)/ Rifōmu (suru) * (renovation (e.g. a house); redecorating; makeover; updating/ wasei, word made in Japan, From English "reform")/ Kōshin (suru) * (renewal; update; replacement; renovation; breaking (a record))/ Koromogae (suru) * (renovation; facelift; redesign; redecorating; new appearance; fresh look/ seasonal change of clothing; changing one's dress for the season)/ Sasshin (suru) * (reform; renovation)/ Rinyūaru (suru) * (renovation; overhaul; update; repair; improvement; renewal)/ Rinobēshon (suru) * (renovation)/ Rinobe (suru) * (renovation; abbreviation)/ Shūchiku (suru) * (repair; renovation; restoration) (Kaichiku (suru) * (structural alteration (of a building); reconstruction; rebuilding; remodelling; remodeling))
Noun-No	Replacement	置換 (する)/ 代わり (替わり/ 替り/ かわり) (の)/ 入れ替え (入れ換え/ 入換え/ 入換/ 入替え/ 入替) (する)/ 補充 (する)/ 入れ替わり (入れ代わり/ 入れ代り/ 入れ替り/ いれかわり)	Chikan (suru)/ Kawari (no)/ Irekae (suru)/ Hojū (suru) * (more replacement as in replenishment)/ Irekawari
Noun-No	Substitution	代用 (する/ の)/ 代替 (する/ の) / 交代 (する)/ 入れ替わり/ 身代わり/ 入れ替え (する)	Daiyō (suru/ no) * (substitution)/ Daitai (suru/ no) * (substitution/ alternative; substitute)/ Kōtai (suru) * (alternation; change; relief; relay; shift; substitution (sports, etc.); taking turns)/ Irekawari * (substitution; replacement; shifting; change)/ Migawari * (substitution (for someone else); substitute; stand-in; scapegoat; sacrifice)/ Irekae (suru) * (replacement; substitution; change/ shunting (rail); switching)
Noun-No	Proxy	プロキシ (の/ な)	Purokishi (no/ na)
Noun-No	Report	報告 (する)/ 届 (届け/ とどけ)/ レポート (する)	Hōkoku (suru)/ Todoke/ Repōto (suru)
Noun-No	Rework	手直し (する)/ 再処理 (する)/ 再加工 (する)/ 再直し (する)/ し直す (仕直す/ 為直す/ 仕なおす)/ やり直す (遣り直す/ 遣りなおす)/ リワーク (する)	Tenaoshi (suru)/ Sai shori (suru)/ Sai kakō (suru)/ Sai naoshi (suru)/ Shinaosu/ Yarinaosu/ Riwāku (suru)
Noun-No	Scenario	事態 (事体/ じたい)/ 脚本/ 台本/ 場面/ シナリオ/ シーン	Jitai/ Kyakuhon/ Daihon/ Bamen/ Shinario/ Shīn
Noun-No	Risky scenario	危険なシナリオ	Kiken'na shinario

Noun-No	Proprietary	独自 (の/ な)/ 私的 (な)/ プロプライエタリ (な/ の)	Dokuji (no/ na) * (original; unique; distinctive; characteristic; peculiar/ independent; one's own; personal)/ Watashiteki (shiteki) (na) * (private; personal)/ Puropurietari (na/ no)
Noun-No	Privacy	秘密 (な/ の)/ 内密 (な/ の)/ 内緒 (の)/ プライバシー	Himitsu (na/ no) * (secret; secrecy; confidentiality; privacy)/ Naimitsu (na/ no) * (privacy; secrecy; confidentiality)/ Naisho (no) * (secrecy; confidentiality; privacy; secret)/ Puraibashī
Noun-No	Privacy law (privacy laws)	個人情報保護法 (プライバシー法)	Kojin jōhō hogo-hō (puraibashī-hō)
Noun-No	Secrecy (secretiveness)	内緒 (の)/ 機密/ 隠し立て/ 内密 (な)/ 秘密主義 (の)/ 密 (の)	Naisho (no)/ Kimitsu/ Kakushidate/ Naimitsu (na)/ Himitsu shugi (no)/ Mitsu (no)
Noun-No	Secret (confidentiality; privacy)	秘密 (の/ に/ な)/ 密か (な)/ 隠し事 (する)/ 内緒事/ 秘訣	Himitsu (no/ ni/ na)/ Hisoka (na)/ Kakushigoto (suru)/ Naishogoto/ Hiketsu * (secret (method, trick, etc.))
Noun-No	Top secret (very confidential)	トップシークレット (極秘 (な/ の))	Toppushikuretto (Gokuhi (na/ no))
Noun-No	Situation (case, position; state)	事態/ 場合/ 状況/ 立場/ ケース	Jitai/ Baai/ Jōkyō/ Tachiba/ Kēsu * (case (instance, situation))
Noun-No	Dire situation (grim situation; hopeless situation)	悲惨な状況/ 厳しい状況/ 悲惨な目にあう/ ひどい状況 (酷い状況)/ 困難な状況/ 苦しい状況 (悲惨な状況; 絶望的な状況)	Hisan'na jōkyō/ Kibishī jōkyō/ Hisan'na me ni au/ Hidoi jōkyō/ Kon'nan'na jōkyō/ Kurushī jōkyō (Hisan'na jōkyō; Zetsubō-tekina jōkyō)
Noun-No	Ideal situation	理想的な状況/ 理想の状態/ 理想的な状態/ 理想の状況/ あるべき姿 (在るべき姿)	Risō-tekina jōkyō/ Risō no jōtai/ Risō-tekina jōtai/ Risō no jōkyō/ Arubekisugata (arubeki sugata)
Noun-No	State (the state of an object)	状態 (物体の状態)	Jōtai (buttai no jōtai)
Noun-No	State (the state of something)	状態 (何かの状態)	Jōtai (nanika no jōtai)
Noun-No	Status (condition, state)	状態/ 状況/ 現状 (の)/ ステータス	Jōtai/ Jōkyō/ Genjō (no) * (present condition; existing state; status quo; current state)/ Sutētasu
Noun-No	Status (social position)	地位/ 身分/ 格	Chii/ mibun/ kaku
Noun-No	Strive (effort; endeavor; hard work)	努力 (する)/ 労 (ろう)/ 邁進 (まい進/ まいしん) (する)/ 苦心 (する)/ 労力/ 試み/ 力 (ちから) * (literally means 'force, strength', but here means 'effort; endeavours')	Doryoku (suru)/ Rō/ Maishin (suru)/ Kushin (suru)/ Rōryoku/ Kokoromi/ Chikara * (literally means 'force, strength', but here means 'effort; endeavours')
Noun-No	Sudden change (sudden turn) (ie. in the situation)	急変 (する)	Kyūhen (suru)
Noun-No	Surrender	降伏 (する)/ 降参 (する)/ 投降 (する)/ 放棄 (する)/ 屈服 (する)/ 失陥 (する)/ 帰伏 (する)	Kōfuku/ Kōsan (suru)/ Tōkō (suru)/ Hōki (suru) * (surrender as in 'abandonment; renouncement; giving up')/ Kuppuku (suru)/ Shikkan (suru)/ Kifuku (suru)
Noun-No	Terms (conditions)	条件	Jōken

Noun-No	Truth	真実 (の/ な)/ 本当 (の/ な)	Shinjitsu (no/ na)/ Hontō (no/ na)
Noun-No	Honest truth	正直な真実	Shōjikina shinjitsu
Noun-No	Understanding	分かり (わかり)/ 理解 (する)/ 把握 (する)/ 心得/ 認識 (する)/ 了解 (する)/ 了承 (する)	Wakari/ Rikai (suru)/ Haaku (suru)/ Kokoroe/ Ninshiki (suru)/ Ryōkai (suru)/ Ryōshō (suru)
Noun-No	Easy to understand	わかりやすい (分かりやすい)/ 分かり良い/ 見やすい	Wakari yasui * (easy-to-understand)/ Wakari yoi * (easy to understand)/ Miyasui * (easy to see; easy to read/ easy to understand)
Noun-No	Hard to understand	わかりにくい (分かりにくい)/ 心得がたい/ 理解しがたい	Wakari nikui * (hard to understand; incomprehensible; unintelligible)/ Kokoroe gatai * (hard to understand; hard to accept)/ Rikai shi gatai * (hard to understand; Byzantine fashion)
Noun-No	Update	更新 (する)/ 修正 (する)/ アップデート (する)/ リニューアル (リニュアル) (する)/ アプデ (する)/ グレードアップ (する)	Kōshin (suru) * (update as in renewal; replacement)/ Shūsei (suru) * (update as in correction; fix)/ Appudēto (suru)/ Rinyūaru (rinyuaru) (suru)/ Apude (suru) * (abbreviation)/ Gurēdoappu (suru) * (Wasei, word made in Japan, From English "grade up")
Noun-No	Wavelength	波長	Hachō
Noun-Act	Assault	襲撃 (する)	Shūgeki (suru)
Noun-Act	Attack (the attack)	攻撃 (する)/ 攻め (アタック (する))	Kōgeki (suru)/ Seme (atakkusu (suru))
Noun-Act	Competition	競争 (する)	Kyōsō (suru)
Noun-Act	Competitive streak	連続競争力	Renzoku kyōsō-ryoku
Noun-Act	Duel	決闘 (する)	Kettō (suru) * (duel; shoot-out)
Noun-Act	Fight (battle; combat)	争い/ 喧嘩 (する)/ 闘争 (する)/ ファイト (戦い, 戦闘 (する))	Arasoi/ Kenka (suru)/ Tōsō (suru)/ Faito (Tataikai, Sentō (suru))
Noun-Act	Fighting spirit	闘志	Tōshi
Noun-Act	Retreat (a retreat; the retreat)	退却 (する) (退却 (する); 退却 (する))	Taikyaku (suru) (taikyaku (suru); taikyaku (suru))
Noun-Act	Rivalry	競争 (する)	Kyōsō (suru)
Noun-Act	Strife (jealousy; competition; conflict)	争い/ 紛争 (する)/ 抗争 (する)/ 闘争 (する)/ 争闘 (する)/ 騒動 (する)/ 摩擦 (する)/ 軋轢 (する)/ 波風/ 争乱	Arasoi * (fight; dispute; feud; conflict; struggle; strife; discord; argument; quarrel; controversy)/ Funsō (suru) * (dispute; conflict; trouble; strife)/ Kōsō (suru) * (rivalry; feud; conflict; dispute; struggle; strife; contention; resistance)/ Tōsō (suru) * (fight; battle; combat; conflict/ struggle (for rights, higher wages, etc.); strife; (labor) dispute; strike)/ Sōtō (suru) * (strife; struggle)/ Sōdō (suru) * (strife; riot; rebellion; turmoil)/ Masatsu (suru) * (discord; friction; strife; conflict)/ Atsureki (suru)/ Namikaze * (literal meaning 'wind and waves', but here means 'discord; trouble; strife/ hardships')/ Sōran * (conflict; strife)

Noun-Act	Struggle	闘争 (する) * (struggle, for rights, etc.)/ 争い * (fight; dispute)/ 抗争 (する) * (conflict; dispute)/ 苦労 (する) * (difficulties, troubles)	Tōsō (suru) * (struggle, for rights, etc.)/ Arasoi* (fight; dispute)/ Kōsō (suru) * (conflict; dispute)/ Kurō (suru) * (difficulties, troubles)
Noun-Act	Power struggle	権力闘争	Kenryoku tōsō
Noun-Act	Truce	休戦 (する)	kyuusen (suru)
Noun-Act	War	戦争 (する)/ 戦い/ 戦 (いくさ)/ 交戦 (する)/ 戦火/ 戦 (せん)	Sensō (suru) * (war/ fighting; fierce competition)/ Tatakai * (battle; war; fight; conflict)/ Ikusa * (war; battle; campaign; fight)/ Kōsen (suru) * (war; battle; hostilities)/ Senka * (wartime fire/ war; wartime destruction; horrors of war)/ Sen * (same kanji character as 'ikusa'/ war; battle)
Noun-Act	Combat	戦闘 (する)	Sentō (suru)
Noun-Act	Defense (protection)	防衛 (する)/ 警備 (する)/ 弁護 (する)/ 防御 (する)/ 守備 (する)/ 防備 (する)/ 守り/ 弁解 (する)/ 答弁 (する)/ 保衛 (する)/ 陳弁 (する)/ 防ぎ/ 抛守/ 申し開き/ ディフェンス (する)/ 被告側/ 国防/ 受け (保護 (する))/ 予防 (する)/ 擁護 (する)/ 守り/ 防衛 (する)/ 守護 (する/ の)/ 防御 (する)/ 愛護 (する)/ 防護 (する/ の)/ 援護 (する)/ 庇護 (する)/ プロテクト (する)/ 防具/ プロテクター)	Bōei (suru) * (defense; defence; protection)/ Keibi (suru) * (defense; defence; guard; policing; security)/ Bengo (suru) * (defense; defence; pleading; advocacy)/ Bōgyo (suru) * (defense; defence; safeguard; protection)/ Shubi (suru) * (defense; defence)/ Bōbi (suru) * (defense; defence; defensive preparations)/ Mamori * (protection; defense; defence)/ Benkai (suru) * (explanation (e.g. for one's actions); excuse; justification; defense; defence)/ Tōben (suru) * (response; reply; answer; defence; defense)/ Hoei (suru) * (defense; defence; protection; safeguard)/ Chinben (suru) * (defense (of oneself); defence; explanation)/ Fusegi * (defense; defence; protecting; preventing)/ Ki ~yoshu * (defense; defence)/ Mōshi-biraki * (excuse; explanation; justification; defense; defence)/ Difensu (suru) * (defense; defence/ defense (sports))/ Hikoku-gawa * (the defense; defense)/ Kokubō * (national defence; national defense)/ Uke * (means 'popularity; favour; favor; reception' or 'agreement', but can also mean 'defense; defence; reputation') (Hogo (suru) * (protection; safeguard; guardianship; custody; patronage/ preservation; conservation)/ Yobō (suru) * (prevention; protection (against); precaution)/ Yōgo (suru) * (protection; defence; support; safeguarding; championship; vindication)/ Mamori *
Noun-Act	Offense	攻め/ 攻め手/ オフェンス	Seme/ Seme-te/ Ofensu
Noun-Act	Violence	暴力/ 乱暴 (な/ する)/ 横暴 (な)/ 激烈 (劇烈) (な)/ 暴挙/ 暴悪 (な)/ 激甚 (劇甚) (な)/ バイオレンス (な)	Bōryoku/ Ranbō (na/ suru)/ Ōbō (na)/ Gekiretsu (na)/ Bōkyo/ Bōaku (na)/ Gekijin (na)/ Baiorensu (na)
Noun-Act	Physical violence	身体的暴力	Karada-teki bōryoku

Noun-Act	Repercussion (repercussions)	反響 (する)/ 波紋 (する)/ 後腹 (反響 (する))	Hankyō (suru) * (can mean 'echo; reverberation', but can also mean 'response; reaction; repercussions; sensation; influence')/ Hamon (suru) * (can mean 'ripple; ring on the water', but can also mean 'repercussions')/ Atobara * (means 'afterbirth pains; afterpains', but can also mean 'repercussions; consequences') (hankyō (suru))
Noun-Act	Severity	厳しさ	Kibishisa
Noun-Act	Battle	戦い	Tatakai
Noun-Act	Battlefield	戦場	senjou
Noun-Act	Block (ie. a blow; avoid a blow)	ブロック (する) (つまり打撃; 打撃を避ける)	Burokku (suru) (tsumari dageki; dageki o yokeru)
Noun-Act	Evade (ie. a blow; evade a blow)	回避 (する) (つまり; 打撃; 打撃を回避する)	Kaihi (suru) (tsumari; dageki; dageki o kaihi suru)
Noun-Act	Flip (a flip)	フリップ/ 弾 (はじ) (フリップ)	Furippu * (flip)/ Dan (haji) * (bullet, twang, flip, snap) (furippu)
Noun-Act	Fray	ほつれ (解れ)/ 乱闘 (する)	Hotsure * (fray; frayed spot)/ Rantō (suru) * (fray; fighting; brawling; scuffle)
Noun-Act	Hit (a hit; a strike; a blow)	当たり (当り/ 中り/ 中たり/ あたり) (する)/ 成功 (する)/ 命中 (する)/ 一撃 (する)/ 殴打 (する)/ 打 (だ)/ ヒット (する)/ 打撃/ 打ち (ぶち)/ ストライク (する)/ 体当たり (する) (ヒット (する))	Atari (atari) * (hit/ success)/ Seikō (suru) * (success; achievement)/ Meichū (suru) * ((direct) hit; hitting the mark)/ Ichigeki (suru) * (blow; hit; stroke)/ Ōda (suru) * (hit; strike; blow)/ Da * (hitting a ball (with a bat, golf club, etc.); batting; stroke)/ Hitto (suru) * (hit; base hit; safe hit; single/ hit; success/ hit; blow/ hit (i.e. a successful match in a search)/ computing)/ Dageki * (blow; shock; strike; damage)/ Uchi * (adds emphasis to the following verb or indicates that the action is done forcefully or violently)/ Sutoraiiku (suru) * (strike/ strike (e.g. in baseball, bowling)/ sports)/ Karada atari (suru) * (ramming attack; hurling oneself (at)/ throwing oneself into (e.g. a role); going all out/ dash oneself against; hurl oneself at; knock up against; throw oneself against; throw oneself at) (hitto (suru))
Noun-Act	Direct hit	直撃	chokugeki
Noun-Act	Kick	蹴り/ 足蹴 (する)/ キック (する)	Keri/ Ashige (suru) * (leg kick)/ Kikku (suru)
Noun-Act	Punch	パンチ (する)	Panchi (suru)
Noun-Act	Push (a push)	押し/ プッシュ (する)/ 一押し (する) (プッシュ (する))	Oshi * (push; pushing/ weight; pressure)/ Pusshu (suru) * (push)/ Ichioishi (suru) * (a push/ another effort) (pusshu (suru))
Noun-Act	Pull (a pull)	引き/ 引っ/ プル/ 重力 (する) (引き)	Hiki * (pull; patronage; influence/ tug)/ Hi~tsu * (goes before a verb to strengthen its meaning or to add emphasis)/ Puru * (pull)/ Jūryoku (suru) * (gravity; gravitation; gravitational pull/ physics) (hiki)
Noun-Act	Bam (a bam)	バム (バム)	bamu (bam)

Noun-Act	Bash (a bash)	バッシュ (バッシュ)	Basshu (basshu)
Noun-Act	Clash	衝突 (する)	Shōtotsu (suru)
Noun-Act	Clunk (a clunk)	カラン (カタカタ)	karan (katakata)
Noun-Act	Grab (a grab)	掴む (掴む)	Tsukamu (tsukamu)
Noun-Act	Grapple (a grapple)	グラップル (グラップル)	Gurappuru (gurappuru)
Noun-Act	Grasp	把握 (する)	Haaku (suru)
Noun-Act	Hack (a hack)	ハック (ハック)	Hakku (hakku)
Noun-Act	Jab (a jab)	ジャブ (ジャブ)	Jabu (Jabu)
Noun-Act	Jerk (movement)	ジャーク (する) (動き)	Jāku (suru) (ugoki)
Noun-Act	Pounce (a pounce)	突撃 (する) (突撃 (する))	Totsugeki (suru) (totsugeki (suru))
Noun-Act	Scar (scarred)	傷跡 (傷跡)	Kizuato (kizuato)
Noun-Act	Scratch (a scratch)	スクラッチ (する)/ 引っかき傷/ 擦り傷 (する) (引っかき傷)	Sukuratchi (suru) * (scratch)/ Hikkaki kizu * (scratch; scratch mark)/ Surikizu (suru) * (scratch; graze; abrasion) (hikkaki kizu)
Noun-Act	Slam	スラム (する)/ ボディスラム (する)	Suramu (suru)/ Bodisuramu (suru) * (body slam/ powerslam; professional wrestling)
Noun-Act	Slap	平手打ち	Hirateuchi
Noun-Act	Slash (lunge)	斬撃 (する)/ 切りつける/ スラッシュ (する)/ 薙ぎ払う (突進 する))	Zangeki (suru)/ Kiritsukeru * (to cut at; to slash at)/ Surasshu (suru)/ Nagiharau * (to mow down; to cut down; to slash (horizontally); to make a clean sweep; to sweep away; to brush away) (Tosshin (suru) * (rush; dash; charge))
Noun-Act	Slide	スライド (する)/ スリップ (する)/ 滑走 (する)	Suraido (suru)/ Surippu (suru) * (slip; skid; slide)/ Kassō (suru) * (gliding; sliding; skating (on ice); skiing; glide; slide)
Noun-Act	Smack (a smack)	パチパチ (パチパチ)	pachipachi (pachipachi)
Noun-Act	Smash (a smash)	スマッシュ (スマッシュ)	Sumasshu (sumasshu)
Noun-Act	Spasm (a spasm)	けいれん (けいれん)	Keiren (keiren)
Noun-Act	Stab	刺し	Sashi
Noun-Act	Stomp (a stomp)	ストンプ (ストンプ)	Sutonpu (sutonpu)
Noun-Act	Strike	ストライク (する)	Sutoraiku (suru)
Noun-Act	Swat (a swat)	叩く (一叩き)	Tataku (hitotataki)
Noun-Act	Thrust	突き/ 推力 (する)	Tsuki * (thrust; stab; lunge; pass (in fencing))/ Suiryoku (suru) * (thrust; driving force; propulsion)
Noun-Act	Thud	ドスン	dosun
Noun-Act	Thump (a thump)	ドスン (ドスン)	dosun (dosun)
Noun-Act	Tug (a tug)	引っ張る	Hipparu
Noun-Act	Twerk	トゥワーク (する)	To~uwāku (suru)
Noun-Act	Whack (a whack)	たたき (たたき)	Tataki (tataki)
Noun-Act	Parry	パリー (する)	Parī (suru)
Noun-Act	Deflection	偏向	henkou
Noun-Act	Dodge (deflect; deflection)	回避 (する)/ ダッジ (する) (方向転換 (する); 回避 (する))	Kaihi (suru) * (evasion; avoidance)/ Daiji (suru) * (dodge) (Hōkō tenkan (suru) * (change of course); Kaihi (suru))

Noun-Act	Counterattack (strike back; retaliation; counter strike)	反撃 (する) (反撃 (する); 報復 (する)/ 逆襲 (する)/ 切り返し/ 後の先/ 返し技/ 抜き技)	Hangeki (suru) * (counterattack; counteroffensive; counterblow) (Hangeki (suru); Hōfuku (suru) * (retaliation; revenge; reprisal; retribution)/ Gyakushū (suru) * (counterattack)/ Kirikaeshi * (counterattack; slashing back)/ Gonosen * (counterattack; striking one's opponent immediately after defending an incoming attack/ martial arts)/ Kaeshi-waza * (counterattack; reversal technique/ martial arts)/ Nuki-waza * (counterattack while evading the opponent's attack (kendo)/ martial arts))
Noun-Act	Flick	フリック (する)/ 爪弾き (する)	Furikku (suru) * (flick (hockey, fencing, touch-screen, etc.))/ Tsumahajiki (suru) * (flick (of one's finger; to express disgust, scorn, disapproval, etc.))
Noun-Act	Flinch (a flinch)	ひるむ (怯む) (ひるむ (怯む))	Hirumu (hirumu)
Noun-Act	Final blow	最後の一撃	Saigonoichigeki
Noun-Act	Bite (a bite; a bite of)	一口 (一口; 一口)	Hitokuchi (hitokuchi; hitokuchi)
Noun-Act	Insect bite	虫の刺し傷	Mushi no sashi kizu
Noun-Act	Sting (a sting)	スティング (刺される)	sutingu (sasareru)
Noun-We	Abundance	豊かさ	Yutaka-sa
Noun-We	Charity	慈善/ 施し/ 博愛/ 仁 (じん)/ 慈悲/ チャリティー	Jizen/ Hodokoshi * (charity; almsgiving)/ Hakuai * (charity; benevolence; philanthropy; (love for) humanity; fraternity; brotherhood; brotherly love; love of fellow man)/ Jin * (benevolence (esp. as a virtue of Confucianism); consideration; compassion; humanity; charity)/ Jihi * (mercy; compassion; clemency; pity; charity; benevolence)/ Charitī
Noun-We	Donation	寄付 (する)/ 寄贈 (する)/ 拠出 (する)/ 献金 (する)	Kifu (suru) * (contribution; donation)/ Kizō (suru) * (donation; presentation; gift)/ Kyoshutsu (suru) * (donation; contribution)/ Kenkin (suru) * (donation; contribution; offering)
Noun-We	Fortune	幸運	Kōun
Noun-We	Fundraiser (clothing fundraiser)	募金活動/ 募金 (する)/ 資金集め/ 資金調達/ 資金繰り/ 政治資金調達 (衣料品募金)	Bokin katsudō/ Bokin (suru) * (fund-raising; collection of funds)/ Shikin atsume * (fund-raising; fund collecting)/ Shikin chōtatsu * (fundraising; funding)/ Shikinguri/ Seijishikin chōtatsu * (political fundraising; fundraising) (iryō-hin bokin)
Noun-We	Gloss (luster; lustre; shine; sheen; polish)	艶	Tsuya
Noun-We	Philanthropy	慈善活動	Jizen katsudō
Noun-We	Poverty	貧困 (な/ の)/ 窮乏 (する)/ 困窮 (する)/ 不自由 (する/ な)/ 貧	Hinkon (na/ no)/ Kyūbō (suru)/ Konkyū (suru)/ Fujiyū (suru/ na)/ Hin

Noun-We	Luxury (extravagance; lavish)	贅沢 (な)/ 豪勢 (な)/ 奢り/ 高級 (な/ の)/ 栄耀/ 奢侈 (な)/ 驕奢 (な)/ 豪奢 (な)/ 贅/ 華美 (な)/ 栄耀栄華/ 栄華/ ラグジュアリー/ リュクス (豪華; 豪華)	Zeitaku (na)/ Gōsei (na)/ Ogori/ Kōkyū (na/ no) * (high-class; high-grade; high-quality; high-end; luxury)/ Eiyō/ Shashi (na)/ Kyōsha (na)/ Gōsha (na)/ Zei/ Kabi (na)/ Eiyōeiga/ Eiga/ Ragujuarī/ Ryukusu (gōka, gōka)
Noun-We	Prosperity	繁栄 (する)/ 繁盛 (する)/ 裕福 (な)/ 景気/ 盛況/ 賑わい/ 成功 (する)/ 隆盛 (な/ の)/ 活況 (な/ の)/ 栄華/ 隆運/ 昌運/ 殷盛 (な)/ 隆昌/ 殷富 (な)	Han'ei (suru) * (prosperity; thriving; flourishing)/ Hanjō (suru) * (prosperity; flourishing; thriving)/ Yūfuku (na) * (wealthy; rich; affluent; well-off)/ Keiki * (good (economic) times; prosperity; boom)/ Seikyō * (success; prosperity; boom)/ Nigiwai * (prosperity; bustle; activity; crowd; turnout)/ Seikō (suru) * (success; achievement/ succeeding (in life); (worldly) success; prosperity)/ Ryūsei (na/ no) * (prosperity; flourishing; thriving)/ Kakkyō (na/ no) * (activity; briskness; prosperity)/ Eiga * (prosperity; glory; splendour; splendor; majesty; luxury)/ Ryūun * (prosperity; good fortune)/ Shōun * (prosperity; fortune)/ Insei (na) * (prosperity)/ Ryūshō * (prosperity)/ Inpu (na) * (wealth; prosperity)
Noun-We	Rich (wealthy; abundant)	豊富 (な)/ 富饒 (な)/ 豊か (な)/ リッチ (な)/ 裕福 (な)	Hōfu (na)/ Funyō (na)/ Yutaka (na)/ Ritchi (na)/ Yūfuku (na)
Noun-We	Richness (warmth; interest; taste; charm)	豊かさ/ 潤い (の)	Yutaka-sa/ Uruoi (no)
Noun-We	Wealth (fortune; capital)	富 (とみ)/ 富裕 (な)/ 豊富 (な)/ 財力/ 貨財/ 富力/ 殷富 (な)/ 栄耀栄華 (財産; 資本)	Tomi * (riches; wealth; fortune/ resources/ lottery)/ Fuyū (na) * (wealth; riches; affluence; opulence)/ Hōfu (na) * (abundant; plentiful; rich; ample)/ Zairyoku * (financial power; financial means; wealth)/ Kazai * (wealth; worldly goods)/ Fuyoku * (wealth; resources)/ Inpu (na) * (wealth; prosperity)/ Eiyōeiga * (wealth, prosperity, and arrogant splendor (splendour); (living sumptuously) intoxicated by wealth and power; luxury) (Zaisan * (property; fortune; assets/ estate (law)); Shihon * (funds; capital/ capital (economics)))
Noun-Em	Accident	事故	Jiko
Noun-Em	Accident (caused by negligence)	過失	Kashitsu
Noun-Em	Emergency (urgency)	非常/ 応急 (の)/ 緊急 (の)/ 危機/ 危急/ 焦眉/ 不時 (の)	Hijō/ Ōkyū (no)/ Kinkyū (no)/ Kiki/ Kikyū/ Shōbi/ Fuji (no)
Noun-Em	Emergency (unexpected occurrence; what if)	もしもの事 (若しものこと/ 若しもの事)	Moshimonokoto

Noun-Em	Emergency (time of emergency; state of emergency)	非常時/ 緊急時/ 緊急事態	Hijōji/ Kinkyū-ji/ Kinkyū jitai
Noun-Em	Emergency call	緊急通話	Kinkyū tsūwa
Noun-Em	Emergency measure	緊急措置	Kinkyū sochi
Noun-Em	Emergency number (emergency line)	緊急電話番号 (緊急電話)	Kinkyū tenwabangō (kinkyū denwa)
Noun-Em	Emergency phone number	緊急電話番号/ 緊急通報用番号/ 緊急呼の電話番号/ 非常電話番号/ 非常電話/ 非常電話機/ 危機電話番号/ エマージェンシーの電話番号	Kinkyū tenwabangō/ Kinkyū tsūhō-yō bangō/ Kinkyū ko no tenwabangō/ Hijō tenwabangō/ Hijō denwa/ Hijō denwaki/ Kiki tenwabangō/ Emājenshī no tenwabangō
Noun-Em	Emergency stop	緊急停止 (する)/ 非常停止/ 緊急停車 (する)	Kinkyū teishi (suru)/ Hijō teishi/ Kinkyū teisha (suru) * (emergency stop (of a train, car, etc.))
Noun-Em	Desperate situation	絶体絶命 (の/ な)/ 絶体 (の/ な)/ 切羽詰まる/ 絶望的な状況	Zettaizetsumei (no/ na)/ Zettai (no/ na)/ Seppatsumaru/ Zetsubō-tekina jōkyō
Noun-Em	Escape	逃げ	Nige
Noun-Em	Finding a way out of a desperate situation (seeking a way out of a desperate situation)	死中求活/ 死中に活を求める	Shichūkyūkatsu/ Shichūnikatsuwomotomeru
Noun-Em	Life threatening situation (Emergency situation)	命にかかわる状況/ 生命の危機に瀕する状況/ 生命の危険に瀕する状況/ 命が危険にさらされる状況/ 命の危機に瀕する状況/ 命の危険に瀕する状況/ 生命の危険にさらされる状況/ 命にかかわる事態/ 命にかかわる状態 (緊急事態/ 緊急時/ 危機)	Inochi ni kakawaru jōkyō/ Seimei no kiki ni hinsuru jōkyō/ Seimei no kiken ni hinsuru jōkyō/ Inochi ga kiken ni sarasa reru jōkyō/ Inochi no kiki ni hinsuru jōkyō/ Inochi no kiken ni hinsuru jōkyō/ Seimei no kiken ni sarasa reru jōkyō/ Inochi ni kakawaru jitai/ Inochi ni kakawaru jōtai (Kinkyū jitai/ Kinkyū-ji/ Kiki)
Noun-Em	Suspicious fire (ie. arson)	不審火	Fushinbi
Noun-Em	Trap	罠 (わな)/ トラップ	Wana/ Torappu
Noun-Ins	Insurance	保険/ 付保 (する)/ インシュアランス	Hoken/ Fuhō (suru)/ Inshuaransu
Noun-Ins	Fire insurance	火災保険/ ファイアインシュアランス	Kasai hoken/ Faiaishuaransu
Noun-Ins	Guarantee	保証 (する)	Hoshō (suru)
Noun-Ins	Guarantee letter (warranty; warranty card)	保証書/ 保証状/ 保証 (する)/ 担保責任	Hoshōsho/ Hoshō-jō/ Hoshō (suru)/ Tanpo sekinin
Noun-Ins	Guarantee obligations (warranty obligations)	保証責務/ 保証債務	Hoshōsekimu/ Hoshō saimu
Noun-Ins	(no) Money back guarantee	(いいえ) 返金保証	(īe) Henkin hoshō
Noun-Ins	Health insurance	健康保険	Kenkōhoken
Noun-Ins	Life insurance	生命保険/ 生保	Seimei hoken/ Seiho

Noun-Ins	Mandate	委任 (する)/ 委任統治/ マンデート	Inin (suru)/ Inin tōchi/ Mandēto
Noun-Ins	Personal reference guarantee letter (personal reference letter)	身元保証書/ 個人的な保証書	Mimoto hoshōsho/ Kojin-tekina hoshōsho
Noun-Ins	Term of guarantee (warranty period)	保証期間	Hoshō kikan
Noun-Ins	Testimony (evidence)	証言 (する)/ 証明 (する)/ 証 (あかし) (証拠)	Shōgen (suru)/ Shōmei (suru)/ Akashi (Shōko)
Noun-Ins	Written testimony	書面による証言/ 記された証拠/ 調書/ 口上書/ 陳述書/ 表示書	Shomen ni yoru shōgen/ Shirusa reta shōko/ Chōsho * (protocol; written evidence; record (investigation, interrogation, etc.); preliminary memo; charge sheet)/ Kōjōsho * (verbal note (notes verbale); written statement)/ Chinjutsu-sho * (written statement; statement of facts; affidavit; petition)/ Hyōji-sho * (written statement)
Noun-Lav	Warrant	令状/ 状 (じょう)	Reijō/ Jō
Noun-Lav	Arrest (arrestation)	逮捕 (する) (逮捕 (する))	Taiho (suru) (taiho (suru))
Noun-Lav	Arrest warrant	逮捕状/ 逮捕令状/ 勾引状	Taiho-jō/ Taiho reijō/ Kōin-jō * (summons; warrant of arrest)
Noun-Lav	Restraining order	接近禁止命令/ 禁止命令/ 差し止め命令	Sekkin kinshi meirei/ Kinshi meirei/ Sashitome meirei
Noun-Lav	Search warrant	搜索令状/ 捜査令状/ 搜索状	Sōsaku reijō/ Sōsa reijō/ Sōsaku-jō
Noun-Lav	Abomination	忌まわしい	Imawashī
Noun-Lav	Abuse (abusement; abusar)	虐待 (する/ の)/ 乱用 (する)/ 悪用/ 罵り (の)/ 誹謗 (する)/ 悪口 (する)/ 誤用 (する)/ 酷使 (する) (虐待 (する/ の); 虐待 (する/ の))	Gyakutai (suru/ no) * (abuse; ill-treatment; maltreatment; mistreatment; cruelty)/ Ran'yō (suru) * (abuse; misuse; misappropriation; using to excess/ abuse of process)/ Akuyō * (abuse; misuse; perversion)/ Nonoshiri (no) * (abuse; curse; swearing; insult)/ Hibou (suru) * (slander; abuse)/ Waruguchi (suru) * (slander; bad-mouthing; abuse; insult; speaking ill (of))/ Goyō (suru) * (misuse; incorrect use; abuse; malapropism)/ Kokushi (suru) * (exploitation; overuse; abuse) (gyakutai (suru/ no); gyakutai (suru/ no))
Noun-Lav	Adultery (fornication)	姦通 (淫行)	Kantsū (inkō)
Noun-Lav	Arson	放火 (する/ の)/ 火付け (する)	Hōka (suru/ no) * (arson; setting fire)/ Hitsuke (suru) * (arson; incendiarism)
Noun-Lav	Autopsy	剖検 (する)/ 解剖 (する)/ 検死 (する)	Bōken (suru) * (autopsy; necropsy)/ Kaibō (suru) * (dissection; autopsy; postmortem examination/ analysis; postmortem)/ Kenshi (suru) * (autopsy; post-mortem (examination); (coroner's) inquest/ examination of a body to determine if a crime has been committed)

Noun-Lav	Embalming	防腐処理 (する)	Bōfu shori (suru)
Noun-Lav	Banishment	追放 (する)	Tsuihō (suru)
Noun-Lav	Deportation	国外追放 (する)/ 追放 (する)/ 送還 (する)/ 流刑 (する)	Kokugai tsuihō (suru) * (deportation; expulsion from the country)/ Tsuihō (suru) * (exile; banishment; eviction; deportation; purge; expulsion; ousting/ elimination (e.g. of poverty); removal)/ Sōkan (suru) * (sending home; repatriation; deportation)/ Rukei (suru) * (exile; banishment; deportation)
Noun-Lav	Exile	亡命 (する)	Bōmei (suru)
Noun-Lav	Betrayal	裏切り	Uragiri
Noun-Lav	Blackmail	脅迫 (する)	Kyōhaku (suru)
Noun-Lav	Breach	違反 (する)	Ihan (suru)
Noun-Lav	Bribe (bribery)	賄賂/ 裏金/ 袖の下/ 賂 (まいない) (賄賂/ 贈賄 (する)/ 贈収賄/ 買収 (する))	Wairo * (bribe; sweetener; douceur)/ Uragane * (bribe)/ Sodenoshita * (bribe; money under the table)/ Mainai (mai nai) * (bribe) (Wairo/ Zōwai (suru) * (bribery; graft)/ Zōshūwai * (bribery; corruption)/ Baishū (suru) * (means 'acquisition (esp. corporate); buy-out; takeover; purchase', but can also mean 'bribery; buying off; corruption'))
Noun-Lav	Burglary	強盗 (する)	Gōtō (suru) * (robbery; burglary/ robber; mugger)
Noun-Lav	Bypassing normal legal procedures and making a direct appeal to a top official	駆け込み訴え * (Edo period; historical term)	Kakekomi uttae

Noun-Lav	Camouflage	迷彩/ 偽装 (する)/ カモフラージュ (する)/ 隠蔽色/ カモフラ/ 保護色/ 誤魔化し (の)/ 目くらまし/ 迷彩服/ 偽装工作 (する)/ 光学迷彩/ サファリストイル/ 隠れ身/ 陰忍/ 陽忍/ 擬態 (する)	Meisai * (camouflage; disguise/ military camouflage)/ Gisō (suru) * (camouflage; disguise/ pretense; feigning; masquerade)/ Kamofurāju (suru) * (camouflage/ from French)/ Inpeishoku * (cryptic coloration (colouration); camouflage)/ Kamofura * (camouflage/ abbreviation)/ Hogoshoku * (protective coloration; protective colouration; camouflage)/ Gomakashi (no) * (cheating; deception; trickery; manipulation; juggling; falsifying; sham; camouflage; smoke and mirrors; cutting corners)/ Me kuramashi * (blinding someone's eyes (to make an escape)/ smoke screen; distraction; deceptive means/ magic (trick); magic trick; sleight of hand)/ Meisai-fuku * (camouflage clothing; camouflage uniform)/ Gisō kōsaku (suru) * (diversionary tactics (maneuvering); disguise; hide by camouflage)/ Kōgaku meisai * (optical camouflage/ active camouflage)/ Safarisutairu * (camouflage clothes/ wasei, word made in Japan, From English "safari style")/ Kakure mi * (vanishing from sight (usu. via magic, camouflage. etc.); disappearing; hiding)/ In nin * (carrying out covert operations without being seen (of a ninja)/ historical term)/ Yō nin * (carrying out operations in the open (of a ninja))/ Gitai (suru) * (mimicry; mimesis; camouflage/ biology)
Noun-Lav	Cheating	不正行為/ 詐欺/ カンニング (する)/ 誤魔化し (の)/ インチキ (な)/ 如何様 (の/ な)/ 騙し/ チーティング/ チート/ 瞞着 (する)/ 欺騙 (する)	Fusei kōi/ Sagi * (fraud; swindle; graft; cheating; trick; scam/ saying you're going to do something but in the end not doing it; making promises without keeping them; flaking out)/ Kan'ningu (suru) * (cheating (on an examination); cribbing; from English "cunning")/ Gomakashi (no) * (cheating; deception; trickery; manipulation; juggling; falsifying; sham; camouflage; smoke and mirrors; cutting corners)/ Inchiki (na) * (cheating; fraud; trickery; deception/ fake; bogus; quack; sham; counterfeit)/ Ikasama (no/ na) * (fraud; cheating; foul play; trickery; hoax; swindle; counterfeit; fake)/ Damashi/ Chītingu/ Chīto/ Manchaku (suru) * (deception; cheating; trickery; fraud)/ Gihen (suru) * (deception; deceit; cheating)
Noun-Lav	Conscription	徴兵	Chōhei
Noun-Lav	Enlistment	入隊	Nyūtai
Noun-Lav	Corruption	腐敗 (する)	Fuhai (suru)
Noun-Lav	Crime (offense; the offense)	犯罪 (犯罪; 犯罪)	Hanzai (hanzai; hanzai)

Noun-Lav	Crime scene	犯行現場/ 犯罪場所/ 現場	Hankō genba * (scene of the crime (offense, offence))/ Hanzai basho * (crime scene)/ Genba * (actual spot; scene (of a crime, accident, etc.))
Noun-Lav	Criminal act (criminal offence; punishable fact)	犯罪行為 (刑事犯罪; 処罰対象事実)	Hanzai kōi (keiji hanzai; shobatsu taishō jijitsu)
Noun-Lav	Deceit	欺瞞 (する)	Giman (suru)
Noun-Lav	Deception	欺瞞 (する)/ 虚偽 (の)/ 誤魔化し (の)/ 瞞着 (する)/ 欺罔 (する)/ 欺騙 (する)/ インチキ (な)/ 欺くこと	Giman (suru) * (deception; deceit)/ Kyogi (no) * (falsehood; untruth; lie; misinformation)/ Gomakashi (no) * (cheating; deception; trickery; manipulation; juggling; falsifying; sham; camouflage; smoke and mirrors; cutting corners)/ Manchaku (suru) * (deception; cheating; trickery; fraud)/ Gimō (suru) * (deception; defrauding someone; fooling someone; swindling; false pretences)/ Gihen (suru) * (deception; deceit; cheating/ military deception)/ Inchiki (na) * (cheating; fraud; trickery; deception/ fake; bogus; quack; sham; counterfeit)/ Azamuku koto * (to deceive; to delude; to trick; to fool)
Noun-Lav	Decoy	好餌/ 囗 (おとり)/ デコイ	Kōji * (bait; decoy; lure)/ Otori * (decoy (for hunting); stool/ lure; decoy; stool pigeon; trap)/ Dekoi * (decoy)
Noun-Lav	Espionage	スパイ活動/ スパイ行為/ 諜報	Supai katsudō/ Supai kōi/ Chōhō * (secret information; intelligence)
Noun-Lav	Felony	重罪	Jūzai
Noun-Lav	Genocide	大量虐殺	Tairyō gyakusatsu
Noun-Lav	Harassment	嫌がらせ	Iyagarase
Noun-Lav	Jurisdiction	管轄 (する/ の)/ 所管 (する)/ 権限/ 所轄 (する/ の)/ 司法権/ 管区/ 法域/ 帰属 (する)/ 裁判権/ 管内	Kankatsu (suru/ no) * (jurisdiction; control)/ Shokan (suru) * (jurisdiction)/ Kengen * (power; authority; jurisdiction)/ Shokatsu (suru/ no) * (jurisdiction)/ Shihō-ken * (judicial power; jurisdiction)/ Kanku * (jurisdiction)/ Hōiki * (jurisdiction/ jurisdiction (area))/ Kizoku (suru) * (belonging; ascription; attribution; imputation; possession; jurisdiction)/ Saiban-ken * (jurisdiction)/ Kan'nai * (within the jurisdiction (of); one's jurisdiction/ in a pipe; in the pipe)

Noun-Lav	Justice	正義/ 公正 (な)/ 公平 (な)/ 義 (ぎ) (の)/ 公明/ 大義/ 当否/ 公義/ 正大 (な)/ ジャスティス	Seigi * (justice; right; righteousness)/ Kōsei (na) * (justice; fairness; impartiality)/ Kōhei (na) * (fairness; impartiality; justice; objectivity)/ Gi (no) * (morality; righteousness; justice; honour (honor)/ meaning)/ Kōmei * (fairness; openness; impartiality/ justice)/ Taigi * (great cause; moral law; justice)/ Tōhi * (propriety; right or wrong; justice)/ Kōgi * (justice; equity)/ Seidai (na) * (fairness; justice)/ Jasutisu
Noun-Lav	Kidnapping	誘拐	Yūkai
Noun-Lav	Law	法/ 法律/ 法則	Hō/ Hōritsu/ Hōsoku
Noun-Lav	Protection law (protection laws)	保護法/ 国民保護法/ 個人情報保護法 (保護法)	Hogo-hō/ Kokumin hogo-hō * (Civil Protection Law)/ Kojin jōhō hogo-hō * (Personal Information Protection Law) (hogo-hō)
Noun-Lav	Legal duty	法的義務	Hōteki gimu
Noun-Lav	Legislation (law; the law)	立法 (する/ の)/ 法律/ 法 (ほう)/ 法規/ 法制/ 法整備/ 法規制/ 法制化 (する) (法 (ほう); 法律)	Rippō (suru/ no)/ Hōritsu/ Hō/ Hōki/ Hōsei/ Hō seibi * (legislation; development of laws)/ Hō kisei * (regulation; legislation)/ Hōsei-ka (suru) * (legislating; legislation; passage (of a bill) into law) (Hō; Hōritsu)
Noun-Lav	Fraud	詐欺/ 如何様/ 不正 (な/ の)/ ペテン (ペテン)/ 騙り/ 詐欺罪/ インチキ (な)/ 詐欺 (する)/ 欺詐/ 瞞着 (する)	Sagi/ Ikasama/ Fusei (na/ no)/ Peten * (from Chinese “bēngzi”)/ Katari/ Sagi-zai/ Inchiki (na)/ Sagai (suru)/ Gisa/ Manchaku (suru)
Noun-Lav	Moral duty	道德的義務	Dōtoku-teki gimu
Noun-Lav	Murder	殺人 (する)/ 殺害 (せつがい/ せちがい) (する)	Satsujin (suru)/ Satsugai (setsugai/ sechigai) (suru)
Noun-Lav	Murder weapon	殺人兵器/ 凶器	Satsujin heiki/ Kyōki
Noun-Lav	Homicide	殺人	Satsujin
Noun-Lav	Plunder	略奪 (する)	Ryakudatsu (suru)
Noun-Lav	Profiteering (usury, exorbitant profit)	不当利得 (高利貸し; 法外な利益)	Futō ritoku (kōrigashi; hōgaina rieki)
Noun-Lav	Punishment	処罰 (する)/ 罰 (ばつ)/ 刑罰 (する)/ お仕置き/ 制裁 (する)	Shobatsu (suru) * (punishment; penalty/ sanctions (law))/ Batsu/ Keibatsu (suru) * ((criminal) punishment; penalty; sentence)/ Oshioki * (punishment (of children); spanking; smacking; scolding/ criminal punishment (esp. execution; Edo period))/ Seisai (suru) * (sanctions; punishment)
Noun-Lav	Raid	襲撃 (する)	Shūgeki (suru)
Noun-Lav	Ransom	身代金	Migajikan
Noun-Lav	Robbery	強盗 (する)	Gōtō (suru) * (robbery; burglary/ robber; mugger)
Noun-Lav	Heist	強盗	Gōtō
Noun-Lav	Sanctions	制裁 (する)/ 処罰 (する)	Seisai (suru)/ Shobatsu (suru) * (punishment; penalty/ sanctions (law))

Noun-Lav	Scam (a scam)	詐欺 (詐欺)	Sagi * (fraud; swindle; graft; cheating; trick; scam/ saying you're going to do something but in the end not doing it; making promises without keeping them; flaking out) (sagi)
Noun-Lav	Theft	盗難/ 窃盗 (する/ の)/ 盗み (ぬすみ)/ 窃盗罪	Tōnan/ Settō (suru/ no) * (theft; stealing; larceny)/ Nusumi/ Settō-zai * ((crime of) theft; (crime of) stealing; larceny)
Noun-Lav	Crime of leaking secrets (crime of revealing state secrets)	秘密漏洩罪	Himitsurōeizai
Noun-Lav	The crime of revealing a secret (breach of confidence)	秘密を侵す罪	Himitsuwookasutsumi
Noun-Lav	Honor killing (blood feud)	名誉殺人 (血の争い)	Meiyo satsujin (chi no arasoi)
Noun-Lav	Transgression	違反行為	Ihan kōi
Noun-Lav	Treachery	裏切り	Uragiri
Noun-Lav	Trespass	不法侵入	Fuhō shin'nyū
Noun-Lav	Violation	違反 (する)	Ihan (suru)
Noun-Asp	Aspirations	願望 (する)/ 野心/ 希望 (する)/ 志願 (する/ の)/ 抱負/ 憧れ (の)/ 野望/ 大志/ 大望/ 自己目/ 覇気/ やる気	Ganbō (suru) * (desire; wish; aspiration)/ Yashin * (ambition; aspiration)/ Kibō (suru) * (hope; wish; aspiration/ (bright) prospects; expectation)/ Shigan (suru/ no) * (aspiration; volunteering; desire; application)/ Hōfu * (aspiration; ambition; plan; hopes; wishes)/ Akogare (no) * (yearning; longing; aspiration; adoration; admiration)/ Yabō * (ambition; aspiration)/ Taishi * (ambition; aspiration)/ Taibō * (aspiration; ambition)/ Jikomoku * (aspiration; self aim; personal goal)/ Haki * (spirit; drive; vigour; vigor/ ambition; aspiration)/ Yaruki * (will (to do something); drive; motivation; enthusiasm; eagerness)
Noun-Asp	Demand (requirement)	需要/ 要求 (する)/ 請求 (する)/ 催促 (する)/ 注文 (する)/ 要請 (する)/ ニーズ (要件)	Juyō/ Yōkyū (suru)/ Seikyū (suru) * (claim; demand; charge; application; request; billing (for a service))/ Saisoku (suru) * (pressing; urging; demanding; demand)/ Chūmon (suru) * (means 'request; demand; condition; , but can also mean 'order (for an item)')/ Yōsei (suru) * (appeal; call for something; request; claim; demand)/ Nīzu (Yōken)
Noun-Asp	Desire (need; longing; wanting (to have))	欲望 (の/ な)/ 欲しい (必要 (な)/ 必要性/ 望む/ 願う/ 憧れる/ 切望 (する/ の) (持ちたい))	Yokubō (no/ na)/ Hoshī (Hitsuyō (na)/ Hitsuyō-sei/ Nozomu/ Negau/ Akogareru/ Setsubō (suru/ no) (mochitai))
Noun-Asp	Burning desire	燃える欲望	Moeru yokubō
Noun-Asp	Desire for revenge (vengeful thought)	復讐心 (復しゅう心)	Fukushū shin
Noun-Asp	Hope (wish; aspiration)	希望 (する) (願い; 希望)	Kibō (suru) (negai; kibō)
Noun-Asp	Full of hope	希望に満ちた	Kibō ni michita

Noun-Asp	Need (want; desire)	必要 (な)/ 入り用 (な/ の)/ 入用 (な) (欲しい; 欲望 (の/ な))	Hitsuyō (na)/ Iriyō (na/ no)/ Iriyō (na) (hoshī; yokubō (no/ na))
Noun-Asp	Necessity	必要性/ 必要 (な)/ 必然性/ 入用 (な)/ 入り用 (な/ の)	Hitsuyō-sei * (necessity)/ Hitsuyō (na) * (necessity; need; requirement/ necessary; needed; essential; indispensable)/ Hitsuzen-sei * (necessity; inevitability)/ Ni ~yuuyou (iriyō) (na) * (need; want; necessity; requirement)/ Iriyō (na/ no) * (need; want; necessity)
Noun-Asp	Out of necessity	必要に迫られて	Hitsuyō ni semararete
Noun-Asp	Qualification	資格 (する)/ 条件/ 合格 (する)/ 通過 (する)/ 有資格/ 具備 (する)	Shikaku (suru) * (qualifications; requirements; capabilities)/ Jōken * (condition; term; requirement; qualification; prerequisite)/ Gōkaku (suru) * (passing (an exam); pass; success; passing grade/ meeting (specifications, standards, etc.); passing (inspection); qualification; being found eligible)/ Tsūka (suru) * (means 'passing through (a tunnel, station, town, etc.); passing by (e.g. of a typhoon); transit', but can also mean 'passing (an examination, inspection, etc.); clearing; getting through (a preliminary round); qualification')/ Yū shikaku * (eligibility (e.g. to perform a job); qualification; licence)/ Gubi (suru) * (possessing (what is required); having; fulfilling (conditions); satisfying (requisites); being endowed with)
Noun-Asp	Request (need; requirement)	要求 (する)/ (ご)要望 (する)/ リクエスト (する) (必要 (な)) / 依頼 (する)/ 必須 (の)	Yōkyū (suru)/ (go) yōbō (suru)/ rikuesuto (suru) (hitsuyō (na))/ Irai (suru)/ Hissu (no)
Noun-Asp	Requirement	要件/ 要求 (する)/ 条件	Yōken/ Yōkyū (suru)/ Jōken
Noun-Asp	Request (commission)	依頼 (する)/ 委嘱 (する)	Irai (suru)/ Ishoku (suru)
Noun-Asp	Wish (desire; hope)	願い/ 欲しい/ 希望 (する) (願い; 希望)	Negai/ Hoshī/ Kibō (suru) (negai; kibō)
Noun-Ord	Application (written request)	願書/ 願い書	Gansho/ Negai-sho
Noun-Ord	Appointment	予定 (する)/ 予約 (する)/ アポイントメント (する)	Yotei (suru)/ Yoyaku (suru)/ Apointomento (suru)
Noun-Ord	Approval	承認 (する)/ 許可 (する)/ 承諾 (する)/ 認可 (する)/ 同意 (する)/ 可 (か)	Shōnin (suru)/ Kyoka (suru)/ Shōdaku (suru)/ Ninka (suru)/ Dōi (suru)/ Ka * (acceptable; satisfactory; allowed; permitted/ approval; being in favour; (a) vote in favour; aye)
Noun-Ord	Arrangement (arrangements)	アレンジメント (アレンジメント)	arenjimento (arenjimento)
Noun-Ord	Authorization (authorisation)	認可 (する)/ 許可 (する)/ 認定 (する) (認可 (する))	Ninka (suru)/ Kyoka (suru)/ Nintei (suru) (ninka (suru))
Noun-Ord	Booking	予約 (する)/ 付け込み (する)/ ブッキング (する)/ リザーベーション	Yoyaku (suru)/ Tsuke-komi (suru) * (entry; booking)/ Bukkingu (suru)/ Rizabēshon

Noun-Ord	Cancellation	取り止め/ 解除 (する)/ 休講 (する)/ 削除 (する)/ 解消 (する)/ 願い下げ/ キャンセル (する)/ 取り消し	Toriyame/ Kaijo (suru) * (termination (of a contract); cancellation; rescinding; rescission)/ Kyūkō (suru) * (cancellation (of a lecture, class, etc.))/ Sakujo (suru) * (deletion; elimination; erasure; striking out)/ Kaishō (suru) * (cancellation; liquidation; resolution; reduction (e.g. of stress))/ Negaisage * (cancellation; withdrawal)/ Kyanseru (suru) * (from English "cancel")/ Torikeshi * (cancellation; withdrawal; abolition; revocation; cancel; CAN)
Noun-Ord	Criteria (requirements)	基準/ クライテリア (要件/ 条件)	Kijun/ Kuraiteria (Yōken/ Jōken)
Noun-Ord	Deletion (removal; elimination; erasure)	削除 (する)/ 消去 (する)/ 抹消 (する)/ 消除 (する)/ デリーション (削除 (する); 除去 (する); 消去 (する))	Sakujo (suru)/ Shōkyo (suru)/ Masshō (suru)/ Shōjo (suru)/ Derishon (Sakujo (suru); Jokyo (suru); Shōkyo (suru))
Noun-Ord	Removal	除去 (する)/ 排除 (する)/ 撤去 (する)	Jokyo (suru) * (removal; getting rid of)/ Haijo (suru) * (exclusion; removal; elimination; clearing away; getting rid of)/ Tekkyo (suru) * (removal; taking away; dismantling (a building, facilities, etc.); withdrawal (of troops))
Noun-Ord	Highlight	ハイライト (する/ な)/ 強調 (する)/ 看板/ 圧巻/ 見どころ/ 見せ場	Hairaito (suru/ na)/ Kyōchō (suru) * (emphasis; stress; highlighting; underlining; underscoring/ accentuating (a feature or certain part); accenting)/ Kanban * (can mean 'signboard; sign; billboard; hoarding; doorplate', but can also mean 'draw; attraction; feature; highlight; spokesman; figurehead')/ Akkan * (highlight; best part)/ Midokoro * (point worthy of note; good point; part worth seeing; highlight; good scene)/ Miseba * (highlight (scene); high point; climax; showtime)
Noun-Ord	Highlights (the highlights)	総集編/ ハイライト (ハイライト)	Sōshūhen * (highlights; summary; compilation)/ Hairaito (Hairaito)
Noun-Ord	Official request	公式リクエスト/ 正式な依頼/ 公式要求/ 公式的な要求/ 公式な要求	Kōshiki rikuesuto/ Seishikina irai/ Kōshiki yōkyū/ Kōshiki-tekina yōkyū/ Kōshikina yōkyū
Noun-Ord	Order (for an item)	(ご) 注文 (する)/ オーダー (する)/ 発注 (する)/ 受注 (する)/ 指示 (する)	(go) Chūmon (suru)/ Ōdā (suru)/ Hatchū (suru) * (purchase order; ordering (materials); placing an order; order)/ Juchū (suru) * (sales order; accepting an order; receiving an order; orders received; closed won)/ Shiji (suru) * (indication; denotation; designation; order)
Noun-Ord	Order (command; decree)	命 (めい)/ 命令 (する)	Mei/ Meirei (suru)
Noun-Ord	Order (the order)	(ご) 注文 (する) (オーダー)	(go) Chūmon (suru) (ōdā)
Noun-Ord	Prerequisites	前提条件/ 必須条件/ 必要条件/ 前提	Zentei jōken/ Hissu jōken/ Hitsuyō jōken/ Zentei

Noun-Ord	Priority	優先 (する/ の)/ 優先権/ 優先度/ 重点 * (important point; emphasis; stress; importance; priority)/ 優先順位/ 先行 (する/ の)/ 重要度/ プライオリティ (な/ の)	Yūsen (suru/ no)/ Yūsen-ken/ Yūsen-do/ Jūten/ Yūsen jun'i * (priority; order of precedence)/ Senkō (suru/ no) * (going ahead; going first)/ Jōyōdo * (importance; priority)/ Puraioriti (na/ no)
Noun-Ord	Representation	表現 (する)	Hyōgen (suru) * (expression; representation; description)
Noun-Ord	Reservation	予約 (する)/ リザーベーション	Yoyaku (suru)/ Rizabēshon
Noun-Ord	Reservation system (booking system)	予約制/ 予約システム/ 予約のシステム (ブッキングシステム)	Yoyaku-sei/ Yoyaku shisutemu/ Yoyaku no shisutemu (Bukkingushisutemu)
Noun-Ord	Reservations-only system (by-appointment-only system)	完全予約制	Kanzen yoyaku-sei
Noun-Ord	Fully booked	満室 (の)/ 満席 (の)/ 満杯な予約	Manshitsu (no)/ Manseki (no)/ Manpaina yoyaku
Noun-Ord	Full house	満員/ 満席/ 札止め/ 満卓/ 大入り/ 満座/ 満員御礼/ フルハウス	Man'in * (full house; no vacancy; sold out; standing room only; full (of people); crowded)/ Manseki * (full house; all seats occupied; fully occupied)/ Fudadome * (full house; sell-out/ putting up a sign forbidding entry, passage, etc.)/ Mantaku * (full house; all tables full)/ Ōiri * (large attendance; full house; capacity audience)/ Manza * (the whole assembly; the full house; whole group; everyone)/ Man'in orei * (full house; sell-out crowd/ all Seats Sold, Thank You/ displayed on banners in a sumo hall))/ Furuhausu * (full house/ card games, ie. poker)
Noun-Ord	Schedule	スケジュール (する)/ 予定 (する)/ 日程	Sukejūru (suru)/ Yotei (suru)/ Nittei
Noun-Ord	Slot	スロット	Surotto
Noun-Ord	Time slot	タイムスロット	Taimusurotto
Noun-Ord	Very carefully chosen	非常に慎重に選ばれた/ とても慎重に選ばれました	Hijō ni shinchō ni eraba reta/ Totemo shinchō ni eraba remashita
Noun-Hea	Ache	痛み	Itami
Noun-Hea	Bad injury	重傷/ ひどい怪我 (酷い怪我)	Jūshō/ Hidoi kega
Noun-Hea	Bleeding	出血 (する)	Shukketsu (suru)
Noun-Hea	Blister	水膨れ	Mizubukure
Noun-Hea	Damage	損害 (する)/ 破損 (する)/ 損傷 (する)/ 故障 (する)/ 損 (する/ な)/ ダメージ	Songai (suru)/ Hason (suru)/ Sonshō (suru)/ Koshō (suru)/ Son (suru/ na)/ Damēji
Noun-Hea	Dent (a dent)	デント (へこみ (凹み))	Dento (hekomi * (hollow; cavity; dent; depression))
Noun-Hea	Eczema	湿疹	shisshin
Noun-Hea	Frostbite	凍傷	Toushou
Noun-Hea	Gangrene	壊疽	Eso
Noun-Hea	Groove	溝	Mizo

Noun-Head	Dizziness (vertigo)	目眩 (めまい)/ 上気 (する)/ 立ちくらみ (する) (暈倒病/ 空間識失調/ パーティゴ)	Memai * (dizziness; giddiness; vertigo)/ Jōki (suru) * (flushing (of one's cheeks); dizziness; rush of blood to the head)/ Tachi kurami (suru) * (dizziness (from standing up too fast); orthostatic syncope; lightheadedness; vertigo) (Untō-byō * (vertigo; staggers)/ Kūkanshikishitchō * (loss of equilibrium; vertigo)/ Bātigo * (vertigo))
Noun-Head	Flu (the flu; a cold; influenza)	風邪/ 流感/ インフルエンザ/ 流行性感冒	Kaze/ Ryūkan/ Infuruenza/ Ryūkō seikan bō (ri ~yuukouseikanbou)
Noun-Head	Fracture	骨折 (する)	Kossetsu (suru)
Noun-Head	Harm	危害/ 害 (がい)/ 毒 (どく)/ 被害/ 損 (そん)/ 害悪	Kigai/ Gai/ Doku * (means 'poison; toxicant', but can also mean 'harm; evil influence/ ill will; spite; malice')/ Higai * ((suffering) damage; injury; harm)/ Son * (loss; damage; harm; unprofitable/ disadvantage; handicap; drawback; unfavorable)/ Gaiaku * (harm; injury; evil (influence))
Noun-Head	Havoc	大混乱	Dai konran
Noun-Head	Heart attack	心臓発作	Shinzō hossa
Noun-Head	Hurt (pain)	傷 (きず)/ 痛い/ 傷み (痛み/ いたみ)/ 怪我 (する) (痛い)	Kizu/ Itai/ Itami/ Kega (suru) * (injury; wound) (itai)
Noun-Head	Hypothermia	低体温症	Tei taion-shō
Noun-Head	Infection (sickness)	感染症/ 感染 (する)/ 伝染 (する) (病気)	Kansen-shō/ Kansen (suru)/ Densen (suru) (byōki)
Noun-Head	Bacterial infection	細菌感染	Saikinkansen
Noun-Head	Injury	怪我 (する)	Kega (suru)
Noun-Head	Malfunction	故障 (する)/ 失調/ 誤作動 (する)/ 動作不良/ 誤動作 (する)	Koshō (suru) * (fault; trouble; breakdown; failure; being out of order/ damage (to a part of the body); injury; hurt)/ Shitchō * (lack of harmony; lack of balance; lack of coordination; malfunction)/ Go sadō (suru) * (malfunction; failure)/ Dōsa furyō * (malfunction; defective operation; operational failure)/ Godōsa (suru) * (malfunction)
Noun-Head	Mayhem	騒乱 (の)	Sōran (no)
Noun-Head	Pain	痛み/ 苦痛/ 苦心 (する)/ 苦しみ	Itami * (pain; ache; soreness; grief; distress/ damage; injury; wear; bruise; break)/ Kutsū * (pain; agony; suffering; distress; torment)/ Kushin (suru) * (pains; hard work; effort; trouble; labour; labor)/ Kurushimi * (pain; anguish; distress; suffering; hardship)
Noun-Head	Phobia	恐怖症	kyoufu shou

Noun-Hea	Repair	修理 (する)/ 修繕 (する)/ 補修 (する)/ 手入れ (する)/ 改修 (する)/ 修復 (する)	Shūri (suru) * (repair; mending; fixing; servicing)/ Shūzen (suru) * (repair; mending)/ Hoshū (suru) * (repair; mending)/ Teire (suru) * (care; looking after; repair; maintenance; tending; trimming; grooming/ be careful, this word can also mean '(police) raid; police raid; crackdown')/ Kaishū (suru) * (repair; improvement)/ Shūfuku (suru) * (restoration; repair; mending)
Noun-Hea	Beyond repair	修理不能/ 直らない/ めためた (な)/ 箸にも棒にもかからない/ 箸にも棒にも引っかからない/ 土崩瓦解 (する)	Shūri funō * (unrepairable; not repairable; impossible to repair)/ Naoranai * (beyond repair; irreparable)/ Metameta (na) * (beyond repair)/ Hashinimobōnimokakaranai * (hopeless; incorrigible; beyond repair; good-for-nothing; terrible)/ Hashinimobōnimo hikkakaranai * (hopeless; incorrigible; beyond repair; good-for-nothing; terrible)/ Dohōgakai (suru) * (complete collapse; (something) going to pieces (breaking up beyond repair))
Noun-Hea	Sickness (illness; disease)	病気 (の)/ 病患/ 病/ 疾病/ 症 (な)	Byōki (no)/ Byōkan/ Yamai (byō)/ Shippei/ Shō (na)
Noun-Hea	Claustrophobia	閉所恐怖症	Heijokyōfushō
Noun-Hea	Contagion	伝染	Densen
Noun-Hea	Disease	病気	Byōki
Noun-Hea	Dyslexia	失読症	Shitsudokushō
Noun-Hea	Headache	頭痛	Zutsū
Noun-Hea	Hiccup	しゃっくり (吃逆) (する)/ ひゃっくり	Shakkuri (suru)/ Hi ~yakkuri
Noun-Hea	Illness	病気	Byōki
Noun-Hea	Inflammation	炎症	Enshō
Noun-Hea	Fever	熱	Netsu
Noun-Hea	Hay fever	花粉症	Kabunshō
Noun-Hea	Dry throat	喉の乾燥	Nodo no kansō
Noun-Hea	Period (menstruation; monthly)	生理 (月経; 毎月)	Seiri (gekkei; maitzuki)
Noun-Hea	Stomach pains	胃の痛み	Inoitami
Noun-Hea	Seasick	船酔い (する)/ シーシック	Fune-yoi (suru)/ Shīshikku
Noun-Hea	Sore throat (ie. hoarseness)	喉の痛み/ 喉風邪/ 咽頭炎/ 咽頭痛/ 口峽炎 (つまり, 声がれ)	Nodonoitami/ Nodo kaze/ Intō-en/ Intō-tsū/ Kōkyōen (tsumari, koe gare)
Noun-Hea	Stroke (a stroke)	脳梗塞/ 脳卒中	Nō kōsoku * (cerebral infarction; (ischemic) stroke)/ Nōsotchū * (stroke; cerebral haemorrhage; cerebral hemorrhage)
Noun-Hea	Turmoil	混乱 (する)	Konran (suru)
Noun-Hea	Virus	ウイルス	Uirusu
Noun-Hea	Warning (careful)	警告 (する) (注意 (する))	Keikoku (suru) (chūi (suru))
Noun-Hea	Wound	傷/ 怪我 (する)/ 負傷 (する)/ 創傷 (の)	Kizu/ Kega (suru)/ Fushō (suru)/ Sōshō (no)
Noun-Hea	Burning wound	焼けた傷	Yaketa kizu
Noun-Hea	Grazed	放牧された	Hōboku sareta

Noun-He	Graze wound (a graze)	擦り傷 (すり傷)	Surikizu (suri kizu)
Noun-He	Infected wound	感染した傷	Kansen shita kizu
Noun-He	Cut (a cut)	カット (カット)	katto (katto)
Noun-He	Damaged (wounded)	破損 (傷あり)	Hason (kizu ari)
Noun-He	Seizure	押収された/ 没収された/ 発作	Ōshū saretā * (seizure; confiscation)/ Bosshū saretā * (forfeiture; seizure; confiscation; impounding)/ Hossa * (fit; attack; spasm; ictus; paroxysm; seizure; stroke)
Noun-He	Severe wound (heavy wound)	重傷 (重傷)	Jūshō (jūshō)
Noun-He	Bruise (bruises; bruised; a bruise)	痣 (あざ)/ 傷 (きず)/ 痛み (打撲傷; 打撲; 傷; あざ)	Aza/ Kizu/ Itami (Dabokushō; Daboku; Kizu; Aza)
Noun-He	Broken (ie. a broken bone)	壊れた (つまり; 骨が折れた)	Kowareta (tsumari; hone ga oreta)
Noun-He	Sore (a sore)	痛み (ただれ)	Itami * (pain; ache; soreness; grief; distress/ damage; injury; wear; bruise; break) (tadare)
Noun-He	Sore (ie. sore muscles)	痛み (つまり; 筋肉痛)	Itami (tsumari; kin'nikutsū)
Noun-No	Pace (step)	ペース/ 歩調/ 足並み	Pēsu/ Hochō/ Ashinami
Noun-No	Step (pace)	歩/ 歩み/ 歩調/ ステップ	Ho/ Ayumi/ Hochō/ Suteppu
Noun-No	Trot (a trot)	速足 (速足)	Hayaashi (hayaashi)
Noun-No	Achievement (Accomplishment)	達成 (する)/ 貫徹 (する)	Tassei (suru)/ Kantetsu (suru)
Noun-No	Acting	演技 (する)/ 仕草	Engi (suru) * (acting; performance)/ Shigusa * (gesture; movement; action; behavior; behaviour; bearing; mannerism/ acting; performance)
Noun-No	Answer (reply)	返事 (する)/ 答え/ 回答 (する)/ 返答 (する)/ 返信 (する)/ 応答 (する)/ 答弁 (する)	Henji (suru)/ Kotae/ Kaitō (suru) * (answer; reply; response/ answer; solution; result)/ Hentō (suru)/ Hentō (suru)/ Henshin (suru)/ Ōtō (suru)/ Tōben (suru) * (response; reply; answer; defence; defense)
Noun-No	Honest answer	正直な答え	Shōjikina kotae
Noun-No	Answering one's own question (wondering to oneself)	自問自答 (する)	Jimonjitō (suru)
Noun-No	Cue (cues)	手がかり	Tegakari
Noun-No	Feat (a feat)	偉業/ 手柄/ 快挙 (偉業)	Igyō/ Tegara/ Kaikyo * (brilliant achievement; spectacular feat; splendid accomplishment; remarkable deed) (Igyō)
Noun-No	Feedback	フィードバック (する)	Fīdobakku (suru)
Noun-No	Direct feedback	直接フィードバック	chokusetsu fīdobakku
Noun-No	Fulfillment	成就 (する)/ 実行 (する)/ 履行 (する)/ 貫徹 (する)/ 完遂 (する)/ フルフィルメント (の/ な/ する)	Jōju (suru)/ Jikkō (suru)/ Rikō (suru)/ Kantetsu (suru)/ Kansui (suru)/ Furufirumento (no/ na/ suru)
Noun-No	Introduction	紹介 (する)/ 前書き/ 入門 (する)	Shōkai (suru)/ Maegaki/ Nyūmon (suru)
Noun-No	Performance (achievement; feat)	性能/ 業績/ パフォーマンス (業績; 偉業)	Seinō/ Gyōseki/ Pafōmansu (Gyōseki; Igyō)
Noun-No	Performance improvement	パフォーマンスの向上	Pafōmansu no kōjō

Noun-No	Promise	(お) 約束 (する)/ 見込み/ 約 (やく)/ 言質/ 将来性/ 約束事/ 確約 (する)	(o) Yakusoku (suru)/ Mikomi * (hope; promise; possibility; chance; probability; likelihood)/ Yaku * (promise; appointment; engagement)/ Genchi * (commitment; pledge; promise)/ Shōrai-sei * (future prospects; promise)/ Yakusokugoto * (promise; vow; engagement)/ Kakuyaku (suru) * (firm promise; definite promise)
Noun-No	Empty promises	空虚な約束	Kūkyona yakusoku
Noun-No	Commitment	コミットメント/ 言質/ コミット (する)	Komittomento/ Genchi/ Komitto (suru)
Noun-No	Realization (actualization)	実現 (する)/ 達成 (する)	Jitsugen (suru)/ Tassei (suru)
Noun-No	Realization (implementation; actualization)	実現 (する)/ 達成 (する)/ 貫徹 (する)/ 実行 (する)/ 成就 (する)/ 現実化 (する)	Jitsugen (suru)/ Tassei (suru)/ Kantetsu (suru)/ Jikkō (suru)/ Jōju (suru)/ Genjitsu-ka (suru)
Noun-No	Realization (awareness)	認識 (する)/ 気付き	Ninshiki (suru)/ Kidzuki
Noun-No	Reaction	反応 (する)/ リアクション	Han'nō (suru)/ Riakushon
Noun-No	Reply	返事 (する)/ 回答 (する)/ 応答 (する)/ 返信 (する)/ 返答 (する)/ 答え	Henji (suru)/ Kaitō (suru)/ Ōtō (suru)/ Henshin (suru) * (reply (e.g. email, fax, letter); answer)/ Hentō (suru)/ Kotae * (answer; reply; response/ answer; solution; result)
Noun-No	Response	応答 (する)/ 反応 (する)/ 返事 (する)/ 答え	Ōtō (suru)/ Han'nō (suru)/ Henji (suru)/ Kotae * (answer; reply; response/ answer; solution; result)
Noun-No	Stage acting	舞台演技	Butai engi
Noun-No	Substantive response (substantive comment)	実質的な対応/ 実質的な回答 (実質的な論評/ 実質的なコメント)	Jisshitsu-tekina taiō/ Jisshitsu-tekina kaitō (jisshitsu-tekina ronpyō/ jisshitsu-tekina komento)
Noun-No	Review (revision)	見直し (する)/ 確認 (する)/ 復習 (する)/ 批評 (する)	Minaoshi (suru)/ Kakunin (suru) * (confirmation; verification; validation; review; check; affirmation; identification)/ Fukushū (suru) * (review (of learned material); revision)/ Hihyō (suru) * (criticism; critique; review; commentary)

Noun-No	Revision	改正 (する/ の)/ 復習 (する)/ 訂正 (する/ の)/ 改訂 (する/ の)/ 是正 (する)/ 修正 (する)/ 変更 (する)/ 更正 (する)/ 改定 (する)/ 見直し (する)/ 校閲 (する)/ 加筆 (する)/ 査定 (する)/ リビジョン	Kaisei (suru/ no) * (revision; amendment; alteration)/ Fukushū (suru) * (review (of learned material); revision)/ Teisei (suru/ no) * (correction; revision; amendment)/ Kaitei (suru/ no) * (revision (of text); alteration; change)/ Zesei (suru) * (correction; revision; redressing; rectifying)/ Shūsei (suru) * (amendment; correction; revision; modification; alteration; retouching; update; fix)/ Henkō (suru) * (change; modification; alteration; revision; amendment)/ Kōsei (suru) * (correction; revision; rectification)/ Kaitei (suru) * (revision (of a rule, price, etc.); alteration; change)/ Minaoshi (suru) * (review; reconsideration; revision)/ Kōetsu (suru) * (revision; proofreading)/ Kahitsu (suru) * (improvement (to a piece of writing or painting); revision; correction; touching up)/ Satei (suru) * (assessment (of value, damages, etc.); revision (of a budget))/ Ribijon
Noun-No	Signature	署名/ サイン	Shomei/ Sain
Noun-No	Speed	速度/ 緩急/ テンポ	Sokudo/ Kankyū/ Tenpo
Noun-No	Top speed	最高速度	Saikō sokudo
Noun-No	Velocity	速度	Sokudo
Noun-No	Vigilance	警戒 (する)/ ヴィジランス/ 不寝番	Keikai (suru)/ Vu~ijiransu/ Fushinban
Noun-No	Advise (advice; consultation)	助言 (する)/ 勧告 (する)/ アドバイス (する) (相談 (する))	Jogen (suru)/ Kankoku (suru)/ Adobaisu (suru) (Sōdan (suru))
Noun-No	Blunt advice	率直なアドバイス	sotsujoku na adobaisu
Noun-No	Piece of advice	一つの忠告/ 一つの助言/ 一つの警告/ 一つのアドバイス/ 一つの注意	Hitotsu no chūkoku * (one piece of advise/ one piece of warning)/ Hitotsu no jogen * (one suggestion; one tip; one hint; one piece of advice)/ Hitotsu no keikoku * (one piece of warning/ one piece of advise)/ Hitotsu no adobaisu * (one piece of advise)/ Hitotsu no chūi * (one piece of attention; please notice; one piece of caution; one piece of care)
Noun-No	Clear explanation	わかりやすい説明/ 明確な説明	Wakari yasui setsumei/ Meikakuna setsumei
Noun-No	Clue	手がかり/ 暗示 (する)/ ヒント/ 鍵 (かぎ)/ 糸口/ キーワード	Tegakari * (clue; lead; key; trail; scent; track/ handhold; hold)/ Anji (suru) * (hint; suggestion; clue; implication)/ Hinto * (hint; clue)/ Kagi * (key (to a problem, success, etc.); clue)/ Itoguchi * (beginning; start; first step/ clue; lead; hint)/ Kīwādo * (key word; key phrase; clue/ keyword; search term; index term)
Noun-No	Counsel	助言 (する)	Jogen (suru)

Noun-No	Hint	ヒント/ 暗示 (する)/ 気配/ 示唆 (する)/ 諷諭 (風諭/ 風喩) (する)/ 仄めかし (ほのめかし)	Hinto * (hint; clue)/ Anji (suru) * (hint; suggestion; clue; implication)/ Kehai * (indication; sign; hint; sensation; feeling)/ Shisa (suru) * (suggestion; hint; implication)/ Fūyu (suru) * (hint; insinuation; indirect suggestion; allegory)/ Honomekashi * (hint; intimation; suggestion; inkling)
Noun-No	Indication	表示 (する)/ 指示 (する)/ 気配/ 表明 (する)/ 兆し/ 兆候/ 気 (け)/ 気色/ 徴 (ちょう)	Hyōji (suru) * (indication; expression; showing; manifestation; demonstration)/ Shiji (suru) * (indication; denotation; designation)/ Kehai * (indication; sign; hint; sensation; feeling)/ Hyōmei (suru) * (declaration; indication; representation; manifestation; demonstration; expression; announcement; assertion)/ Kizashi * (sign; indication; omen; symptom)/ Chōkō * (sign; indication; omen; symptom)/ Ke * (sign; indication; trace; touch; feeling/ somehow; for some reason; seeming to be/ the kanji character is not read as 'ki' in this case)/ Kishoku * (sign; indication)/ Chō * (sign; indication; symptom)
Noun-No	Keyword	キーワード/ 見出し語	Kīwādo * (key word; key phrase; clue/ keyword; search term; index term)/ Midashi-go * (headword (in a dictionary); entry word)
Noun-No	Annihilation	全滅 (する)	Zenmetsu (suru)
Noun-No	Complete destruction	全滅 (する)/ 全壊 (する)/ 勦討 (する)/ 灰燼/ 破却 (する)/ 完全破壊	Zenmetsu (suru)/ Zenkai (suru)/ Sōtō (Suru) * (complete annihilation)/ Kaijin * (ash; embers; complete destruction)/ Hakyaku (suru) * (complete destruction; demolition)/ Kanzen hakai
Noun-No	Destruction (extermination; extinction; annihilation)	破壊 (する)/ 絶滅 (する)/ 壊滅 (する/ の)/ 荒廃 (する)/ 倒壊 (する)/ 破滅 (する)/ 退治 (する)/ 滅亡 (する) (殲滅 (する); 絶滅 (する); 殲滅 (する); 消滅 (する))	Hakai (suru)/ Zetsumetsu (suru)/ Kaimetsu (suru/ no)/ Kōhai (suru)/ Tōkai (suru)/ Hametsu (suru)/ Taiji (suru)/ Metsubō (suru) (Senmetsu (suru); Zetsumetsu (suru); Senmetsu (suru); Shōmetsu (suru))
Noun-No	Disappearance	消失 (する)	Shōshitsu (suru)
Noun-No	Eradication	根絶 (する)	Konzetsu (suru)
Noun-No	Extermination	絶滅 (する)	Zetsumetsu (suru)

Noun-No	Extinction (extinct)	絶滅 (する)/ 消滅 (する)/ 廃絶 (する)/ 消去 (する)/ 減光 (する)/ 消光 (する) (絶滅 (する)/ 絶える/ 滅びる)	Zetsumetsu (suru) * (extinction; extermination/ eradication; stamping out; wiping out)/ Shōmetsu (suru) * (extinction; extinguishment; disappearance; vanishing; termination; lapse/ annihilation * (physics))/ Haizetsu (suru) * (abolition; elimination/ extinction; discontinuation)/ Shōkyo (suru) * (erasure; deletion; elimination; clearing/ elimination (of variables) * (mathematics)/ extinction * (psychology))/ Genkō (suru) * (light reduction; dimming of a light/ extinction * (astronomy))/ Shōkō (suru) * (passing one's time * (formal or literary term, used mainly in letters)/ extinction (of light) * (physics)/ quenching (of fluorescence) * (chemistry)) (Zetsumetsu (suru)/ Taeru * (to die out; to peter out; to become extinct/ to cease; to be stopped; to be discontinued; to be cut off)/ Horobiru * (to go to ruin; to go under; to fall; to be destroyed; to die out; to become extinct; to perish))
Noun-No	Excessive or unjustifiable self-defense (defence)	過剰防衛	Kajō bōei
Noun-No	Guidance	案内 (する)/ ガイダンス (する)	An'nai (suru)/ Gaidansu (suru)
Noun-No	Help (assistance; the help; aid)	助け/ ヘルプ/ 手伝い/ 救い/ 救済 (する)/ 世話 (する)/ 面倒 (な)/ サービス (する) (助け; 援助 (する))	Tasuke/ Herupu/ Tetsudai/ Sukui/ Kyūsai (suru)/ Sewa (suru)/ Mendō (na)/ Sābisu (suru) (Tasuke; Enjo (suru))
Noun-No	Maintenance	保守 (する)/ 維持 (する)/ メンテナンス (する)	Hoshu (suru)/ Iji (suru)/ Mentenansu (suru)
Noun-No	Maintenance procedure	保守の手順/ メンテナンス手順/ 維持の手順/ 保守の手続き	Hoshu no tejun/ Mentenansu tejun/ Iji no tejun/ Hoshu no tetsudzuki
Noun-No	Number one (first; first place)	一番 (の)	Ichiban (no)
Noun-No	Oppression (suppression; repression)	抑圧 (する) (抑圧 (する); 抑圧 (する))	Yokuatsu (suru) (yokuatsu (suru); yokuatsu (suru))
Noun-No	Persecution	迫害 (する)	Hakugai (suru)
Noun-No	Pointer (pointers)	指示 (する)/ 指示棒/ ポインタ	Shiji (suru) * (indication; denotation; designation)/ Shiji bō * (pointer; pointing stick)/ Pointa * (pointer)
Noun-No	Ramming attack (charging attack; hurling oneself (at))	体当たり (体当り) (する)/ 進撃 (する)/ チャージ (する)	Karada atari (suru)/ Shingeki (suru)/ Chāji (suru)
Noun-No	Recommendation	(お) 勧め (する)	(o) Susume (suru)
Noun-No	Rescue	救助 (する)/ 救出 (する)/ 救援 (する)/ 救済 (する)	Kyūjo (suru)/ Kyūshutsu (suru)/ Kyūen (suru)/ Kyūsai (suru)

Noun-No	Rescue operation	救出作戦/ 救助活動/ 救援活動	Kyūshutsu sakusen * (rescue mission; evacuation operation)/ Kyūjo katsudō * (rescue operation; aid operation; rescue work)/ Kyūen katsudō
Noun-No	Ruin	台無しにする	Dainashi ni suru
Noun-No	Sabotage	妨害行為/ 妨害工作/ 妨害/ 怠業 (する)/ 破壊工作/ 破壊活動	Bōgai kōi/ Bōgai kōsaku/ Bōgyō/ Taigyō (suru) * (sabotage; slow-down tactics)/ Hakai kōsaku * (sabotage; subversive activities)/ Hakai katsudō * (subversive activities; sabotage)
Noun-No	Simultaneous occurrence (happening at the same time)	同時多発/ 同時発生	Dōji tahatsu/ Dōji hassei
Noun-No	Stroke	一打/ 一撃 (する)/ ストローク	Ichida * (stroke; blow)/ Ichigeki (suru) * (blow; hit; stroke)/ Sutorōku * (stroke (of a racket, in swimming, etc.))
Noun-No	Support (assistance)	支持 (する)/ 支援 (する)/ 補助 (する)/ 扶養 (する)/ 後援 (する)/ 援護 (する)/ 援助 (する)/ サポート (する)/ 後押し (する) (アシスタント)	Shiji (suru)/ Shien (suru)/ Hojo (suru)/ Fuyō (suru)/ Kōen (suru)/ Engo (suru)/ Enjo (suru)/ Sapōto (suru)/ Atooshi (suru) (ashisutanto)
Noun-No	Emotional support	心の支え	Kokoronosasae
Noun-No	Terrorist attack	テロ攻撃	Tero kōgeki
Noun-No	Terrorist organization	テロ組織	Tero soshiki
Noun-No	Top recommendation ((something) highly recommended)	一押し (の)/ 一番の勧め/ 一番勧め	Ichioshi (no)/ Ichiban no susume/ Ichiban susume
Noun-No	Well meant advice	善意のアドバイス	Zen'i no adobaisu
Noun-No	Acceptance	受け入れ (する)/ 受取り (する)/ 受付 (受け付け/ 受付け/ うけつけ) (する)/ 受諾 (する)/ 受理 (する)/ 納得 (する)/ 承諾 (する)/ 承知 (する)	Ukeire (suru)/ Uketori (suru)/ Uketsuke (suru)/ Judaku (suru)/ Juri (suru)/ Nattoku (suru)/ Shōdaku (suru)/ Shōchi (suru)
Noun-No	Acknowledgment	了承 (する)	Ryōshō (suru)
Noun-No	Accountability	説明責任	Setsumei sekinin
Noun-No	Adherence (to)	遵守 (順守) (の/ に/ する)	Junshu (no/ ni/ suru)

Noun-No	Compliance (compliance; compliant)	即応 (する)/ 承諾 (する)/ 合致 (する)/ 承知 (する)/ 追従性/ 法令遵守/ 遵守 (順守) (する)/ 応諾 (する)/ コンプライアンス (遵守 (する); 準拠 (する))	Sokuō (suru) * (compliance; conformance; adaptation)/ Shōdaku (suru) * (consent; approval; acceptance; agreement; compliance)/ Gatchi (suru) * (agreement; concurrence; conformance; compliance)/ Shōchi (suru) * (means 'knowledge; awareness', but can also mean 'acceptance; consent; assent; agreement; compliance; acknowledgment; acknowledgement')/ Tsuizui-sei * (compliance; conformance)/ Hōrei junshu * (compliance (with laws and regulations); regulatory compliance)/ Junshu (suru) * (observance (of laws, rules, etc.); adherence; obeying; following; abiding by; compliance)/ Ōdaku (suru) * (consent; compliance)/ Konpuraianisu (Junshu (suru) * (observance (of laws, rules, etc.); adherence; obeying; following; abiding by; compliance); Junkyo (suru) * (being based on; following (a rule, guidelines, etc.); conforming to (standards, regulations, etc.); complying with))
Noun-No	Connection (link)	接続 (する)/ 繋がり/ 連結 (する)/ 関係 (する)/ 絡み (リンク (する))	Setsuzoku (suru)/ Tsunagari/ Renketsu (suru)/ Kankei (suru) * (relation; relationship; connection)/ Karami * (linkage; entanglement; involvement; relationship; interaction) (Rinku (suru))
Noun-No	Duty (one's duty; one's part)	本分/ 本領/ 職分/ 分/ 成すべきこと/ 塞ぐ/ 義理立て (する)	Honbun/ Honryō/ Shokubun/ Bun/ Nasubeki koto/ Fusagu/ Giridate (suru)
Noun-No	Evacuation advisory (official advice to evacuate)	避難勧告	Hinan kankoku
Noun-No	Prohibition (ban)	禁止 (する)/ 禁 (きん)/ 禁断 (する)/ 差し止め (差し止め/ さしとめ/ 差止)/ 禁/ 禁制 (する)/ 禁遏 (する)/ 法度/ 停止 (する)/ 厳禁 (する)	Kinshi (suru)/ Kin * (ban (e.g. on smoking); prohibition)/ Kindan (suru)/ Sashitome / Kin/ Kinsei (suru)/ Kin'atsu (suru)/ Hatto/ Teishi (suru)/ Genkin (suru) * (strict prohibition; ban; interdiction)
Noun-No	Abstaining from smoking (quitting smoking)	禁煙 (禁烟) (する)	Kin'en (suru)
Noun-No	Handling (the handling)	取扱い (取扱い)	Toriatsukai (toriatsukai)
Noun-No	Handle with care	取り扱い注意	Toriatsukai chūi
Noun-No	Handle with integrity	誠実に対応する	Seijitsu ni taiō suru
Noun-No	Liability	責任/ 責め	Sekinin/ Seme
Noun-No	Observance (of)	遵守 (順守) (の/ に/ する)	Junshu (no/ ni/ suru)
Noun-No	Prohibition of smoking (no smoking; no smoking allowed)	禁煙 (禁烟) (する)	Kin'en (suru)
Noun-No	Receipt (receiving)	レシート/ 受取り (受け取り)/ 受領 (する)/ 受け入れ/ 受け	Reshīto/ Uketori/ Juryō (suru)/ Ukeire/ Uke

Noun-No	Receptor	受容器/ レセプター/ 受容体	Juyō-ki * (receptor; acceptor)/ Reseputā/ Juyō-tai * (receptor (biochemistry))
Noun-No	Refusal to accept the present situation (denial of the existing situation)	現状否定 (する)/ 現状の拒否	Genjō hitei (suru)/ Genjō no kyohi
Noun-No	Rejection (refusal)	拒否 (する)/ 拒絶 (する)/ 断り (断わり/ ことわり) (する)	Kyohi (suru)/ Kyojetsu (suru)/ Kotowari (suru)
Noun-No	Denial	拒否 (する)	Kyohi (suru)
Noun-No	Ignorance	無知 (な)	Muchi (na)
Noun-No	Negation	否定 (する)	Hitei (suru)
Noun-No	Relationship (connection)	関係性/ 関係 (する)/ 間柄 (する)/ 仲 (なか) (つながり (繋がり)/ 接続 (する)/ 連結 (する))	Kankei-sei/ Kankei (suru)/ Aidagara (suru) * (relationship; relation; terms (good, friendly, etc.))/ Naka * (relation; relationship) (Tsunagari/ Setsuzoku (suru)/ Renketsu (suru))
Noun-No	Relationship (bond)	関係 (する) (絆 (きずな))	Kankei (suru) (Kizuna)
Noun-No	Emotional connection	感情的なつながり	Kanjō-tekina tsunagari
Noun-No	Personal relationship	個人的な関係/ 人間関係	Kojin-tekina kankei/ Ningen kankei * (human relations; personal relationships/ interpersonal relationship)
Noun-No	Special bond	特別債券	Tokubetsu saiken
Noun-No	Responsibility (duty)	責任/ 義務 (の)/ 職責	Sekinin/ Gimu (no)/ Shokuseki
Noun-No	Big responsibility	大きな責任	Ōkina sekinin
Noun-No	Own responsibility	自己責任/ 自分自身の責任	Jiko sekinin/ jibunjishin'no sekinin
Noun-No	Super-dimensional	超時空	Chō jikū
Noun-No	Ultra-wide-angle (photography)	超広角	Chō kōkaku
Noun-Oth	A pang of disappointment (a pang of frustration)	失望の痛み (苛立ちの痛み)	Shitsubou no itami (iradachi no itami)
Noun-Oth	Abduction	拉致	Rachi
Noun-Oth	Abnormality	異常 (な)	Ijō (na)
Noun-Oth	Absence	不在/ 欠席 (する)	Fuzai/ Kesseki (suru)
Noun-Oth	Absenteeism	欠席	Kesseki
Noun-Oth	Absent-mindedness	ぼんやりした状態	Bon'yari shita jōtai
Noun-Oth	Absurdity	不条理	Fujouri
Noun-Oth	Abusal	虐待	Gyakutai
Noun-Oth	Abuse of power	権力の濫用	kenryoku no ran'yō
Noun-Oth	Abusement	虐待	Gyakutai
Noun-Oth	Accession	加入 (する)	ka'nyū (suru)
Noun-Oth	Accouchement	宿泊	Shukuhaku
Noun-Oth	Accuracy	正確さ	Seikaku-sa
Noun-Oth	Ache	痛み	Itami
Noun-Oth	Acquittal (acquittance)	無罪 (無罪)	Muzai (muzai)
Noun-Oth	Activism	行動主義	koudou shugisha
Noun-Oth	Acumen	洞察力	dousatsuryoku
Noun-Oth	Adaptation	適応 (する)	Tekiō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Adjustment	調整 (する)	Chōsei (suru)
Noun-Oth	Administration	管理 (する)	kanri (suru)

Noun-Other	Admiration	称賛	shousan
Noun-Other	Admonishment	戒め	Imashime
Noun-Other	Admonition	訓戒	kunkai
Noun-Other	Adolescence	思春期	shishunki
Noun-Other	Adoption	可決	Kakyaku
Noun-Other	Adoption	呼びかける	Yobikakeru
Noun-Other	Adornment	装飾 (する/ の)	Sōshoku (suru/ no)
Noun-Other	Advocacy	擁護	yōgo
Noun-Other	Aerodynamics	空気力学	Kūkiryoku gaku
Noun-Other	Affiliation	所属	Shozoku
Noun-Other	Affirmation	肯定 (する)	kōtei (suru)
Noun-Other	Affliction	苦悩	Kunō
Noun-Other	Affluence	豊かさ	Yutakasa
Noun-Other	Aftermath	余波	Yoha
Noun-Other	Ageism	年齢差別	nenreisabetsu
Noun-Other	Agitation	攪拌	Kakuhan
Noun-Other	Agony	苦悩	Kunō
Noun-Other	Agreed work (agreed upon work)	合意した仕事 (合意した仕事)	gōi shita shigoto (gōi shita shigoto)
Noun-Other	Ailment	病気	Byōki
Noun-Other	Air strike	空襲	Kūshū
Noun-Other	Air support	航空支援	Kōkū shien
Noun-Other	Alcoholism	アルコール依存症	arukōru izonshō
Noun-Other	Alienation	疎外感	Sogai-kan
Noun-Other	Alignment	整合	seigo
Noun-Other	Alimony (spousal support)	慰謝料 (配偶者扶養料)	Isha-ryō (haigūsha fuyō-ryō)
Noun-Other	Allegation	申し立て	Mōshitate
Noun-Other	Allergic reaction	アレルギー反応	Arerugi han'nō
Noun-Other	Alleviation	軽減 (する)	Keigen (suru)
Noun-Other	Allocation	割り当て	Wariate
Noun-Other	Allurement	誘惑 (する)	Yūwaku (suru)
Noun-Other	Aloofness	よそよそしさ	Yosoyososhi sa
Noun-Other	Alter ego	分身	Bunshin
Noun-Other	Alteration	変更 (する)	Henkō (suru)
Noun-Other	Altitude	高度	Kōdo
Noun-Other	Altruism	利他主義	Rita shugi
Noun-Other	Amazement	驚き	Odoroki
Noun-Other	Ambiance	雰囲気	fun'iki
Noun-Other	Ambiguity	曖昧な	Aimai na
Noun-Other	Ambition	野心的	Yashin-teki
Noun-Other	Ambush	待ち伏せ (する)	Machibuse (suru)
Noun-Other	Amendment	改正	Kaisei
Noun-Other	Ammunition	弾薬	Dan'yaku
Noun-Other	Amplifier	増幅器/ アンプリファイア	Zōfukuki/ Anpurifaia
Noun-Other	Analogy	類推	ruisui
Noun-Other	Ancient lore	古代の言い伝え	Kodai no iitsutae
Noun-Other	Anesthesia	麻酔	Masui
Noun-Other	Anger	怒り	Ikari
Noun-Other	Anguish	苦悩	Kunō

Noun-Other	Annexation	併合 (する)	heigou (suru)
Noun-Other	Announcement (announcements)	発表 (する)	happyō (suru)
Noun-Other	Annoyance	迷惑	Meiwaku
Noun-Other	Antics	おどけた態度	odoketa taido
Noun-Other	Appendage	付属物	Fuzoku-mono
Noun-Other	Applause	拍手 (する)	hakushu (suru)
Noun-Other	Appraisal	評価	Hyouka
Noun-Other	Appraising	評価 (する)	hyouka suru
Noun-Other	Apprehension	不安	Fuan
Noun-Other	Apprehensiveness	不安	fuan
Noun-Other	Approbation	賛同 (する)	sandou (suru)
Noun-Other	Appropriation	流用	riyou
Noun-Other	Approximation	近似値	Kinjichi
Noun-Other	Aptitude	適性	Tekisei
Noun-Other	Arousal	覚醒	kakusei
Noun-Other	Array	配列	hairetsu
Noun-Other	Array	整列 (する)	Seiretsu (suru)
Noun-Other	Arrogance	傲慢さ	kōmansa
Noun-Other	Artfulness	巧妙さ	Koumyou sa
Noun-Other	Artifact	アーティファクト	ātifakuto
Noun-Other	Artillery	砲兵	hōhei
Noun-Other	Artistry	芸術性	Geijutsusei
Noun-Other	Asphyxiation	窒息	Chissoku
Noun-Other	Assassination	暗殺	Ansatsu
Noun-Other	Assessment	査定	Saitei
Noun-Other	Astonishment	驚き	Odoroki
Noun-Other	At one's convenience	都合よく	Tsugou yoku
Noun-Other	At one's leisure	暇に	Hima ni
Noun-Other	Atonement	償い	Tsugunai
Noun-Other	Atrocity	残虐行為	Zangyaku kōi
Noun-Other	Attachment	愛着	Aichaku
Noun-Other	Attainment	達成 (する)	tassei (suru)
Noun-Other	Audacity	大胆さ	Daitansa
Noun-Other	Audacity	厚かましさ	Atsukamashisa
Noun-Other	Authenticity	信憑性	Shinpyousei
Noun-Other	Authority	権威	ken'i
Noun-Other	Autism	自閉症 (の)	Jiheishō (no)
Noun-Other	Autocorrect	オートコレクト	Ōtokorekuto
Noun-Other	Automatic pilot (autopilot)	自動操縦 (オートパイロット)	Jidō sōjū (ōtopairotto)
Noun-Other	Aversion	嫌悪	Ken'o
Noun-Other	Awareness	意識 (する)	Ishiki (suru)
Noun-Other	Awe	畏怖の念	Ifu no nen
Noun-Other	Awkwardness	ぎこちなさ	gikochinasa
Noun-Other	Backdrop	背景	Haikei
Noun-Other	Backstory	バックストーリー	Bakkusutōrī
Noun-Other	Bail	寄託	Kitaku
Noun-Other	Bait (the bait)	餌	Esa
Noun-Other	Balance	バランス	baransu

Noun-Oth	Ball and chain	鉄球と鎖	Tekkyū to kusari
Noun-Oth	Ban (a ban; the ban)	禁止する (禁止)	Kinshi suru (kinshi)
Noun-Oth	Band (a band)	バンド (バンド)	Bando (bando)
Noun-Oth	Bankruptcy	破産	Hasan
Noun-Oth	Banter	揶揄 (する)/ 冷やかし/ 揶揄い/ トーク/ 冗談 (する)	Yayu (suru)/ Hiyakashi/ Yayu i/ Tōku * (talk (esp. by a talk-show host, or by a stage musician to the audience between songs); banter; chat)/ Jōdan (suru) * (joke; jest; funny story)
Noun-Oth	Barbell	バーベル	bāberu
Noun-Oth	Bargaining position (negotiation position)	交渉の立場 (交渉の立場)	kōshō no tachiba (kōshō no tachiba)
Noun-Oth	Barrage	集中砲火	Shūchū hōka
Noun-Oth	Bate	口論 (する)	kōron (suru)
Noun-Oth	Beacon	狼煙/ 標識/ ビーコン	Noroshi/ Hyōshiki/ Bīkon
Noun-Oth	Bearings	方位	Hōi
Noun-Oth	Beating (beat)	殴る (殴る)	Naguru (naguru)
Noun-Oth	Beauty	美しさ	Utsukushi-sa
Noun-Oth	Begging	物乞い	
Noun-Oth	Belief system	信念体系	Shin'nen taiei
Noun-Oth	Belt buckle	ベルトのバックル	Beruto no bakkuru
Noun-Oth	Benevolence	慈悲 (の)	Jihi (no)
Noun-Oth	Beret	ベレー帽	Berē-bō
Noun-Oth	Bet (a bet)	賭ける (賭け)	Kakeru (kake)
Noun-Oth	Betrayal	裏切り	Uragiri
Noun-Oth	Bewilderment	戸惑い	Tomadoi
Noun-Oth	Beyond comprehension	理解を超えて	rikai o koete
Noun-Oth	Bias	偏り/ 偏見/ 欲目	Katayori/ Henken/ Yokume
Noun-Oth	Bid (a bid; the bid)	入札 (する) (入札 (する))	Nyūsatsu (suru) (nyūsatsu (suru))
Noun-Oth	Binoculars	双眼鏡	Sōgankyō
Noun-Oth	Blackout	満足 (する)	manzoku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Blemish	傷	Kizu
Noun-Oth	Block (blockage)	ブロック (する) (妨害 (する))	Burokku (suru) (bōgai (suru))
Noun-Oth	Bloodshed	流血	Ryūketsu
Noun-Oth	Blueprint	青写真	Aojashin
Noun-Oth	Bluff	はったり	hattari
Noun-Oth	Bob (a bob)	ボブ (ボブ)	bobu (bobu)
Noun-Oth	Bombardment	砲撃	Hōgeki
Noun-Oth	Bond	絆	Kizuna
Noun-Oth	Bondage	束縛	Sokubaku
Noun-Oth	Bonfire (open air fire)	焚き火 (野外焚き火)	Takibi (yagai takibi)
Noun-Oth	Boo (a boo)	ブーイング (ブーイング)	Būingu (Būingu)
Noun-Oth	Boost (a boost)	後押し (する) (後押し (する))	atooshi (suru) (atooshi (suru))
Noun-Oth	Botch (a botch)	ボッチ (ボッチ)	Botchi (botchi)
Noun-Oth	Bounce (a bounce)	バウンス (跳ね返り)	Baunsu (hanekaeri)
Noun-Oth	Bounced check (the check bounced)	不渡り小切手 (小切手が不渡りになった)	Fuwatari kogitte (kogitte ga fuwatari ni natta)
Noun-Oth	Bound (a bound)	跳躍 (する/ の) (跳躍 (する/ の))	Chouyaku (suru/ no) (chouyaku (suru/ no))
Noun-Oth	Bounty	賞金/ 報奨金/ 報奨	Shōkin/ Hōshō-kin/ Hōshō
Noun-Oth	Bow tie	ちょうネクタイ	Chōnekutai

Noun-Oth	Bravado	虚勢	kyosei
Noun-Oth	Bravo	ブラボー	Burabō * (bravo * (from Italian))
Noun-Oth	Brawl (a brawl)	乱闘 (する)	Rantou (suru)
Noun-Oth	Break even	とんとん (と/ な)	Tonton (to/ na)
Noun-Oth	Breakdown	内訳	naiyaku
Noun-Oth	Briefcase	ブリーフケース	burīfukēsu
Noun-Oth	Broad spectrum	広いスペクトル	Hiroi supekutoru
Noun-Oth	Brunt	矢面	Yaomote
Noun-Oth	Buccaneering	海賊行為	Kaizoku kōi
Noun-Oth	Bullet	弾丸	Dangan
Noun-Oth	Bunco	バンコ	Banko
Noun-Oth	Bundle	バンドル	Bandoru
Noun-Oth	Burden (a burden)	負担	Futan
Noun-Oth	Burglar alarm	防犯アラーム	Bōhan arāmu
Noun-Oth	Buzz	話題	Wadai
Noun-Oth	By-product	副産物	Fukusanbutsu
Noun-Oth	Cabaret	キャバレー	Kyabarē
Noun-Oth	Cache	キャッシュ	Kyasshu
Noun-Oth	Cackle	高笑い	takawarai
Noun-Oth	Cacophony	不協和音	fukyōwaon
Noun-Oth	Cadency	リズム	Rizumu
Noun-Oth	Calico	三毛猫	mikeneko
Noun-Oth	Call (a call)	下り坂になる	Kudarizaka ni naru
Noun-Oth	Call sign	コールサイン	Kōrusain
Noun-Oth	Calligraphy	書道	Shodō
Noun-Oth	Calling	電話 (する)	Denwa (suru)
Noun-Oth	Calling (a calling; the calling)	天職 (天職; 天職)	Tenshoku (tenshoku; tenshoku)
Noun-Oth	Calmness	静けさ	Shizukesa
Noun-Oth	Camaraderie	仲間意識	Nakama ishiki
Noun-Oth	Cant (thieves' cant)	偽善的 (泥棒の偽善的)	Gizenteki (dorobou no gizenteki)
Noun-Oth	Capital punishment (death penalty)	極刑 (死刑)	Gokkei (shikei)
Noun-Oth	Caption	キャプション	kyapushon
Noun-Oth	Capture	捕獲	Hokaku
Noun-Oth	Carefully consider (consider carefully)	慎重に検討してください (慎重に検討してください)	Shinchō ni kentō shite kudasai (shinchō ni kentō shite kudasai)
Noun-Oth	Case (a case)	事件 (事件)	Jiken (jiken)
Noun-Oth	Cash book	現金出納帳	genkin sunaichō
Noun-Oth	Cash flow	キャッシュフロー	Kyasshu furou
Noun-Oth	Cash register	レジ	Reji
Noun-Oth	Cast iron	鋳鉄	Chūtetsu
Noun-Oth	Casualty	負傷者	Fushōsha
Noun-Oth	Catastrophe	大惨事	Dai sanji
Noun-Oth	Categorization	分類 (する)	Bunrui (suru)
Noun-Oth	Catharsis	カタルシス	Katarushisu
Noun-Oth	Caution	注意 (する)	chui (suru)
Noun-Oth	Censure	非難 (する)	Hinan (suru)
Noun-Oth	Certificate	証明書	shōmeisho
Noun-Oth	Chagrin	悔しさ	Kuyashi-sa

Noun-Oth	Chaos	混沌	Konton
Noun-Oth	Charter	チャーター(する)	Chātā (suru)
Noun-Oth	Cheat (a cheat)	ごまかす (ごまかす)	Gomakasu (gomakasu)
Noun-Oth	Check (a check; the check)	チェック (チェック、チェック)	chekku (chekku, chekku)
Noun-Oth	Chicanery	策略	Sakuryaku
Noun-Oth	Chills (the chills)	寒気 (寒気)	Samuke (samuke)
Noun-Oth	Chink	隙間	Sukima
Noun-Oth	Cholesterol	コレステロール	Koresuterōru
Noun-Oth	Christening	洗礼	Senrei
Noun-Oth	Chunk	チャンク	Chanku
Noun-Oth	Churn	かき回す	Kakimawasu
Noun-Oth	Civil case (civil procedure)	民事訴訟 (民事手続き)	Minji Sosho (Minji Tetsuzuki)
Noun-Oth	Clarification	説明 (する)	Setsumei (suru)
Noun-Oth	Clarity	明瞭さ	Meiryō-sa
Noun-Oth	Clash (a clash; the clash)	衝突 (衝突)	Shōtotsu (shōtotsu)
Noun-Oth	Classical music	クラシック音楽	Kurashikku ongaku
Noun-Oth	Cleanliness	清潔さ	Seiketsu-sa
Noun-Oth	Cleansing	浄化 (する)	Jouka (suru)
Noun-Oth	Cleverness	賢さ	Kashiko sa
Noun-Oth	Click	クリック	Kurikku
Noun-Oth	Climax	クライマックス	Kuraimakkusu
Noun-Oth	Climbing gear	登山用具	tozan yōgu
Noun-Oth	Cluster	クラスター	Kurasutā
Noun-Oth	Coin toss (toss a coin; coin flip; flip a coin)	コイントス (コインを投げる、コインを投げる、 コインを投げる)	kointosu (koin o nageru, koin o nageru, koin o nageru)
Noun-Oth	Comedic gold	喜劇の金字塔	Kigeki no kanjitou
Noun-Oth	Comedy	コメディ	Komedi
Noun-Oth	Comfort	快適さ	Kaitekisa
Noun-Oth	Commencement	開始	Kaishi
Noun-Oth	Commerce	商取引	Shōtorihiki
Noun-Oth	Commercial (television)	コマーシャル(テレビ)	Komāsharu (terebi)
Noun-Oth	Commission	委託	Itaku
Noun-Oth	Commodity	商品	Shōhin
Noun-Oth	Common ground	共通の基盤	Kyōtsū no kiban
Noun-Oth	Commotion	騒動 (する)	Sōdō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Competition	競争 (する)	Kyōsō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Complete set	完全セット	Kanzen setto
Noun-Oth	Complexity	複雑 (な)	Fukuzatsu (na)
Noun-Oth	Complication (complications)	複雑化 (複雑化)	fukuzatsuka (fukuzatsuka)
Noun-Oth	Complicity	共謀	Kyōbō
Noun-Oth	Composure	落ち着き	Ochitsuki
Noun-Oth	Computing	コンピューティング	Konpyūtingu
Noun-Oth	Concealment (hiding)	隠蔽 (する) (隠蔽 (する))	Inpei (suru) (inpei (suru))
Noun-Oth	Concentration (density)	濃度 (密度)	nōdo (mitsudo)
Noun-Oth	Concentration (focus)	濃度 (焦点)	nōdo (shōten)
Noun-Oth	Concept	概念	Gainen

Noun-Oth	Concern	懸念 (する)	Kenen (suru)
Noun-Oth	Concernment	懸念 (する)	Kenen (suru)
Noun-Oth	Conduct	行動 (する/ の)	Kōdō (suru/ no)
Noun-Oth	Confinement	監禁 (する/ の)	Kankin (suru/ no)
Noun-Oth	Confiscation	没収 (する)	Bosshū (suru)
Noun-Oth	Conformity	適合性	Tekigousei
Noun-Oth	Confrontation	対決 (する)	Taiketsu (suru)
Noun-Oth	Conjecture	推測	Suisoku
Noun-Oth	Consciousness	意識	Ishiki
Noun-Oth	Consecration	奉献 (する)	Hōken (suru)
Noun-Oth	Consent	同意	doui
Noun-Oth	Consignment	委託 (する)	Itaku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Consistence	一貫性	ikkansei
Noun-Oth	Consistency	一貫性	ikkansei
Noun-Oth	Constancy	恒常性	Kōjōsei
Noun-Oth	Consternation	仰天	Gyōten
Noun-Oth	Constraint (constraints)	制約 (する) (制約 (する))	Seiyaku (suru) (seiyaku (suru))
Noun-Oth	Constructive criticism	建設的な批判	Kensetsuteki na hihan
Noun-Oth	Consultation	相談	soudan
Noun-Oth	Contentment	満足感	Manzokukan
Noun-Oth	Contour (contours)	輪郭 (輪郭)	Rinkaku (rinkaku)
Noun-Oth	Contraction	収縮	Shūshuku
Noun-Oth	Contradiction	矛盾 (する)	Mujun (suru)
Noun-Oth	Contraption	仕掛け	shikake
Noun-Oth	Contribution	貢献 (する)	Kōken (suru)
Noun-Oth	Convenience	利便性	Ribensei
Noun-Oth	Conviction	信念	Shinnen
Noun-Oth	Conviviality	陽気な雰囲気	Yōkina fun'iki
Noun-Oth	Convulsion	けいれん (する)	keiren (suru)
Noun-Oth	Cooling	冷やす	hiyasu
Noun-Oth	Coordinates	座標	Zahyō
Noun-Oth	Co-product	共同製品	Kyoudou seihin
Noun-Oth	Co-production	共同制作	Kyoudou seisaku
Noun-Oth	Correction	修正 (する)	Shūsei (suru)
Noun-Oth	Correction (corrections)	訂正 (する/ の) (訂正 (する/ の))	Teisei (suru/ no) (teisei (suru/ no))
Noun-Oth	Counteraction	対抗措置	taikō sochi
Noun-Oth	Countermeasure	対策	taisaku
Noun-Oth	Counterpoint	反論 (する)	Hanron (suru)
Noun-Oth	Coup (a coup)	クーデター (クーデター)	Kūdetā (kūdetā)
Noun-Oth	Courage	勇気	Yūki
Noun-Oth	Course (a course; the course)	講座/ 課程/ 経路/ 過程/ コース (コース; コース)	Kōza * (course (e.g. of lectures))/ Katei * (course; curriculum)/ Keiro * (course; route; path; channel/ process; stages)/ Katei * (process; course; mechanism)/ Kōsu * (course; route; trail/ course (of study); program/ course (of action); policy; track; path) (kōsu; kōsu)
Noun-Oth	Course of action	行動方針	Kōdō hōshin
Noun-Oth	Cove	入り江	Irie
Noun-Oth	Covenant	契約 (する)	Keiyaku (suru)

Noun-Other	Coverage	報道	Hōdō
Noun-Other	Cowardice	臆病	Okubyō
Noun-Other	Cowbell	カウベル	Kauberu
Noun-Other	Craft (a craft)	工芸品 (工芸)	Kougeihin (kougei)
Noun-Other	Craftsmanship	職人技	Shokunin waza
Noun-Other	Craftwork	工芸品	Kougeihin
Noun-Other	Crash course	短期集中コース	Tanki shūchū kōsu
Noun-Other	Crease	折り目	Orime
Noun-Other	Criminal activities	犯罪行為	hanzai kōi
Noun-Other	Crisis	危機	Kiki
Noun-Other	Crisis situation	危機的状況	Kikiteki jōkyō
Noun-Other	Cross (a cross)	交差 (する) (交差 (する))	Kousa (suru) (kousa (suru))
Noun-Other	Crossbow bolt	クロスボウの矢	Kurosubō no ya
Noun-Other	Cruelty	残酷さ	Zankoku-sa
Noun-Other	Crunch (a crunch)	カリカリ (カリカリ)	karikari (karikari)
Noun-Other	Crystallization	結晶化	kesshōka
Noun-Other	Cultural heritage	文化遺産	bunka isan
Noun-Other	Curt nod	素っ気ないうなずき	Sokkenai unazuki
Noun-Other	Custody	保管 (する)	Hokan (suru)
Noun-Other	Daily routine	日々のルーティン	hibi no ruutin
Noun-Other	Dance music	ダンスミュージック	Dansu myuujikku
Noun-Other	Dandruff	ふけ	Fuke
Noun-Other	Daringness	大胆さ	Daitan-sa
Noun-Other	Darkness	暗さ	kurasa
Noun-Other	Database table	データベース テーブル	deeta besu teeburu
Noun-Other	Dealing (dealings)	取引 (取引)	torihiki (torihiki)
Noun-Other	Death	死	Shi
Noun-Other	Deathbed	臨終	Rinjū
Noun-Other	Debate	討論	Touron
Noun-Other	Debility	虚弱	Kyojaku
Noun-Other	Decay	腐敗 (する)	Fuhai (suru)
Noun-Other	Decency	礼儀正しさ	Reigi sei shi-sa
Noun-Other	Decision-making	意思決定	Ishikettei
Noun-Other	Decline (a decline)	衰退 (衰退)	Suitai (suitai)
Noun-Other	Decomposition	分解 (する)	Bunkai (suru)
Noun-Other	Decomposition	分解	Bunkai
Noun-Other	Dedication	献身 (する)	Kenshin (suru)
Noun-Other	Deed (deeds)	行為 (行為)	kōi (kōi)
Noun-Other	Deep voice	低い声	hikui koe
Noun-Other	Deferment (deferral)	延期 (延期)	Enki (enki)
Noun-Other	Defiance	反抗 (する)	Hankō (suru)
Noun-Other	Defilement	穢れ	Kegare
Noun-Other	Definiteness	明確さ	Meikakusa
Noun-Other	Definitiveness	決定性	Ketteisei
Noun-Other	Deftness	器用さ	Kiyō-sa
Noun-Other	Degeneration	退化 (する)	Taika (suru) * (degeneration; retrogression; atrophy * (biology)/ regression (e.g. of society); deterioration; degeneration)
Noun-Other	Degree (degree of involvement)	程度 (関与の度合い)	Teido (kanyo no doai)

Noun-Other	Deja-vu	既視感	Kishikan
Noun-Other	Dejection	落胆	Rakutan
Noun-Other	Deliberation (deliberations)	熟考 (する) (熟考 (する))	Jukkō (suru) (Jukkō (suru))
Noun-Other	Delight	喜び	Yorokobi
Noun-Other	Delinquency	非行	hikō
Noun-Other	Deluge	大洪水	Daikouzui
Noun-Other	Delusion	虚偽/ 妄想	Kyogi/ Mōsō
Noun-Other	Delusion (delusions)	妄想 (妄想)	mōsō (mōsō)
Noun-Other	Demeanor	物腰	Monogoshi
Noun-Other	Demeanor	態度	Taido
Noun-Other	Demise	終焉 (する)	Shūen (suru) * (end (of life); death; demise/ (peacefully) spending one's final years)
Noun-Other	Demo (demonstration)	デモ (実演)	Demo (jitsuen)
Noun-Other	Demonstration	デモンストレーション	Demonsutorēshon
Noun-Other	Denseness	濃密さ	nōmitsu-sa
Noun-Other	Density	密度	Mitsudo
Noun-Other	Dependency	依存 (する)	Izon (suru)
Noun-Other	Dependent situation	依存的な状況	izon-teki na jōkyō
Noun-Other	Depiction	描写 (する)	Byōsha (suru)
Noun-Other	Deposition	証言	shōgen
Noun-Other	Depravity	堕落 (する)	Daraku (suru)
Noun-Other	Depth (depths)	深さ (深さ)	Fuka-sa (fuka-sa)
Noun-Other	Despondency	落胆	rakutan
Noun-Other	Detachment	別働隊	Betsudōtai
Noun-Other	Detailed instructions	詳しい説明	Kuwashii setsumei
Noun-Other	Detainment	拘留	Kōryū
Noun-Other	Detection	検出 (する)	Kenshutsu (suru)
Noun-Other	Determination	決定 (する)	Kettei (suru)
Noun-Other	Developing talents	人材の育成	Jinzai no ikusei
Noun-Other	Dexterity	器用さ	Kiyō-sa
Noun-Other	Diagram	図表	Zuhyō
Noun-Other	Diaspora	離散	Risan
Noun-Other	Difference of opinion	意見の相違	Iken no soui
Noun-Other	Difficult circumstance (difficult circumstances)	困難な状況 (困難な状況)	konnana joukyou (konnana joukyou)
Noun-Other	Diffusion	拡散 (する)	Kakusan (suru)
Noun-Other	Dignity	尊厳 (な)	Songen (na)
Noun-Other	Dilemma	ジレンマ	Jirenma
Noun-Other	Dimple	えくぼ	ekubo
Noun-Other	Diplomacy	外交	Gaikō
Noun-Other	Disapproval	不承認	fushounin
Noun-Other	Disbelief	信じない	Shinjinai
Noun-Other	Discription	識別する	Shikibetsu suru
Noun-Other	Discomfort	不快感	Fukai-kan
Noun-Other	Discourse	談話	Danwa
Noun-Other	Discovering talents	才能の発見	Sainō no hakken
Noun-Other	Disdain	軽蔑	Keibetsu
Noun-Other	Disdain	軽蔑 (する)	keibetsu (suru)
Noun-Other	Disgrace	不名誉	Fumeiyo

Noun-Oth	Dishonesty	不正 (な/ の)	Fusei (na/ no)
Noun-Oth	Disintegration	崩壊 (する)	hōkai (suru)
Noun-Oth	Dismay	落胆	Rakutan
Noun-Oth	Dispersion	分散 (する)	Bunsan (suru)
Noun-Oth	Disrespectful behaviour	失礼な振る舞い	Shitsurei na furumai
Noun-Oth	Dissatisfaction	不満	fuman
Noun-Oth	Dissension	不和	Fuwa
Noun-Oth	Distaste	嫌悪感	Ken'okan
Noun-Oth	Distraught	取り乱す	Torimidasu
Noun-Oth	Distress	苦悩	Kunō
Noun-Oth	Diversification	多様化 (する)	Tayō-ka (suru)
Noun-Oth	Diving suit	ダイビングスーツ	daibingu sūtsu
Noun-Oth	Dorkiness	間抜けさ	Manukesa
Noun-Oth	Dot (a dot)	点	ten
Noun-Oth	Double life	二重生活	Nijū seikatsu
Noun-Oth	Down payment	頭金	Atamakin
Noun-Oth	Downdrift	ダウンドリフト	Daundorifuto
Noun-Oth	Downfall	没落 (する)	Botsuraku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Draw (a draw)	引き分け (引き分け)	Hikiwake (hikiwake)
Noun-Oth	Dread	戦慄	Senritsu
Noun-Oth	Dreariness	陰鬱さ	In'utsu-sa
Noun-Oth	Drive (the drive)	ドライブ (ドライブ)	Doraibu (doraibu)
Noun-Oth	Drop out	ドロップアウト (する)	doroppu auto (suru)
Noun-Oth	Drudge	苦勞	Kurō
Noun-Oth	Drudgery	重労働	Jūrōdō
Noun-Oth	Drunkenness	酩酊	Meitei
Noun-Oth	Dumbbell	ダンベル	danberu
Noun-Oth	Dummy material	ダミー素材	damī sozai
Noun-Oth	Durability	耐久性	Taikyū-sei
Noun-Oth	Dust cover	ダストカバー	Dasuto kabā
Noun-Oth	Duty	義務 (の)	Gimu (の)
Noun-Oth	Earlier moment	以前の瞬間	izen no shunkan
Noun-Oth	Earlier state (previous state)	以前の状態 (以前の状態)	Izen no jōtai (izen no jōtai)
Noun-Oth	Earnestness	真剣さ	Shinkensa
Noun-Oth	Ease	安らぎ	Yasuragi
Noun-Oth	Ecstasy	エクスタシー	Ekusutashī
Noun-Oth	Edict	勅令	Chokurei
Noun-Oth	Edification	啓蒙	Keimou
Noun-Oth	Edifice	建物	Tatemono
Noun-Oth	Elan	活気	kakki
Noun-Oth	Elation	高揚感	kouyoukan
Noun-Oth	Electric shock	電気ショック	denki shokku
Noun-Oth	Electrical appliances (electric appliances)	電化製品 (電気製品)	Denka seihin (denki seihin)
Noun-Oth	Elevation	高揚 (する)	Kōyō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Elimination	排除 (する)	haijo (suru)
Noun-Oth	Eloquence	雄弁 (な)	Yūben (na) * (becomes 'yūben'na')
Noun-Oth	Emanation	発散 (する)	Hassan (suru)
Noun-Oth	Embargo	禁輸 (する)	Kin'yu (suru)

Noun-Other	Embroidery	刺繍	Shishuu
Noun-Other	Emission	放出 (する)	Hōshutsu (suru)
Noun-Other	Emittance	発散 (する)	Hassan (suru)
Noun-Other	Empathy	共感	kyoukan
Noun-Other	Enactment	制定	Seitei
Noun-Other	Encoding	エンコード (する)	Enkōdo (suru)
Noun-Other	Endeavor	努力	doryoku
Noun-Other	Endorsement	承認 (する)	Shōnin (suru)
Noun-Other	Endorsement	裏書 (する)	uragaki (suru)
Noun-Other	Endurability	耐久性	Taikyū-sei
Noun-Other	Energy label	エネルギーラベル	Enerugī raberu
Noun-Other	Engagement	婚約 (する/ の)	Kon'yaku (suru/ no)
Noun-Other	Engagement ring	婚約指輪	Kon'yaku Yubiwa
Noun-Other	Enhancement	強化	Kyouka
Noun-Other	Enlargement	拡大 (する)	Kakudai (suru)
Noun-Other	Enmity	敵意	Tekii
Noun-Other	Enrichment	充実させる	jujitsu saseru
Noun-Other	Enrollment	登録 (する)	touroku (suru)
Noun-Other	Enslavement	奴隷化	Doreika
Noun-Other	Enticement	誘惑 (する)	Yūwaku (suru)
Noun-Other	Entreaty	嘆願 (する)	Tangan (suru)
Noun-Other	Entrepreneurialism	起業家精神	Kigyōka seishin
Noun-Other	Entry	エントリ	entori
Noun-Other	Entry fee	入場料	nyuujouryou
Noun-Other	Enumeration	列挙 (する)	Rekkyo (suru)
Noun-Other	Envy	嫉妬	Shitto
Noun-Other	Ephemerality	はかなさ	Wa kana sa
Noun-Other	Erection	勃起	bokki
Noun-Other	Escalation	エスカレーション	esukarēshon
Noun-Other	Escapade	エスケープ	Esukēpu
Noun-Other	Escapade	逃避	Tōhi
Noun-Other	Estrangement	疎外	Sogai
Noun-Other	Ethical guideline	倫理ガイドライン	Rinri gaidorain
Noun-Other	Ethical principles	倫理原則	Rinri gensoku
Noun-Other	Ethos	精神	seishin
Noun-Other	Euphoria	陶酔	Tōsui
Noun-Other	Eviction	立ち退き	tachinoki
Noun-Other	Exactitude	正確さ	Seikaku-sa
Noun-Other	Exactness	正確さ	Seikaku-sa
Noun-Other	Exaggeration	誇張	kochō
Noun-Other	Exasperation	激怒させる	Gekido saseru
Noun-Other	Exception (exceptions)	例外 (例外)	Reigai (reigai)
Noun-Other	Excitement	興奮 (する)	Kōfun (suru)
Noun-Other	Exertion	努力 (する)	Doryoku suru
Noun-Other	Exhortation	勧める	Susumeru
Noun-Other	Existence	存在	Sonzai
Noun-Other	Exorcism	悪魔祓い	Akumabarai
Noun-Other	Expanse	広がり	Hirogari
Noun-Other	Expansion	拡張 (する)	Kakuchō (suru)
Noun-Other	Expectancy	期待寿命	Kitai jumyō

Noun-Oth	Expediency	便宜	Bengi
Noun-Oth	Expenditure	支出	Shishutsu
Noun-Oth	Exploitation (exploit)	搾取 (搾取)	Sakushu (sakushu)
Noun-Oth	Exploration	探検 (する)	Tanken (suru)
Noun-Oth	Extent	程度	teido
Noun-Oth	Exterior	外観	Gaikan
Noun-Oth	Extract (an extract)	抽出 (抽出液)	chuushutsu (chuushutsueki)
Noun-Oth	Extrication	救出	Kyūshutsu
Noun-Oth	Exultation	歓喜	kanki
Noun-Oth	Eye contact	アイコンタクト	aikontakuto
Noun-Oth	Eye to detail	細部へのこだわり	Saibu e no kodawari
Noun-Oth	Facade	正面/ 前面/ 見せかけ/ ファサード	Shōmen/ Zenmen/ Misekake/ Fasādo
Noun-Oth	Facepalming	顔面を手で覆う	Ganmen o te de ōu
Noun-Oth	Fair treatment (equal treatment)	公平な扱い (平等な扱い)	Kōhei na atsukai (byōdō na atsukai)
Noun-Oth	Fairness	公平	Kouhei
Noun-Oth	Fall out	仲たがいする	nakatagai suru
Noun-Oth	Fallacy	詐欺	Sagi
Noun-Oth	Fallibilism	誤謬主義	Gobyuu shugi
Noun-Oth	Falsehood	誤謬	Gobyū
Noun-Oth	Fame	名声	meisei
Noun-Oth	Familiarity	親しみやすさ	Shitashimiyasu sa
Noun-Oth	Familiarity	親しい	Shitashii
Noun-Oth	Fancy dress (fancy-dress)	仮装 (仮装)	Kasou (kasou)
Noun-Oth	Fatality	死亡	Shibō
Noun-Oth	Fatness	太さ/ 肥満	Futo-sa/ Himan
Noun-Oth	Fearsome sight	恐ろしい光景	Osoroshii kōkei
Noun-Oth	Femininity	女らしさ	onna rashisa
Noun-Oth	Fickleness	移り気	Utsurigi
Noun-Oth	Figment	幻想 (する)/ 虚構 (する/ の)	Gensou (suru)/ Kyokō (suru/ no)
Noun-Oth	Figment of imagination	想像上の虚構	Sōzō-jō no kyokō
Noun-Oth	Financial acumen	財務的洞察力	zaimuteki dousatsuryoku
Noun-Oth	Financial gain	金銭的利益	Kinsenteki rieki
Noun-Oth	Financial journal	財務日誌	zaimu nissshi
Noun-Oth	Financial loss	経済的損失	Keizaiteki sonshitsu
Noun-Oth	Finder's fee	拾い物料	Hiroimono ryou
Noun-Oth	Findings (the findings)	発見 (発見)	Hakken (hakken)
Noun-Oth	Finesse	巧妙さ	koumyou sa
Noun-Oth	Fireable offense	解雇に値する攻撃	Kaiko ni ataisuru kōgeki
Noun-Oth	First aid kit	救急箱	Kyūkyūbako
Noun-Oth	Flair	センス	sensu
Noun-Oth	Flare	フレア	Furea
Noun-Oth	Flashback	フラッシュバック	Furasshu bakku
Noun-Oth	Flashforward (flashforwards)	フラッシュフoward (フラッシュフoward)	Furasshufowādo (furasshufowādo)
Noun-Oth	Flattery	お世辞	Oseji
Noun-Oth	Flaw (flaws)	欠陥 (欠陥)	kekkan (kekkan)
Noun-Oth	Fleetingness	はかなさ	Wa kana sa

Noun-Oth	Flesh wound	肉傷	Niku kizu
Noun-Oth	Flint	火打ち石	Hiuchiishi
Noun-Oth	Flip (a flip)	ひっくり返す (ひっくり返す)	Hikkurikaesu (hikkurikaesu)
Noun-Oth	Flip (a flip)	ひっくり返す	Hikkurikaesu
Noun-Oth	Flirt (a flirt)	誘惑 (する)	Yūwaku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Flirtation	誘惑	yūwaku
Noun-Oth	Fluff	フラフ/ ふわふわ (にする)	Furafu/ Fuwafuwa (ni suru)
Noun-Oth	Fluidity	流動性	Ryūdōsei
Noun-Oth	Flurry	フラリー	Furārī
Noun-Oth	Focus	集中 (する)	shuuchuu (suru)
Noun-Oth	Foil (foils)	引き立てる (引き立てる)	Hikitateru (hikitateru)
Noun-Oth	Fold (a fold)	折り畳む (折り畳む)	oritatamu (oritatamu)
Noun-Oth	Forensics	法医学	Hōigaku
Noun-Oth	Foreplay	前戯	zenki
Noun-Oth	Foreshadowing	伏線を張る	Fukusenwoharu
Noun-Oth	Forgiveness	許し	yurushi
Noun-Oth	Formality	形式	Keishiki
Noun-Oth	Formulation	定式化 (する)	Jōshiki-ka (suru)
Noun-Oth	Forte (ie. my forte)	得意分野 (つまり, 私の得意分野)	tokui bunya (tsumari, watashi no tokui bunya)
Noun-Oth	Fractination	分裂	bunretsu
Noun-Oth	Fraction	分数	Bunsū
Noun-Oth	Fraction (fractions)	分数/ 小数 (分数)	Bunsū/ Shōsū (bunsū)
Noun-Oth	Fragment	断片/ 破片	Danpen/ Hahen
Noun-Oth	Frailness	虚弱	Kyojaku
Noun-Oth	Fraud detection (fraud control)	詐欺の検出 (詐欺対策)	Sagi no kenshutsu (sagi taisaku)
Noun-Oth	Fraudulence	バンコ	Banko
Noun-Oth	Free of charge	無料	Muryō
Noun-Oth	Fresh start	新たなスタート	Aratana sutāto
Noun-Oth	Freshness	新鮮さ	Shinsen-sa
Noun-Oth	Fretfulness	いらだち (苛立ち)	Iradachi
Noun-Oth	Fright	恐怖	Kyōfu
Noun-Oth	Front line	最前線	saizensen
Noun-Oth	Frustration	欲求不満	Yokkyū fuman
Noun-Oth	Fuddle (a fuddle)	混乱 (する) (混乱 (する))	Konran (suru) (konran suru)
Noun-Oth	Fugitiveness	はかない (儚い)	Hakanai
Noun-Oth	Full ownership	完全な所有権	Kanzen'na shoyū-ken
Noun-Oth	Full potential	潜在能力が十分	Senzai nouryoku ga jūbun
Noun-Oth	Fumigation	燻蒸	Kunjou
Noun-Oth	Funky music	ファンキーな音楽	Fankii na ongaku
Noun-Oth	Furrow (a furrow)	溝 (溝)	mizo
Noun-Oth	Fury	激怒	gekido
Noun-Oth	Fusion	融合	yūgō
Noun-Oth	Future reference	将来の参照	shourai no sanshou
Noun-Oth	Gaggle (a gaggle)	群れ (群れ)	mure (mure)
Noun-Oth	Gait	歩き方	Arukikata
Noun-Oth	Gamble (a gamble)	ギャンブル (賭け)	Gyanburu (kake)
Noun-Oth	Gap	ギャップ	Gyappu
Noun-Oth	Garnet	ガーネット	Gaanetto
Noun-Oth	Gaze	視線	Shisen

Noun-Other	Geas	誓約	Seiyaku
Noun-Other	Geekiness	ギークさ	Gīku-sa
Noun-Other	Generosity	寛大さ	Kandaisa
Noun-Other	Geniosity (genius)	天才 (天才)	tensai (tensai)
Noun-Other	Gentleness	優しさ	Yasashi-sa
Noun-Other	Gentleness	優しさ	Yasashi-sa
Noun-Other	Genus	属	Zoku
Noun-Other	Glance (a glance)	一目 (一目)	Hitome (hitome)
Noun-Other	Glibness	口が達者	Kuchi ga tassha
Noun-Other	Glimmer of hope	希望の光	Kibou no hikari
Noun-Other	Glimpse (a glimpse)	一目 (一目)	Hitome (hitome)
Noun-Other	Glint (a glint)	きらめき (きらめき)	Kirameki (kirameki)
Noun-Other	Glitch (a glitch)	グリッチ (不具合)	Guritchi (fuguai)
Noun-Other	Global market (global marketplace)	グローバル市場 (グローバル市場)	Gurōbaru shijō (gurōbaru shijō)
Noun-Other	Gloom	憂さ/ 陰影/ 冥暗/ 暗黒 (の/ な)	Usa/ In'ei/ Meian/ Ankoku (no/ na)
Noun-Other	Gloominess	陰気さ	Inki-sa
Noun-Other	Gluttony	大食い	ōgui
Noun-Other	Goblet	ゴブレット	Goburetto
Noun-Other	Good faith	誠実さ	seijitsusa
Noun-Other	Good luck charm	幸運のお守り	kouun no omamori
Noun-Other	Good riddance	さようなら	sayounara
Noun-Other	Goodwill	善意	zennui
Noun-Other	Graciousness	優しさ	Yasashi-sa
Noun-Other	Grandeur	壮大さ	Soudaisa
Noun-Other	Gratefulness	感謝	kansha
Noun-Other	Gratification	満足感	Manzoku-kan
Noun-Other	Greeting (greetings)	挨拶 (挨拶)	Aisatsu (aisatsu)
Noun-Other	Grid (cattle grid)	グリッド (牛のグリッド)	Guriddo (ushi no guriddo)
Noun-Other	Grid (the grid)	グリッド (グリッド)	Guriddo (Guriddo)
Noun-Other	Grievance	苦情	Kujō
Noun-Other	Grovel (a grovel)	卑屈に (卑屈に)	hikutsu ni (hikutsu ni)
Noun-Other	Growth	成長	seichou
Noun-Other	Grudge (a grudge)	恨み (恨み)	urami
Noun-Other	Grunt (a grunt)	うなり声 (うなり声)	unarigoe
Noun-Other	Guerdon	ゲルドン	gerudon
Noun-Other	Guerrilla tactics (guerrilla warfare)	ゲリラ戦術 (ゲリラ戦)	Gerira senjutsu (gerira-sen)
Noun-Other	Gurgle (a gurgle)	ゴボゴボ (ゴボゴボ)	gobogobo (gobogobo)
Noun-Other	Guts (have the guts to)	根性 (根性がある)	konjō (konjō ga aru)
Noun-Other	Hall of fame	殿堂入り	Dendōiri
Noun-Other	Hallucination	幻覚	Genkaku
Noun-Other	Handcuffs	手錠	Tejō
Noun-Other	Handshake	握手	Akushu
Noun-Other	Hanger (clothes hanger)	ハンガー (洋服ハンガー)	Hangā (yōfuku hangā)
Noun-Other	Hardiness	強靱さ	Kyōjin-sa
Noun-Other	Harmony	調和 (する)/ ハーモニー	Chōwa (suru)/ Hāmoni
Noun-Other	Harness	ハーネス ((に) する)	Hānesu ((ni) suru)
Noun-Other	Headbutt (a headbutt)	頭突き (頭突き)	zutsuki (zutsuki)
Noun-Other	Heating	加熱 (する)	kanetsu (suru)

Noun-Oth	Heave (a heave)	吐く (吐く)	haku (haku)
Noun-Oth	Heavyweight	重量級	Jūryōkyū
Noun-Oth	Helpfulness	親切さ	Shinsetsu-sa
Noun-Oth	Heraldry	紋章	Monshou
Noun-Oth	Heritage	遺産	isan
Noun-Oth	Hesitation	ためらう	tamerau
Noun-Oth	Highness	高貴さ	Kō tōto-sa
Noun-Oth	Hoe (a garden hoe)	鍬 (園芸用の鍬)	kuwa (engei you no kuwa)
Noun-Oth	Hologram	ホログラム	Horoguramu
Noun-Oth	Homelife	家庭生活	Katei seikatsu
Noun-Oth	Homesickness	ホームシック	Hōmushikku
Noun-Oth	Homework	宿題	Shukudai
Noun-Oth	Hone	磨く	migaku
Noun-Oth	Honesty	正直さ	shoujikisa
Noun-Oth	Hope (the hope)	希望 (希望)	kibou (kibou)
Noun-Oth	Hopelessness	絶望	Zetsubō
Noun-Oth	Horror	恐怖/ 戦慄/ 慄然/ ホラー	Kyōfu/ Senritsu/ Ritsuzen/ Horā
Noun-Oth	Horse medicine	馬の薬	Uma no kusuri
Noun-Oth	Hum (a hum)	ハミング (ハミング)	hamingu (hamingu)
Noun-Oth	Human resources (HR)	人事 (HR)	Jinji (HR)
Noun-Oth	Humility	謙虚さ	kenkyosa
Noun-Oth	Hush	静まり返る	Shizumarikaeru
Noun-Oth	Hush (a hush)	黙秘 (黙秘)	mokuhitsu (mokuhitsu)
Noun-Oth	Hypnotism	催眠術	Saimin-jutsu
Noun-Oth	Hypochondria	心気症	Shinki-shō
Noun-Oth	Hysteria	ヒステリー	Hisuterī
Noun-Oth	Idol	アイドル	Aidoru
Noun-Oth	Illegality	違法	lhou
Noun-Oth	Illustration	イラスト	Irasuto
Noun-Oth	Image (images)	イメージ	Imēji
Noun-Oth	Imitation	模倣	mohō
Noun-Oth	Immersion	浸る	hitaru
Noun-Oth	Immorality	不道德	Fudōtoku
Noun-Oth	Impartation	付与	fuyo
Noun-Oth	Impartiality	公平性	Kōhei-sei
Noun-Oth	Impasse	行き詰まり	Ikidzumari
Noun-Oth	Impermanence	無常	Mujō
Noun-Oth	Impertinent behaviour	無礼な行動	burei na kōdō
Noun-Oth	Implement (implements)	道具/ 用具	Dōgu/ Yōgu
Noun-Oth	Implementation	実装 (する)	Jissō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Implication	含意	gan'i
Noun-Oth	Imploration	懇願	Kongan
Noun-Oth	Importunity	しつこい (執拗い)	Shitsukoi
Noun-Oth	Impossibility	不可能	Fukanō
Noun-Oth	Impropriety	不適切	Futekisetu
Noun-Oth	Improvisation	即興	Sokkyō
Noun-Oth	Imprudence	無分別	Mufunbetsu
Noun-Oth	Impudence	厚かましき	Atsukamashisa
Noun-Oth	Impulse	衝動	Shōdō

Noun-Oth	Impurity	不純	Fujun
Noun-Oth	In context (within the context)	文脈内 (文脈内)	Bunmyaku-nai (bunmyaku-nai)
Noun-Oth	In custody	保管中	Hokanchuu
Noun-Oth	Inaccuracy	不正確さ	Fuseikakusa
Noun-Oth	Inaptitude	不適格	futekikaku
Noun-Oth	Inauguration	就任式	shuunin shiki
Noun-Oth	Incentive	インセンティブ	Insentibu
Noun-Oth	Incomplete set	不完全なセット	Fukanzen na setto
Noun-Oth	Incompleteness	不完全	Fukanzen
Noun-Oth	Inconstancy	不安定	Fuantei
Noun-Oth	Incorrectness	不正確さ	Fuseikakusa
Noun-Oth	Increase (increasing)	増加 (する) (増加 (する))	Zōka (suru) (zōka (suru))
Noun-Oth	Incredulity	信じられない	Shinjirarenai
Noun-Oth	Indecision	優柔不断	yuujufudan
Noun-Oth	Indeficiency	不足 (する/ な)	Fusoku (suru/ na)
Noun-Oth	Indifference	無関心	Mukanshin
Noun-Oth	Indignation	憤慨 (する)	Fungai (suru)
Noun-Oth	Indisposition	体調不良	Taichō furyō
Noun-Oth	Inducement	誘導 (する)	Yūdō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Induction	誘導 (する)	Yūdō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Inequity	不公平 (な)	Fukōhei (na)
Noun-Oth	Inexactness	不正確さ	Fuseikaku-sa
Noun-Oth	Infatuation	夢中	Muchū
Noun-Oth	Infiltration	浸潤	Shinjun
Noun-Oth	Infravision	赤外線	Sekigaisen
Noun-Oth	Infringement	侵害	Shingai
Noun-Oth	Ingathering	収穫	Shūkaku
Noun-Oth	Inguinity	陰険さ	Inken sa
Noun-Oth	Inheritance	継承	keishō
Noun-Oth	Iniquity	不正	Fusei
Noun-Oth	Initiation	開始 (する)	Kaishi (suru)
Noun-Oth	Initiative	イニシアチブ	Inishiachibu
Noun-Oth	Injustice	不正	Fusei
Noun-Oth	Innocence	イノセンス	Inosensu
Noun-Oth	Innuendo (thieves' cant)	ほのめかし (泥棒の偽善的)	Honomekashi (dorobou no gizeneki)
Noun-Oth	Input	入力	Nyuuryoku
Noun-Oth	Inquietude	不安	Fuan
Noun-Oth	Inquiry	問い合わせ	Toiawase
Noun-Oth	Insecurity (insecurities)	不安 (な) (不安 (な))	Fuan (na) (fuan (na))
Noun-Oth	Insider information	内部情報	naibu jōhō
Noun-Oth	Instability	不安定さ	fuanteisa
Noun-Oth	Installment	分割払い	Bunkatsubarai
Noun-Oth	Insubordination	反抗 (する)	Hankō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Insufficiency	不足 (する/ な)	Fusoku (suru/ na)
Noun-Oth	Integrity	誠実さ	Seijitsu-sa
Noun-Oth	Intel	情報	jouhou
Noun-Oth	Intended recipient	対象受取人	Taishō uketorinin
Noun-Oth	Intensity	強度	Kyōdo
Noun-Oth	Intent (intention)	意図 (意図)	Ito (ito)

Noun-Oth	Intention	意図	Ito
Noun-Oth	Interaction	交流 (する)	Kōryū (suru)
Noun-Oth	Interlude	間奏	Kansō
Noun-Oth	Internet profile	インターネットプロフィール	Intānettopurofīru
Noun-Oth	Internment	収容所	Shūyōsho
Noun-Oth	Interplay	相互作用	Sōgo sayō
Noun-Oth	Interpretation	解釈 (する)	Kaishaku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Interruption	中断	Chuudan
Noun-Oth	Intimacy	親密さ	Shinmitsu sa
Noun-Oth	Intricacy	複雑さ	Fukuzatsu sa
Noun-Oth	Intrigue	陰謀	Inbou
Noun-Oth	Intrusion	侵入 (する)	Shin'nyū (suru)
Noun-Oth	Inundation	洪水	Kouzui
Noun-Oth	Invalidity	無効	Mukō
Noun-Oth	Inveigle (inveiglement)	そそのかす (唆す) (インヴェイグル)	Sosonokasu (in'vu~eiguru)
Noun-Oth	Investing	投資	toushi
Noun-Oth	investment	投資 (する)	Tōshi (suru)
Noun-Oth	Invulnerability	無敵	Muteki
Noun-Oth	Irony	皮肉	Hiniku
Noun-Oth	Irregularity	不規則	Fukisoku
Noun-Oth	Irritation (irritations)	苛立ち (苛立ち)	iradachi
Noun-Oth	Itinerary	旅程	Ryotei
Noun-Oth	Jaunt	小旅行	Shōryokō
Noun-Oth	Javelin	投げ槍	nageyari
Noun-Oth	Jest (jests)	冗談 (冗談)	Jōdan (jōdan)
Noun-Oth	Jibe (jibes)	ジャイブ (ジャイブ)	Jaibu (jaibu)
Noun-Oth	Jitteriness	神経過敏	Shinkei kabin
Noun-Oth	Job offer	求人 (する)	Kyūjin (suru) * (recruiting; job offer; job vacancy/ recruitment)
Noun-Oth	Job opportunity	仕事の機会	Shigoto no kikai
Noun-Oth	Jolt (a jolt)	衝撃	Shōgeki
Noun-Oth	Joy (joys)	喜び	Yorokobi
Noun-Oth	Joyfulness	喜び	Yorokobi
Noun-Oth	Jubilation	歓喜 (の)	kanki (no)
Noun-Oth	Judicature	司法	Shihō
Noun-Oth	Juicy bits	興味深い部分	Kōmibukai bubun
Noun-Oth	Jump rope	縄跳び	nawatobi
Noun-Oth	Juxtaposition	並置	heichi
Noun-Oth	Key-detail	キー詳細	Kii shousai
Noun-Oth	Kindness	親切	Shinsetsu
Noun-Oth	Kiss (a kiss)	キス (キス)	Kisu (kisu)
Noun-Oth	Knighthood	騎士道	Kishidō
Noun-Oth	Knowledge session	知識セッション	chishiki sesshon
Noun-Oth	Lace	レース	Reesu
Noun-Oth	Lameness	足の不自由	Ashi no fujiyū
Noun-Oth	Lament (lamentation)	嘆き (哀悼)	Nageki (aitō)
Noun-Oth	Landmine	地雷	Jirai
Noun-Oth	Lassitude	倦怠感	Kentai-kan
Noun-Oth	Later moment	後の瞬間	ato no shunkan

Noun-Oth	Laugh (a laugh)	笑う (笑い)	Warau
Noun-Oth	Lavishness	寛大さ	kandaisa
Noun-Oth	Lawsuit	訴訟	Soshō
Noun-Oth	Layer (layers)	レイヤー (レイヤー)	reiyaa (reiyaa)
Noun-Oth	Layout	レイアウト	reiauto
Noun-Oth	Learning through doing	実践を通して学ぶ	Jissen o tōshite manabu
Noun-Oth	Leash	鎖	Kusari
Noun-Oth	Leavings	残り物	nokorimono
Noun-Oth	Ledger	元帳	motochō
Noun-Oth	Legality	合法性	Gohousei
Noun-Oth	Legalization	合法化	Gōhōka
Noun-Oth	Lengthening	長くする	Nagaku suru
Noun-Oth	Lengthiness	長さ	Naga-sa
Noun-Oth	Lick (a lick)	なめる (なめる)	Nameru (nameru)
Noun-Oth	Lid (the lid)	蓋 (ふた)	Futa (futa)
Noun-Oth	Life expectancy	平均余命	Heikin yomei
Noun-Oth	Life force	生命力	Seimeiryoku
Noun-Oth	Lightening	ライトニング	Raitoningu
Noun-Oth	Lightness	明るさ	akarusa
Noun-Oth	Lightning rod	避雷針	Hiraishin
Noun-Oth	Lightweight	軽量	Keiryō
Noun-Oth	Limitation (limitations)	制限 (する) (制限 (する))	Seigen (suru) (seigen (suru))
Noun-Oth	Line of sight	視線	Shisen
Noun-Oth	Lingering gaze	残る視線	Nokoru shisen
Noun-Oth	Linguistics	言語学	gengogaku
Noun-Oth	Lionization	もてはやす	Motehayasu
Noun-Oth	Literacy	識字率	Shikijiritsu
Noun-Oth	Livability	居住性	Kyojū-sei
Noun-Oth	Loaded dice	仕組まれたサイコロ	Shikumareta saikoro
Noun-Oth	Local market (local marketplace)	地元の市場	Jimoto no ichiba
Noun-Oth	Locally sourced	地元産	Jimotosan
Noun-Oth	Lock (a lock, the lock)	ロック (錠前・ロック)	Rokku (jōmai ・ rokku)
Noun-Oth	Log (logs)	ログ (ログ)	Rogu (rogu)
Noun-Oth	Longness	長さ	Naga-sa
Noun-Oth	Low light vision	暗視	Anshi
Noun-Oth	Low literacy	低い識字率	Hikui shikijiritsu
Noun-Oth	Lowliness	卑しさ	bēi Shi-sa
Noun-Oth	Lowness	卑しさ	bēi Shi-sa
Noun-Oth	Mail order	通販/ 通信販売/ メールオーダー	Tsūhan/ Tsūshin hanbai/ Meiruōdā
Noun-Oth	Malaise	倦怠感	Kentaikan
Noun-Oth	Malevolence	悪意 (の)	Akui (no)
Noun-Oth	Malpractice	不正行為	Fuseikoui
Noun-Oth	Maneuver (maneuvers)	作戦 (作戦)	Sakusen (sakusen)
Noun-Oth	Manifesto	マニフェスト	manifesuto
Noun-Oth	Marvel (a marvel)	驚異 (驚異)	Kyoui (kyoui)
Noun-Oth	Masculinity	男らしさ	otoko rashisa
Noun-Oth	Massage	マッサージ (する)	Massāji (suru)
Noun-Oth	Materialization	具体化 (する)	Gutai-ka (suru)
Noun-Oth	Matter	重要	Jūyō

Noun-Other	Maturity	成熟	Seijuku
Noun-Other	Mechanics	メカニクス	Mekanikusu
Noun-Other	Mechanism	メカニズム	Mekanizumu
Noun-Other	Medical Supply (medical equipment)	医療用品 (医療機器)	Iryō yōhin (iryō kiki)
Noun-Other	Medikit (medi-kit)	メディキット (メディキット)	Medi kitto (medi kitto)
Noun-Other	Meditation session	瞑想セッション	meisou sesshon
Noun-Other	Melody	メロディー	Merodii
Noun-Other	Menace	脅迫 (する)	kyohaku (suru)
Noun-Other	Mental illness	精神疾患	Seishin shikkan
Noun-Other	Merger	合併	gappei
Noun-Other	Merriment	陽気 (な)/ 陽気さ	Yōki (na)/ Yōki-sa
Noun-Other	Metabolism	代謝	taisha
Noun-Other	Metabolism	代謝	taisha
Noun-Other	Metallurgy	冶金学	Yakkin gaku
Noun-Other	Might	力強い	Chikaradzuyoi
Noun-Other	Mild depression	軽い鬱	Karui utsu
Noun-Other	Milestone	マイルストーン	Mairusuton
Noun-Other	Military occupation	軍事占領	Gunji senryō
Noun-Other	Military service	兵役	Heieki
Noun-Other	Mimesis	擬態	Gitai
Noun-Other	Mind reading (ESP)	心を読む (超能力/ ESP)	Kokoro o yomu (chō nōryoku/ esupu)
Noun-Other	Mindset	考え方	kangaekata
Noun-Other	Ministry	省庁	shouchou
Noun-Other	Mirage	幻影	Genei
Noun-Other	Mirth	陽気さ	Yōkisa
Noun-Other	Misbehaviour	不正行為 (をやる)	Fusei kōi (o suru)
Noun-Other	Mischief	いたずら	Itazura
Noun-Other	Misdeed (misdeeds)	悪行 (悪行)	Akugyō (akugyō)
Noun-Other	Misgiving	疑念	Ginen
Noun-Other	Misinformation	誤情報	gojoho
Noun-Other	Misuse (the misuse)	誤用 (する) (誤用 (する))	Goyō (suru) (goyō (suru))
Noun-Other	Mix (a mix)	混ぜる (混ぜる)	Mazeru (mazeru)
Noun-Other	Mockery	嘲笑	choushou
Noun-Other	Mode (modes)	モード (モード)	Mōdo (mōdo)
Noun-Other	Modern warfare	現代戦争	Gendai sensō
Noun-Other	Modification (alteration)	改造 (する) (改造 (する))	Kaizō (suru) (kaizō (suru))
Noun-Other	Module	モジュール	Mojūru
Noun-Other	Momentariness	束の間 (つかの間) (の)	Tsukanoma (no)
Noun-Other	Moments earlier	ほんの少し前	hon no sukoshi mae
Noun-Other	Moments later	ほんの少し後	hon no sukoshi ato
Noun-Other	Moral dilemma	道徳的ジレンマ	Dōtoku-teki jirenma
Noun-Other	Moral rectitude	道徳的正しさ	douoteki tadashisa
Noun-Other	Moral standard	道徳基準	Dōtoku kijun
Noun-Other	Morality (moral; morals)	道徳 (道徳; モラル)	Dōtoku (dōtoku; moraru)
Noun-Other	Morals	道徳	Doutoku
Noun-Other	Motif (motifs)	モチーフ (モチーフ)	Mochifu (mochifu)
Noun-Other	Motive (motives)	動機 (動機)	Dōki (dōki)

Noun-Other	Mourning	哀悼	Aitō
Noun-Other	Mouth cuffs	口錠	Kōjō
Noun-Other	Murmur (murmurs)	つぶやき (つぶやき)	tsubuyaki
Noun-Other	Mutiny	反乱 (する)	Hanran (suru)
Noun-Other	Mutter	つぶやく	tsubuyaku
Noun-Other	Mutual respect	相互尊重	Sōgo sonchō
Noun-Other	Mutual understanding	相互理解	Sōgo rikai
Noun-Other	My part	私の役割	Watashi no yakuwari
Noun-Other	Narcissism	ナルシシズム	narushishizumu
Noun-Other	Narrative	物語	Monogatari
Noun-Other	Natural instinct	本能	Hon'nō
Noun-Other	Natural talent	自然な才能	Shizen'na sainō
Noun-Other	Naughtiness	いたずら	itazura
Noun-Other	Needlework	針仕事	Harishigoto
Noun-Other	Neglect	無視 (する)	Mushi (suru)
Noun-Other	Nepotism	縁故主義	Enkoshugi
Noun-Other	Nerdiness	オタクっぽさ	Otakupposa
Noun-Other	Nervousness	神経質	Shinkeishitsu
Noun-Other	Neutral stance	中立的な姿勢	Chūritsu-tekina shisei
Noun-Other	Neutralization	中和 (する)	chūwa (suru)
Noun-Other	New addition	新規追加	Shinki tsuika
Noun-Other	Niche	ニッチ	Nitchi
Noun-Other	No trespassing	立ち入り禁止/ 立入禁止/ 不法侵入禁止	Tachiiri kinshi/ Tachiirikinshi/ Fuhō shin'nyū kinshi
Noun-Other	Noise	騒音	Sōon
Noun-Other	Noise cancellation	ノイズキャンセリング	Noizukyanseringu
Noun-Other	Noise pollution	騒音公害	Sōon kōgai
Noun-Other	Non-aggression pact	不可侵条約	Fukashin jōyaku
Noun-Other	Nonsense	ナンセンス	Nansensu
Noun-Other	Non-verbal cues	非言語的合図	higengoteki aizu
Noun-Other	Nostalgia	懐かしさ	Natsukashisa
Noun-Other	Nostalgia	郷愁	Kyōshū
Noun-Other	Nuance	ニュアンス	nyuansu
Noun-Other	Nuisance	迷惑	meiwaku
Noun-Other	Numbness	麻痺	Mahi
Noun-Other	Oath	誓い	Chikai
Noun-Other	Object (an object)	オブジェクト (オブジェクト)	Obujekuto (obujekuto)
Noun-Other	Obscureness	不明瞭さ	fumeiryousa
Noun-Other	Obscurity	不明瞭さ	fumeiryousa
Noun-Other	Obsession	執着	Shūchaku
Noun-Other	Occupation (the occupation of)	占領 (する) (占領 (する))	Senryō (suru) (senryō (suru))
Noun-Other	Occurrence	発生	Hassei
Noun-Other	Of vital importance	極めて重要な	kiwamete jūyōna
Noun-Other	Offense (an offense)	攻撃 (攻撃)	kōgeki (kōgeki)
Noun-Other	Offensive (the offensive)	攻撃的 (攻撃的 (な))	kōgekiteki (kōgekiteki (na))
Noun-Other	Official list	公式リスト	kōshiki risuto
Noun-Other	Official records	公式記録	kōshiki kiroku
Noun-Other	Oil drum	ドラム缶	doramukan

Noun-Oth	Ominous sight	不吉な光景	Fukitsuna kōkei
Noun-Oth	Omission	省略	Shōryaku
Noun-Oth	Omittance	省略(する)	Shōryaku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Omniscience	全知	Zenchi
Noun-Oth	Ongoing investigations	進行中の調査	Shinkōchū no chōsa
Noun-Oth	Onomatopoeia	擬音語	Giongo
Noun-Oth	Onslaught	猛攻撃	Mōkōgeki
Noun-Oth	Onslaught	猛攻撃	Mōkōgeki
Noun-Oth	Onus	責任	Sekinin
Noun-Oth	Open house	オープンハウス	Ōpunhausu
Noun-Oth	Operation (surgery)	手術(外科手術)	Shujutsu (geka shujutsu)
Noun-Oth	Opportunism	日和見主義	Hiyori mishugi
Noun-Oth	Opposite effect	反対の効果	hantai no kōka
Noun-Oth	Optical illusion	錯覚	Sakkaku
Noun-Oth	Oral tradition	口承	kōshō
Noun-Oth	Ordeal	試練	Shiren
Noun-Oth	Orgasm	オーガズム	ooga zumu
Noun-Oth	Orgy	乱交	Rankō
Noun-Oth	Orientation	方向付け	Hōkōdzuke
Noun-Oth	Originality	独創	Dokusō
Noun-Oth	Osmosis	浸透	Shintou
Noun-Oth	Out loud	大声で	ōgoe de
Noun-Oth	Out of necessity (perforce; constrainedly)	必要に迫られて (強制的に、強制的に)	Hitsuyō ni semararete (kyōseiteki ni, kyōseiteki ni)
Noun-Oth	Out of the way	邪魔にならないように	Jama ni naranai yō ni
Noun-Oth	Outfit	服装	fukusō
Noun-Oth	Outline	輪郭を描く	Rinkaku o egaku
Noun-Oth	Outpouring	ほとばしり	hotobashiri
Noun-Oth	Output	出力	Shutsuryoku
Noun-Oth	Overboard	船外	Sengai
Noun-Oth	Overcapacity	過剰生産能力	Kajōseisan nōryoku
Noun-Oth	Overconsumption	消費過剰	shouhi kajou
Noun-Oth	Over-enthusiasm	熱狂しすぎ	nekkyou shisugi
Noun-Oth	Overflow	溢れ/ オーバーフロー	Afure/ Ōbāfurō
Noun-Oth	Overgrowth	過成長/ 繁茂	Ka seichō/ Hanmo
Noun-Oth	Overhaul	オーバーホール(する)	Ōbāhōru (suru)
Noun-Oth	Overproduction	過剰生産	kajou seisan
Noun-Oth	Overstock	在庫過剰	Zaiko kajou
Noun-Oth	Overuse	使いすぎ	Tsukaisugi
Noun-Oth	Overvaluation	過大評価	Kadai hyōka
Noun-Oth	Oxygen	酸素	Sanso
Noun-Oth	Oxygen mask	酸素マスク	Sanso masuku
Noun-Oth	Pacifism	平和主義	heiwa shugi
Noun-Oth	Pack of paper	紙の束	Kami no taba

Noun-Other	Pact	協定 (する)/ 条約/ 協約 (する)/ 盟約 (する)	Kyōtei (suru) * (arrangement; pact; agreement)/ Jōyaku * (treaty; pact; convention; agreement)/ Kyōyaku (suru) * (pact; convention; agreement)/ Meiyaku (suru) * (oath; pledge; pact; covenant; alliance)
Noun-Other	Paddle	パドル (する)	Padaru (suru)
Noun-Other	Paint tube	絵の具チューブ	Enogu chūbu
Noun-Other	Paintwork	塗装	Tosō
Noun-Other	Pallor	青白い	Aojirōi
Noun-Other	Palpation	触診 (する)	Shokushin (suru)
Noun-Other	Palpitation (palpitations)	動悸 (する) (動悸 (する))	Dōki (suru) (dōki (suru))
Noun-Other	Panel (panels)	パネル (パネル)	Paneru (paneru)
Noun-Other	Paper plane	紙飛行機	Kamihikouki
Noun-Other	Paper shreds	紙の細断	Kami no hoso dan
Noun-Other	Paperwork	書類仕事	Shorui shigoto
Noun-Other	Parachute flare	パラシュートフレア	Parashūtofurea
Noun-Other	Paradigm	パラダイム	paradaimu
Noun-Other	Parameter	パラメーター	paramētā
Noun-Other	Paramount	最重要	saijuuyo
Noun-Other	Paranoia	偏執症	Henshitsushō
Noun-Other	Parchment	羊皮紙	Yōhishi
Noun-Other	Parental leave	育児休暇	ikuji kyūka
Noun-Other	Parole	仮釈放	Kashaku hōmen
Noun-Other	Partiality	偏り	katayori
Noun-Other	Partnership	パートナーシップ	paatonaashippu
Noun-Other	Paste (the paste)	ペースト (ペースト)	peesuto (peesuto)
Noun-Other	Patriotism	愛国心	Aikokushin
Noun-Other	Peace treaty	平和条約	Heiwa jōyaku
Noun-Other	Peep (a peep)	のぞく (覗く)	Nozoku (Nozoku)
Noun-Other	Pelting	毛皮をはる	kegawa o haru
Noun-Other	Penchant	好み	Konomi
Noun-Other	Penchant	性癖	Seiheki
Noun-Other	Penetration	浸透 (する)	Shintō (suru)
Noun-Other	Perception	感知 (する)	Kanchi (suru)
Noun-Other	Perfect timing	完璧なタイミング	Kanpeki na taimingu
Noun-Other	Perfectionism	完璧主義	Kanpeki shugi
Noun-Other	Peril	危険	Kiken
Noun-Other	Period of time	期間/ 一定期間	Kikan/ Ittei kikan * (certain period, fixed period)
Noun-Other	Permanence	永続	Eizoku
Noun-Other	Permeation	浸透 (する)	Shintō (suru)
Noun-Other	Perpetuity	永久	Eikyuu
Noun-Other	Perplexity	困惑	konwaku
Noun-Other	Perseverance	忍耐力	Nintai-ryoku
Noun-Other	Personal hygiene	個人衛生	Kojin eisei
Noun-Other	Personality	人格	Jinkaku
Noun-Other	Personality disorder	人格障害	jinkaku shougai
Noun-Other	Persuasion	説得 (する)	Settoku (suru)

Noun-Oth	Perturbation	動揺	Dōyō
Noun-Oth	Phenomena	現象	Genshō
Noun-Oth	Photo (photos)	写真	Shashin
Noun-Oth	Photocopy	コピー	kopī
Noun-Oth	Photographic memory	写真的記憶	Shashinteki kioku
Noun-Oth	Photosynthesis	光合成 (の)	Kougousei (no)
Noun-Oth	Physical traits	身体的特徴	shintaiteki tokuchō
Noun-Oth	Physiology	生理学	Seirigaku
Noun-Oth	Picture (pictures)	画像	Gazō
Noun-Oth	Piece (pieces)	ピース (ピース)	Pīsu (pīsu)
Noun-Oth	Piece of equipment	機器の一部/ 機器	Kiki no ichibu/ Kiki
Noun-Oth	Pile of paper (paper stack)	紙の山 (紙の山)	Kami no yama (kami no yama)
Noun-Oth	Pimple (a pimple)	にきび (にきび)	nikibi (nikibi)
Noun-Oth	Pique	腹立たしい	Haradashii
Noun-Oth	Piracy	海賊行為	Kaizoku kōi
Noun-Oth	Pit trap (pitfall trap)	落とし穴 (落とし穴)	Otoshiana (Otoshiana)
Noun-Oth	Pitfall	落とし穴	otoshiana
Noun-Oth	Pitfall (pitfalls)	落とし穴	Otoshiana
Noun-Oth	Placeholder	プレースホルダー	pureesuhorudaa
Noun-Oth	Playful demeanor	ふざけた態度	fuzaketa taido
Noun-Oth	Playfulness	遊び心	Asobigokoro
Noun-Oth	Plea (a plea; the plea)	嘆願 (嘆願書)	Tangan (tangansho)
Noun-Oth	Plea (pleading)	嘆願 (嘆願)	tangan (tangan)
Noun-Oth	Pleasantness	心地よさ	Kokochiyo-sa
Noun-Oth	Pleasing	楽しい	Tanoshī
Noun-Oth	Pleasure	喜び	Yorokobi
Noun-Oth	Pledge	誓約 (する)	Seiyaku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Plot (plots)	プロット (プロット)	Purotto (puro~tsu to)
Noun-Oth	Poker face	ポーカーフェイス	Pōkāfeisu
Noun-Oth	Polarisation	分極	bunkyoku
Noun-Oth	Polishing	磨く	migaku
Noun-Oth	Pomp	華やかさ	Hanayakasa
Noun-Oth	Poof (a poof)	ふわっと消える	Fuwatto kieru
Noun-Oth	Poorness	貧しさ	Mazushi-sa
Noun-Oth	Popularity	人気	Ninki
Noun-Oth	Population decline (population reduction)	人口減少 (人口減少)	Jinkō genshō (jinkō genshō)
Noun-Oth	Population growth (population increase)	人口増加 (人口増加)	Jinkō zōka (jinkō zōka)
Noun-Oth	Portent	前兆	Zenchō
Noun-Oth	Portfolio	ポートフォリオ	Pōtoforio
Noun-Oth	Possession (possessions)	所有物 (所有物)	Shoyūbutsu (shoyūbutsu)
Noun-Oth	Possessiveness	所有欲 (の)	Shoyū yoku (no)
Noun-Oth	Post (a post)	投稿 (する) (ポスト)	Tōkō (suru) * (contribution (to a newspaper, magazine, etc.); submission; post (on a blog, social media, etc.)) (posuto * (postbox; mailbox; mail box; pillar box/ post; position))
Noun-Oth	Poster	ポスター	posutā

Noun-Other	Postponement	延期	Enki
Noun-Other	Posture	姿勢	shisei
Noun-Other	Pouch	ポーチ	Pōchi
Noun-Other	Power outage	停電 (する)	teiden (suru)
Noun-Other	Precedence	優先順位	Yūsen jun'i
Noun-Other	Precinct	管区	Kanku
Noun-Other	Precision	精度	Seido
Noun-Other	Precision	精密	Seimitsu
Noun-Other	Predictability	予測可能性	yosoku kanousei
Noun-Other	Preference	好み	Konomi
Noun-Other	Preliminary study	予備調査	Yobichōsa
Noun-Other	Prenuptial agreement	婚前契約	Konzen keiyaku
Noun-Other	Preoccupation	夢中になる	Muchūninaru
Noun-Other	Presence	面前	Menzen
Noun-Other	Printing (the printing)	印刷 (する) (印刷 (する))	Insatsu (suru) (insatsu (suru))
Noun-Other	Private affair (private matter)	私事 (私事)	watakushi goto
Noun-Other	Privilege	特権 (の)	Tokken (no)
Noun-Other	Probe (a probe)	プローブ	purōbu
Noun-Other	Procession	行列	Gyoretsu
Noun-Other	Proclamation	宣言	sengen
Noun-Other	Procreation	生殖 (する)	Seishoku (suru)
Noun-Other	Profile	プロフィール	Purofiru
Noun-Other	Projection	投影 (する)	Tōei (suru)
Noun-Other	Promise ring	プロミスリング	Puromisu Ringu
Noun-Other	Proposition (propositions)	命題 (命題)	Meidai (meidai)
Noun-Other	Prosecution	起訴 (する)	kiso (suru)
Noun-Other	Prospect	見込み客	Mikomi kyaku
Noun-Other	Prospering business (flourishing business)	商売繁盛 (繁盛)	shōbai hanjō (hanjō)
Noun-Other	Protocol	プロトコル	Purotokoru
Noun-Other	Provision (provisions)	条項 (条項)	Joukou (Joukou)
Noun-Other	Proviso	但し書き	Tadashigaki
Noun-Other	Proviso (provisos)	但し書き (但し書き)	Tadeshigaki (tadeshigaki)
Noun-Other	Puberty	思春期	shishunki
Noun-Other	Public humiliation	公衆の面前での屈辱	Kōshū no menzen de no kutsujoku
Noun-Other	Public relations (PR)	広報 (PR)	Kouhou (PR)
Noun-Other	Pucker (a pucker)	すぼめる (すぼめる)	subomeru (subomeru)
Noun-Other	Pump	ポンプ	ponpu
Noun-Other	Punching bag	サンドバッグ	Sandobaggu
Noun-Other	Purification	浄化	Jouka
Noun-Other	Purity	純潔	Junketsu
Noun-Other	Purity	清浄	Seijou
Noun-Other	Purposelessness	目的のない	Mokuteki no nai
Noun-Other	Purse	財布	saifu
Noun-Other	Pursuit	追う	ou
Noun-Other	Putty	パテ	Pate
Noun-Other	Puzzle piece	パズルのピース	Pazuru no pīsu
Noun-Other	Qualm	不安	Fuan

Noun-Only	Query	クエリ	Kueri
Noun-Only	Quietude	静寂	Shijima
Noun-Only	Quip	皮肉	Hiniku
Noun-Only	Quotation	見積/ 見積書	Mitsumori/ Mitsumorisho
Noun-Only	Quote/ Quotation (an estimate; estimation)	見積もり (概算 (する))	Mitsumori (mitsumori)
Noun-Only	Quotum	クォータム	Ku~ôtamu
Noun-Only	Radiation	放射 (する)	Hōsha (suru)
Noun-Only	Range (ranges)	範囲	Han'i
Noun-Only	Rant (a rant)	暴言 (暴言)	Bougen (bougen)
Noun-Only	Rant (rants)	暴言 (暴言)	Bougen (bougen)
Noun-Only	Rap music	ラップ音楽	Rappu ongaku
Noun-Only	Rarity	希少性	kishōsei
Noun-Only	Rave (a rave; the rave)	熱狂 (熱狂)	Nekkyou (nekkyou)
Noun-Only	Real connection (a real connection with)	本当のつながり (本当のつながり)	Hontō no tsunagari (hontō no tsunagari)
Noun-Only	Realistic solution	現実的な解決策	Genjitsuteki na kaiketsusaku
Noun-Only	Reassurance	安心 (な/ する)	anshin (na/suru)
Noun-Only	Rebuttal	反論	Hanron
Noun-Only	Recent activity	最近の活動	Saikin no katsudō
Noun-Only	Receptivity	受容性	Juyōsei
Noun-Only	Recess	休憩	Kyūkei
Noun-Only	Recession	不況	Fukyou
Noun-Only	Recipe	レシピ	Reshipi
Noun-Only	Recipency	受容性	Juyōsei
Noun-Only	Reciprocity	交換 (する)/ 互惠/ 互酬/ 互酬性/ 互惠性/ 返礼 (する)/ 互惠性	Kōkan (suru)/ Gokei/ Go shū/ Goshūsei/ Gokei-sei/ Henrei (suru)/ Gokei-sei
Noun-Only	Reckoning	清算 (する)	Seisan (suru)
Noun-Only	Recollection	思い出す	Omoidasu
Noun-Only	Recovery	回復 (する)	Kaifuku (suru)
Noun-Only	Recreation	レクリエーション	rekuriēshon
Noun-Only	Rectitude	正しさ	tadashisa
Noun-Only	Red carpet	レッドカーペット	Reddo Kāpetto
Noun-Only	Reduction	削減 (する)	Sakugen (suru)
Noun-Only	Re-education camp	再教育キャンプ	Sai kyōiku kyanpu
Noun-Only	Re-enactment	再現 (する)	Saigen (suru)
Noun-Only	Refill (a refill)	補充 (する) (補充 (する))	hojū (suru) (hojū (suru))
Noun-Only	Refinement	洗練 (する)	Senren (suru)
Noun-Only	Refuge	避難 (する)	Hinan (suru)
Noun-Only	Refusal	拒否 (する)	Kyohi (suru)
Noun-Only	Register	登録 (する)	tōroku (suru)
Noun-Only	Regularity	規則性	Kisokusei
Noun-Only	Rehab (rehabilitation)	リハビリ (リハビリ)	Rihabiri (rihabiri)
Noun-Only	Rehabilitation	更生 (する)	Kōsei (suru)
Noun-Only	Rehearsal	リハーサル	Rihāsarū
Noun-Only	Reinforcement	強化 (する)	Kyōka (suru)
Noun-Only	Reins	手綱	Tazuna
Noun-Only	Rejuvenation	若返り	Waka gaeri
Noun-Only	Relation (relations)	関係 (関係)	Kankei (kankei)
Noun-Only	Relativity	相対性	sōtaisei

Noun-Oth	Relic	遺物	lbutsu
Noun-Oth	Relief	安心 (する/ な)	Anshin (suru/ na)
Noun-Oth	Relocation	移転	Iten
Noun-Oth	Remainder	残り	nokori
Noun-Oth	Remains	残骸	Zangai
Noun-Oth	Remarkability	注目度	Chūmoku-do
Noun-Oth	Remedy	療法	Ryōhō
Noun-Oth	Reminiscence	回想	kaisou
Noun-Oth	Remittance	送金 (する)	Sōkin (suru)
Noun-Oth	Remnant (remnants)	残り/ レムナント (残骸)	Nokori/ Remunanto (zangai)
Noun-Oth	Renaissance	ルネッサンス	Runessansu
Noun-Oth	Rendition	演出	Enshutsu
Noun-Oth	Renegade	反逆者	Hangyaku-sha
Noun-Oth	Renewal	リニューアル (する)/ 更新 (する)	Rinyūaru (suru)/ Kōshin (suru)
Noun-Oth	Renunciation	放棄 (する)	Hōki (suru)
Noun-Oth	Repertoire	レパートリー	Repātōrī
Noun-Oth	Replica	レプリカ	Repurika
Noun-Oth	Repression	抑圧	Yokuatsu
Noun-Oth	Repressor	リプレッサー/ 抑制者	Ripuessā * (repressor * (biology term))/ Yokusei-sha * (controller; restrainer)
Noun-Oth	Reprieve	猶予 (する)	Yūyo (suru)
Noun-Oth	Reprinting	再版 (する)	Saihan (suru)
Noun-Oth	Reproach	非難 (する/ な)	Hinan (suru/ na)
Noun-Oth	Reproduction	再生 (する)	Saisei (suru)
Noun-Oth	Reputation	評判	hyouban
Noun-Oth	Repute	評判	hyouban
Noun-Oth	Resemblance	似ている	Nite iru
Noun-Oth	Reshuffle	入れ替え	irekae
Noun-Oth	Resilience	回復力	Kaifukuryoku
Noun-Oth	Resonance	共振 (する)/ 共鳴 (する)	Kyōshin (suru)/ Kyōmei (suru)
Noun-Oth	Resourcefulness	機知に富む	kichi ni tomu
Noun-Oth	Respectfulness	敬意	keii
Noun-Oth	Restoration	回復	Kaifuku
Noun-Oth	Restriction (restrictions)	制約 (する) (制限 (する))	Seiyaku (suru) (seigen (suru))
Noun-Oth	Retail	小売	Kouri
Noun-Oth	Retention	保持 (する)	Hoji (suru)
Noun-Oth	Reticence	寡黙	Kamoku
Noun-Oth	Retirement plan	退職 プラン	Taishoku puran
Noun-Oth	Retrogression	退行 (する)/ 退化 (する)	Taikō (suru) * (retrogression; regression)/ Taika (suru) * (degeneration; retrogression; atrophy * (biology))/ regression (e.g. of society); deterioration; degeneration)
Noun-Oth	Revel	楽しみ (な)/ レベル	Tanoshimi (na)/ Reberu
Noun-Oth	Reverence	敬意/ 尊敬	Keii/ Sonkei
Noun-Oth	Reverse psychology	逆心理学	Gyaku shinrigaku
Noun-Oth	Revision	改訂 (する/ の)	Kaitei (suru/ no)
Noun-Oth	Revival	復活 (する)	Fukkatsu (suru) * (revival (of an old system, custom, fashion, etc.); restoration; return; comeback/ resurrection; rebirth)
Noun-Oth	Richness	豊かさ	Yutaka-sa

Noun-Oth	Ridge	海嶺	Kairei
Noun-Oth	Ridicule	嘲笑する	Chōshō suru
Noun-Oth	Right treatment	正しい扱い	tadashii atsukai
Noun-Oth	Righteousness	正義	Seigi
Noun-Oth	Rightness	正しさ	Tadashisa
Noun-Oth	Rise (the rise)	上昇 (する/ の) (ライズ)	Jōshō (suru/ no) (Raizu)
Noun-Oth	Risk	リスク	risuku
Noun-Oth	Robot	ロボット	Robotto
Noun-Oth	Robotics	ロボット工学	Robotto kōgaku
Noun-Oth	Rocket science	ロケット科学	Roketto kagaku
Noun-Oth	Roll (a roll)	転がる	Korogaru
Noun-Oth	Roughness	粗さ	Ara-sa
Noun-Oth	Ruckus	騒ぎ	sawagi
Noun-Oth	Rumble	ランブル	Ranburu
Noun-Oth	Rust	さび	Sabi
Noun-Oth	Safety net	セーフティネット	Sēfuti netto
Noun-Oth	Safety regulations	安全規則	Anzen kisoku
Noun-Oth	Safety standards	安全基準	Anzen kijun
Noun-Oth	Sagacity	賢明さ	Kenmei-sa
Noun-Oth	Sanctuary	聖域	Seiki
Noun-Oth	Sanity	正気	Shouki
Noun-Oth	Sarcasm	皮肉	Hiniku
Noun-Oth	Saturation	飽和	Hōwa
Noun-Oth	Scandal	不祥事/ 醜聞/ 不正事件/ スキャンダル	Fushōji/ Shūbun/ Fusei jiken/ Sukyandaru
Noun-Oth	Scarcity	希少性	Kishō-sei
Noun-Oth	Scepticism	懐疑的	Kaigiteki
Noun-Oth	Scheme	計画 (する)	keikaku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Schizophrenia	統合失調症	tougou shicchoushou
Noun-Oth	Scoop (scoops)	すくう	Sukuu
Noun-Oth	Scorn	軽蔑 (する)	Keibetsu (suru)
Noun-Oth	Scowl (a scowl)	しかめっ面	shikamettura
Noun-Oth	Scrap (shred)	スクラップ (細断 (する))	Sukurappu (saidan (suru))
Noun-Oth	Scroll (the scroll)	巻物/ 幅 (ふく)/ スクロール (する) (巻物)	Makimono * (handscroll; rolled book/ roll of cloth (for making a kimono)/ scarf; stole)/ Fuku * (scroll/ counter for scrolls)/ Sukurōru (suru) * (scroll/ scrolling) (makimono)
Noun-Oth	Scrupulosity	良心の呵責	ryoushin no kashaku
Noun-Oth	Scrutiny	精査 (する)	Seisa (suru)
Noun-Oth	Search (a search)	検索 (検索)	kensaku (kensaku)
Noun-Oth	Search (the search)	検索 (検索)	Kensaku (kensaku)
Noun-Oth	Second generation	第二世代	Dainisedai
Noun-Oth	Sedation	鎮静	Chinsei
Noun-Oth	Seduction	誘惑 (する)	Yūwaku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Self-care	セルフケア	serufu kea
Noun-Oth	Self-disclosure	自己開示	jikokaiji
Noun-Oth	Self-righteousness	独善性	Dokuzensei
Noun-Oth	Self-talk	自己対話	jiko taiwa
Noun-Oth	Self-transcendence	自己超越	Jiko chōetsu
Noun-Oth	Semblance	見せかけ	misekake

Noun-Oth	Sending (the sending)	送信 (する) (送信 (する))	Sōshin (suru) (sōshin (suru))
Noun-Oth	Sense of determination	決意の感覚	Ketsui no kankaku
Noun-Oth	Sensor	センサー	Sensaa
Noun-Oth	Sensuality	官能	Kan'nō
Noun-Oth	Serendipity	セレンディピティ/ 偶然の幸運	Serendipiti/ Gūzen no kōun
Noun-Oth	Serenity	静けさ	shizukesa
Noun-Oth	Seriousness	真剣さ	Shinken-sa
Noun-Oth	Session	セッション	sesshon
Noun-Oth	Setback (setbacks)	挫折/ 後退 (挫折)	Zasetsu/ Kōtai (zasetsu)
Noun-Oth	Setting up (set up)	セットアップ (セットアップ)	setto appu (setto appu)
Noun-Oth	Sex (intercourse)	セックス (性交)	sekkusu (seikou)
Noun-Oth	Sexual immorality	性的不道德	Seiteki fudōtoku
Noun-Oth	Shackles	足かせ	Ashikase
Noun-Oth	Shake (a shake)	振る (シェイク)	furū (sheiku)
Noun-Oth	Shamble	混乱	konran
Noun-Oth	Shambles	大混乱	daikonran
Noun-Oth	Sharp edges	鋭いエッジ	Surudoī ejji
Noun-Oth	Sheath	鞘	Saya
Noun-Oth	Shell (gun shell)	砲弾 (砲弾)	hōdan (hōdan)
Noun-Oth	Shenanigans	悪ふざけ	Warufuzake
Noun-Oth	Shimmers (shimmering)	きらめく (きらめく)	Kirameku (kirameku)
Noun-Oth	Shoelace	靴ひも	Kutsuhimo
Noun-Oth	Shortcoming	欠点	kettens
Noun-Oth	Shortcoming (shortcomings)	欠点	Ketten
Noun-Oth	Shortening	短くする/ ショートニング	Mijikaku suru/ Shōtoningu
Noun-Oth	Shortness	短さ	Mijika-sa
Noun-Oth	Shot (a shot)	撃つ (一発)	utsu (ippatsu)
Noun-Oth	Showcase	ショーケース	shōkēsu
Noun-Oth	Showmanship	ショーマンシップ	shōmanshippu
Noun-Oth	Shreds	細切れ	kogire
Noun-Oth	Shrinkage	縮小	shukushou
Noun-Oth	Shuffle (a shuffle)	シャッフル (する) (シャッフル (する))	shaffuru (suru) (shaffuru (suru))
Noun-Oth	Side-effect	副作用	fukusayō
Noun-Oth	Silence	沈黙	Chinmoku
Noun-Oth	Similar work	同様の作業	dōyō no sagyō
Noun-Oth	Simplicity	シンプル	Shinpuru
Noun-Oth	Sincerity	誠意	Seii
Noun-Oth	Singularity (singularities)	シンギュラリティ (特異点)	Shingyurariti (tokui-ten)
Noun-Oth	Skid	スキッド (する)	Sukiddo (suru)
Noun-Oth	Skin allergy	皮膚アレルギー	Hifu arerugii
Noun-Oth	Skin tone	肌の色	hada no iro
Noun-Oth	Skirmish (a skirmish)	小競り合い	kozeri-ai
Noun-Oth	Slack	スラック	Surakku
Noun-Oth	Slavery	奴隷制	Dorei-sei
Noun-Oth	Slingshot	スリングショット	Suringushotto
Noun-Oth	Slouch (a slouch)	前かがみになる	maekagami ni naru
Noun-Oth	Slow down	減速 (する)	gensoku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Slowdown	減速 (する/ の)	Gensoku (suru/no)

Noun-Oth	Slumber	眠り	Nemuri
Noun-Oth	Smallness	小ささ	Ko-sa sa
Noun-Oth	Smiley	スマイリー	sumairī
Noun-Oth	Smite (a smite)	叩く (叩く)	tataku (tataku)
Noun-Oth	Snapshot	スナップショット	Sunappushotto
Noun-Oth	Snippet	スニペット	Sunippetto
Noun-Oth	Snippet (snippets)	断片 (断片)	danpen (danpen)
Noun-Oth	Snuggle	寄り添う	Yorisou
Noun-Oth	Sociology	社会学	shakaigaku
Noun-Oth	Socket	ソケット	soketto
Noun-Oth	Solace	慰め	Nagusame
Noun-Oth	Solicitude	思いやり	Omoiyari
Noun-Oth	Solidity	堅牢性	Kenrō-sei
Noun-Oth	Solvent	溶剤	youzai
Noun-Oth	Sophistication	洗練 (する)	Senren (suru)
Noun-Oth	Sophistry	詭弁	Giben
Noun-Oth	Sorrow	悲しみ	Kanashimi
Noun-Oth	Sorting	仕分け	Shiwake
Noun-Oth	Soundness	健全 (な)	Kenzen (na)
Noun-Oth	Sovereignty	主権	shuken
Noun-Oth	Spare time	余暇	yoka
Noun-Oth	Spate	洪水	Kouzui
Noun-Oth	Specifics	詳細	shōsai
Noun-Oth	Spectrum	スペクトル	Supekutoru
Noun-Oth	Speculation	思索	Shisaku
Noun-Oth	Speed up	加速 (する/ の)	Kasoku (suru/no)
Noun-Oth	Speed up	加速 (する)	kasoku (suru)
Noun-Oth	Splat	スプラット	supuratto
Noun-Oth	Splinter (a splinter)	破片 (破片)	hahan (hahan)
Noun-Oth	Splutter	スプラッター	supurattā
Noun-Oth	Spoilage	腐敗 (する)	Fuhai (suru)
Noun-Oth	Spot (a spot, the spot)	まだら (まだら; まだら)	madara (madara; madara)
Noun-Oth	Spree	スプリー	Supurī
Noun-Oth	Spree	スプリー/ 酒宴/ どんちゃん騒ぎ/ 乱痴気騒ぎ/ 銃乱射/ 買い急ぎ/ 豪遊 (する)/ 乱酒	Supurī * (spree)/ Shuen * (drinking party; banquet; feast)/ Donchansawagi * (merrymaking; high jinks; drunken revelry; spree)/ Ranchikisawagi * (boisterous merrymaking; racket; spree)/ Jū ransha * (shooting spree; shooting rampage; mass shooting)/ Kaisogi * (buying spree; hasty purchase; rush to buy)/ Gōyū (suru) * (extravagant spree; wild merrymaking; living it up)/ Ranshu * (drunken spree or frenzy)
Noun-Oth	Spunk	元気 (な)	Genki (na)
Noun-Oth	Spur (a spur)	刺激 (する)	Shigeki (suru)
Noun-Oth	Spyglass	望遠鏡	Bouenkyou
Noun-Oth	Stability	安定性	Anteisei
Noun-Oth	Staccato	スタッカート	Sutakkāto
Noun-Oth	Stack	スタック	Sutakku
Noun-Oth	Stagnant growth	停滞した成長	Teitai shita seichō

Noun-Oth	Stagnation	停滞 (する)	Teitai (suru)
Noun-Oth	Stake (a stake)	賭け金 (賭け)	Kakekin (kake)
Noun-Oth	Stance	姿勢	Shisei
Noun-Oth	Standard (the standards)	標準 (基準)	Hyōjun (Kijun)
Noun-Oth	Stand-up comedy	スタンダップコメディ	Sutandappu Komedi
Noun-Oth	Stark contrast	はっきりした対照/ はっきりしたコントラスト	hakkiri shita taishō/ hakkiri shita kontrasuto
Noun-Oth	Starvation	飢餓	Kiga
Noun-Oth	Status bar	ステータスバー	Sutētasu bā
Noun-Oth	Statute (statutes)	法令	Hōrei
Noun-Oth	Steroids	ステロイド	Suteroido
Noun-Oth	Stimulation	刺激 (する)	Shigeki (suru)
Noun-Oth	Stimulus	刺激	Shigeki
Noun-Oth	Stitch (a stitch)	ステッチ (一針)	Sutechi (hitohari)
Noun-Oth	Stocking	ストッキング	Sutokkingu
Noun-Oth	Storytelling	物語る	monogataru
Noun-Oth	Strangulation	絞殺 (する)	Kōsatsu (suru)
Noun-Oth	Stratagem	策略	Sakuryaku
Noun-Oth	Strength	強さ	tsuyosa
Noun-Oth	Stretch (a stretch)	伸びる (伸びる)	Nobiru (nobiru)
Noun-Oth	Stride (a stride)	大股で歩く (大股で歩く)	Oomata de aruku (oomata de aruku)
Noun-Oth	Stroll (a stroll)	散歩 (する) (散歩 (する))	Sanpo (suru) (sanpo (suru))
Noun-Oth	Stun	驚かせる	Odorokaseru
Noun-Oth	Stunt	スタント (する)	Sutanto (suru)
Noun-Oth	Stylishness	スタイリッシュさ	sutairisshusa
Noun-Oth	Subculture (subcultures)	サブカルチャー (サブカルチャー)	Sabukaruchaa (sabukaruchaa)
Noun-Oth	Subdivision	細分化	Saibunka
Noun-Oth	Subjugation	服従	Fukujū
Noun-Oth	Submersion	水没	Suibotsu
Noun-Oth	Subordination	従属 (する/ の)	Jūzoku (suru/ no)
Noun-Oth	Subterfuge	ごまかし	gomakashi
Noun-Oth	Subtleness	繊細さ	Sensai sa
Noun-Oth	Subtlety (subtility)	微妙さ (微妙さ)	Bimyousa (bimyousa)
Noun-Oth	Suitability	適合性	Tekigōsei
Noun-Oth	Suitcase	スーツケース	Sūtsukēsu
Noun-Oth	Supplication	嘆願 (する)	Tangan (suru)
Noun-Oth	Suppression	抑制	Yokusei
Noun-Oth	Supremacy	覇権	haken
Noun-Oth	Surge (a surge)	急上昇 (急上昇)	Kyuuujoushou (kyuuujoushou)
Noun-Oth	Surgery	手術 (する)	Shujutsu (suru)
Noun-Oth	Survey	調査	Chōsa
Noun-Oth	Survival mode	サバイバルモード	Sabaibarumōdo
Noun-Oth	Susceptibility	感受性	Kanjusei
Noun-Oth	Sustainability	持続可能性	Jizoku kanōsei
Noun-Oth	Swear word (swear words)	誓いの言葉 (誓いの言葉)	chikai no kotoba (chikai no kotoba)
Noun-Oth	Swearing	誓いの言葉	chikai no kotoba
Noun-Oth	Sweet deal	いい取引	ī torihiki

Noun-Oth	Swipe (a swipe)	スワイプ (する) (スワイプ (する))	suaipu (suru) (suaipu (suru))
Noun-Oth	Swirl	旋回 (する) / 渦巻く	Senkai (suru) / uzumaku
Noun-Oth	Symbolism	象徴	Shōchō
Noun-Oth	Symphony	交響曲	Kōkyōkyoku
Noun-Oth	System (systems)	システム	Shisutemu
Noun-Oth	Taboo	タブー	Tabū
Noun-Oth	Takeback	取り戻す	Torimodosu
Noun-Oth	Tardiness	遅刻	chikoku
Noun-Oth	Tattoo	タトゥー	Tatuu
Noun-Oth	Taunt (taunts)	挑発 (する) (挑発 (する))	chōhatsu (suru) (chōhatsu (suru))
Noun-Oth	Taxation	課税 (する)	Kazei (suru)
Noun-Oth	Team building	チームビルディング	Chīmu birudingu
Noun-Oth	Tear (a tear)	涙 (涙)	Namida
Noun-Oth	Teddy bear	テディベア	Tedi bea
Noun-Oth	Telescope	望遠鏡	Bōenkyō
Noun-Oth	Telling (the telling)	伝える (伝える)	tsutaeru (tsutaeru)
Noun-Oth	Template	テンプレート	Tenpurēto
Noun-Oth	Temptation (temptations)	誘惑 (誘惑)	yuuwaku (yuuwaku)
Noun-Oth	Tenderness	優しさ	yasashisa
Noun-Oth	Tension	緊張 (する) / 緊迫 (する) / 切迫 (する) / テンション	Kinchō (suru) / Kinpaku (suru) / Seppaku (suru) / Tenshon
Noun-Oth	Threat (threats)	脅迫 (脅し)	Kyōhaku (odoshi)
Noun-Oth	Thrill	スリル	suriru
Noun-Oth	Thwart	妨害 (する)	Bōgai (suru)
Noun-Oth	Tidiness	整頓 (する)	Seiton (suru)
Noun-Oth	Tie (a tie)	ネクタイ (ネクタイ)	Nekutai (nekutai)
Noun-Oth	Tie-up	拘束	Kousoku
Noun-Oth	Tinderbox	火口	Kakō
Noun-Oth	Tirade	激しい非難	Hageshii hinan
Noun-Oth	Tissue	ティッシュ	Tisshu
Noun-Oth	Toil	苦労 (する)	Kurō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Toll	通行料 / 通行料金	Tsūkō-ryō * (toll) / Tsūkō ryōkin * (toll fee)
Noun-Oth	Torpor	無気力	Mukiryoku
Noun-Oth	Torture	拷問	Gōmon
Noun-Oth	Toss (a toss)	投げる	nageru
Noun-Oth	Totality	全体性	Zentaisei
Noun-Oth	Track record	実績	Jisseki
Noun-Oth	Trait	特性	Tokusei
Noun-Oth	Tranquilizer	精神安定剤	Seishin anteizai
Noun-Oth	Transcendence	超越	Chōetsu
Noun-Oth	Transcript (transcription)	転写 (する) (転写 (する))	tensha (suru) (tensha (suru))
Noun-Oth	Transience	はかなさ	Hakanasa
Noun-Oth	Transiency	一時性	Ichijisei
Noun-Oth	Transitoriness	はかない	Hakanai
Noun-Oth	Transmission	送信 (する)	Sōshin (suru)
Noun-Oth	Transmutation	変換 (する)	Henkan (suru)
Noun-Oth	Transpiration	蒸散	Jousan
Noun-Oth	Trauma	トラウマ	Torauma

Noun-Oth	Tray (a tray)	トレイ	Torei
Noun-Oth	Treadmill	トレッドミル	Toreddomiru
Noun-Oth	Treaty	条約	Jōyaku
Noun-Oth	Trifle	軽視 (する)/ トリフル	keishi (suru) / torifuru
Noun-Oth	Trim (a trim)	トリム (トリム)	Torimu (torimu)
Noun-Oth	Trinket	小物	Komono
Noun-Oth	Trip wire (tripwire)	罠 (トリップワイヤー)	Wana (Torippuwaiyā)
Noun-Oth	Triviality	些細なこと/ つまらないこと	sasaina koto / tsumaranai koto
Noun-Oth	Trophy	トロフィー	Torofi
Noun-Oth	Trouble	苦勞 (する)/ 面倒 (な)/ 厄介 (な)/ 迷惑 (な)/ 故障 (する)/ 悩み/ トラブル	Kurō (suru)/ Mendō (na)/ Yakkai (na)/ Meiwaku (na)/ Koshō (suru)/ Nayami/ Toraburu
Noun-Oth	Truancy	不登校/ 無断欠勤	Futōkō / mudan kekkin
Noun-Oth	True wisdom	真の知恵	Shin no chie
Noun-Oth	Truthfulness	真実性	Shinjitsusei
Noun-Oth	Try (a try)	試す (一発)	tamesu (ippatsu)
Noun-Oth	Tug (a tug)	引っ張り合い	Hippariai
Noun-Oth	Tuition	授業料	Jugyouryou
Noun-Oth	Tuition fee	授業料	Jugyouryou
Noun-Oth	Turmoil	大混乱	Daikonran
Noun-Oth	Tussle	格闘	Kakutō
Noun-Oth	Twirl	旋回 (する)/ くるくる回る	Senkai (suru) / kurukuru mawaru
Noun-Oth	Twist (a twist)	ひねり合い	Hineriai
Noun-Oth	Unbelief	信じられない	Shinjirarenai
Noun-Oth	Undercapacity	能力不足	Nōryoku fusoku
Noun-Oth	Underpants	パンツ	Pantsu
Noun-Oth	Underproduction	生産不足	seisan fusoku
Noun-Oth	Underscore	強調する	kyouchou suru
Noun-Oth	Understock	在庫不足	Zaiko busoku
Noun-Oth	Undertone	基調	Kichō
Noun-Oth	Underuse	過小使用	Kashō shiyō
Noun-Oth	Undervaluation	過小評価	Kashō hyōka
Noun-Oth	Unease	不快感	Fukai-kan
Noun-Oth	Unequal situation	不平等な状況	fubyōdō na jōkyō
Noun-Oth	Unfair practice (unfair practices)	不公正な行為 (不公正な行為)	Fukousei na kou (fukousei na kou)
Noun-Oth	Unfair treatment (unequal Treatment)	不公平な扱い (不公平な扱い)	Fukohei na atsukai (fu byōdō na atsukai)
Noun-Oth	Unfairness	不公平	Fu kouhei
Noun-Oth	Unfamiliarity	馴染みがない	Najimi ga nai
Noun-Oth	Unfinished busines	未完の仕事	Mikan no shigoto
Noun-Oth	Unfinished business	やり残した仕事	yarinokoshita shigoto
Noun-Oth	Uniform (clothing)	均一 (衣服)	kin'itsu (ifuku)
Noun-Oth	Uniform (uniformly)	均一 (均一に)	kin'itsu (kin'itsu ni)
Noun-Oth	Unison	ユニゾン	Yunizon
Noun-Oth	Unsoundness	不健康	Fukenkō
Noun-Oth	Untruthfulness	不誠実さ	Fuseijitsusa
Noun-Oth	Unwanted advice	不要なアドバイス	Fuyō na adobaisu
Noun-Oth	Upbringing	育成	Ikusei
Noun-Oth	Upheaval	激動	Gekidō

Noun-Oth	Uproar	大騒ぎ	Ōsawagi
Noun-Oth	Urgency	緊急 (の/ な)	Kinkyū (no/ na)
Noun-Oth	Utterance	発話	Hatsuwa
Noun-Oth	Vacancy	空き状況/ 空き職/ 空室	Aki jōkyō * (availability (of rooms, parking, appointments, etc.))/ Aki-shoku * (vacant position; available job)/ Kūshitsu * (vacant room; vacancy; unoccupied room; empty room)
Noun-Oth	Valediction	別れ	wakare
Noun-Oth	Validation	検証 (する)	Kenshō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Value for money	価格に見合った価値	kakaku ni miao taika
Noun-Oth	Vaporization	気化 (する)	Kika (suru)
Noun-Oth	Vastness	広大	Koudai
Noun-Oth	Veracity	真実性	Shinjitsusei
Noun-Oth	Verbalization	言語化 (する)	Gengo-ka (suru)
Noun-Oth	Verse (verses)	詩	shi
Noun-Oth	Vindication	正当化 (する)/ 正当性	Seitō-ka (suru)/ Seitō-sei
Noun-Oth	Violation	違反	Ihan
Noun-Oth	Viscosity	粘性	nensei
Noun-Oth	Vow (vows)	誓い (誓い)	Chikai (chikai)
Noun-Oth	Vulnerability	脆弱性	zeijakusei
Noun-Oth	Waddle (a waddle)	よちよち歩く	Yochiyochi aruku
Noun-Oth	Wading	ウェーディング	Weedingu
Noun-Oth	Wager	賭ける	Kakeru
Noun-Oth	Wanted list	募集リスト	boshū risuto
Noun-Oth	Warfare	戦争 (する)	Sensō (suru)
Noun-Oth	Warming	暖 (だん)/ 準備運動 (する)/ ウォーミング (な)/ 昇温 (する)/ 肩慣らし (する)/ 温暖化 (する)	Dan/ Junbi undō (suru)/ U~ōmingu (na)/ Shōon (suru)/ Katanarashi (suru)/ Ondan-ka (suru)
Noun-Oth	Wary glance (nervous glance)	警戒の視線 (緊張した視線)	Keikai no shisen (kinchō shita shisen)
Noun-Oth	Watchfulness	用心深さ	Yōjin-bukasa
Noun-Oth	Water tank	水タンク	Mizu tanku
Noun-Oth	Weakness	弱さ	yowasa
Noun-Oth	Wealthiness	富裕さ	Fuyū sa
Noun-Oth	Welcome reprieve	歓迎の猶予	Kangei no yūyo
Noun-Oth	Welcome respite	ようこそ休息	Yōkoso kyūsoku
Noun-Oth	Whetstone	砥石	Toishi
Noun-Oth	Whirl	旋回 (する)/ くるくる回る	Senkai (suru) / kurukuru mawaru
Noun-Oth	Whistle (a whistle)	ホイッスル (笛)	Hoissuru (fue)
Noun-Oth	Whoosh	シューツ	Shū~tsu
Noun-Oth	Wide range	広範囲	Kōhan'i
Noun-Oth	Wideness	広さ	Hiro-sa
Noun-Oth	Wiggle (a wiggle)	揺らす (揺らす)	yurasu (yurasu)
Noun-Oth	Wile (a wile; the wile)	しばらくの間 (しばらくの間)	Shibarakunoaida (shibarakunoaida)
Noun-Oth	Wit (wits)	機転	kiten
Noun-Oth	Without hesitation	ためらうことなく	Tamerau koto naku
Noun-Oth	Wording (the wording)	言葉遣い (言葉遣い)	Wording (wording)
Noun-Oth	Work ethic	労働倫理	roudou rinri
Noun-Oth	Worldview	世界観	Sekaikan

Noun-Oth	Wrath	憤怒	funnu
Noun-Oth	Wreath	花輪	hanawa
Noun-Oth	Wrinkle (a wrinkle)	しわ (しわ)	Shiwa (shiwa)
Noun-Oth	Written tradition	書き記された伝統	kaki shirusareta dentō
Noun-Oth	Wrong treatment	誤った扱い	ayamatta atsukai
Noun-Oth	Wrongdoing (wrongdoings)	不正行為 (不正行為)	Fusei kōi (fusei kōi)
Noun-Oth	Wrongdoing (wrongdoings)	不正行為 (不正行為)	Fusei kōi (fusei kōi)
Noun-Oth	Wrongness	誤り	Ayamari
Noun-Oth	X-ray	X線	X-sen
Noun-Oth	Yarn	糸	Ito
Noun-Oth	Zap (a zap)	ザップ (ザップ)	Zappu (zappu)
Noun-Oth	Zigzag	ジグザグ	Jiguzagu

Spirituality related words			
Noun-Spi	God (the Eternal)	神様/ 上天 (永遠)	Kamisama/ Jōten (eien)
Noun-Spi	God (deity)	神 (神)	Kami (kami)
Noun-Spi	Reason to live	生きがい (生き甲斐/ 生甲斐/ いきがい)/ 生きる理由/ 生きて行く理由/ 生きるための理由/ 生きるために理由/ レーゾンデートル	Ikigai/ Ikiru riyū/ Ikite iku riyū/ Ikiru tame no riyū/ Ikiru tame ni riyū/ Rēzondētoru * (raison d'être; reason for being; reason for someone or something's existence, from French)
Noun-Spi	Arcadian	アルカディア (の/ な)/ アルカディア的 (な)/ アルカディアン (の/ な)/ 桃源郷 (の/ な)/ 桃源 (の)/ ユートピア的 (な)/ ユートピア (な/ の)/ 黄金世界 (の)/ 理想郷的 (な)/ 理想郷 (な/ の)/ 王道楽土 (の)/ 天国的 (な)/ 天国 (な/ の)	Arukadia (no/ na)/ Arukadia-teki (na)/ Arukadian (no/ na)/ Tōgenkyō (no/ na)/ Tōgen (no)/ Yūtopia-teki (na)/ Yūtopia (na/ no)/ Kogane sekai (no)/ Risōkyō-teki (na)/ Risōkyō (na/ no)/ Ōdō rakudo (no)/ Tengoku-teki (na)/ Tengoku (na/ no)
Noun-Spi	Beneficence	慈善/ 善行/ 恩恵/ 慈悲/ 徳 (とく)/ 仁愛/ 仁心/ 仁徳/ 慈心/ 深厚 (な)/ 仁恕/ 慈善心/ 博愛/ 仁慈/ 篤志/ 慈悲心/ 仁 (じん)/ お陰/ 款/ お蔭様	Jizen * (charity; philanthropy)/ Zenkō * (good deed; good conduct; benevolence)/ Onkei * (grace; favor; favour; blessing; benefit)/ Jihi/ Toku/ jin'ai/ Jin kokoro/ Nintoku/ Megumi kokoro/ Shinkō (na)/ Jinjo/ Jizenshin/ Hakuai/ Jinji/ Atsushi/ Jihigokoro/ Jin (jin)/ Okage * (grace (of God); benevolence (of Buddha); blessing/ assistance; help; aid)/ Yoshimi/ Okagesama * ((someone's) assistance; help; aid; kindness; goodwill/ grace (of God); benevolence (of Buddha); blessing, polite (teineigo) language)
Noun-Spi	Divinity	神性/ 神気	Shinsei/ shinki

Noun-Spi	The Divine	神 (かむ)/ 神 (かみ) * (has the same Kanji character as the word 'kami')/ 神々しい (神神しい/ こうごうしい)/ ザ・ディバイン	Kamu/ Kami/ Kōgōshī/ Za dibain
Noun-Spi	Eternity	永遠 (の/ な)	Eien (no/ na)
Noun-Spi	Glory	栄光/ 名誉 (な)/ 光栄 (な)/ 栄名/ 栄え/ 英名/ 栄華/ 後光/ グローリー/ 栄 (えい)	Eikō * (glory)/ Meiyo (na) * (honor; honour; credit; glory; fame; distinction/ prestige; dignity; reputation; honor; good name/ honorary (e.g. president, doctorate))/ Kōei (na) * (honour; honor; glory; privilege)/ Eimei * (glory; honor; honour; fame)/ Hae * (glory; splendour; honour)/ Eimei * (fame; glory; reputation/ same hiragana characters as the other 'eimei' word)/ Eiga * (prosperity; glory; splendour; splendor; majesty; luxury)/ Gokō * (halo; aureole; aureola; nimbus/ halo (optical phenomenon); glory)/ Gurōrī * (glory)/ Ei * (honor; honour; glory/ prosperity * (archaic))
Noun-Spi	Heaven	天国/ 天 (てん)/ 空 (そら)/ 天界/ 天堂/ 天上界/ ヘブン	Tengoku/ Ten/ Sora * (sky; the air; the heavens)/ Tenkai * (the heavens; the skies; celestial sphere)/ Tendō * (heaven; paradise)/ Tenjō-kai * (celestial world; heaven)/ Heben
Noun-Spi	Immortality	不死/ 永遠 (の/ な)/ 永生/ 永遠の生命	Fushi/ Eien (no/ na)/ Eisei/ Eien no seimei * (eternal life; expression, way of saying)
Noun-Spi	Deity	神	Kami
Noun-Spi	Goddess	女神	Megami
Noun-Spi	Gods	神々	Kamigami
Noun-Spi	Goodness	良さ (好さ/ 善さ)/ 良	Yosa/ Ryō
Noun-Spi	Evil	悪 (あく)/ 邪 (よこしま) (な)/ 邪悪 (な)	Aku/ Yokoshima (na)/ Jaaku (na)
Noun-Spi	Good cause	正当な理由/ 善因	Seitōnariyū/ Zenin * (good cause (that will bring a good reward); good deed)
Noun-Spi	Good deeds	善行/ 良い行い	Zenkō/ Yoi okonai
Noun-Spi	Bad deeds (misdeed; wrongdoings)	悪行/ 悪い行為/ 悪事 (不正行為; 不正行為)	Akugyō/ Warui kōi/ Akuji (Fusei kōi; fusei kōi)
Noun-Spi	Underworld	根の堅州国/ 冥き途/ 異界/ 冥府/ 黄泉/ 裏社会/ 下層社会/ 悪の巷/ 暗黒街/ 根の国/ 底の国/ 冥土/ アンダーワールド/ 九泉/ あの世 (彼の世)/ 下界	Nenokatasukuni/ Kurakimichi/ Ikai/ Meifu/ Yomi (kōsen)/ Ura shakai * (underworld; underside of society)/ Kasō shakai * (the underworld; lower ranks of society)/ Aku no chimata * (skid row; underworld)/ Ankoku gai * (the underworld)/ Nenokuni/ Sokonokuni/ Meido * (Hades; the underworld; the other world; realm of the dead; Buddhism)/ Andāwārudo/ Kyūsen * (hades; nether regions)/ Anoyo * (the other world; the next world; the world beyond; world after death)/ Kakai * (the world; the earth/ this world (as opposed to heaven); Buddhism)
Noun-Spi	Theology	神学	Shingaku

Noun-Spi	Christianity	キリスト教 (基督教)/ 基教	Kirisutokyō/ Kikyō
Noun-Spi	Christian	キリスト教徒	Kirisuto-kyōto
Noun-Spi	Islam	イスラム教	Isuramu-kyō
Noun-Spi	Muslim	イスラム教徒	Isuramu-kyōto
Noun-Spi	Judaism	ユダヤ教	Yudaya kyō
Noun-Spi	Jew	ユダヤ教徒	Yudaya-kyōto
Noun-Spi	Hinduism	ヒンズー教/ ヒンドゥー教	Hindū-kyō/ Indokyō
Noun-Spi	Hinduist	ヒンズー教徒	Hindū-kyōto
Noun-Spi	Buddhism	仏教	Bukkyō
Noun-Spi	Buddhist	仏教徒	Bukkyōto
Noun-Spi	Taoism	道教	Dōkyō
Noun-Spi	Taoist	道教徒	Dō-kyōto
Noun-Spi	Confucianism	儒教	Jukyō
Noun-Spi	Confucianist	儒教家	Jukyōka
Noun-Spi	Paganism	異教	Ikyō
Noun-Spi	Paganist	異教主義者	ikyō shugi-sha
Noun-Spi	Native Indian Spirituality	ネイティブインディアンのスピリチュアリティ	Neitibuindian no supirichuariti
Noun-Spi	Shamanism	シャーマニズム	Shāmanizumu
Noun-Spi	Shaman	シャーマン	Shāmam
Noun-Spi	Wicca	ウィッカ	Wikka
Noun-Spi	Wiccan	ウィッカ教徒	Wikka-kyōto
Noun-Spi	Pantheism (Animism)	汎神論 (アニミズム)	Hanshinron (animizumu)
Noun-Spi	Shinto (Shintoism)	神道 (神道)	Shintō (shintō)
Noun-Spi	Buddha	仏	Hotoke
Noun-Spi	Jesus Christ	イエスキリスト/ 神の子/ 救世主/ ジーザスクライスト/ 神の御子/ イエス/ 救い主/ 耶蘇/ イイスス/ イエズス/ ジーザス	Iesukirisuto/ Kami no ko/ Kyūseishu/ Jīzasukuraisuto/ Kami no miko/ Iesu/ Sukuinushi/ Yaso/ Iisusu/ Iezusu/ Jīzasu
Noun-Spi	Holy	聖なる	Seinaru
Noun-Spi	Belief (conviction)	信念 (確信 (する))	Shin'nen (Kakushin (suru))
Noun-Spi	Conviction (belief)	信念/ 確信 (する)/ 信条/ 積もり/ 所信/ 不退転 (信念)	Shin'nen * (belief; faith; conviction)/ Kakushin (suru) * (conviction; belief; confidence)/ Shinjō * (creed; belief; conviction; article of faith)/ Tsumori * (can mean 'intention; plan; purpose; expectation', but can also mean 'belief; assumption; thought; conviction')/ Shoshin * (belief; conviction; opinion)/ Futaiten * (determination; conviction) (shin'nen)
Noun-Spi	Religion	宗教	Shūkyō
Noun-Spi	Saint	聖人	Seijin
Noun-Spi	(fixing) Boundaries for religious practices	結界 (する)	Kekkai (suru) * (Buddhism)
Noun-Spi	An incredibly short span of time (i.e. the time occupied by a single thought)	一念	Ichinen * (Buddhism)

Noun-Spi	Ave Maria (prayer) (Hail Mary) (From Latin)	アヴェマリア	Avu~emaria
Noun-Spi	Buddha's name (esp. when used in prayer) (Buddhism)	名号	Myōgō
Noun-Spi	Ceremony (rite; ritual; service)	儀式/ 式 (しき)	Gishiki * (ceremony; rite; ritual; service)/ Shiki * (can mean 'ceremony; rite; ritual; celebration', but can also mean 'way; style; fashion; method; system; form; type')
Noun-Spi	Errand (mission; going as envoy)	使い	Tsukai
Noun-Spi	Firstfruits	初穂	Hatsuho
Noun-Spi	Pigeon seen on the morning of the New Year (e.g. as one is going to the shrine or temple for the New Year prayers)	初鳩	Hatsubato (hatsu hato)
Noun-Spi	Predestination	宿命	Shukumei
Noun-Spi	Prohibition (of items, people, spirits, etc. that would hinder Buddhist practice)	結界 (する)	Kekkai (suru) * (Buddhism)
Noun-Spi	Reincarnation	生まれ変わり/ 転生 (する)/ 輪廻 (する)/ 再来 (する)/ 再生 (する)	Umarekawari * (rebirth; reincarnation)/ Tensei (suru) * (transmigration; reincarnation; metempsychosis)/ Rin'ne (suru) * (samsara (cycle of death and rebirth) * (Buddhism)/ being reborn; reincarnation * (Buddhism))/ Sairai (suru) * (return; coming back/ second coming (e.g. of Christ); second advent; reincarnation)/ Saisei (suru) * (restoration to life; coming to life again; resuscitation; regeneration)
Noun-Spi	Ritual (rite)	祭祀 (する)/ 儀式/ 祭儀/ 儀礼	Saishi (suru)/ Gishiki/ Saigi/ Girei
Noun-Spi	Sacrifice	犠牲/ 生贄/ 身代わり	Gisei * (means 'sacrifice', but can also mean 'victim (esp. someone killed); casualty')/ Ikenie * (means '(living) sacrifice', but can also mean 'victim; scapegoat')/ Migawari * (substitution (for someone else); substitute; stand-in; scapegoat; sacrifice)
Noun-Spi	Service (ministry; church work)	奉仕 (する)/ 礼拝 (する/ の) * (church service is 礼拝 or 教会の礼拝/ 教会の集会/ 教会のサービス)	Hōshi (suru)/ Reihai (suru/ no)* (Church service is Reihai or Kyōkai no reihai/ Kyōkai no shūkai/ Kyōkai no sābisu)
Noun-Spi	The six written characters of Buddha's name (used in prayer) (Buddhism)	六字名号/ 六字の名号	Rokujimyōgō/ Rokujinomyōgō
Noun-Spi	Superstition	迷信	Meishin

Noun-Spi	Spirit	精神/ 気 (き)/ 意気	Seishin * (mind; spirit; soul; heart; ethos)/ Ki * (spirit; mind; heart/ nature; disposition/ intention; mind; will; motivation/ mood; feelings/ consciousness/ care; attention; consideration; worry/ interest/ (the) air; atmosphere/ ambience; atmosphere (of); air (of); mood)/ Iki * (spirit; heart; disposition)
Noun-Spi	Spiritual	スピリチュアル	Supirichuaru
Noun-Spi	Aura	雰囲気/ オーラ	Fun'iki/ Ōra
Noun-Spi	Energy	活気/ 活力/ 精力/ 力 (ちから)/ 元気 (な)/ 勢い/ 気力/ 活動力/ エネルギー	Kakki/ Katsuryoku/ Seiryoku/ Chikara * (force; strength; might; vigour; vigor; energy)/ Genki (na) * (lively; full of spirit; energetic; vigorous; vital; spirited/ healthy; well; fit; in good health)/ ikioi * (force; vigor; vigour; energy; spirit; life)/ Kiryoku * (willpower; energy; vitality)/ Katsudō-ryoku * (energy; vitality)/ Enerugī * (physics, From German "Energie")
Noun-Spi	Enigma	謎 (の)/ 謎々 (謎謎)/ エニグマ	Nazo (no)/ Nazonazo/ Eniguma
Noun-Spi	Faith	信仰 (する)	Shinkō (suru)
Noun-Spi	Faithfulness	忠実 (な)	Chūjitsu (na)
Noun-Spi	Holiness	ホーリネス	Hōrinesu
Noun-Spi	Intent of a request	願意	Gan'i
Noun-Spi	Magic	魔法/ 呪術/ 幻術/ 魔術 * (more used for 'black magic; sorcery')/ マジック	Mahō/ Jujutsu/ Genjutsu/ Majutsu/ Majikku
Noun-Spi	Miracle	奇跡 (の)	Kiseki (no)
Noun-Spi	Mystery	神秘 (な/ の)/ 不可解 (な)/ 秘密 (な/ の)/ 不思議 (な)/ 謎 (の)/ 妙 (な)/ ミステリー	Shinpi (na/ no)/ Fukakai (na)/ Himitsu (na/ no)/ Fushigi (na)/ Nazo (no)/ Myō (na)/ Misuterī
Noun-Spi	Sacredness	神聖	Shinsei
Noun-Spi	Shrouded in mystery	謎に包まれた	Nazo ni tsutsumareta
Noun-Spi	Sorcery	魔術	Majutsu
Noun-Spi	Spiritual truth	霊的真理	reitaki shinri

Noun-Spi	Supernatural (supernaturally)	超自然的 (な)/ 超常的 (な)/ 呪術的 (な)/ 魔力/ 超常現象/ 靈感/ 怪力乱神/ 超自然現象/ 超能力者/ 怪談 (超自然的に)	Chō shizen-teki (na) * (supernatural)/ Chōjōteki (na) * (supernatural (e.g. psychic phenomena and such); paranormal)/ Jujutsu-teki (na) * (magical; sorcerous; supernatural)/ Maryoku * (magical powers; supernatural powers; spell; charm)/ Chōjō genshō * (supernatural phenomenon; paranormal phenomenon; anomalous phenomenon/ paranormal)/ Reikan * (inspiration; afflatus/ ability to sense the supernatural (esp. ghosts, etc.))/ Kairyokuranshin * (supernatural things; unnatural phenomena; spirits and demons)/ Chō shizen genshō * (supernatural phenomenon)/ Chō nōryoku-sha * (person with supernatural power; person capable of extrasensory perception)/ Kaidan * (ghost story; tale of the supernatural) (chō shizen-teki ni)
Noun-Spi	Ray of hope (ray of light)	希望の星	Kibō no hoshi
Noun-Spi	Vibe (the vibe; zing; energy; atmosphere)	バイブ/ 感じ (バイブ)/ 良い雰囲気 (活気; エネルギー; 雰囲気)	Baibu/ Kanji (baibu)/ Yoi fun'iki (kakki; enerugi; fun'iki)
Noun-Spi	Wish (a wish)	願い/ 願意 (願い)	Negai * (desire; wish; hope/ request; entreaty; plea; appeal/ prayer)/ Gan'i * (wish; hope; petition; request/ intent of a request; purpose of an application; content of a prayer) (negai)
Noun-Spi	Witchcraft	魔術	Majutsu
Noun-Spi	Wonder (a wonder)	不思議 (な)/ 驚異 (の)/ 奇跡 (の)/ 妙 (な)/ 靈異/ 不可思議 (な)	Fushigi (na)/ Kyōi (no)/ Kiseki (no)/ Myō (na)/ Reii/ Fukashigi (na)
Noun-Spi	Prayer	(お) 祈り (をする)/ 祈念 (する)/ 願い (をする)/ 願 (をする)/ 祈願 (する)/ オラショ/ 祈請 (する)	(o) Inori (o suru)/ Kinen (suru)/ Negai (o suru)/ Gan (o suru) * (nega)/ Kigan (suru)/ Orasho * (from Latin "oratio", early Japanese Christian term)/ Kishō (suru)
Noun-Spi	Prayer (grace (at meals))	祈祷 (する)	Kitō (suru)
Noun-Spi	Baptism	洗礼	Senrei * (baptism; christening/ initiation (into a society, group, etc.); baptism/ one's first experience of something; baptism (by fire, etc.))
Noun-Spi	Baptism by fire	火による洗礼	Hi ni yoru senrei
Noun-Spi	Being deep in prayer (praying devoutly to Amida Buddha) (Buddhism)	念仏三昧	Nenbutsuzanmai
Noun-Spi	Church service	教会の礼拝	Kyōkai no reihai
Noun-Spi	Clapping one's hands in prayer (at a shrine)	柏手	Kashiwade

Noun-Spi	Clasping chopsticks between one's hands as in a gesture of prayer (a breach of etiquette)	拝み箸	Ogamibashi
Noun-Spi	Closing one's eyes and joining one's hands together in prayer	瞑目合掌 (する)	Meimokugasshō (suru)
Noun-Spi	Complete concentration on one subject (usu. prayer); one-practice absorption	一行三昧	Ichigyōzanmai
Noun-Spi	Hundred times worship (walking back and forth a hundred times before a shrine, offering a prayer each time)	百度参り / お百度 (御百度)	Hyakudomairi / O hyaku-do (ohyakudo)
Noun-Spi	Idolatry	偶像崇拜	Gūzō sūhai
Noun-Spi	Imperial prayer	勅願	Chokugan
Noun-Spi	Join one's hands in prayer; pray with (the palms of) one's hands together	合掌礼拝 (する)	Gasshōraihai (suru)
Noun-Spi	Litany	連禱	Rentou
Noun-Spi	Liturgy	典礼	Tenrei
Noun-Spi	Prayer (heartfelt wish)	心願 / 願い事	Shingan / Negaigoto
Noun-Spi	Prayer (to get rid of misfortune, disease, etc.) (incantation; faith healing)	加持 (する)	Kaji (suru)
Noun-Spi	Prayer and austerities	修法	Shuhō * (Buddhism)
Noun-Spi	Prayer beads	数珠状の祈りの用具	Juzu-jō no inori no yōgu
Noun-Spi	Prayer flag	タルチョー	Taruchō
Noun-Spi	Prayer request	祈禱課題 / 祈りの課題 / 祈りの依頼 / 祈禱の依頼	Kitōkadai / Inori no kadai / Inori no irai / Kitō no irai
Noun-Spi	Prayer rope	コンボスキニオン	Konbosukinion
Noun-Spi	Prayer to a god	立願 (する)	Ritsugan (ryūgan) (suru)
Noun-Spi	Retirement (to a temple of shrine) for prayer	参籠 (する)	Sanrō (sankago) (suru)
Noun-Spi	Ritual prayer	祝詞	Norito * (Shinto - invocation of the gods participating in a rite)
Noun-Spi	Rosary (string of prayer beads)	数珠 / 念珠	Juzu * (Buddhism) / Nenju
Noun-Spi	Shinto or Buddhist prayer	願立て (する)	Gandate (suru)
Noun-Spi	Silent prayer	黙禱 (する)	Mokutō (suru)

Noun-Spi	Veneration	崇拝 (する)/ 尊崇 (する)/ 欽仰 (する)/ 恭敬/ 敬い	Sūhai (suru) * (worship; adoration; admiration; cult)/ Sonsū (suru) * (reverence; veneration)/ Kingō (suru) * (reverence; adoration; veneration)/ Kyōkei * (respect; reverence; veneration)/ Uyamai * (reverence; respect; honor; honour; veneration; esteem)
Noun-Spi	Vespers (evening prayer)	晩禱	Bantō * (Christianity)
Noun-Spi	Visiting a shrine or temple to give thanks for the fulfilment of a prayer	願解き	Ganhodoki
Noun-Spi	Worship (adoration; admiration; reverence)	崇拝 (崇拝; 賞賛; 尊敬)	Sūhai (sūhai; shōsan; sonkei)
Noun-Spi	Yoga	ヨガ/ ヨーガ	Yoga/ Yōga
Noun-Spi	Zen monk's early morning meal	点心/ 禅僧の早朝の食事/ 禅僧の朝ごはん	Tenshin/ Zensō no sōchō no shokuji/ Zensō no asa gohan
Noun-Spi	Grace (of God, Buddha, etc., esp. as attained through rightful actions, prayer, adherence to one's faith, etc.) (blessing; miracle)	利益 (する)	Rieki (suru)
Noun-Spi	Blasphemy (blasphemous)	冒瀆 (冒瀆的)	Bōtoku (bōtoku-teki)
Noun-Spi	Blessing (a blessing)	祝福 (する/ な/ の)/ 恵み/ 福 (ふく)/ 幸せ (な)/ 恩恵	Shukufuku (suru/ na/ no)/ Megumi/ Fuku/ Shiawase (na)/ Onkei
Noun-Spi	Blessedness	祝福	Shukufuku
Noun-Spi	Bliss	ブリス	Burisu
Noun-Spi	By the grace of God	神の恩寵により	kami no onkei ni yori
Noun-Spi	Divine grace (divine favour)	御利益	Goriyaku
Noun-Spi	Pilgrimage	巡礼 (する)	Junrei (suru)
Noun-Spi	Place of pilgrimage	巡礼地	Junrei-chi
Noun-Spi	Redemption (salvation)	救い/ 済度 (する) (救い)	Sukui * (help; rescue; aid; relief/ salvation; solace; (source of) comfort; saving grace/ (religious) salvation; (Christian) grace)/ Saido (suru) * (redemption; salvation/ Buddhism) (sukui)
Noun-Spi	Repentance	悔い改め/ 後悔 (する/ の)/ 悔い	Kuiaratame * (repentance)/ Kōkai (suru/ no) * (regret; repentance; remorse)/ Kui * (regret; repentance)

Noun-Spi	Salvation	救い/ 救済 (する)/ 救世/ 済度 (する)	Sukui * (help; rescue; aid; relief/ salvation; solace; (source of) comfort; saving grace/ (religious) salvation; (Christian) grace)/ Kyūsai (suru) * (relief; aid; help; rescue/ (religious) salvation; (Christian) grace/ salvation)/ Guze * (salvation)/ Saido (suru) * (redemption; salvation/ Buddhism)
Noun-Spi	Sermon	説教 (する)/ 説法 (する) * (Buddhism)/ 讃談 (する) * (Buddhism)/ 法話 * (Buddhism)	Sekkyō (suru)/ Seppō (suru) * (Buddhism)/ Sandan (suru) * (Buddhism)/ Hōwa * (Buddhism)
Noun-Spi	Wisdom	知恵/ 賢明 (な)/ 叡智 (英知)/ 知力 (智力) (の)	Chie/ Kenmei (na)/ Eichi/ Chiryoku (no)
Noun-Spi	Wise words	賢明な言葉/ 佳言/ 知恵のある言葉/ 知恵の言葉/ 知的な言葉/ 知性のある言葉	Kenmei na kotoba/ Kagen * (good words; wise saying)/ Chie no aru kotoba/ Chie no kotoba/ Chitekina kotoba * (intellectual words)/ Chisei no aru kotoba * (intelligent words)
Noun-Spi	Words of wisdom (Wise words)	知恵の言葉 (賢明な言葉/ 佳言)	Chie no kotoba (Kenmeina kotoba/ Ka gen)
Noun-Spi	Written prayer for a shrine or Buddhist temple	願書/ 願い書/ 願文	Gansho/ Negai-sho/ Ganmon
Noun-Spi	Amulet (charm)	お守り/ 符/ 呪具/ 霊符	Omamori/ Fu/ Noroi-gu/ Reipu
Noun-Spi	Astrology	星占い/ 占星術/ 占星学/ アストロロジー	Hoshi uranai/ Senseijutsu/ Senseigaku/ Asutororōjī
Noun-Spi	Charm (incantation; spell; curse)	呪い	Noroi
Noun-Spi	Curse	呪い	Noroi
Noun-Spi	Divination	占い (ト/ うらない)/ 占ト/ 占法/ 易断/ 占術/ 神占/ ト術/ ト筮 / ト占/ ト (占/ うら)/ 予見 (する)	Uranai/ Senboku/ Senpō (uranai-hō)/ Ekidan/ Senjutsu (uranai-jutsu)/ Shinsen (kami uranai)/ Bokujutsu/ Bokuzei/ Bokusen/ Ura (uranai/ ura)/ Yoken (suru)
Noun-Spi	Incantation	呪文	Jumon
Noun-Spi	Magical spell	魔法の呪文/ 呪文/ マジカルスペル/ スペル	Mahō no jumon/ jumon/ majikarusuperu/ superu
Noun-Spi	Oracle	神託/ (ご)託宣/ 神勅/ お告げ/ オラクル	Shintaku/ (go) takusen/ kami mikotonori/ otsuge/ orakuru
Noun-Spi	Premonition	予感	Yokan
Noun-Spi	Spell (incantation; magical powers)	呪文/ 魔力/ 禁呪	Jumon/ Maryoku/ Gonju
Noun-Spi	Talisman (lucky charm)	縁起物/ 護符/ タリスマン (お守り)	Engimono/ Gofu/ Tarisuman (omamori * (charm; amulet))
Noun-Spi	All life is connected	すべての命はつながっている	Subete no inochi wa tsunagatte iru
Noun-Spi	All things must pass; all worldly things are impermanent (Buddhism)	諸行無常	Shogyōmujō

Noun-Spi	All worldly phenomena; meritorious acts leading to enlightenment (Buddhism)	諸行	Shogyō
Noun-Spi	Attainment of one's most cherished desire; one's earnest prayer being answered	念願成就 (する)	Nengan jōju (suru)
Noun-Spi	Destiny	運命	Unmei
Noun-Spi	Fate	運命 (の)	unmei (no)
Noun-Spi	Fulfilment of a vow; one's earnest prayer being answered	満願成就 (する)	Mangan jōju (suru)
Noun-Spi	Giving rise to the desire to save all sentient beings (Divine vow)	発願 (する)	Hotsugan (suru)
Noun-Spi	Meant to be	運命 (の)	unmei (no)
Noun-Spi	Pressing one's hands together in prayer	合掌 (する)	Gasshō (suru)
Noun-Spi	Prophecy	預言	Yogen
Noun-Spi	Realization of a great ambition (attainment of one's most cherished desire; one's earnest prayer being answered)	本懐成就 (する)	Honkaijōju (suru)
Noun-Spi	Sense of the vanity of life (perception of the evanescence of life)	無常感 (無常観)	Mujō-kan (mujōkan)
Noun-Spi	The (fast) pace at which life passes, and thus the nearness of death (promptitude of the changes of the times)	無常迅速	Mujōjinsoku
Noun-Spi	Uncertainty (transiency; impermanence; mutability) (Buddhism)	無常 (な/ の)	Mujō (na/ no)
Noun-Spi	Vow (religious vow)	誓願 (する)	Seigan (suru)
Noun-Spi	Wind of impermanence (that ends people lives, like the wind scattering a flower's petals) (Idiomatic expression)	無常の風	Mujō no kaze

Noun-Spi	Meditation	瞑想 (冥想) (する)/ 反省 (する)/ 黙想 (する)	Meisō (suru) * (meditation (with closed eyes); contemplation)/ Hansei (suru) * (reflection; reconsideration; introspection; meditation; contemplation/ regret; repentance; remorse; being sorry)/ Mokusō (suru) * (meditation; silent contemplation)
Noun-Spi	State of deep meditation	深い瞑想状態/ 深い瞑想の状態/ 千思万考 (する)/ 深い瞑想	Fukai meisō jōtai/ Fukai meisō no jōtai/ Senshi bankō (suru) * (deep meditation; mature consideration)/ Fukai meisō * (deep meditation)
Noun-Spi	Calmness of the heart (enlightenment) (Buddhism)	寂靜 (な)	Jakujō (na)
Noun-Spi	Cerical appearance (appearance of a priest) * (Buddhism)	法体	Hottai
Noun-Spi	Dedication to spiritual improvement (esp. through Zen meditation)	工夫 (する)	Kufū (suru)
Noun-Spi	Enlightenment (illumination)	啓蒙 (する)/ 啓発 (する)/ 悟り (覚り)/ 開眼 (する)/ 大悟 (する)	Keimō (suru)/ Keihatsu (suru)/ Satori * (Buddhist term)/ Kaigan (suru)/ Taigo (suru) * (Buddhist term)
Noun-Spi	Epiphany	悟り/ 啓示 (する)/ エピファニー	Satori * (comprehension; understanding/ enlightenment; spiritual awakening; satori) * (Buddhism)/ Keiji (suru) * ((divine) revelation)/ Epifanī
Noun-Spi	Five gates of mindfulness: worship, praise, vows, observation, prayers for the dead (Buddhism)	五念門	Gonenmon
Noun-Spi	Homa stick; stick on which prayers are written, then ritually burnt before an idol to ask for blessings (Buddhism)	護摩木	Gomaki
Noun-Spi	Making someone renounce worldly desires in order to concentrate on Buddha's teachings (Buddhism)	退治 (する)	Taiji (suru)
Noun-Spi	Merciful heart (compassion; mercy; benevolence)	慈悲心	Jihishin
Noun-Spi	Samadhi (state of intense concentration achieved through meditation)	三昧	Sanmai (zanmai) * (Buddhism)

Noun-Spi	Teachings of Buddha (condition of the universe at creation; in the pure land teachings)	法体	Hottai
Noun-Spi	Amen (hail)	南無	Namu * (Buddhism)
Noun-Spi	Devoting one's life to the Buddha; obeying the Buddha's teachings (Buddhism)	帰命	Kimyō
Noun-Spi	Illusion	幻想 (する)/ 幻影 (の)/ 幻 (の)/ 幻覚/ イリュージョン (な)	Gensō (suru)/ Gen'ei (no)/ Maboroshi (no)/ Genkaku/ Iryūjon (na)
Noun-Spi	Karma (your deeds; the power of action-reaction)	業 (ごう)/ 因果/ 業因/ 天命/ カルマ/ 定め (あなたの行為; 作用反作用の力)	Gō * (Karma * (Buddhism)/ result of one's karma; fate; destiny)/ Inga * (cause and effect; causality/ karma; fate * (Buddhism))/ Gōin * (Karma)/ Tenmei * (God's will; heaven's decree; mandate of Heaven; fate; karma; destiny)/ Karuma/ Sadame * (destiny; fate; karma) (anata no kōi; sayō hansayō no chikara)
Noun-Spi	Most formal form of a prayer (Buddhism)	帰命頂礼	Kimyōchōrai
Noun-Spi	Prayer book	祈禱書 (祈とう書)/ 祈りの本/ 祈り本/ 祈禱の本/ 祈りの書/ 祈りの文書	Kitō-sho/ Inori no hon/ Inori hon/ Kitō no hon/ Inori no sho/ Inori no bunsho
Noun-Spi	Prayer meeting	祈禱会/ 祈り会	Kitō kai (kitōe)/ Inori-kai
Noun-Spi	Sacred books (scriptures)	經典	Kyōten
Noun-Spi	Scripture	聖句/ 聖典/ 教典/ 經典/ 聖書/ スクリプチャー	Seiku/ Seiten/ Kyōten/ Kyōten/ Seisho/ Sukuripuchā
Noun-Spi	Surreal	超現実的 (な)/ シュール (な)/ シュルレアリスム/ 超現実/ 超現実主義/ サーリアル	Chōgenjitsuteki (na)/ Shūru (na)/ Shururearisumu * (from French “surréalisme”)/ Chō genjitsu (surrealism/ surreal)/ Chō genjitsu shugi (surrealism)/ Sāriaru
Noun-Spi	Sutra (sutras; holy writing)	聖經	Seikyō
Noun-Spi	The power of prayer	願力	Ganriki * (in Buddhism)
Noun-Spi	The wheel of life	人生の輪/ ホイール・オブ・ライフ	Jinsei no wa/ Hoīru obu raifu
Noun-Spi	Glory to the Sutra; Hail Lotus Sutra (Buddhism)	南無妙法蓮華經	Namumyōhōrengekyō
Noun-Spi	Homage to the Three Jewels (Buddha, Dharma and Sangha) (Buddhism)	南無三宝	Namusanbō
Noun-Spi	Incantation and prayer	加持祈禱	Kadjikitō

Noun-Spi	Memorial service (prayers for the repose of the soul)	回向 (する)	Ekō (suru)
Noun-Spi	Prayer service for a good crop	祈年祭	Kinensai
Noun-Spi	Preaching down; breaking down someone's false beliefs through confrontation (in order to convert them to the right faith)	折伏 (する)	Shakubuku (suru) * (Buddhism)
Noun-Spi	Transfer of merit	回向 (する)	Ekō (suru) * (Buddhism)
Noun-Spi	Votive tablet (wooden tablet filled out with a prayer written on it, can be with pictures)	絵馬	Ema * (Buddhism, Shinto)
Noun-Spi	Armageddon	ハルマゲドン	Harumagedon
Noun-Spi	Ark of the Covenant (Judaism)	聖櫃	Seihitsu (hijirihitsu)
Noun-Spi	Bible studies	聖書学/ 聖書研究/ 聖書の勉強/ 聖書の学び/ 聖書学習/ 聖書の学問	Seisho-gaku/ Seisho kenkyū/ Seisho no benkyō/ Seisho no manabi/ Seisho gakushū/ Seisho no gakumon
Noun-Spi	Bible text	聖書のテキスト	Seisho no tekisuto
Noun-Spi	Born again	生まれ変わる/ 新生 (する)/ 新たに生まれた	Umarekawaru/ Shinsei (suru)/ Arata ni umareta
Noun-Spi	Cross (for crucifixion) (the Cross (of Christ))	十字架/ キリストの十字架	Jūjika/ Kirisuto no jūjika
Noun-Spi	Crucifix	十字架	Juujika
Noun-Spi	Enter through the narrow gate (for wide is the gate and broad is the road that leads to destruction); enter ye in at the strait gate (Christianity; Proverb, from Matthew 7:13)	狭き門より入れ	Semakimon'yoriire
Noun-Spi	God's love is everywhere	神の愛はどこにでもある	Kami no ai wa doko ni demo aru
Noun-Spi	Gospel (teachings or revelations of Christ) (Christianity)	福音	Fukuin
Noun-Spi	King James Bible	欽定訳聖書	Kintei yakuseisho
Noun-Spi	Knock, and it shall be opened unto you; God answers prayers (Christianity; Proverb, from Matthew 7:7)	叩けよさらば開かれん (叩けよ然らば開かれん)	Tatakeyosarabahirakaren

Noun-Spi	Love your enemies (Proverb, from Matthew 5:44)	汝の敵を愛せよ	Nanji no teki o aiseyo
Noun-Spi	New Testament (Christianity)	新約聖書/ 新約全書/ 新約	Shin'yaku seisho/ Shin'yaku zensho/ Shin'yaku
Noun-Spi	Old Testament (Christianity)	旧約聖書/ 旧約全書/ 旧約	Kyūyaku seisho/ Kyūyakuzensho/ Kyūyaku
Noun-Spi	Prayer to Saint Michael	大天使聖ミカエルへの祈り	Dai tenshi hijiri mika Eru e no inori
Noun-Spi	Resurrection	復活(する)/ 回生(する)/ 甦/ 蘇り/ 蘇生(甦生/ そせい)(する)/ リザレクション	Fukkatsu (suru)/ Kaisei (suru)/ Yomigae/ Yomigaeri/ Sosei (suru)/ Rizarekushon
Noun-Spi	Revelation (book of the Bible) (the Apocalypse)	黙示録	Mokushiroku
Noun-Spi	The Bible (Christianity)	聖書/ バイブル	Seisho/ Baiburu
Noun-Spi	The Lord's Prayer (Christianity)	主の祈り/ 主祷文	Shunoinori/ Shutōbun
Noun-Spi	The strait gate (in the Bible) (the narrow gate)	狭き門	Semakimon
Noun-Spi	Torah (Hebrew Bible)	トーラー/ 律法/ モーセ五書	Tōrā/ Rippō/ Mōse go-sho
Noun-Spi	Tribulation	艱難時代	Kan'nan jidai
Noun-Spi	Continuously burning light (e.g. at a Buddhist altar)	常灯	Ji ~youtou * (tsune akari)
Noun-Spi	Phosphorescent lights seen at sea at night (lights that can be seen on the altar of gods, intended as an offering)	竜灯	Ryūtō
Noun-Spi	Until the end of the universe	宇宙の果てまで	Uchūnohate made
Noun-Spi	Until the end of time	時の終わりまで	Toki no owari made
Noun-Spi	Water lantern (water lamp) * (a type of lamp that floats on the surface of the water. It is also known as a river lamp or lake lamp etc., depending on the water body in which the water lamp is floated)	灯籠流し/ 水灯/ 水灯籠	Tōrō nagashi * (ceremony in which paper lanterns are floated down a river)/ Mizutō (suitō)/ Mizu tōrō
Grammar	Cat painting (cat picture)	猫絵/ 猫の絵/ 絵の猫/ 猫の絵画/ 絵画の猫/ 猫のペインティング/ 猫ペインティング	Neko e/ Neko no e/ E no neko/ Neko no kaiga/ Kaiga no neko/ Neko no peintingu/ Neko peintingu
Grammar	Combination of Kanji	漢字の組み合わせ(漢字の組合せ)/ 漢字組み合わせ/ 漢字のコンビネーション/ 漢字の結合	Kanji no kumiawase/ Kanji kumiawase/ Kanji no konbinēshon/ Kanji no ketsugō

Expressions			
Expressio	- Expressions may be hard to translate in another language and often do not exist, or there may be some similar fixed expression or way of saying		
Expressio	A dime a dozen	10セント	10-sento
Expressio	A finger or two	指を1本か2本	Yubi o 1-pon ka 2-pon
Expressio	A lot on one's mind	頭の中にたくさんのことがある	atama no naka ni takusan no koto ga aru
Expressio	A project boat	プロジェクトボート	Purojekutobōto
Expressio	A project house	プロジェクトハウス	Purojekuto hausu
Expressio	A real knockout	本当のノックアウト	Hontō no nokkuauto
Expressio	A sight for sore eyes	目に優しい	me ni yasashii
Expressio	A spring in your step	あなたの足元に春が	anata no ashimoto ni haru ga
Expressio	A thing of beauty	美しいもの	Utsukushī mono
Expressio	A walk in the park	公園を散歩する	Kouen o sanpo suru
Expressio	A way with words	言葉を使った方法	Kotoba o tsukatta hōhō
Expressio	Above and beyond	期待以上	Kitai ijō
Expressio	Actions speak louder than words	行動は言葉よりも雄弁	Kōdō wa kotoba yori mo yūben
Expressio	Against all odds	あらゆる予想に反して	Arayuru yosō ni hanshite
Expressio	Against my better judgement	私の良識に反して	Watashi no ryōshiki ni hanshite
Expressio	Along the line (somewhere along the line)	ラインに沿って (ラインのどこか)	Rain ni sootte (rain no dokoka)
Expressio	Are you in for ...? (what are you in for?)	あなたは...に参加しますか? (何のために参加しているのですか?)	anata wa...ni sankā shimasu ka? (nan no tame ni sankā shiteiru no desu ka?)
Expressio	Around the corner	角を曲がったところ/ 目の前	Tsuno o magatta tokoro/ Me no mae * (immediate; imminent; around the corner)
Expressio	As a matter of fact	実際のところ	jissai no tokoro
Expressio	As good as new	新品同様	Shinpin dōyō
Expressio	As healthy as a horse	馬のように健康	uma no you ni kenko
Expressio	As if	あたかも	atakamo
Expressio	As ordinary as stone	石のように普通	Ishi no yō ni futsū
Expressio	At stake (at risk)	危険にさらされる (危険にさらされる)	Kiken ni sarasareru (kiken ni sarasareru)
Expressio	At wits end	途方に暮れて	Tohō ni kurete
Expressio	Back in town	町に戻る	machi ni modoru
Expressio	Back to back	背中合わせ	Senaka awase
Expressio	Back to normal	正常に戻る	Seijou ni modoru
Expressio	Back to square one	振り出しに戻る	Furidashinimodoru

Expressio	Back to square one	振り出しに戻る	Furidashi ni modoru
Expressio	Back to the drawing board	計画を練り直す	Keikaku o neri naosu
Expressio	Backseat-driver	後部座席の運転手	Kōbu zaseki no unten-shu
Expressio	Ball of fire	火の玉	hi no tama
Expressio	Basket case	籠ケース	Kago keesu
Expressio	Be all in	全力で取り組む/ すべてを賭ける	Zenryoku de torikumu/ Subete o kakeru
Expressio	Be all over it	すべてを網羅する	Subete o mōra suru
Expressio	Be part and parcel of	一部となる	Ichibu to naru
Expressio	Be right under your nose (be under your nose)	あなたの鼻の下にいてください (あなたの鼻の下にあります)	Anata no hana no shita ni ite kudasai (anata no hana no shita ni arimasu)
Expressio	Be short notice	早めにお知らせください	Hayame ni oshirase kudasai
Expressio	Be thankful for each day	一日一日に感謝しましょう	Ichinichiichinichi ni kansha shimashou
Expressio	Beat around the bush	遠回しに言う	toomawashi ni iu
Expressio	Beat the bushes	藪を打ち破る	Yabu o uchiyaburu
Expressio	Beg to differ	違いを認めてください	Chigai o mitomete kudasai
Expressio	Behind bars	牢獄	Rōgoku
Expressio	Behind closed doors	密室	Misshitsu
Expressio	Behind someone's back	誰かの後ろで	Dareka no ushiro de
Expressio	Bend over backwards	身を乗り出す	mi wo noridasu
Expressio	Bend the truth	真実を曲げる	Shinjitsu o mageru
Expressio	Beyond measure	計り知れない/ 計り知れないほど	Hakarishirenai/ Hakarishirenai hodo
Expressio	Bidding war	競売	Kyōbai
Expressio	Big fuss (a big fuss; a huge fuss)	大騒ぎ (大騒ぎ; 大騒ぎ)	Ōsawagi (ōsawagi; ōsawagi)
Expressio	Big talk (boastful talk)	大きな話 (自慢話)	Ōkina hanashi (jīmanbanashi)
Expressio	Blow smoke (blowing smoke)	煙を吹く (煙を吹く)	Kemuri o fuku (kemuri o fuku)
Expressio	Bottom line	結論	Ketsuron
Expressio	Bought the farm	農場を買った	Nōjō o katta
Expressio	Box something in (box someone in; boxed in)	何かを箱に入れる (誰かを箱に入れる、箱に入れられる)	Nanika o hako ni ireru (dareka o hako ni ireru, hako ni irerareru)
Expressio	Bread and butter	生計を立てている	seikei o tateteiru
Expressio	Breakthrough	突破口	toppakou
Expressio	Bring it on	やってみる	Yatte miru
Expressio	Buckle bunny	バックルバニー	Bakkurubanī
Expressio	Burning the midnight oil	真夜中の油を燃やす	Mayonaka no abura o moyasu
Expressio	Call it a day	もう終わりにする/ 今日はこれで終わりにする (もう終わりにしましょう)	Mō owari ni suru/ Kyō wa kore de owari ni suru (mō owari ni shimashou)
Expressio	Call it quits	やめよう	Yameyou
Expressio	Call to action	行動を促す	Kōdō o unagasu
Expressio	Call to arms	戦闘を開始する	Sentō o kaishi suru
Expressio	Can't be bothered	気にすることはできません	ki ni suru koto wa dekimasen
Expressio	Catch (a great catch)	キャッチ (素晴らしいキャッチ)	Kyatchi (subarashī kyatchi)
Expressio	Catch one's drift (catch my drift)	調子に乗る (調子に乗る)	Choushi ni noru (choushi ni noru)

Expressio	Catch phrase	キャッチフレーズ	Kyacchi furēzu
Expressio	Catch someone off guard (to catch off guard; caught off guard)	不意を突く	Fui o tsuku
Expressio	Caught off guard	不意を突かれる	Fui wo tsukareru
Expressio	Caught red handed	現行犯で捕まった	Genkōhan de tsukamatta
Expressio	Cause a ruckus	引き起こす騒ぎ	hikiokosu sawagi
Expressio	Cherry-picking	さくらんぼ狩り	Sakuranbo kari
Expressio	Chucked out	追い出される	Oidasareru
Expressio	Clean slate	白紙の状態	Hakushi no jōtai
Expressio	Clear as a bell (as clear as a bell)	明快	meikai
Expressio	Clear as day (as clear as day)	明快	meikai
Expressio	Clear the stage	舞台をクリアする	Butai o kuria suru
Expressio	Close but no cigar	惜しかったけど、残念ながらダメ	Oshikattakedo, zan'nen'nagara dame
Expressio	Close but not quite (not quite but close)	近いが、完全には近いわけではない (完全には近いわけではないが)	chikai ga, kanzen ni wa chikai wake dewa nai (kanzen ni wa chikai wake dewa nai ga)
Expressio	Close enough	十分近い	Jūbun chikai
Expressio	Close to your heart (close to my heart)	あなたの心に近い (私の心に近い)	Anatanokokoroni chikai (watashi no kokoro ni chikai)
Expressio	Closing the night	夜を締めくくる	Yoru o shimekukuru
Expressio	Coat of arms	紋章	Monshou
Expressio	Cobble up	寄せ集める	yoseatsumeru
Expressio	Cold feet	冷や汗	hiyase
Expressio	Cold shoulder	冷たくあしらう	Tsumetaku ashirau
Expressio	Come into picture	絵の中に入ってくる	E no naka ni haitte kuru
Expressio	Come on down	大人になる	Otona ni naru
Expressio	Come out of the woodwork (crawl out of the woodwork)	木枠から出てくる (木枠から這い出る)	Kiwaku kara detekuru (kiwaku kara hai deru)
Expressio	Come undone	ほどける	Hodokeru
Expressio	Coming right up	すぐ上がる	Sugu agaru
Expressio	Cook up a storm (cooking up a storm)	大騒ぎする (大騒ぎする)	Ōsawagi suru (ōsawagi suru)
Expressio	Cornerstone	礎石	Isoishi
Expressio	Couldn't have been better	これ以上ないくらい素晴らしい	Kore ijō nai kurai subarashī
Expressio	Count sheep (counting sheep)	羊を数える (羊を数える)	Hitsuji o kazoeru (hitsuji o kazoeru)
Expressio	Count your blessings	あなたの祝福を数えます	Anata no shukufuku o kazoemasu
Expressio	Cover up	カバーアップ	Kabāappu
Expressio	Cowboy up	カウボーイになる	Kaubōi ni naru
Expressio	Cross the line (cross a line)	一線を越える	Issen o koeru
Expressio	Cure-all	万能薬	Bannōyaku
Expressio	Curveball	変化球	Henkakyū
Expressio	Cut some slack	少し余裕を持って	Sukoshi yoyū o motte

Expressio	Cut the cord	コードを切る	Kôdo o kiru
Expressio	Deal breaker	取引を断る	Torihiki o kotowaru
Expressio	Dilly-dally	ぐずぐず (する)	guzuguzu (suru)
Expressio	Dirt cheap	安っぽい	yasuppoi
Expressio	Do not buy it	買わないでください	Kawanaide kudasai
Expressio	Dodge a bullet	弾丸を避ける	Dangan o yokeru
Expressio	Don't go there	そこへは行かないで	Soko e wa ikanaide
Expressio	Don't play the man	男を演じるのはやめろ	Otoko o enjiru no wa yamero
Expressio	Don't push it	無理しないで	Muri shinaide
Expressio	Don't take it personally	個人的に受け止めない	kojinteki ni uketomenai
Expressio	Don't want to be a burden	負担になりたくない	futan ni naritakunai
Expressio	Double-edged sword	諸刃の剣	Moroha no tsurugi
Expressio	Down the drain	排水溝を下る	Haisuikô o kudaruru
Expressio	Down the line (along the line)	ダウン・ザ・ライン (ラインに沿って)	Daun za rain (rain ni sotto)
Expressio	Down to earth	地に足をつける	Ji ni ashi o tsukeru
Expressio	Down to the wire	ワイヤーの下で	Waiyâ no shita de
Expressio	Drunk with power	権力に酔う	Kenryoku ni you
Expressio	Dumpster diving	ゴミ箱ダイビング	Gomibako daibingu
Expressio	Dustup	口論	Kouron
Expressio	Eat dirt	土を食べる	tsuchi o taberu
Expressio	Eat out of one's hand	手当たり次第に食べる	teatarishidai ni taberu
Expressio	Elbow one's way	肘で押し通す	Hiji de oshitôsu
Expressio	Empty handed	手ぶらで/ 素手で/ 無手/ 空手/ 徒手空拳	Tebura de/ Sude de * (empty-handed; barehanded; unarmed)/ Mute * (empty- handed; unarmed; lacking funds)/ Karate * (means the fighting sport 'karate', but can also mean 'being empty-handed; having nothing in one's hands'. Being empty handed is the literal meaning of the word)/ Toshukûken * (means 'being empty-handed', but can also mean 'being penniless; having no capital (for starting a business)')
Expressio	Empty promise (hollow promise)	空約束 (中身の無い約束)	Kuu yakusoku (nakami no nai yakusoku)
Expressio	Every cloud has a silver lining	良い面もある	Yoi men mo aru
Expressio	Face facts	事実に向き合う	Jijitsu ni chokumen suru
Expressio	Face to face	向かい合って	Mukai atte
Expressio	Fair and square	公平	Kôhei
Expressio	Fair share	公平な分け前	Kôheina wakemae
Expressio	Fall off the wagon	禁酒を破る	Kinshu o yaburu
Expressio	Famous last words	有名な最後の言葉	yuumei na saigo no kotoba
Expressio	Far-fetched	突飛な	toppi na
Expressio	Fast-talker	早口	Hayakuchi
Expressio	Figure of speech	比喩的な表現	hiyuteki na hyôgen
Expressio	Fill someone in on the details (fill you in on the details)	誰かに詳細を知らせる (詳細を知らせる)	Dareka ni shousai o shiraseru (shousai o shiraseru)

Expressio	Fill the void (fill a void)	空虚を埋める (空虚を埋める)	Kūkyō o umeru (kūkyō o umeru)
Expressio	Flat out	全力で	Zenryoku de
Expressio	Flop (a flop)	フロップ (する) (フロップ (する))	Furoppu (suru) (Furoppu (suru))
Expressio	Fogey	昔人間	Mukashi ningen
Expressio	For better or worse	良くも悪くも	Yoku mo waruku mo
Expressio	For one's sake (for his sake)	自分のために (彼のために)	Jibun'notameni (kare no tame ni)
Expressio	For the better	良い方向に	Yoi hōkō ni
Expressio	For the birds	鳥のため	Tori no tame
Expressio	From pillar to post	柱から柱へ	Hashira kara hashira e
Expressio	From scratch	最初から	Saisho kara
Expressio	Full of it	いっぱい	ippai
Expressio	Full perspective	完全な見通し	Kanzen na mitōshi
Expressio	Full throttle	フルスロットル	Furu surottoru
Expressio	Game plan	作戦	Sakusen
Expressio	Gather round everyone (gather around everyone)	皆の周りに集まって (皆の周りに集まって)	Mina no mawari ni atsumatte (mina no mawari ni atsumatte)
Expressio	Get carried away	夢中になる	Muchūninaru
Expressio	Get in character	キャラクターに合わせて	Kyarakutā ni awa sete
Expressio	Get off your high horse	高馬から降りて	takuma kara orite
Expressio	Get out of bed on the wrong side	間違った側からベッドから出る	Machigatta gawa kara beddo kara deru
Expressio	Get rich quick (get-rich-quick)	一攫千金	ikkaku senkin
Expressio	Get the better of	勝つ	katsu
Expressio	Get the hang of	コツをつかむ	Kotsu o tsukamu
Expressio	Get to the point (come to the point)	要点を述べよ (要点を述べよ)	Yōten o nobe yo (yōten o nobe yo)
Expressio	Get up steam	元気を出してください	Genkiwodashite kudasai
Expressio	Gets my goat	私のヤギを手に入れます	Watashi no yagi o te ni iremasu
Expressio	Give a hand (give someone a hand)	手を貸す (誰かに手を貸す)	Te o kasu (dareka ni te o kasu)
Expressio	Give or take	だいたい	Daitai
Expressio	Give the benefit of the doubt	疑いを有利に扱う	Utagai o yūri ni atsukau
Expressio	Glint of hope	希望の光	Kibō no hikari * (light of hope)
Expressio	Glory days	全盛期	Zenseiki
Expressio	Glow-up	グローアップ/ 輝いている (輝く)/ ライトアップ (する)/ 照らし出す/ 輝かしい	Gurōappu/ Kagayaite iru (kagayaku) * (to light up (with happiness, hope, etc.); to beam; to gleam; to glow/ to shine; to sparkle; to twinkle; to glitter; to glisten)/ Raitoappu (suru) * (lighting up; illumination; floodlighting)/ / Terashi dasu * (to illuminate; to shine a light on; to light up)/ Kagayakashī * (brilliant; glorious; glittering; bright; splendid (e.g. achievement, success); promising (e.g. future))
Expressio	Go big or go home	大きくなるか家に帰る	Ōkiku naru ka ienikaeru
Expressio	Go out like a light	光のように消える	Hikari no you ni kieru

Expressio	Go over someone's head	人の頭を越える	Hito no atama o koeru
Expressio	Go steady	堅実に行く	Kenjitsu ni iku
Expressio	Godspeed	幸運を祈る	kouun o inoru
Expressio	Goes without saying	言うまでもなく	iu made mo naku
Expressio	Good for you	よかったね	Yokatta ne
Expressio	Good things come to those who wait	待っている人には良いことが起こる	Matte iru hito ni wa yoi koto ga okoru
Expressio	Good to go	準備完了	Junbi kanryō
Expressio	Goosebumps	鳥肌が立つ	Torihada ga tatsu
Expressio	Graveyard shift	墓地のシフト	Bochi no shifuto
Expressio	Green thumb (green thumbs)	緑の親指 (緑の親指)	Midori no oyayubi (midori no oyayubi)
Expressio	Guilt trip	罪悪感 (を抱かせる)	Zaiaku-kan (o daka seru)
Expressio	Gun-shy (gun shy; a little gun shy)	ガンシャイ (ガンシャイ; 少しガンシャイ)	Ganshai (ganshai; sukoshi ganshai)
Expressio	Gut feeling	直感 (する)	Chokkan (suru)
Expressio	Hammered	ハンマード (の)/ 槌打ち (の)	Hanmādo (no)/ Tsuchiuchi (no) * (hammering)
Expressio	Hand in hand	手をつないで	Te o tsunaide
Expressio	Hands are tied	手が縛られている	te ga shibarareteiru
Expressio	Hang on a second	ちょっと待って	Chotto matte
Expressio	Hard day's work (a hard day's work)	ハードな一日の仕事 (ハードな一日の仕事)	Hādo na ichinichi no shigoto (hādo na ichinichi no shigoto)
Expressio	Hard line	強硬派	kyoukouha
Expressio	Hard of hearing	難聴 (の)	Nanchō (no)
Expressio	Hard to get	入手困難	Nyushu konnan
Expressio	Hardball	強硬派	kyoukouha
Expressio	Have a minute (have a moment; have a second)	ちょっと待って (ちょっと待って、ちょっと待って)	Chotto matte (chotto matte, chotto matte)
Expressio	Have an attitude	態度を変える	Taido o kaeru
Expressio	Have been around the block	経験豊富	Keiken hōfu
Expressio	Have one's moments	ひとときを過ごす	Hitotoki o sugosu
Expressio	Having a way with words	言葉遣いがうまい	kotobazukai ga umai
Expressio	Head start	有利なスタート	Yūrina sutāto
Expressio	Head start (a head start)	有利なスタート (有利なスタート)	Yuuri na sutāto (yuuri na sutāto)
Expressio	Headspace	ヘッドスペース	Heddosupēsu
Expressio	Heart of the matter	問題の核心	Mondai no kakushin
Expressio	Heart's desire	心の望み	Kokoro no nozomi
Expressio	Heavy hitter	大物	Oomono
Expressio	Heavy lifting	重いものを持ち上げる	Omoi mono o mochiageru
Expressio	Helping hand	手助け (する)	Tedasuke (suru)
Expressio	Henpecked	ヘンペックド	Henpekkudo
Expressio	History repeats itself	歴史は繰り返す	Rekishi wa kurikaesu
Expressio	Hold against (hold it against someone)	対抗 (する) (誰かに対抗する)	Taikō (suru) (dareka ni taikō suru)
Expressio	Hold down the fort	砦を守る	toride wo mamoru

Expressio	Hold one's spot	自分の場所を守る	Jibun no basho o mamoru
Expressio	Honest days work (a honest day's work)	正直な一日の仕事 (正直な一日の仕事)	Shōjiki na ichinichi no shigoto (shōjiki na ichinichi no shigoto)
Expressio	Hunch (a hunch)	予感 (する)/ 直感 (する)/ 予覚 (する)/ 気 (き)/ 第六感/ ヤマカン (山勘/ ヤマ勘/ やまかん) (予感 (する))	Yokan (suru) * (presentiment; premonition; hunch/ to have a premonition; to have a hunch)/ Chokkan (suru) * (intuition; instinct; hunch/ intuition (psychology))/ Yokaku (suru) * (hunch; foreboding; premonition)/ Ki * (spirit; mind; heart/ nature; disposition/ intention; mind; will; motivation/ mood; feelings/ consciousness/ care; attention; consideration; worry/ interest/ (the) air; atmosphere/ ambience; atmosphere (of); air (of); mood)/ Dairokkan * (the sixth sense; intuition; hunch)/ Yamakan * (guesswork; speculation; hunch) (yokan (suru))
Expressio	Hunky-dory	順調/ 元気 (な)/ 素晴らしい/ ハンキードーリー	Junchō/ Genki (na)/ Subarashī/ Hankīdōrī
Expressio	I am all ears	是非聞きたいです	Zehi kikitadesu ka
Expressio	I am all yours	私はすべてあなたのものです	Watashi wa subete anata no monodesu
Expressio	I am on a stakeout	私は張り込み中です	Watashi wa harikomi-chūdesu
Expressio	I feel you	気持ちはわかります	Kimochi wa wakarimasu
Expressio	I got this	私はこれを得た	Watashi wa kore o eta
Expressio	I know a thing about ...	私は...についてよく知っている	watashi wa ... ni tsuite yoku shitte iru
Expressio	Iced up	凍った	Kōtta
Expressio	If you love something, set it free	何かを愛しているなら、それを解放しましょう	Nanika o aishite irunara, sore o kaihō shimashou
Expressio	I'll give you that	それをあげます	Sore o agemasu
Expressio	In a manner of speaking (as a manner of speaking)	言い方としては (話し方として)	iikata to shite wa (hanashikata to shite)
Expressio	In character	人柄に合った/ 性格に合った	Hitogara ni atta/ Seikaku ni atta
Expressio	In fits and starts	すぐに始められる	Sugu ni hajimerareru
Expressio	In full swing	本格的	honkakuteki
Expressio	In good faith	誠意を持って	Seii o motte
Expressio	In person (in the flesh)	直接 (な/ の) (肉体的に)	Chokusetsu (na/ no) * (direct; immediate; personal; firsthand) (Nikutai-teki ni * (bodily; physical; corporeal/ sexual; sensual; of the flesh))
Expressio	In shape	体調が良いです/ しゃんと (する)/ シェイプアップ (する)/ 形で	Taichō ga yoidesu * (in good physical condition; in good state of health; in good shape; feeling well)/ Shanto (suru) * (being in shape; holding a dignified appearance)/ Sheipuappu (suru) * (getting in shape; improving one's figure/ wasei, word made in Japan, From English "shape up")/ Katachi de * (in form; in shape; in figure)

Expressio	In the air	漂う (漂っている)/ 空中にある/ 空の上に	Tadayou (tadayotte iru) * (to drift; to float/ to waft (e.g. a scent); to hang in the air/ to be in the air (e.g. a feeling or mood))/ Kūchū ni aru * (in the air)/ Sora no ue ni * (in the sky; in the air; up in the sky; up in the air)
Expressio	In the ballpark	球場で	Kyūjō de
Expressio	In the charts	チャート内	Chāto nai
Expressio	In the driver's seat	運転席に	Untenseki ni
Expressio	Ins and outs (the ins and outs)	内と外 (内と外)	Uchi to soto (uchi to soto)
Expressio	Iron out	整える	totoonoeru
Expressio	It is not what it seems	見た目とは違う	mitame to wa chigau
Expressio	It is not what this is about	これはそういうことではない	kore wa sou iu koto dewa nai
Expressio	It is up to you	それはあなた次第です	Sore wa anata shidaidesu
Expressio	It wasn't that great	そんなにいいものじゃなかった	Sonna ni ii mono janakatta
Expressio	Itchy feet	かゆい足	Yui ashi
Expressio	It's been a slice (it has been a real slice)	スライスだった (本当にスライスだった)	suraisu datta (hontou ni suraisu datta)
Expressio	It's on (to be on)	オン (オンになる)	on (on ni naru)
Expressio	Jetset	ジェットセット	jettosetto
Expressio	Jetset lifestyle	ジェットセットライフスタイル	jettosetto raifusutairu
Expressio	Joined at the hip	腰で結合	Koshi de ketsugō
Expressio	Jump to conclusions	結論に飛びつく	ketsuron ni tobitsuku
Expressio	Just a hunch feeling	ただの予感	Tada no yokan
Expressio	Keep a tight rein on	手綱をしっかりと締めて	Tazuna o shikkari shimete
Expressio	Keep an eye on something	何かに目を光らせる	Nanika ni me o hikaraseru
Expressio	Keep in custody (hold in custody)	保管 (する) (保管 (する))	Hokan (suru) (hokan (suru))
Expressio	Keep it to yourself	自分の中に留めておく	Jibun no naka ni tomete oku
Expressio	Keep out of someone's way (stay out of someone's way)	誰かの邪魔にならないようにしてください (誰かの邪魔にならないようにしてください)	Dareka no jama ni naranai yō ni shite kudasai (dareka no jama ni naranai yō ni shite kudasai)
Expressio	Keep something to oneself	自分の中に留めておこう	Jibun no naka ni tomete okou
Expressio	Keep your feet on the ground (have your feet on the ground; keeping your feet on the ground)	地に足をつけてください (地に足をつけてください; 地に足をつけて)	Chi ni ashi o tsukete kudasai (chi ni ashi o tsukete kudasai; ji ni ashi o tsukete)
Expressio	Kick to the curb	捨てる	Suteru
Expressio	Kick up one's heels	かかとを蹴り上げる	kakato o keriageru
Expressio	Know-it-all (pedantic)	知ったかぶり (衒学的)	Shittakaburi (gengaku-teki)
Expressio	Larger than life	実物より大きい	Jitsubutsu yori ōkii
Expressio	Laundry list	洗濯物リスト	Sentakubutsu risuto
Expressio	Leap of faith	信念の飛躍	Shin'nen no hiyaku
Expressio	Learn the ropes	ロープを学ぶ	Rōpu o manabu
Expressio	Learning moment	学習の瞬間	Gakushū no shunkan

Expressio	Leave something to be desired	望むものを残してください	Nozomu mono o nokoshite kudasai
Expressio	Lend a hand	手を貸す	Te o kasu
Expressio	Let's revisit this	もう一度考えてみましょう	Mō ichido kangaete mimashō
Expressio	Lightning in a bottle	瓶の中の稲妻	Bin no naka no inazuma
Expressio	Like never before	これまでにないほど	Kore made ni nai hodo
Expressio	Load the dice	サイコロを振る	Saikoro o furu
Expressio	Lock lips	口を閉ざす	Kuchi o tozasu
Expressio	Long shot (a long shot)	ロングショット (ロングショット)	Rongushotto (rongushotto)
Expressio	Look what the cat dragged in	猫が引きずり込んだものを見て	Neko ga hikizurikonda mono o mite
Expressio	Lose it (I lost it)	失う (失った)	ushinau (ushinatta)
Expressio	Lose one's edge	優位性を失う	Yūi-sei o ushinau
Expressio	Lose one's temper	かんしゃくを起こす	Kanshaku o okosu
Expressio	Loud and clear	はっきりと	Hakkiri to
Expressio	Low-hanging fruit	簡単に手に入るもの	Kantan ni te ni hairu mono
Expressio	Lowlight	低光/ 弱い光	Tei hikari/ Yowai hikari
Expressio	Luck of the draw	運のいい	Un no ii
Expressio	Make a big deal out of nothing (make a big deal about nothing)	何でもないことを大げさにする/ 何でもないことを大騒ぎする (何でもないことを大げさにする)	Nani demonai koto o ōgesa ni suru (nani demonai koto o ōgesa ni suru)
Expressio	Make a comeback	カムバック (する)	Kamubakku (suru)
Expressio	Make an exit	出口を作る	Deguchi o tsukuru
Expressio	Make believe	偽り (の)	Itsuwari (no)
Expressio	Make earnest	本気で作る	Honki de tsukuru
Expressio	Make it work	うまく機能させる	Umaku kinō saseru
Expressio	Make the best of (make the best of something)	最大限に活用する (何かを最大限に活用する)	Saidai gen ni katsuyou suru (nanika o saidai gen ni katsuyou suru)
Expressio	Make the rounds	巡回 (する)	Junkai (suru)
Expressio	Mark my words	私の言葉を覚えておいて	Watashi no kotoba o oboete oite
Expressio	Meet a challenge (meet a problem)	挑戦に立ち向かう (問題に立ち向かう)	Chōsen ni tachimukau (mondai ni tachimukau)
Expressio	Meet one's match	相手に会う	Aite ni au
Expressio	Meet your maker	創造主に出会う	Souzoushu ni deau
Expressio	Mend fences	フェンスを補修する	Fensu o hoshū suru
Expressio	Mid-air	空中	Kuuchuu
Expressio	Middle of nowhere	辺鄙な場所	henpi na basho
Expressio	Mind over matter	問題上の心	Mondai-jō no kokoro
Expressio	Mock (adjective)	モック (する)	Mokku (suru)
Expressio	Money laundering	資金洗浄	Shikin senjō
Expressio	Money pit	金食い虫	kanekuimushi
Expressio	Monkey business	モンキービジネス	Monkībijinesu
Expressio	Mooching off of me (mooching off someone; mooching off something)	私からたかる (誰かからたかる ; 何かからたかる)	Watashi kara takaru (dareka kara takaru; nanika kara takaru)
Expressio	Moral of the story	物語の教訓	Monogatari no kyōkun
Expressio	Muggle	マグル	Maguru
Expressio	Needless to say	言うまでもなく	iu made mo naku

Expressio	Nest egg	貯金	chokin
Expressio	Never a dull moment	退屈な瞬間はない	taikutsu na shunkan wa nai
Expressio	Nice and slow	ゆっくり	Yukkuri
Expressio	No hard feelings	恨みはない	Urami wa nai
Expressio	No stranger to (be no stranger to something)	見知らぬ人ではありません (何かについて見知らぬ人ではありません)	mishiranu hito de wa arimasen (nanika ni tsuite mishiranu hito de wa arimasen)
Expressio	None of your business	あなたには関係ない	Anata ni wa kankei nai
Expressio	Not know the meaning of the word	単語の意味が分からない	Tango no imi ga wakaranai
Expressio	Not your day (not be someone's day)	あなたの日ではない (誰かの日ではない)	Anata no hi de wa nai (dareka no hi de wa nai)
Expressio	Now or never	今しかない/ 待ったなし	Ima shika nai * (it's now or never; now is the only chance)/ Matta nashi * (now or never; time's up; no time to wait)
Expressio	Now that we are at it	ついでに (序でに)	Tsuideni
Expressio	Odds are stacked against (someone)	(誰かを) 不利な状況に陥っている	(Dareka o) Furina jōkyō ni ochitte iru
Expressio	Off day (off days)	休みの日 (休みの日)	yasumi no hi
Expressio	Off one's hinges (off the hinges)	気が狂う	Ki ga kuruu
Expressio	Off the charts	チャートから外れている	Chāto kara hazurete iru
Expressio	Off the grid	オフグリッド	ofu guriddo
Expressio	Off the hook	不合格	Fugōkaku
Expressio	Off the top of your head	思いついたことを	Omoitsuita koto o
Expressio	Off the wall	壁から離れて	Kabe kara hanarete
Expressio	Off-key	調子外れ	Chōshi hazure
Expressio	On board	乗る	Noru
Expressio	On cloud nine	クラウドナインで	kuraudonain de
Expressio	On ice	氷上	Hiyoriue
Expressio	On that note	その点に関しては	Sono ten ni kanshite wa
Expressio	On the clock	時計の針に	Tokei no hari ni
Expressio	On the edge	瀬戸際	Setogiwa
Expressio	On the fence (to be on the fence)	板挟み (板挟みになる)	Itabasami (Itabasami ni naru)
Expressio	On the money	お金のこと	Okane no koto
Expressio	On the rocks	オン・ザ・ロック	on za rokku
Expressio	On the same page	同じ意見/ 同じページに	Onaji iken/ Onaji pēji ni
Expressio	Once in a lifetime	一生に一度	Isshō ni ichido
Expressio	One-man army	ワンマンアーミー	wanman aamii
Expressio	One-man show	ワンマンショー	wanman shoo
Expressio	One's hands are tied	手が縛られている	Te ga shibara rete iru
Expressio	Out and about	外出	Gaishutsu
Expressio	Out like a light	光のように消える	Hikari no you ni kieru
Expressio	Out of character	性格から外れている	Seikaku kara hazurete iru
Expressio	Out of control	制御不能	Seigyofunou
Expressio	Out of line	外れた	Hazureta
Expressio	Out of my tree (ie. bored out of my tree)	私の木から出て (つまり、私の木から退屈して)	Watashi no ki kara dete (tsumari, watashi no ki kara taikutsu shite)

Expressio	Out of nowhere (from nowhere)	どこからともなく (どこからともなく)	Doko kara tomo naku (doko kara tomo naku)
Expressio	Out of one's league	手の届かない存在	Te no todokanai sonzai
Expressio	Out of sorts	調子が悪い	choushi ga warui
Expressio	Out of the blue	突然	Totsuzen
Expressio	Out of the box	すぐに使える/ 型破り (な)	Sugu ni tsukaeru/ Katayaburi (na)
Expressio	Out of the box thinking (outside the box thinking)	既成概念にとらわれない考え方 (既成概念にとらわれない考え方)	Kisei gainen ni torawarenai kangaekata (kisei gainen ni torawarenai kangaekata)
Expressio	Out of the goodness of one's heart (out of the goodness of my heart)	心の善意から (心の善意から)	Kokoro no zen'i kara (kokoro no zen'i kara)
Expressio	Out of the ordinary	普通ではない	Futsū dewa nai
Expressio	Out of the picture	絵から外れて	E kara hazurete
Expressio	Out of the woods	森の外	mori no soto
Expressio	Out of your league	あなたのリーグではありません	Anata no rīgude wa arimasen
Expressio	Over it (to be over it)	それを超えて (それを超える)	Sore o koete (sore o koeru)
Expressio	Over one's head	頭の上に	Atama no ue ni
Expressio	Over the moon	月を超えて	Tsuki o koete
Expressio	Over the top	やり過ぎ	Yari sugi
Expressio	Over your head (over my head)	あなたの頭を越えて (私の頭を越えて)	Anata no atama o koete (watashi no atama o koete)
Expressio	Overextended	無理をした	Muri o shita
Expressio	Packed it in	詰め込む	Tsumekomu
Expressio	Part of the plan	計画の一部	keikaku no ichibu
Expressio	Part ways (parting of the ways)	別れる (別れる)	Wakareru (wakareru)
Expressio	Pay one's respects	敬意を表する	Keiwohyōsuru
Expressio	Pep (full of pep)	元気を出して (元気いっぱい)	genki o dashite (genki ippai)
Expressio	Personal space	パーソナルスペース	Pāsonaru supēsu
Expressio	Pick up speed	速度を上げる	Sokudowoageru
Expressio	Pick up the pieces	破片を拾う	Hahen o hirou
Expressio	Piece of cake	朝飯前/ お茶の子/ お茶の子さいさい/ ちょちょいのちょい/ 余裕のよっちゃん/ ケーキの一部	Asameshimae * (very easy; piece of cake; child's play; easy as pie; cinch/ literally means 'before breakfast')/ Ochanoko * (easy task; piece of cake; cakewalk; cinch; pushover/ also means 'cake served with tea; light snack')/ Ochanoko sai sai * (easy task; piece of cake; cakewalk; cinch; pushover)/ Cho choi no choi * (piece of cake; a walk in the park)/ Yoyūnoyotchan * (no problem; piece of cake)/ Kēki no ichibu

Expressio	Piece of work	扱いにくい人/ とても変な人/ 作品 (する)	Atsukai nikui hito * (a hard to handle person; a difficult to handle person; an awkward to handle person; a hard to deal with person; a person that is hard to deal with)/ Totemo hen'nahito * (a very stange person; a very weird person; a very odd person)/ Sakuhin (suru) * (work (e.g. book, film, composition, etc.); opus; performance; production/ work of art)
Expressio	Play by the rules	ルールに従って行動	Rūru ni shitagatte kōdō
Expressio	Play no part in this (play no part in it)	これには関与しない (関与しない)	Kore ni wa kan'yo shinai (kan'yo shinai)
Expressio	Plenty of fish in the sea	海には魚がたくさん	Umi ni wa sakana ga takusan
Expressio	Plus one (a plus one)	プラスワン (プラスワン)	Purasu wan (purasu wan)
Expressio	Pretty as a picture	絵のように美しい	Enoyōniutsukushī
Expressio	Propped up	支えられた	sasaerareta
Expressio	Pros and cons (the pros and cons)	長所と短所 (長所と短所)	Chōsho to tansho (chōsho to tansho)
Expressio	Puff of smoke	煙が立ち上る	Kemuri ga tachi agaru
Expressio	Pull an all-nighter	徹夜 (する)	Tetsuya (suru)
Expressio	Pull it together	しっかり (する)	Shikkari (suru)
Expressio	Pull rank (pull a rank on)	威圧 (する) (威圧 (する))	Iatsu (suru) (iatu (suru))
Expressio	Pull the plug	電源を切る	Dengen o kiru
Expressio	Push one's buttons (push your buttons)	ボタンを押す (ボタンを押す)	botan o osu (botan o osu)
Expressio	Put in a good word	良い言葉を入れて	yoi kotoba o irete
Expressio	Put in practise (put into practise)	実践 (する) (実践 (する))	Jissen (suru) (jissen (suru))
Expressio	Put pressure on	プレッシャーをかける	Pureshaa o kakeru
Expressio	Put the word out (get the word out)	言葉を広める (言葉を広める)	Kotoba o hiomeru (kotoba o hiomeru)
Expressio	Rake in	かき集める	Kakitsumeru
Expressio	Ramble	散歩 (する)/ ランブル	Sanpo (suru)/ Ranburu
Expressio	Raw end of the deal	取引の生々しい結末	torihiki no namana mashi ketsumatsu
Expressio	Reactionary piece	反動作品/ 反動的な作品	Handō sakuhin/ Handō-tekina sakuhin
Expressio	Read the room (to sense the atmosphere; to feel the vibe)	部屋を読む (雰囲気を感じる; 雰囲気を感じる)	Heya o yomu (fun'iki o kanjiru; fun'iki o kanjiru)
Expressio	Recipe for disaster	災難のレシピ	Sainan no reshipi
Expressio	Rest easy	安心してください	Anshin shite kudasai
Expressio	Return to normal	正常に戻る	Seijou ni modoru
Expressio	Riff-raff	リフラフ	Rifurafu
Expressio	Right behind you (right behind me)	あなたのすぐ後ろ (私のすぐ後ろ)	Anata no sugu ushiro (watashi no sugu ushiro)
Expressio	Right on	その通り	Sono tōri
Expressio	Rise and fall	上がり下がり	Agarisagari
Expressio	Rise and shine	立ち上がって輝け	Tachiagatte kagayake
Expressio	Rizz	リズ	Rizu
Expressio	Rock-on (rock on)	ロックオン (ロックオン)	rokku on (rokku on)

Expressio	Roll the ball (get the ball rolling)	ボールを転がして (ボールを転がして)	Bōru o korogashite (bōru o korogashite)
Expressio	Roll with it	流される	Nagasareru
Expressio	Rolling stone	ローリングストーン	Rōringu sutōn
Expressio	Rules lawyer	ルール弁護士/ ルールの弁護士	Rūru bengoshi/ Rūru no bengoshi
Expressio	Run for cover	援護のために走る	Engo no tame ni hashiru
Expressio	Safe haven	安全な避難所	anzen na hinanjo
Expressio	Same old same old	いつも同じ	itsumo onaji
Expressio	Saying you're going to do something but in the end not doing it (making promises without keeping them)	詐欺	Sagi
Expressio	Scapegoat	スケープゴート	Sukēpugōto
Expressio	Second guessing	二度推測 (する)	Nido suisoku (suru)
Expressio	Second thoughts	考え直し (考え直す)	Kangaenaoshi (kangaenaosu)
Expressio	See a man about his dog	男性が自分の犬についているのを見る	Dansei ga jibun no inu ni tsuite iru no o miru
Expressio	See the best in people	人の良いところを見る	hito no yoi tokoro o miru
Expressio	See the day	日を見る	Hi o miru
Expressio	See the light of day	日の目を見る/ 日の光を見る	Hinomewomiru/ Ni~Tsu no hikari o miru
Expressio	See you later alligator	ワニさん、あとでね	Wani-san, atode ne
Expressio	Seize the day	その日をつかむ	Sono hi o tsukamu
Expressio	Send-off	送り出す	okuridashi
Expressio	Sense of spirit	精神の感覚	Seishin no kankaku
Expressio	Sense of well being	幸福感	Kōfuku-kan
Expressio	Sesh	宴会	Enkai
Expressio	Shiner (a shiner)	シャイナー (シャイナー)	Shainā (shainā)
Expressio	Shoot from the hip	思いつきで行動する	Omoitsuki de kōdō suru
Expressio	Shoot straight	まっすぐにシュート (する)	Massugu ni shūto (suru)
Expressio	Shopping spree	買い物熱/ 買い物三昧	Kaimono netsu/ Kaimonozanmai
Expressio	Short-handed	人手不足	hitode busoku
Expressio	Short-lived	短命	Tanmei
Expressio	Show off	見せびらかす	misebirakasu
Expressio	Showcasing	見せびらかす	misebirakasu
Expressio	Showstopper	ショーストッパー	shoo sutoppaa
Expressio	Sidetrack	脇道にそれる	Wakimichi ni soreru
Expressio	Sidetracked	脱線された/ 脇道にそれられた	Dassen sa reta/ Wakimichi ni sore rareta
Expressio	Sitting duck	格好の標的	Kakkō no hyōteki
Expressio	Sixth sense	第六感	Dairokkkan
Expressio	Skip ahead (to skip ahead)	先を越す	Saki o kosu
Expressio	Sky down	空を下る	Sora o kudaruru
Expressio	Slap on the wrist	手首を平手打ちする	Tekubi o hirateuchi suru
Expressio	Sleep soundly	ぐっすり眠る	gussuri nemuru
Expressio	Sling mud and keep your own hands clean	泥を投げて自分の手を汚さないようにしましょう	Doro o nagete jibun no te o yogosanai yō ni shimashou
Expressio	Small potatoes	小さいじゃがいも	Chīsai jagaimo
Expressio	Smoke and mirrors	煙と鏡	Kemuri to kagami

Expressio	Smoking a peace pipe (ceremonial pipe)	ピースパイプを吸う (儀式用のパイプ)	Pīsupaipu o suu (gishiki-yō no paipu)
Expressio	Smooth-talker	口達者	Kutōsha
Expressio	Snow-white	真っ白	Masshiro
Expressio	So far so good	ここまでは順調	Koko made wa junchō
Expressio	So many...so little time	とてもたくさん...とても時間がない	Totemo takusan... Totemo jikan ga nai
Expressio	So-called	いわゆる (所謂)/ 括弧付き (の)/ 世に言う/ とやら/ 言うところの	Iwayuru * (what is called; as it is called; the so-called; so to speak)/ Kakko-tsuki (no) * (quote-unquote; so-called/ bracketed)/ Yoni iu * (what is called; what they call; so-called)/ To yara * (... or something (like that); ... or whatever; so-called ...; a certain ...)/ Iu tokoro no * (what is called; as it is called; the so-called; known as; so to speak)
Expressio	Social hour	ソーシャルアワー/ 社交の時間/ 社会的な時間	Sōsharuawā/ Shakō no jikan * (social time; time to socialize)/ Shakai-tekina jikan
Expressio	Something else	他のこと	hoka no koto
Expressio	Something is off (something feels off)	何かがおかしい (何かがおかしいと感じる)	Nanikagaokashī (nanikagaokashī to kanjiru)
Expressio	Sometimes life throws you a curveball	人生は変化球を投げてもくともある	Jinsei wa henkakyū o nagete kuru koto mo aru
Expressio	Sop	浸す	hitasu
Expressio	Sounds like a plan	計画のようだ	Keikaku no yō da
Expressio	Sounds perfect	完璧だ	Kanpeki da
Expressio	Spin your wheels (spinning my wheels)	あなたの車輪を回してください (私の車輪を回してください)	Anata no sharin o mawashite kudasai (watashi no sharin o mawashite kudasai)
Expressio	Spot on	スポットオン	Supotto on
Expressio	Spot on perception	認識上のスポット	Ninshiki-jō no supotto
Expressio	Squirreling (squirreling away)	隠れる (隠れる)	Kakureru (kakureru)
Expressio	Stab in the back	背後から刺す	Haigo kara sasu
Expressio	Stand a chance	チャンスを手に入れてください	Chansu o tsukande kudasai
Expressio	Stand in your way	邪魔をする	Jama o suru
Expressio	Stand on your promise	約束を守りましょう	Yakusoku o mamorimashō
Expressio	Stand one's ground (stand your ground)	立場を貫く (立場を貫く)	Tachiba o tsuranuku (tachiba o tsuranuku)
Expressio	Stand to reason	理性に従う	Risei ni shitagau
Expressio	Stand-up row	スタンダップロウ	Sutandappu Rō
Expressio	Status quo	現状	Genjō
Expressio	Stay put	動かないでいて	Ugokanaide ite
Expressio	Step by step	一歩ずつ	Ippo zutsu
Expressio	Step on it	踏む	Fumu
Expressio	Step right up	すぐ上がる	Sugu agaru
Expressio	Stick in the mud	泥沼にはまる	Doronuma ni hamaru
Expressio	Stick up her bum (a real)	お尻を突き出す (本物)	Oshiri o tsukidasu (honmono)
Expressio	Sticking point	行き詰まり	ikizumari
Expressio	Stick-in-the-mud (a stick in the mud)	頑固者 (頑固者)	Gankosha (gankosha)
Expressio	Stone-cold bluff	冷酷なはったり	Reikoku na hattari

Expressio	Straight up	まっすぐに	Massugu ni
Expressio	Stretch the truth	真実を誇張する	Shinjitsu o kochō suru
Expressio	Stroke of genius	天才的なひらめき	Tensai-teki na hirameki
Expressio	Stumble over one's words	言葉につまずく	Kotoba ni tsumazuku
Expressio	Suck it up	吸ってください	Sutte kudasai
Expressio	Suckerpunch	騙す	Damasu
Expressio	Suit yourself	好きに	Suki ni
Expressio	Sure thing	確実なこと	kakujitsu na koto
Expressio	Surefire	確実 (な)	kakujitsu (na)
Expressio	Swamped (to be swamped)	忙殺されている/ 沼った (沼る)/ 圧倒される (圧倒される)	Bōsatsu sarete iru * (being extremely busy; being swamped with work)/ Numatta (numaru) * (to be in a slump; to struggle to make progress; to get stuck (e.g. at a certain rank)/ to get hooked (on a video game, TV show, etc.); to become addicted (to); to become obsessed (with))/ Attō sareru (attō sareru)
Expressio	Sweet nothings	甘い言葉	amai kotoba
Expressio	Take for granted	当然のことと考える	tōzen no koto to kangaeru
Expressio	Take it away	それを取り除いて	sore o torinozoite
Expressio	Take it or leave it	それを取るか、それを残す	Sore o toru ka, sore o nokosu
Expressio	Take its toll	その代償を負って/ 犠牲を払う	Sono daishou o otte/ Gisei o harau
Expressio	Take off on someone (he took off on me)	誰かに飛びつく (彼は私に飛びついた)	Dareka ni tobitsuku (kare wa watashi ni tobitsuita)
Expressio	Take one's eyes off something	何かから目を離す	Nanika kara mewohanasu
Expressio	Take something in hand	何かを手にする	Nanika o tenitoru
Expressio	Take something the wrong way	物事を間違った方法で受け取る	Monogoto o machigatta hōhō de uketoru/ Machigatta hōkō ni susumu
Expressio	Take the heat	熱を奪う	Netsu o ubau
Expressio	Take the high road	高潔な道に行く	koketsu na michi wo iku
Expressio	Take the hit (take a hit)	打撃を受ける (打撃を受ける)	dageki o ukeru (dageki o ukeru)
Expressio	Take the pressure off	プレッシャーを解消する	Pureshaa o kaishou suru
Expressio	Taken aback	びっくり (する)	bikkuri suru
Expressio	Talk into the small hours	深夜に話す	Shinya ni hanasu
Expressio	Talk sense into (talk some sense into)	理屈を話して (理屈を話して)	rikutsu o hanashite (rikutsu o hanashite)
Expressio	Talk shop	渴く	Kawaku
Expressio	Talk through one's hat	帽子越しに話す	Bōshi-goshi ni hanasu
Expressio	Tell you some stories that could curl your hair	あなたの髪をカールさせるかもしれないいくつかの話をしてください	Anata no kami o kārū saseru kamo shirenai ikutsu ka no hanashi o shite kudasai
Expressio	That is on me (that's on me; that's my fault)	それは私の責任 (私の責任、私のせい)	Sore wa watashi no sekinin (Watashi no sekinin, watashi no sei)
Expressio	That must be how they do things in ...	きっと、彼らは...で物事をこうやってやるのでしょう	Kitto, karera wa... de monogoto o kō yatte yaru no deshō
Expressio	That should do it (that should do the trick)	これでいい (これでいい)	Kore de ii (kore de ii)

Expressio	That will do	それでいい	Sorede ī
Expressio	That's the limit	それが限界	Sore ga genkai
Expressio	That's the whole point	それが全体のポイント	Sore ga zentai no pointo
Expressio	The apple does not fall far from the tree	リンゴは木から遠くには落ちません	Ringo wa ki kara tōku ni wa ochimasen
Expressio	The ball is in your court	ボールはあなたのコートにあります	Bōru wa anata no kōto ni arimasu
Expressio	The calm before the storm	嵐の前の静けさ	Arashi no mae no shizukesa
Expressio	The end of a rainbow	虹の終わり	Niji no owari
Expressio	The gloves are off (to take the gloves off)	手袋が外れています (手袋を外すため)	tebukuro ga hazurete imasu (tebukuro o hazusu tame)
Expressio	The grass is always greener on the other side of the fence	隣の芝生は青い	Tonari no shibafu wa aoi
Expressio	The joke is on someone (the joke is on you)	誰かが冗談を言っている (あなたが冗談を言っている)	dareka ga jōdan o itte iru (anata ga jōdan o itte iru)
Expressio	The lay of the land	地勢	Chisei
Expressio	The more the merrier	人数が多いほど楽しい	Ninzu ga ōi hodo tanoshī
Expressio	The other thing	他のもの	Hoka no mono
Expressio	The right thing	正しいこと	Tadashii koto
Expressio	The right to remain silent	黙秘権	mokuhi-ken
Expressio	The sweetest thing	最高に素敵なもの	Saikou ni suteki na mono
Expressio	The whole nine yards	全力で	Zenryoku de
Expressio	The word gets out	噂が広まる	Uwasa ga hiromaru
Expressio	There is a catch	落とし穴がある	otoshiana ga aru
Expressio	Things are not as they seem (things are not always as they seem)	物事は見た目どおりではない (物事はいつも見た目どおりではない)	monogoto wa mitame doori dewa nai (monogoto wa itsumo mitame doori dewa nai)
Expressio	Think outside the box	枠にとらわれずに考える	Waku ni torawarezu ni kangaeru
Expressio	Third wheel	第三者	Dai-san sha
Expressio	Through the roof	屋根越しに	Yane-goshi ni
Expressio	Throw oil on the fire	火に油を注ぐ	Hiniaburawotsugu
Expressio	Throw oneself into (throw yourself into something)	何かに身を投じる (何かに身を投じる)	Nanika ni mi o toujiru (nanika ni mi o toujiru)
Expressio	Thumbs up	親指を立てる	Oyayubi o tateru
Expressio	Tickled pink	くすぐられたピンク	kusugurareta pinku
Expressio	Time after time	何度も	nandomo
Expressio	Time has run out (time's up)	時間切れ	Jikangire
Expressio	Time is money	時は金なり	toki wa kane nari
Expressio	Timely manner (timely fashion)	タイムリーなやり方/ タイムリーマナー/ 時を得たやり方/ 適時なやり方 (タイムリーなファッション)	Taimurīna yarikata/ Taimurīmanā/ Toki o eta yarikata/ Tekijina yarikata (Taimurīna fasshon)
Expressio	To a fault (more than is necessary)	必要以上に	Hitsuyōijō ni
Expressio	To act accordingly	それに応じて行動する	Sore ni ōjite kōdō suru

Expressio	To act like nothing has happened	何事もなかったかのように振る舞う	Nanigoto mo nakatta ka no yō ni furumau
Expressio	To back somebody up (i back you up)	誰かを支援する (私はあなたを支援します)	Dareka o shien suru (watashi wa anata o shien shimasu)
Expressio	To bank on	希望を置く / 信頼を置く	Kibō o oku * (to place hope in)/ Shinrai o oku * (to place trust in)
Expressio	To barge in	割り込む	Warikomu
Expressio	To be beaten up	殴られる	Nagurareru
Expressio	To be behind the eight ball	エイトボールの後ろにいる	Eitobōru no ushiro ni iru
Expressio	To be better off without (it's better that ...)	いないほうがいい (そのほうがいい ...)	Inai hō ga ī (sono hō ga ī ...)
Expressio	To be bogged down (to get bogged down)	はまり込む	Hamari komu
Expressio	To be down to the wire	ワイヤーに忠実になる	Waiyā ni chūjitsu ni naru
Expressio	To be hooked on	夢中になる	muchū ni naru
Expressio	To be in for (to be in for it)	参加 (する) (それに参加する)	Sanka (suru) (sore ni sanku suru)
Expressio	To be in for something (in for something)	何かのために参加する (何かのために参加する)	nanika no tame ni sanku suru (nanika no tame ni sanku suru)
Expressio	To be in someone's shoes (in your shoes)	誰かの立場になる (自分の立場になる)	Dareka no tachiba ni naru (Jibun no tachiba ni naru)
Expressio	To be in the race	レースに出場する	Rēsu ni shutsujō suru
Expressio	To be knocked about	彷徨く / うろうろ (と / する) / ふらつく / 浮かれ歩く / 小突き回す / 乱暴に扱う / 辛く当たる	Urotsuku / Urōro (to / suru) / Furatsuku / Ukare aruku / Kodzukimawasu / Ranbō ni atsukau / Tsurakuataru
Expressio	To be made of money	お金になる	Okane ni naru
Expressio	To be square	正方形である	Seihōdearu
Expressio	To be straight with someone	誰かに対してまっすぐになる	Dareka ni taishite massugu ni naru
Expressio	To be stuck with something	何かに行き詰まる	Nanika ni ikidzumaru
Expressio	To be up against	対抗 (する)	Taikō (suru)
Expressio	To be up for	賛成 (する)	Sansei (suru)
Expressio	To be up for (to be up for it; to be in for)	覚悟を決めて / 対応 (する) (覚悟を持って; それに備える / 対応 (する))	Kakugo o kimete / Taiō (suru) (Kakugo o motte; Sore ni sonaeru / Taiō (suru))
Expressio	To be up to here	ここまで来る	Koko made kuru
Expressio	To be well up on	十分に上達する	Jūbun ni jōtatsu suru
Expressio	To best of your ability	最善を尽くして	Saizen o tsukushite
Expressio	To blow away (to kill)	吹き飛ばす (殺す)	Fukitobasu * (to blow away; to blow off; to blow up / to dispel; to drive away / to talk big) (korosu)
Expressio	To blow off steam	ストレスを発散する	Sutoresu o hassan suru
Expressio	To boil down to something	何かに要約する	Nanika ni yōyaku suru
Expressio	To bow out	退場	Taijō
Expressio	To break the bad news	悪いニュースを伝える	Warui nyūsu o tsutaeru

Expressio	To bring to light (to to see the light of day; to be revealed)	明るみに出す/ あぶり出す/ 白日の下にさらす/ えぐり出す/ 洗い出す/ 抉る (日の目を見る/ 日の目を浴びる; 明らかにされる)	Akaruminidasu * (to make public; to bring to light)/ Aburi dasu * (to bring into the open; to reveal; to uncover (e.g. evidence); to bring to light)/ Hakujitsu no moto ni sarasu * (to bring to light; to expose (to the world))/ Eguri dasu * (to bring to light; to reveal)/ Araidasu * (to reveal by washing the surface; to expose by washing away dirt, earth, etc./ to discover (by investigation); to bring to light; to find out; to dig up)/ Eguru * (to get to the bottom of things; to relentlessly bring the truth to light) (Hinomewomiru * (to see the light of day; to be revealed (to the world); to be realized)/ Hinome o abiru * (to see the light of day; to be revealed (to the world); to be realized/ literally means: 'bathe/ bask in the sunlight/ light of the day'); Akiraka ni sa reru * (to be brought to light))
Expressio	To buy in	買入れる/ 買い付ける/ 購入 (する)	Kaiireru * (to purchase; to buy in)/ Kaitsukeru * (to buy a large amount (of); to purchase (in large quantities); to buy in; to lay in (stock))/ Kōnyū (suru) * (purchase; buying)
Expressio	To buy time	時間を買う/ 時間を稼ぐ	Jikan o kau/ Jikan o kasegu * (to gain time; to play for time; to buy time)
Expressio	To call the shots	決定権を握る	Kettei-ken o nigiru
Expressio	To catch on	キャッチアップ (する)	Kyatchiappu (suru)
Expressio	To catch unprepared	準備ができていない状態で捕まえる	Junbi ga dekite inai jōtai de tsukamaeru
Expressio	To catch up	追いつく (追い付く/ 追付く/ おい付く/ 追いつく/ 追着く)/ キャッチアップ (する)	Oitsuku/ Kyatchiappu (suru)
Expressio	To circle back	戻る	Modoru
Expressio	To close the door on	ドアを閉める	doa o shimeru
Expressio	To come around	好転 (する)/ 来る	Kōten (suru)/ Kuru
Expressio	To come clean	真っ正直になる/ 泥を吐く/ きれいになる	Masshōjiki ni naru * (to become completely honest; to become downright honest; to become straightforward; to become perfectly upright)/ Dorowohaku * (to fess up; to come clean; to confess one's crimes; to spill the beans)/ Kirei ni naru * (to come clean)
Expressio	To come down to something	何かに行き着く	Nanika ni ikitsuku
Expressio	To come true	実現 (する)/ 叶う (適う/ 敵う)/ 当てはまる	Jitsugen (suru)/ Kanau/ Atehamaru * (to apply (of a rule); to be applicable (of standards, lessons, ideas, etc.); to hold true (e.g. of a description); to fit; to be suitable (e.g. of a word); to meet (requirements); to fulfill (conditions); to come under (a heading))

Expressio	To come true (of a wish, prayer, etc.) (to be realized; to be fulfilled)	叶う (適う/ 敵う)	Kanau
Expressio	To come undone	解ける (とける)/ 解ける (ほどける) * (same Kanji character, different Hiragana)/ 狡ける	Tokeru/ Hodokeru/ Zurukeru
Expressio	To come up	上がってくる/ 上がる (あがる)/ 持ち上がる/ 上る	Agatte kuru * (to come up)/ Agaru * (to rise; to go up; to come up; to ascend; to be raised)/ Mochiagaru * (to be lifted; to be raised; to rise; to go up/ to happen suddenly; to occur; to come up; to turn up)/ Noboru * (to ascend; to go up; to climb/ to come up (on the agenda))
Expressio	To cook the books	本を料理する	Hon o ryōri suru
Expressio	To cut someone a little slack	誰かを少し緩める	Dareka o sukoshi yurumeru
Expressio	To deserve better	より良いに値する/ もっと良いに値する/ より良い相応しい/ もっと良い相応しい/ より良くて相応しい	Yoriyoi ni atai suru/ Motto yoi ni atai suru/ Yoriyoi fusawashī/ Motto yoi fusawashī/ Yori yokute fusawashī
Expressio	To deserve the best	最高のものに値する	Saikō no mono ni ataisuru
Expressio	To do one's part	自分の役割を果たす	Jibun no yakuwariwohataasu
Expressio	To drag someone down	誰かを引きずり下ろす	Dareka o hikizuri orosu
Expressio	To draw a line (to draw a border)	線を引く (枠線を引く)	Senwohiku (wakusen o hiku)
Expressio	To drift apart	離れていく	Zureteiku
Expressio	To drive wild	暴走 (する)	Bōsō (suru) * (acting rashly; running wildly; behaving recklessly; reckless driving; rampage)
Expressio	To drop the ball	ボールを落とす	Bōru o otosu
Expressio	To elbow	肘で突く	Hijidetsuku
Expressio	To fill in the blanks	空白を埋める	Kūhaku o umeru
Expressio	To find fault	あら探しをする	Arasagashi o suru
Expressio	To find one's bearings (to get one's bearings)	自分の方位を見つける (自分の方位を知る)	Jibun no hōi o mitsukeru (jibun no hōi o shiru)
Expressio	To fire away	発砲 (する)/ 撃ちまくる	Happō (suru)/ Uchimakuru
Expressio	To fix up	直す	Naosu
Expressio	To fool around	ふざける (巫山戯る)	Fuzakeru
Expressio	To freeze someone out	誰かを凍りつかせる	Dareka o kōritsuka seru
Expressio	To gain the upper hand (to get the upper hand)	優位に立つ (優位に立つ)	Yūi ni tatsu (yūi ni tatsu)
Expressio	To gang up on	ギャングアップ (する)/ 袋叩き (する)/ 袋にする	Gyanguappu (suru)/ Fukurodataki (suru) * (beating someone up by ganging up on them; facing a barrage of criticism)/ Fukuro ni suru * (to beat someone by ganging up on them)
Expressio	To get a kick out of it	刺激を得る	Shigeki o eru
Expressio	To get ahead of the game	ゲームを有利に進める	Gēmu o yūri ni susumeru

Expressio	To get back on one's feet	立ち直る	Tachinaoru
Expressio	To get beaten up	殴られる	Nagurareru
Expressio	To get busy	忙しくする	Isogashiku suru
Expressio	To get cornered	追い詰められる	Oitsumerareru
Expressio	To get into hot water (to get into a difficult situation)	熱湯に入る (困難な状況に陥る)	Nettō ni hairu (kon'nan'na jōkyō ni ochīru)
Expressio	To get into it	それに入る	Sore ni hairu
Expressio	To get it	それを手に入れる	Sore o teniireru
Expressio	To get it on	それをする	Sore o suru
Expressio	To get it together	まとめる (纏める)	Matomeru
Expressio	To get lit	点灯 (する)	Tentō (suru) * (lighting (a lamp); turning on a light)
Expressio	To get on top of something	何かの上に乗る	Nanika no ue ni noru
Expressio	To get on with something (to get on with it)	何かを続ける (それを続ける)	Nanika o tsudzukeru (sore o tsudzukeru)
Expressio	To get one's act together	自分の行動をまとめる	Jibun no kōdō o matomeru
Expressio	To get one's ducks in a row	アヒルを連続でゲットする	Ahiru o renzoku de gettosuru
Expressio	To get one's life together	人生を立て直す	Jinsei o tatenaosu
Expressio	To get something (ie. I got it)	何かを手に入れる (つまり、手に入れた)	Nanika o te ni ireru (tsumari, te ni ireta)
Expressio	To get the ball rolling	ボールを転がす	Bōru o korogasu
Expressio	To get the hang of it	コツを掴む (こつを掴む)/ コツをつかみかけている/ 慣れる/ 手馴れる/ コツを得る	Kotsu o tsukamu/ Kotsu o tsukami kakete iru/ Nareru * (to get used to; to grow accustomed to; to become familiar with/ to become skilled in; to become experienced at/ to get used to doing)/ Tenareru * (to get used to; to get familiar with; to get skillful (in doing); to become proficient)/ Kotsu o eru
Expressio	To get the stories straight (to coordinate one's stories)	口裏を合わせる	Kuchiurawoawaseru
Expressio	To get the upper hand (to gain the upper hand)	優位に立つ (優位に立つ)	Yūi ni tatsu (yūi ni tatsu)
Expressio	To get through to	やり遂げる	Yari togeru
Expressio	To get to the heart of	核心に迫る	Kakushin ni semaru
Expressio	To get to the heart of the matter	問題の核心に迫る	Mondai no kakushin ni semaru
Expressio	To get up to speed (to be up to speed)	スピードに乗る (スピードに乗る)	Supīdo ni noru (supīdo ni noru)
Expressio	To get what you deserve (to get what one deserves)	ふさわしいものを手に入れるために (自分に値するものを手に入れるために)	Fusawashī mono o te ni ireru tame ni (jibun ni ataisuru mono o te ni ireru tame ni)

Expressio	To give heads up	ヘッドアップを与える	Heddo appu o ataeru
Expressio	To give in	屈服(する)	Kuppuku (suru)
Expressio	To give it a shot (to give something a shot)	試してみる (何かを試してみる)	Tameshite miru (nanika o tameshite miru)
Expressio	To give it one's best shot	最善を尽くす	Saizenwotsukusu
Expressio	To give one's word (i give you my word)	言葉を伝える (私はあなたに私の言葉を伝えます)	Kotoba o tsutaeru (watashi wa anata ni watashi no kotoba o tsutaemasu)
Expressio	To give some space	スペースを与える/ 余裕を与える	Supēsu o ataeru/ Yoyū o ataeru * (to give someone space; to give someone breathing room; to cut someone some slack; to provide leeway; to provide an opportunity)
Expressio	To give someone a hand (to lend a hand)	誰かに手を差し伸べる (手を貸す)	Dareka ni tewosashinoberu (te o kasu)
Expressio	To give someone a hard time	誰かに苦勞をさせる	Dareka ni kurō o sa seru
Expressio	To give something a fair shake	何かを公平に揺るがす	Nanika o kōhei ni yurugasu
Expressio	To give something to someone	誰かに何かを与える	Dareka ni nanika o ataeru
Expressio	To give space (to give some space)	スペースを与える (スペースを与える)	Supēsu o ataeru (supēsu o ataeru)
Expressio	To go before your turn	自分の番の前に行く	Jibun no ban no mae ni iku
Expressio	To go behind one's back	背後に回る	Haigo ni mawaru
Expressio	To go belly up	腹を立てる	Harawotateru
Expressio	To go Dutch	オランダに行く	Oranda ni iku
Expressio	To go into overdrive	オーバードライブにする	Ōbāдораibu ni suru
Expressio	To go to the bat	打席に行く	Daseki ni iku
Expressio	To gobble something up	何かをむさぼり食う	Nanika o musabori kuu
Expressio	To hammer out	打ち出す	Uchidasu * (to work out (e.g. policy); to hammer out; to come out with; to set forth)
Expressio	To hash out	ハッシュアウト(する)	Hasshauto (suru)
Expressio	To have a connection (to be close with/ to)	つながりを持つ (親しくなる/と)	Tsunagari o motsu (shitashiku naru/to)
Expressio	To have a fair share of	公平に分ける	Kōheini wakeru
Expressio	To have a lot going on	たくさんのが起こる	Takusan no koto ga okoru
Expressio	To have a shot	試してみる	tameshite miru
Expressio	To have at the ready (e.g. a gun) (to hold in preparation (e.g. a camera))	構える	Kamaeru
Expressio	To have going on	続ける	Tsuzukeru
Expressio	To have had it	それを手に入れる	Sore o teniireru
Expressio	To have in mind	心に留める	Kokoro ni tomeru
Expressio	To have it going on	それを続ける	Sore o tsudzukeru
Expressio	To have it going on	続ける	Tsuzukeru
Expressio	To have it in hand (to have something in hand)	手に持つ (手に何かを持つ)	Te ni motsu (te ni nanika o motsu)

Expressio	To have one's ducks lined up	準備万端	junbi bantan
Expressio	To have seen it all	全部見たという	Zenbu mita to iu
Expressio	To have seen nothing yet	まだ何も見ていない	Mada nani mo miteinai
Expressio	To have something in mind	何かを心に留めておく	Nanika o kokoro ni tomete oku
Expressio	To have something on your mind	何か考えがある	Nanika kangae ga aru
Expressio	To have the guts	勇気を持って	yuuki o motte
Expressio	To have the right to	～する権利がある	～Suru kenri ga aru
Expressio	To hear out	聞く	Kiku
Expressio	To hike up	登る	noboru
Expressio	To hit back	反撃(する)	hangeki (suru)
Expressio	To hit below the belt	ベルトの下を打つ	Beruto no shita o utsu
Expressio	To hit it off	意気投合(する)	Ikitōgō (suru)
Expressio	To hit it off with (a person) (find a kindred spirit in (a person))	意気投合(する)	Ikitōgō (suru)
Expressio	To hit on	ヒット(する)	Hitto (suru)
Expressio	To hit the mark	的を射る	Matowoiru
Expressio	To hit the road	道路に出る	Dōro ni deru
Expressio	To hitch up	引っ張る	Hippuru
Expressio	To hold one's horses	馬を保持する	Uma o hoji suru
Expressio	To hold the line	ラインを保持する	Rain o hoji suru
Expressio	To hoodwink	だます	Damasu
Expressio	To jump on the bandwagon	時流に乗る	Jiryūninoru
Expressio	To jump to conclusions	結論を急ぐ	Ketsuron o isogu
Expressio	To keep at arm's length	腕の長さを保つ	Ude no naga-sa o tamotsu
Expressio	To keep at bay	寄せ付けないように	Yosetsukenai yō ni
Expressio	To kick off	キックオフ(する)	Kikkuofu (suru)
Expressio	To kick the can	缶を蹴る	Kan o keru
Expressio	To knock one's socks off	靴下を脱ぐ	Kutsushita o nugu
Expressio	To know the score	スコアを知る	Sukoa o shiru
Expressio	To launder money	お金を洗浄する	Okane o senjō suru
Expressio	To lay low	なりを潜める/ 鳴りを静める	Nari o hisomeru * (to quieten down; to fall silent/ to cease activities; to become inactive; to lie low; to keep a low profile)/ Nari o shizumeru * (to quieten down; to fall silent/ to cease activities; to become inactive; to lie low; to keep a low profile)
Expressio	To lead someone astray	人を迷わせること	Hito o mayowaseru koto
Expressio	To lead the way (to go ahead)	道を先導する(先に進む)	Michi o sendō suru (saki ni susumu)
Expressio	To leave alone	放っておく	Hanatte oku
Expressio	To leave one's mark	自分の足跡を残す	Jibun no ashiato o nokosu
Expressio	To let it happen	そうなる	Sō naru
Expressio	To let someone down	誰かをがっかりさせる	Dareka o gakkari saseru

Expressio	To let someone down (i let you down)	誰かを失望させる (私はあなたを失望させました)	Dareka o shitsubō sa seru (watashi wa anata o shitsubō sa semashita)
Expressio	To let someone go	誰かを行かせる	Dareka o ikaseru
Expressio	To let someone in on something	誰かを何かに参加させる	Dareka o nanika ni sanku saseru
Expressio	To let someone off	誰かを降ろす	Dareka o orosu
Expressio	To level up	レベルアップ (する)	Reberuappu (suru) * (wasei, word made in Japan, From English "level up")
Expressio	To lift someone up	誰かを持ち上げる	Dareka o mochiageru
Expressio	To listen up	耳を傾ける	Mimi o katamukeru
Expressio	To live it down	それをやり遂げる	Sore o yaritogeru
Expressio	To look like a million dollars	100万ドルのように見える	100 Man-doru no yōnimieru
Expressio	To lose control	制御を失う	Seigyō o ushinau
Expressio	To make a deal	取引をする	Torihiki o suru
Expressio	To make a fuss	大騒ぎ (する)	Ōsawagi (suru)
Expressio	To make a mess (of)	めちゃくちゃにする (目茶苦茶にする)/ 味噌をつける/ 仕出かす/ 散らかす/ 遣らかす/ ドジを踏む (どじを踏む)/ 棒に振る	Mechakucha ni suru/ Misowotsukeru/ Shidekasu/ Chirakasu/ Yara kasu/ Doji o fumu (dojiwofumu)/ Bōnifuru
Expressio	To make a run	走り出す	Hashiridasu
Expressio	To make it happen	それを実現 (する)	Sore o jitsugen (suru)
Expressio	To make it up with someone (to catch up with someone; to compensate with someone)	誰かと埋め合わせる (誰かに追いつく; 誰かと補う)	Dare ka to nakanaori suru (dareka ni oitsuku; dare ka to oginau)
Expressio	To make it up with someone (to make peace with someone)	誰かと仲直りする (誰かと和解する)	Dare ka to nakanaori suru (dare ka to wakai suru)
Expressio	To make it work	それを機能させる	Sore o kinō saseru
Expressio	To make matters worse (to make things worse)	事態をさらに悪化させる (事態をさらに悪化させる)	Jitai o sarani akka sa seru (jitai o sarani akka sa seru)
Expressio	To make most of (to make the most of)	最大限に活用する (最大限に活用する)	Saidaigen ni katsuyō suru (saidaigen ni katsuyō suru)
Expressio	To make right	正しくする	Tadashiku suru
Expressio	To make sense (to be meaningful)	意味をなす (意味を成す)/ 理にかなう/ 筋が通る/ 筋が立つ/ 意味を理解 (する)/ 道理に合う/ 意味を理解する	Imiwonasu/ Rinikanau/ Suji ga tōru/ Suji ga tatsu/ Imi o rikai (suru)/ Dōri ni kanau/ Imi o rikai suru
Expressio	To make the cut	切り口を作る	Kirikuchi o tsukuru
Expressio	To make the most of	最大限に活用する/ 無駄にしない (むだにしない)	Saidaigen ni katsuyō suru/ Mudanishinai (muda ni shinai)
Expressio	To make things better	物事をより良くする	Monogoto o yori yoku suru
Expressio	To make time (to free up time)	時間を作る (時間をつくる) (時間を自由にする/ 時間を解放する)	Jikan o tsukuru (Jikan o jiyū ni suru/ Jikan o kaihō suru)
Expressio	To make up for (to compensate for)	(のために/ を) 補う/ 償う/ 補填 (する)	(no tame ni/ o) Oginau/ Tsugunau/ Hoten (suru)

Expressio	To mean something well (I mean it well)	何かを良い意味で言うには (私はそれを良い意味で)	Nanika o ii imi de iu ni wa (watashi wa sore o ii imi de)
Expressio	To meet one's match (to meet your match)	運命の人に出会う (運命の人に出会う)	Unmei no hito ni deau (Unmei no hito ni deau)
Expressio	To mess around	ほたえる/ じゃれ合う/ 巫山戯る/ めちゃくちゃにする	Hotaeru * (to mess around; to clown around)/ Jareau * (to frolic about; to mess around)/ Fuzakeru * (to joke; to jest; to kid; to josh/ to make fun of; to laugh at; to play a prank/ to romp; to gambol; to frolic; to frisk; to mess around; to fool around; to screw around)/ Mechakucha ni suru
Expressio	To mess up	しくじる/ 仕出かす/ かき乱す/ ドじる (どじる)/ ドジを踏む/ ミスる/ めちゃくちゃにする	Shikujiru * (to fail; to blunder; to mess up; to screw up)/ Shidekasu * (to make a mess; to perpetrate; to do; to finish up; to be guilty of)/ Kakimidasu * (to disturb; to upset; to ruffle; to stir up; to mess up)/ Dojiru * (to fail; to mess up; to bungle; to screw the pooch)/ Doji o fumu * (to make a blunder; to bungle; to mess up; to make a foolish mistake)/ Misuru * (to make a mistake; to mess up; to screw up; to fail)/ Mechakucha ni suru
Expressio	To mill about	うろつく	Urotsuku
Expressio	To mill around (to mill about)	周りを粉砕する (周りを粉砕する)	Mawari o funsai suru (mawari o funsai suru)
Expressio	To miss the mark	的を外す	Mato o hazusu
Expressio	To miss the point	要点を外す	Yōten o hazusu
Expressio	To move the goalposts	ゴールポストを移動する	Gōruposuto o idō suru
Expressio	To need elbow room	肘に余裕が必要	Hiji ni yoyū ga hitsuyō
Expressio	To overextend	無理をする	Muri o suru
Expressio	To own up (to admit)	自白 (する)/ (素直に) 告白 (する)/ 自認 (する)/ 認める/ 自らを認める (認める)	Jihaku (suru) * (confession; admission)/ (sunao ni) Kokuhaku (suru) * (to honestly confess; to honestly admit)/ Jinin (suru) * (Admission; (self-)acknowledgment; (self-)acknowledgement/ self-identification)/ Shitatameru * (to admit; to accept; to confess (to a charge))/ Mizukara o shitatameru (shitatameru)
Expressio	To pack a punch	パンチを詰め込む	Panchi o tsumekomu
Expressio	To pack something in	何かを詰める	Nani ka o tsumeru
Expressio	To pass the buck	お金を渡す	Okane o watasu
Expressio	To patronize	引き立てる/ ひいきにする (贍ふにする)	Hikitateru * (to support; to favor; to favour; to promote; to patronize)/ Hiki ni suru * (to favor; to favour; to show favor to; to show favour to; to be partial to; to be a regular customer of)
Expressio	To pay one's dues (to pay your dues)	義務を果たす (義務を果たす)	Gimu o hatasu (gimu o hatasu)
Expressio	To pay respect (to pay one's respects)	敬意を払う (敬意を払う)	Keiwoharau (keiwoharau)

Expressio	To play a role (to play one's part)	役割を果たす (自分の役割を果たす)	Yakuwariwohatsu (jibun no yakuwariwohatsu)
Expressio	To play it by ear	耳で再生する	Mimi de saisei suru
Expressio	To play someone	誰かを騙す	Dareka o damasu
Expressio	To play someone at their own game	誰かを騙して自分の思う通りにする	Dareka o damashite jibun no omou tōri ni suru
Expressio	To play someone false	誰かを騙す	Dareka o damasu
Expressio	To play someone off against another	誰かを騙す	Dareka o damasu
Expressio	To play the victim	被害者を演じる	Higaisha o enjiru
Expressio	To play truant	サボる	Saboru
Expressio	To pose a threat	脅す	Odosu
Expressio	To present oneself at one's best (to show oneself at one's best; to show one's best side)	自分を最高の状態で見せる (最高の自分を見せる; 最高の面を見せる)	Jibun o saikō no jōtai de miseru (saikō no jibun o miseru; saikō no men o miseru)
Expressio	To pull down	引き倒す	Hiki taosu
Expressio	To pull one's leg	足を引っ張る	Ashiwohipparu
Expressio	To pull something off	何かをやり遂げる	Nanika o yaritogeru
Expressio	To pull something off (to pull it off)	何かをやり遂げる/ 何かを拾う (それをやり遂げる)	Nanika o yaritogeru * (to accomplish; to achieve; to carry out/ to arrive at (a certain outcome); to come to; to end with)/ Nanika o hirou * (to get (unexpectedly); to hit upon (luck, an opportunity, etc.); to snatch (an unexpected victory); to pull off) (sore o yaritogeru)
Expressio	To pull together	力を合わせる	Chikarawoawaseru
Expressio	To push someone around	誰かを押しのける	Dareka o oshinokeru
Expressio	To put down	置く	Oku
Expressio	To put in place	設置 (する)	Setchi (suru)
Expressio	To put somebody on the spot (to put someone in a tight spot)	誰かをその場に追い込む (誰かを窮地に追い込む)	Dareka o sono ba ni oikomu (dareka o kyūchi ni oikomu)
Expressio	To put up for the night	一晩我慢する	Hitoban gaman suru
Expressio	To quit cold turkey	冷たい七面鳥をやめる	Tsumetai shichimenchō o yameru
Expressio	To race against the clock	時間との戦	Jikan to no sen
Expressio	To ramble	散歩 (する)	Sanpo (suru)
Expressio	To rizz	リズ	Rizu
Expressio	To rope in (to get roped into; to rope someone in)	巻き込む (巻き込まれる ; 誰かを巻き込む)	Makikomu (makikomareru; dareka o makikomu)
Expressio	To round off	四捨五入 (する)	Shishagonyū (suru)
Expressio	To rule out	除外 (する)	Jogai (suru)
Expressio	To run an errand	用事を済ませる	Yoji o sumaseru
Expressio	To run interference	干渉を実行する	Kanshō o jikkō suru
Expressio	To second-guess	二度推測 (する)	Nido suisoku (suru)
Expressio	To see red	赤を見る	Aka o miru
Expressio	To seize the moment	チャンスをつかむ	Chansu o tsukamu

Expressio	To set right (to fix up)	正す (直す)	Tadasu (naosu)
Expressio	To set someone right (to put someone right)	誰かを正す (誰かを正す)	Dareka o tadasu (dareka o tadasu)
Expressio	To shack up	同居 (する)	Dōkyo (suru)
Expressio	To shoot the breeze	風を放つ	Kaze o hanatsu
Expressio	To shove (to shove down)	突き落とす (突き落とす)	Tsukiotosu (tsukiotosu)
Expressio	To side with	味方 (する)	Mikata (suru)
Expressio	To sidetrack	脇道にそれる	Wakimichi ni soreru
Expressio	To sit up straight	背筋を伸ばす	Sesuji o nobasu
Expressio	To soften up	柔らかくする	Yawarakakusuru
Expressio	To squirm your boots	ブーツをよじる	Būtsu o yojiru
Expressio	To stand corrected	直して立つ	Naoshite tatsu
Expressio	To stand up for	庇う (かばう)	Kabau
Expressio	To steam up	蒸気にする	Jōki ni suru
Expressio	To stick around	近くに留まる	Chikaku ni tomaru
Expressio	To stick one's neck out	首を突き出す	Kubi o tsukidasu
Expressio	To stick to the plan (to stick to a plan)	計画を守る (計画を守る)	Keikaku o mamoru (keikaku o mamoru)
Expressio	To stir up (to stir something up)	かき混ぜる (何かをかき混ぜる)	Kakimazeru (nanika o kakimazeru)
Expressio	To take a gander (take a gander) (at/ in)	ちょっと見る (ちょっと見てみましょう) (で/ 中で)	Chotto miru (chotto mite mimashou) (de/ chū de)
Expressio	To take a hint	ヒントを得る	Hinto o eru
Expressio	To take a rain check	雨のチェックをする	Ame no chekku o suru
Expressio	To take a shot	試してみる	tameshite miru
Expressio	To take measures	対策を講じる	Taisaku o kōjiru
Expressio	To take on	引き受ける	Hikiukeru
Expressio	To take something out on someone (to take it out on)	誰かに何かをぶつける (ぶつける (打付ける))	Dareka ni nanika o butsukeru (butsukeru)
Expressio	To take something too seriously	何かを真剣に受け止めすぎる	Nanika o shinken ni uketome sugiru
Expressio	To take the measure (of)	(の) 尺度を取る	(no) Shakudo o toru
Expressio	To the best of your ability (to do it as well as you can)	あなたの能力の限りを尽くして (できる限りうまくやる)	Anata no nōryoku no kagiri o tsukushite (dekiru kagiri umaku yaru)
Expressio	To the best of your knowledge (to the best of one's knowledge)	あなたの知る限り (あなたの知る限り)	Anata no shirukagiri (anata no shirukagiri)
Expressio	To think outside the box	枠にとらわれずに考える	Waku ni torawarezu ni kangaeru
Expressio	To think straight	冷静に考える	Reisei ni kangaeru
Expressio	To toe the line	ラインを守る	Rain o mamoru
Expressio	To truck	トラック (する)/ レッカー (する)	Torakku (suru) * (truck; lorry)/ Rekkā (suru) * (tow truck; wrecker * (abbreviation)/ towing (a vehicle))

Expressio	To turn a blind eye (to) (to close one's eyes (to); to pretend not to see; to overlook)	目をつぶる (目を瞑る/ 目を瞑る/ 目をつむる)	Mewotsuburu
Expressio	To turn oneself in (ie. to surrender to the police)	出頭 (する)	Shuttō (suru)
Expressio	To vanish in smoke	煙になる/ 煙の中に消えてしまう	Kemuri ni naru * (to go up in smoke; to burn down; to be cremated; to vanish into thin air)/ Kemuri no naka ni kiete shimau
Expressio	To waste time	時間を無駄にする	Jikan o muda ni suru
Expressio	To whitewash	白塗り (する)	Shiranuri (suru)
Expressio	To work someone (to play someone)	誰かを働かせる (誰かを演じる)	Dareka o hatarakaseru (dareka o enjiru)
Expressio	To wow (to give a wow effect)	驚かせる (すごい効果を与える)	Odoroka seru (sugoi kōka o ataeru)
Expressio	To wreak havoc	大混乱を引き起こす	Dai konran o hikiokosu
Expressio	To wrong someone (to wrong me; to wrong you)	誰かを傷つける/ 気に障る/ 逆など (する)/ 誤達 (する) (私を傷つける; あなたを傷つける)	Dareka o kizutsukeru * (to hurt someone; to hurt someone's feelings (pride, etc.))/ Kinisawaru * (to hurt one's feelings; to rub someone the wrong way)/ Sakanade (suru) * (rubbing (someone) the wrong way; irritating (someone))/ Gotatsu (suru) * (delivery to the wrong house or person (email, postal items, etc.); false notification; mistaken notification; notifying someone incorrectly) (watashi o kizutsukeru; anata o kizutsukeru)
Expressio	Too good to be true	信じられないほど素晴らしい	Shinjirarenai hodo subarashii
Expressio	Too much of a good thing	良いことは多すぎる	Yoi koto wa ōsugiru
Expressio	Toot one's own horn (toot my own horn)	自慢 (する) (自慢 (する))	jiman (suru) (jiman (suru))
Expressio	Top of the line	最先端の	Saisentan no
Expressio	Touch base	タッチベース	Tatchibēsu
Expressio	Touch points	タッチポイント	Tatchipointo
Expressio	Tread lightly	軽く踏む	Karuku fumu
Expressio	Truck along (trucking along)	トラックで運ばれます (トラックで運ばれます)	Torakku de hakobaremasu (torakku de hakobaremasu)
Expressio	Under arrest	逮捕される	taiho sareru
Expressio	Under your feet	あなたの足元に	Anata no ashimoto ni
Expressio	Under your hat	帽子の下	Boushi no shita
Expressio	Underhand	裏切り	Uragiri
Expressio	Underhanded	裏切り	Uragiri
Expressio	Up and running	稼働中	kadouchuu
Expressio	Up in smoke	煙に巻かれる	kemuri ni makareru
Expressio	Up my alley	私の路地の上に	Watashi no roji no ue ni
Expressio	Up to date (updated)	最新/ アップツーデート (な) (更新済み)	Saishin/ Apputsūdēto (na) (kōshin-zumi)
Expressio	Up to one's ears	耳まで	Mimi made
Expressio	Up to speed	スピードアップ	supiidoappu

Expressio	Up to the hilt	柄まで	Gara made
Expressio	Up to the minute	瞬間まで	Shunkan made
Expressio	Urban legend (urban myth)	都市伝説 (都市神話)	Toshi densetsu (toshi shinwa)
Expressio	Value for money	価格に見合った価値	Kakaku ni miatta kachi
Expressio	Value your time (respect your time)	時間を大切にする (時間を尊重する)	Jikan o taisetsu ni suru (jikan o sonchō suru)
Expressio	Wail away	泣き叫ぶ	Nakisakebu
Expressio	Wake-up call	目覚めの呼び声	Mezame no yobigoe
Expressio	Walk down memory lane	思い出の小道を歩く	Omoide no komichi o aruku
Expressio	Wash (a wash)	洗い (洗い)	Arai (arai)
Expressio	Washed up	洗い上がった/ 洗い流す	Arai agatta/ Arainagasu
Expressio	Waste of time	時間の無駄	Jikan'nomuda
Expressio	Waste one's time (waste your time)	時間を無駄にする	Jikan o mudanisuru
Expressio	Water under the bridge	橋の下の水	Hashi no shita no mizu
Expressio	Well, what do you know	さて、何を知っているの？	Sate, nani o shitte iru no?
Expressio	Well-to-do	裕福 (な)/ よくやる	Yūfuku (na)/ Yoku yaru
Expressio	Wet behind the ears	耳の後ろが濡れている	Mimi no ushiro ga nurete iru
Expressio	Wet blanket	濡れた毛布	Nureta mōfu
Expressio	What do you know	あなたは何を知っているか	Anata wa nani o shitte iru ka
Expressio	When the mood strikes me	気分が浮かんだとき	Kibun ga ukanda toki
Expressio	While we are at it	ついでに (序でに)	Tsuideni
Expressio	Whitewash	白塗り (する)	Shiranuri (suru)
Expressio	Windfall	思いがけない利益	Omoigakena rieki
Expressio	Wing it	ウィングイット	U~ingitto
Expressio	Win-win (win-win situation)	Win-Win (Win-Winの状況)	Win-Win (Win-Win no joukyou)
Expressio	Wit and charm	機知と魅力	kichi to miryoku
Expressio	With bated breath	息を殺して	iki o koroshite
Expressio	With guns blazing	銃を撃ちながら	Juu o uchinagara
Expressio	Wits end (to be at your wits' end)	途方に暮れる	tohō ni kureru
Expressio	Wooden iron	木製鉄	Mokusei tetsu
Expressio	Work out well	しっかり運動 (する)	Shikkari undō (suru)
Expressio	Worked up	気が高ぶって	Ki ga takabutte
Expressio	Wrangler	ラングラー	Rangurā
Expressio	Written in stone	石に刻まれたもの	Ishi ni kizamareta mono
Expressio	Yes-man	イエスマン	lesuman
Expressio	You are winding me up (you are annoying me)	あなたは私をいらだたせる (あなたは私をいらだたせる)	Anata wa watashi o iradataseru (anata wa watashi o iradataseru)
Expressio	You know	あなたは知っている	Anata wa shitte iru
Expressio	You matter to me	あなたは私にとって重要	Anata wa watashi ni totte jūyō
Expressio	Your guess is as good as mine	あなたの推測は私の推測と同じくらい当てはまります	Anata no suisoku wa watashi no suisoku to onaji kurai atehamarimasu
Expressio	You're on	あなたは	Anata wa
Expressio	You're spot on (you are right)	その通りだ (その通りだ)	Sono toori da (Sono toori da)

Expressio	Zoomies	ズーミー	zuumii

Vocabulary List - Nature & Animals

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Noun-Ani	Animal	動物/ 生き物	Dōbutsu/ Ikimono
Noun-Ani	Young animal (cub)	若い動物/ 子/ 仔 * (from Chinese, but this kanji character can be used as well) (カブ)	Wakai dōbutsu/ Ko/ Ko * (from Chinese, but this kanji character can be used as well) (kabu)
Noun-Ani	Species	種	Shu
Noun-Ani	Specimen	標本	Hyouhon
Noun-Ani	Breeding	繁殖	Hanshoku
Noun-Ani	Breeding stock	繁殖用家畜	Hanshoku-yō kachiku
Noun-Ani	Brood (the brood)	繁殖用 (繁殖用)	Hansho kuyō (hansho kuyō)
Noun-Ani	Mating	交尾	Kōbi
Noun-Ani	Livestock	家畜/ 畜類/ 経済動物/ 産業動物	Kachiku/ Chikurui/ Keizai dōbutsu/ Sangyō dōbutsu
Noun-Ani	Pet (pets)	ペット/ 伴侶動物 (ペット)	Petto/ Hanryo dōbutsu (petto)
Noun-Ani	Prey	獲物	Emono
Noun-Ani	Tame	飼いならした (飼い慣らした動物)/ 飼いならされた動物 (飼いならす)/ 慣らした/ 慣らされた (慣らす)	Kainara shita/ Kai narasareta dōbutsu (kai narasu)/ Narashita/ Narasareta (narasu)
Noun-Ani	Wildlife	野生動物/ 鳥獣	Yasei dōbutsu/ Chōjū * (birds and wild animals; wildlife)
Noun-Ani	Beast	獣 (けもの)/ ビースト	Kemono/ Bīsuto
Noun-Ani	Breed	繁殖 (する)	Hanshoku (suru)
Noun-Ani	Mammal	哺乳類	honyūru
Noun-Ani	Wild animal	野生動物/ 野獣/ 猛獣/ 鳥獣	Yasei dōbutsu/ Yajū * (wild beast; wild animal; brute)/ Mōjū * (fierce animal; beast of prey; big game)/ Chōjū * (birds and wild animals; wildlife)
Noun-Ani	Grazing (the grazing)	放牧 (する) (放牧 (する))	Hōboku (suru) (hōboku (suru))
Noun-Ani	Overgrazing	過放牧	Kahōboku
Noun-Ani	Gravid	妊娠	Ninshin
Noun-Ani	Badger	穴熊/ 狸/ 貉 (ムジナ)	Anaguma/ Tanuki/ Mujina
Noun-Ani	Bear	熊 (クマ)	Kuma
Noun-Ani	Grizzly bear	灰色熊 (はいいろぐま/ ハイイログマ)/ グリズリーベア/ グリズリー/ グリズリー熊	Haīroguma (hai iro guma)/ Gurizurībea/ Gurizurī/ Gurizurī kuma
Noun-Ani	Polar bear	白熊 (シロクマ)/ 北極熊 (ホッキョクグマ)	Shirokuma/ Hokkyokuguma
Noun-Ani	Bee	蜂 (ハチ)	Hachi
Noun-Ani	Beehive	蜂の巣	Hachi no su

Noun-Ani	Brown bear/ Black bear	熊 (ヒグマ)/ 赤熊 & 黒熊 (クロクマ)	Higuma/ Akaguma & Kurokuma
Noun-Ani	Beaver	海狸/ ビーバー	Kairi/ Bībā
Noun-Ani	Bull	牡牛/ 牛/ ブル	Oushi/ ushi/ buru
Noun-Ani	Camel	駱駝/ キヤメル/ 単峰駱駝	Rakuda/ Kyameru/ Tanpou rakuda * (Arabian camel; dromedary; one-hump camel)
Noun-Ani	Cat	猫 (ネコ)	Neko
Noun-Ani	Black cat	黒猫	Kuro neko
Noun-Ani	Pet cat (beloved cat)	飼い猫 (愛猫)	Kai neko (aibyō)
Noun-Ani	Cheetah	チーター/ 狩獵豹	Chitā/ Shuryōhyō
Noun-Ani	Coyote	コヨーテ	koyote
Noun-Ani	Cow	牛	Ushi
Noun-Ani	Deer	鹿	Shika
Noun-Ani	Stag	雄鹿	Oshika
Noun-Ani	Dog	犬	Inu
Noun-Ani	Police dog	警察犬	keisatsuken
Noun-Ani	Search dog (search and rescue dog)	搜索犬 (搜索救助犬)	Sōsaku inu (sōsaku kyūjo inu)
Noun-Ani	Sniffer dog (tracking dog)	探知犬 (追跡犬)	Tanchi inu (tsuiseki inu)
Noun-Ani	Watchdog	番犬/ ウォッチドッグ	Banken/ u~otchidoggu
Noun-Ani	Donkey	驢馬 (ロバ)/ 兎馬	Roba/ usagiuma
Noun-Ani	Dragonfly	蜻蛉 (トンボ)/ 勝ち虫/ 秋津/ 麦藁蜻蛉	Tonbo/ Kachi mushi/ Akitsu/ Mugiwaratonbo
Noun-Ani	Dromedary	一瘤駱駝 (ヒトコブラクダ)/ 単峰駱駝	Hitokoburakuda * (dromedary (Camelus dromedarius))/ Tanpou rakuda * (Arabian camel; dromedary; one-hump camel)
Noun-Ani	Elephant	象/ エレファント	Zō/ Erefanto
Noun-Ani	Fly (a fly)	蠅 (蠅/ ハエ)	Hae
Noun-Ani	Fox	狐	kitsune
Noun-Ani	Giraffe	麒麟 (キリン)/ ジラフ	Kirin/ Jirafu
Noun-Ani	Goat	山羊 (ヤギ)	Yagi
Noun-Ani	Gorilla (ape)	ゴリラ (類人猿)	Gorira (ruijin'en)
Noun-Ani	Hedgehog	ハリネズミ (針鼠)/ ヤマアラシ (山荒)	Harinezumi/ Yamārashi
Noun-Ani	Horse	馬	Uma
Noun-Ani	Colt (a colt)	子馬 (子馬)	Kouma (kouma)
Noun-Ani	Foal	子馬	Kouma
Noun-Ani	Pony	子馬/ ポニー	Kouma/ Ponī
Noun-Ani	Draft horse	ドラフト馬	dorafuto uma
Noun-Ani	Police horse	警察馬	keisatsuba
Noun-Ani	Racehorse (race horse)	競走馬/ 競争馬/ 競馬馬/ 優駿/ 出走馬/ 草競馬 (競走馬)	Kyōsō-ba/ Kyōsō-ba/ Keiba-ba/ Yūshun * (fine racehorse)/ Shussō-ba * (horse entered in a race)/ Kusakeiba * (local horse race) (kyōsō-ba)
Noun-Ani	Stunt horse (trick horse)	スタントホース (トリックホース)	sutaantohousu (torikkuhousu)
Noun-Ani	Truck horse	トラック馬	torakkuba
Noun-Ani	Roan	あばら毛	Abara ge
Noun-Ani	Blue roan	青いあばら毛	Aoi abara ge

Noun-Ani	Hyena	ハイエナ	haiena
Noun-Ani	Insect	虫/ 昆虫/ インセクト/ バグ	Mushi/ Konchū/ Insekuto/ Bagu
Noun-Ani	Vermin	害虫	gaichuu
Noun-Ani	Firefly (lightning bug)	ホタル (雷虫)	Hotaru (kaminari mushi)
Noun-Ani	Lamb	子羊/ ラム	Kohitsuji/ Ramu
Noun-Ani	Leeches	ヒル	Hiru
Noun-Ani	Lion	獅子/ ライオン	Shishi/ Raion
Noun-Ani	Locust	イナゴ (稲子)	Inago
Noun-Ani	Mink	ミンク	Minku
Noun-Ani	Mole	モグラ	Mogura
Noun-Ani	Monkey	猿	Saru
Noun-Ani	Mosquito	蚊	Ka
Noun-Ani	Mouse	ねずみ (ネズミ) (鼠)	Nezumi
Noun-Ani	Opossum	オポッサム	Oposamu
Noun-Ani	Panther	豹 (ひょう/ ヒョウ)/ パンサー	Hyō/ Pansā
Noun-Ani	Pig	豚	Buta
Noun-Ani	Porcupine	ヤマアラシ (山荒)	Yamārashi
Noun-Ani	Puma	プーマ	Pūma
Noun-Ani	Raccoon	洗い熊 (アライグマ/ 洗熊/ 浣熊)/ ラクーン	Araiguma * (literally: 'washing bear; wash bear')/ Rakūn * (raccoon)
Noun-Ani	Raccoon dog	狸 (たぬき)	Tanuki
Noun-Ani	Rat	ねずみ (ネズミ) (鼠)	Nezumi
Noun-Ani	Rhino	サイ	Sai
Noun-Ani	Rodent	齧歯類	Gesshirui
Noun-Ani	Seal (sea dog)	海豹 (アザラシ)/ シール (海賊犬)	Azarashi/ Shīru (kaizoku inu)
Noun-Ani	Sheep	羊	Hitsuji
Noun-Ani	Skunk	スカンク	Sukanku
Noun-Ani	Spider	蜘蛛 (クモ)	Kumo
Noun-Ani	Squirrel	栗鼠 (リス)	Risu
Noun-Ani	Tiger	虎	Tora
Noun-Ani	Walrus	セイウチ	Seiu Chi
Noun-Ani	Wasp	蜂 (ハチ)	Hachi
Noun-Ani	Wild boar	イノシシ	Inoshishi
Noun-Ani	Wolf	狼/ ウルフ/ 豺狼	Ōkami/ Urufu/ Sairō
Noun-Ani	Dire wolf	ダイアウルフ/ 悲惨なオオカミ	Daiaurufu/ Hisan'na ōkami
Noun-Ani	Wolf trap	ウルトラップ	Urufutorappu
Noun-Ani	Wombat	ウォンバット	U~onbatto
Noun-Ani	Zebra	シマウマ	Shimauma
Noun-Ani	Early morning crowing of a rooster	早朝の雄鶏の鳴き声/ 早朝の鶏の鳴き声 (早朝のニワトリの鳴き声)/ 東天紅/ 朝方の鶏の鳴き声	Sōchō no ondori no nakigoe/ Sōchō no niwatori no nakigoe/ Tōtenkō/ Asagata no niwatori no nakigoe
Noun-Ani	Compost	堆肥にする	Taihi ni suru
Noun-Ani	Manure	肥料	Hiryō
Noun-Ani	Bird	鳥/ バード	Tori/ Bādo
Noun-Ani	Bird chicks	鳥の雛 (鳥のひよこ)/ 雛 (鳥のひな)/ 鳥の幼鳥/ 鳥の雛鳥 (鳥のひな鳥)	Tori no hiyoko/ Tori no hina/ Tori no yōchō/ Tori no hinadori
Noun-Ani	Bird's egg	鳥の子/ 鳥の卵	Torinoko/ Tori no tamago

Noun-Ani	Birds of the field	野の鳥たち	No no tori-tachi
Noun-Ani	Birds of prey (predator birds)	猛禽類/ 猛鳥/ 猛禽 (捕食者の鳥)	Mōkin-ruī/ Mōchō/ Mōkin (Hoshoku-sha no tori)
Noun-Ani	Fowl (waterfowl)	家禽 (水鳥)	Kakin (mizutori)
Noun-Ani	Plumage	羽毛	Umo
Noun-Ani	Albatross	アルバトロス/ 信天翁	Arubatorosu/ Ahōdori
Noun-Ani	Buzzard	鷲 (ノスリ/ のすり)	Nosuri
Noun-Ani	Chicken	鶏	Niwatori
Noun-Ani	Hen (a hen)	雌鶏/ 鶏 (にわとり)	Mesudori/ Niwatori
Noun-Ani	Rooster	雄鶏 (オンドリ)	Ondori
Noun-Ani	Canary	カナリア	Kanaria
Noun-Ani	Cormorant	鵜 (う/ ウ)	U
Noun-Ani	Condor	コンドル/ 禿鷹	Kondoru/ Hagetaka
Noun-Ani	Coot	大鵞 (オオバン)	Ōban
Noun-Ani	Crow	烏 (カラス)	Karasu
Noun-Ani	Dove (pigeon)	鳩 (ハト)	Hato
Noun-Ani	Duck (ducks)	鴨/ 家鴨 (あひる)/ ダック	Kamo/ Ahiru * (domestic duck)/ Dakku
Noun-Ani	Duckling	アヒルの子	Ahiru no ko
Noun-Ani	Domestic duck	国産アヒル	Kokusan ahiru
Noun-Ani	Mallard (wild duck; drake and hen)	マガモ (野生のアヒル、ドレイク、雌鶏)	Magamo (yasei no ahiru, doreiku, mesu niwatori)
Noun-Ani	Running ducks (ducks that run)	ランニングダック (走るアヒル)	Ran'ningudakku (hashiru ahiru)
Noun-Ani	Wild duck	野鴨/ 鴨 (かも)	No gamo/ Kamo
Noun-Ani	Blackbird	クロウタドリ	Kuroutadori
Noun-Ani	Eagle	鷲	Washi
Noun-Ani	Falcon	鷹 (たか/ タカ)/ ファルコン/ 隼 (はやぶさ/ ハヤブサ)	Taka/ Farukon/ Hayabusa * (Peregrine Falcon)
Noun-Ani	Flamingo	紅鶴/ フラミンゴ	Benidzuru/ Furamingo
Noun-Ani	Finch	フィンチ	Finchi
Noun-Ani	Goose (geese)	鵞鳥 (鵞鳥) (ガチョウ)	Gachō
Noun-Ani	Great tit	シジュウカラ	Shijuukara
Noun-Ani	Coal tit	ヒガラ	Higara
Noun-Ani	Hawk	鷹	Taka
Noun-Ani	Heron (blue heron)	鷺 (サギ/ さぎ) (青鷺/ (アオサギ/ あおさぎ))	Sagi (Ao sagi)
Noun-Ani	Kingfisher	カワセミ	Kawasemi
Noun-Ani	Lark	雲雀 (告天子/ ヒバリ)	Hibari
Noun-Ani	Nightingale	小夜鳴き鳥 (小夜啼鳥/ さよなきどり/ サヨナキドリ)/ ナイチンゲール	Sayonakidori/ Naichingēru
Noun-Ani	Ostrich	ダチョウ	dachou
Noun-Ani	Quail	ウズラ	Uzura
Noun-Ani	Owl	梟 (フクロウ)	Fukurō
Noun-Ani	Parrot	鸚鵡 (おうむ/ オウム)/ オウム目	Ōmu/ Ōmu-me
Noun-Ani	Pelican	伽藍鳥/ ペリカン	Garanchō/ Perikan
Noun-Ani	Raven	烏 (カラス)/ レイヴン	Karasu/ Reivun
Noun-Ani	Seagull	鷗 (カモメ)	Kamome
Noun-Ani	Small bird	小鳥/ 燕雀/ 小さい鳥	Kotori/ Enjaku/ Chīsai tori
Noun-Ani	Sparrow	雀 (スズメ/ すずめ)	Suzume

Noun-Ani	Swallow	燕 (つばめ/ ツバメ)	Tsubame
Noun-Ani	Swan	白鳥/ スワン	Hakuchō/ Suwan
Noun-Ani	Vulture	秃鷹 (ハゲタカ)	Hagetaka
Noun-Ani	Young bird (chick)	雛/ 雛鳥/ 幼鳥	Hina (hiyoko * both pronunciations can be used)/ Hinadori/ Yōchō
Noun-Ani	Flock	群れ	Mure
Noun-Ani	A flock of birds	鳥の群れ	Tori no mure
Noun-Ani	Flight (a flight; the flight)	飛行 (する)/ 逃走 (する/ の)/ 逃亡 (する)/ フライト (する)	Hikō (suru) * (flight; flying; aviation)/ Tōsō (suru/ no) * (flight; desertion; escape)/ Tōbō (suru) * (escape; flight; running away; elopement; fleeing)/ Furaito (suru) * (flight)
Noun-Ani	Herd	群れ	Mure
Noun-Ani	Nest	巣	Su
Noun-Ani	Stampede	暴走	bōsō
Noun-Ani	Swarm	群がる	muragaru
Noun-Ani	Carrier pigeon	伝書鳩	Denshobato
Noun-Ani	Fish	魚	Sakana
Noun-Ani	Eel	ウナギ (鰻)	Unagi
Noun-Ani	Herring	鯵 (ニシン)	Nishin
Noun-Ani	Octopus (Squid)	蛸 (タコ) (烏賊 (イカ))	Tako (Ika)
Noun-Ani	Piranha	ピラニア	Pirania
Noun-Ani	Salmon	鮭	Sake
Noun-Ani	Shark	鮫	Same
Noun-Ani	Shark attack	サメの攻撃	Same no kōgeki
Noun-Ani	Shell	殻	kara
Noun-Ani	Shellfish	貝	Kai
Noun-Ani	Crab	カニ (蟹/ かに)	Kani
Noun-Ani	Lobster	ロブスター/ 海老/ オマール/ オマール海老	Robusutā/ Ebi * (prawn; shrimp; lobster)/ Omāru * (lobster; from French “homard”)/ Omāru ebi
Noun-Ani	Shrimps (prawn)	海老 (エビ)	Ebi
Noun-Ani	Stonefish	オニダルマオコゼ	Onidarumaokoze
Noun-Ani	Trout	鱒 (マス)	Masu
Noun-Ani	Tuna	鮪	Maguro
Noun-Ani	Amphibian	両生類	ryōseirui
Noun-Ani	Reptile (reptiles)	爬虫類 (爬虫類)	Hachūru (hachūru)
Noun-Ani	Alligator	鱷 (わに)/ アリゲーター	Wani/ Arigētā
Noun-Ani	Chameleon	カメレオン	Kamereon
Noun-Ani	Crocodile	鱷 (わに)/ クロコダイル	Wani/ Kurokodairu
Noun-Ani	Frog	蛙 (かえる)	Kaeru
Noun-Ani	Lizard	蜥蜴 (トカゲ)	Tokage
Noun-Ani	Iguana	イグアナ	Iguana
Noun-Ani	Gecko	ヤモリ	Yamori
Noun-Ani	Salamander	火蜥蜴/ 山椒魚/ サラマンダー	Hitokage/ Sanshoūo/ Saramandā
Noun-Ani	Serpent	蛇行 (する)	Dakou (suru)
Noun-Ani	Snake	蛇 (へび)	Hebi
Noun-Ani	Poisonous snake	毒蛇	Dokuhebi

Noun-Ani	Toad	蟾 (ひきがえる)/ 蟾蜍 (ヒキガエル)/ 蝦蟇/ 蝦蟇/ 蟾蛙	Hiki (Kama)/ Hikigaeru/ Gama/ Ga magaeru/ Kusogaeru
Noun-Ani	Turtle (Tortoise)	亀 (かめ)	Kame (kame)
Noun-Ani	Dinosaur	恐竜	Kyōryū
Noun-Ani	Animal sound (animal sounds)	動物の鳴き声 (動物の鳴き声)	Doubutsu no nakigoe (doubutsu no nakigoe)
Noun-Ani	To bark	樹皮に	jupi ni
Noun-Ani	To woof	ワンワン (する)	Wan wan (suru)
Noun-Ani	To croak	鳴く	naku
Noun-Ani	To hiss	シューツという音	Shūtto iu oto
Noun-Ani	To meow	ニャーと鳴く	nya to naku
Noun-Ani	To moo	モー (する)	mō (suru)
Noun-Ani	To purr	喉を鳴らす	nodo o narasu
Noun-Ani	To quack	いんちき (する)	inchiki (suru)
Noun-Ani	To roar	咆哮 (する)	houkou (suru)
Noun-Ani	To screech	金切り声を上げる	kan kirigoe o ageru
Noun-Mo	Monster	化け物/ モンスター	Bakemono/ Monsutā
Noun-Mo	Angel (a good spirit)	天使 (良い精神)	Tenshi (genki-ippai)
Noun-Mo	Banshee	バンシー	Banshī
Noun-Mo	Demon (evil spirit)	鬼 (おに/ き)/ 悪魔 (悪霊)	Oni (oni/ ki)/ Akuma (akuryō)
Noun-Mo	Dragon	龍/ ドラゴン	Ryū/ Doragon
Noun-Mo	Dwarf	小人/ 矮人/ ドワーフ	Kobito/ Waijin/ Dowāfu
Noun-Mo	Elf (an elf; elves)	エルフ (妖精)	Eru fu (yōsei)
Noun-Mo	Fairy (faerie; faeries)	フェアリー/ 妖精/ 仙女 (妖精たち)	Fearī/ Yōsei/ Sen'nyo (yōsei-tachi)
Noun-Mo	Ghost	お化け (おばけ)/ 幽霊/ 亡霊	Obake/ Yūrei/ Bōrei
Noun-Mo	Goblin	ゴブリン/ 化け物	Goburin/ Bakemono
Noun-Mo	Griffin	グリフィン	gurifin
Noun-Mo	Nature spirit	自然の精神	Shizen no seishin
Noun-Mo	Orc	オーク	Ōku
Noun-Mo	Pegasus	天馬/ ペガサス	Tenba/ Pegasasu
Noun-Mo	Spectre	スペクター/ 化け物/ 幽霊	Supekutā/ Bakemono/ Yūrei
Noun-Mo	Troll	荒らし	arashi
Noun-Mo	Undead (the unliving; the non-living)	不死者/ 不死/ アンデッド (不死身)	Fushisha/ Fushi/ Andeddo (fujimi)
Noun-Mo	Unicorn	一角獣/ ユニコーン	Ikkakujū/ Yunikōn
Noun-Mo	Vampire	吸血鬼/ バンパイア	Kyūketsuki/ Banpaia
Noun-Mo	Werewolf	人狼/ ウェアウルフ	Jinrō/ U~eaurufu
Noun-Ani	Beak	嘴	Kuchibashi
Noun-Ani	Snout	鼻先	Hanasaki
Noun-Ani	Claw	爪/ 鉤爪/ クロー	Tsume/ Kagidzume/ Kurō
Noun-Ani	Tail	しっぽ (尻尾)	Shippo
Noun-Ani	Talons	爪/ 鉤爪	Tsume/ Kagidzume
Noun-Ani	Fang	牙	Kiba
Noun-Ani	Hoof	蹄	Hidzume

Noun-Ani	Horn (horns)	角 (つの)/ ホルン/ 警笛/ クラクション/ ホーン (角 (つの))	Tsuno * (horn; antler)/ Horun * (horn (musical instrument); from German “Horn”)/ Keiteki * (horn; alarm; whistle; foghorn)/ Kurakushon * ((car) horn; klaxon)/ Hōn * (horn (speaker, klaxon, etc.)) (tsuno)
Noun-Ani	Paw (paws)	足 (あし)	Ashi
Noun-Ani	Tentacle (tentacles)	触手/ テンタクル/ イカ下足/ 下足	Shokushu * (feeler; tentacle)/ Tentakuru/ Ika gesoku * (squid tentacles)/ gesoku * (squid tentacles)
Noun-Ani	Whiskers	ひげ	hige
Noun-Ani	Wing (wings)	ウィング (翼)	U~ingu (tsubasa)
Noun-Nat	Nature	自然	Shizen
Noun-Nat	Season	季節/ 時節/ 春夏秋冬	Kisetsu/ Jisetsu/ Shunkashūtō * (spring, summer, autumn (fall) and winter; the four seasons)
Noun-Nat	Spring	春	Haru
Noun-Nat	Summer	夏	Natsu
Noun-Nat	Autumn	秋	Aki
Noun-Nat	Winter	冬	Fuyu
Noun-Nat	Environment (the environment)	環境 (の)/ 境	Kankyō (no)/ Sakai
Noun-Nat	Habitat	生息地	Oyadji * (habitat; home (e.g. of the tiger))
Noun-Nat	Harvest	収穫 (する)	Shūkaku (suru)
Noun-Nat	Crop	作物	Sakumotsu
Noun-Nat	Landscape	風景/ ランドスケープ	Fūkei/ Randosukēpu
Noun-Nat	Landscape (scenery)	風景 (景色)/ 山水	Fūkei (Keshiki)/ Sansui * (mountain and water; landscape (containing hills and rivers))
Noun-Nat	Landscape view	風景の眺め/ 風景の景色/ 景色の風景/ 風景の表示/ 風景の展望/ 風景の見/ 風景の見晴らし/ 風景の見通し/ 風景を眺める/ 風景を表示する	Fūkei no nagame/ Fūkei no keshiki/ Keshiki no fūkei/ Fūkei no hyōji/ Fūkei no tenbō/ Fūkei no mi/ Fūkei no miharashi/ Fūkei no mitōshi/ Fūkei o nagameru/ Fūkei o hyōji suru
Noun-Nat	Magical place	魔法の場所	Mahō no basho
Noun-Nat	Scenery	景色	Keshiki
Noun-Nat	View	景色/ 風景/ 眺め/ 見 (み)/ 景 (けい)/ 展望/ 見通し/ 見晴らし/ 表示 (する)	Keshiki * (scenery; landscape)/ Fūkei * (scenery; landscape)/ Nagame * (scene; view; prospect; outlook)/ Mi * (looking; viewing)/ Kei * (vista; view; scene; scenic view)/ Tenbō * (view; outlook; prospect)/ Mitōshi * (unobstructed view; perspective; visibility)/ Miharashi * (view; prospect; outlook)/ Hyōji (suru) * (display; displaying)
Noun-Nat	View (scene; landscape)	景色/ 風景 (の)	Keshiki/ Fūkei (no)
Noun-Nat	Aerial photography	空撮 (する)	Kūsatsu (suru)
Noun-Nat	Ecology (ecosystem)	生態学/ 生態/ エコロジー/ エコ (な) (生態系/ エコシステム)	Seitaigaku/ Seitai/ Ekorojī/ Eko (na) * (abbreviation) Seitaikei/ Eko shisutemu
Noun-Nat	Ecosystem	エコシステム	Ekoshisutemu
Noun-Nat	Highland (highlands)	高地 (高地)	Kouchi (kouchi)
Noun-Nat	Lingering summer heat	残暑	Zansho

Noun-Na	Grassland	草原	Sōgen
Noun-Na	Meadow (pasture)	メドウ (牧草地)	Medou (bokusōchi)
Noun-Na	Pasture	牧草地	bokusaichi
Noun-Na	Lush	豊か (な)	Yutaka (na)
Noun-Na	Luxuriant growth	豊かに生い茂る/ 繁茂 (する)	Yutaka ni oishigeru/ Hanmo (suru)
Noun-Na	Nature reserve	自然保護区	Shizen hogo-ku
Noun-Na	Overgrowth	過成長/ 繁茂 (する)	Kaseichō/ Hanmo (suru) * (flourishing (of plants); thriving; luxuriant growth; growing lushly; rankness (of weeds))
Noun-Na	Rampant growth	急成長/ はびこる (蔓延る)	Kyū seichō/ Habikoru
Noun-Na	Rampant nature	蔓延る自然	Habikoru shizen
Noun-Na	Prairie	草原	sōgen
Noun-Na	Steppe	ステップ	Suteppu
Noun-Na	Summer breeze	夏の風/ 繊細な夏のそよ風/ 優しい夏の風/ 初夏の繊細な風	Natsu no kaze/ Sensaina natsu no soyokaze/ Yasashī natsu no kaze/ Shoka no sensaina kaze
Noun-Na	Summertime	夏時間	Natsujikan
Noun-Na	Hot summer	暑い夏	Atsui natsu
Noun-Na	Wetland (wetlands)	湿地 (湿地)	Shitchi (shitchi)
Noun-Na	Vegetation	植物/ 植生	Shokubutsu/ shokusei
Noun-Na	Forest	森	Mori
Noun-Na	Wood (the woods)	森林/ 林 (はやし)/ ウッド (森)	Shinrin * (forest; woods)/ Hayashi * (wood; woods; forest; grove; copse; thicket)/ Uddo * (wood) (mori * (forest))
Noun-Na	Beech	ブナ材 (樺材/ 櫟材)/ 樺 (ぶな)	Buna-zai * (beechwood; beech)/ Buna * (Japanese beech (Fagus crenata); Siebold's beech)
Noun-Na	Oakwood (oak wood)	オークウッド (櫟の木)	Ōkuuddo (kashi no ki)
Noun-Na	Dense woods	鬱蒼とした森	Ussō to shita mori
Noun-Na	Evergreen	常緑樹	Jōryokujū
Noun-Na	Plant	植物	Shokubutsu
Noun-Na	Tree	木	Ki
Noun-Na	Tree bark	木皮/ 木肌/ 樹皮/ 木の樹皮	Mokuhi/ Kihada * (bark (of a tree))/ Juhi * (bark (of a tree, etc.))/ Ki no juhi
Noun-Na	Treeline	樹木境界線	Jumoku kyōkai-sen
Noun-Na	Root (roots; tree root)	根 (根、木の根)	Ne (ne, kinone)
Noun-Na	Tree stump	木の切り株 (木の切株)/ 木の根株	Ki no kirikabu/ Kinone kabu
Noun-Na	Treetop	梢 (こずえ)/ 樹上	Kozue/ Jujō
Noun-Na	Flora and fauna	動植物	Dōshokubutsu
Noun-Na	Botanic	植物学	Shokubutsu-gaku
Noun-Na	Botany	植物学	Shokubutsu-gaku
Noun-Na	Apple tree	リンゴの木	Ringo no ki
Noun-Na	Banana tree	バナナの木	Banana no ki
Noun-Na	Birch tree	白樺	Shirokaba
Noun-Na	Cherry tree	サクランボの木	Sakuranbo no ki
Noun-Na	Oak tree	櫟の木/ 柏木	Kashi no ki/ Kashiwagi
Noun-Na	Pine tree	松の木	Matsunoki
Noun-Na	Maple	メーブル	Mēpuru
Noun-Na	Hawthorn	サンザシ	Sanzashi

Noun-Na	Olive tree	オリーブの木	Oribu no ki
Noun-Na	Sapling (young tree)	苗木 (若木)	Naegi (wakagi)
Noun-Na	Yew (yew tree)	イチイの木	Ichii no ki
Noun-Na	Bush	灌木/ 木/ 茂み/ 藪/ ブッシュ	Kanboku/ Ki/ Shigemi/ Yabu/ Busshu
Noun-Na	Bushy	ふさふさ	fusafusa
Noun-Na	Deciduous	落葉性 (の)	Rakuyō-sei (no)
Noun-Na	Acorn	団栗 (ドングリ)	Donguri
Noun-Na	Bamboo stick	竹の棒	Take no bō
Noun-Na	Bloom	開花	kaika
Noun-Na	Canopy	林冠/ 天蓋/ キャノピー	Rinkan * (canopy (of a forest); tree canopy; crown canopy)/ Tengai * (canopy; dome)/ Kyanopī * (canopy)
Noun-Na	Cold bath (cold shower)	冷水浴 (する)	Reisui-yoku (suru)
Noun-Na	Creeper	蔓草 (つる草)/ つる植物 (蔓植物)/ 葛 (かずら/ カズラ)/ 蔓性植物 (つる性植物)	Tsurukusa (tsuru kusa)/ Tsuru shokubutsu/ Kazura/ Manseishokubutsu
Noun-Na	Deciduous	落葉樹	Rakuyōju
Noun-Na	Deforestation	森林伐採/ 森林破壊/ 伐採 (する)/ 乱伐 (する)	Shinrin bassai/ Shinrin hakai/ Bassai (suru) * (felling timber; cutting down trees; logging; lumbering)/ Ranbatsu (suru) * (reckless deforestation; overcutting of forests)
Noun-Na	Foliage	葉 (は)	Ha
Noun-Na	Forest bathing	森林浴	Shinrin'yoku
Noun-Na	Forest path (forest road)	林道 (林道)	Rindō (rindō)
Noun-Na	Forestation (planting trees; to plant trees)	植林 (する)/ 造林 (する)/ 植樹 (する)/ 森林づくり/ 緑化 (する)/ 治山/ フォレストেশョン (木を植える; 木を植える)	Shokurin (suru)/ Zōrin (suru)/ Shokuju (suru)/ Shinrin-dzukuri/ Ryokka (suru)/ Chisan/ Foresutēshon (Kiwoueru; kiwoueru)
Noun-Na	Grove	林/ 木立/ 藪/ 森/ 雑木林/ グローブ	Hayashi * (wood; woods; forest; grove; copse; thicket)/ Kodachi * (cluster of trees; grove; thicket)/ Yabu * (thicket; bush; grove; scrub)/ Mori * (forest/ shrine grove)/ Zōkibayashi * (grove of miscellaneous trees; copse; coppice; thicket)/ Gurōbu
Noun-Na	Trackway	道	Michi
Noun-Na	Jungle	密林	Mitsurin
Noun-Na	Magical tree	魔法の木/ 幻想的な木/ マジカルの木	Mahō no ki/ Gensō-tekina ki/ Majikaru no ki
Noun-Na	Olive tree	オリーブの木	Orību no ki
Noun-Na	Rhododendron	シャクナゲ	Shakunage
Noun-Na	Rose bush	バラの木	Bara no ki
Noun-Na	Shrub (shrubs)	低木 (低木)	teiboku
Noun-Na	Shrubbery	植え込み	Uekomi
Noun-Na	Wild shrubs	野生の低木	Yasei no teiboku
Noun-Na	Privet (privet hedge)	イボタノキ (イボタノキの生け垣)	Ibotanoki (ibotanoki no ikegaki)
Noun-Na	Spruce	スプルース	Supurūsu
Noun-Na	Tree branch	木の枝	Ki no eda
Noun-Na	Tree leaf	葉	Ha

Noun-Na	Leafy	葉の多い	ha no ōi
Noun-Na	Leaf vein	葉脈	Yōmyaku
Noun-Na	Stem (stems)	幹 (幹)	Miki (miki)
Noun-Na	Thistle (thorn)	アザミ (薊) (とげ (刺))	Azami (toge)
Noun-Na	Tree fruit	木の実	Konomi
Noun-Na	Tree trunk	木の幹	Ki no kan
Noun-Na	Tree twig	木の枝	Ki no eda
Noun-Na	Tree stump	木の切り株	Ki no kirikabu
Noun-Na	Tropics	熱帯地方	Nettai chihō
Noun-Na	Tropical depression	熱帯性低気圧	Nettai-sei teikiatsu
Noun-Na	Tropical plant	熱帯植物	Nettai shokubutsu
Noun-Na	Tropical rainforest	多雨林/ 熱帯雨林/ 熱帯林/ 熱帯の林/ 熱帯の森	Taurin/ Nettaiurin/ Nettai-rin/ Nettai no hayashi/ Nettai no mori
Noun-Na	Vine	ぶどうの木 (ブドウの木/ 葡萄の木)/ 蔓草/ 蔓	Budōnoki/ Tsurukusa/ Tsuru
Noun-Na	Willow (tree)	柳	Yanagi
Noun-Na	Willow vine	柳のつる	Yanagi no tsuru
Noun-Na	Wood	木 (き) (もく)/ 木材/ 材木/ 材 (ざい)/ ウッド/ 用木/ 板切れ/ 荒木/ 木製 (の)/ 木造 (の)/ 木造り	Ki (moku) * (wood; timber)/ Mokuzai * (lumber; timber; wood)/ Zaimoku * (wood (for building); lumber; timber)/ Zai * (wood; lumber; timber)/ Uddo * (wood)/ Yōboku * (timber; lumber; wood)/ Itakire * (scrap lumber; piece of wood)/ Araki * (logs in bark; rough wood; unseasoned timber; new lumber)/ Mokusei (no) * (wooden; made of wood, ie. like wooden products)/ Mokuzō (no) * (wooden; made of wood; wooden construction)/ Mokuzōri * (wood construction; woodworking)
Noun-Na	Wooden	木製	Mokusei
Noun-Na	Burnt wood	焼けた木	yaketa ki
Noun-Na	Cedar wood	シダーウッド	Shidāuddo
Noun-Na	Firewood	薪 (まき)	Maki
Noun-Na	Kindling wood	焚き木	Taki ki
Noun-Na	Rosewood	ローズウッド	Rōzuuddo
Noun-Na	Timber	木材	Mokuzai
Noun-Flo	Flower	花 (華)/ フラワー/ 草花	Hana/ Furawā/ Kusabana
Noun-Flo	Aloe vera	アロエ	Aroe
Noun-Flo	Buttercup	金鳳花/ 馬の脚形/ バターカップ	Kinpōge/ Umanoashigata/ Batākappu
Noun-Flo	Cactus	カクタス	Kakutasu
Noun-Flo	Chives	浅葱/ チャイブ	Asagi/ Chaibu
Noun-Flo	Dandelion	蒲公英 (タンポポ)/ ダンデライオン	Tanpopo (tanpopo)/ Danderaion
Noun-Flo	Daisy	雛菊/ 姫女苑/ デイジー	Hinagiku/ Hime jo en/ Deijī
Noun-Flo	Ferns	シダ (羊歯)	Shida
Noun-Flo	Lily	リリー	Ririi
Noun-Flo	Waterlily (water lily; water lilies)	スイレン (睡蓮)	Suiren
Noun-Flo	Marigolds	マリーゴールド	Marīgōrudo

Noun-Flo	Nettle	イラクサ (刺草)	Irakusa
Noun-Flo	Rose	薔薇 (バラ)/ ローズ	Bara/ Rōzu
Noun-Flo	Climbing roses	つるバラ (蔓バラ)	Tsuru bara
Noun-Flo	A violet	紫 (むらさき/ ムラサキ)/ 堇 (すみれ/ スミレ)	Murasaki/ Sumire
Noun-Flo	Violets	スミレ	Sumire
Noun-Flo	Sunflower	ひまわり	Himawari
Noun-Flo	Wild flower (wildflower)	野の花/ 野生の花	No no hana/ Yasei no hana
Noun-Nat	Algae	藻類	Sōrui
Noun-Nat	Beach	浜 (はま)/ 浜辺/ 海岸/ 海辺/ 水際/ 渚 (なぎさ)/ 磯 (いそ)/ 磯辺/ 波打ち際/ 砂浜/ 海浜/ ビーチ	Hama/ Hamabe/ Kaigan/ Umibe/ Mizugiwa * (beach; water's edge)/ Nagisa * (water's edge; beach; shore)/ Iso * ((rocky) beach; seashore)/ Isobe/ Namiuchigiwa * (water's edge; beach; foreshore)/ Sunahama * (sandy beach; beach)/ Kaihin * (seashore; seaside; beach)/ Bichi
Noun-Nat	Beach life	ビーチライフ	Bīchiraifu
Noun-Nat	Ashore	陸上 (の)	Rikujō (no)
Noun-Nat	Coast (coastline; shore)	海岸/ 岸 (きし) (海岸線; 海岸)	Kaigan/ Kishi (Kaigansen; kaigan)
Noun-Nat	Coastal	沿岸	Engan
Noun-Nat	Coastline	海岸線	Kaigansen
Noun-Nat	Seaside	海辺	Umibe
Noun-Nat	Shore	海岸	Kaigan
Noun-Nat	Seashore	海岸	Kaigan
Noun-Nat	Flow	流れ	Nagare
Noun-Nat	Island	小島	Kojima
Noun-Nat	Peninsula	半島	Hantou
Noun-Nat	Lake	湖 (みずうみ/ こ)	Mizūmi (mizūmi/ ko * (in place names))
Noun-Nat	Lakeside	湖畔	Kohan
Noun-Nat	River	川 (かわ)	Kawa
Noun-Nat	Riverbed	河床/ 川底/ 床 (とこ)/ 川敷/ 河原	Kashō/ Kawazoko/ Toko * (means 'bed; bedding', but can also mean 'riverbed')/ Kawashiki * (river plain; riverbed)/ Kawara * (dry riverbed; river beach)
Noun-Nat	Meander (meanders)	蛇行 (する) (蛇行)	Dakou (suru) (dakou)
Noun-Nat	Bustling river	賑やかな川	Nigiyaka na kawa
Noun-Nat	Sparkling river	輝く川	Kagayaku kawa
Noun-Nat	Downstream	下流	Karyū
Noun-Nat	Midstream	流れに身を任せる	Nagare ni mi o makaseru
Noun-Nat	Upstream	上流	Jōryū
Noun-Nat	Against the flow	誰かを対立させる	Dareka o tairitsu saseru
Noun-Nat	With the flow	流れに逆らう	Nagare ni sakarau
Noun-Nat	Ocean	海洋	Kaiyō
Noun-Nat	Ocean current	海流	kairyuu
Noun-Nat	Sea	海 (うみ)	Umi
Noun-Nat	Open sea	外海	Sotome
Noun-Nat	Sea bathing	海水浴	Kaisuiyoku
Noun-Nat	Sea breeze	潮風	shiokaze
Noun-Nat	Sea current	海流	kairyuu

Noun-Na	Seawind	海風/ シーウィンド	Kaifū/ Shī u~indo
Noun-Na	Seaweed	海藻/ 藻類/ 海藻類/ 藻	Kaisō/ Sōrui/ Kaisō-rui/ Mo
Noun-Na	Stream (flow)	流れ/ 小川/ ストリーム/ フロー	Nagare/ Ogawa * (stream; brook; creek)/ Sutorīmu/ Furō
Noun-Na	Pool	プール	Pūru
Noun-Na	Puddle	水たまり	Mizutamari
Noun-Na	Puddling	代かき	daikaki
Noun-Na	Water puddle (pool of water)	水たまり (水たまり)	Mizutamari (mizutamari)
Noun-Na	Whirlpool	渦巻き/ 渦 (うず)/ 渦中/ 渦流/ ワールプール	Uzumaki/ Uzu/ Kachū/ Karyū/ Wārupūru
Noun-Na	Waterline (water line)	ウォーターライン (ウォーターライン)	Wootaarain (wootaarain)
Noun-Na	Waterside	水辺	mizube
Noun-Na	A water well	井戸水/ 水の井戸/ 井戸/ 車井戸 * (a well equipped with a pulley for drawing water)	Idomizu/ Mizu no ido/ Ido/ Kurumaido * (a well equipped with a pulley for drawing water)
Noun-Na	A well	井戸	Ido
Noun-Na	Babbling	せせらぎ (の)/ 潺湲 (たる/ と)/ 淙々 (淙淙/ そうそう) (たる/ と)	Seseragi (no)/ Senkan (taru/ to)/ Sōsō (sō sō) (taru/ to)
Noun-Na	Bathing (in cold water) (showering)	水浴び (する)/ 冷水に浸かる/ 冷たい水を浴びる/ 冷水に入浴する/ 冷水に浴する	Mizuabi (suru)/ Reisui ni tsukaru/ Tsumetai mizu o abiru/ Reisui ni nyūyoku suru/ Reisui ni yokusuru
Noun-Na	Bay (the gulf)	湾/ 江/ ベイ	Wan/ E (kō)/ Bei
Noun-Na	Brook	小川/ 川 (河/ かわ)/ ブルック	Ogawa/ Kawa/ Burukku
Noun-Na	Babbling brook	せせらぎの小川	Seseragi no Ogawa
Noun-Na	Creek	クリーク	Kurīku
Noun-Na	Inlet	入口	Iriguchi
Noun-Na	Cave (tunnel)	洞窟/ 洞穴/ 空洞/ 横穴	Dōkutsu/ Horaana/ Kūdō/ Yokoana
Noun-Na	Cave in the rocks (Cave between the rocks)	岩の洞窟 (岩の間の洞窟)	Iwa no dōkutsu (iwa no ma no dōkutsu)
Noun-Na	Chasm	割れ目/ キャズム	Wareme/ Kyazumu
Noun-Na	Canyon (ravine)	峡谷/ 溪谷/ キャニオン (溪谷)	Kyōkoku * (gorge; ravine; canyon; glen)/ Keikoku * (valley (with a river running through it); gorge; ravine; canyon)/ Canyon * (canyon) (keikoku)
Noun-Na	Cliff (precipice)	崖 (がけ) (断崖)	Gake * (cliff; precipice/ precipice; brink of a dangerous situation) (Dangai * (precipice; cliff; bluff))
Noun-Na	Fissure	亀裂	kiretsu
Noun-Na	Crack (a crack)	クラック (亀裂)	Kurakku (kiretsu)
Noun-Na	Crater	火口/ クレーター	Kakō/ Kurētā
Noun-Na	Pit (a pit; the pit)	ピット (穴; 穴)	Pitto (ana; ana)
Noun-Na	Pitfall	落とし穴	Otoshiana
Noun-Na	Pitfall trap	落とし穴の罠	Otoshiana no wana
Noun-Na	Ridge	峠/ 峰/ 尾根/ 海嶺	Tōge * ((mountain) pass; highest point on a mountain road; ridge)/ Mine * (peak; summit; ridge; top)/ One * ((mountain) ridge; mountain ridge)/ Kairei * ((submarine) ridge; submarine ridge)

Noun-Na	Rigid cliff	堅い崖	Katai gake
Noun-Na	Slope (a slope)	スロープ (坂道)	Surōpu (sakamichi)
Noun-Na	Bog	沼地	Numachi
Noun-Na	Boggy	湿地 (の)	Shitchi (no)
Noun-Na	Coral	珊瑚 (サンゴ)/ コーラル	Sango/ Kōraru
Noun-Na	Coral reef	サンゴ礁 (珊瑚礁)/ 珊瑚暗礁/ 珊瑚岩礁/ 珊瑚の岩礁	Sangoshō/ Sango anshō/ Sango ganshō/ Sango no ganshō
Noun-Na	Ditch	溝/ 溝渠	Mizo/ Kōkyo
Noun-Na	Trench	溝	Mizo
Noun-Na	Perimeter	境界	kyoukai
Noun-Na	Dunes	砂丘/ 砂山	Sakyū/ Sunayama
Noun-Na	Flood	洪水/ フラッド/ 大水	Kōzui/ Furaddo/ Ōmizu
Noun-Na	Surge (a surge)	サージ (急上昇)	Sāji (kyūjōshō)
Noun-Na	Fountain	噴水	Funsui
Noun-Na	Hole	穴/ 口 (くち)	Ana/ Kuchi * (means 'mouth', but can also mean 'opening; hole; gap; orifice')
Noun-Na	Lagoon	ラグーン	Ragūn
Noun-Na	Leak	漏れ/ 漏洩 (する)/ 漏り/ 漏出 (する)/ リークージ/ リーク (する)	More/ Rōei (suru)/ Mori/ Rōshutsu (suru)/ Rīkēji/ Rīku (suru)
Noun-Na	Leakage	漏れ	More
Noun-Na	Marsh	マーシュ/ 湿地/ 沼 (ぬま)/ 泥沼/ 湿地帯	Māshu/ Shitchi/ Numa/ Doronuma/ Shitchi-tai
Noun-Na	Marshland	湿地帯/ 沼地	Shime chitai/ Numachi
Noun-Na	Marshy	湿地 (の)	Shitchi (no)
Noun-Na	Pond	池	Ike
Noun-Na	Across the pond	池の向こう側	Ike no mukō-gawa
Noun-Na	Rainbow	虹	Niji
Noun-Na	Reed	葦 (あし)/ リード	Ashi/ Rīdo
Noun-Na	Reed stem	葦の茎/ 葦の枝/ 葦のストロー/ 芦刈	Ashi no kuki/ Ashi no eda * (reed branch)/ Ashi no sutorō * (reed straw)/ Ashikari
Noun-Na	Overhanging reeds	張り出した葦	Haridashita ashi
Noun-Na	Reef	暗礁/ 岩礁/ 礁 (しょう)/ リーフ	Anshō/ Ganshō/ Shou/ Rīfu
Noun-Na	Salt lake (lake of salt)	塩湖/ ソルトレイク (塩の湖)	Enko/ Sorutoreiku (Shio no mizūmi)
Noun-Na	Sandbank	砂州/ 砂堆/ 州 (す)/ 中州	Sasu/ Satai/ Su (* not shū)/ Nakasu
Noun-Na	Spring (fountain)	春 (泉)	Haru (izumi)
Noun-Na	Hot spring	温泉/ 秘湯 * (secret hot spring)	Onsen/ Hitō
Noun-Na	Salt spring	塩泉	Shio izumi
Noun-Na	Swamp	沼地/ 沼 (ぬま)	Numachi * (marshland; wetland; swampland)/ Numa * (marsh; swamp; wetland; bog; pond)
Noun-Na	Swampy	沼地 (の)/ 泥深い/ 湿地 (の)	Numachi (no)/ Dorobukai/ Shitchi (no)
Noun-Na	Swampland	沼地	Numachi
Noun-Na	Tide (current; the tide; tidal)	潮 (しお)/ 潮流/ 風潮/ 潮汐/ 流れ/ タイド (潮流; 潮汐; 潮汐)	Shio/ Chōryū/ Fūchō/ Chōseki/ Nagare * (flow (of a fluid or gas); stream; current/ flow (of people, things); passage (of time); tide; passing; (changing) trends; tendency)/ Taido (Chōryū; chōseki; chōseki)
Noun-Na	Tide (the tide)	潮 (潮)	Shio (shio)

Noun-Na	High tide (high water; full tide)	満潮/ 高潮 (する)/ 上げ潮 (上潮/ あげしお) (満潮; 満潮)	Manchō/ Takashio/ Ageshio (suru) * (rising tide; incoming tide; flood tide) (manchō; manchō)
Noun-Na	Current (ie. undercurrent)	流れ	nagare
Noun-Na	Undercurrent	不足電流	Fusoku denryū
Noun-Na	Tornado (hurricane; cyclone)	竜巻 (龍巻/ たつまき)/ 颶風/ トルネード/ トーネード (ハリケーン; サイクロン)	Tatsumaki/ Gufū/ Torunēdo/ Tōnēdo * (literally means: dragon roll) (Harikēn; Saikuron)
Noun-Na	Torrent (rapid stream; violently rushing stream)	奔流/ 急な流れ/ 瀬/ トレント (する)	Honryū/ Kyūna nagare/ Se/ Torento (suru)
Noun-Na	Torrential	豪雨	gōu
Noun-Na	Torrential rain (cloudburst)	集中豪雨/ 豪雨 (土砂崩れ)	Shūchū gōu/ Gōu (Doshakuzure)
Noun-Na	Tsunami	津波 (津浪/ 海嘯/ つなみ/ ツナミ)/ 海嘯	Tsunami/ Kaishō
Noun-Na	Valley	谷	Tani
Noun-Na	Waterfall	滝	Taki
Noun-Na	Water flood	水の洪水	Mizu no kōzui
Noun-Na	Wave (sea wave)	ウェーブ/ 波 (海の波)	U~ēbu/ nami (umi no nami)
Noun-Na	Whirlwind (tornado)	旋風 (竜巻)	Senpū (tatsumaki)
Noun-Na	Dust	埃 (ほこり)	Hokori
Noun-Na	Hill	丘 (おか)/ 山 (やま)	Oka/ Yama
Noun-Na	Mountain	山 (やま)	Yama
Noun-Na	Mountain creek	山の小川	Yama no ogawa
Noun-Na	Mountain range	山脈	Sanmyaku
Noun-Na	Mountain stream (mountain torrent)	溪流	Keiryū
Noun-Na	Fresh mountain air	新鮮な山の空気	Shinsen na yama no kūki
Noun-Na	Snowy mountains	雪山	Sekizan
Noun-Na	Geyser	間欠泉	kanketsusen
Noun-Na	Boulder	岩 (巖/ 磐/ 巖)/ 転石/ 丸石/ 大石/ ボルダー/ ロック	Iwa/ Tenseki/ Maruishi/ Ōishi/ Borudā/ Rokku
Noun-Na	Pebble	小石 (礫)/ 石ころ (石塊)/ 石礫 (石れき)/ 石子/ 砂石 (沙石)	Koishi/ Ishikoro/ Sekireki/ Ishiko/ Saseki
Noun-Na	Rock	岩石/ 岩 (巖/ 磐/ 巖)/ 石/ ロック	Ganseki/ Iwa/ Ishi/ Rokku
Noun-Na	Bumpy	凸凹 (でこぼこ/ とつおう/ だくぼく) (の/ な/ する)	Dekoboko (dekoboko/ totsū ō/ daku boku) (no/ na/ suru)
Noun-Na	Rocky (hilly)	ロッキー (丘陵地帯)	Rokkī (kyūryō chitai)
Noun-Na	Rocky area	岩場	Iwaba
Noun-Na	Rocky climb	岩の多い登り	Iwa no ōi nobori
Noun-Na	Steep	急勾配	Kyū kōbai
Noun-Na	Steep climb	急な登り	Kyūna nobori
Noun-Na	Sand	砂/ 真砂/ 砂土	Suna/ Masago/ Sado
Noun-Na	Sand path	砂の道	Suna no michi
Noun-Na	Sandy	砂っぽい	Suna-ppoi
Noun-Na	Sandy path	砂道	Sunamichi
Noun-Na	Grain	粒	Tsubu

Noun-Na	Grain of sand	砂粒/ 真砂/ 砂の粒々 (砂の粒粒/ 砂のつぶつぶ)	Saryū/ Masago/ Suna no tsubutsubu
Noun-Na	Grainy	粒状	Tsujuu
Noun-Na	Grit	砂 (すな)/ 根性/ 度胸	Suna * (sand; grit)/ Konjō * (willpower; guts; determination; grit; spirit/ character; nature; disposition; personality)/ Dokyō * (courage; bravery; pluck; nerve; grit; guts)
Noun-Na	Stone	石/ ストーン	Ishi/ Sutōn
Noun-Na	Grindstone	砥石/ 磨石/ 丸砥石/ 研ぎ石/ 砥 (と)/ 粗砥	Toishi/ Suriishi/ Maru toishi * (grindstone)/ Togiishi * (knife sharpener; whetstone)/ To * (whetstone; grindstone)/ Arato * (rough grindstone; coarse grindstone; coarse polishing stone)
Noun-Na	Stone block	石のブロック/ 石ブロック/ ストーンブロック	Ishi no burokku/ Ishi burokku/ Sutōnburokku
Noun-Na	Steep rocks	急な岩/ 急峻な岩	Kyūna iwa/ Kyūshun'na iwa
Noun-Na	Hilltop	丘の頂上	Oka no chōjō
Noun-Na	Mountain peak	山頂	Sanchō
Noun-Na	Summit	頂上	Chōjō
Noun-Na	Ash (ashes)	灰/ 灰分/ アッシュ	Hai/ Kaibun/ Asshu
Noun-Na	Broad horizon	広い視野/ 広域/ 広大な地平	Hiroi shiya/ Kōiki/ Kōdaina chihei
Noun-Na	Clover (four leaf clover)	クローバー (四つ葉のクローバー)	Kurōbā (yottsū ha no kurōbā)
Noun-Na	Desert	砂漠 (沙漠)/ 荒野	Sabaku/ Kōya
Noun-Na	Dirt	汚れ	Yogore
Noun-Na	Dirtiness	汚れ	Kegare
Noun-Na	Grime	汚れ	Yogore
Noun-Na	Muck	汚物	Obutsu
Noun-Na	Soot	すす (煤)	susu (susu)
Noun-Na	Speck (spot; stain)	斑点 (染み (シミ))	Hanten (shimi)
Noun-Na	Stain (spot)	染み (染み (シミ))	Shimi (shimi)
Noun-Na	Earth	地球/ 地/ 土/ 大地/ 地上 (の)	Chikyū * (Earth; the globe)/ Ji (chi) * (earth; ground; land; soil/ place/ territory)/ Tsuchi * (earth; soil; dirt; clay; mud)/ Daichi * (earth; ground; the solid earth; the (vast) land)/ Chijō (no) * (above ground; on the ground; earth's surface/ this world; this earth)
Noun-Na	Earthly	地上 (の)	Chijō (no) * (above ground; on the ground; earth's surface/ this world; this earth)
Noun-Na	Field (for growing wheat, fruit, vegetables, etc.) (cultivated land)	畑 (はたけ)	Hatake
Noun-Na	Field (plain)	野 (の)/ 平野	No * (plain; field/ wild)/ Heiya * (plain; open field)
Noun-Na	Field (plain, tundra, moor, wilderness)	原 (はら)/ 野原/ 平原/ 原野/ 低湿地	Hara/ Nohara/ Heigen/ Gen'ya/ Teishitsuchi
Noun-Na	Grass	草 (くさ)/ グラス	Kusa/ Gurasu
Noun-Na	Blade of grass	草の葉	Kusa no ha

Noun-Na	High grass	高い草	Takai kusa
Noun-Na	Long grass	長い草	Nagai kusa
Noun-Na	Ground	接地 (する)/ アース (する)	Setchi (suru)/ Āsu (suru)
Noun-Na	Ground (earth's surface)	地面	Jimen
Noun-Na	Horizon	地平線/ 水平線/ 天際/ 空際/ 天涯/ 涯 (はて)/ 地平/ 範囲	Chiheisen/ Suihei-sen/ Tensai/ Kūsai/ Tengai/ Hate/ Chihei/ Han'i * (more horizon as in 'extent; scope; sphere; range; span', used for planning; vision, visual range, etc.)
Noun-Na	Hump	こぶ (瘤) (する)	Kobu (suru)
Noun-Na	Land	土地/ 土/ ランド	Tochi/ Do (Tsuchi)/ Rando
Noun-Na	Land (lot; plot; land plot)	地面/ 土地/ / 土地の一面/ 土地区画	Jimen/ Tochi/ / Tochi no ichi-kaku/ Tochi kukaku
Noun-Na	Land plot	土地区画	Tochi kukaku
Noun-Na	Moss	苔/ 蘚苔/ モス	Koke/ Sentai/ Mosu
Noun-Na	Mud	泥 (どろ)	Doro
Noun-Na	Muddy	泥だらけ (の/ な)	Doro-darake (no/ na)
Noun-Na	Mudbath (mud bath)	泥風呂/ マッドバス (泥風呂/ マッドバス)	Doro furo/ Maddobasu (doro furo/ maddobasu)
Noun-Na	Mud wrap	泥パック	Doro pakku
Noun-Na	Soil	土/ 土壌/ 土地/ 地	Tsuchi/ Dojō/ Tochi/ Chi (ji)
Noun-Na	Clay soil	粘土質の土壌	Nendo-shitsu no dojō
Noun-Na	Peat soil	泥炭土壌/ 泥炭土	Deitan dojō/ Deitando
Noun-Na	Swamp soil	湿地の土壌	Shitchi no dojō
Noun-Na	Soiling	汚れ	yogore
Noun-Na	Terrain	地形/ 土地	Chikei/ Tochi
Noun-Na	Rough terrain	荒れた地形/ 荒い地形/ 起伏の激しい地形	Areta chikei/ Arai chikei/ Kifuku no hageshi chikei
Noun-Na	Undergrowth	下草/ 下生え/ 下木	Shitakusa/ Shitabae/ Shitaki
Noun-Na	Wasteland (wilderness)	荒地/ 原野/ 荒野/ 荒原/ 荒蕪地/ 原生地域	Arechi/ Gen'ya/ Kōya/ Kōgen/ Kōbuchi/ Genseichiiki
Noun-Na	Weed	雑草/ 草/ ウィード	Zassō/ Kusa/ U~ido
Noun-Na	Weeds	雑草/ 下草	Zassō/ Shitakusa
Noun-Na	Duckweed	ウキクサ	Ukikusa
Noun-Na	Wilderness	荒野/ 原生地/ 荒蕪地	Kōya/ Genseichi/ Kōbuchi
Noun-Na	Wilderness (virgin land; wild land)	原生地	Genseichi
Noun-Na	Wilderness medical emergency	ウィルダネスファーストエイド	U~irudanesufāsutoeido
Noun-Na	Wilderness preservation	原生保護	Gensei hogo
Noun-Na	Wild lands	野生の土地/ 荒野/ 原生地/ 荒蕪地	Yasei no tochi/ Kōya/ Genseichi/ Kōbuchi
Noun-Na	Agate stone	瑪瑙石	Menō seki (menou ishi)
Noun-Na	Amber	琥珀色	Kohakushoku
Noun-Na	Amethyst	紫水晶/ アメジスト	Shimizuakira/ Amejisuto
Noun-Na	Bar	バー/ 棒	Bā/ Bō
Noun-Na	Block (piece of wood)	木片/ ブロック/ 木煉瓦/ 木製レンガ/ 木製のれんが/ ウッドブリック/ ウッドブロック	Mokuhen/ Burokku/ Mokurenga/ Mokusei renga/ Mokusei no renga/ Uddoburikku/ Uddoburokku
Noun-Na	Brass (tin; lead)	真鍮 (錫; 鉛)	Shinchū (suzu; namari)

Noun-Na	Bronze	青銅/ ブロンズ	Seidō/ buronzu
Noun-Na	Carbon	カーボン	Kābon
Noun-Na	Carbon footprint	カーボンフットプリント	Kābonfuttōpurinto
Noun-Na	Cat's eye	キャッツアイ	kyattsuai
Noun-Na	Chalk	チョーク/ 白亜/ 白墨/ カルキ (クロールカルキ)	Chōku/ Hakua * (chalk (rock))/ Hakuboku * ((piece of) chalk)/ Karuki (Kurōrukaruki) * (chlorinated lime; calcium hypochlorite; chloride of lime; bleaching powder/ abbreviation, from German “Kalk”, From Dutch; Flemish “kalk”)
Noun-Na	Chalkboard	黒板	Kokuban * (blackboard/ chalkboard)
Noun-Na	Chalkstone (chalk-stone)	チョークストーン (白亜の石)	Chōkusutōn (hakua no ishi)
Noun-Na	Charcoal	木炭	Mokutan
Noun-Na	Citrine stone	黄水晶/ シトリン石	Kizuishō/ Shitorin ishi
Noun-Na	Clay	粘土/ クレイ/ 土	Nendo/ Kurei/ Tsuchi
Noun-Na	Coal	石炭	Sekitan
Noun-Na	Ember (burning embers)	エンバー (燃えさし)	Enbā (moesashi)
Noun-Na	Copper	銅	Dō
Noun-Na	Crystal	水晶 (水精)/ 結晶 (する)/ クリスタル	Suishō/ Kesshō (suru)/ Kurisutaru
Noun-Na	Crystal ball	水晶球/ 水晶玉/ クリスタルボール	Suishō-kyū/ Suishō-dama/ Kurisutarubōru
Noun-Na	Crystal orb	クリスタルオーブ	Kurisutaruōbu
Noun-Na	Rock crystal	水晶 (水精)/ ロッククリスタル	Suishō/ Rokkukurisutaru
Noun-Na	Water crystal	水結晶/ 水の結晶	Mizu kesshō/ Mizunokesshō
Noun-Na	Crystallization	結晶化 (する)/ 結晶 (する)	Kesshō-ka (suru)/ Kesshō (suru)
Noun-Na	Diamond	金剛石/ ダイヤモンド/ ダイヤ/ 鑽石 * (Chinese characters, but used in Japanese names only, like Diamond hill - 鑽石山)	Kongōseki/ Daiyamondo/ Daiya/ Tagane ishi * (Chinese characters, but used in Japanese names only, like Diamond hill - 鑽石山)
Noun-Na	Emerald	翠玉/ 緑玉/ 緑玉石/ エメラルド	Suigyoku/ Ryokugyoku/ Ryokugyokuseki/ Emerarudo
Noun-Na	Fire opal	ファイアオパール	Faiaopāru
Noun-Na	Fossil (fossil stone; fossil rock)	化石 (化石石; 化石岩)	Kaseki (kaseki ishi; kasekigan)
Noun-Na	Gemstone (gem; jewel)	宝石/ 珠玉/ 宝玉	Hōseki/ Shugyoku/ Hōgyoku
Noun-Na	Gold	金/ 金色 (な/ の)	Kin/ Kin'iro (na/ no) * (golden color)
Noun-Na	Gold bar	金の延べ棒/ ゴールドバー	Kin'nonobebō/ Gōrudobā
Noun-Na	Gold nugget	金塊/ ゴールドナゲット	Kinkai/ Gōrudonagetto
Noun-Na	Gold-plated	金メッキ (する/ の)	Kinmekki (suru/ no)
Noun-Na	Golden	金色 (な/ の)/ 金色的 (な)	Kin'iro (na/ no)/ Kin'iro-teki (na)
Noun-Na	Granite	花崗岩	Kakōgan
Noun-Na	Hot coal	熱い石炭	Atsui sekitan
Noun-Na	Ingot (ingots)	インゴット (インゴット)	Ingotto (ingotto)
Noun-Na	Iron	鉄	Tetsu
Noun-Na	Iron bar (iron stave)	鉄棒/ 鉄の延べ棒 (鉄の杖)	Tetsubō/ Tetsu no nobebō (tetsu no tsue)
Noun-Na	Piece of iron	鉄片	Teppen
Noun-Na	Small piece of iron	小さな鉄片	Chiisana tetsuhen
Noun-Na	Iron ore	鉄鉱石	Tetsukōseki

Noun-Na	Jade	玉 (ぎょく)/ ジェイド	Gyoku * (not 'tama' with the same kanji, which means 'ball')/ Jeido
Noun-Na	Jewel	宝石/ ジュエル/ 石/ 珠玉/ 宝玉	Hōseki/ Jueru/ Ishi/ Shugyoku/ Hōgyoku
Noun-Na	Labradorite	ラブラドライト	Raburadoraito
Noun-Na	Limestone	石灰岩	Sekkaigan
Noun-Na	Marble	大理石/ マーブル (な)	Dairiseki/ Māburu (na)
Noun-Na	Mercury	水星	Suisei
Noun-Na	Metal	金属/ 金 (かな)/ メタル	Kinzoku/ Kana * (not 'kin' which has the same Kanji character but means 'gold')/ Metaru
Noun-Na	Alloy	合金	Gōkin
Noun-Na	Mineral prism	ミネラルプリズム	Minerapurizumu
Noun-Na	Moonstone	月長石/ ムーンストーン	Getchōseki/ Mūnsutōn
Noun-Na	Natural stone (nature stone)	天然石 (天然石)	Ten'nenseki (ten'nenseki)
Noun-Na	Obsidian	黒曜石	Kokuyōseki
Noun-Na	Onyx	オニキス	onikisu
Noun-Na	Opal	蛋白石 (たんぱく石/ タンパク石)/ オパール	Tanpaku seki (tanpaku ishi)/ Opāru
Noun-Na	Ore	鉱石/ 原鉱	Kōseki/ Genkō
Noun-Na	Pearl	真珠/ パール	Shinju/ Pāru
Noun-Na	Ruby	ルビー/ 紅玉	Rubī/ Kōgyoku
Noun-Na	Silver	銀/ 銀色 (な/ の)	Gin/ Gin'iro (na/ no) * (silver color)
Noun-Na	Silvery	銀色 (な)/ 銀色的 (な)	Gin'iro (na)/ Gin'iro-teki (na)
Noun-Na	Steel	鋼	Kō (hagane)
Noun-Na	Stainless steel	ステンレス鋼/ ステンレススチール	Sutenresu-kō/ Sutenresusuchīru
Noun-Na	Vitamins	ビタミン	Bitamin
Noun-Na	Minerals (mineral)	鉱物 (鉱石/ 鉱質/ 鉱産物/ ミネラル)	Kōbutsu (Kōseki/ Kō-shitsu/ Kōsan-mono/ Mineraru)
Noun-Na	Acid (acidic)	酸性/ 酸 (酸性)	Sansei/ San (sansei)
Noun-Na	Calcium	カルシウム	Karushiumu
Noun-Na	Magnesium	マグネシウム	Maguneshiumu
Noun-Na	Sulphur	硫黄	Iō
Noun-Na	Zinc	亜鉛/ ジンク	Aen/ Jinku
Noun-Na	Braid	編む	Amu
Noun-Na	Cotton	綿 (めん)/ 木綿/ コットン	Men/ Momen/ Kotton
Noun-Na	Fabrics (fabric)	生地 (生地)	Kiji (kiji)
Noun-Na	Feathers	羽毛 (の)/ 羽/ フェザー	Umō (no)/ Hane/ Fezā
Noun-Na	Feathery (plumy)	羽根 (な/ の) (羽毛 (な/ の))	Hane (na/ no) (Umō (na/ no))
Noun-Na	Fur (pelt)	毛皮/ 皮 (毛皮)	Kegawa/ Kawa (kegawa)
Noun-Na	Furry	毛皮のよう (な)/ 毛だらけ (の/ な)	Kegawa no yō (na)/ Ke-darake (no/ na)
Noun-Na	Leather	革 (かわ)/ レザー	Kawa/ Rezā
Noun-Na	Lining	裏地/ ライニング	Uraji/ Rainingu
Noun-Na	Patchwork	パッチワーク	Patchiwāku
Noun-Na	Real cotton	本物の綿/ リアルコットン	Honmono no wata/ Riaru kotton
Noun-Na	Real silk	本当の絹/ リアルシルク	Hontō no kinu/ Riarushiruku
Noun-Na	Rubber	ゴム (護謄)/ ラバー	Gomu/ Rabā

Noun-Na	Silk	絹 (きぬ)/ 絹布/ 絹織物/ シルク	Kinu/ Kenpu/ Kinuorimono/ Shiruku
Noun-Na	Silken (silky)	シルキー (シルキー)	Shirukī (shirukī)
Noun-Na	Silk thread	絹糸 (繭糸)/ 蚕糸/ シルク糸	Kenshi/ Sanshi/ Shiruku ito
Noun-Na	Textile	繊維 (の/ な)/ 織物/ 布 (ぬの)/ テキスタイル	Sen'i (no/ na) * (fibre; fiber; textile)/ Orimono * (textile; fabric)/ Nuno * (cloth; fabric; material; textile)/ Tekisutairu * (textile)
Noun-Na	Velvet	天鵝絨 (天鵝絨/ てんがじゅう/ ビロード)/ ベルベット	Birōdo (tengajū/ birōdo) * (from Portuguese "veludo")/ Berubetto
Noun-Na	Wool	羊毛 (の)/ 毛 (け)/ ウール	Yōmō (no)/ Ke/ Ūru
Noun-Na	Woolen (woolly)	ウール (ウールっぽい)	Ūru (ūru ppoi)
Noun-Na	Knitting wool (woolen yarn)	毛糸 (の)	Keito (no)
Noun-Na	Spinning wool	紡ぐ毛糸	Tsumugu keito
Noun-Na	Woven	織物 (的) (な/ の)	Orimono (teki) (na/ no)
Noun-Na	Yarn of wool	毛糸	Keito
Noun-Na	Air	空気/ 空 (そら)/ 宙 (ちゅう)	Kūki/ Sora/ Chū * (space; air; midair)
Noun-Na	Airy	風通しの良い/ ふわふわ (の/ な/ と/ する)/ エアリー (の/ な)/ 軽やか (な)	Kazetōshi no yoi * (airy; well-ventilated)/ Fuwafuwa (no/ na/ to/ suru) * (lightly (floating, drifting, etc.); buoyantly/ soft; fluffy; spongy/ unsteadily; flightily; fickly; frivolously)/ Earī (no/ na) * (airy)/ Karoyaka (na) * (light; easy; non-serious; minor)
Noun-Na	Lightning (electricity; electrical)	雷 (かみなり)/ 稲妻/ 電光/ 稲光/ 落雷 (する)/ 襲雷/ 雷電 (電気; 電気)	Kaminari * (means 'lightning; thunder; thunderbolt', but can also mean 'god of thunder; god of lightning' or 'anger; fit of anger')/ Inazuma * (lightning; flash of lightning; lightning bolt)/ Denkō * (means 'lightning', but can also mean 'electric illumination; light from an electric source')/ Inabikari * ((flash of) lightning)/ Rakurai (suru) * (lightning strike; lightning bolt/ thunderbolt)/ Shūrai * (lightning strike; lightning bolt)/ Raiden * (thunder and lightning) (denki, denki)
Noun-Na	Fire	火/ 火事/ 火災/ 火気	Hi/ Kaji/ Kasai/ Kaki
Noun-Na	Flame (fire)	炎/ 火/ 火の手/ 火炎/ 炎光/ フレイム (火)	Honō/ Hi/ Hinote/ Kaen/ Honō hikari/ Fureimu (Hi)
Noun-Na	Flash (a flash)	ひらめき (閃き) (ひらめき (閃き))	Hirameki (hirameki)
Noun-Na	Fiery	炎々 (炎炎) (たる/ と)/ 爛々 (爛爛) (たる/ と)/ 激しい	En'en (taru/ to) * (blazing; fiery)/ Ranran (taru/ to) * (glaring; flaming; fiery; blazing)/ Hageshī * (violent; furious; tempestuous/ extreme; intense; fierce; strong/ fervent; vehement)
Noun-Na	Conflagration	大火/ 火災/ 火事/ 烈火	Taika * (large fire)/ Kasai * (conflagration; fire)/ Kaji * (fire; conflagration)/ Rekka * (raging fire; conflagration)
Noun-Na	Water	水	Mizu (Sui)
Noun-Na	Watery	水っぽい/ 薄い/ 水様	Mizuppoi * (watery; soggy)/ Usui * (watery; thin; diluted)/ Mizu-sama * (watery)

Noun-Na	Groundwater	地下水	Chikasui
Noun-Na	Pure water	純水/ 真清水/ 清水/ 澄んだ水/ 淡水/ 真水/ 新鮮な水 (清鮮な水)	Junsui/ Mashimizu/ Shimizu * (spring water; clear (pure) water)/ Sundamizu * (limpid water; clear water; crystal-clear water)/ Tansui * (fresh water (i.e. not salt water))/ Mamizu * (fresh water)/ Shinsen'na mizu * (fresh water)
Noun-Na	Rainwater	雨水	amamizu
Noun-Na	Running water	流れる水	Nagareru mizu
Noun-Na	Salt water	塩水 (しおみず/ えんすい)/ 海水/ 食塩水/ 鹹水	Shiomizu (Shiomizu/ Ensui)/ Kaisui/ Shokuen sui * (saline water)/ Kansui * (brackish water; brine; salt water)
Noun-Na	Spring water	湧き水	Wakimizu
Noun-Na	Sweet water	甘い水/ 新鮮な水 (清鮮な水)	Amai mizu/ Shinsen'na mizu * (fresh water)
Noun-Na	Under water	水中	Suichū
Noun-Na	Underwater	水中	Suichū
Noun-Na	Ice	氷	Kōri
Noun-Na	Icy	氷のよう (な)	Kōri no yō (na)
Noun-Na	Iciness	氷のよう	Kōri no yō
Noun-Na	Black ice	黒氷	Kurokōri
Noun-Na	Iceberg	氷山	Hyōzan
Noun-Na	Glacier	氷河	Hyōga
Noun-Na	Block of ice	氷の塊	Kōri no katamari
Noun-Na	Drift ice	流氷	Ryūhyō
Noun-Na	Ice floe (floe)	流氷 (流氷)	Ryūhyō (ryūhyō)
Noun-Na	Liquid	液体	Ekitai
Noun-Na	Dregs	かす	Kasu
Noun-Na	Wind	風	Kaze
Noun-Na	Windy	風が強い/ 風の強い/ 風の吹く/ 風当たりの強い/ 風当たりが強い	Kaze ga tsuyoi/ Kaze no tsuyoi/ Kaze no fuku/ Kazeatari no tsuyoi/ Kazaatarigatsuyoi
Noun-Na	Windiness	風のよう (な)	Kaze no yō (na)
Noun-Na	Blowing	吹く	Fuku
Noun-Na	Wind blowing	風が吹く/ 風当たり/ 青嵐/ 松風/ 嵐 (おろし)/ 山おろし/ 雪下ろし (する)/ 時つ風/ 風光る	Kazegafuku * (the wind is blowing/ wind blowing; the wind blows)/ Kazeatari * (exposure to wind/ severe criticism)/ Seiran * (wind blowing through fresh verdure/ mountain air)/ Matsukaze * (the sound of wind blowing through pine trees; (sound of) wind blowing through pine trees)/ Oroshi * (wind blowing down from mountains)/ Yamaoroshi * (wind blowing down from a mountain)/ Yukioroshi (suru) * (wind blowing snow down a mountain/ removing snow from the roof of a house)/ Tokitsu kaze * (favourable wind; favorable wind; wind blowing during the rising tide)/ Kazehikaru * (springlike; like wind blowing through the spring sunshine)
Noun-Na	Wind direction (cardinal directions)	風向 (基本方位)	fuukou (kihon hou)

Noun-Na	Gust of wind	突風/ 一陣/ 一陣の風/ 煽り	Toppū * (gust (of wind); blast)/ Ichijin * (gust of wind)/ Ichijin no kaze * (gust of wind)/ Aori * (gust (of wind); blast)
Noun-Na	Light wind (light breeze)	微風 (そよ風)	Soyokaze (soyokaze)
Noun-Na	Soft wind (breeze)	そよ風 (そよ風)	Soyokaze (soyokaze)
Noun-Na	Moderate wind	中程度の風/ 適度の風/ 平均的な風	Naka-teido no kaze/ Tekido no kaze/ Heikin-tekina kaze * (average wind)
Noun-Na	Strong wind	強い風	Tsuyoi kaze
Noun-Na	Air pressure	空気圧/ 空圧	Kūkiatsu/ Kūatsu
Noun-Na	Blaze	炎 (ほのお)/ 火 (ひ)/ 火の手/ 火炎/ ブレイズ	Honō (honoo)/ Hi/ Hinote/ Kaen/ Bureizu
Noun-Na	Boiling water	沸騰したお湯	Futtō shita oyu
Noun-Na	Bonfire	焚き火 (たき火) (する)	Takibi (suru)
Noun-Na	Forest fire	森林火災	Shinrin kasai
Noun-Na	Wildfire	山火事	yamakaji
Noun-Na	Breeze	風/ そよ風 (微風)/ 涼風/ ブリーズ	Kaze/ Soyokaze/ Suzukaze/ Burīzu
Noun-Na	Cool breeze (cool wind)	涼しい風 (涼しい風)	Suzushī kaze (suzushī kaze)
Noun-Na	Night breeze	夜風	Yabu kaze
Noun-Na	Zephyr	そよ風	soyokaze
Noun-Na	Cold water	冷水/ 冷や/ 寒水/ お冷 (お冷や/ 御冷や/ 御冷)	Reisui/ Hiya/ Kanomizu/ Ohiya
Noun-Na	Cold water mass	冷水塊	
Noun-Na	Coldness	冷たさ/ 寒さ/ 寒気/ 冷え/ 寒冷	Tsumeta-sa/ Samu-sa/ Samuke/ Hie/ Kanrei
Noun-Na	Combustion	燃焼 (する)	Nenshō (suru)
Noun-Na	Draught	風 (かぜ)	Kaze * (wind; breeze; draught; draft)
Noun-Na	Drops (a drop; ie. raindrops)	滴 (雫/ しずく)/ ドロップ (する) (水滴, つまり雨滴)	Shizuku/ Doroppu (suru) (suiteki, tsumari uteki)
Noun-Na	Ripple	リップル	rippuru
Noun-Na	Emission	放出 (する)	Hōshutsu (suru)
Noun-Na	Eruption	噴火	funka
Noun-Na	Explosion	爆発 (する)/ 爆破 (する)/ 破裂 (する)/ 起爆 (する)/ エクスプロージョン	Bakuhatsu (suru)/ Bakuha (suru)/ Haretsu (suru)/ Kibaku (suru)/ Ekusupurōjon
Noun-Na	Blast	爆発 (する)/ 煽り/ 爆風/ 爆破 (する)/ プラスト (する)	Bakuhatsu (suru) * (explosion; detonation; blast; blowing up; eruption/ outburst (of emotion); explosion (e.g. of anger); eruption (e.g. of discontent))/ Aori * (gust (of wind); blast)/ Bakufū * (bomb blast; blast (from an explosion); shock wave/ blast wave)/ Bakuha (suru) * (destructive blast; blowing up; explosion)/ Burasuto (suru) * (blast (wind)/ blast (explosion))
Noun-Na	Blast radius	爆発範囲	Bakuhatsu han'i
Noun-Na	Burst	決壊 (する)/ バースト (する)	Kekkai (suru) * (burst (e.g. dam, embankment, levee); breach; collapse; washout; rupture)/ Bāsuto (suru) * (burst (tire, pipe, etc.); rupture; blowout/ burst (radiation, signal, etc.))
Noun-Na	Fireball (ball of fire)	火の玉/ 火球/ 火玉/ ファイアボール	Hinotama/ Kakyū/ Hidama/ Faiabōru

Noun-Na	Flare (a flare)	フレア (フレア)	Furea (furea)
Noun-Na	Fluorescence	蛍光 (螢光)	Keikō
Noun-Na	Frozen water	凍った水	Kōtta mizu
Noun-Na	Gleam (a gleam)	明かり/ 光 (ひかり)/ グリーム (グリーム)	Akari/ Hikari/ Gurīmu (gurīmu)
Noun-Na	Glow	明かり/ 光 (ひかり)/ グロー	Akari/ Hikari/ Gurō
Noun-Na	Ignition	点火	Tenka
Noun-Na	Illumination	照明 (する)/ イルミネーション	Shōmei (suru)/ Iruminēshon
Noun-Na	Inferno	地獄	Jigoku
Noun-Na	Lightning bolt	落雷 (する)/ 稲妻/ 襲雷/ ライトニングボルト	Rakurai (suru) * (lightning strike; lightning bolt)/ Inazuma * (lightning; flash of lightning; lightning bolt)/ Shūrai * (lightning strike; lightning bolt)/ Raitoninguboruto
Noun-Na	Lightning strike	落雷	Rakurai
Noun-Na	Afterglow	夕焼け/ 残光/ 残照/ 余光/ 余韻	Yūyake * (evening glow; red sunset; afterglow (of sunset))/ Zankō/ Zanshō/ Yokō * (afterglow; lingering light)/ Yoin * (could mean 'afterglow', but has so many other meanings 'reverberation; swelling (of a hymn); trailing note/ lingering memory; aftertaste/ suggestiveness (of a book, poem, etc.)')
Noun-Na	Blink (a blink)	瞬き (する) (瞬き (する))	Mabataki (suru) (mabataki (suru))
Noun-Na	Glitter (sparkle)	煌めき (きらめき)/ キラキラ (する/ と)/ ピカピカ (と/ の/ な/ する)/ グリッター (輝き)	Kirameki/ Kirakira (suru/ to) * (glitter; sparkle; glisten; twinkle; glittering; sparkling; glistening; twinkling)/ Pikapika (to/ no/ na/ suru) * (with a glitter; with a sparkle)/ Gurittā (Kagayaki)
Noun-Na	Lustre (luster)	光沢 (光沢)	koutaku (koutaku)
Noun-Na	Spark (sparks; sparkle)	火花/ スパーク (する) (火花; 輝き)	Hibana/ Supāku (suru) (Hibana; Kagayaki * (brightness; brilliance; brilliancy; radiance; glitter))
Noun-Na	Tiny spark	小さな火花	Chīsana hibana
Noun-Na	Sparkle	輝く	Kagayaku
Noun-Na	Sheen (a sheen)	光沢 (光沢)	koutaku (koutaku)
Noun-Na	Shimmer (gleam)	輝き/ 煌めき (きらめき)/ シマー (輝き)	Kagayaki/ Kirameki/ Shimā (Kagayaki)
Noun-Na	Twinkle (a twinkle)	きらきら (きらきら)	Kirakira (kirakira)
Noun-Na	Heat (the heat)	熱 (熱)/ 熱気	Netsu/ Nekki
Noun-Na	Heat wave	熱波	Netsupa
Noun-Na	Hot water	お湯/ 熱水/ 白湯	Oyu/ Nessui/ Sayu
Noun-Na	Intensity of light	光度	Kōdo
Noun-Na	Light ray (light beam)	光線/ 光束/ 光芒/ 一条の光/ 光ビーム	Kōsen/ Kōsoku/ Kōbō/ Ichijō no hikari/ Hikari bīmu
Noun-Na	Ray (flame; light; beam)	光/ 線/ レイ (炎; 光; 光線; ビーム)	Hikari/ Sen/ Rei (Honō; Hikari; Kōsen; Bīmu)
Noun-Na	Spectrum (light spectrum)	分光 (する/ の)/ スペクトル/ スペクトラム (光のスペクトル)	Bunkō (suru/ no)/ Supekutoru * (spectrum (radio, etc.); spectral; spectra; from French "spectre")/ Supekutoramu (hikari no supekutoru)

Noun-Na	Color spectrum	色のスペクトル/ カラスペクトル	Iro no supekutoru/ Karāsupekutoru
Noun-Na	Splash	スプラッシュ	Supurasshu
Noun-Na	Splashing	はねる	haneru
Noun-Na	Plashing	ブラッシング	purasshingu
Noun-Na	Spray	噴射 (する)/ 霧吹き/ スプレー (する)/ 水しぶき (水飛沫/ みずしぶき)/ 飛沫 (繁吹き/ 繁吹/ しぶき)	Funsha (suru)/ Kirifuki * (sprayer; atomizer; atomiser; vaporizer)/ Supurē (suru)/ Mizushibuki * (splash (of water); spray)/ Shibuki
Noun-Na	Sprinkle	振りかける	furikakeru
Noun-Na	Warm water	温水	Onsui
Noun-Na	Warmth	暖かさ/ 温もり/ 温暖 (な)/ 温熱 (の/ な)/ 暖気 (煖気)/ 温み/ 暖かみ (温かみ)/ 暖 (煖)	Atataka-sa/ Nukumori/ Ondan (na * (becomes ondan'na))/ On'netsu (no/ na)/ Danki/ Nukumi/ Atatakami/ Dan
Noun-Na	Balmy	穏やか	Odayaka
Noun-Na	Waterdrop (a drop of water)	ウォータードロップ (水滴/ 水玉)	U~ōtādoroppu (Suiteki/ Mizutama)
Noun-Na	Climate	気候	Kikō
Noun-Na	Elements (the elements of nature)	風雲/ エLEMENT (自然の要素)	Fūun * (winds and clouds; nature; the elements)/ Eremento (shizen no yōso)
Noun-Na	Temperature	温度	Ondo
Noun-Na	Weather	天気/ 天候/ 気象/ 日和	Tenki/ Tenkō/ Kishō/ Biyori
Noun-Na	Weather conditions	気象条件	Kishō jōken
Noun-Na	Cool weather	涼しい天気	Cool Weather
Noun-Na	Cold weather	寒い天気	Samui tenki
Noun-Na	Mild weather (average weather; normal weather)	穏やかな天気 (平均的な天気; 普通の天気)	Odayakana tenki (heikin-tekina tenki; futsū no tenki)
Noun-Na	Warm weather	暖かい天気	Attakai tenki
Noun-Na	Hot weather	暑い天気	Atsui tenki
Noun-Na	Air temperature	空気の温度/ 空気温度/ 気温/ 大気温/ 大気温度	Kūki no ondo/ Kūki ondo/ Kion/ Dai kion/ Taiki ondo
Noun-Na	Atmospheric conditions	大気の状態	Taiki no jōtai
Noun-Na	Climate change	気候変動	Kikō hendō
Noun-Na	Cold front	寒冷前線	Kanrei zensen
Noun-Na	Extreme weather	異常気象/ 極端な気象/ 異常天候	Ijō kishō/ Kyokutan'na kishō/ Ijō tenkō
Noun-Na	Global warming	地球温暖化	Chikyū ondan-ka
Noun-Na	Ground temperature	地温	Chion
Noun-Na	Meteorology	気象学	Kishō-gaku
Noun-Na	Stationary weather front	停滞前線	Teitai zensen
Noun-Na	Weather (fine weather; clear day; sunny)	日和/ 晴れ (です)	Biyori/ Hare (desu)
Noun-Na	Contrast	対比 (する)/ 対照 (する)/ コントラスト	Taihi (suru)/ Taishō (suru)/ Kontorasuto
Noun-Na	Figure (form; shape)	形/ フォーム	Katachi/ Fōmu
Noun-Na	Form (figure; shape)	形 (姿; 形)	Katachi * (form; shape; figure) (sugata * (figure; form; shape); katachi)

Noun-Na	Formation (the formation)	形成 (形成)	Keisei (keisei)
Noun-Na	Format (form; style)	形式/ フォーマット	Keishiki/ Fōmatto
Noun-Na	Hue	色合い/ 色相	Iroai/ Shikisō
Noun-Na	Mold (casting mold)	鋳型 (鋳型を作る)	Igata (igata o tsukuru)
Noun-Na	Pattern	模様/ 柄 (がら)/ 典型/ パターン	Moyō/ Gara/ Tenkei/ Patān
Noun-Na	Repeating pattern	繰り返しパターン	Kurikaeshi patān
Noun-Na	Reflection	反射 (する)/ 反映 (する)/ 影 (かげ)	Hansha (suru) * (reflection; reverberation * (physics))/ Han'ei (suru) * (reflection (of light)/ reflection (of society, attitudes, etc.))/ Kage * (shadow; silhouette; figure; shape/ reflection; image)
Noun-Na	Reflection (ie. of light, in water)	反映 (する)/ 影/ 写り/ 反射 (する) (水の反射)	Han'ei (suru)/ Kage/ Utsuri/ Hansha (suru) (mizu no hansha * (water reflection; reflection of the water; reflection in the water))
Noun-Na	Light reflection (reflection of the light)	光の反射 (光の反射)	Hikari no hansha (hikari no hansha)
Noun-Na	Faint reflection of light upon the water in the dark	水明かり	Mizu akari
Noun-Na	Light reflection in the water	水中での光の反射	Suichū de no hikari no hansha
Noun-Na	Shade	陰 (かげ)/ 日陰/ 色 (いろ)/ 色合い/ 陰影/ 濃淡/ シェード	Kage * (shade; shadow)/ Hikage * (shade; shadow)/ Iro * (colour; color; hue; tint; tinge; shade)/ Iroai * (colouring; coloring; shade (of colour); hue; tone; tinge; tint)/ In'ei * (shadow; shade; shading; gloom)/ Nōtan * (light and shade; shade (of colour, color))/ Shēdo * (shade)
Noun-Na	Shadow	影/ 陰/ 日陰/ 陰影/ シャドー	Kage/ in/ hikage/ in'ei/ shadō
Noun-Na	Shape (form)	形/ 形態/ 格好/ 形状	Katachi/ Keitai/ Kakkō/ Keijō
Noun-Na	Silhouette	シルエット	Shiruetto
Noun-Na	Texture	感触/ テクスチャ	Kanshoku/ Tekusucha
Noun-Na	Bubbles	泡 (あわ)	Awa
Noun-Na	Blowing bubbles	シャボン玉を吹く	shabon dama o fuku
Noun-Na	Blur (a blur)	ぼやける (ぼやける)	Boyakeru (boyakeru)
Noun-Na	Blurry	ぼやけた	boyaketa
Noun-Na	Condensing	凝縮	gyoushuku
Noun-Na	Damp (moisture; wetness)	潤い/ 湿った/ 湿気/ 湿り気	Uruoi/ Shimetta/ Shikke/ Shimerike
Noun-Na	Dampening	減衰	gensui
Noun-Na	Dampness	湿気	Shikke
Noun-Na	Dampy	湿った	Shimetta
Noun-Na	Dew	露/ 結露 (する)/ 朝露/ 夜露	Ro/ Ketsuro (suru) * (condensation; formation of dew)/ Asatsuyu * (morning dew)/ Yotsuyu * (evening dew; night dew)
Noun-Na	Dew drops	露の滴	Ro no shizuku
Noun-Na	Dewing	露が出る	tsuyu ga deru

Noun-Na	Mountain dew	山露	Sanro
Noun-Na	Drizzle	霧雨	Kirisame
Noun-Na	Drizzling	霧雨	Kirisame
Noun-Na	Dousing	ダジング	dajingu
Noun-Na	Drenching	びしょぬれ	bishonure
Noun-Na	Dusty	埃っぽい/ ダスティ/ ほこりをかぶった/ まみれのほこり	Hokorippoi * (dusty; dust-covered)/ Dasuti * (dusty)/ Hokori o kabutta * (covered in dust; covered with dust; dust covered)/ Mamire no hokori
Noun-Na	Dust cloud (cloud of dust)	塵の雲 (塵の雲)	Chiri no kumo (chiri no kumo)
Noun-Na	Sawdust	おがくず (大鋸屑)	Ogakuzu
Noun-Na	Foam (bubbles)	泡 (あぶく/ 沫 (あわ))/ 泡立ち (泡だち/ あわだち)/ 水泡/ フォーム (泡/ バブル)	Awa (abuku/ awa)/ Awadachi/ Suihō/ Fōmu (Awa/ Baburu)
Noun-Na	Sea foam	海の泡	Umi no awa
Noun-Na	Fog	霧 (きり)	Kiri
Noun-Na	Foggy	霧	Kiri
Noun-Na	Fogginess	霧	Kiri
Noun-Na	Fume (fumes)	煙 (煙)	kemuri (kemuri)
Noun-Na	Gas (gases ; gasses)	気体/ 瓦斯 (ガス)/ 噴気/ ガス体/ 屁 (おなら) (ガス; ガス)	Kitai * (gas; vapour; vapor; gaseous body)/ Gasu * (gas (as a fuel)/ gas (state of matter)/ poison gas/ dense fog; thick fog)/ Funki * (gas (fumes))/ Gasu-tai * (gas)/ Onara * (wind; gas; fart) (gasu; gasu)
Noun-Na	Gassy	ガスっぽい	Gasuppoi
Noun-Na	Greenhouse gases	温室効果ガス	Onshitsu kōka gasu
Noun-Na	Haze	霞 (かすみ)/ 煙霧/ 靄 (もや)/ 雲煙/ ヘイズ	Kasumi * ((esp. in spring); mist/ dimness (of sight))/ Enmu * (haze; mist; fog; smog)/ Moya * (mist; haze)/ Un'en * (clouds and smoke; haze * (formal or literary term))/ Heizu * (haze)
Noun-Na	Hazy	ぼんやりした	Bon'yari shita
Noun-Na	Humid	湿っぽい/ 蒸し暑い/ じめじめ (と/ する)/ 湿気っぽい/ 湿気が多い	Shimeppoi/ Mushiatsui/ Jimejime (to/ suru)/ Shikke ppoi/ Shikke ga ōi
Noun-Na	Mist (fog)	霧 (きり)/ 曇り (曇/ くもり)/ 靄 (もや)/ ミスト (霧)	Kiri/ Kumori/ Moya/ Misuto (Kiri)
Noun-Na	Misty (foggy)	霧深い (きりふかい)/ 靄がかかる/ ミスティ/ もやもや (モヤモヤ) (と/ する)/ 霞む (翳む/ かすむ)	Kiri fukai/ Moya ga kakaru/ Misuti/ Moyamoya (to/ suru)/ Kasumu * (to become misty; to become hazy/ to get blurry; to grow dim, but can also mean 'to be overshadowed; to be upstaged; to be outshone')
Noun-Na	Misting	ミスト	misuto
Noun-Na	Mixture	混合 (する)/ 混在 (する)/ 混ぜ物/ 混合物/ 混和 (する)/ 交錯 (する)	Kongō (suru)/ Konzai (suru)/ Mazemono/ Kongōmono/ Konwa (suru)/ Kōsaku (suru)
Noun-Na	Moist	湿った	shimetta
Noun-Na	Moisture (damp; wetness)	潤い (の)	Uruoi (no)
Noun-Na	Moistening	保湿	hoshitsu

Noun-Na	Moistness	湿気	Shikke
Noun-Na	Moldy	カビの生えた	Kabi no haeta
Noun-Na	Mold (fungus)	カビ (真菌)	Kabi (shinkin)
Noun-Na	Muggy	蒸し暑い	Mushiatsui
Noun-Na	Musty	かび臭い/ 古臭い/ 古ぼけた/ 古ぼける/ 黴びる/ 蒸れる	Kabikusai * (smelling of mold; musty; putrid/ old-fashioned; stale; hackneyed; worn-out)/ Furukusai * (stale; old fashioned; hackneyed; trite; antiquated; obsolete; musty; outdated)/ Furuboketa * (worn-out; threadbare; timeworn; weathered; musty)/ Furubokeru * (to look old; to become time-worn; to become worn out; to become old and grubby; to become musty)/ Kōmuru * (to get moldy (mouldy); to get musty; to develop mildew)/ Mureru * (to be stuffy; to grow musty; to get close; to become sweaty; to feel sticky; to moulder)
Noun-Na	Smoke	煙/ スモーク	Kemuri/ Sumōku
Noun-Na	Soggy	ぐしゃぐしゃ (な/ と/ する)/ 水っぽい/ ぐじゃぐじゃ (の/ な/ と)/ じめじめ (と/ する)/ 湿気る	Gushagusha (na/ to/ suru)/ Mizuppoi/ Gujaguja (no/ na/ to)/ Jimejime (to/ suru)/ Shikeru
Noun-Na	Steam	蒸気/ 湯気/ 水蒸気/ スチーム	Jōki/ Yuge/ Suijōki/ Suchīmu
Noun-Na	Stuffy	むんむん (と/ する)/ 暑苦しい	Munmun (to/ suru)/ Atsukurushī
Noun-Na	Sultry	蒸し暑い	Mushiatsui
Noun-Na	Sweaty	汗だく (な)	Asedaku (na)
Noun-Na	Vapor (fume)	蒸気 (ヒューム)	Jōki (hyūmu)
Noun-Na	A cloud of smoke (a puff of smoke)	煙の雲/ スモークの雲/ もやもやの煙/ 煙幕 (一服の煙)	Kemuri no kumo/ Sumōku no kumori/ Moyamoya no kemuri/ Enmaku * (smokescreen) (ippuku no kemuri)
Noun-Na	Phosphor	蛍光物質/ 蛍光体/ 燐	Keikō busshitsu/ Keikō-tai/ Rin
Noun-Na	Fluorescence	蛍光	Keikō
Noun-Na	Luminescent	発光 (する)/ 蓄光 (する/ の/ な)/ ルミネッセンス (の)	Hakkō (suru)/ Chikukō (suru/ no/ na)/ Ruminessensu (no)
Noun-Na	Luminescence	発光 (する)	Hakkō (suru)
Noun-Na	Bioluminescent	生物発光 (の/ する)/ バイオルミネセンス (の)	Seibutsu hakkō (no/ suru)/ Baioruminesensu (no)
Noun-Na	Bioluminescence	生物発光 (の/ する)/ バイオルミネセンス (の)	Seibutsu hakkō (no/ suru)/ Baioruminesensu (no)
Noun-Na	Hanging low (of clouds)	低迷 (する)	Teimei (suru)
Noun-Na	Night air (stillness of night; cool evening)	夜気/ 夜のしじま (夜の静寂)	Yaki/ Yoru no shijima
Noun-Na	Cool night air (cool night breeze)	涼しい夜風 (涼しい夜風)	Suzushī yokaze (suzushī yokaze)
Noun-Na	Noctilucent clouds	夜光雲	Yakōn (yakōkumo)
Noun-Na	Phosphorescence (luminescence)	燐光 (りん光/ リン光)/ 蓄光/ 夜光 (発光 (する)/ 蓄光 (する/ の/ な)/ ルミネッセンス)	Rinkō * (rin hikari)/ Chikukō/ Yakō (Hakkō (suru)/ Chikukō (suru/ no/ na)/ Ruminessensu)
Noun-Na	Phosphorescent	燐光 (の/ 的な)	Rinkō (no/ teki na)

Noun-Na	Phosphorite (rock phosphate)	燐鉱石 (リン鉱石)	Rin kōseki
Noun-Na	Phosphorous light (Will-o'-the-wisp)	燐火/ 鬼火/ 狐火 (きつね火)/ 火の玉/ 人魂 (人だま/ ひとだま)	Rinka/ Onibi/ Kitsunebi/ Hinotama (hi no tama)/ Hitodama
Noun-Na	Photoluminescence	フォトルミネセンス/ 光ルミネッセンス	Fotoruminesensu/ Hikari ruminessensu
Noun-Na	Foxfire	狐火	kitsunebi
Noun-Na	Good weather (fair weather)	良い天気 (晴天)	Yoi tenki (seiten * (fine weather (i.e. little or no clouds); fair weather; clear weather; clear sky; fair skies))
Noun-Na	Reasonable weather	適度な天気	Tekidona tenki
Noun-Na	Bad weather (terrible weather)	悪天候 (ひどい天気)	Akutenkō (hidoi tenki)
Noun-Na	Depression (weather)	不況 (天候)	Fukyō (tenkō)
Noun-Na	Calamity	災害	Saigai
Noun-Na	Clouds	雲	Kumo
Noun-Na	Clouded	曇る	Kumoru
Noun-Na	Cloudy	曇り (曇/ くもり)	Kumori
Noun-Na	Cloudiness	曇り	Kumori
Noun-Na	Cloud cover	雲の覆い	Kumo no ōi
Noun-Na	Cloudless	雲一つない	Kumo hitotsu nai
Noun-Na	Disaster	災害/ 遭難 (する)/ 災い (禍/ 殃)/ 惨事/ 天災/ 災難/ 事変/ 災禍/ 惨禍/ 厄災/ 災厄/ 禍/ 困厄 (困厄)/ 厄	Saigai/ Sōnan (suru)/ Wazawai/ Sanji/ Tensai/ Sainan/ Jihen/ Saika/ Sanka/ Yaku wazawai/ Saiyaku/ Wazawai/ Kon'yaku/ Yaku
Noun-Na	Drought	干ばつ	Kanbatsu
Noun-Na	Earthquake	地震	Jishin
Noun-Na	Ether (aether)	天空/ エーテル (エーテル)	Tenkū/ Ēteru (ēteru)
Noun-Na	Famine	飢饉	Kikin
Noun-Na	Landslide	地すべり	Jisuberi
Noun-Na	Open air (open aired)	戸外 (の)/ 外気/ 外 (そと)/ 露天 (の)/ 野天/ オープンエア (野外 (の))	Kogai (no)/ Gaiki/ Soto * (can mean 'outside; exterior', but can also mean 'the open (air)')/ Roten (no)/ Noten/ Ōpen'ea (Yagai (no))
Noun-Na	Overcast	曇り	Kumori
Noun-Na	Plague	疫病	Ekibyō
Noun-Na	Sky	空	Sora
Noun-Na	Storm	嵐/ 暴風/ ストーム	Arashi/ Bōfū/ Sutōmu
Noun-Na	Stormy	嵐のよう (な)	Arashi no yō (na)
Noun-Na	Stormy day	嵐の日	Arashi no hi
Noun-Na	Storming	嵐のよう (な)	Arashi no yō (na)
Noun-Na	Storminess	嵐のよう (な)	Arashi no yō (na)
Noun-Na	Strong wind (gale)	強風/ 強風域/ 疾風/ 大風/ 暴風/ 烈風/ 大強風 (強風)	Kyōfū/ Kyōfū-iki/ Hayate/ Ōkaze/ Bōfū/ Reppū/ Dai kyōfū (kyōfū)
Noun-Na	Strong nighttime wind (night storm)	小夜嵐 (夜嵐/ 夜の嵐/ 夜のストーム)	Sayo arashi (Yoarashi/ Yoru no arashi/ Yoru no sutōmu)
Noun-Na	Gale	暴風/ 疾風/ 烈風/ 大風/ ゲイル	Bōfū/ Hayate/ Reppū/ Ōkaze/ Geiru
Noun-Na	Tempest	嵐 (あらし)/ 荒れ/ テンペスト	Arashi/ Are/ Tenpesuto

Noun-Na	Thunder (Thunderstorm)	雷 (かみなり)/ 雷鳴/ 雷様/ 霹靂/ サンダー (雷雨/ 熱雷/ 火山雷)	Kaminari * (lightning; thunder; thunderbolt)/ Raimei * (thunder; thunderclap; crash of thunder)/ Raisama * (be careful, this word can mean 'thunder', but can also mean 'god of thunder'; honorific or respectful (sonkeigo) language)/ Hekireki * (thunder; thunderclap)/ Sandā (Raiu/ Netsurai * (heat thunderstorm/ heat lightning)/ Kazanrai * (volcanic thunderstorm/ dirty thunderstorm))
Noun-Na	Thunderstorm	雷雨	Raiu
Noun-Na	Thunder and lightning	雷と稲妻	Kaminari to inazuma
Noun-Na	Thundercloud	雷雲	Raiun
Noun-Na	Thunder sound (sound of thunder)	雷音 (雷の音)	Raine (kaminari no oto)
Noun-Na	Volcano	火山/ ボルケーノ	Kazan/ Borukēno
Noun-Na	Active volcano	活火山/ 活動の火山/ 活動的な火山/ 活発的な火山/ アクティブな火山	Katsukazan/ Katsudō no kazan/ Katsudō-tekina kazan/ Kappatsu-tekina kazan/ Akutibuna kazan
Noun-Na	Lava (magma)	溶岩/ ラーバ/ ラバ (岩漿/ マグマ)	Yōgan/ Rāba/ Raba * (from Italian) (Ganshō/ Maguma)
Noun-Na	Subduction	沈み込み	shizumikomi
Noun-Na	Blue sky	青空/ 青い空/ 碧空/ 青雲/ 蒼空/ 青天/ 青い天/ 蒼天	Aozora/ Aoi sora/ Hekikū/ Seiun/ Sōkū/ Seiten/ Aoi ten/ Sōten
Noun-Na	Sunlight	日光/ 太陽の光	Nikkō/ Taiyō no hikari
Noun-Na	Cascade	カスケード	Kasukēdo
Noun-Na	Cascade of sunlight	太陽光のカスケード	Taiyōkō no kasukēdo
Noun-Na	Moonlight	月光/ ムーンライト	Gekkō/ Mūnraitō
Noun-Na	Cloudy sky	曇り空/ 曇天	Kumorizora/ Donten
Noun-Na	Starry night	星夜/ 星が輝く夜/ 星月夜/ 星空の夜/ 星降る夜/ 星空 (星ぞら/ ほしぞら)	Seiya/ Hoshi ga kagayakuyoru/ Hoshidzukiyo/ Hoshizora no yoru/ Hoshifuruyoru/ Hoshizora
Noun-Na	Such a beautiful night	このような美しい夜/ そのような美しい夜/ とても美しい夜/ とても美しい夜	Kono yōna utsukushī yoru/ Sono yōna utsukushī yoru/ Totemo utsukushī yoru * (a very beautiful night)/ Sugoku utsukushī yoru * (a very beautiful night)
Noun-Na	Sun	太陽/ 天日	Taiyō/ Tenpi
Noun-Na	Sunny (it is sunny)	晴れ (です)/ 晴れる/ 晴れやか (な)/ 晴れ晴れ (晴ればれ/ 晴々/ 晴晴/ はればれ)	Hare (desu)/ Hareru/ Hareyaka (na)/ Harebare (hare bare/ harebare)
Noun-Na	Sunbath	日光浴	Nikkōyoku
Noun-Na	Sunburn	日焼け	Hiyake
Noun-Na	Suncream	日焼け止めクリーム	Hiyakedome kurīmu
Noun-Na	Sun-loving	太陽好き	Taiyō-suki
Noun-Na	Sunshine	日光	Nikkō
Noun-Na	Sun strength	太陽の強さ	Taiyō no tsuyo-sa
Noun-Na	UV index	紫外線指数	Shigaisen shisū
Noun-Na	Tan (a tan)	日焼け (日焼け)	Hiyake (hiyake)
Noun-Na	Suntan	日焼け	Hiyake

Noun-Na	Eclipse (solar eclipse; lunar eclipse)	食 (しょく)/ エクリプス/ 日食/ 皆既 (日食; 皆既日食; 月食)	Shoku * (eclipse (solar, lunar, etc.); occultation/ astronomy)/ Ekuripusu * (eclipse)/ Nisshoku * (solar eclipse)/ Kaiki * (total eclipse; totality) (Nisshoku * (solar eclipse); Kaiki nisshoku * (total solar eclipse); Gesshoku * (lunar eclipse))
Noun-Na	The sun gets up	太陽が昇る	Taiyō ga noboru
Noun-Na	The sun is out	太陽が出ている	Taiyō ga dete iru
Noun-Na	Moon	月	Tsuki (Gatsu/ Getsu)
Noun-Na	Full moon	満月	Mangetsu
Noun-Na	Moon viewing	月見	Tsukimi
Noun-Na	Waning moon	欠けている月	Kakete iru tsuki
Noun-Na	Waxing moon	満ちる月	Michiru tsuki
Noun-Na	Stars	星/ 星々 (星星)	Hoshi/ Hoshi boshi
Noun-Na	Solar	太陽	Taiyō
Noun-Na	Solar power	太陽光発電	Taiyōhikarihatsuden
Noun-Na	Lunar	月	Tsuki
Noun-Na	Constellation	星座	Seiza
Noun-Na	Planet	惑星/ 星	Wakusei/ Hoshi
Noun-Na	Satellite	衛星	Eisei
Noun-Na	Asteroid	小惑星	Kowakusei
Noun-Na	Comet (Meteor)	彗星 (流星)	Suisei (Ryūsei)
Noun-Na	Falling star	流れ星	Nagareboshi
Noun-Na	Meteor	流星	Ryūsei
Noun-Na	Space	宇宙/ 宙 (ちゅう)/ 宇宙空間/ スペース	Uchū/ Chū * (space; air; midair)/ Uchū kūkan * (outer space * (astronomy))/ Supesu
Noun-Na	Universe	宇宙/ ユニバース	Uchū/ Yunibāsu
Noun-Na	Void (empty space; the void)	無効 (の/ な)/ 虚しい/ 虚ろ (な)/ 超空洞/ 空虚 (な)/ 空白/ 宇宙空間/ 空空 (な)/ 虚空/ ボイド (虚空)	Mukō (no/ na) * (invalid; void; ineffective; unavailable)/ Munashi * (empty; void; vacant)/ Utsuro (na) * (cavity; hollow; void/ hollow (voice, smile, etc.); blank (eyes, look, etc.); vacant (expression, stare, etc.); empty (words, heart, etc.))/ Chō kūdō * (void (astronomy))/ Kūkyo (na) * (emptiness; hollowness; vacancy; void/ inanity; pointlessness; meaninglessness)/ Kūhaku * (blank space (in a document)/ blank; void; gap; vacuum/ whitespace * (computing))/ Uchū kūkan * (outer space * (astronomy))/ Kūkū (na) * (empty; vacant; void)/ Kokū * (empty space; empty sky)/ Boido * (void) (Kokū * (empty space; empty sky))
Noun-Na	Gravity	重力/ 引力/ グラビティ	Jūryoku/ Inryoku/ Gurabiti
Noun-Na	Nebula	星雲/ ネビュラ	Seiun/ Nebyura
Noun-Na	Galaxy (the galaxy)	ギャラクシー/ 銀河/ 銀河系 (銀河)	Gyarakushī/ Ginga/ Gingakei (Ginga)
Noun-Na	Hail	雹	Hyō
Noun-Na	Mud	泥	Doro
Noun-Na	Rain	雨	Ame

Noun-Na	Rainstorm	暴風雨	Bōfūu
Noun-Na	Snow (snowfall)	雪/ 降雪 (する)/ スノー	Yuki/ kōsetsu (suru)/ sunō
Noun-Na	Snowy	雪	Yuki
Noun-Na	Snowiness	雪	Yuki
Noun-Na	Flake (flakes)	フレーク (フレーク)	Furēku (furēku)
Noun-Na	Snowflake	スノーフレーク	Sunōfurēku
Noun-Na	Snow flurry	吹雪	Fubuki
Noun-Na	Snowball	雪玉	Yukidama
Noun-Na	Snowstorm	吹雪	Fubuki
Noun-Na	Snowfall	雪降り (の)	Yukifuri (no)
Noun-Na	Snowed under	雪に覆われる	Yuki ni ōwareru
Noun-Na	Snowing	雪	Yuki
Noun-Na	Sleet	みぞれ (霰)	Mizore
Noun-Na	Wet	濡れた	Nureta
Noun-Na	Wetness	湿気	Shikke
Noun-Na	Wetting	濡れ	nure
Noun-Na	Amount of snow	降雪量	Kōsetsu-ryō
Noun-Na	Dripping	滴る/ ポタポタ (と/ する)/ だらだら (と/ する)/ たらたら (と/ する)/ 垂らし/ 滴り/ 滴々 (たる/ と)/ ずぶ濡れ (の)/ びしょ濡れ (の)	Shitataru * (to drip; to drop; to trickle/ to overflow (with freshness, beauty, etc.))/ Potapota (to/ suru) * (dripping; trickling; drop by drop; in drops/ wet and heavy (snow, clay, etc.))/ (moving) slowly/ Daradara (to/ suru) * (in drops; dripping; trickling; streaming; flowing/ gently (sloping)/ sluggishly; endlessly; lengthily/ leisurely; idly; slowly; slovenly)/ Taratara (to/ suru) * (drop-by-drop; dripping; dribbling; in a trickle/ incessantly (esp. speaking, e.g. complaints, compliments); in great profusion/ sluggishly; dawdling)/ Tarashi * (dripping; drop)/ Shitataru * (dripping; drop; trickle/ water trickling from moss, rocks, or cliffs in the summer)/ Tekiteki (taru/ to) * (dripping; trickling)/ Zubunure (no) * (dripping wet; soaked; drenched)/ Bishonure (no) * (sopping wet; dripping wet; sodden; drenched; soaked)
Noun-Na	Falling (rainfall; snowfall; rain; snow)	降り (ふり) (降雨 (する); 降雪 (する))	Furi (Kōu (suru); Kōsetsu (suru))
Noun-Na	Flooded	浸水した	Shinsui shita
Noun-Na	Flowing	流れる	nagareru
Noun-Na	Gush	噴出 (する)/ ガッシュ	Funshutsu (suru)/ Gasshu
Noun-Na	Gushing	ほとばしる	hotobashiru
Noun-Na	Spurt	噴出 (する)	Funshutsu (suru)
Noun-Na	Inflooded	浸水した	Shinsui shita
Noun-Na	Fungus (mold)	真菌 (カビ)	Shinkin (kabi)
Noun-Na	Goosey blob	ねばねばした塊	Nebaneba shita katamari
Noun-Na	Grease	油	Abura
Noun-Na	Greased	グリースを塗った	Gurīsu o nutta

Noun-Na	Greasy	脂っこい/ 油っぽい/ 油濃い/ 滑り易い/ 粘々(粘粘)(する)/ つるつる(な/ の/ する)/ 脂ぎった/ ヌルヌル(と/ する/ な/ オイリー (な)/ ギトギト(な/ の/ する)/ 脂ぎる/ 油染みる	Aburakkoi * (greasy; fatty; oily)/ Aburappoi * (greasy; fatty; oily)/ Abura koi * (greasy; fatty; oily)/ Suberi yasui * (greasy; slimy; slippery)/ Nebaneba (suru) * (sticky; gluey; gummy; glutinous; viscous; gooey; greasy/ stickiness; something sticky)/ Tsurutsuru (na/ no/ suru) * (slippery; greasy/ smooth; shiny; slick)/ Aburagitta * (oily; greasy)/ Nurunuru (to/ suru/ na) * (slimy; slippery; greasy; clammy/ smoothly (of CGI movements, video streaming, etc.))/ Oirī (na) * (oily; greasy)/ Gitogito (na/ no/ suru) * (oily; greasy; sticky)/ Aburagiru * (to become greasy; to become oily)/ Aburajimiru * (to become greasy; to be oil-stained)
Noun-Na	Greasiness	油っぽさ	Aburapposa
Noun-Na	Hail damage	雹害	Hyō gai
Noun-Na	Hailing	雹	Hyō
Noun-Na	Petrichor	ペトリコール	petorikooru
Noun-Na	Pouring (downpouring, ie. rain)	土砂降り(土砂降り, つまり雨)	Doshaburi (doshaburi, tsumari ame)
Noun-Na	Downburst	落ち込み	Ochikomi
Noun-Na	Downpour	土砂降り	Doshaburi
Noun-Na	Rainfall	雨降り(の)	Amefuri (no)
Noun-Na	Rain shower	にわか雨/ 白雨/ 急雨/ シャワーのような雨/ レインシャワー	Niwakaame/ Hakuu/ Kyū ame/ Shawā no yōna ame/ Reinshawā
Noun-Na	Rainy	雨(の)	Ame (no)
Noun-Na	Rainy day (rainy day)	雨の日(雨の日)	Ame no hi (ame no hi)
Noun-Na	Raininess	雨	Ame
Noun-Na	Seeping	染み出す/ にじみ出る	Shimi dasu/ Nijimideru
Noun-Na	Sloshing	スロッシング	suroshingu
Noun-Na	Smoking	喫煙(する)/ 煙る	Kitsuen (suru)/ Kemuru
Noun-Na	Soaked	びしょ濡れ	Bishonure
Noun-Na	Soaking	浸漬	shinseki
Noun-Na	Sopping	びしょ濡れ	bishonure
Noun-Na	Spatter	スパッタ	supatta
Noun-Na	Splatter	スプラッター	supurattaa
Noun-Na	Splishing	スプリッシング	supurisshingu
Noun-Na	Splash-splash	スプラッシュ-スプラッシュ	supurasshu-supurasshu
Noun-Na	Sploshing	スプラッシュ	supurasshu
Noun-Na	Splotch	斑点	hanten
Noun-Na	Streaming	ストリーミング	sutorīmingu
Noun-Na	Streamy	あふれる	afureru
Noun-Na	Oozing	にじみ出る/ 染み出す	Nijimideru/ Shimi dasu
Noun-Na	Raining	雨が降っている	Ame ga futte iru
Noun-Na	Light rain (drizzle)	小雨(霧雨)	Kosame (kirisame)
Noun-Na	Pitter-patter	パタパタ	patapata
Noun-Na	Heavy rain	大雨/ 多雨/ 豪雨/ 土砂降り/ 激しい雨	Ōame/ Tau/ Gōu/ Doshaburi/ Hageshī ame

Noun-Na	Cloudburst	集中豪雨	shūchūgōu
Noun-Na	Slime (goosey)	滑り (ぬめり)/ 汚泥/ スライム (ねばねば (粘々/ 粘粘))	Numeri * (slime; sliminess; mucus; viscous liquid/ not 'suberi' with the same kanji character)/ Odei * (sludge; slime; dregs; mire)/ Suraimu (Nebaneba * (sticky; gluey; gummy; glutinous; viscous; goosey; greasy/ stickiness; something sticky))
Noun-Na	Slippery	滑りやすい/ つるつる	Suberi yasui/ Tsurutsuru
Noun-Na	Slipperiness	滑りやすさ	Suberiyasusa
Noun-Na	Slippage	ずれて	Zurete
Noun-Na	Soaky	びしょびしょ	Bishobisho
Noun-Na	Trickle	滴る	Shitataru
Noun-Na	Trickling	したたる	shitataru
Noun-Na	Wading	渡り歩く	Watari aruku
Noun-Na	Watered	水やり (の)	Mizuyari (no) * (watering (plants))
Noun-Na	Weathered	風化した	Fūka shita
Noun-Na	Ideal weather for a walk	散歩日和	Sanpobiyori

Vocabulary List - Food

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Noun-Foc	Food	食べ物	Tabemono
Noun-Foc	Food (food products)	食品	Shokuhin
Noun-Foc	Dried food	乾燥食品	Kansō shokuhin
Noun-Foc	Packaged Foods (packaged food)	加工食品 (加工食品)	Kakō shokuhin (kakō shokuhin)
Noun-Foc	Processed food	加工食品	Kakō shokuhin
Noun-Foc	Breakfast	朝食/ 朝ごはん	Chōshoku/ Asa gohan
Noun-Foc	Dinner (supper)	夕食/ 晩ごはん (晩御飯)/ 晩食 (する)/ ご馳走 (する)/ ディナー	Yūshoku/ Ban gohan/ Bانشoku (suru)/ Gochisō (suru) * (traditional Japanese word also used to thank people for the food provided; it meanings are 'treat (esp. food and drink); entertainment; treating someone (to a meal); taking someone to dinner/ gorgeous dinner; feast; excellent food; special dish; delicacy')/ Dinā
Noun-Foc	Dish	皿/ ディッシュ	Sara/ Disshu
Noun-Foc	Food and drink	飲食	Inshoku
Noun-Foc	Lunch	昼食/ ランチ	Chūshoku/ Ranchi
Noun-Foc	Lunch break	お昼休み/ 昼食休憩/ お昼の休憩/ 昼食の休み	O hiruyasumi * (lunch break; noon recess; noon rest period)/ Chūshoku kyūkei/ Ohiru no kyūkei/ Chūshoku no yasumi
Noun-Foc	Meal	(お) 食事/ 飯 (めし)	(O) Shokuji/ Meshi
Noun-Foc	Evening drink (evening meal drink)	晩酌 (する)/ イブニングドリンク	Banshaku (suru)/ Ibuningudorinku

Noun-Food	Starters (appetizer)	スターター (前菜)	Sutātā (Zensai)
Noun-Food	Main dish	メインディッシュ/ 主菜/ 主要料理	Meindisshu/ Shusai/ Shuyō ryōri
Noun-Food	Dessert	デザート	Dezāto
Noun-Food	Ration (a ration)	配給 (配給)	Haikyū (haikyū)
Noun-Food	Portion (a portion)	一部 (一部)	Ichibu (ichibu)
Noun-Food	Topping (toppings)	トッピング	Toppingu
Noun-Food	Addictive foods	中毒性のある食品	Chūdoku-sei no aru shokuhin
Noun-Food	Calories	カロリー	Karorī
Noun-Food	Carbohydrates	炭水化物/ 含水炭素	Tansuikabutsu/ Gansuitanso
Noun-Food	Dairy	乳製品	Nyūseihin
Noun-Food	Fruit	果物/ 果実/ フルーツ	Kudamono/ Kajitsu/ Furūtsu
Noun-Food	Dried fruit	ドライフルーツ	Doraifurūtsu
Noun-Food	Meat	肉/ 食肉/ ミート	Niku/ Shokuniku/ Mīto
Noun-Food	Seafood	魚介類	Gyokairui
Noun-Food	Vegetables	野菜/ 青物	Yasai/ Aomono
Noun-Food	Vegetarian	ベジタリアン/ 菜食主義者	Bejitarian/ Saishoku shugi-sha
Noun-Food	Flavor (flavour)	風味 (風味)	Fūmi (Fūmi)
Noun-Food	Taste (flavor)	風味/ 味/ 口当たり/ 味わい	Fūmi/ Aji/ Kuchiatarī/ Ajiwai
Noun-Food	Taste (liking; preference)	好み/ 嗜好 (する)/ センス	Konomi/ Shikō (suru)/ Sensu
Noun-Food	Tasty	美味しい/ 風味絶佳 (な)/ 極味	Oishī/ Fūmi zekka (na) * (delicious flavor; superb taste)/ Goku mi * (great flavor; great taste)
Noun-Food	Delicate flavor (subtle feeling; subtle taste)	小味 (な/ の)/ 繊細な味わい/ 繊細な風味/ 繊細な味/ デリケートな味わい/ デリケートフレーバー (微妙な感じ; 微妙な味)	Ko aji (na/ no)/ Sensaina ajiwai/ Sensaina fūmi/ Sensaina aji/ Derikētōna ajiwai/ Derikētofurēbā (Bimyōna kanji; Bimyōna aji)
Noun-Food	Delicious	おいしい	Oishii
Noun-Food	Appetite	食欲	shokuyoku
Noun-Food	Bad taste (tasteless)	不味い	Mazui
Noun-Food	Boiled	煮えた/ 煮付け	Nieta * (to be boiled; to be cooked)/ Nitsuke * (vegetables or fish boiled in soy sauce)
Noun-Food	Boiling	沸騰 (する)	Futtō (suru) * (boiling; seething/ becoming heated (e.g. of a debate); excitement; agitation; fermentation/ soaring (of prices); shooting up)
Noun-Food	Cooking	料理 (する)	Ryōri (suru)
Noun-Food	Cooked (well cooked)	調理済み (よく調理済み)	Chōri-zumi (yoku chōri-zumi)
Noun-Food	Culinary	料理	Ryōri
Noun-Food	Culinary arts	料理芸術	Ryōri geijutsu
Noun-Food	Baked	焼きました	Yakimashita * (to roast; to broil; to grill; to bake; to toast; to barbecue/ to burn/ to heat; to heat up/ to make (charcoal, pottery, bricks, etc.); to bake; to fire; to burn/ to tan (i.e. suntan); to burn)

Noun-Food	Baking	焼く/ ベーキング (する)	Yaku * (to roast; to broil; to grill; to bake; to toast; to barbecue/ to burn/ to heat; to heat up/ to make (charcoal, pottery, bricks, etc.); to bake; to fire; to burn/ to tan (i.e. suntan); to burn)/ Bēkingu (suru)
Noun-Food	Bitter (bitterly)	苦々しい	Nigagishii
Noun-Food	Bitter aftertaste	苦い後味	Nigai atoaji
Noun-Food	Fibrous	繊維質	Senishitsu
Noun-Food	Fried (stir fried; deep fried)	揚げ物/ フライド (な/ の) (炒め物; 揚げ物)	Agemono * (deep-fried food)/ Furaido (na/ no) * (fried) (itamemono * (stir-fry; stir-fried food); agemono)
Noun-Food	Deep-fried	揚げ (の/ な)	Age (no/ na)
Noun-Food	Fresh	新鮮 (な)	Shinsen (na) * (becomes 'shinsen'na')
Noun-Food	Freshly	新鮮 (な)	Shinsen (na)
Noun-Food	Freshness	鮮度	Sendo
Noun-Food	Fresh food	新鮮な食物	Shinsen'na shokumotsu
Noun-Food	Lean food	脂肪の少ない食べ物	Shibō no sukunai tabemono
Noun-Food	Greasy food	油っこい食べ物	Aburakkoi tabemono
Noun-Food	Home cooked	自家製 (の)	Jikasei (no)
Noun-Food	Home-brew	自家製ビール	Jikasei bīru
Noun-Food	Hormones	ホルモン	Horumon
Noun-Food	Juiciness	ジューシーさ	Jūshī sa
Noun-Food	Mash (a mash)	マッシュ (マッシュ)	Masshu (masshu)
Noun-Food	Raw	生	Nama
Noun-Food	Raw, medium or well done	生, 中程度 (の) (中 (の)), またはウェルダン (よく調理された/ よく焼き上げられた)	Nama,-chū-teido (no) (naka (no)), matawa u~erudan (yoku chōri sa reta/ yoku yakiage rareta)
Noun-Food	Rich (flavor, color, etc.)	濃厚 (な)	Nōkō (na)
Noun-Food	Ripe	熟した	Juku shita
Noun-Food	Overripe	熟れすぎた	uresugita
Noun-Food	Unripe	未熟 (な)	Mijuku (na)
Noun-Food	Saturation	飽和 (する)/ 飽和状態	Hōwa (suru)/ Hōwa jōtai
Noun-Food	Smell (the smell)	匂い (におい)	Nioi
Noun-Food	Sour	酸っぱい	Suppai
Noun-Food	Sweet	甘い	Amai
Noun-Food	Taste (sense of taste)	味覚 (な)	Mikaku (na)
Noun-Food	Aftertaste	後味	Atoaji
Noun-Food	Tasty food	おいしい食べ物	Oishī tabemono
Noun-Food	Toast (to be toast)	トースト (乾杯 (する))	Tōsuto (kanpai (suru))
Noun-Food	Bread	パン (麵麩/ 麵包)/ ブレッド	Pan * (from Portuguese "pão")/ Bureddo
Noun-Food	Bread crumbs	パン粉	Panko
Noun-Food	Brown bread	茶色のパン	Chairo no pan
Noun-Food	Croissant	クロワッサン	Kurowassan
Noun-Food	Flatbread	フラットブレッド/ 平らなパン	Furattobureddo/ Tairana pan
Noun-Food	Freshly baked bread	焼きたてのパン/ 焼き立てパン (焼きたてパン)	Yaki-tate no pan/ Yakitate pan
Noun-Food	Loaf	パン	Pan
Noun-Food	Slice of bread	パンー切れ	Pan hitokire

Noun-Food	White bread	白パン	Shiro pan
Noun-Food	Wholegrain bread (wheat Bread)	全粒粉パン (小麦パン)	Zenryūko pan (Komugi pan)
Noun-Food	Sugar	砂糖/ シュガー/ 糖 (の)	Satō/ Shugā/ Tō (no)
Noun-Food	Low sugar	低糖	Teitou
Noun-Food	Sugar-free	無糖	Mutou
Noun-Food	Sugar cane	サトウキビ	Satōkibi
Noun-Food	Salt	塩 (しお)	Shio
Noun-Food	Salted herring	ニシンの塩漬け/ 塩漬けニシン	Nishin'noshiodzuke/ Shiodzuke nishin
Noun-Food	Salt packet	塩パック	Shio pakku
Noun-Food	Salty	塩っぱい (しょっぱい)/ 塩辛い	Shoppai/ Shiokarai
Noun-Food	Pepper	胡椒 (コショウ)/ ペパー/ ペッパー	Koshō/ Pepā/ Peppā
Noun-Food	Black pepper	胡椒/ 黒胡椒 (黒こしょう/ 黒コショウ/ クロコショウ)/ ブラックペッパー	Koshō/ Kurogoshō (kuro koshō/ kurokoshou)/ Burakkupeppā
Noun-Food	White pepper	白胡椒 (白コショウ)/ ホワイトペッパー	Shiro koshō/ Howaitopeppā
Noun-Food	Spicy	辛い (からい)/ 辛い (つらい) * (please note the different Hiragana characters with the same Kanji)/ スパイシー (な)/ 辛味のある	Karai/ Tsurai/ Supaishī (na)/ Karami no aru * (hot taste; sharp taste; pungent taste; salty taste)
Noun-Food	A bit of salt	しょっぱい気味/ 塩辛い気味	Shoppai kimi/ shiokarai-gimi
Noun-Food	A pinch of (a bit of, ie. contains/ tastes/ looks like...)	気味/ ひとつまみ (一撮み) (少し, つまり, 含まれている/ 味がする/ 似ている...)	Gimi/ Hitotsumami (sukoshi, tsumari, fukuma rete iru/ aji ga suru/ nite iru...)
Noun-Food	A pinch of salt	塩 ひとつまみ	Shio hitotsumami
Noun-Food	Sprinkle (a sprinkle)	まぶす (塗す) (まぶす (塗す))	Mabusu (mabusu)
Noun-Food	Candy	飴/ キャンディ/ お菓子	Ame/ Kyandi/ Okashi
Noun-Food	Delicacy	珍味/ 美味 (な)	Chinmi/ Bimi (na) * (good flavor; good flavour; delicacy; dainty)
Noun-Food	Refreshment	軽食/ 清涼剤 リフレッシュメント	Keishoku * (light meal; snack; refreshments)/ Seiryō-zai * (refreshment; something refreshing; welcome relief; breath of fresh air)/ Rifuresshumento
Noun-Food	Sharp (food)	シャープ (食品)	Shāpu (shokuhin)
Noun-Food	Snack (treat)	軽食/ スナック/ お菓子	Keishoku/ Sunakku/ Okashi
Noun-Food	Stale	古い	Furui
Noun-Food	Leftovers (leftover food)	残り物 (食べ残し)	Nokorimono (tabe nokoshi)
Noun-Food	Additive (additives)	添加物	Tenka butsu
Noun-Food	Allergy	アレルギー/ 症/ 過敏症	Arerugi/ Shō/ Kabin-shō
Noun-Food	Ayurvedic food	アーユルヴェーダ料理	Āyuruvu~ēda ryōri
Noun-Food	Bait	餌	Esa
Noun-Food	Biological	生物学的 (な/ の)	Seibutsugaku teki (na/ no)
Noun-Food	Diet	ダイエット/ 食事	Daietto/ Shokuji * (this normally means meal or dinner, but it can also mean 'diet')

Noun-Fod	Dietary fiber (dietary fibre)	食物繊維/ 繊維質	Shokumotsu sen'i/ Sen'i-shitsu
Noun-Fod	Eating style	食べ方/ 食事スタイル/ 食事姿勢	Tabē-kata/ Shokuji sutairu/ Shokuji shisei
Noun-Fod	Fibre (fibres)	ファイバー (繊維)	Faibā (sen'i)
Noun-Fod	Food culture	食文化	Shoku bunka
Noun-Fod	Food for specified health use	特保/ 特定保健用食品	Toku ho/ Tokuteihoken'yōshokuhin
Noun-Fod	Food ingredients	食材/ 食品成分/ 食材料/ 食品材料	Shokuzai/ Shokuhin seibun/ Shokuzai-ryō/ Shokuhin zairyō
Noun-Fod	Halal food	ハラール食品/ ハラールフード	Hararu shokuhin/ Harārufūdo
Noun-Fod	Health food (healthy food)	健康食品 (ヘルシーフード/ 健康な食品/ 健康的な食品)	Kenkō shokuhin (Herushifūdo/ Kenkōna shokuhin/ Kenkō-tekina shokuhin)
Noun-Fod	Ingredients (ingredient)	原材料 (成分)	Genzairyō (seibun)
Noun-Fod	Ingredients list	成分表	Seibun-hyō
Noun-Fod	Kosher	コーシャ/ コシエル/ コーシャー	Kōsha/ Kosheru/ Kōshā
Noun-Fod	Natural ingredients	天然成分/ 自然素材/ 天然素材	Ten'nen seibun/ Shizen sozai/ Ten'nen sozai
Noun-Fod	Medical diet (diet therapy)	食事療法	Shokuji ryōhō
Noun-Fod	Organic	有機的 (な)/ オーガニック (な/ の)	Yūki-teki (na)/ Ōganikku (na/ no)
Noun-Fod	Pesticide (pesticides)	農薬 (殺虫剤)	
Noun-Fod	Pet food	餌/ ペットフード	Esa/ Pettofūdo
Noun-Fod	Preservative (preservatives; conservatives)	防腐剤 (防腐剤、保存料)	
Noun-Fod	Recipe	料理法/ 製法/ 処方 (する)/ レシピ	Ryōri-hō/ Seihō/ Shohō (suru)/ Reshipi
Noun-Fod	Grandmother's recipe	おばあちゃんのレシピ/ 祖母のレシピ	Obāchan no reshipi/ Sobo no reshipi
Noun-Fod	Nourishment (alimentation)	栄養補給 (栄養補給)	Eiyō hokyū (eiyō hokyū)
Noun-Fod	Supplements (additionality; additionalities)	サプリメント/ 補足 (の/ する)/ 補充 (する)/ 追加 (する/ の) (追加性; 追加性)	Sapurimento/ Hosoku/ Hojū (suru) (no/ suru)/ Tsuika (suru/ no) (Tsuika-sei; Tsuika-sei)
Noun-Fod	Sustenance	栄養/ 糧 (かて)/ 滋養/ 養分/ 栄養分/ 養い/ 滋養物/ ナリッシュメント	Eiyō * (nutrition; nourishment)/ Kate * (food; provisions/ nourishment (mental, spiritual, etc.); sustenance (e.g. of one's life); source of encouragement)/ Jiyō * (nourishment; nutrition)/ Yōbun * (nutrient; nourishment)/ Eiyōbun * (nutrient; nutrition)/ Yashinai * (nutrition; nourishment/ bringing up; nurture; rearing)/ Jiyō butsu * (nutritious food; nourishment)/ Narisshumento * (nourishment)
Noun-Fod	Tea spoon	ティースプーン	Tisupūn
Noun-Fod	To grow vegetables	野菜を作る	Yasai o tsukuru
Noun-Fod	Unhealthy food	不健康な食品/ 不健康な食べ物	Fukenkōna shokuhin/ Fukenkōna tabemono
Noun-Fod	Vegan (veganistic)	ビーガン (菜食 (する/ の))	Bīgan (Saishoku (suru/ no))
Noun-Dri	Drink (a drink)	飲み/ ドリンク (飲み物)	Nomi/ Dorinku (nomimono)
Noun-Dri	Water	水/ 水分	Mizu (Sui)/ Suibun

Noun-Dri	Ale	ビール	bīru
Noun-Dri	Beer	ビール * (from Dutch; Flemish “bier”)/ ビア/ 麦酒	Bīru/ Bia/ Baku shi ~yu
Noun-Dri	Broth	スープ	Su-pu
Noun-Dri	Can of beer (a can of beer)	缶ビール (缶ビール)	Kan bīru (kan bīru)
Noun-Dri	Coffee	コーヒー/ 珈琲/ ホットコーヒー	Kōhī/ Kōhī * (from English “coffee”, From Dutch; Flemish “koffie”)/ Hottokōhī * (coffee (hot, as opposed to iced))
Noun-Dri	Coffee break	コーヒーブレイク/ コーヒーブレイク/ ティータイム/ コーヒータイム/ コーヒーの休憩/ コーヒー休憩/ 珈琲休憩/ 一服休憩 (する)/ コーヒー一休み	Kōhībureiku/ Kōhīburēku/ Tītaimu * (teatime; tea break; coffee break)/ Kōhītaimu * (coffee time; tea time; coffee break)/ Kōhī no kyūkei/ Kōhī kyūkei/ Kōhī kyūkei/ Ippuku kyūkei (suru) * (tea (coffee, cigarette) break)/ Kōhī hitoyasumi
Noun-Dri	Coffee filter	コーヒーフィルター	Kōhī firutā
Noun-Dri	Coffee filter bags	コーヒーフィルターバッグ	Kōhī firutā baggu
Noun-Dri	Coffee to go	持ち帰り用のコーヒー	Mochikaeri-yō no kōhī
Noun-Dri	Black coffee	ブラックコーヒー	Burakku koohii
Noun-Dri	Coffee with milk	ミルク入りコーヒー	Miruku iri koohii
Noun-Dri	Cappuccino	カプチーノ	Kapuchiino
Noun-Dri	Espresso	エスプレッソ	Esupuresso
Noun-Dri	Flat white	フラットホワイト	Furatto howaito
Noun-Dri	Liquid (fluid)	液体/ 液/ 流体	Ekitai/ Eki/ Ryūtai
Noun-Dri	Soup	汁/ 汁物/ スープ	Shiru/ Shirumono/ Sūpu
Noun-Dri	Stew	シチュー	Shichū
Noun-Dri	Tea	お茶	Ocha
Noun-Dri	Alcohol	お酒/ アルコール	O Sake * (Sake means alcohol in Japanese, not to be confused with that in the west of the world Sake is a separate Japanese drink)/ Arukōru
Noun-Dri	Alcoholic beverage for medicinal purposes	薬用酒	Yakuyō Shi ~yu (yakuyō sake)
Noun-Dri	Alcoholic drinks (brewage; liquor)	酒類/ 醸造酒/ シュナップス/ リカー	Shurui/ Jōzō-shu/ Shunappusu * (from German “Schnaps”)/ Rikā
Noun-Dri	Stiff drink	強い酒	Tsuyoi sake
Noun-Dri	Beer crate	ビール箱	Bīru-bako
Noun-Dri	Beer mat	ビアマット	Biamatto
Noun-Dri	Beverage (ie. alcohol etc.)	飲料 (アルコールなど)	Inryō (arukōru nado)
Noun-Dri	Biological coffee (organic coffee)	ビオロジカルコーヒー/ 生物学的なコーヒ (オーガニックコーヒー)	Biorojikarukōhī/ Seibutsugaku tekina kōhi (ōganikkukōhī)
Noun-Dri	Brew	醸造 (する)	jouzou (suru)
Noun-Dri	Brewing	醸造 (する)	Jōzō (suru)
Noun-Dri	Cocktail	カクテル	kakuteru
Noun-Dri	Coffee can	コーヒー缶	Kōhī kan
Noun-Dri	Coffee cup	コーヒーカップ	Kōhīkappu

Noun-Dri	Coffee filter	コーヒーフィルター/ コーヒーこし器 (コーヒー漉し器/ コーヒー濾し器)	Kōhīfirā/ Kōhī koshi-ki
Noun-Dri	Coffee pack (a pack of coffee)	コーヒー箱/ コーヒーパック (コーヒーの箱/ コーヒーのパック)	Kōhī-bako (kōhī hako)/ Kōhīpaku (kōhī no hako/ kōhī no paku)
Noun-Dri	Coffee pot	コーヒーポット/ コーヒー沸かし/ コーヒー鍋/ コーヒー鉢	Kōhīpotto/ Kōhī wakashi/ Kōhī nabe/ Kōhī hachi
Noun-Dri	Cup of coffee	一杯のコーヒー	Ippai no kōhī
Noun-Dri	Drinking glass	コップ/ ドリンクグラス/ ドリンクのグラス	Koppu/ Dorinkugurasu/ Dorinku no gurasu
Noun-Dri	Dry (dry taste)	辛口 (辛口)	Karakuchi (karakuchi)
Noun-Dri	Glass of beer	ビールのグラス	Bīru no gurasu
Noun-Dri	Full bottle	フルボトル	Furubotoru
Noun-Dri	Empty bottle	空の瓶	Sora no bin
Noun-Dri	Full glass	一杯のグラス/ 満杯のガラス/ フルグラス	Ippai no gurasu/ Manpai no garasu/ Furugarasu
Noun-Dri	Empty glass	空のグラス	Sora no gurasu
Noun-Dri	Pint of ale	エールのパイント	Ēru no painto
Noun-Dri	Protein	タンパク質 (蛋白質/ たんぱく質/ たん白質)/ プロテイン	Tanpakushitsu/ Purotein
Noun-Dri	Protein drink	プロテインドリンク/ プロテイン飲み物	Puroteindorinku/ Purotein nomimono
Noun-Dri	Refreshing (drink)	爽やか (さわやか) (な)	Sawayaka (na)
Noun-Dri	Rum	ラム酒	Ramu sake
Noun-Dri	Tea ceremony (Way of Tea)	茶道/ 茶の湯/ 茶会/ 茶席	Sadō/ Chanoyu/ Chakai/ Chaseki
Noun-Dri	Tea party (get-together)	茶会	Chakai
Noun-Dri	Teacup	ティーカップ/ ティー一杯/ 茶の一杯/ 茶一杯	Tīkappu/ Tī ippai/ Cha no ippai/ Cha ippai
Noun-Dri	Teapot	茶瓶/ ティーポット/ ティー鍋/ ティー鉢/ 茶の鍋/ 茶の鉢	Chabin/ Tīpotto/ Tī nabe/ Tī hachi/ Cha no nabe/ Cha no hachi
Noun-Foc	Wine	ワイン/ ぶどう酒 (葡萄酒/ ブドウ酒)	Wain/ Budōshu
Noun-Foc	Wine bottle (bottle of wine)	ワインの瓶/ ワインボトル (ワインのボトル)	Wain no bin/ Wain botoru (wain no botoru)
Noun-Foc	Glass of wine	一杯のワイン/ グラスワイン	Ippai no wain/ Gurasu wain * (Wasei, word made in Japan, from English "glass wine")
Noun-Foc	Fruit wine	果実酒/ フルーツワイン	Kajitsu shi ~yu/ Furūtsuwain
Noun-Foc	Red wine	赤ワイン	Akawain
Noun-Foc	White wine	白ワイン	Shiro wain
Noun-Cor	Cigarette	シガレット/ 紙巻たばこ/ 巻きタバコ/ 煙草 (タバコ)	Shigaretto/ Kamimaki tabako * (from the French for "small cigar")/ Makitabako * (cigarette; cigar)/ Tabako * (from Portuguese "tabaco")

Noun-Con	Cigar	葉巻/ シガー/ 煙草 (タバコ)/ 巻きタバコ/ 葉巻きタバコ	Hamaki/ Shigā/ Tabako * (from Portuguese “tabaco”)/ Makitabako/ Hamakitabako
Noun-Con	Cigar box	シガーボックス/ 葉巻の箱/ 煙草の箱	Shigābokkusu/ Hamaki no hako/ Tabako no hako
Noun-Con	Tobacco	煙草 (タバコ/ たばこ)	Tabako * (from Portuguese “tabaco”)
Noun-Fod	Apple	林檎/ アップル	Ringo/ Appuru
Noun-Fod	Beets	ビーツ	Bītsu
Noun-Fod	Beetroot	ビートルート	Bītorūto
Noun-Fod	Broccoli	ブロッコリー	Burokkorī
Noun-Fod	Cabbage	キャベツ	Kyabetsu
Noun-Fod	Carrot	人参 (にんじん)/ キャロット	Ninjin/ Kyarotto
Noun-Fod	Cauliflower	カリフラワー	Karifurawā
Noun-Fod	Chicory	チコリ	Chikori
Noun-Fod	Cranberry	クランベリー	kuranberī
Noun-Fod	Cucumber	胡瓜/ キュウリ	Kyuuri/ Kyūri
Noun-Fod	Egg (eggs)	卵 (玉子/ たまご) (卵)	Tamago (tamago)
Noun-Fod	Egg shell	卵の殻	tamago no kara
Noun-Fod	Egg yoke	卵黄	ran'ō
Noun-Fod	Egg white	卵白	ranpaku
Noun-Fod	Poached egg	ポーチドエッグ	pōchido eggu
Noun-Fod	Omelet	オムレツ	omuretsu
Noun-Fod	Eggplant	茄子 (ナス)	Nasu
Noun-Fod	Fennel	フェンネル	Fen'neru
Noun-Fod	Grapefruit	グレープフルーツ	gureepufurūtsu
Noun-Fod	Leek	リーキ/ 西洋ネギ	Rīki/ Seiyō negi
Noun-Fod	Lemon	レモン (檸檬)	Remon
Noun-Fod	Lettuce	萵苣/ レタス	Chisha/ Retasu
Noun-Fod	Lime (limes)	ライム (ライム)	Raimu (raimu)
Noun-Fod	Mandarins (mandarin orange)	蜜柑/ マンダリン	Mikan/ Mandarin
Noun-Fod	Melon (Watermelon)	メロン (スイカ)/ 瓜	Meron (suika)/ Uri
Noun-Fod	Olives	木犀/ オリーブ	Mokusei/ Orību
Noun-Fod	Orange	橙/ オレンジ	Daidai/ Orenji
Noun-Fod	Paprika	パプリカ	Papurika
Noun-Fod	Peach	桃	Momo
Noun-Fod	Pear	梨	Nashi
Noun-Fod	Red cabbage	赤キャベツ/ レッドキャベツ	Aka kyabetsu/ Reddokyabetsu
Noun-Fod	Spinach	ほうれん草 (法蓮草/ 鳳蓮草 * (literally: phoenix lotus grass)/ 菠薐草)	Hōrensō
Noun-Fod	Tomato	トマト	Tomato
Noun-Fod	Zucchini	ズッキーニ	Zukkīni
Noun-Fod	Bag of olives	オリーブの袋	Orību no fukuro
Noun-Fod	Burnt meat	焦げた肉/ 焦がした肉/ 焼けた肉 * (burnt meat)/ 炭火焼きした肉 (炭火焼した肉) * (charcoal grilled meat)	Kogeta niku/ Kogashita niku/ Yaketa niku * (burnt meat)/ Sumibi-yaki shita niku * (charcoal grilled meat)
Noun-Fod	Pack of tomatoes	トマトのパック/ トマトの箱	Tomato no pakku/ Tomato no hako

Noun-Food	Nightshade (nightshade family)	ナス科 (ナス科)	Nasu-ka (nasu-ka)
Noun-Food	Chaff	もみ殻	Momigara
Noun-Food	Husk (husks)	殻 (殻)	Kara
Noun-Food	Sauce	ソース/ 垂れ/ 汁 (液) (しる/ つゆ)	Sōsu/ Tare/ Shiru (shiru/ tsuyu)
Noun-Food	Barley	大麦	Oomugi
Noun-Food	Butter	バター/ 牛酪/ 乳酪	Batā/ Gyūraku/ Nyūraku * (dairy products (esp. butter))
Noun-Food	Cereal	穀物/ シリアル	Kokumotsu/ Shiriaru
Noun-Food	Cheese	チーズ	Chīzu
Noun-Food	Goat cheese	ヤギのチーズ	Yagi no chīzu
Noun-Food	Chives	チャイブ	Chaibu
Noun-Food	Chocolate	チョコレート/ チョコ/ ショコラ	Chokorēto/ Choko * (abbreviation)/ Shokora * (abbreviation)
Noun-Food	Chocolate bar	チョコレートバー/ チョコバー/ 板チョコ	Chokorētobā/ Chokobā/ Ita choko
Noun-Food	Chocolate powder	チョコレートパウダー/ チョコレートの粉/ チョコレート粉/ チョコレート粉体	Chokorētopaudā/ Chokorēto no kona/ Chokorēto-ko/ Chokorēto funtai
Noun-Food	Corn	トウモロコシ	Toumorokoshi
Noun-Food	Maize	トウモロコシ	Tōmorokoshi
Noun-Food	Cream (ie. whipped cream)	クリーム (つまりホイップクリーム)	Kurīmu (tsumari hoippukurīmu)
Noun-Food	Curry	カレー/ カリー (咖喱)	Karē/ Karī
Noun-Food	Dill	ディル	Diru
Noun-Food	Dough	生地 (素地)/ 練り粉/ ドウ/ サワードウ	Kiji/ Neri-ko/ Dō/ Sawādou * (Sourdough)
Noun-Food	Flour	小麦粉/ 粉 (こな/ こ)/ 打ち粉	Komugiko/ Kona (kona/ ko)/ Uchikona
Noun-Food	Gluten	グルテン	Guruten
Noun-Food	Grain (grains)	穀物/ 穀類/ 粒 (穀物)	Kokumotsu/ Kokurui/ Tsubu (kokumotsu)
Noun-Food	Hay	干し草 (干草/ 乾し草/ 乾草)	Hoshikusa
Noun-Food	Sack of hay	干し草の袋/ 俵	Hoshikusa no fukuro/ Tawara
Noun-Food	Herbs	ハーブ/ 草本/ 草	Hābu/ Sōhon/ Kusa
Noun-Food	Hot sauce (spicy sauce)	ホットソース/ 辛いソース	Hottosōsu/ Tsurai sōsu
Noun-Food	Ketchup	ケチャップ	Kechappu
Noun-Food	Mayonnaise	マヨネーズ/ マヨ	Mayonēzu/ Mayo * (abbreviation)
Noun-Food	Mushroom	茸 (きのこ/ キノコ)/ マッシュルーム	Kinoko/ Masshurūmu * (common mushroom (Agaricus bisporus); white mushroom)
Noun-Food	Oat (oats)	オート麦	Oto mugi
Noun-Food	Oregano	オレガノ	Oregano
Noun-Food	Oyster mushroom	ヒラタケ	Hiratake
Noun-Food	Mustard	芥子/ 洋芥子/ マスタード	Keshi/ Yō garashi/ Masutādo
Noun-Food	Peppermint	ペパーミント	Pepāminto
Noun-Food	Powder	粉 (こな/ こ)/ 粉体/ パウダー/ プードル	Kona (kona/ ko)/ Funtai/ Paudā/ Pūdoru * (from French “poudre”)
Noun-Food	Rice	米 (こめ)	Kome * (not 'Amerika' with the same kanji character)
Noun-Food	White rice	白米	Hakumai

Noun-Food	Brown rice	玄米	Genmai
Noun-Food	Basmati rice	バスマティ米	Basumati-mai
Noun-Food	Boiled rice	ご飯	Gohan
Noun-Food	Cooked rice	米飯/ ご飯/ 飯 (めし)	Beihan/ Gohan/ Meshi
Noun-Food	Steamed	蒸した	Mushita
Noun-Food	Steamed rice	蒸し米/ 蒸し飯	Mushimai/ Mushimeshi * (steamed rice (esp. cold rice reheated by steaming it))
Noun-Food	Seasoning (condiment; flavoring)	調味料/ 香料/ 加薬/ 香辛料	Chōmiryō/ Kōryō/ Kayaku/ Kōshinryō
Noun-Food	Spices (spice)	香辛料/ 加薬/ 香料	Kōshinryō/ Kayaku/ Kōryō
Noun-Food	Starch	糊	Nori
Noun-Food	Straw	麦わら (麦藁/ 麦稈/ むぎわら/ ばっかん)/ 藁 (わら)/ ストロー	Mugiwara (mugiwara/ bakkan)/ Wara/ Sutorō
Noun-Food	Truffles	トリュフ	Toryufu
Noun-Food	Vanilla	バニラ	Banira
Noun-Food	Wasabi	山葵 (和佐比/ わさび/ ワサビ)	Wasabi
Noun-Food	Wheat	小麦/ 麦 (むぎ)/ 真麦	Komugi/ Mugi/ Ma mugi
Noun-Food	Yeast (fungus)	酵母/ 釀母/ イースト (菌類/ 菌)	Kōbo/ Ji ~youbo/ Īsuto (Kinrui/ Kin)
Noun-Food	Anise	しきみ (楳)/ アニス	Shikimi/ Anisu
Noun-Food	Banana	バナナ/ 香蕉/ 甘蕉/ 実芭蕉	Banana/ Kōshō/ Kanshō/ Mibashō
Noun-Food	Banana leaf	蕉葉/ バナナの葉	Shōyō/ Banana no ha
Noun-Food	Bay leaf	月桂樹の葉/ ローリエ/ ベイリーフ	Gekkeiju no ha/ Rōrie * (from French "laurier")/ Beirifu
Noun-Food	Beeswax	蜜蠟	Mitsurō
Noun-Food	Berry (berries)	果実/ 木の実/ 漿果/ 生り物/ ベリー (ベリー)	Kajitsu/ Konomi/ Shōka/ Narimono/ Berī (berī)
Noun-Food	Cherry (cherries)	サクランボ	Sakuranbo
Noun-Food	Chicken spices (chicken spices mix)	チキンスパイス (チキンスパイスミックス)	Chikinsupaisu (chikinsupaisumikkusu)
Noun-Food	Cinnamon	シナモン	shinamon
Noun-Food	Cloves	丁香/ クローブ	Chōkō/ Kurōbu
Noun-Food	Coconut oil	ココナッツオイル	kokonattsu oiru
Noun-Food	Edible plants	食用植物	Shokuyō shokubutsu
Noun-Food	Garlic	大蒜 (ニンニク)/ 蒜	Nin'niku/ Hiru
Noun-Food	Garlicy	ガーリック (な)	Gārikku (na)
Noun-Food	Garlic paste	ニンニクペースト/ ニンニクのペースト	Nin'nikupēsuto/ Nin'niku no pēsuto
Noun-Food	Garlic string	ニンニクの紐	Nin'niku no himo
Noun-Food	Clove of garlic	ニンニクのかけら	Ninniku no kakera
Noun-Food	Grapes	葡萄 (ブドウ)	Budo
Noun-Food	Honey	蜂蜜 (はち蜜)/ ハニー	Hachimitsu/ Hanī
Noun-Food	Italian spices (italian seasoning)	イタリアンスパイス (イタリアンシーズニング)	Itariansupaisu (itarianshīzuningu)
Noun-Food	Laurel	ローレル	Rōreru
Noun-Food	Nutmeg	ナツメグ	Natsumegu
Noun-Food	Oil	油	Abura
Noun-Food	Oiled	油を塗った	Abura o nutta
Noun-Food	Olive oil	オリーブオイル/ オリーブ油/ 橄欖油	Orībuoiru/ Orību-yu/ Kanran-yu

Noun-Food	Onion	玉葱 (玉ねぎ/ タマネギ)	Tamanegi
Noun-Food	Potato	じゃがいも (じゃが芋)/ ポテト/ 芋	Jagaimo/ Poteto/ Imo
Noun-Food	Bagged potatoes	袋詰めジャガイモ	Fukuro-dzume jagaimo
Noun-Food	Pumpkin	かぼちゃ (南瓜)	Kabocha
Noun-Food	Gourd	ひょうたん (瓢箪)	Hyōtan
Noun-Food	Radish	ラディッシュ/ 大根 (だいこん) * (sometimes it may be wise to make a distinction between the katakana word and the kanji/ hiragana word because in this example the first is the western small radish and the other is the traditional Japanese white radish)	Radisshu/ Daikon
Noun-Food	Raisins	レーズン	Rēzun
Noun-Food	Raspberry	ラズベリー	Razuberī
Noun-Food	Rosemary	マンネンロウ (迷迭香)/ ローズマリー	Man'nenrou (mannen rō)/ Rōzumarī
Noun-Food	Saffron	サフラン	Safuran * (from Dutch; Flemish “saffraan”)
Noun-Food	Strawberry	苺 (いちご)/ ストロベリー	Ichigo/ Sutoroberī
Noun-Food	Syrup	シロップ	Shiroppu
Noun-Food	Sweet potato	スイートポテト/ さつまいも (薩摩芋/ 甘薯/ 甘藷/ サツマイモ)	Suītopoteto/ Satsumaimo
Noun-Food	Thyme	立麝香草/ タイム	Tachijakōsō/ Taimu
Noun-Food	Turmeric	うこん (鬱金)/ ターメリック	Ukon / Tāmerikku
Noun-Food	Vinegar	お酢/ 食酢/ ヴィネーグル	o Su/ Shokusu/ Vu~inēguru * (from French “vinaigre”)
Noun-Food	Apple cider vinegar	リンゴ酢 (りんご酢/ 林檎酢)/ アップルサイダービネガー	Ringo su/ Appurusaidābinegā
Noun-Food	Nut (nuts)	果実/ 実/ 木の实 * (fruit of a tree, often just referred to as nuts)/ ナット (ナッツ)	Kajitsu/ Mi/ Konomi/ Natto (nattsu)
Noun-Food	Seed (seeds)	種/ 種子/ 実/ シード (種)	Tane/ Shushi/ Mi/ Shīdo (tane)
Noun-Food	Almonds	扁桃/ アーモンド	Hentō/ Āmondo
Noun-Food	Beans	豆 (まめ)	Mame
Noun-Food	Brown beans	茶色の豆	Chairo no mame
Noun-Food	Cashew nut (cashews)	カシューナッツナッツ (カシューナッツ)	Kashu-nattsu nattsu (kashu-nattsu)
Noun-Food	Pecans	ピーカン (ペカン)	Pīkan (pekan)
Noun-Food	Poppy seed	ケシの実/ 芥子粒/ ポピーシード	Keshinomi/ Keshitsubu/ Popīshīdo
Noun-Food	Sesame seeds	ゴマ	Goma
Noun-Food	Sunflower seeds	ヒマワリの種/ ヒマワリの種子/ ヒマワリ種子/ ヒマワリ種/ ヒマワリの実/ ヒマワリシード	Himawari no tane/ Himawari no shushi/ Himawari shushi/ Himawari tane/ Himawari no mi/ Himawarishīdo
Noun-Food	Walnuts	胡桃 (クルミ)/ ウォールナット	Kurumi/ U~ōrunatto
Noun-Food	Fresh water	淡水/ 真水 (の)/ 新鮮な水	Tansui/ Mamizu (no)/ Shinsen'na mizu
Noun-Food	Juice (sap)	汁 (液) (しる/ つゆ)/ ジュース	Shiru (shiru/ tsuyu)/ Jūsu

Noun-Food	Apple juice	リンゴジュース (林檎ジュース)/ アップルジュース	Ringojūsu/ Appurujūsu
Noun-Food	Fruit juice	フルーツジュース/ 果汁	Furūtsujūsu/ Kajū
Noun-Food	Coca cola	コカコーラ	Kokakōra
Noun-Food	Ice cream	アイスクリーム/ クリーム/ アイス/ 冷菓	Aisukurīmu/ Kurīmu * (abbreviation)/ Aisu * (abbreviation)/ Reika * (frozen dessert, ie. ice cream)
Noun-Food	Lemonade	レモネード	Remonēdo
Noun-Food	Milk (ie. cow milk)	牛乳 (牛乳)	Gyūnyū (gyūnyū)
Noun-Food	Milkshake	ミルクセーキ	Mirukusēki
Noun-Food	Mineral water	ミネラルウォーター	Mineraruu~ōtā
Noun-Food	Orange juice	オレンジジュース/ オレンジ果汁	Orenjijūsu/ Orenji kajū
Noun-Food	Salt water	塩水/ 鹹水/ 汽水/ 半塩水/ 半鹹水	Ensui/ Kansui/ Kisui/ Han'ensui/ Han kansui
Noun-Food	Soda (soft drink)	ソーダ (ソフトドリンク/ 清涼飲料/ 清涼飲料水)	Sōda (Sofutodorinku/ Seiryō inryō/ Seiryōinryōsui)
Noun-Food	Sparkling water	炭酸水/ スパークリングウォーター	Tansan mizu/ Supākuringuu~ōtā
Noun-Food	Champagne	シャンパン	Shanpan
Noun-Food	Whiskey	ウイスキー	U~isukī
Noun-Food	Yoghurt (i.e. kefir)	ヨーグルト/ 発酵乳 (ケフィア, など)	Yōguruto/ Hakkō ni ~yuu (kefia, nado)
Noun-Food	Banquet	宴会/ 晩餐会/ 宴 (うたげ)/ バンケット	Enkai/ Bansan-kai/ Utage (uta-ge)/ Banketto
Noun-Food	Comfort food	食べるとホッとする料理	Taberu to hottosuru ryōri
Noun-Food	Cooking classes (cooking lessons)	料理教室/ クッキング教室/ クッキングクラス/ 料理授業/ 料理課 (料理教室)	Ryōri kyōshitsu/ Kukkingu kyōshitsu/ Kukkingu kurasu/ Ryōri jugyō/ Ryōri-ka (ryōri kyōshitsu)
Noun-Food	Foodscene	フードシーン	Fūdoshin
Noun-Food	Menu (the menu, ie. for ordering food and drink)	メニュー/ 献立/ 献立表 (食べ物や飲み物を注文するための メニュー)	Menyū/ Kondate/ Kondateomote (tabemono ya nomimono o chūmon suru tame no menyū)
Noun-Food	Specialty (famous product)	名物	Meibutsu
Noun-Food	Recommendation (ie. of food or drink)	お勧め (おすすめ) (する)/ 推薦 (する) (つまり, 食べ物や飲み物)	Osusume (suru)/ Suisen (suru) (tsumari, tabemono ya nomimono)
Noun-Food	Apple pie	アップルパイ/ りんごパイ (林檎パイ)	Appurupai/ Ringo pai
Noun-Food	Barbeque (BBQ)	バーベキュー (バーベキュー)	Bābekyū (bābekyū)
Noun-Food	Beef (cow meat)	牛肉/ ビーフ (牛の肉)	Gyūniku/ Bīfu (ushi no niku)
Noun-Food	Dried beef	干し牛肉	Hoshi gyūniku
Noun-Food	Cake (Pie)	ケーキ (パイ)	Kēki (pai)
Noun-Food	Birthday cake	誕生日ケーキ	Tanjōbi kēki
Noun-Food	Icing (glaze)	アイシング (釉薬)	aishingu (yuuyaku)
Noun-Food	Cake icing	ケーキのアイシング	keeki no aishingu
Noun-Food	Chocolate cake	チョコケーキ	chokoakeeki
Noun-Food	Piece of cake	一切れのケーキ	Hitokire no kēki
Noun-Food	Chicken breast	鶏の胸肉	niwatori no mune niku
Noun-Food	Chicken fillet	チキンフィレ	Chikinfire

Noun-Food	Chicken meat (poultry)	鶏肉 (鶏肉)	Toriniku (toriniku)
Noun-Food	Chicken wing	手羽先	tebasaki
Noun-Food	Chips (crisps)	チップス (ポテトチップス)	Chippusu (potetochippusu)
Noun-Food	Chowder	チャウダー	Chaudā * (chowder/ food, cooking)
Noun-Food	Cookie	クッキー/ ビスケット	Kukkī/ Bisuketto
Noun-Food	Doner kebab	ドネルケバブ	Donerukebabu
Noun-Food	Donut (bagel)	ドーナツ (ベーグル)	Dōnatsu (bēguru)
Noun-Food	Evening snack	夜食	Yashoku
Noun-Food	Fast food (junk food)	ファーストフード (ジャンクフード)	Fāsuto fūdo (janku fūdo)
Noun-Food	French fries	フライドポテト	Furaidopoteto
Noun-Food	Fries	フライドポテト	Furaidopoteto
Noun-Food	French fries with mayonnaise (fries with mayonnaise)	フライドポテトマヨネーズ (フライドポテトマヨネーズ)	Furaidopotetomayonēzu (furaidopotetomayonēzu)
Noun-Food	Grill (the grill)	グリル (グリル)	Guriru (guriru)
Noun-Food	Hamburger	ハンバーガー	Hanbāgā
Noun-Food	Hotdog	ホットドッグ	Hotto doggu
Noun-Food	Lamb meat (mutton)	ラム肉/ 羊肉 (羊肉/ マトン)	Ramu niku/ Yōniku (Yōniku/ Maton)
Noun-Food	Lamb stew	ラムシチュー/ 子羊の煮込み	Ramushichū/ Kohitsuji no nikomi
Noun-Food	Local specialty	ご当地名物	Gotōji meibutsu
Noun-Food	Onion rings	オニオンリング	Onionringu
Noun-Food	Pancake	パンケーキ/ お好み焼き (お好み焼/ 御好み焼き/ 御好み焼)	Pankēki/ Okonomiyaki * (Traditional Japanese pancake)
Noun-Food	Pastry	ペストリー	Pesutorī
Noun-Food	Pizza	ピザ	piza
Noun-Food	Pizza slice	ピザのスライス	Piza no suraisu
Noun-Food	Pork	豚肉	butaniku
Noun-Food	Pork meat	豚肉	Butaniku
Noun-Food	Pretzel	プレッツェル	Purettsu~eru
Noun-Food	Ready meal	出来合いの食事	Dekiai no shokuji
Noun-Food	Roasted	ロースト	Rōsuto
Noun-Food	Roast lamb	ローストラム	Rōsutoramu
Noun-Food	Roasted chicken	ローストチキン/ 焼き鳥/ 焼きチキン	Rōsutochikin/ Yakitori * (ie. roasted chicken skewers, Japanese dish)/ Yaki chikin
Noun-Food	Sausage	ソーセージ	Sōsēji
Noun-Food	Shoarma	ショアルマ	Shōaruma
Noun-Food	Sliced meat	薄切り肉	Usugiri niku
Noun-Food	Steak (ie. beefsteak)	ステーキ (ビフテキ/ ビーフステーキ/ 牛もも肉 (牛腿肉/ 牛もも肉/ うしももにく/ うしももにく))	Sutēki (Bifuteki/ Bīfusutēki/ Ushi momoniku)
Noun-Food	Street food	屋台の食べ物/ 屋台料理/ ストリートフード	Yatai no tabemono/ Yatai ryōri/ Sutorītofūdo
Noun-Food	Traditional dish	伝統料理	Dentō ryōri
Noun-Food	Venison	鹿肉	Rokuniku

Vocabulary List - People & Family

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Noun-Far	Family (Relatives)	家族/ 一族	Kazoku/ Ichizoku
Noun-Far	Relatives	親族	Shinzoku
Noun-Far	Bloodline	血統	Kettou
Noun-Far	Household	家庭/ 世帯/ 家 (いえ)	Katei/ Setai/ Ie
Noun-Far	Father	お父さん	Otōsan
Noun-Far	Mother	母親	Hahaoya
Noun-Far	Husband	夫 (おと)/ 主人	Otto/ Shujin
Noun-Far	Wife	妻 (つま)	Tsuma
Noun-Far	Husband & Wife	夫と妻/ 夫婦	Otto to tsuma/ Fūfu * (married couple; husband and wife; man and wife)
Noun-Far	Parents	両親	Ryōshin
Noun-Far	Grandparents	祖父母	Sofubo
Noun-Far	Parenthood	子持ち/ 親子関係	Komochi/ Oyako kankei
Noun-Far	Baby	赤ちゃん/ ベイビー	Akachan/ Beibī
Noun-Far	Child (children)	子 (こ)/ 子供 (子供/ 子供達)	Ko/ Kodomo (kodomo/ kodomodachi)
Noun-Far	Childhood	子供時代	kodomo jidai
Noun-Far	Son and daughter	息子と娘	Musuko to musume
Noun-Far	Firstborn	長子	Chōshi
Noun-Far	Son	息子	Musuko
Noun-Far	Aunt	叔母	Oba
Noun-Far	Brother	兄弟	Kyōdai
Noun-Far	Daughter	娘 (むすめ)	Musume
Noun-Far	Grandma	お婆ちゃん (おばあちゃん)	Obachan
Noun-Far	Grandpa	お爺ちゃん (おじいちゃん)	Ojīchan
Noun-Far	In law (ie. brother in law)	義理の両親 (義理の兄弟)	Giri no ryōshin (Giri no kyōdai)
Noun-Far	Nephew	甥	Oi
Noun-Far	Niece	姪	Mei
Noun-Far	Older brother	兄/ (お) 兄さん	Ani/ (O) Nīsan * (polite/ respectful)
Noun-Far	Older sister	姉/ (お) 姉さん	Ane/ (o) Nēsan * (polite/ respectful)
Noun-Far	Sister	妹/ シスター	Imōto/ Shisutā
Noun-Far	Step child	継子	Mamako
Noun-Far	Uncle	叔父さん (伯父さん/ おじさん)	Ojisan
Noun-Far	Younger brother	弟/ 弟さん	Otōto/ Otōto-san * (polite/ respectful)
Noun-Far	Younger sister	妹/ 妹さん	Imōto/ Imōto-san * (polite/ respectful)
Noun-Far	The cousin of his brother (his brother's cousin)	兄のいとこ (兄の従兄弟)	Ani no itoko
Noun-Far	The eldest daughter	長女	Chōjo
Noun-Far	The youngest child	末っ子/ 最年少の子/ 最も若い子	Suekko/ Sainenshō no ko/ Mottomo wakai ko
Noun-Far	The youngest son	末男/ 一番年下の息子/ 最年少の息子/ 最も若い息子	Sueo/ Ichiban toshishita no musuko/ Sainenshō no musuko/ Mottomo wakai musuko
Noun-Far	Brotherhood	兄弟愛/ 博愛 (の)/ 同胞愛	Kyōdai ai/ Hakuai (no)/ Dōhō ai
Noun-Far	Siblings	兄弟	Kyōdai

Noun-Far	Foster parent	里親	Satooya
Noun-Far	Parenting	子育て	Kosodate
Noun-Pec	Man (male)	男/ 男性	Otoko/ Dansei
Noun-Pec	Woman (female)	女/ 女性	On'na/ Josei
Noun-Pec	Male	男	Otoko
Noun-Pec	Female	女性	Josei
Noun-Pec	Gender	性別	Seibetsu
Noun-Pec	Boy	男の子/ 少年/ 男子/ 坊や/ 坊ちゃん/ 小僧/ ボーイ	Otokonoko (otoko no ko)/ Shōnen * (boy; juvenile; young boy; youth; lad)/ Danshi * (can mean 'boy' but can also mean 'man; male')/ Bōya * (boy; son; child; familiar language)/ Botchan * ((another's) son; boy; young master; honorific or respectful (sonkeigo) language)/ Kozō * (youngster; boy; kid; brat)/ Bōi
Noun-Pec	Girl	女の子/ 少女/ 女子/ 女兒/ 娘 (むすめ)/ ガール	On'nanoko (on'na no ko)/ Shōjo * (girl (usu. between 7 and 17); young lady)/ Joshi * (woman; girl)/ Joji * (girl; baby girl)/ Musume * (typically means 'daughter', but can also mean 'girl (i.e. a young, unmarried woman)')/ Gāru
Noun-Pec	Adult	大人 (の/ な)/ アダルト	Otona (no/ na)/ Adaruto
Noun-Pec	Adulthood	成人期	seijin ki
Noun-Pec	Boyfriend	彼氏/ 恋人/ 彼/ 男/ ボーイフレンド	Kareshi/ Koibito/ Kare/ Otoko/ Bōifurendo
Noun-Pec	Elder	長老 (の)	Chōrō (no)
Noun-Pec	Eldest	最年長 (の)/ 長老 (の)	Sainenchō (no)/ Chōrō (no)
Noun-Pec	Respect for the elderly	敬老/ 高齢者への敬意/ 高齢者を尊重/ 年寄りに恭敬/ より年輩に対して尊敬/ 年配の方々に敬意	Keirō/ Kōrei-sha e no keii/ Kōrei-sha o sonchō/ Toshiyori ni kugyō/ Yori nenpai ni taishite sonkei/ Nenpai no katagata ni keii
Noun-Pec	Ex boyfriend (ex girlfriend)	元彼氏/ 元彼 (元カレ)/ 前彼 (前カレ)/ 元ボーイフレンド/ 元のボーイフレンド/ 前ボーイフレンド (元彼女/ 前カノ/ 元カノ (元かの)/ 元ガールフレンド/ 元のガールフレンド/ 前ガールフレンド)	Moto kareshi/ Motokare/ Maekare/ Moto bōifurendo/ Moto no bōifurendo/ Mae bōifurendo (Motokanojo/ Mae kano/ Moto kano/ Moto gārufurendo/ Moto no gārufurendo/ Mae no gārufurendo)
Noun-Pec	Girlfriend	彼女/ 恋人/ 彼女/ 女/ ガールフレンド	Kanojo/ Koibito/ Kanojo/ On'na/ Gārufurendo
Noun-Pec	One's youth (early life)	若い頃	Wakai koro
Noun-Pec	Peers	仲間	Nakama
Noun-Pec	Prime years	全盛期	Zenseiki
Noun-Pec	Rebellious period (rebellious age)	反抗期	Hankō-ki

Noun-Pec	Sweetheart	恋人/ 意中の人/ 思い者/ 想い人 (思い人)/ 情人/ 彼女/ スイートハート (スウィートハート)/ ハーニー	Koibito/ Ichū no hito/ Omoi-sha/ Omoi hito/ Jōnin/ Kanojo * (she; her, also used to refer to a lover or someone dear to you)/ Suītohāto (suu~ītohāto)/ Hānī
Noun-Pec	Teenager	ティーンエイジャー	Tīn'eijā
Noun-Pec	Teen (teens)	ティーン (十代)	Tīn (jūdai)
Noun-Pec	Teen years	十代 (10代)	Jūdai (10-dai)
Noun-Pec	Young people (youth)	若者	Wakamono
Noun-Pec	Person	人/ 屋	Hito * (Jin)/ Ya * (means 'shop', but can also be 'someone with a (certain) personality trait')
Noun-Pec	People	人々	Hitobito
Noun-Pec	Individual (private person; personal; private)	個人	Kojin
Noun-Pec	Public (the public)	公衆 (一般大衆)	Kōshū (ippan taishū)
Noun-Pec	Audience	観客/ 聴衆	Kankyaku/ Chōshū
Noun-Pec	Target audience	対象者/ 対象者層/ ターゲット層/ ターゲットオーディエンス/ 対象顧客層/ 読者層	Taishō-sha/ Taishō-sha-sō/ Tāgetto-sō * (target demographic; target audience)/ Tāgettoōdiensu/ Taishō kokyaku-sō * (target demographic; target audience)/ Dokusha-sō * (readership; target audience (of a magazine))
Noun-Pec	Crowd	群衆/ 群集 (群聚) (する)/ 群れ/ 人出/ 人だかり (人集り/ ひとだかり)/ 群/ 塊 (固まり/ かたまり)/ 大勢 (大ぜい/ たいぜい)/ 一群/ 人ごみ (人込み/ ひとごみ/ 人混み/ 人込)	Gunshū (suru)/ Mure/ Hitode/ Hitodakari/ Gun/ Katamari/ Taisei/ Ichigun/ Hitogomi
Noun-Pec	Folk (folks)	人々 (人々)	Hitobito (hitobito)
Noun-Pec	Group (Team)	グループ/ 集団/ 群れ/ 群/ 班/ 団体 (チーム)	Gurūpu/ Shūdan/ Mure/ Gun/ Han/ Dantai (Chīmu)
Noun-Pec	Majority	多数派	Tasū-ha
Noun-Pec	Minority	少数派	Shōsū-ha
Noun-Pec	Clique	徒党	Totō
Noun-Pec	Horde	大群/ 群衆 (ぐんしゅ)/ ホルド	Taigun/ Gunshū/ Horudo
Noun-Pec	Mob	暴徒	Bōto
Noun-Pec	Multitude	群衆	Gunshū
Noun-Pec	Throng	群衆	Gunshū
Noun-Pec	Neighbour (neighbor)	隣人 (の)/ 隣 (隣り/ 鄰) (の)	Rinjin (no)/ Tonari (no)
Noun-Pec	Race (kind)	種族 (種類)	Shuzoku (shurui)
Noun-Pec	Character (Person)	人物/ キャラクター	Jinbutsu/ Kyarakutā
Noun-Pec	Human	人間/ 人々 (人びと/ 人人)	Ningen/ Hitobito
Noun-Pec	Human being	人間/ 人類	Ningen/ Jinrui
Noun-Pec	Humanity	人類	Jinrui
Noun-Pec	Mankind (humankind)	人類 (人類)	jinrui (jinrui)
Noun-Pec	Dweller	住人	Jūnin
Noun-Pec	Citizen	市民	Shimin
Noun-Pec	Civilian	民間人	Minkan jin
Noun-Pec	Inhabitant (resident; citizen)	住民/ 住人 (居住者; 市民; 国民)	Jūmin/ Jūnin (Kyojū-sha; Shimin; Kokumin)

Noun-Pec	Resident	居住者	Kyojū-sha
Noun-Pec	Local residents	地域住民	Chiiki jūmin
Noun-Pec	Large number of people	大人数/ 大数の人	Daininzū/ Taisū no hito
Noun-Pec	Overcrowding (congestion; overpopulation)	過密 (な)/ 過密状態	Kamitsu (na)/ Kamitsu jōtai
Noun-Pec	Overpopulation (surplus population)	過剰人口/ 人口過多/ 人口過剰	Kajō jinkō/ Jinkōkata/ Jinkō kajō
Noun-Pec	Population (number of people)	人口/ 人頭/ ポピュレーション	Jinkō/ Jintō/ Popyurēshon
Noun-Pec	This person	この人	Kono hito
Noun-Pec	That person	あの人	Ano hito
Noun-Pec	The person over there	あそこにいる人	Asoko ni iru hito
Noun-Pec	Other person	他の人/ 他人	Hokanohito/ Tanin
Noun-Pec	Same person (the same person)	同一人物 (同一人物)	Dōitsujinbutsu (dōitsujinbutsu)
Noun-Pec	Someone else (somebody else)	他の誰か (他の誰か)	Hoka no dareka (hoka no dareka)
Noun-Pec	Small number of people	小人数/ 少数の人	Ko ninzū/ Shōsū no hito
Noun-Pec	Morning person (a morning person)	朝型の人	Asagata no hito
Noun-Pec	Evening person (an evening person)	夕方の人	Yūgata no hito
Noun-Pec	Night person	夜型人間	Yagata ningan
Noun-Bod	Body	体	Karada (Tai)
Noun-Bod	Body part	体の部分	Karada no bubun
Noun-Bod	Heart (the heart)	心臓 (心臓)	Shinzō (shinzō)
Noun-Bod	Immune system	免疫システム	Men'eki shisutemu
Noun-Bod	Naked (nude)	裸 (はだか) (ヌード)	Hadaka (wada ka) (nūdo)
Noun-Bod	Head	頭	Atama
Noun-Bod	Bald head	はげ頭/ やかん頭 (薬缶頭/ 薬罐頭/ 薬罐頭/ やかんあたま)	Hageatama/ Yakan atama
Noun-Bod	Bald	禿 (禿げ/ はげ/ ハゲ)/ 禿げた	Hage/ Hageta
Noun-Bod	Forehead	額 (がく)	Gaku
Noun-Bod	Face (the face)	顔 (顔)	Kao (kao)
Noun-Bod	Chin (the chin)	あご (あご)	Ago (ago)
Noun-Bod	Eyebrow (eyebrows)	アイブロウ (眉毛)	Aiburoo (mayuge)
Noun-Bod	Brains	頭脳/ 脳 (のう)/ ブレーン	Zunō/ Nō/ Burēn * (brains (of an operation); advisor; brain trust/ brain (organ))
Noun-Bod	Arms	腕	Ude
Noun-Bod	Armpit	脇の下	Wakinoshita
Noun-Bod	Artery	動脈	Dōmyaku
Noun-Bod	Vein (veins)	青筋/ 静脈 (静脈)	Aosuji/ Jōmyaku (jōmyaku)
Noun-Bod	Blood	血	Chi
Noun-Bod	Back (back of the body)	背中/ 腰 (こし)/ 後ろ/ バック (体の後ろ)	Senaka * (back (of the body))/ Koshi * (lower back; waist; hips; lumbar region)/ Ushiro * (back; behind; rear)/ Bakku (karada no ushiro)
Noun-Bod	Spine	背骨	Sebone
Noun-Bod	Beard (a beard)	あごひげ (顎髭) (あごひげ (顎髭))	Agohige (agohige)

Noun-Body	Moustache	口ひげ (口髭)	Kuchihige
Noun-Body	Goatee	あごひげ	Agohige
Noun-Body	Butt (buttocks; ass; behind)	お尻/ 太もも/ 穴 (あな/ けつ) (お尻; お尻; 穴 (あな/ けつ); 後ろ)	O Shiri * (bottom; buttocks; polite (teineigo) language)/ Futomomo * (thigh/ buttocks; arse; ass; butt)/ Ketsu (ketsu/ ana) * (ketsu - means 'ass; arse; buttocks', ana - with the same kanji means 'hole; opening; orifice; perforation') (o Shiri; o Shiri; Ketsu (ketsu/ ana); Ushiro)
Noun-Body	Chest	胸	Mune
Noun-Body	Dimples	ディンプル/ エクボ (笑窪)	Dinpuru/ Ekubo
Noun-Body	Ears	耳	Mimi
Noun-Body	Earlobe	耳朶	Mimitabu
Noun-Body	Eyes	目	Me
Noun-Body	Eye height (eye level)	目の高さ (目の高さ)	Me no taka-sa (me no taka-sa)
Noun-Body	Pupil (pupils)	瞳孔	Doukou
Noun-Body	Feet (foot)	足/ フィート	Ashi/ Fito
Noun-Body	Ankle (ankles)	足首 (足首)	Ashikubi (ashikubi)
Noun-Body	Footprint (footprints)	足形/ 足跡 (足あと)/ フットプリント	Ashigata/ Ashiato/ Futtoporinto
Noun-Body	Foot size	足のサイズ	Ashi no saizu
Noun-Body	Heel (heels)	かかと (かかと)	Kakato (kakato)
Noun-Body	Toe (toes)	つま先 (つま先)	Tsumasaki (tsumasaki)
Noun-Body	Tiptoe	つま先立ち	Tsumasakidachi
Noun-Body	Nail (nails)	爪 (爪)	tsume (tsume)
Noun-Body	Finger nails	フィンガーネイル	Fingāneiru
Noun-Body	Fingers	指	Yubi
Noun-Body	Forearm	前腕/ 前膊	Zenwan/ Zenhaku
Noun-Body	Hair	髪 (かみ)/ 毛 (け)/ 髪の毛	Kami/ Ke/ Kaminoke (kami no ke)
Noun-Body	Hairy	毛深い (毛ぶかい)/ 多毛 (の)	Kebukai/ Tamō (no)
Noun-Body	Curls (curly)	カール (巻き毛)	Kāru (makike)
Noun-Body	Grey hair	灰色の髪の毛	Haiiro no kaminoke
Noun-Body	Black hair	黒髪	Kurokami
Noun-Body	Blond (blonde)	金髪 (金髪)	Kinpatsu (kinpatsu)
Noun-Body	Blonde hair	金髪	Kinpatsu
Noun-Body	Brown hair	茶色の髪	Chairo no kami
Noun-Body	Chestnut hair	栗色の髪	Kuriiro no kami
Noun-Body	Wig (a wig)	かつら (髷)/ ウィッグ (かつら (髷))	Katsura/ U~iggu (katsura)
Noun-Body	Hands	手 (て)	Te
Noun-Body	Left hand	左手	Hidarite
Noun-Body	Right hand	右手	Migite
Noun-Body	Handedness	利き手	Kikite
Noun-Body	Left-handed	左利き	Hidarikiki
Noun-Body	Right-handed	右利き	Migikiki
Noun-Body	Genitals	性器	Seiki
Noun-Body	Hip (hips)	腰/ 腰部/ ヒップ (ヒップ)	Koshi/ Yōbu/ Hippi (hippu)
Noun-Body	Knee (knees)	膝 (膝)	Hiza (hiza)
Noun-Body	Knuckles	拳骨 (する)/ ナックルズ	Genkotsu (suru)/ Nakkuruzu
Noun-Body	Lap (my lap)	膝 (膝)	Hiza (hiza)

Noun-Body	Legs	足	Ashi
Noun-Body	Mouth	口	Guchi
Noun-Body	Nostrils	鼻の穴	Hana no ana
Noun-Body	Organ (organs)	臓器	Zōki
Noun-Body	Orifice	開口部	kaikou bu
Noun-Body	Saliva (spit)	唾液 (つば (唾))	Daeki (tsuba)
Noun-Body	Spit	唾 (つば)/ 吐 (は/ つ/ と)	Tsuba/ Wa (wa/ tsu/ to) * (spit, vomit, belch, confess, tell (lies))
Noun-Body	Teeth (tooth)	歯 (歯)	Ha (ha)
Noun-Body	Denture (dental)	入れ歯 (歯科)	Ireba (shika)
Noun-Body	Neck	首	Kubi
Noun-Body	Nose	鼻	Hana
Noun-Body	Ring finger	薬指	Kusuriyubi
Noun-Body	Shoulder	肩/ ショルダー	Kata/ Shorudā
Noun-Body	Skin	肌 (膚)/ 皮膚/ スキン	Hada/ Hifu/ Sukin
Noun-Body	Brown skin	茶色い肌	Chairoi hada
Noun-Body	Pale skin	青白い肌	Aojiroi hada
Noun-Body	Smooth skin	すべすべの肌	subesube no hada
Noun-Body	Stomach	お腹	Onaka
Noun-Body	Belly	腹	
Noun-Body	Digestion	消化 (する)	Shōka (suru)
Noun-Body	Gut (guts)	根性	Konjō
Noun-Body	Intestines	腸	Chō
Noun-Body	Nerves	神経質	Shinkeishitsu
Noun-Body	Soft tissue	軟組織	nankiniku
Noun-Body	Tears	涙 (泪/ 涕) * (ie. 感涙 (する))	Namida* (ie. Kanrui (suru) - tears (from being deeply moved); tears of gratitude)
Noun-Body	Cry (the cry; cries)	泣く (叫び; 叫び)	naku (sakebi; sakebi)
Noun-Body	Throat	喉	Nodo
Noun-Body	Tongue	舌	Shita
Noun-Body	Lung (lungs)	肺 (肺)	Hai (hai)
Noun-Body	Upper arm	上腕/ 上膊/ アッパーアーム	Jōwan/ Jōhaku/ Appāamu
Noun-Body	Waist	腰/ 腰部/ ウエスト	Koshi/ Yōbu/ Uesuto
Noun-Body	Wrists	手首/ リスト	Tekubi/ Risuto
Noun-Body	Flick of the wrist	手首のフリック	Tekubi no furikku
Noun-Body	Sweat (perspiration)	汗 (汗)	ase (ase)
Noun-Body	Cold sweat	冷や汗 (冷汗)	Hiyaase
Noun-Body	Crystalline lens (of the eye)	水晶体	Suishō-tai
Noun-Body	Breath	息 (いき)/ 呼吸/ 息吹/ 一息	Iki * (breath; breathing)/ Kokyuu (suru) * (breathing; respiration)/ Ibuki * (breath/ sign (of something new and fresh); breath (of spring, fresh air, etc.); vitality * (poetical term))/ Hitoiki * (one breath/ pause; break; rest; breather/ time of one breath/ (doing in) one go; doing without stopping/ small amount of effort; a little more effort)
Noun-Body	Bad breath	口臭	Kōshū
Noun-Body	Heavy breath	荒い息	arai iki

Noun-Body	Respiration (breathing)	呼吸 (する)/ 息遣い (息づかい/ いきづかい) (呼吸 (する)/ 息 (いき) (する)/ 氣息/ 息吹/ ブレス (する))	Kokyū (suru)/ Ikidzukai (Kokyū (suru)/ Iki (suru)/ Kisoku/ Ibuki/ Buresu (suru))
Noun-Body	Short of breath	息切れ/ 息苦しい	Ikigire/ Ikigurushī
Noun-Body	Sigh (a sigh)	ため息 (溜息/ 溜め息/ ためいき)/ 吐息 (ため息)/ 嘆 (たん)	Tameiki/ Toiki/ Tan
Noun-Body	Sigh of relief	安堵のため息	Ando no tameiki
Noun-Body	Upswept hairstyle	アップ (する)	Appu (suru)
Noun-Body	Flesh	肉	Niku
Noun-Body	Bone (bones)	骨 (骨/ ほね)	Hone (hone)
Noun-Body	Skeletal	骨格	Kokkaku
Noun-Body	Skeleton	骨 (こつ/ コツ)/ 骸骨 (ガイコツ)/ スケルトン	Kotsu/ Gaikotsu/ Sukeruton
Noun-Body	Skull	頭蓋骨/ 頭骨	Zugaikotsu/ Tōkotsu
Noun-Body	Bowels	腸	Chō
Noun-Body	Intestines	腸	Chō
Noun-Body	Cell (cells)	細胞 (細胞)	Saibō (saibō)
Noun-Body	Body cells	体の細胞	Karada no saibō
Noun-Body	Corpse (dead body)	死体/ 軀 (骸/ 身/ むくろ)/ 死人/ 遺体/ 亡骸/ 死屍/ 屍 (尸)/ 死骸 (死がい/ しがい)/ 遺骸 (ゆいがい)/ コーパス	Shitai/ Mukuro/ Shinin/ Itai/ Nakigara/ Shishi/ Shikabane/ Shigai/ Igai/ Kōpusu
Noun-Body	Alive (being alive; life)	生きている/ アライブ/ 健在 (な) (生きている; 命)	Ikite iru/ Araibu/ Kenzai (na) * (in good health; alive and well; going strong) (ikite iru; inochi)
Noun-Body	Living (alive)	生きる/ アライブ (する) (生きている)	Ikiru/ Araibu (suru) (Ikite iru)
Noun-Body	Dead	死/ 亡き/ 仏 (佛/ 僵/ ほとけ)/ 死んだ/ 死んでいる/ 枯れた/ デッド	Shi/ Naki/ Hotoke/ Shinda/ Shinde iru/ Kareta/ Deddo
Noun-Country	England (United Kingdom)	英国/ イングランド/ 英吉利 (イギリス)	Ei koku/ Ingurando/ Igrisu * (From Portuguese “Inglez, Inglês”)
Noun-Country	China	中国	Chūgoku
Noun-Country	Holland (the Netherlands)	オランダ (オランダ; 阿蘭陀/ 和蘭/ 蘭)	Oranda (oranda; waran; ran * (abbreviation))
Noun-Country	France	フランス (仏蘭西)	Furansu
Noun-Country	Japan	日本	Nihon
Noun-Country	Russia	ロシア (露西亜)	Roshia
Noun-Country	Spain	スペイン (西班牙)	Supein
Noun-Country	Thailand	タイ (泰)	Tai
Noun-Country	Africa	アフリカ (阿弗利加)	Afurika
Noun-Country	Asia	アジア (亜細亜)/ 東洋	Ajia/ Tōyō * (the East; the Orient; (East) Asia)
Noun-Country	Australia	オーストラリア (濠太刺利)/ 豪 (ごう)/ 豪州	Ōsutoraria/ Gō/ Gōshū
Noun-Country	Europe	ヨーロッパ (欧羅巴)/ 欧州	Yōroppa/ Ōshū
Noun-Country	Middle east	中東	chūto

Noun-Cou	America (the USA; the United States)	アメリカ (亜米利加)/ 米国 (べいこく)/ 米 (べい) (アメリカ; 米国)	Amerika/ Beikoku/ Bei (Amerika; Beikoku)
Noun-Cou	North America	北アメリカ/ 北米	Kitaamerika/ Hokubei
Noun-Cou	South America	南アメリカ/ 南米	Minami Amerika/ Nanbei
Noun-Cou	The West (Western countries)	西洋/ 欧米 (欧米諸国/ 西側諸国)	Seiyō/ Ōbei (Ōbei shokoku/ Nishigawa shokoku)
Noun-Cou	Equator	赤道	Sekidō
Noun-Cou	Hemisphere	半球	hankyuu
Noun-Cou	Meridian (meridian line)	子午線/ 経線/ メリディアン (子午線)	Shigosen/ Keisen/ Meridian (shigosen)
Noun-Cou	North pole	北極/ 極北/ 北極点	Hokkyoku/ Kyokuhoku/ Hokkyokuten
Noun-Cou	South pole	南極/ 南極点	Nankyoku/ Nankyoku-ten
Noun-Cou	Northern light	北極光	Hokkyokukō
Noun-Cou	Country of Holland	オランダの国/ オランダ国	Oranda no kuni/ Oranda kuni
Noun-Cou	Country of France	フランスの国/ フランス国	Furansu no kuni/ Furansu kuni
Noun-Cou	Country of Spain	スペインの国/ スペイン国	Supein no kuni/ Supein kuni
Noun-Lar	Language	言語/ 言葉/ 語 (ご)/ ランゲージ	Gengo/ Kotoba/ Go/ Rangēji
Noun-Lar	Language lessons (language course)	語学レッスン/ 語レッスン/ 語講座/ 言語レッスン/ 言語学習のレッスン (語学コース)	Gogaku ressun/ Go ressun/ Gokōza/ Gengo ressun/ Gengo gakushū no ressun (gogaku kōsu)
Noun-Lar	Colloquial language (spoken language)	口語 (話し言葉/ 会話言語)	Kōgo (hanashikotoba/ kaiwa gengo)
Noun-Lar	Dialect	方言	Hōgen
Noun-Lar	Mother tongue	母国語/ 国語	Haha kokugo/ Kokugo
Noun-Lar	National language	国語/ 国籍言語	Kokugo/ Kokuseki gengo
Noun-Lar	Sign language	手話/ 指話法/ サインレンゲージ	Shuwa/ Shiwahō/ Sainrengēji
Noun-Lar	Body language	ボディランゲージ	bodiranguēji
Noun-Lar	Common language	共通語/ 共通言語/ 共通の言葉	Kyōtsū-go/ Kyōtsū gengo/ Kyōtsū no kotoba
Noun-Lar	Gross language	下品な言葉	Gehin na kotoba
Noun-Lar	English	英語	Eigo
Noun-Lar	Chinese	中国語	Chūgokugo
Noun-Lar	Dutch	オランダ語	Oranda-go
Noun-Lar	French	フランス語	Furansugo
Noun-Lar	Japanese	日本語	Nihongo
Noun-Lar	Russian	ロシア語	Roshiago
Noun-Lar	Spanish	スペイン語	Supeingo
Noun-Lar	Thai	タイ語	Tai-go
Noun-Per	Englishman	英国人 (イギリス人)	Igirisu hito (igirisu jin)
Noun-Per	European	ヨーロッパ人	Yōroppa hito (yōroppa jin)
Noun-Per	American	アメリカ人	Amerikahito (amerika jin)
Noun-Per	Chinese person	中国人	Chūgokujin
Noun-Per	Dutchman	オランダ人	Oranda hito (oranda jin)
Noun-Per	Frenchman	フランス人	Furansuhito (furansu jin)
Noun-Per	Japanese person	日本人	Nihonjin

Noun-Pers	Russian person	ロシア人	Roshiahito (roshia jin)
Noun-Pers	Spanish person	スペイン人	Supeinhito (supein jin)
Noun-Pers	Thai person	タイ人	Tai hito (tai jin)
Noun-Pers	Customer	お客様/ 顧客	(O) Kyaku sama (Okyakusama)/ Kokyaku
Noun-Pers	Patron (patrons)	常連客 (常連客)	Jourenkyaku (jourenkyaku)
Noun-Pers	Regular customer (repeat customer; frequent visitor)	常連 (の)/ 常連客/ 得意先/ リピーター/ お得意さん/ お得意様 (お得意さま/ 御得意様)/ リピーター客	Jōren (no)/ Jōren kyaku/ Tokui-saki/ Ripītā/ Otokuisan/ Otokuisama/ Ripītā kyaku
Noun-Pers	Buyer (purchaser)	買い手 (買手)/ バイヤー/ 買い方 (買方)/ 買い主 (買主)/ 買い/ 購買者	Kaite/ Baiyā/ Kaikata/ Kainushi/ Kai/ Kōbai-sha
Noun-Pers	Potential buyers	潜在的な買い手	Senzai-tekina kaite
Noun-Pers	Seller (sales agency; vendor)	発売元/ 売り手 (売手)/ 販売者/ 売り方 (売方)/ 売り主 (売主)/ 受注者/ セラー/ 販売人	Hatsubai-moto/ Urite/ Hanbai-sha/ Urikata/ Urinushi/ Juchū-sha/ Serā/ Hanbai nin
Noun-Pers	Affiliate	関係先/ 加入者/ アフィリエイト	Kankei-saki/ Kanyū-sha/ Afirieito
Noun-Pers	Butcher	肉屋	Nikuya
Noun-Pers	Cashier	レジ係	Reji-gakari
Noun-Pers	Chemist	化学者/ 薬剤師/ ケミスト	Kagaku-sha/ Yakuzaishi/ Kemisuto
Noun-Pers	Grocer	食料品店/ 食料雑貨商人	Shokuryōhin-ten * ('ten' means shop but in this case it is also used as speaking about a person)/ Shokuryō zakka shōnin
Noun-Pers	Herbalist	薬草学者/ 本草家/ 薬草の専門家/ ハーバリスト	Yakusō gakusha/ Honzōka/ Yakusō no senmonka/ Hābarisuto
Noun-Pers	Mailman	郵便配達員	Yūbin haitatsuin
Noun-Pers	Overnight courier	翌日配達の家配便	Yokujitsu haitatsu no takuhaibin
Noun-Pers	Orderer (purchaser; customer)	発注者/ 注文者	Hatchū-sha/ Chūmon-sha
Noun-Pers	Partner	パートナー/ 提携 (する)	Pātonā/ Teikei (suru)
Noun-Pers	Partner in crime	犯罪のパートナー	Hanzai no pātonā
Noun-Pers	Purchaser (buyer)	購入者/ 購買層/ 買い方 (買方)/ 買い主 (買主)/ 発注者/ 注文者	Kōnyū-sha/ Kōbai-sō/ Kaikata/ Kainushi/ Hatchū- sha/ Chūmon-sha
Noun-Pers	Sales talent	営業人材/ 営業タレント	Eigyō jinzai/ Eigyō tarento
Noun-Pers	Seller and buyer (vendor and purchaser)	売主買主/ 売り手と買い手/ 買い手と売り手/ バイヤーおよび販売人	Urinushikainushi/ Urite to kaite/ Kaite to urite/ Baiyā oyobi hanbai nin
Noun-Pers	Smuggler (trader)	密輸船/ 売人	Mitsuyu-sen/ Bainin
Noun-Pers	Supplier (vendor)	仕入先 (仕入れ先)/ ベンダー/ 売り手 (売手)/ サプライヤー	Shiiresaki (shiire-saki)/ Bendā/ Urite/ Sapuraiyā
Noun-Pers	Third party	第三者	Dai-san sha
Noun-Pers	Dealer	ディーラー	Dīrā
Noun-Pers	Merchant (trader)	商人/ 商売人	Shōnin/ Shōbainin * (merchant; trader; shrewd businessman/ expert (in a trade or profession); professional)
Noun-Pers	Trader (dealer; businessperson)	業者/ 商人/ 貿易商/ トレーダー (ディーラー; 実業家)	Gyōsha/ Shōnin/ Bōekishou/ Torēdā (Dīrā * (dealer); Jitsugyōka * (businessman; entrepreneur; captain of industry))

Noun-Pec	Car dealer (car salesman)	カーディーラー/ 車のディーラー/ 車ディーラー (自動車販売員)	Kādīrā/ Kuruma no dīrā/ Kuruma dīrā (jidōsha hanbai-in)
Noun-Pec	Night owl	夜更かし (する)/ 夜更かし屋	Yofukashi (suru) * (staying up late; keeping late hours; sitting up late at night; nighthawk)/ Yofukashi-ya
Noun-Pec	Antagonist	敵対者	tekitaisha
Noun-Pec	Artist	アーティスト/ 美術家/ 芸術家/ 画家	Ātīsuto/ Bijutsuka/ Geijutsuka/ Gaka
Noun-Pec	Architect	建築家/ 建物家/ アーキテクト	Kenchiku ka/ Tatemono-ka/ Ākitekuto
Noun-Pec	Author	著者	Chosha
Noun-Pec	Champion	チャンピオン/ 優勝者	Chanpion/ Yūshō-sha
Noun-Pec	Complainer	文句を言う人/ 苦情を言う人	Monkuwoiu hito/ Kujō o iu hito
Noun-Pec	Construction worker (Builder)	建設労働者/ 土方 (どかた/ つちかた)/ エ手/ 人夫 (建築業者/ 工務店/ 作り手 (造り手/ つくりて)/ ビルダー)	Kensetsu rōdō-sha/ Dokata (tsuchikata) * (informal; sensitive use)/ Kōshu/ Ninpu * (informal; sensitive use) (Kenchiku gyōsha/ Kōmuten/ Tsukuri-te/ Birudā)
Noun-Pec	Craftsman (artisan)	職人/ 細工師/ 匠/ 工芸家/ エ人/ クラフトマン	Shokunin/ Saikushi/ Takumi/ Kōgei-ka/ Kō hito/ Kurafutoman
Noun-Pec	Creator (maker)	クリエイター (作り手)	kurieetaa (tsukurite)
Noun-Pec	Critic	評論家/ 批評家/ 評者/ 批判者/ クリティック	Hyōron-ka/ Hihyō-ka/ Hyōsha/ Hihan-sha/ Kuritikku
Noun-Pec	Cynic	皮肉屋	Hinikuya
Noun-Pec	Editor	編集者	Henshū-sha
Noun-Pec	Evaluator	評価者	Hyōka-sha
Noun-Pec	Factory worker	工場労働者	Kōjō rōdō-sha
Noun-Pec	Idealist	理想主義者	risō shugisha
Noun-Pec	Literalist	文字通りに解釈する	mojidōri ni kaishaku suru
Noun-Pec	Literary critic	文芸評論家	Bungei hyōron-ka
Noun-Pec	Reviewer (Approver)	審査者/ 評論家/ 校閲者/ 評者/ 査読者/ レビュアー/ 評価者 (承認者)	Shinsa-sha/ Hyōron-ka/ Kōetsu-sha/ Hyōsha/ Sadoku-sha/ Rebyuā/ Hyōka-sha (Shōnin-sha)
Noun-Pec	Designer	設計者/ デザイナー	Sekkei-sha/ Dezainā
Noun-Pec	Dreamer	ドリーマー	doriimaa
Noun-Pec	Objector	反対者	Hantaisha
Noun-Pec	Optimist	楽観主義者	Rakkan shugisha
Noun-Pec	Pessimist	悲観主義者	Hikan shugisha
Noun-Pec	Painter	画家/ 描き手	Gaka/ Kakite
Noun-Pec	Perfectionist	完璧主義者	Kanpeki shugisha
Noun-Pec	Practical thinker	実践的な思想家	Jissen-tekina shisōka
Noun-Pec	Pragmatist	現実主義者	Genjitsu shugisha
Noun-Pec	Publisher	出版社	Shubbansha
Noun-Pec	Realist	現実主義者	Genjitsu shugi-sha
Noun-Pec	Sculptor	彫刻家	Chōkoku-ka
Noun-Pec	Whiner	泣き言を言う人	Nakigotowoiu hito
Noun-Pec	Blacksmith (smith)	鍛冶屋/ 鍛冶	Kajiya/ Kaji (tan'ya)
Noun-Pec	Barbarian (savage)	野蛮人 (野蛮人)	Yaban hito (yaban hito)
Noun-Pec	Cartographer	地図製作者	chizu seisakusha
Noun-Pec	Fighter	戦士	Senshi

Noun-Pec	Hero	英雄/ 勇者/ 勇士/ 豪傑/ 丈夫/ 傑士/ ヒーロー	Eiyū/ Yūsha/ Yūshi/ Gōketsu/ Jōbu/ Kesshi/ Hīrō
Noun-Pec	Inquisitor	審問官	shinkōkan
Noun-Pec	Jeweller	宝石商	Hōsekishō
Noun-Pec	Knight	騎士/ ナイト	Kishi/ Naito
Noun-Pec	Mapmaker	地図製作者	chizu seisakusha
Noun-Pec	Nomad	遊牧民/ ノマド	Yūbokumin/ Nomado
Noun-Pec	Planner	計画者/ プランナー	Keikaku-sha/ Puran'nā
Noun-Pec	Savage	野蛮人	Yaban jin
Noun-Pec	Silversmith/ Goldsmith	シルバースミス/ ゴールドスミス	Shirubāsumisu/ Gōrudosumisu
Noun-Pec	Swashbuckler	海賊行為	Kaizoku kōi
Noun-Pec	Taskforce	タスクフォース	tasuku fōsu
Noun-Pec	Tester	テスター	Tesutā
Noun-Pec	Tough guy	タフガイ	Tafugai
Noun-Pec	Warrior (fighter)	戦士 (戦闘員/ 闘士/ ファイター)	Senshi (Sentō-in/ Tōshi/ Faitā)
Noun-Pec	Welder	溶接工	Yōsetsuku
Noun-Pec	Winner	勝者/ 勝利者/ 大当たり (する/ の)/ 優勝者/ 入選者/ ウイナー	Shōsha * (winner; victor)/ Shōri-sha * (winner; victor; conqueror)/ Ōatari (suru/ no) * (great success; big hit; smash hit; winner)/ Yūshō-sha * (champion; (first-prize) winner; victor; titleholder)/ Nyūsen-sha * (person whose work is selected for a prize, exhibition, etc.; winning candidate)/ Uinā * (winner)
Noun-Pec	Worker	ワーカー	Wākā
Noun-Pec	Workforce	労働力	roudouryoku
Noun-Pec	Writer	作家/ ライター	Sakka/ Raitā
Noun-Pec	Speech-writer	スピーチライター	Supīchi raitā
Noun-Pec	Antagonist	敵対者	Tekitaisha
Noun-Pec	Protagonist	主人公	Shujinkou
Noun-Pec	Positive person	前向きな人	Maemukina hito
Noun-Pec	Negative person	ネガティブな人	Negatibuna hito
Noun-Pec	Considerate person	思いやりのある人	Omoiyari no aru hito
Noun-Pec	Affectionate person	愛情深い人	Aijōbukai hito
Noun-Pec	Creative person	クリエイティブな人	Kurieitibuna hito
Noun-Pec	Dependent person	依存的な人	Izontekina hito
Noun-Pec	Passionate person	情熱的な人	Jōnetsuteki na hito
Noun-Pec	Policeman	警官/ 警察官/ 巡査	Keikan/ Keisatsukan/ Junsā
Noun-Pec	Police force	警察力	Keisatsu-ryoku
Noun-Pec	Police officer	警察官/ 警官/ 巡査/ お巡りさん (御巡りさん/ おまわりさん)	Keisatsukan/ Keikan/ Junsā/ Omawarisan (o Mawari san)
Noun-Pec	Local police officer (district police officer)	地元の警察官 (地区警察官)	Jimoto no keisatsukan (chiku keisatsukan)
Noun-Pec	Mounted police	騎馬警察	Kiba keisatsu
Noun-Pec	Secret police	秘密警察	Himitsu keisatsu
Noun-Pec	Cavalry	騎兵	Kiheī

Noun-Pec	Soldier	兵士/ 兵隊/ 戦士/ 軍人/ 兵 (へい)/ 兵 (つわもの)/ 軍卒/ 兵家/ 武弁/ 歩兵/ 兵卒/ 武人/ ソルジャー	Heishi * (soldier)/ Heitai * (soldier; sailor)/ Senshi * (soldier; combatant; warrior)/ Gunjin * (military personnel; soldier)/ Hei * ((common) soldier; rank and file)/ Tsuwa mono * (same kanji as 'hei', but different hiragana characters) * (soldier; warrior)/ Gunsotsu * (soldier/ literally means 'low-ranking soldier/ graduated soldier')/ Heika * (soldier; tactician; strategist)/ Buben * (soldier)/ Hohei * (infantry; infantryman; foot soldier)/ Heisotsu * (private (soldier); (common) soldier; ranks; rank and file)/ Bujin * (military man; warrior; soldier)/ Sorujā * (soldier)
Noun-Pec	Trained soldier	訓練された兵士/ 訓練を受けた兵士/ 訓練された軍人/ 訓練された戦士/ 訓練された兵隊/ 訓練された兵	Kunren sareta heishi/ Kunren o uketa heishi * (a soldier who has received training)/ Kunren sareta gunjin * (trained military personnel; trained soldier)/ Kunren sareta senshi * (trained soldier; trained combatant; trained warrior)/ Kunren sareta heitai * (trained soldier; trained sailor)/ Kunren sareta hei
Noun-Pec	Commando	コマンド/ 遊撃隊	Komando/ Yūgeki-tai * (commando unit)
Noun-Pec	Ace (an ace)	エース	Ēsu
Noun-Pec	Airforce	空軍/ 飛行隊/ エアフォース * (the Royal airforce, ie. British airforce: イギリス空軍)	Kūgun/ Hikō-tai/ Eafōsu * (the Royal airforce, ie. British airforce: Igrisu kūgun)
Noun-Pec	Army (military)	軍/ 軍隊/ 陸軍/ 軍事 (の)/ アーミー/ ミリタリー	Gun/ Guntai/ Rikugun/ Gunji (no)/ Āmī/ Miritarī
Noun-Pec	Military (the military)	軍事 (軍隊)	Gunji (guntai)
Noun-Pec	Army General (military general)	陸軍大将/ 軍の将軍/ 軍隊の将軍/ 陸軍の将軍/ アーミー将軍/ アーミーの将軍 (陸軍大将/ 軍事将軍/ ミリタリー将軍)	Rikugun taishō/ Gun no shōgun/ Guntai no shōgun/ Rikugun no shōgun/ Āmī shōgun/ Āmī no shōgun (rikugun taishō/ Gunji shōgun/ Miritarī shōgun)
Noun-Pec	Army Officer	陸軍将校	Rikugun shōkō
Noun-Pec	Army Sergeant	陸軍軍曹	Rikugun gunsō
Noun-Pec	Sergeant	軍曹	Gunsō
Noun-Pec	Army unit	陸軍部隊	Rikugun butai
Noun-Pec	Captain (Army captain)	大尉/ キャプテン (陸軍大尉/ 軍隊大尉/ 軍大尉)	Taii/ Kyaputen (Rikugun taii/ Guntai taii/ Gun taii)
Noun-Pec	Commander (overseer)	指揮官/ 将/ コマンダー (監督 (する/ の)/ 監督者/ 総理 (総理) (する))	Shikikan/ Shō/ Komandā (Kantoku (suru/ no)/ Kantoku-sha/ Sōri (suru))
Noun-Pec	Conscript	徴集兵	chōshū-hei
Noun-Pec	Controller	コントローラ/ 監督 (する/ の)/ 元締め/ 監事	Kontorōra/ Kantoku (suru/ no)/ Motojime * (manager; controller; administrator)/ Kanji * (auditor; controller; comptroller; Law term/ supervisor; inspector; manager)
Noun-Pec	Corps (the corps)	軍団 (軍団)	gundan (gundan)
Noun-Pec	Executioner	死刑執行人	Shikei shikkōnin

Noun-Pec	Punisher	罰する人	Bassuru hito
Noun-Pec	Fireman	消防士	Shōbō-shi
Noun-Pec	Garrison	駐屯地	Chūton-chi * (garrison; military base)
Noun-Pec	Guard	警備員/ 守衛/ 番人/ 見張り/ 衛兵/ 警戒ぶり (警戒振り)/ ガード (する)/ 護衛 (する)	Anchisukiru/ Shuei/ Ban'nin/ Mihari/ Eihei/ Keikaiburi/ Gādo (suru)/ Goei (suru) * (guard; convoy; escort)
Noun-Pec	Bodyguard	ボディガード/ 用心棒/ 警護 (する)/ 侍衛/ 護衛 (する)/ 警護者	Bodigādo * (bodyguard)/ Yōjinbō * (bodyguard; bouncer; guard)/ Keigo (suru) * (bodyguard; escort)/ Jiei * (bodyguard)/ Goei (suru) * (guard; convoy; escort)/ Keigo-sha * (bodyguard; protector)
Noun-Pec	Border Guard	国境警備隊	Kokkyōkeibitai
Noun-Pec	Changing of the Guard	衛兵交代 (式)/ 衛兵の変更	Eihei kōtai (-shiki)/ Eihei no henkō
Noun-Pec	Night watch	夜警	Yakei
Noun-Pec	Security guard	警備員/ 守衛/ ガードマン/ 保安員	Anchisukiru * (guard; security guard; security officer)/ Shuei * ((security) guard; caretaker; janitor; doorkeeper; gatekeeper)/ Gādoman * (security guard/ wasei, word made in Japan, From English “guardman”)/ Hoan-in/ Hoanin * (security guard; loss prevention officer)
Noun-Pec	Hostage	人質	Hitojichi
Noun-Pec	Inductee	殿堂入り	Dendōiri
Noun-Pec	Legion	軍団/ 軍隊/ レギオン	Gundan/ Guntai/ Region
Noun-Pec	Lifeguard (beach guard)	ライフガード/ 監視員	Raifugādo/ Kanshi-in * (observer; watchman; lifeguard)
Noun-Pec	Navy (the navy)	海軍/ ネイビー (ネイビー)	Kaigun/ Neibī (neibī)
Noun-Pec	Coastguard (coast guard)	沿岸警備隊 (沿岸警備隊)	Engan keibitai (Engan keibitai)
Noun-Pec	Observer	観察者	Kansatsu-sha
Noun-Pec	Point man	先頭に立つ	Sentō ni tatsu
Noun-Pec	Sentinel	歩哨	Sentorii
Noun-Pec	Spotter	スポッター	Supottā
Noun-Pec	Vigilante	自警団員	Jikeidan'in
Noun-Pec	Watchman (watcher)	ウォッチマン (監視者)	U~otchiman (kanshi-sha)
Noun-Pec	Passersby	通行人	Tsūkōnin
Noun-Pec	Pilot	パイロット/ 操縦士/ 飛行士	Pairotto/ Sōjū-shi/ Hikō-shi
Noun-Pec	Squad	分隊/ 班 (はん)/ 部隊	Buntai/ Han/ Butai
Noun-Pec	Troops	軍 (ぐん)	Gun
Noun-Pec	Ranger	部隊	Butai
Noun-Pec	Forester	フォレスター	Foresutā
Noun-Pec	Forest ranger	森林警備隊員/ フォレストレンジャー	Shinrin keibi taiin/ Foresutorenjā
Noun-Pec	Park ranger	パークレンジャー	Pākurenjā
Noun-Pec	Forest runners (woodsmen)	森林のランナー (森林の住人)	Shinrin no ran'nā (shinrin no jūnin)
Noun-Pec	Homeless person	家なき人/ ホームレスの人	Ie naki hito/ Hōmuresu no hito
Noun-Pec	Refugee	難民/ 流氓/ 亡命者/ 亡命/ レフュジー	Nanmin/ Rubō/ Bōmei-sha/ Bōmei/ Refu~yujī

Noun-Pec	Victim	被害者/ 犠牲者/ 被災者/ 犠牲/ 生贄/ 殉難者/ 遭難者/ 人身御供/ 虜(とりこ)/ ビクティム/ 害者	Higaisha * (victim; injured party; sufferer)/ Gisei- sha * (victim (esp. someone killed); casualty)/ Hisai-sha * (person affected by a disaster; afflicted person; victim; sufferer; survivor)/ Gisei * (sacrifice/ victim (esp. someone killed); casualty)/ Ikenie * ((living) sacrifice/ victim; scapegoat)/ Jun'nan-sha * (victim; martyr)/ Sōnan-sha * (victim; sufferer)/ Hitomigokū * (human sacrifice; victim)/ Toriko * (captive; prisoner/ victim (of love, etc.); slave (to one's lust, etc.))/ Bikutimu * (victim)/ Gai-sha * (victim (of a crime, esp. murder))
Noun-Pec	Hurt person	傷つけた人	Kizutsuketa hito
Noun-Pec	Rescued person	救助された人	Kyūjo sa reta hito
Noun-Pec	Wounded person	負傷者	Fushō-sha
Noun-Pec	Addict	中毒者/ アディクト	Chūdoku-sha/ Adikuto
Noun-Pec	Drug addict	麻薬中毒者	Mayaku chūdoku-sha
Noun-Pec	Alcoholic	アルコール依存症	Arukōru isonshō
Noun-Pec	Alcohol addict	アルコール依存症患者	Arukōru isonshō-sha
Noun-Pec	Apostate	背教者	Haikyō-sha
Noun-Pec	Assailant	襲撃者	Shūgeki sha
Noun-Pec	Assassin	暗殺者	Ansatsusha
Noun-Pec	Bad boy	不良少年	Furyō shōnen
Noun-Pec	Bandit (Outlaw)	盗賊/ 山賊/ 追いはぎ(追い剥ぎ/ 追剥ぎ/ 追剥)/ 山立ち/ 匪賊/ 匪徒/ 野盗/ バンディット(無法者/ 凶漢 (兇漢/ きょうかん)/ 凶徒(兇徒/ きょうと)/ アウトロー/ デスペラード)	Tōzoku/ Sanzoku/ Oihagi/ Yamadachi/ Hizoku/ Hito/ Yatō/ Banditto (Muhōmono/ Kyōkan/ Kyōto/ Autorō/ Desuperādo)
Noun-Pec	Building demolisher	建物解体業者	Tatemono kaitai gyōsha
Noun-Pec	Bully	いじめっ子	Ijime-kko
Noun-Pec	Burglar	強盗	Gōtō
Noun-Pec	Busybody	おせっかい(お節介)(な)	Osekkai (na)
Noun-Pec	Con artist	詐欺師	Sagi-shi
Noun-Pec	Conflict seeker	争いを求める人	Arasoi o motomeru hito
Noun-Pec	Conspirator	共謀者	Kyōbō-sha

Noun-Pec	Coward (a coward)	卑怯者/ 弱虫 (な/ の)/ 臆病者/ 腰抜け/ 恐がり/ 根性なし/ 臍抜け (な)/ 懦夫/ 軟弱者/ 怯弱/ 意気地なし/ チキン/ 小心者/ 弱味噌/ 壺中 (の)/ ヘちゃむくれ/ 卑怯 (な)/ 臆病 (な) (卑怯者)	Hikyō-sha/ Yowamushi (na/ no)/ Okubyōmono/ Koshinuke/ Kowagari * (coward; timid person)/ Konjō nashi * (coward; gutless person; sissy; weakling; loser; milquetoast; good-for-nothing)/ Funuke (na) * (coward; namby-pamby; wimp; weak-kneed person; spineless person)/ Dafu * (coward; timid man)/ Nanjaku-sha * (coward; wimp; weak-willed person)/ Kyōjaku/ Ikuji nashi * (coward; sissy; weakling; loser; milquetoast; good-for-nothing)/ Chikin * (means 'chicken (food, cooking)', but can also mean 'coward; scaredy-cat; chicken; wuss')/ Shōshin-sha * (timid person; coward)/ Yowamiso * (weakling; coward)/ Tsubo-chū (no) * (means 'inside a jar', but can also mean 'coward; timid person')/ Hecha mukure * (means 'unattractive person', but can also mean 'coward; weakling')/ Hikyō (na) * (means 'cowardly; craven', but can also mean 'unfair; mean; sneaky; dirty; dastardly')/ Okubyō (na) * (cowardly; timid; easily frightened) (hikyō-sha)
Noun-Pec	Criminal	犯罪者	Hanzai-sha
Noun-Pec	Crook	クルック	kurukku
Noun-Pec	Defector	離反者	Rihan-sha
Noun-Pec	Delinquent	非行	hikō
Noun-Pec	Juvenile delinquent	少年犯罪	shōnen hanzai
Noun-Pec	Demolisher	デモリッシャー	Demorisshā
Noun-Pec	Destroyer	デストロイヤー	Desutoroiyā
Noun-Pec	Dishonest person	不誠実な人	Fuseijitsuna hito
Noun-Pec	Disrespectful person	無礼な人	Bureina hito
Noun-Pec	Dominant person	支配者/ 支配的な人	Shihai-sha/ Shihai-tekina hito
Noun-Pec	Dork	間抜け	Manuke
Noun-Pec	Dustbag	ゴミ袋	gomi bukuro
Noun-Pec	Dweep	泣き言	Nakigoto
Noun-Pec	Eccentric person (strange person; oddball)	変人 (変わり者; 変わり者)	henjin (kawarimono; kawarimono)
Noun-Pec	Enemy	敵	Teki
Noun-Pec	Exterminator	エクスターミネーター	Ekusutāminētā
Noun-Pec	Fanatic	狂信者/ 熱狂的信者/ 熱狂的な信者/ 信者/ ファナティック (な)	Kyōshinja/ Nekkyō-teki shinja/ Nekkyō-tekina shinja/ Shinja/ Fanatikku (na)
Noun-Pec	Fool	阿呆/ 愚か者/ 惚け/ 馬鹿 (バカ)	Aho/ Orokamono/ Boke/ Baka
Noun-Pec	Fraudster	詐欺師	Sagi-shi
Noun-Pec	Freeloader	居候	Isōrō
Noun-Pec	Fugitive	逃亡者/ 脱走者	Tōbō-sha/ Dassō-sha
Noun-Pec	Gang (a gang)	ギャング (ギャング)	

Noun-Pec	Gang member	ギャングのメンバー	
Noun-Pec	Git	ギット	gitto
Noun-Pec	Hijacker	ハイジャッカー	Haijakkā
Noun-Pec	Hypocrite	偽善者	Gizen-sha
Noun-Pec	Idiot (fool)	馬鹿 (バカ) (阿呆/ 愚か者/ 惚け)	Baka (Aho/ Orokamono/ Boke)
Noun-Pec	Illegal immigrant	不法移民	Fuhō imin
Noun-Pec	Indecisive person	優柔不断な人	Yūjufudan'na hito
Noun-Pec	Intruder	侵入者	Shin'nyū-sha
Noun-Pec	Kidnapper	誘拐犯	Yūkaihan
Noun-Pec	Killer	殺人者	Satsujinsha
Noun-Pec	Kleptomaniac	窃盗癖	Setto-heki
Noun-Pec	Liar	うそつき (嘘つき)/ ライアー/ 偽り者	Uso-tsuki/ Raiā/ Itsuwarimono * (impostor; liar)
Noun-Pec	Pathological liar	病的な嘘つき	Byōtekina usotsuki
Noun-Pec	Loser	敗者/ 負け犬/ 失敗者/ 敗北者	Haisha * (loser; defeated person; the defeated)/ Makeinu * (loser; failure; underdog; unsuccessful person; non-achiever; loser dog)/ Shippai-sha * (loser; failure)/ Haiboku-sha * (loser; the defeated)
Noun-Pec	Lunatic	狂人/ 精神病患者/ 乱心者/ 変人/ 変わり者/ 異常者/ ルナティック (の/ な)	Kyōjin/ Seishinbyō-sha * (mentally deranged person; lunatic)/ Ranshinmono * (mentally deranged person; lunatic)/ Henjin * (eccentric; crank; oddball; weirdo)/ Kawaremono * (eccentric; oddball; character; weirdo)/ Ijō-sha * (abnormal person; deviant; deviate; pervert; weirdo; psychopath; crazy person)/ Runatikku (no/ na)
Noun-Pec	Maniac	マニアック	Maniakku
Noun-Pec	Mind reader	読心術師	Dokushinjutsu-shi
Noun-Pec	Misfit	不適合者	Futekigō-sha
Noun-Pec	Moron	バカ (馬鹿)	Baka
Noun-Pec	Murderer (assassin, killer)	殺人者/ 殺人犯/ 人殺し/ 殺害者/ キラー (暗殺者; 殺人者; 凶手 (兇手/ きょうしゅ)/ 刺客 (しきやく/ せっかく)/ 凶漢 (兇漢/ きょうかん)/ 人斬り/ アサシン)	Satsujin-sha/ Satsujin-han/ Hitogoroshi/ Satsugai-sha/ Kirā (asashin; satsujin-sha; kyōshu/ shikaku/ kyōkan/ hitokiri/ asashin)
Noun-Pec	Narcissist	ナルシスト	narushisuto
Noun-Pec	Nerd (geek; dork)	Nerd (オタク; 愚か者)	Nerd (otaku; orokamono)

Noun-Pec	Offender (wrong-doer; aggressor)	犯人/ 違反者/ 罪人/ 下手人/ 咎人/ 犯罪人/ 加害者/ 犯罪者 (不正行為者; 侵略者)	Han'nin * (offender; criminal; culprit)/ Ihan-sha * (offender; transgressor; violator)/ Zai nin * (criminal; lawbreaker; wrongdoer; offender)/ Geshunin * (offender; criminal)/ Toganin * (offender; criminal)/ Hanzai nin * (criminal; culprit; offender; rogue)/ Kagai-sha * (perpetrator; wrong-doer; aggressor; assailant; offender)/ Hanzai-sha * (criminal; culprit) (fusei kōi-sha * (wrong-doer; someone who does unfair practices; cheater; someone who uses foul play); shinryaku-sha * (invader; aggressor))
Noun-Pec	Opportunist	日和見主義者/ 便乗主義者/ 御都合主義者/ 風見鶏/ オポチュニスト	Hiyorimi shugi-sha/ Binjō shugi-sha/ Gotsugōshugi-sha/ Kazamidori * (fence-sitter; opportunist)/ Opochunisuto
Noun-Pec	Opportunity seeker	機会を求める人/ 機会を求める者/ 商機のシーカー/ チャンスシーカー	Kikai o motomeru hito/ Kikai o motomeru mono/ Shōki no shikā * (business opportunity seeker)/ Chansushikā
Noun-Pec	Partners in crime	犯罪のパートナー	Hanzai no pātonā
Noun-Pec	Peeping tom	のぞき魔	Nozokima
Noun-Pec	Voyeur	のぞき見者	Nozoki mi-sha
Noun-Pec	Perpetrator	加害者	Kagai-sha
Noun-Pec	Pickpocket	スリ (掏摸)/ 巾着切り	Suri/ Kinchakukiri * (dated term)
Noun-Pec	Poacher	密猟者	Mitsuryō-sha
Noun-Pec	Pretender	プリテンダー	puritendaa
Noun-Pec	Prisoner	囚人/ 虜 (とりこ)/ 服役囚/ 受刑者/ 在監者/ 累囚/ 獄囚/ 罪囚/ 囚徒/ 捕虜/ 人質	Shūjin/ Toriko/ Fukuekishū/ Jukei-sha/ Zaikan sha * (prisoner; inmate)/ Rui-shū/ Gokushū/ Zaishū/ Shūto/ Horyo * (prisoner (of war); POW; captive)/ Hitojichi * (hostage)
Noun-Pec	Quitter	やめる人	Yameru hito
Noun-Pec	Rapist	強姦犯	gōkanhan
Noun-Pec	Rascal	悪党	Akutō
Noun-Pec	Rogue	ならず者 (成らず者/ 破落戸/ ならずもの)	Narazumono
Noun-Pec	Scammer	詐欺師	Sagi-shi
Noun-Pec	Scamp	ずる賢い	zuru gashikoi
Noun-Pec	Scoundrel	悪党	Akutō
Noun-Pec	Scrooge (Miser)	渋ちん (シブチン)/ スクルージ (守銭奴)	Shibu-chin/ Sukurūji (mokusennin)
Noun-Pec	Miser	守銭奴に	Shusendo ni
Noun-Pec	Simp (simpleton)	シンプ (愚か者)	Shinpu (orokamono)
Noun-Pec	Slouch	不精者/ 前かがみ	Bushō-sha * (slouch; lazybones)/ Maekagami * (slouch)
Noun-Pec	Spy (infiltrator)	スパイ/ 工作員/ 特殊工作員/ 間者/ 間諜 (潜入者/ インフィルトレーター)	Supai/ Kōsakuin/ Toku shi ~yukousakuin/ Kanja * (spy; secret agent)/ Kanchō * (spy; secret agent) (Sen'nyū-sha/ Infirutorētā)
Noun-Pec	Stalker	ストーカー	Sutōkā
Noun-Pec	Stressed person	ストレスを感じている人	Sutoresu o kanjite iru hito
Noun-Pec	Suspect	容疑者	Yōgi-sha

Noun-Pec	Swindler	詐欺師	Sagi-shi
Noun-Pec	Terrorist	テロリスト	Terorisuto
Noun-Pec	Thief (Burglar)	泥棒/ 盗賊/ 賊/ 押し込み強盗	Dorobō/ Tōzoku/ Zoku/ Oshikomi gōtō
Noun-Pec	Thug (thugs)	凶悪犯 (凶悪犯)	Kyōaku-han (kyōaku-han)
Noun-Pec	Pilferer	かっぱらい	Kapparai
Noun-Pec	Trafficker	人身売買業者	jinshin baibai gyōsha
Noun-Pec	Traitor	裏切り者 (裏切者)/ 反逆者/ 乱臣/ 背信者/ 賊/ 反逆人/ 逆賊/ 逆徒/ 謀反人/ 賊徒	Uragirimono/ Hangyaku-sha/ Ranshin/ Haishin- sha/ Zoku/ Hangyakunin/ Gyakuzoku/ Gyakuto/ Muhon nin/ Zokuto
Noun-Pec	Trespasser	侵入者	Shin'nyū-sha
Noun-Pec	Trickster	トリックスター/ 詐欺師/ いたずら者/ たわけ者	Torikkusutā/ Sagi-shi/ Itazura mono * (mischief- maker; trickster; prankster)/ Tawakemono * (idiot; dummy; joker; fool; trickster)
Noun-Pec	Troublemaker	人騒がせ (な)/ トラブルメーカー/ 悪戯坊主 (いたずら坊主/ いたずらぼうず)/ 厄介者/ 火付け役 (火つけ役/ ひつけやく)/ 攪乱者 (攪乱者/ かくらんしゃ)/ 迷惑者	Hitosawagase (na)/ Toraburumēkā/ Itazurabōzu/ Yakukaimono/ Hitsuke-yaku/ Kakuran-sha/ Meiwaku-sha
Noun-Pec	Turncoat	裏切り者	Uragirimono
Noun-Pec	Vandal	荒らし	Arashi
Noun-Pec	Villain	悪党	Akutō
Noun-Pec	Violator	違反者	Ihansha
Noun-Pec	Wise guy	賢い人	Kashikoi hito
Noun-Pec	Ambassador	大使/ 使節/ アンバサダー	Taishi/ Shisetsu/ Anbasadā
Noun-Pec	Assistant (helper; second)	助手/ 手伝い/ 副/ アシスタント// セコンド	Joshu/ Tetsudai/ Fuku/ Ashisutanto/ Sekondo * (sports assistant; sports helper)
Noun-Pec	Attendant	従者	Jūsha
Noun-Pec	Bachelor	独身男性/ 独身者/ 独身男/ バチェラー/ 学士	Dokushin dansei * (bachelor; single male)/ Dokushin sha * (unmarried person; bachelor; spinster)/ Dokushin otoko * (single male; bachelor)/ Bacherā * (bachelor)/ Gakushi * (university graduate; bachelor/ bachelor's degree)
Noun-Pec	Barber (hair dresser)	理容師/ 理髪師/ バーバー (美容師/ 理容師/ 理美容師/ ヘアドレッサー)/ 散髪屋	Riyō-shi/ Rihatsu-shi/ Bābā (Biyōshi/ Riyō-shi/ Ri biyōshi/ Headoressā)/ Sanpatsu-ya
Noun-Pec	Bartender (barkeeper)	バーテンダー/ マスター (バーの主人)	Bātendā/ Masutā (Bā no shujin)
Noun-Pec	Brewer	醸造家/ 酒造家	Jōzō-ka
Noun-Pec	Distiller	蒸留器	jōryūki
Noun-Pec	Businessman	ビジネスマン/ 実業家/ 事業家	Bijinesuman/ Jitsugyōka * (businessman; entrepreneur; captain of industry)/ Jigyō-ka * (enterprising man; businessman; industrialist)
Noun-Pec	Careerist	キャリア主義	Kyaria shugi
Noun-Pec	Butler	執事	Shitsuji

Noun-Pec	Candidate	候補者/ 候補/ 志望者/ 志願者/ 立候補者/ 希望者/ キャンディデート	Kōho-sha * (candidate; applicant)/ Kōho * (candidate; contender; prospect; pick; choice; list/ candidacy; candidature; nomination)/ Shibō- sha * (candidate; applicant)/ Shigan-sha * (applicant; candidate)/ Rikkōhosha * (candidate (for an election))/ Kibō-sha * (applicant; candidate; person interested in doing something; person wanting to do something; interested party; volunteer)/ Kyandidēto * (candidate)
Noun-Pec	Ideal candidate	理想的な候補者	Risō-tekina kōho-sha
Noun-Pec	Perfect candidate	完璧な候補者	Kanpekina kōho-sha
Noun-Pec	Catering	ケータリング	Kētaringu
Noun-Pec	Catering service	ケータリングサービス	Kētaringusābisu
Noun-Pec	Contender (a contender)	候補/ 候補者/ 有力候補 (候補/ 候補者)	Kōho * (candidate; contender; prospect; pick; choice; list)/ Kōho-sha * (candidate; applicant)/ Yūryoku kōho * (major contender; strong (leading) candidate; front runner) (kōho/ kōho- sha)
Noun-Pec	Concierge	管理人/ 門番/ コンシェルジュ	Kanrinin/ Monban/ Konsheruju * (concierge; from French)
Noun-Pec	Cook (the cook)	料理人 (クック)	Ryōrijin (Kukku)
Noun-Pec	Crew	乗組員	Norikumiin
Noun-Pec	Diplomat	外交官/ 外交使節/ 外交家/ 交際官/ ディプロマツト	Gaikoukan/ Gaikō shisetsu/ Gaikō-ka/ Kōsai- kan/ Dipuromatto
Noun-Pec	Divorced person	離婚した人	Rikon shita hito
Noun-Pec	Entrepreneur (person who starts a new business)	起業家/ 実業家/ 企業家/ 事業主/ 営業者/ アントルプルヌール	Kigyōka/ Jitsugyōka/ Kigyōka/ Jigyōnushi/ Eigyō- sha/ Antorupurunūru
Noun-Pec	Interviewer	面接官/ インタビュアー/ 会見者/ 面接者/ 面接試験官/ 聞き手/ 取材者/ 求職係	Mensetsu-kan * (interviewer (for job, school, etc. interviews))/ Intabyuā * (interviewer)/ Kaiken-sha * (interviewer)/ Mensetsu-sha * (interviewer)/ Mensetsu shiken-kan * (interviewer)/ Kikite * (hearer; listener; audience/ interviewer; questioner)/ Shuzai-sha * (reporter; interviewer)/ Kyūshoku-gakari * (applicant interviewer)
Noun-Pec	Job interviewer	就職面接官	Shūshoku mensetsu-kan
Noun-Pec	Investor	投資家	Tōshi-ka
Noun-Pec	Marriage partner (spouse)	結婚相手	Kekkon aite
Noun-Pec	Spouses	配偶者	Haigūsha
Noun-Pec	Married person (married man; married woman)	既婚者 (既婚男性; 既婚女性)	Kikon-sha (kikon dansei; kikon josei)

Noun-Pec	Receptionist (ie. front office, service desk)	受付 (する)/ 受付係 (受け付け係)/ 応接係/ 受付嬢/ 接待係/ フロントマン (フロントオフィス、サービスデスク, など)	Uketsuke (suru)/ Uketsuke-gakari/ Ōsetsukakari/ Uketsuke jō * (receptionist; reception woman)/ Settai-gakari * (receptionist; welcoming committee)/ Furonto man * (hotel receptionist/ frontman (of a musical group)) (furonto ofisu, sābisudesuku, nado)
Noun-Pec	Recruiter	採用担当者/ リクルーター	Saiyō tantōsha/ Rikurūtā
Noun-Pec	Restaurant owner	飲食店オーナー/ レストランのオーナー/ レストランオーナー	Inshoku-ten ōnā/ Resutoran no ōnā/ Resutoran'ōnā
Noun-Pec	Salesman	セールスマン/ 販売員/ 営業マン	Sērusuman/ Hanbai-in/ Eigyō man
Noun-Pec	Secretary	秘書	Hisho
Noun-Pec	Shop assistant	店員/ ショップアシスタント	Ten'in/ Shoppu ashisutanto
Noun-Pec	Smoker	喫煙者	Kitsuen-sha
Noun-Pec	Non-smoker	非喫煙者	Hi-kitsuen-sha
Noun-Pec	Sommelier (wine steward; wine professional)	ソムリエ (ワインスチュワード, ワインのプロフェッショナル)/ 酒匠/ 利酒師	Somurie * (from French, sommelier) (wainsuchuwādo, wain no purofesshonaru)/ Sakajō * (master of sake; sake sommelier)/ Kikizake-shi * (master of sake; sake advisor)
Noun-Pec	Steward	執事/ 家扶/ 家従/ 家令/ スチュワード	Shitsuji * (steward; butler)/ Kafu * (steward)/ Kajū * (steward; butler; attendant)/ Karei * (steward; butler)/ Suchuwādo
Noun-Pec	Owner	所有者/ オーナー	Shoyū-sha/ Ōnā
Noun-Pec	Shopkeeper	店主	Tenshu
Noun-Pec	Storekeeper	店主	Tenshu
Noun-Pec	Shop owner	店主/ ショップオーナー	Tenshu/ Shoppu ōnā
Noun-Pec	Store owner	店主/ ストアオーナー	Tenshu/ Sutoaōnā
Noun-Pec	Suitor	求婚者	Kyūkonsha * (suitor (e.g. for a woman); wooer)
Noun-Pec	Tailor	調整 (する)	chosei (suru)
Noun-Pec	Waiter (waitress)	ウェイター/ 給仕/ 配膳人	U~eitā/ Kyūji/ Haizen hito
Noun-Pec	Weaver	織り手	orite
Noun-Pec	Widow	未亡人	Mibōjin
Noun-Pec	Banker	銀行家/ バンカー	Ginkō-ka/ Bankā
Noun-Pec	Dentist	歯医者/ 歯科医/ 歯科医師	Haisha/ Shikai/ Shika ishi
Noun-Pec	Dental hygienist	歯科衛生士	Shika eiseishi
Noun-Pec	Doctor (medic)	医者/ 医/ ドクター (メディック)	Isha/ I * (abbreviation)/ Dokutā (medikku)
Noun-Pec	Doctor's assistant	医師の助手/ 医師の助手/ 医者の手伝い/ 医師の手伝い/ ドクターの助手/ 医師のアシスタント/ 医者のアシスタント/ ドクターのアシスタント	Ishi no joshu/ Ishi no joshu/ Isha no tetsudai/ Ishi no tetsudai/ Dokutā no joshu/ Ishi no ashisutanto/ Isha no ashisutanto/ Dokutā no ashisutanto
Noun-Pec	Babysitter	ベビーシッター	Bēbishittā

Noun-Pec	Care worker (caregiver)	介護福祉士/ ケアワーカー/ ホームヘルパー/ 医療関係者/ 訪問介護員 (介護士/ 介護者/ ホームヘルパー/ 介助者/ 保育者/ ケアラー)	Kaigo fukushi-shi * ((certified) Care worker/ Personal Care Assistant (carer; nurse))/ Keawākā * (care worker; nursing care worker; home care worker)/ Hōmuherupā * (caregiver; care worker; carer/ wasei, word made in Japan, From English “home helper”)/ Iryō kankei-sha * (health care worker; medical personnel)/ Hōmon kaigo-in * (home-visit care worker) (Kaigo-shi * (carer; nurse)/ Kaigo-sha * (caregiver; carer)/ Hōmuherupā/ Kaijo-sha * (aide; caregiver; carer; helper)/ Hoiku-sha * (childcare worker; nursery worker; caregiver)/ Kearā * (carer; caregiver))
Noun-Pec	Comedian	コメディアン	Komedian
Noun-Pec	Stand-up comedian	スタンダップコメディアン	Sutandappu Komedian
Noun-Pec	Nanny	乳母	uba
Noun-Pec	Nurse	看護師/ 看護婦/ ナース/ 守役/ 看護 (する)	Kankoshi * ((hospital) nurse; registered nurse; RN)/ Kangofu * ((female) nurse)/ Nāsu * (nurse)/ Moriyaku * (nurse; nanny; guardian)/ Kango (suru) * (nursing; (army) nurse)
Noun-Pec	Patient (hospital patient)	患者 (入院患者)	kanja (nyuuin kanja)
Noun-Pec	Helper (supporter)	(お) 手伝い/ 助手/ 助っ人/ 助け手/ 手伝い手/ 援助者/ 補助員/ 補助者/ ヘルパー (味方/ 支持者/ 後援者/ 支援者/ 有志/ 援助者/ 応援者/ 賛成者/ 働き手/ 扶養者/ サポーター)	(o) Tetsudai * (helper; assistant)/ Joshu * (assistant; helper)/ Suketto * (helper; supporter; second; backer)/ Tasuke-te/ Tetsudaite/ Enjo- sha * (supporter; helper; aid provider; patron)/ Hojo-in * (assistant; helper)/ Hojo-sha * (assistant; helper; supporter)/ Herupā (Mikata * (friend; ally; supporter)/ Shiji-sha * (supporter; adherent; proponent; backer)/ Kōen-sha * (supporter; sponsor; patron; backer)/ Shien-sha * (supporter; backer)/ Yūshi * (interested person; volunteer; supporter)/ Enjo-sha * (supporter; helper; aid provider; patron)/ Ōen- sha * (supporter; cheerer (e.g. from the sidelines at a sporting event); rooter)/ Sansei- sha * (supporter; someone who favours another person)/ Hatarakite * (worker; breadwinner; supporter/ able person; able man; productive worker)/ Fuyō-sha * (supporter; breadwinner)/ Sapōtā * (supporter (esp. of soccer); backer/ supporter (e.g. wrist supporter); athletic supporter; jockstrap))

Noun-Pec	Host (the host)	司会/ 司会者/ 案内役/ ホスト (ホスト)	Shikai * (chairman; presenter; host; moderator; master of ceremonies)/ Shikai-sha * (chairman; moderator; toastmaster; master of ceremonies; chairperson; host (of a TV show, etc.))/ An'nai- yaku * (guide; host)/ Hosuto * (host (of a party, summit, etc.)) (hosuto)
Noun-Pec	Guest (guests)	客 (きゃく)/ お客様/ ゲスト (ゲスト)	Kyaku * (guest; visitor/ customer; client; shopper; spectator; audience; tourist; sightseer; passenger)/ Okyakusama * (guest; visitor/ customer; client; shopper; spectator; audience; tourist; sightseer; passenger * (honorific or respectful (sonkeigo) language))/ Gesuto * (guest) (gesuto)
Noun-Pec	Guest (visitor)	客/ お客様/ ゲスト/ お客さん/ 来賓/ 客人	Kyaku/ Okyakusama * (polite; respectful)/ Gesuto/ Ogyakusan/ Raihin/ Kyakujin
Noun-Pec	Attention seeker	目立ちたがり屋だ/ 注目を集める人	Medachitagariyada/ Chūmokuwoatsumeru hito
Noun-Pec	Breadwinner	稼ぎ手	kasegite
Noun-Pec	Clown	ピエロ/ クラウン/ 道化師	Piero/ Kuraun/ Dōkeshi
Noun-Pec	Control freak	支配欲が強い人/ 支配欲の強い人/ 支配欲の人/ コントロールフリーク	Shihai yoku ga tsuyoi hito/ Shihai yoku no tsuyoi hito/ Shihai yoku no hito/ Kontorōrufurīku
Noun-Pec	Overnight guest (house guest)	泊り客	Tomari kyaku
Noun-Pec	Invitees	招待者/ 招待客/ 招待された客/ 招待されたゲスト	Shōtai-sha/ Shōtaikyaku/ Shōtai sareta kyaku/ Shōtai sareta gesuto
Noun-Pec	Invited guest	招待ゲスト/ 招かれた客/ 招待されたゲスト/ 招待された客	Shōtai gesuto/ Maneka reta kyaku/ Shōtai sa reta gesuto/ Shōtai sa reta kyaku
Noun-Pec	Jester	道化師	Dōkeshi
Noun-Pec	Missing person	行方不明者/ 尋ね人/ 失踪者/ 不明者	Yukue fumei-sha * (missing person)/ Tazunebito * (missing person; wanted person)/ Shissō-sha * (missing person; runaway)/ Fumei-sha * (missing person)
Noun-Pec	Moneymaker	金儲け	Kanemōke
Noun-Pec	Nudist	ヌーディスト	Nūdisuto
Noun-Pec	Practitioner	実践者/ 術者/ 従事者/ 開業医	Jissen-sha * (practitioner)/ Jutsusha * (practitioner (of medicine, sorcery, fortune telling, etc.))/ Jūji-sha * (someone engaged in a certain pursuit; practitioner; worker; employee)/ Kaigyōi * (private clinician; physician in private practice/ general practitioner * (a medical practitioner who treats acute and chronic illnesses and provides preventive care and health education for all ages and all sexes))
Noun-Pec	Prankster (joker)	いたずら者 (ジョーカー)	Itazura-sha (jōkā)
Noun-Pec	Psychologist	心理学者	Shinri gakusha
Noun-Pec	Rescue worker (rescuer)	救急隊員/ レスキューワーカー (救助者)	Kyūkyū taiin/ Resukyūwākā (kyūjo-sha)

Noun-Pec	Special guest	特別ゲスト/ スペシャルゲスト/ 特別なゲスト	Tokubetsu gesuto/ Supesharu gesuto/ Tokubetsuna gesuto
Noun-Pec	Supporter (a supporter)	支持者 (支持者)	shijisha (shijisha)
Noun-Pec	Talkative person	雀 (スズメ/ すずめ)/ おしゃべりな人/ よくしゃべる人/ 口叩き/ 饒舌家 (冗舌家/ じょうぜつか)/ 話し好き (な) (人)	Suzume/ Oshaberina hito/ Yoku shaberu hito/ Kuchitataki/ Jōzetsuka/ Hanashi suki (na) (hito) * (talkative person; gossip)
Noun-Pec	Talker	話し上手	Hanashijōzu
Noun-Pec	Conversationalist	会話好き	Kaiwa suki
Noun-Pec	Interlocutor	対話者	Taiwasha
Noun-Pec	Therapist	セラピスト	Serapisuto
Noun-Pec	Uninvited guest	招かれざる客/ 押しかけの客 (押し掛けの客/ おしかけの客)/ 押し掛け客 (押掛け客/ おしかけきゃく)/ 招かれざる客人	Manekarezarukyaku/ Oshikake no kyaku/ Oshikakekyaku/ Manekarezarukyaku kyakujin
Noun-Pec	Unwanted guest (unwelcome guest)	望まれない客/ 招かれざる客人/ 不要なゲスト/ いやなお客 (嫌なお客) (招かれざる客)	Nozoma renai kyaku/ Manekarezarukyaku kyakujin/ Fuyōna gesuto/ Iyana okyaku (manekarezarukyaku)
Noun-Pec	Visitor	客/ ビジター/ 来客/ 訪問者/ 参観者/ 来訪者/ 面会人/ お客様/ 客人	Kyaku/ Bijitā/ Raikyaku/ Hōmon-sha/ Sankan- sha/ Raihō-sha/ Menkai hito/ Okyakusama * (polite; respectful)/ Kyakujin
Noun-Pec	Witness	目撃者/ 証人/ 立会人/ 証左	Mokugeki-sha/ Shōnin/ Rikkainin/ Shōsa * (means 'evidence; proof', but can also mean 'witness')
Noun-Pec	Eyewitness	目撃者	Mokugeki-sha
Noun-Pec	Monk	モンク/ 僧/ 僧侶 * (Buddhism)/ 坊さん * (Buddhism)/ 修道士 * (Friar)	Monku/ Sō/ Sōryo * (Buddhism)/ Bōsan * (Buddhism)/ Shūdō-shi * (Friar)
Noun-Pec	Friar	修道士	Shūdōshi
Noun-Pec	Mystic	ミスティック/ 神秘家/ 神秘主義者	Misutikku/ Shinpika/ Shinpi shugi sha
Noun-Pec	Vicar (pater)	牧師 (ペイター)	Bokushi (Peitā)
Noun-Pec	Pilgrim	巡礼者	Junrei-sha
Noun-Pec	Cleric	聖職者	Seishoku-sha
Noun-Pec	Clergy	聖職者	Seishokusha
Noun-Pec	Clergymen	聖職者	Seishokusha
Noun-Pec	Guru	グル	guru
Noun-Pec	Priest (cleric)	司祭 (聖職者)	Shisai (seishoku-sha)
Noun-Pec	Priest who was also a street performer and performed prayers and other religious duties for the sake of other people	願人坊主	Gan'ninbōzu
Noun-Pec	Sage (wise person)	賢者/ 知者/ 賢人/ 哲人/ 哲/ 夫子	Kenja/ Chisha/ Kenjin/ Tetsujin/ Tetsu/ Fūshi
Noun-Pec	Saint (holy man)	聖人/ セイント	Seijin/ Seinto
Noun-Pec	Scholar	学者	Gakusha

Noun-Pec	Teacher (wise man; sage; master)	夫子	Fūshi
Noun-Pec	Well-informed person (walking dictionary; extensive knowledge)	物知り (物識り)	Monoshiri
Noun-Pec	Whiz kid	ウィズキッド	U~izukiddo
Noun-Pec	Wise man	賢者	kenja
Noun-Pec	Wise person	賢い人	Kashikoi hito
Noun-Pec	Wizard (magician; mage; spellcaster; sorcerer)	魔法使い (魔法遣い/ 魔法つかい/ 魔法使)/ 魔道士 (魔導師/ 魔導士/ まどうし)/ 仙 (僊/ せん)/ 方士/ 仙人/ ウィザード (手品師/ 魔術師/ 奇術師/ 妖術者/ 陰陽師/ マジシャン/ メイジ/ スペルキャスター/ ソーサラー)	Mahōtsukai/ Madō-shi/ Sen/ Hōji * (wizard/ sorcerer (in ancient China))/ Sen'nin * (immortal mountain wizard (in Taoism))/ U~izādo (Tejinaji/ Majutsu-shi/ Kijutsu-shi/ Yōjutsusha/ In'yōshi/ Majishan/ Meiji/ Superukyasutā/ Sōsarā)
Noun-Pec	Magician	マジシャン/ 手品師/ 魔術師/ 奇術師/ 魔法使い	Majishan * (magician; illusionist)/ Tejinaji * (magician; conjurer; illusionist)/ Majutsu-shi * (magician; conjurer)/ Kijutsu-shi * (conjurer; magician; illusionist)/ Mahōtsukai * (magician; wizard; sorcerer; witch; mage/ magician (fantasy))
Noun-Pec	Sorcerer	魔術師	Majutsu-shi
Noun-Pec	Acolyte	侍者	shisha
Noun-Pec	Ancestor (ancestors)	ご先祖様 (ご先祖様)/ 先祖/ 祖先/ 先人/ 祖	Go senzo-sama (gosenzo-sama) * (very respectful)/ Senzo/ Sosen/ Senjin/ So * (very informal; abbreviation)
Noun-Pec	Apostle	使徒/ 開祖/ アポストロ	Shito * (apostle; disciple/ apostle (Christian))/ Kaiso * ((sect) founder; apostle; originator; inventor)/ Aposutoro * (apostle; archaic, from Portuguese “apostolo”, early Japanese Christian term)
Noun-Pec	Ascetic	修行者	Shugyōja * (practitioner of austerities; disciplinant/ practitioner of Buddhism/ practitioner of martial arts)
Noun-Pec	Bard (troubadour; minstrel)	吟遊詩人/ 楽しませる人 (吟遊詩人; 吟遊詩人)	Gin'yūshijin/ Tanoshima seru hito (gin'yūshijin; gin'yūshijin)
Noun-Pec	Believer	信者	Shinja
Noun-Pec	Unbeliever	不信心者	Fushinjinsha
Noun-Pec	Charmer	魅力的な人	Miryokuteki na hito
Noun-Pec	Disciple	弟子	Deshi
Noun-Pec	Truant	サボる	Saboru
Noun-Pec	Druid	ドルイド/ ドルイド僧	Doruido/ Doruido sō
Noun-Pec	Enchanter (conjurer; alchemist)	魔術師/ エンチャンター (魔術師, 錬金術師)	Majutsu-shi/ Enchantā (majutsu-shi, renkinjutsu-shi)
Noun-Pec	Enlightened person	覚者	Kakuja

Noun-Pec	Fortune-teller (soothsayer)	占い師 (占師/ うらないし)/ ト人/ ト者/ 占者 (せんじゃ/ うらないしゃ/ うらないじゃ)/ 易者/ フォーチュンテラー (占い師 (占師/ うらないし))	Uranaishi/ Bokujin/ Bokusha/ Uranai-sha (senja/ uranai sha/ uranaija)/ Ekisha/ Fōchunterā (uranaishi)
Noun-Pec	Genius (ingenious; geniously)	天才 (独創的; 天才的に)	Tensai (dokusō-teki; tensai-teki ni)
Noun-Pec	Intelligent person	知的な人	Chitekina hito
Noun-Pec	Medicine man	祈祷師 (祈禱師/ きとうし) * (shaman; faith healer)/ 呪術医 * (witch doctor)/ 薬師 * (the Healing Buddha)	Kitō-shi * (shaman; faith healer)/ Jujutsu-i * (witch doctor)/ Kusushi * (the Healing Buddha)
Noun-Pec	Pastoral worker	牧師	Bokushi
Noun-Pec	Seducer	誘惑者	Yūwaku-sha
Noun-Pec	Visionary	先見の明のある人	Senken no mei no aru hito
Noun-Pec	King	王/ 王様/ キング	Ō/ Ōsama/ Kingu
Noun-Pec	Queen	女王/ クイーン	Joō/ Kuīn
Noun-Pec	Aristocrat	貴族	Kizoku
Noun-Pec	Beggar	乞食	Kojiki
Noun-Pec	Dictator (despot)	独裁者 (専制君主)	Dokusai-sha (senseikunshu)
Noun-Pec	Despot (Tyrant; Represser)	専制君主/ 暴君/ 独裁者/ デスポット (暴君; 抑圧者)	Senseikunshu/ Bōkun/ Dokusai-sha/ Desupotto (Bōkun, Yokuatsu-sha)
Noun-Pec	Duke	公爵/ デューク	Kōshaku/ De~yūku
Noun-Pec	Elitist	エリート主義者	Erīto shugi-sha
Noun-Pec	Landlord	家主	Yanushi
Noun-Pec	Governor (the mayor)	知事 (の)/ 県知事 (市長/ メイヤー)	Chiji (no)/ Kenchiji (Shichō/ Meiyā)
Noun-Pec	Mayor	市長	
Noun-Pec	Millionaire	富豪	Fugō
Noun-Pec	Monarch	君主	Kunshu
Noun-Pec	Monger (-monger)	商売人 (-商売人)	Shōbai nin (-shōbai nin)
Noun-Pec	Powermonger	権力者	Kenryokusha
Noun-Pec	Noble (nobleman)	ノーブル (な)/ 貴族 (の)/ 高貴 (な)/ 高潔 (な)/ 高尚 (な)/ 高遠 (な)/ 尊い/ 崇高 (な)/ 気高い (貴族 (の))	Nōburu (na) * (noble)/ Kizoku (no) * (nobility; aristocracy; peerage)/ Kōki (na) * (noble; high and noble; exalted/ noble (character); refined; dignified/ precious; expensive; valuable)/ Kōketsu (na) * (noble; lofty; high-minded; virtuous; upright)/ Kōshō (na) * (high; noble; refined; advanced)/ Kōen (na) * (noble; lofty)/ Tōtoi * (precious; valuable; priceless/ noble; exalted; sacred)/ Sūkō (na) * (lofty; sublime; noble/ the sublime (aesthetics)/ sublime (philosophy))/ Kedakai * (sublime; noble; high- minded) (Kizoku (no))
Noun-Pec	Nobility	貴族 (の)/ 高貴 (な/ の)/ 華胄	Kizoku (no)/ Kōki (na/ no)/ Kachū
Noun-Pec	Oppressor	抑圧者	Yokuatsu-sha
Noun-Pec	Pauper	乞食	Kojiki
Noun-Pec	Prince	王子/ 王子様/ プリンス	Ōji/ ōji-sama/ purinsu
Noun-Pec	Princess	お姫様/ 王女/ プリンセス	Ohimesama/ Ōjo/ Purinsesu

Noun-Pec	Regent	摂政	Sesshō
Noun-Pec	Restrainer	拘束者/ 拘束具	Kōsoku-sha * (restraining person; constraining person)/ Kōsoku-gu * (physical restraint)
Noun-Pec	Royalty (nobility; noble)	王権/ 王族/ 皇族/ 王室/ 王家	Ōken/ Ōzoku/ Kōzoku/ Ōshitsu/ Ōke
Noun-Pec	Ruler (monarch; sovereign)	統治者/ 君主/ 王/ 君 (公) * (most of the time is 'kimi' used as 'you' but the original meaning is monarch; ruler; master)/ 元首/ 王者 (おうじゃ/ おうしゃ)/ 主権者 (君主, 主権者)	Tōchi-sha/ Kunshu/ Ō/ Kimi/ Genshu/ Ōja (Ōja/ Ōsha)/ Shukenja (Kunshu, Shukenja)
Noun-Pec	Tyrant	暴君	Bōkun
Noun-Pec	Fit for a king	王様にふさわしい (王様に相応しい)/ 王様に適当 (でございます/ です)	Ōsama ni fusawashī/ Ōsama ni tekitō (Degozaimasu/ desu)
Noun-Pec	Adventurer	冒険者/ 冒険家	Bōken-sha/ Bōken-ka
Noun-Pec	Agent	代理店/ エージェント	Dairiten/ Ējento
Noun-Pec	Actor (performer)	俳優/ 役者/ 出演者 (出演者)	Haiyū/ Yakusha/ Shutsuen-sha (shutsuen-sha)
Noun-Pec	Main character	主人公/ メインキャラクター	Shujinkō/ Meinkyarakutā
Noun-Pec	Side character	脇役	Wakiyaku
Noun-Pec	Performer	出演者	Shutsuen sha
Noun-Pec	Arranger	アレンジャー	arenjaa
Noun-Pec	Badass	ヤバい * (can have multiple meanings: 'dangerous; risky/ awful; terrible; crap * (slang)/ terrific; amazing; cool * (slang)/ crazy; insane; not normal; unhinged; extreme * (slang)')	Yabai
Noun-Pec	Broker (real estate agent)	ブローカー (不動産業者)	Burōkā (fudōsan gyōsha)
Noun-Pec	Real estate broker	不動産ブローカー	Fudōsan burōkā
Noun-Pec	Bus driver	バス運転手/ バスの運転手/ バスの運転者/ バスドライバー	Basu untenshu/ Basu no untenshu/ Basu no unten-sha/ Basudoraibā
Noun-Pec	Caravan	キャラバン	kyaraban
Noun-Pec	Carpenter (Woodworker)	大工 (木工職人)	Daiku (Mokkō shokunin)
Noun-Pec	Celebrity	有名人/ 名士/ セレブリティー/ セレブ/ スター	Yūmeijin/ Meishi/ Sereburitī/ Serebu/ Sutā
Noun-Pec	Charity worker	慈善活動家/ 博愛主義者/ 博愛家/ 篤志家/ 慈善家	Jizen katsudō-ka/ Hakuai shugi-sha * (philanthropist)/ Hakuai-ka * (philanthropist)/ Tokushika * (charitable person; philanthropist; volunteer; supporter)/ Jizen-ka * (charitable person; philanthropist)
Noun-Pec	Benefactor	恩人	Onjin
Noun-Pec	Choir	合唱団/ 聖歌隊/ クワイア/ 合唱隊	Gasshō-dan * (chorus group; choir)/ Seika-tai/ Kuwaia/ Gasshō-tai * (chorus; choir)
Noun-Pec	City guide	シティガイド	Shiti gaido
Noun-Pec	Clerk	店員/ 事務員	Ten'in/ Jimu-in
Noun-Pec	Store clerk	店員	Ten'in

Noun-Pec	Cutter	カッター	kattā
Noun-Pec	Dancer	踊り手/ 踊り子/ ダンサー/ 舞手	Odori-te/ Odoriko * (dancer (usually female))/ Dansā/ Mai-te
Noun-Pec	Dandy	ダンディ	Dandi
Noun-Pec	Driver	運転者/ 運転手/ ドライバー	Unten-sha/ Untenshu/ Doraibā
Noun-Pec	A fast driver	早い運転手/ 速いドライバー	Hayai untenshu/ Hayai doraibā
Noun-Pec	Electrician	電気技師/ 電工/ 電気工/ 電気技術者	Denki gishi/ Denkō/ Denki kō/ Denki gijutsu-sha
Noun-Pec	Engineer (technician)	技術者/ 技師/ 工学者/ 技術屋/ エンジニア/ テクニシャン	Gijutsu-sha/ Gishi/ Kōgaku-sha/ Gijutsu-ya/ Enjinia/ Tekunishan
Noun-Pec	Entertainer (performer)	芸能人/ エンターテイナー (出演者)	Geinōjin/ Entāteinā (shutsuen-sha)
Noun-Pec	Esquire	エスクワイア	Esukuwaia
Noun-Pec	Expat	外国人	Gaikokujin
Noun-Pec	Explorer	冒険者/ 探検家/ 探検者/ エクスプローラ	Bōken-sha/ Tanken-ka/ Tanken-sha/ Ekusupurōra
Noun-Pec	Wildlife explorer	野生動物探検家	Yasei dōbutsu tanken-ka
Noun-Pec	Famous person (well known person)	有名人/ 有名な人/ ビッグネーム (よく知られた人)	Yūmeijin/ Yūmeina hito/ Biggunēmu * (big name; famous person) (yoku shira reta hito)
Noun-Pec	Fanfare	ファンファーレ/ 鳴り物入り	Fanfāre * (from German)/ Narimonoiri
Noun-Pec	Fisherman (Fisher)	漁師/ 漁夫 (漁父)/ 漁業者/ 漁船乗組員/ 漁船員 (フィッシャー/ フィッシャーマン)	Ryōshi/ Gyofu/ Gyogyō-sha/ Gyosen norikumiin/ Gyosen-in (Fisshā/ Fisshāman)
Noun-Pec	Foreigner	外人/ 外国人/ 異邦人/ 異郷人/ 異国の人/ 他国人/ 異国人/ フォリナー	Gaijin * (foreigner (esp. one of European ancestry))/ Gaikokujin/ Ihōjin/ Ikyōjin/ Ikoku no hito/ Takoku jin/ Ikokujin/ Forinā
Noun-Pec	Free spirit (eccentric; bohemian; hippie; alternative person)	自由な精神 (な)/ 自由人/ 浩然の気/ 気まま (な) (エキセントリック (な); ボヘミアン (な); ヒッピー (な); オルタナティブな人)	Jiyūna seishin (na)/ Jiyujin/ Kōzen'noki/ Kimama (na) (Ekisentorikku (na); Bohemian (na); Hippī (na); Orutanatibuna hito)
Noun-Pec	Freewheeler	気ままな人	Kimamana hito
Noun-Pec	Globetrotter	グローブトロッター	Gurōbutorottā
Noun-Pec	Guide	案内役/ 案内人/ 案内者/ 道案内/ ガイド	An'nai-yaku/ An'naibito/ An'nai-sha/ Michian'nai/ Gaido
Noun-Pec	Handyman	便利屋/ 雑役夫	Benri-ya/ Zōyakufu
Noun-Pec	Hanger-on	取り巻き	torimaki
Noun-Pec	Hippy (hipster)	ヒッピー (流行に敏感な人)	Hippī (ryūkō ni binkan'na hito)
Noun-Pec	Hobbyist	趣味人	Shumibito
Noun-Pec	Inspector (investigator; auditor)	検査官/ 監察官/ 監査役/ 検査員/ 検査役/ 監査官 (調査員; 監査人)	Kensakan/ Kansatsu-kan/ Kansa-yaku/ Kensa-in/ Kensa-yaku/ Kansa-kan (Chōsa-in; Kan-sa nin)
Noun-Pec	Instrument player (instrumentalist)	楽器奏者 (器楽奏者)	Gakki sōsha (Kigaku sōsha)
Noun-Pec	Insurer	保険会社	hokensha
Noun-Pec	Laborer	作業員/ 労働者/ 工夫/ 労務者/ 役夫	Sagyō-in/ Rōdō-sha/ Kufū/ Rōmusha/ Eki fu (yaku otto)
Noun-Pec	Mason (Brick layer)	石匠/ 石工/ 石大工/ メイソン (レンガ層)	Sekishou/ Ishiku/ Ishi daiku/ Meison (Renga-sō)

Noun-Pec	Mechanic	整備士/ 機械工/ メカニック	Seibi-shi/ Kikai kō/ Mekanikku
Noun-Pec	Car mechanic	自動車整備士/ 自動車修理工	Jidōsha seibi-shi/ Jidōsha shūrikō
Noun-Pec	Colonist	入植者	Nyūshoku-sha
Noun-Pec	Outsider	部外者	bugai-sha
Noun-Pec	Insider	内部者	naibu-sha
Noun-Pec	Migrant	移民	Imin
Noun-Pec	Emigrant	移民	Imin * (immigrant; emigrant/ some languages have no different words for emigrant and immigrant)
Noun-Pec	Immigrant	移民	Imin * (immigrant; emigrant/ some languages have no different words for emigrant and immigrant)
Noun-Pec	Hitchhiker	ヒッチハイカー	Hitchaikā
Noun-Pec	Influencer	影響者	Eikyōsha
Noun-Pec	Knowledge migrant	知識移民	Chishiki imin
Noun-Pec	Migrant worker	出稼ぎ労働者	Dekasegi rōdō-sha
Noun-Pec	Event manager	イベントマネージャ	Ibentomanēja
Noun-Pec	Master of ceremonies	司会者/ マスターオブセレモニー	Shikai-sha/ Masutāobuseremonī
Noun-Pec	Mime player	マイム奏者	Maimu sōsha
Noun-Pec	Moviestar	映画のスター	Eiga no sutā
Noun-Pec	Music composer	音楽作曲家	Ongaku sakkyokka
Noun-Pec	Music conductor	音楽指揮者/ 指揮者	Ongaku shiki-sha/ Shiki sha * ((musical) conductor)
Noun-Pec	Music group	音楽グループ	Ongaku gurūpu
Noun-Pec	Musician	音楽家/ ミュージシャン/ アーティスト/ 楽士	Ongakuka/ Myūjishan/ Ātisuto * (artist; musician)/ Gakushi * (musician; bandsman)
Noun-Pec	News reporter (journalist)	報道記者/ 記者/ 取材記者/ 社会部記者/ 硬派 (ジャーナリスト/ 報道記者/ 記者/ 探訪 (する))	Hōdō kisha * (news reporter; journalist)/ Kisha * (reporter; journalist)/ Shuzai kisha * (on-the-ground reporter; news reporter; legman)/ Shakai-bu kisha * (local-news reporter; police reporter; city news reporter)/ Kōha * (hard-liners; diehards; hawks/ hard news; reporter who covers political and economic affairs) (Jānarisuto/ Hōdō kisha/ Kisha/ Tanbō (suru) * (searching; hunting for news story; journalist))
Noun-Pec	Ninja	忍者	Ninja
Noun-Pec	Orchestra	楽団/ 管弦楽団/ 楽隊/ オーケストラ/ オケ	Gakudan/ Kangengaku-dan/ Gakutai/ Ōkesutora/ Oke * (abbreviation)
Noun-Pec	Parade	パレード (する)	Pareedo (suru)
Noun-Pec	Passenger	乗客/ 旅客/ 乗客/ 船客/ 搭乗者/ 客/ 渡航者/ パッセンジャー	Jōkyaku/ Ryokaku/ Jōkyaku/ Senkyaku/ Tōjō-sha/ Kyaku/ Tokō-sha/ Passenjā
Noun-Pec	Pedestrian	歩行者	Hokōsha
Noun-Pec	Philanthropist	慈善家	Jizenka
Noun-Pec	Plumber	配管工	Haikan-kō
Noun-Pec	Poet	詩人/ 詩客/ 詩家/ 騷人/ ポエット (ポエト)/ ポエマー/ 歌人	Shijin/ Shikaku/ Shika/ Sōjin/ Poetto (poeto)/ Poemā * (Wasei, word made in Japan, From English “poem-er”)/ Kajin * (mainly poet of of tanka poems, an ancient Japanese form of poetry)

Noun-Pec	Press (the press)	言論界/ 新聞紙上/ プレス (プレス)	Genron-kai * (the press; journalism; fourth estate)/ Shinbunshi-jō * (the press; (in the) newspapers)/ Puresu * (the press; news media) (puresu)
Noun-Pec	Probation officer (parole officer)	保護観察官 (保護観察官)	hogo kansatsu kan (hogo kansatsu kan)
Noun-Pec	Respected person	尊敬する人	Sonkeisuruhito
Noun-Pec	Roofer	屋根葺き職人	Yanebuki shokunin
Noun-Pec	Sailor	セーラー	Sērā
Noun-Pec	Settler (settlers)	入植者 (入植者)	Nyūshoku-sha (nyūshoku-sha)
Noun-Pec	Shipper	発送業者	Hassō gyōsha
Noun-Pec	Singer	歌手/ 歌い手/ 歌うたい/ シンガー/ ジンゲル	Kashu/ Utaite/ Utautai/ Shingā/ Jingeru * (from German "Singer")
Noun-Pec	Stranger	他人/ 知らない人/ 見知らぬ人/ よそ者 (余所者/ 他所者/ よそのもの)/ 他国者/ 流れ者/ 外来者/ よその人 (他所の人/ 余所の人/ よそのひと)/ 異邦人/ 異国人/ エトランゼ * (from French "étranger")/ 旅がらす (旅烏; 旅鴉; たびがらす)/ 他国人/ 旅の者/ ストレンジャー	Tanin/ Shiranai hito/ Mishiranu hito/ Yosomono/ Takokumono/ Nagare-sha/ Gairai-sha/ Yoso no hito/ Ihōjin/ Ikokujin/ Etoranze * (from French "étranger")/ Tabigarasu/ Takoku jin/ Tabi no mono/ Sutorenjā
Noun-Pec	Stunt double	スタントダブル	Sutantodaburu
Noun-Pec	Subordinate (inferiors)	部下/ 目下/ 下位	Buka * (subordinate person)/ Meshita * (subordinate; subordinates; inferior; inferiors; junior)/ Kai * (low rank; lower position; subordinate position; lower order (e.g. byte))
Noun-Pec	Superior (senior; boss)	上司/ 目上	Jōshi/ Meue
Noun-Pec	Taxi Driver	タクシードライバー/ タクシー運転手/ タクシーの運転手/ タクシー運転者	Takushīdoraibā/ Takushī untenshu/ Takushī no untenshu/ Takushī unten-sha
Noun-Pec	Technical engineer	技術エンジニア/ テクニカルエンジニア	Gijutsu enjinia/ Tekunikaruenjinia
Noun-Pec	Technician	技術者/ テクニシャン	Gijutsu-sha/ Tekunishan
Noun-Pec	Theater group	劇団/ 演劇集団/ 演劇グループ/ 演劇のグループ	Gekidan/ Engeki shūdan/ Engeki gurūpu/ Engeki no gurūpu
Noun-Pec	Troupe	一座	Ichiza
Noun-Pec	Thrill seeker	スリルシーカー	Surirushikā
Noun-Pec	Tour guide	ツアーガイド	Tsuāgaido
Noun-Pec	Tourist	観光客/ ツーリスト	Kankōkyaku/ Tsūrisuto
Noun-Pec	Train conductor (Railway guard)	車掌/ 列車の車掌 (鉄道警備員)	Shashō/ Ressha no shashō (Tetsudō anchisukiru)
Noun-Pec	Tramp (vagabond)	浮浪者 (放浪者)	Furō-sha (hōrō-sha)
Noun-Pec	Bum	お尻	Oshiri
Noun-Pec	Vagabond	放浪者	Hōrō-sha
Noun-Pec	Vagrant	浮浪者	Furō-sha
Noun-Pec	Traveller	旅行者/ 旅人/ 旅客/ 旅行家/ 行人/ 旅の人/ 過客/ 旅の者/ トラベラー	Ryokō-sha/ Tabibito/ Ryokaku/ Ryokō-ka/ Kōjin/ Tabi no hito/ Kakaku/ Tabi no mono/ Toraberā

Noun-Pec	Time traveler	タイムトラベラー	Taimutorabera
Noun-Pec	Travel agent	旅行代理店/ 旅行会社/ 旅行社/ 旅行業者	Ryokō dairiten/ Ryokōkaisha/ Ryokō-sha/ Ryokō gyōsha
Noun-Pec	Truck driver	トラック運転手/ トラックの運転手/ トラックドライバー/ トラックのドライバー	Torakku untenshu/ Torakku no untenshu/ Torakkudoraibā/ Torakku no doraibā
Noun-Pec	Viewer	ビューア/ 視聴者/ 受け手/ 見物客	Byūa/ Shichō-sha/ Ukete/ Kenbutsu kyaku
Noun-Pec	Volunteer	ボランティア/ 有志 (の)/ 挺身 (する)/ 篤志家	Borantia/ Yūshi (no)/ Teishin (suru)/ Atsushike
Noun-Pec	Wanderer	放浪者/ 流浪人/ 風来坊/ 旅がらす/ 渡り者/ 蓬客/ 遊子/ 風来人	Hōrō-sha/ Rurōbito/ Fūraibō * (wanderer; vagabond; capricious person; hobo)/ Tabigarasu/ Watari-sha/ Hōkaku * (wanderer; drifter)/ Yūshi * (wanderer; traveller; traveler)/ Fūraijin * (wanderer; vagabond; capricious person; hobo)
Noun-Pec	Lone wolf	一匹狼	Ippiki ōkami
Noun-Pec	Gypsy	ジプシー	Jipushī
Noun-Pec	Colleague	同僚	Dōryō
Noun-Pec	Co-worker	同僚	Dōryō
Noun-Pec	Contact (a contact person)	連絡先/ 連絡 (連絡担当者)	Renrakusen/ Renraku (renraku tantōsha)
Noun-Pec	Associate	仲間/ 関係者	Nakama/ Kankei-sha * (person concerned; people involved (in an event); those concerned; staff)
Noun-Pec	Consort	配偶者	Haigūsha
Noun-Pec	Decision maker (decider)	意思決定者/ 決定権者 * (ie. final decision maker, 最終決定権者) (意思決定者)	Ishi kettei-sha/ Kettei-ken-sha * (ie. final decision maker, Saishū kettei-ken-sha) (ishi kettei-sha)
Noun-Pec	Deputy (Vice-)	代理/ 代わり (替わり/ 代り/ 替り/ かわり)/ 代理人/ 代人/ 副 (ie. 副社長 = executive vice-president)/ 次 (つぎ/ じ) (ie. 次長 = vice-chief; vice-director; assistant director; deputy manager)	Dairi/ Kawari/ Dairinin/ Dai hito/ Fuku (ie. Fuku shachō = executive vice-president)/ Tsugi (tsugi/ ji) (ie. Jichō = vice-chief; vice-director; assistant director; deputy manager)
Noun-Pec	Employee (worker)	従業員/ 使用人/ 職員	Jūgyōin/ Shiyounin/ Shokuin
Noun-Pec	Employer	雇用主	Koyōshu
Noun-Pec	Expeditor (expediter)	エクスペディター	Ekusupeditā
Noun-Pec	Personnel	人事	Jinji
Noun-Pec	Project manager	プロジェクト マネージャー/ プロジェクト管理者	Purojekuto manējā/ Purojekuto kanrisha
Noun-Pec	Staff	スタッフ/ 職員	Sutaffu/ Shokuin
Noun-Pec	Staff member	スタッフ/ 職員	Sutaffu/ Shokuin
Noun-Pec	User	使用者/ ユーザー	Shiyōsha/ Yūzā
Noun-Pec	Wearer	着用者	Chakuyō-sha
Noun-Pec	Wielder	使い手	Tsukaite
Noun-Pec	Accomplice	共犯者	Kyō hansha
Noun-Pec	Boss	ボス	bosu

Noun-Pec	Henchman (underlings)	子分/ 手下/ 共犯者/ 腹心の部下 (手下)	Kobun/ Teshita * (subordinate; underling; henchman; minion)/ Kyōhan-sha * (accomplice; henchman)/ Fukushima no buka * (henchman; right-hand man; trusted confidant; inner circle) (Teshita)
Noun-Pec	Hireling	雇い人 (雇人/ やといにん)/ 雇用者	Yatoinin/ Koyō-sha
Noun-Pec	Introducee	紹介者	Shōkai-sha
Noun-Pec	Joiner	参加者	Sankasha
Noun-Pec	Participant	参加者	Sankasha
Noun-Pec	Judge (the judge)	判定者/ 判事/ 裁判官/ 審判者	Hantei-sha/ Hanji/ Saibankan/ Shinpan-sha * (judge; arbitrator)
Noun-Pec	Lawyer	法律家/ 弁護士/ 法家/ 法律学者/ 先生/ 法曹/ 代言人/ 顧問弁護士/ 悪徳弁護士/ 三百代言/ 弁護人	Hōritsuya * (lawyer; jurist)/ Bengoshi * (lawyer; attorney)/ Hōka * (lawyer)/ Hōritsu gakusha * (lawyer; jurist)/ Sensei * (means 'teacher; instructor; master', but is also a title or form of address for a teacher, master, doctor, lawyer, etc. It is honorific or respectful (sonkeigo) language)/ Hōsō * (legal profession; judicial officer; lawyer; attorney)/ Daigen nin * (attorney; lawyer)/ Komon bengoshi * (legal adviser; legal advisor; corporation lawyer; family lawyer)/ Akutoku bengoshi * (shyster; pettifogger; unscrupulous lawyer; crooked lawyer)/ Sanbyaku daigen * (pettifogging lawyer; unscrupulous or unethical lawyer; shyster/ casuist; sophist)/ Bengonin * (counsel; defender; advocate/ defense counsel)
Noun-Pec	Manager (boss; leader)	管理者/ マネージャー (マネジャー)/ 上司/ ボス/ 監督 (する)/ 部長/ 長	Kanrisha/ Manējā (manejā)/ Jōshi/ Bosu/ Kantoku (suru)/ Buchō/ Chō * (not 'naga' with the same Kanji)
Noun-Pec	Micro-manager	マイクロマネージャー	Maikuro manejā
Noun-Pec	Overseer	監督者	Kantokusha
Noun-Pec	Advisor	アドバイザー/ 顧問/ 相談相手	Adobaizā/ Komon/ Sōdan aite
Noun-Pec	Analyst	アナリスト/ 分析者	Anarisuto/ Bunseki-sha
Noun-Pec	Attorney	弁護士	bengoshi
Noun-Pec	Attorney General	検事総長/ 司法長官	Kenjisōchō/ Shihō chōkan
Noun-Pec	Board member	取締役/ ボードメンバー/ 理事会メンバー/ 役員/ 理事	Torishimariyaku * (company director; board member)/ Bōdomenbā/ Riji-kai menbā * (member of the board of directors; member of the board of trustees)/ Yakuin * (director; executive/ officer; official; person in charge)/ Riji * (director; trustee)
Noun-Pec	Booker (reserver; receptionist)	予約者/ ブッカー (予約者; 受付係)	Yoyaku-sha/ Bukkā (Yoyaku-sha; Uketsuke-gakari)
Noun-Pec	Branch manager (manager of a branch office)	支店長	Shitenchō

Noun-Pec	Business consultant	ビジネスコンサルタント/ 事業コンサルタント/ 業務コンサルタント/ ビジネス相談相手/ ビジネス顧問/ ビジネス相談相手/ 業務顧問/ 事業顧問/ 業務相談相手	Bijinesu konsarutanto/ Jigyō konsarutanto/ Gyōmu konsarutanto/ Bijinesu komon/ Bijinesu sōdan aite/ Gyōmu komon/ Jigyō komon/ Gyōmu sōdan aite
Noun-Pec	Career woman	職業婦人	Shokugyō fujin
Noun-Pec	Computer user	コンピューター ユーザー	Konpyūtā yūzā
Noun-Pec	Consultant	コンサルタント/ 顧問/ 相談相手	Konsarutanto/ Komon/ Sōdan aite
Noun-Pec	Contract employee	契約社員	Keiyaku shain
Noun-Pec	Contractor (freelancer)	請負業者 (フリーランサー)/ 無所属の契約者/ 契約者	Ukeoi gyōsha (furīransā)/ Mushozoku no keiyaku-sha/ Keiyaku-sha
Noun-Pec	Counsellor (counselor)	カウンセラー (カウンセラー)	Kaunserā (kaunserā)
Noun-Pec	Data researcher	データ研究者	Dēta kenkyūsha
Noun-Pec	Defendant (accused)	被告/ 被告人/ 刑事被告人 (被告人/ 被告/ 刑事被告人/ 刑事被告)	Hikoku * (defendant; the accused)/ Hikokunin * (accused; defendant; prisoner at the bar)/ Keiji hikokunin * (accused; defendant; prisoner at the bar) (Hikokunin/ Hikoku/ Keijihikokunin/ Keiji hikoku)
Noun-Pec	Defender (protector)	防衛者/ ディフェンダー/ 擁護者/ 弁護者/ 弁護人/ D F (保護者/ 守護者/ 守護人/ 庇護者)	Bōei-sha * (defender)/ Difendā * (defender)/ Yōgo-sha * (advocate; defender; champion; backer)/ Bengo-sha * (proponent; defender; advocate)/ Bengonin * (counsel; defender; advocate)/ DF * (defender/ sports/ defence; defense/ sports) (Hogo-sha * (guardian; protector; patron; parent)/ Shi ~yugosha * (guardian; custodian)/ Shugo nin * (guard; protector)/ Higo-sha * (guardian; mentor; protector))
Noun-Pec	Interloper	侵入者	shinnyuusha
Noun-Pec	Protector	守護者/ プロテクター	shugosha/ Purotekutaa
Noun-Pec	Orphan (orphans)	孤児 (孤児たち)	Minashigo (minashigo-tachi)

Noun-Pec	Outcast	のけ者 (除け者/ のけもの)/ はみ出し者/ 落伍者/ 鼻つまみ/ デクラッセ/ 日陰者/ 賤民/ 無敵の人/ アウトキャスト	Nokemono * (outcast; odd man out; pariah)/ Hamidashi mono * (outcast; misfit; deviant; maverick; nonconformist)/ Rakugo-sha * (dropout; straggler; outcast; failure)/ Hanatsumami * (uncouth person; disgusting fellow; nuisance; outcast; bore)/ Dekurasse * (dropout; quitter; deserter; outcast; failure/ from French "déclassé")/ Hikagemono * (person who is socially ostracized (e.g. an ex-convict, mistress, illegitimate child); social outcast; person with a shady past; person with something to hide/ obscure person; person who lives in obscurity; person who has been forgotten by the world)/ Senmin * (lowly people (esp. as a caste); humble people/ outcast (person)/ Muteki no hito * (person (esp. social outcast) who has nothing left to lose; invincible person/ slang)/ Autokyasuto
Noun-Pec	Pariah	不可触民	Fukashokumin
Noun-Pec	Developer (programmer)	開発者 (プログラマー)/ 開発元/ デベロッパー/ ディベロッパー/ クリエイター	Kaihatsu-sha (puroguramā)/ Kaihatsumoto/ Deberoppā/ Diberoppā/ Kurieitā
Noun-Pec	Director	監督/ ディレクター	Kantoku/ Direkutā
Noun-Pec	Head (chief, director) of a section or department	部長/ 長	Buchō/ Chō * (not 'naga' with the same Kanji)
Noun-Pec	Hired personnel	採用者	Saiyōsha
Noun-Pec	Mediator	調停者	Chōseishya
Noun-Pec	Note taker	ノートテイカー	Nōtoteikā
Noun-Pec	Office employee	オフィス従業員	Ofisu jūgyōin
Noun-Pec	Office worker	サラリーマン/ 会社員/ 勤め人	Sararīman/ Kaishain/ Tsutomenin
Noun-Pec	President	社長/ 大統領/ プレジデント	Shachō/ Daitōryō/ Purejidento
Noun-Pec	Prosecutor	検察官/ 原告/ 検事/ 訴追者/ 検事正/ 区検	Kensatsukan * (public prosecutor/ prosecutor)/ Genkoku * (plaintiff; accuser; prosecutor)/ Kenji * (public prosecutor)/ Sotsui-sha * (prosecutor)/ Kenjisei * (chief public prosecutor)/ Kuken * (local prosecutor)
Noun-Pec	Researcher	研究者	Kenkyūsha
Noun-Pec	Responsible person (person in charge)	責任者/ 担当者	Sekininsha/ Tantōsha
Noun-Pec	Self made man	独立独行人/ 自作自演人/ 立志伝授の人物	Dokuritsudokkō no hito/ Jisaku jien jin * (doing everything by oneself (from preparation to execution))/ Risshi denju no jinbutsu

Noun-Pec	Service desk employee	サービスデスクの従業員/ サービスデスクのスタッフ/ サービスデスクスタッフ/ 支援デスクのスタッフ/ ヘルプデスクの従業員/ サポートデスク担当者	Sābisudesuku no jūgyōin/ Sābisudesuku no sutaffu/ Sābisudesukusutaffu/ Shiji desuku no sutaffu/ Herupu desuku no jūgyōin * (helpdesk employee)/ Sapōtodesuku tantōsha * (support desk employee)
Noun-Pec	Supervisor	監督者/ スーパーバイザー	Kantoku-sha/ sūpābaizā
Noun-Pec	Taskmaster	監督者	Kantokusha
Noun-Pec	Vice president	副社長/ バイスプレジデント	Fuku shachō/ Baisupurejidento
Noun-Pec	Zoning officer	ゾーニング担当者	Zōningu tantōsha
Noun-Pec	Archer	射手	Ite
Noun-Pec	Baker	ベーカリー/ パン屋	Beikā/ Pan-ya
Noun-Pec	Biologist	生物学者	Ikimonogaku-sha
Noun-Pec	Detective	探偵	Tantei
Noun-Pec	Florist	花屋/ フローリスト	Hanaya/ Furōrisuto
Noun-Pec	Hunter	猟師/ 狩人/ ハンター	Ryōshi/ Kariudo/ Hantā
Noun-Pec	Inventor	発明者/ 発明家/ 創案者	Hatsumei-sha/ Hatsumei-ka/ Sōan-sha * (originator; inventor)
Noun-Pec	Investigator	捜査官	Sōsa-kan
Noun-Pec	Maid	メイド/ 女中/ メード	Meido/ Jochū/ Mēdo
Noun-Pec	Philosopher	哲学者	Tetsugaku sha (tetsugakumono * google translates this incorrectly)
Noun-Pec	Scientist	科学者/ 学者	Kagaku-sha/ Gakusha
Noun-Pec	Tinker	ティンカー	Tinkā
Noun-Pec	Tinkerer	いじくり屋	Ijikuriya
Noun-Pec	Member	会員/ 員/ メンバー	Kaiin/In/ Menbā
Noun-Pec	Official	官/ 係/ 係員(係り員)/ 官僚/ 役人	Tsukasa * (not 'kan' of the same Kanji)/ Kakari/ Kakariin/ Kanryō/ Yakunin
Noun-Pec	Politician	政治家	Seijika
Noun-Pec	Alliance	同盟(する)/ 盟/ 連合(する)/ 連立(する)/ 連盟(の)/ アライアンス	Dōmei (suru)/ Mei/ Rengō (suru)/ Renritsu (suru)/ Renmei (no)/ Ariansu
Noun-Pec	Authorities	当局	Tōkyoku
Noun-Pec	Tax authorities	税務当局	Zeimu tōkyoku
Noun-Pec	Tax collector	徴税人/ 徴税吏/ 収税吏/ 収税人/ 税吏	Chōzei nin/ Chō zeiri/ Shūzeiri/ Shūzeinin/ Zeiri
Noun-Pec	Tax inspector	税務調査官	Zeimu chōsakan
Noun-Pec	Taxpayer (tax payer)	納税者(納税者)	Nōzei-sha (nōzei-sha)
Noun-Pec	Voter	有権者	Yūkensha
Noun-Pec	Anarchist	無政府主義者	museifu shugisha
Noun-Pec	Civil servant	公務員	Kōmuin
Noun-Pec	Committee	委員会	linkai
Noun-Pec	Communist	共産主義者	Kyōsan shugi-sha
Noun-Pec	Congress	議会	Gikai
Noun-Pec	Congressman	議員	Giin
Noun-Pec	Council (the council)	評議会/ 協議会	Hyōgi-kai/ Kyōgi-kai
Noun-Pec	Councillor	評議員	Hyōgi-in

Noun-Pec	Council member (official member of the council)	評議会議員/ 評議員/ 協議会メンバー/ 議会議員 (正式な評議員)	Hyōgi-kai giin/ Hyōgi-in/ Kyōgi-kai menbā/ Gikai giin * (member of parliament) (seishikina hyōgi-in)
Noun-Pec	Delegation	委任	Inin
Noun-Pec	Democrat	民主主義者/ 民主党員	Minshu shugi-sha/ Minshutō-in
Noun-Pec	Demonstrator	デモ参加者	demo sankasha
Noun-Pec	Economist	経済学者	
Noun-Pec	Election (elections)	選挙 (する/ の)/ 選出 (する) (選挙 (する/ の))	Senkyo (suru/ no)/ Senshutsu (suru) (senkyo (suru/ no))
Noun-Pec	Electorate	有権者	Yūkensha
Noun-Pec	Follower (followers)	フォロワー/ 信者/ 弟子/ 供 (とも) (する) (フォロワー)	Forowā/ Shinja * (believer; adherent; devotee; follower/ fanboy; fanatic; superfan)/ Deshi * (pupil; disciple; adherent; follower; apprentice; young person; teacher's student-helper)/ Tomo (suru) * (companion; follower; attendant; retinue) (forowā)
Noun-Pec	Government	政府/ 政治	Seifu/ Seiji
Noun-Pec	Government employee	公務員	Kōmuin
Noun-Pec	Government law	政府法	Seifu-hō
Noun-Pec	Government policy	政府の政策	Seifu no seisaku
Noun-Pec	Legislator	立法者	Rippōsha
Noun-Pec	Lobbyist	ロビイスト	Robiisuto
Noun-Pec	Member of parliament	国会議員	Kokkai giin
Noun-Pec	Monetarist	貨幣主義者	Kahei shugi sha
Noun-Pec	Officer	役員	Yakuin
Noun-Pec	Opposition (opposite side)	反対側	Hantai gawa (hantaisoku)
Noun-Pec	Opposition faction (opposition party)	反対派/ 野党	Hantai-ha/ Yatō
Noun-Pec	Own party	自党	Jitō
Noun-Pec	Parliament (congress)	議会/ 議院	Gikai/ Giin
Noun-Pec	Political party	政党 (の)/ 党 (とう)/ 政治団体/ 公党	Seitō (no)/ Tō/ Seiji dantai/ Kōtō
Noun-Pec	Democratic Party	民主党	Minshutō
Noun-Pec	Republican Party	共和党	Kyōwatō
Noun-Pec	Republican	共和党員	Kyōwatō-in
Noun-Pec	Extreme right-wing party	極右政党	Kyokuu seitō
Noun-Pec	Ruling party (party in power)	与党	Yotō
Noun-Pec	Patriot	愛国者	Aikoku-sha
Noun-Pec	Protester	抗議者	kōgisha
Noun-Pec	Activist	活動家	katsudouka
Noun-Pec	Pacifist	平和主義者	heiwa shugisha

Noun-Pec	Servant	サーバント/ 使用人/ 奉公人/ 召し使い/ 従者/ 奴隸/ 僕 (ぼく)/ 僕 (しもべ) (下部)	Sābanto/ Shiyōnin/ Hōkōnin * (employee servant)/ Meshi-dzukai * (servant; menial)/ Jūsha * (attendant; servant)/ Dorei * (slave; servant)/ Boku * (manservant)/ Shimobe * (servant; manservant; menial) (Kabu * (subordinate (office); good and faithful servant))
Noun-Pec	Slave (slaves)	奴隸/ 被虜人/ スレーブ (奴隸)	Dorei/ Hiryonin/ Surēbu (dorei)
Noun-Pec	Socialist	社会主義者	Shakai shugi sha
Noun-Pec	Undertaker	アンダーテイカー	andaateikaa
Noun-Spc	Athlete (sporter; sportsman)	アスリート (スポーツ選手; スポーツマン)	Asurīto (supōtsu senshu; supōtsuman)
Noun-Spc	Player (sport, team)	選手	Senshu
Noun-Spc	Basketball player	バスケットボール選手	Basukettobōru senshu
Noun-Spc	Basketball team	バスケットボールチーム/ バスケットボールのチーム/ バスケットボール部/ 籠球チーム	Basukettobōruchīmu/ Basukettobōru no chīmu/ Basukettobōru-bu/ Rōkyū chīmu
Noun-Spc	Bodybuilder	ボディビルダー	Bodibirudā
Noun-Spc	Boxer	ボクサー	Bokusā
Noun-Spc	Competitor	競争相手	Kyōsō aite
Noun-Spc	Diver	潜水夫/ ダイバー	Sensuifu/ Daibā
Noun-Spc	Deep sea diver	深海ダイバー	Shinkai daibā
Noun-Spc	Football fan (football supporter, soccer supporter)	サッカーファン/ サッカーサポーター/ サッカーサポーター/ 蹴球ファン/ 蹴球サポーター	Sakkāfan/ Sakkāsapōtā/ Sakkāsapōtā/ Shūkyū fan/ Shūkyū sapōtā
Noun-Spc	Football player	サッカー選手	Sakkā senshu
Noun-Spc	Star player	スター選手	Sutā senshu
Noun-Spc	Football team	フットボールチーム/ サッカーチーム/ フットボールのチーム/ フットボール部/ 蹴球チーム	Futtobōruchīmu/ Sakkāchīmu/ Futtobōru no chīmu/ Futtobōru-bu/ Shūkyū chīmu
Noun-Spc	Fiery opponent	激しい対戦相手	Hageshī taisen aite
Noun-Spc	Gold medallist	金メダリスト	Kinmedarisuto
Noun-Spc	Hulk	巨漢	kyokan
Noun-Spc	Marcher	行進者	Kōshin-sha
Noun-Spc	Mountain climber	登山者/ 登山家/ 登山客	Tozan-sha/ Tozan-ka/ Tozan kyaku
Noun-Spc	Opponent	相手	Aite
Noun-Spc	Adversary	敵対者	Tekitai-sha
Noun-Spc	Rival	ライバル	Raibaru
Noun-Spc	Runner	ランナー/ 走者	Ran'nā/ Sōsha
Noun-Spc	Sporter	スポーツ選手	Supōtsu senshu
Noun-Spc	Sportsman	スポーツマン	Supōtsu man
Noun-Spc	Sportsmanship	スポーツマンシップ	Supōtsu man shippu
Noun-Spc	Strong opponent	強い相手/ 強敵	Tsuyoi aite/ Kyōteki
Noun-Spc	Swimmer	スイマー/ 泳ぐ人/ 泳者/ 泳ぎ手/ 遊泳者/ 水泳者/ 泳人	Suimā/ Oyoguhito/ Eisha/ Oyogite/ Yūei-sha/ Suiei-sha/ Eito
Noun-Pec	Cleaner	クリーナー	Kurīnā

Noun-Pec	Account manager	アカウントマネージャー/ 担当営業	Akauntomanējā/ Tantō eigyō
Noun-Pec	Ally (supporter)	味方	Mikata
Noun-Pec	A wonderful person	素晴らしい人	Subarashī hito
Noun-Pec	Beloved	愛されし者/ 最愛 (の)/ 懐かしい/ 好き (な)/ 大切 (な)/ 愛おしい/ 愛しい/ 愛 (まな)/ 慕わしい/ 愛しの	Aisare shi-sha * (beloved)/ Saiai (no) * (beloved; dearest)/ Natsukashī * (dear (old); fondly- remembered; beloved; missed; nostalgic)/ Suki (na) * (liking; being fond of; to one's liking; to one's taste; preferred; favourite/ liking (romantically); being in love with; beloved)/ Taisetsu (na) * (means 'important; significant; serious; crucial', but can also mean 'precious; valuable; dear; cherished; beloved')/ Itooshī * (lovely; dear; beloved; darling; dearest)/ itoshī * (lovely; dear; beloved; darling; dearest)/ Mana (ai) * (beloved; dear)/ Shitawashī * (dear; beloved; cherished; adored)/ Itoshino * (dear; beloved; darling)
Noun-Pec	Biker	バイカー/ 自転車者/ 自転車人/ 自転車に乗る人	Baikā/ Jitensha-sha/ Jitensha jin/ Jitenshaninoru hito
Noun-Pec	Cat lover (lover of cats)	猫好き/ 愛猫家/ 猫の恋人	Neko-suki/ Aibyōka/ Neko no koibito
Noun-Pec	Cyclist	サイクリスト	Saikurisuto
Noun-Pec	Darling	可愛い (カワイイ/ カワイい)/ 愛しい/ 愛おしい/ ダーリン	Kawaii/ Itoshī/ Itooshī/ Dārin
Noun-Pec	Deliverer	配達人	Haitatsunin
Noun-Pec	Deliveryman	配達人	Haitatsunin
Noun-Pec	Happy person	幸せな人	Shiawasena hito
Noun-Pec	Unhappy person	不幸な人	Fukōna hito
Noun-Pec	Nice guy	いい人	Ii hito
Noun-Pec	Messenger	メッセンジャー	Messenjā
Noun-Pec	Donor (one who does something for you)	呉れ手 (くれて)/ ドナー/ 寄贈者/ 交付者	Kure-te (kurete)/ Donā/ Kisōsha/ Kōfu-sha
Noun-Pec	Fan (enthusiast; lover (of))	ファン/ noun + 好き	Fan/ noun + Suki * (denote that you are fan of something, ie. fan of cats/ cats lover - 'nekosuki')
Noun-Pec	Garbage cleaner	ゴミクリーナー	Gomikurīnā
Noun-Pec	Garbage man	清掃夫	Seisōfu
Noun-Pec	Waste collector	廃棄物収集業者	Haiki-mono shūshū gyōsha
Noun-Pec	Gardener	庭師	Niwashi
Noun-Pec	Bringer	運ぶ	Hakobu
Noun-Pec	Doer	実行者	Jikkō-sha
Noun-Pec	Maker	メーカー/ 製造者	Mēkā/ Seizō-sha
Noun-Pec	Giver	贈り主 (贈主/ おくりぬし)/ 与え主	Okurinushi/ Atae-nushi
Noun-Pec	Explainer	説明者	Setsumei-sha
Noun-Pec	Hearer	聞き手	Kikite
Noun-Pec	Listener	聞き手	Kikite
Noun-Pec	Looker (seer)	見る人 (見る人)	Miru hito (miru hito)
Noun-Pec	Onlooker	野次馬	Yajiuma

Noun-Pec	Spectator (spectators)	観客 (観客)	Kankyaku (kankyaku)
Noun-Pec	Holder	保持者	Hojisha
Noun-Pec	Keeper	保管者	Hokansha
Noun-Pec	Taker	テイカー	Teikā
Noun-Pec	Trier	トリーア/ 試み者	Torīa/ Kokoromi-sha
Noun-Pec	Hirer	雇う人	yatou hito
Noun-Pec	Renter	レンタル者	rentaru-sha
Noun-Pec	Lover/ Likes (someone who likes; is fond of, lover of)	好き (すき) (な)/ 愛 (の)/ 党 (とう)	Suki (na)/ Ai (no)/ Tō * (means 'party (political), political party' but can also mean 'person who is fond of; fan of')
Noun-Pec	Someone special	特別な人	tokubetsu na hito
Noun-Pec	Parties involved (persons concerned)	当事者/ 関係者/ 関連当事者/ 関係するパートナー	Tōjisha/ Kankei-sha/ Kanren tōjisha/ Kankei suru pātōnā
Noun-Pec	Patron	パトロン/ 恩人	Patoron * (patron (of the arts, an artist, etc.); patroness; financial supporter. Be careful, as this word can also mean 'sugar daddy; man who provides for a woman (e.g. a geisha)')/ Onjin * (benefactor; patron; person to whom one owes a great deal; person to whom one is (deeply) indebted)
Noun-Pec	Public speaker	演説者/ 講演家/ 演説家/ パブリックスピーカー	Enzetsu-sha/ Kōen-ka/ Enzetsu-ka/ Paburikkusupīkā
Noun-Pec	Sender	送信者	Sōshin-sha
Noun-Pec	Originator	発信者	Hasshinsha
Noun-Pec	Receiver	受信機	Jushin-ki
Noun-Pec	Recipient	受信者/ 受容者/ 受取人/ 送り先/ 受領者/ 受け入れ先/ 享受者/ 取り手 (取手/ とりて)/ 貰い手 (もらい手)/ レシピエント	Jushin-sha/ Juyō-sha/ Uketori hito/ Okurisaki/ Juryō-sha/ Ukeire-saki/ Kyōju-sha/ Tori-te/ Moraite/ Reshipiento
Noun-Pec	Representative	代表者	daihyousha
Noun-Pec	Representative (delegate)	代表者	Daihyō-sha
Noun-Pec	Delegate (delegates)	代表者	Daihyōsha
Noun-Pec	Speaker	講師/ 講演者/ スピーカー/ 話し手/ 演説者/ 発言者	Kōshi/ Kōen-sha/ Supīkā/ Hanashite/ Enzetsu-sha/ Hatsugonsha
Noun-Pec	Sponsor (donator)	主催者/ 世話人/ 保証人/ 後援者/ 後ろ盾/ スポンサー (スポンサ) (寄贈者/ 寄付者)	Shusai-sha/ Sewanin/ Hoshōnin/ Kōen-sha/ Ushirodate/ Suponsā (suponsa) (Kisōsha/ Kifu-sha)
Noun-Pec	Stakeholder (stakeholders)	ステークホルダー (利害関係者)	
Noun-Pec	Storyteller	語り手/ ストーリーテラー	Katarite/ Sutōrītērā
Noun-Pec	Raconteur	語り手	Katarite
Noun-Pec	Virgin	処女	Shojo
Noun-Pec	Amateur (amateurish)	アマチュア (素人)	Amachua (Shirōto)
Noun-Pec	Beginner (Novice)	初心者 (初心者)	Shoshinsha (shoshinsha)
Noun-Pec	Layman	素人	shirouto
Noun-Pec	Novice	初心者	shoshin-sha
Noun-Pec	Junior	ジュニア	junia
Noun-Pec	Intermediate	中級	Chūkyū

Noun-Pec	Adept	達人/ 熟練者	Tatsujin/ Jukuren-sha
Noun-Pec	Senior	シニア	shinia
Noun-Pec	Elite	エリート (の/ な)/ 精鋭 (の/ な)/ 選り抜き	Erīto (no/ na) * (elite/ from French “élite”)/ Seiei (no/ na) * (elite; best; pick; cream of the crop)/ Yorinuki * (the very best; elite)
Noun-Pec	Expert	専門家/ エキスパート	Senmonka/ ekisupāto
Noun-Pec	Professional (a professional)	玄人/ 専門家/ 職業人/ 仕事人/ プロフェッショナル (な)/ プロ (の) (プロフェッショナル (な))	Kurouto/ Senmonka/ Shokugyōjin (shokugyō jin)/ Shigoto nin/ Purofesshonaru (na)/ Puro (no) (purofesshonaru (na))
Noun-Pec	Master	名人/ 先生/ 達人/ 玄人/ 大家/ 巨匠/ マスター	Meijin/ Sensei/ Tatsujin/ Kurouto/ Taika * (not Ōya with the same kanji, which means landlord or landlady)/ Kyoshō/ Masutā
Noun-Pec	Talent (man of outstanding learning and virtue)	俊豪	Shungō
Noun-Pec	Friend (friends)	友達 (友だち)/ 友人/ 友/ フレンド	Tomodachi/ Yūjin/ Tomo/ Furendo
Noun-Pec	Best friend	親友	Shin'yū
Noun-Pec	Mate (a mate)	仲間 (仲間)	nakama
Noun-Pec	Buddy	仲間	Nakama
Noun-Pec	Pal (pals)	仲間	Nakama
Noun-Pec	Black person (black man)	黒人	Kokujin
Noun-Pec	White person (Caucasian; white man)	白人	Hakujin
Noun-Pec	Companion	仲間/ 相手/ コンパニオン	Nakama/ Aite/ Konpanion
Noun-Pec	Guilty person (guilt)	黒	Kuro
Noun-Pec	Innocent person (innocence)	白	Shiro
Noun-Pec	Akin (kindred)	同類	Dōrui
Noun-Pec	Kindred (like-minded; kindred soul)	同志/ 同士	Dōshi/ Dōshi
Noun-Pec	Kindred (relative; relation)	親族	Shinzoku
Noun-Pec	Swordsman (fencer)	剣士/ 剣客/ ソードマン	Kenshi/ Kenkaku/ Sōdoman
Noun-Pec	Swordsmith (swordmaker)	刀匠/ 刀工/ 打物師/ 剣匠/ 刀鍛冶	Tōshō/ Tōkō/ Uchimono-shi/ Ken takumi/ Katanakaji
Noun-Pec	Very cautious person (very prudent person; very discreet person)	慎重居士	Shinchōkoji
Noun-Pec	Teacher (instructor)	先生/ 教官/ 教師 (の)/ 師	Sensei/ Kyōkan/ Kyōshi (no)/ Shi
Noun-Pec	Amateur (layman; ordinary person; novice)	素人	Shirōto
Noun-Pec	Archeologist	考古学者	Kōkogaku-sha
Noun-Pec	Class teacher (homeroom teacher)	担任の先生/ 教師 (の)	Tan'nin no sensei/ Kyōshi (no)
Noun-Pec	Coach	コーチ (する)	Kōchi (suru) * (coach/ coach (sport))
Noun-Pec	Educator (teacher)	教育者	Kyōiku-sha
Noun-Pec	Highschool teacher	高校の先生	Kōkō no sensei

Noun-Pec	Instructor	インストラクター	Insutorakutā
Noun-Pec	Intern	研修生	kenshūsei
Noun-Pec	Interpreter	通訳者/ 通訳人/ インタープリター	Tsūyaku-sha/ Tsūyaku nin/ Intāpuritā
Noun-Pec	Leader	首脳 (主脳)/ 指導者/ 先駆け (する)/ 親分/ 重鎮/ 領袖/ 頭/ 旗頭/ リーダー/ ボス	Shunō (shu nō)/ Shidō-sha/ Sakigake (suru)/ Oyabun/ Jūchin/ Ryōshū/ Atama/ Hatagashira/ Rīdā/ Bosu
Noun-Pec	Life coach (spiritual coach)	ライフコーチ (スピリチュアルコーチ)	Raifukōchi (Supirichuarukōchi)
Noun-Pec	Mentor (coach)	指導者/ 師/ メンター/ 庇護者/ コーチ (する)	Shidō-sha/ Shi/ Mentā/ Higo-sha/ Kōchi (suru)
Noun-Pec	Principal (head teacher)	校長	Kōchō
Noun-Pec	Schoolchild (schoolchildren)	小学生 (小学生)	Shougakusei (shougakusei)
Noun-Pec	Seeker	探求者	Tankyū-sha
Noun-Pec	Speaker (lecturer)	講師	Kōshi
Noun-Pec	Student	学生/ スチューデント	Gakusei/ Suchūdento
Noun-Pec	Pupil (student)	生徒	Seito
Noun-Pec	Teacher (teaching staff)	教員	Kyōin
Noun-Pec	Teacher (to whom one owes a debt of gratitude) (mentor; one's former teacher)	恩師	Onshi * (honorific or respectful (sonkeigo) language)
Noun-Pec	History teacher	歴史の先生	Rekishī no sensei
Noun-Pec	Math teacher	数学の先生	Sūgaku no sensei
Noun-Pec	Science teacher	理科の先生	Rika no sensei
Noun-Pec	Translator	翻訳者/ 訳者/ トランスレーター	Hon'yaku-sha/ Yakusha/ Toransurētā
Noun-Pec	Trainer	トレーナー	Torēnā
Noun-Pec	Personal trainer	個人トレーナー/ ヘルスケアトレーナー	Kojin torēnā/ Herusukeatorēnā * (personal trainer; fitness trainer/ wasei, word made in Japan, From English "health care trainer")
Noun-Pec	Animal handler	動物取扱者	Dōbutsu toriatsukai-sha
Noun-Pec	Animal trainer	調教師/ アニマルトレーナー	Chōkyōshi/ Animarutorēnā
Noun-Pec	Auditory trainer	聴能訓練士	Chi ~younōkunren-shi
Noun-Pec	Bedouin	ベドウィン	bedouin
Noun-Pec	Breeder	ブリーダー	Burīdā
Noun-Pec	Veterinarian	獣医/ 獣医師	Jūi/ Jūi-shi
Noun-Pec	Veterinary	獣医	Jūi
Noun-Pec	Bushman (bushmen)	ブッシュマン (ブッシュマン)	busshuman (busshuman)
Noun-Pec	Commoner (common people)	庶人/ 平民/ パンピ	Shojin/ Heimin/ Panpi
Noun-Pec	Cooper	クーパー	kūpā
Noun-Pec	Farmer (Peasant)	農民 (の)/ 農家/ 農場主/ 農業家	Nōmin (no)/ Nōka/ Nōjōshu/ Nōgyō-ka
Noun-Pec	Fellowman	同胞	Dōhō
Noun-Pec	Heir	相続人/ 跡取り/ 跡継ぎ/ 家督	Sōzokujin/ Atotori/ Atotsugi/ Katoku * (heir; successor)
Noun-Pec	Hired hand	雇われ人	yatoware nin
Noun-Pec	Horse trainer	調馬師	Chōbashi
Noun-Pec	Inlander (native)	内陸人 (ネイティブ)	Nairikujin (neitivu)

Noun-Pec	Local (the locals)	地元 (地元の人々)	Jimoto (jimoto no hitobito)
Noun-Pec	Local people (the locals)	地元の人たち/ 地元民/ 土地の人/ ジモティー (ジモティ; ジモッティー; ジモッピー) (地元の人たち)	Jimoto no hito-tachi/ Jimotomin/ Tochi no hito/ Jimotī (jimotī; jimotī; jimoppī) (jimoto no hito- tachi)
Noun-Pec	Native	現地人 * (native; local)/ 本国人 * (native; citizen)/ 土人 * (people; aborigines)/ ネイティブ (な)	Genchi jin * (native; local)/ Hon kokujin * (native; citizen)/ Dojin * (people; aborigines)/ Neitibu
Noun-Pec	Aboriginal	先住民	senjuumin
Noun-Pec	Notary	公証人/ ノータリー	Kōshōjin/ Nōtarī
Noun-Pec	Personal trainer (fitness trainer)	ヘルスケアトレーナー	Herusukeatorēnā * (Wasei, word made in Japan, From English “health care trainer”)
Noun-Pec	Predecessor	先代	Sendai
Noun-Pec	Rancher	牧場主	Bokujō-nushi
Noun-Pec	Sports trainer	スポーツトレーナー	Supōtsutorēnā
Noun-Pec	Successor	後継者/ 後継/ 後任/ 継承者/ 代わり/ 跡取り/ 家督	Kōkei-sha/ Kōkei/ Kōnin/ Keishō-sha/ Kawari * (successor; substitute; replacement)/ Atotori * (successor; heir)/ Katoku * (successor; heir)
Noun-Pec	Hermit	隠者/ 仙人/ 仙/ 世捨て人 (世捨人/ 世捨てひと/ よすてひと)/ 隠士	Inja/ Sen'nin/ Sen/ Yosutebito/ Inshi
Noun-Pec	Shepherd	羊飼い/ 牧者/ 牧人/ シェパード	Hitsujikai/ Bokusha/ Bokujin/ Shepādo
Noun-Pec	Tribe	部族	buzoku
Noun-Pec	Village elder (village leader)	村の長老 (村のリーダー)	Mura no chōrō (mura no rīdā)
Noun-Pec	Villager	村人/ 村民/ 里人/ 鄙人 (卑人/ 鄙)/ 田舎者 (いなかもん)	Murabito/ Sonmin/ Satobito/ Hinabito/ Inakamono
Noun-Eve	Affair (event)	事件/ 出来事/ 事柄/ 件 (けん) (出来事)	Jiken/ Dekigoto/ Kotogara/ Ken * (matter; affair; case; item; subject) (dekigoto)
Noun-Eve	Auction	競売 (する)/ オークション/ 競り売買/ 競争売買/ 競売買/ オク	Keibai (suru)/ Ōkushon/ Seri baibai/ Kyōsōbaibai/ Kyōbaibai * (buying and selling at auction; auction)/ Oku * (auction (esp. an online auction); abbreviation)
Noun-Eve	Auditions	オーディション/ 試聴 (する)	Ōdishon/ Shichō (suru) * (trial listening (e.g. to a record before buying); audition)
Noun-Eve	Birthday	(お) 誕生日	(o) Tanjōbi
Noun-Eve	Book tour	ブックツアー	Bukku tsuā
Noun-Eve	Break (a break)	休憩/ ブレーク/ 壊す	Kyūkei/ Burēku/ Kowasu
Noun-Eve	Event (happening)	出来事/ イベント/ 事件/ 催し	Dekigoto * (incident; affair; happening; event)/ Ibento/ Jiken * (event; affair; incident; case; plot; trouble; scandal)/ Moyōshi * (event; festivities; function; social gathering; auspices; opening; holding (a meeting))
Noun-Eve	Chronological order of events	出来事の時系列順/ イベントの時系列順	Dekigoto no jikeiretsu jun/ Ibento no jikeiretsu jun

Noun-Eve	Entertainment	娯楽 (する)/ 演芸/ ご馳走 (する)/ 接待 (する)/ エンターテインメント	Goraku (suru) * (amusement; entertainment; recreation; pleasure; pastime; hobby)/ Engei * (entertainment; performance)/ Gochisō (suru) * (treat (esp. food and drink); entertainment; treating someone (to a meal); taking someone to dinner * (polite (teineigo) language)/ gorgeous dinner; feast; excellent food; special dish; delicacy)/ Settai (suru) * (entertainment (of guests; esp. in the corporate world); treating (to food and drinks); wining and dining)/ Entāteinmento * (entertainment)
Noun-Eve	Entertainment venue	娯楽施設	Goraku shisetsu
Noun-Eve	Important event	重要なイベント/ 重要な出来事	Jūyōna ibento/ Jūyōna dekgigoto
Noun-Eve	Fundraiser	募金活動	Bokin katsudō
Noun-Eve	Meeting	会議 (する)/ ミーティング/ 集会 (する)/ 打ち合わせ (する)	Kaigi (suru)/ Mītingu/ Shūkai (suru)/ Uchiawase (suru) * (advance arrangements; preparatory meeting)
Noun-Eve	Meeting place	待ち合わせ場所	Machiawase basho
Noun-Eve	Movie	映画/ ムービー	Eiga/ Mūbī
Noun-Eve	Musical play (musical performance)	音楽劇 (音楽演奏)	Ongaku geki (ongaku ensō)
Noun-Eve	Nightlife	ナイトライフ	Naito raifu
Noun-Eve	Occurrence	発生	Hassei
Noun-Eve	Open house	オープンハウス	Ōpunhausu
Noun-Eve	Ordinary day (a normal day; an ordinary day)	普通の日/ 平凡な一日 (普通の日/ 平凡な一日)	Futsūnohi/ Heibon'na tsuitachi (futsūnohi/ heibon'na tsuitachi)
Noun-Eve	Party	パーティー	Pātī
Noun-Eve	Surprise party	サプライズパーティー	Sapuraizupātī
Noun-Eve	Photography	写真	Shashin
Noun-Eve	Poetry reading	詩の朗読	Shi no rōdoku
Noun-Eve	Prom	プロム	Puromu
Noun-Eve	Public holiday	祝日/ 公休日/ 公休	Shukujitsu/ kōkyū-bi/ kōkyū
Noun-Eve	Rest (a rest)	残り	Nokori
Noun-Eve	Sleepover	お泊り	Otomari
Noun-Eve	Special day	特別な日/ 特別な一日	Tokubetsuna hi/ Tokubetsunaichinichi
Noun-Eve	Spectacle	見世物	Misemono
Noun-Eve	Working day	就業日/ 仕事日/ 作業日	Shūgyō-bi/ Shigoto-bi/ Sagyō-bi
Noun-Eve	Bed making (making the bed)	ベッドメイキング (ベッドメイキング)	Beddomaingu (beddomaingu)
Noun-Eve	Brushing (the brushing)	ブラッシング (ブラッシング)	Burasshingu (burasshingu)
Noun-Eve	Cleaning (the cleaning)	クリーニング (掃除)	Kurīningu (sōji)
Noun-Eve	Cooking (the cooking)	クッキング (料理)	Kukkingu (ryōri)
Noun-Eve	Dishes (the dishes)	食器 (お皿)	Shokki (osara)
Noun-Eve	Laundry (the laundry)	ランドリー (洗濯物)	Randorī (sentakumono)
Noun-Eve	Ironing (the ironing)	アイロンがけ (アイロンがけ)	Airon-gake (airon-gake)
Noun-Eve	Nursing (pets, children)	介護 (ペット; 子供)	Kaigo (petto; kodomo)
Noun-Eve	Polishing (the polishing)	ポリッシュ (磨き)	Porisshu (migaki)
Noun-Eve	Rearing (animals)	飼育 (動物)	Shiiku (dōbutsu)

Noun-Eve	Washing (the washing)	洗濯 (洗濯)	Sentaku (sentaku)
Noun-Eve	Anniversary	記念日/ 年祭/ 記念祭/ アニバーサリー	Kinenbi * (memorial day; commemoration day; anniversary)/ Toshi-sai * (anniversary)/ Kinen- sai * (anniversary; commemoration)/ Anibāsarī * (anniversary)
Noun-Eve	Carnival	カーニバル	Kānibaru
Noun-Eve	Celebration	お祝い	Oiwai
Noun-Eve	Conference	会議 (する)/ カンファレンス	Kaigi (suru)/ Kanfarensu
Noun-Eve	Convention	大会/ コンベンション/ 会議 (する)/ 集会 (する)	Taikai/ Konbenshon/ Kaigi (suru)/ Shūkai (suru)
Noun-Eve	Encounter (Meeting)	出会い (出会い)	Deai (deai)
Noun-Eve	Exposition (exhibition)	博覧会 (展示会)	Hakurankai (nokia)
Noun-Eve	Art exposition	美術博覧会	Bijutsu hakurankai
Noun-Eve	Fair (annual fair)	博覧会/ 市/ 勸工場/ フェア (年に一度のフェア/ 年の市 * (year- end market))	Hakurankai/ Ichi/ Kankōba/ Fea (Toshi ni ichido no fea/ Toshinoichi)
Noun-Eve	Festival	祭り (まつり)	Matsuri
Noun-Eve	Festivity (festivities)	お祭り/ 祝祭 (の)/ 祭典 (の) (祝祭/ お祭り)	Omatsuri/ Shukusai (no)/ Saiten (no) (shukusai/ omatsuri)
Noun-Eve	Fete	祝宴	Shukuen
Noun-Eve	Funeral	葬儀/ 葬式/ 葬送 (する/ の)	Sōgi/ Sōshiki/ Sōsō (suru/ no) * (funeral; burial rites/ attendance at a funeral)
Noun-Eve	Funeral ash (cremation ashes)	葬儀灰 (火葬灰)	Sōgi hai (kasō hai)
Noun-Eve	Gathering	集会 (する)/ 集まり/ 集合 (する)/ 会合 (する)	Shūkai (suru)/ Atsumari/ Shūgō (suru)/ Kaigō (suru)
Noun-Eve	Homecoming	帰郷	Kikyō
Noun-Eve	Holidays (holiday; vacation)	休日 (休暇; お休み)	Kyūjitsu (Kyūka/ O Yasumi)
Noun-Eve	International conference	国際会議/ 国際カンファレンス	Kokusai kaigi/ Kokusai kanfarensu
Noun-Eve	Incident	事件	Jiken
Noun-Eve	Jamboree	ジャンボリー	Janborī
Noun-Eve	Major incident (major happening)	大事件	Daijiken
Noun-Eve	Meeting with a view to marriage (marriage meeting)	(お)見合い (お見合/ 御見合/ 御見合い) (する)	(o) Miai (suru)
Noun-Eve	Minor incident (sideshow)	小事件	Shōjiken
Noun-Eve	National holiday	祝日 (の)/ 祝祭日/ 国民の祝日/ 祝 (しゅく)/ 祭日/ ナショナルヘリデー	Shukujitsu (no)/ Shukusaijitsu/ Kokumin no shukujitsu/ Shuku (iwai)/ Saijitsu/ Nashonaruhidē
Noun-Eve	Official holiday	公休日	Kōkyū-bi
Noun-Eve	Picnic	ピクニック (ピクニック)	Pikunikku (pikkunikku)
Noun-Eve	PR-event (public relations event)	PRイベント (広報イベント)	PR ibento (kōhō ibento)
Noun-Eve	Reunion	再会	Saikai

Noun-Eve	Social circle	交際場裡/ 交際社会/ 社交界/ ソーシャルサークル	Kō saiji ~yourī/ Kōsai shakai/ Shakō-kai/ Sōsharusākuru
Noun-Eve	Social event	催し/ コンパ/ ソーシャルイベント	Moyōshi * (event; festivities; function; social gathering; auspices; opening; holding (a meeting))/ Konpa * (party; social event; get-together; mixer)/ Sōsharuibento * (social event)
Noun-Eve	Social gathering	催し/ 懇親会/ 懇談会/ 親睦会/ 交流会/ パーティー	Moyōshi * (event; festivities; function; social gathering; auspices; opening; holding (a meeting))/ Konshin-kai * (social gathering; get-together; (friendly) meeting)/ Kondan-kai * (informal meeting; get-together (for a chat); gathering (for discussion)/ colloquium; panel discussion; discussion session)/ Shinboku-kai * (informal social gathering; convivial meeting; get-together)/ Kōryū-kai * (gathering; mixer; meetup; assembly; social; exchange meeting)/ Pāti * (party (social gathering)/ party (group of people participating in an activity, esp. mountain climbing)/ (political) party; political party)
Noun-Eve	Special exhibition sale	特別展示販売	Tokubetsu tenji hanbai
Noun-Eve	TV (Television)	テレビ/ TV	Terebi/ TV
Noun-Eve	TV Series	テレビシリーズ	Terebishirīzu
Noun-No	Marriage	結婚 (する)/ 成婚	Kekkon (suru)/ Seikon
Noun-No	Arranged marriage	見合い結婚	Omiai kekkon
Noun-No	Contract marriage	契約結婚	Keiyaku kekkon
Noun-No	Searching for a marriage partner (marriage hunting)	結婚活動 (する)/ 婚活 (婚カツ) (する)	Kekkon katsudō (suru)/ Kon katsu (suru)
Noun-No	Wedded life (married life)	結婚生活 (の)	Kekkon seikatsu (no)
Noun-No	Wedding (marriage ceremony)	結婚式/ 婚禮/ 成婚	Kekkonshiki/ Konrei/ Seikon
Noun-No	Wedding anniversary	結婚記念日	Kekkon kinenbi
Noun-No	Wedding present	結婚祝い	Kekkon iwai
Noun-No	Wedding reception banquet	結婚披露宴	Kekkon hirōen
Noun-No	Wedding ring (wedding band)	結婚指輪	Kekkon yubiwa
Noun-No	Wedding vow	結婚の誓い	Kekkon no chikai
Noun-No	Divorce (separation)	離婚 (する)/ 離別 (する)/ 離縁 (する)	Rikon (suru)/ Ribetsu (suru)/ Rien (suru)
Noun-Eve	Christmas	クリスマス	Kurisumasu
Noun-Eve	Easter	イースター	Īsutā
Noun-Eve	Harvest festival (festival of the harvest)	収穫祭 (収穫祭)	Shūkaku-sai (shūkaku-sai)
Noun-Eve	Labor day	労働者の日	Rōdō-sha no hi

Noun-Eve	New year	新年/ 元旦/ 元日	Shin'nen * (New year)/ Gantan * (New Year's Day)/ Ganjitsu * (New Year's Day)
Noun-Eve	New year's eve	大晦日/ 新年の夕方	Ōmisoka/ Shin'nen no yūgata
Noun-Eve	Thanksgiving day	感謝祭の日	Kansha-sai no hi
Noun-Eve	Second World War	第二次世界大戦	Dainijisekaitaisen
Noun-Eve	Beading	ビーズ加工	biizu kakou
Noun-Eve	Boxing	ボクシング	Bokushingu
Noun-Eve	Bowling (the bowling)	ボウリング (ボウリング)	Bōringu (bōringu)
Noun-Eve	Climb (a climb; the climbing)	登り (上り/ のぼり)/ クライミング (する) (登ること; クライミング (する))	Nobori * (ascent; climbing; ascending (path); climb)/ Kuraimingu (suru) * (climbing) (Noboru koto * (climbing; the climb); kuraimingu (suru))
Noun-Eve	Crawl (a crawl; the crawling)	クロール (する)/ 這うこと/ 這い (這うこと; 這うこと)	Kurōru (suru) * (crawl (swimming); front crawl; forward crawl)/ Hau koto/ Hai (hau koto; hau koto)
Noun-Eve	Dance (a dance)	踊り (おどり)/ ダンス (する/ の/ な) (ダンス (する/ の/ な))	Odori * (dance)/ Dansu (suru/ no/ na) * (dance; dancing) (dansu (suru/ no/ na))
Noun-Eve	Dancing (the dancing)	舞踊/ 舞 (まい)/ ダンス (する)/ 舞踏 (する)/ ダンシング/ 舞踏 (する) (ダンス)	Buyō * (dancing; dance)/ Mai * (dancing; dance)/ Dansu (suru) * (dance; dancing)/ Butō (suru) * (dance (esp. Western style); dancing)/ Danshingu * (dancing)/ Butō (suru) * (dancing) (dansu)
Noun-Eve	Dance moves	ダンスの動き	Dansu no ugoki
Noun-Eve	Diving (a dive; the diving)	ダイビング (する)/ ダイブ (する) (飛び込み (する); ダイビング (する))	Daibingu (suru) * (dive; diving)/ Daibu (suru) * (dive (e.g. into water)/ (underwater) diving/ dive (of an aircraft)) (tobikomi (suru) * (jump; plunge; dive/ appearing without an appointment; bursting in; arriving unannounced; cropping up suddenly); daibingu (suru))
Noun-Eve	Dowsing	ダウジング	Daujingu
Noun-Eve	Drumming	ドラミング	doramingu
Noun-Eve	Gardening	ガーデニング	Gādeningu
Noun-Eve	Jogging	ジョギング (する)	Jogingu (suru)
Noun-Eve	Juggling	ジャグリング	jaguringu
Noun-Eve	Jump (a jump; the jumping)	ジャンプ (する)/ 跳躍 (する/ の)/ 飛躍 (する)/ 飛び (ジャンプ (する); 跳躍 (する/ の))	Janpu (suru)/ Chōyaku (suru) * (jump; leap; skip; bound)/ Hiyaku (suru) * (leap; jump)/ Tobi * (flying; leaping; flight; leap) (janpu (suru); chōyaku (suru/ no))
Noun-Eve	High jump	高跳び	takatobi
Noun-Eve	A noble's ball	貴族の舞踏会	Kizoku no budōkai
Noun-Eve	Paddling (the paddling)	漕ぐ (漕ぐ)	Kogu (kogu)
Noun-Eve	Rowing (the rowing)	ボート漕ぎ/ 漕ぎ (ボート漕ぎ)	Bōto kogi/ Kogi (bōto kogi)
Noun-Eve	Rolling jump	ローリングジャンプ	Rōringujanpu
Noun-Eve	Roping	ローピング	Rōpingu
Noun-Eve	Run (a run; the running)	走り/ 走 (そう)/ 走行 (する)/ 走ること (ラン (する); ランニング (する))	Hashiri * (running)/ Sō (hashi) * (run; race)/ Sōkō (suru) * (running (of a car, bus, etc.); traveling; travelling/ running (of a program))/ Hashiru koto * (running; the run) (ran (suru); ran'ningu (suru))

Noun-Eve	Seamanship	航海術	Kōkaijutsu
Noun-Eve	Sneak (a sneak; the sneaking)	こっそり (と/する) (こっそり (と/する); こっそり (と/する))	Kossori (to/ suru) (kossori (to/ suru); kossori (to/ suru))
Noun-Eve	Somersault	宙返り/ サマーソールト	Chūgaeri/ Samāsōruto
Noun-Eve	Stroll (a stroll; the strolling)	散歩 (する) (散歩 (する); 散歩 (する))	Sanpo (suru) (sanpo (suru); sanpo (suru))
Noun-Eve	Swim (a swim; the swimming)	水泳 (する/ の)/ 泳ぎ (遊び)/ 遊泳 (する) (泳ぐこと; 水泳 (する/ の))	Suiei (suru/ no) * (swimming)/ Oyogi * (swimming)/ Yūei (suru) * (swimming; bathing/ getting on in the world) (Oyogu koto; suiei (suru/ no))
Noun-Eve	Evening swimming	夕方の水泳	Yūgata no suiei
Noun-Eve	Tread water	踏み水	Fumi-mizu
Noun-Eve	Walk (a walk; the walking; a stroll)	ウォーク (する) (散歩 (する); ウォーキング (する); 散歩 (する))	U~ōku (suru) (sanpo (suru); u~ōkingu (suru); sanpo (suru))
Noun-Eve	Ramble	とりとめのない話	Toritome no nai hanashi
Noun-Eve	Weaving	織る	oru
Noun-Eve	Woodworking	木工	Mokkō
Noun-Eve	Outdoor sports	アウトドアスポーツ/ 屋外のスポーツ/ 野外のスポーツ/ 戸外のスポーツ/ 外のスポーツ	Autodoasupōtsu/ Okugai no supōtsu/ Yagai no supōtsu/ Kogai no supōtsu/ Soto no supōtsu
Noun-Eve	Indoor sports	インドアスポーツ/ 室内のスポーツ/ 屋内のスポーツ	Indoasupōtsu/ Shitsunai no supōtsu/ Okunai no supōtsu
Noun-Eve	Race	人種	Jinshu
Noun-Eve	Archery	弓術	kyuujutsu
Noun-Eve	Arm wrestling	腕相撲/ アームレスリング	Udezumou/ Āmuresuringu
Noun-Eve	Athletics	陸上競技	Rikujou kyogi
Noun-Eve	Baseball	野球/ ベースボール	Yakyū/ Bēsubōru
Noun-Eve	Basketball	バスケットボール	Basukettobōru
Noun-Eve	Billiards	ビリヤード	Biryaado
Noun-Eve	Circus	サーカス	Sākasu

Noun-Eve	Competition	競争 (する)/ 大会/ コンクール/ 対抗 (する)/ 争い/ 対戦 (する)/ 競合 (する)/ 競り合い/ 張り合い/ 戦い	Kyōsō (suru) * (competition; contest; rivalry; race)/ Taikai * (tournament; competition; contest; meet)/ Konkūru * (competition; contest; from French "concours")/ Taikō (suru) * (opposition; rivalry; competition; antagonism)/ Arasoi * (means 'fight; dispute; feud; conflict; struggle; strife; discord; argument; quarrel; controversy', but can also mean 'competition; contest; rivalry')/ Taisen (suru) * (fighting (against); taking on (an opponent); facing; confronting; competing (with); battle; fight; contest; match)/ Kyōgō (suru) * (contention; competition; rivalry; quarrel)/ Seriai * (competition)/ Hariai * (competition; rivalry/ feeling that something is worth the effort; motivation; enthusiasm; encouragement)/ Tatakai * (means 'battle; war; fight; conflict', but can also mean 'contest; competition; match; game')
Noun-Eve	Cricket	クリケット	Kuriketto * (cricket (game))
Noun-Eve	Duel	果たし合い (果し合い) (をする)/ 決闘 (する)/ デュエル ((を) する)	Hatashiai (o suru)/ Kettō (suru)/ De~yueru ((o) suru)
Noun-Eve	Fencing	フェンシング	Fenshingu
Noun-Eve	Finals (the finals)	決勝戦/ 期末試験 (期末試験)	Kesshōsen/ Kimatsu shiken (kimatsu shiken)
Noun-Eve	Semi finals	準決勝	Junkesshō
Noun-Eve	Ice hockey	アイスホッケー/ アイススレッジホッケー/ パラアイスホッケー/ アイホ/ 氷球	Aisuhokkē/ Aisusurejjihokkē * (ice sledge hockey; sledge hockey; sled hockey; para ice hockey)/ Paraaisuhokkē * (para ice hockey; sledge hockey)/ Aiho * (ice hockey/ abbreviation)/ Hyōkyū * (ice hockey)
Noun-Eve	Football (soccer)	フットボール/ 蹴球 (サッカー/ サッカーボール)	Futtobōru/ Shūkyū (Sakkā/ Sakkābōru)
Noun-Eve	Football field	フットボール場/ サッカー場	Futtobōru-ba/ Sakkā-ba
Noun-Eve	Football hall	フットボールホール	Futtobōruhōru
Noun-Eve	Golf (golfing; playing golf)	ゴルフ (ゴルフをする)	Gorufu (gorufu o suru)
Noun-Eve	Horseback riding	乗馬	Jōba
Noun-Eve	League	同盟 (する)/ リーグ	Dōmei (suru)/ Rīgu
Noun-Eve	Premier league	プレミアリーグ	Puremiarīgu
Noun-Eve	Martial arts (one-on-one fighting sport (without weapons))	格闘技	Kakutōgi
Noun-Eve	Martial arts competition	格闘技会	Kakutōgi-kai
Noun-Eve	Match (competition)	試合 (競技)	Shiai (kyōgi)
Noun-Eve	Mixed martial arts (MMA)	総合格闘技	Sōgō kakutōgi
Noun-Eve	Roller skating	ローラースケート/ ローラースケーティング	Rōrāsukēto * (roller skating; roller skates)/ Rōrāsukētingu * (roller skating)
Noun-Eve	Snooker (pool)	スヌーカー (プール)	Sunuukaa (puuru)

Noun-Eve	Spelunking	洞窟探検	Dōkutsu tanken
Noun-Eve	Sport (sports)	スポーツ (スポーツ)	Supōtsu (supōtsu)
Noun-Eve	Sports competition	スポーツ競技	Supōtsu Kyōgi
Noun-Eve	Table tennis (ping-pong)	卓球/ テーブルテニス	Takkyū/ Tēburutenisu
Noun-Eve	Table tennis club (ping-pong club)	卓球部	Takkyū-bu
Noun-Eve	Tennis (to play tennis)	テニス/ 庭球 (テニスをやる)	Tenisu/ Teikyū (tenisu o suru)
Noun-Eve	Tightrope	綱渡り	tsunawatari
Noun-Eve	Tightrope walking	綱渡り	tsunawatari
Noun-Eve	Tournament	大会/ トーナメント	Taikai/ Tōnamento
Noun-Eve	Track and field	陸上競技	Rikujō kyōgi
Noun-Eve	Volleyball	バレーボール	Barēbōru
Noun-Eve	Diving	ダイビング/ ダイビングすること	Daibingu/ Daibingu suru koto
Noun-Eve	Skiing	スキー/ スキーすること	Sukī/ Sukī suru koto
Noun-Eve	Walking	ウォーキング/ 散歩すること	U~ōkingu/ Sanpo suru koto
Noun-Eve	Weightlifting	重量挙げ/ ウェイトリフティング	Jūryōage/ Ueitorifutingu
Noun-Eve	Power lifting	パワーリフティング	Pawaa rifutingu

Vocabulary List - Buildings & Interior & Vehicles

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Noun-Loc	Place (location)	場所/ 場/ 所/ 拠点/ 現地/ 現場	Basho/ Ba/ Tokoro/ Kyoten * (position; location; base; point; site)/ Genchi * (actual place; actual location; the spot; the scene; the field; (on) site/ place where one is currently living)/ Genba * (actual spot; scene (of a crime, accident, etc.)/ (on) site; (on) the ground; (in) the field; job site)
Noun-Loc	Capital	資本	Shihon
Noun-Loc	City	街 (町/ まち)	Machi
Noun-Loc	Cityscape	都市景観	Toshi keikan
Noun-Loc	Town	街 (町/ まち)	Machi
Noun-Loc	Townscape	町並み	Machinami
Noun-Loc	Village	村	Mura
Noun-Loc	Fishing village	漁村	Gyoson
Noun-Loc	Building	建物	Tatemono
Noun-Loc	House (dwelling; residence; address)	家 (いえ/ うち)/ 住居/ 住まい	Ie (uchi)/ Jūkyō/ Sumai
Noun-Loc	House (building)	家 (いえ/ うち)/ 家屋 (建物/ 家屋/ 建築物)	Ie (uchi)/ Kaoku (Tatemono/ Kaoku/ Kenchiku-mono)
Noun-Loc	Home	家 (いえ/ うち)/ 宅	Ie (uchi)/ Taku
Noun-Loc	Household	家庭用	Katei-yō
Noun-Loc	Living arrangement	生活環境	Seikatsu kankyō
Noun-Loc	Single-family home (single-family residence)	一戸建て住宅 (一戸建て住宅)	Ikko-date jūtaku (Ikko-date jūtaku)

Noun-Loc	Multi-family home (multi-family residence)	集合住宅 (集合住宅)	Shūgō jūtaku (Shūgō jūtaku)
Noun-Loc	Area (region, territory)	領域/ エリア/ 面積/ 街 (がい) (地域; 領土)	Ryōiki/ Eria/ Menseki/ Gai * (not to be confused with 'machi' of the same Kanji characters, which means town) (Chiiki; Ryōdo)
Noun-Loc	Space (area)	空間 (エリア)	Kūkan (eria)
Noun-Loc	Open area	オープンエリア	Ōpun eria
Noun-Loc	Restricted area	立ち入り禁止エリア	Tachiiri kinshi eria
Noun-Loc	Urban area	市街地	Shigaichi
Noun-Loc	Whole area	一帯 (の)	Ittai
Noun-Loc	Location	場所	Basho
Noun-Loc	Remote location	遠隔地	Enkakuchi
Noun-Loc	Territory	領土 (の)/ 国土/ 領域 (の)/ 領分	Ryōdo (no) * (dominion; territory; possession)/ Kokudo * (country; territory; domain; realm)/ Ryōiki (no) * (area; domain; territory; field; range; region; regime)/ Ryōbun * (territory; domain; dominion; possession; sphere of action)
Noun-Loc	Housing	住宅	Jūtaku
Noun-Loc	Tract housing (cookie cutter housing)	集合住宅 (型にはまった住宅)	Shūgō jūtaku (kata ni hamatta jūtaku)
Noun-Loc	Dwelling	住居 (する)/ 住まい	Jūkyo (suru)/ Sumai
Noun-Loc	Residence	住居 (する)/ 住まい	Jūkyo (suru)/ Sumai
Noun-Loc	Residential area	居住エリア	Kyōjū eria
Noun-Loc	A place to live	住む場所	Sumu basho
Noun-Loc	Settlement (settlements)	和解 (和解)	Wakai
Noun-Loc	Zone	ゾーン	Zōn
Noun-Loc	Road (way)	道 (みち)/ 道路/ 通り (とおり)/ 街路 (道 (みち))	Michi * (road; path; street; lane; passage)/ Dōro * (road; highway)/ Tōri * (street; road; avenue; thoroughfare)/ Gairo * (road; street; avenue) (Michi)
Noun-Loc	Roadside		
Noun-Loc	Route (direction, way)	道順/ 進路/ 経路/ 道/ ルート (方向, 方角)	Michijun/ Shinro/ Keiro/ Michi/ Rūto (Hōkō, Hōgaku)
Noun-Loc	Path (way)	小道/ パス	Komichi/ Pasu
Noun-Loc	Trail	トレイル	Toreiru
Noun-Loc	Trace (tracks; mark; sign)	跡	Ato
Noun-Loc	Trace (vestige; mark; sign; evidence)	痕跡/ 跡形/ 跡/ トレース (する)	Konseki/ Atokata/ Ato/ Torēsu (suru)
Noun-Loc	Track (tracks)	トラック (トラック)	Torakku (torakku)
Noun-Loc	Rut (a rut)	轍	wadachi
Noun-Loc	Way (the way)	道 (道)	Michi (michi)
Noun-Loc	Wayside	道端	Michibata
Noun-Loc	One way (one direction)	一方通行 (片道)	Ippōtsūkō (katamichi)
Noun-Loc	Open road	道が開かれる	Michi ga hirakareru
Noun-Loc	Blocked road	通行止め	tsūkōdome
Noun-Loc	Closed road	通行止め	tsūkōdome

Noun-Loc	Damaged road	損壊した道路	sonkai shita dōro
Noun-Loc	Flooded road	冠水した道路	kansui shita dōro
Noun-Loc	Side road	側道	sokudō
Noun-Loc	Large road	大きな道路	ōkina dōro
Noun-Loc	Small road	小さな道路	chīsana dōro
Noun-Loc	Verge	縁 (ふち)/ 縁石	Fuchi * (not 'en') * (rim; brim; edge; brink)/ Enseki * (curb (stone); kerb/ curb (road))
Noun-Loc	Road verge	道路の縁石	Dōro no enseki
Noun-Loc	Grass verge	草地の縁	Kusachi no fuchi
Noun-Loc	Junction	交差点	kōsaten
Noun-Loc	Split road	分岐道路	bunkidōro
Noun-Loc	Bend (a bend)	ベンド (曲がり)	Bendo (kyokari)
Noun-Loc	Corner	コーナー/ 隅 (すみ)/ 角 (かど)	Kōnā/ Sumi/ Kado * (not to be confused with 'kaku' of the same kanji which means 'angle or square; cube')
Noun-Loc	Every corner	隅々 (隅隅/ すみずみ)	Sumizumi
Noun-Loc	Curve (a curve)	カーブ (曲線)	Kābu (kyokusen)
Noun-Loc	Kink	キンク (する)	Kinku (suru)
Noun-Loc	Gravel	砂利	Jari
Noun-Loc	Gravel path	砂利道	Zarimichi
Noun-Loc	Cobble (cobblestones)	玉石 (石畳)	Gyokuseki (ishidatami)
Noun-Loc	Flagstone	敷石	Shikiishi
Noun-Loc	Country road	田舎道	Inakamichi
Noun-Loc	Road surface	路面	romen
Noun-Loc	Surroundings (environment)	周囲 (環境)	Shūi (Kankyō)
Noun-Loc	Passage	通路/ 通行 (する)/ 道 (みち)/ 通り道	Tsūro * (passage; pathway; roadway; avenue; aisle)/ Tsūkō (suru) * (passage (of people or vehicles); passing (through); traffic)/ Michi * (road; path; street; lane; passage)/ Tōrimichi * (passage; path; route; one's way)
Noun-Loc	Narrow passage	狭い通路	Semai tsūro
Noun-Loc	Wide passage (broad passage)	広い通路 (広い通路)	Hiroi tsūro (hiroi tsūro)
Noun-Loc	Tunnel	トンネル/ 隧道	Ton'neru/ Suidō (zuidō)
Noun-Loc	Another place (somewhere else)	他所 (他処)/ 余所 (他所)	Tasho/ Yoso
Noun-Loc	Direction (way)	方向/ 方 (ほう)/ 方角/ 方 (かた)	Hōkō/ Hō/ Hōgaku/ Kata * (not Hō, though the kanji is the same)
Noun-Loc	Opposite direction	反対方向	Hantai houkou
Noun-Loc	Go straight	真っ直ぐ進んで下さい	Massugu susunde kudasai
Noun-Loc	North	北/ 南/ 東/ 西	Kita/ minami/ azuma/ nishi
Noun-Loc	South	南	Minami
Noun-Loc	East	東	Higashi
Noun-Loc	West	西	Nishi
Noun-Loc	North-west/ South-east	北西/ 南東	Hokusei/ nantō
Noun-Loc	Northern	北部	hokubu
Noun-Loc	Western	西洋料理	seiyouryouri
Noun-Loc	Eastern	東部	toubu

Noun-Loc	Southern	南方の	nanpou no
Noun-Loc	Straight ahead	真向こう	Ma mukō
Noun-Loc	Left (left side)	左 (ひだり)/ レフト (左側)	Hidari/ Refuto (hidarigawa)
Noun-Loc	Right (right side)	右 (みぎ)/ ライト (右側)	Migi/ Raito * (can also mean 'light') (migigawa)
Noun-Loc	To the left	左の方	Hidari no kata
Noun-Loc	To the right	右の方	Migi no kata
Noun-Loc	Side (sides; part)	側/ 方 (ほう)/ 側面/ サイド	Gawa/ Hō/ Sokumen/ Saido
Noun-Loc	Sideline	副業	Fukugyō
Noun-Loc	Opposite side (other side)	向こう/ 裏/ 反面/ 反対側	Mukō/ Ura/ Hanmen/ Hantaisoku
Noun-Loc	Other side (the other side)	反対側 (反対側)	Hantaigawa (hantaigawa)
Noun-Loc	Sideways	横向き	yokomuki
Noun-Loc	Inside	中 (なか) (ちゅう)/ 中身/ 内 (うち)	Naka (naka) (chū)/ Nakami/ Uchi
Noun-Loc	Outside	外 (そと)/ 外部 (の)/ 屋外 (の)/ 野外 (の)/ 戸外 (の)	Soto/ Gaibu (no)/ Okugai (no)/ Yagai (no)/ Kogai (no)
Noun-Loc	Indoor (indoors)	室内/ 屋内/ 内 (うち/ ない)/ インドア (屋内)	Shitsunai * (indoor; inside the room)/ Okunai * (indoor (court, pool, etc.))/ Uchi (uchi/ nai) * (inside; within)/ Indoa (okunai)
Noun-Loc	Outdoor (outdoors)	屋外/ 野外/ 戸外/ 室外/ 野宿 (する)/ 外 (そと/ がい)/ アウトドア/ アウトドアズ (屋外)	Okugai * (outdoors; outside)/ Yagai * (outdoors; outside; open air)/ Kogai * (open air; outdoors; outside)/ Shitsugai * (outside (the room, building); outdoors)/ Nojuku (suru) * (sleeping outdoors; sleeping out in the open air; camping)/ Soto (soto/ gai) * (outside; exterior/ the open (air))/ Autodoa * (outdoor; al fresco/ outdoor recreation)/ Autodoazu * (outdoors) (okugai)
Noun-Loc	In the middle of nowhere	辺ぴな所に (辺鄙な所に/ 辺ぴなところに)	Henpina tokoro ni
Noun-Loc	Ascent (going up; climbing; ascending)	上り (登り) (の)	Nobori (no)
Noun-Loc	Descent (going down; down-slope; downward going)	下り (くだり) (の)	Kudari (no)
Noun-Loc	Double back	ダブルバック	Daburu bakku
Noun-Loc	Alcove	床の間/ 床/ アルコーブ	Tokonoma/ Toko * (abbreviation)/ Arukōbu
Noun-Loc	Association (society; organization)	協会/ 組合/ 付き合い (つき合い/ 付き合い)/ 共同 (する)/ 交際 (する)/ お付き合い (御付き合い)/ 会/ 団体/ 結社/ 連合会/ アソシエーション	Kyōkai * (association; society; organization; organisation)/ Kumiai/ Tsukiai/ Kyōdō (suru)/ Kōsai (suru)/ o Tsukiai/ Kai/ Dantai/ Kessha/ Rengō-kai/ Asoshiēshon
Noun-Loc	Business district	ビジネス街/ 繁華街/ 商業地	Bijinesu-gai/ Hanka gai/ Shōgyō-chi
Noun-Loc	City center	市の中心部/ 都心部	Ichi no chūshin-bu/ Toshin-bu
Noun-Loc	City square	市の広場/ シティスクエア	Ichi no hiroba/ Shitisukuea
Noun-Loc	Town square	町の広場	Machi no hiroba
Noun-Loc	Town plaza	タウンプラザ	Taunpuraza

Noun-Loc	Plaza	プラザ	Puraza
Noun-Loc	Civilization	文明/ 文化/ 人文/ 開明 (する)/ 開化 (する)/ シビリゼーション	Bunmei/ Bunka/ Jinbun * (humanity; civilization; civilisation; culture)/ Kaimei (suru) * (civilization; civilisation; enlightenment)/ Kaika (suru) * (civilization; civilisation; enlightenment)/ Shibirizēshon
Noun-Loc	Undiscovered civilization	未発見の文明/ 見つからない文明/ 知られない文明	Mi hakken no bunmei/ Mitsukaranai bunmei/ Shirarenai bunmei
Noun-Loc	Congregation	会衆	Kaishū
Noun-Loc	Allotment	割り当て	Wariate
Noun-Loc	Climbing frame	ジャングルジム	Jangurujimu * (jungle gym; monkey bars; climbing frame)
Noun-Loc	District	地区/ 区域/ 区	Chiku/ Kuiki/ Ku
Noun-Loc	District of a town (city block (of irregular size))	丁目	Chōme
Noun-Loc	Division (section; compartment; block)	区画 (する)/ 課 (か)/ 部門 (の)/ 部 (ぶ)	Kukaku (suru) * (division; section; compartment; block; plot; lot; partition; boundary)/ Ka * (section (in an organization); division; department)/ Bumon (no) * (division (of a larger group); branch; field; class (subclass); group; category; department)/ Bu * (department (in an organization, company, etc.); division; bureau; faculty)
Noun-Loc	Compartment	区画	Kukaku
Noun-Loc	Hidden compartment	隠しコンパートメント	Kakushi konpātomento
Noun-Loc	Section (part; portion)	セクション (部分; 部分)	Sekushon (bubun; bubun)
Noun-Loc	Downtown	繁華街/ 町中 (街中/ まちなか)/ 町 (街/ まち)/ ダウンタウン/ 商店街	Hanka gai * (Business district; shopping district)/ Machinaka/ Machi * (downtown; main street)/ Dauntaun/ Shōten machi * (shopping district; shopping street; downtown)
Noun-Loc	Guild	組合/ 商業組合/ ギルド	Kumiai/ Shōgyō kumiai/ Girudo
Noun-Loc	Gym (the gym)	ジム/ スポーツクラブ/ フィットネスクラブ/ 体育 (ジム)	Jimu * (gym; gymnasium)/ Supōtsukurabu * (gym; gymnasium/ sports club; health club; fitness club/ from English "sports club")/ Fittonesukurabu * (fitness club; gym; health spa)/ Taiiku * (physical education; PE; gym (class)) (Jimu)
Noun-Loc	Institution	機関	Kikan
Noun-Loc	Old town	旧市街	Kyū shigai
Noun-Loc	Organization (structure, system)	組織 (する)/ 制度 (の)/ 体系/ 制/ 団体/ 体制	Soshiki (suru)/ Seido (no)/ Taikei/ Sei/ Dantai/ Taisei
Noun-Loc	Playground	遊び場	Asobiba
Noun-Loc	Kids playground	子供の遊び場	Kodomo no asobiba
Noun-Loc	Hopscotch	石けり遊び	ishikeri asobi
Noun-Loc	Seesaw (see-saw)	シーソー (シーソー)	shiisoo (shiisoo)
Noun-Loc	Premises	敷地内/ 構内	Shikichi-nai/ Kōnai
Noun-Loc	Region	領域 (の)/ 地域/ 辺/ 地方	Ryōiki (no)/ Chiiki/ Hen/ Chihō

Noun-Loc	Shopping district (high street)	商店街/ 繁華街/ ショッピング街 (大通り)	Shōten-gai/ Hanka gai/ Shoppingu-gai (ōdōri)
Noun-Loc	Shopping center (shopping centre)	ショッピングセンター/ 繁華街/ 地下街 (ショッピングセンター)	Shoppingusentā/ Hanka gai/ Chika gai * (underground shopping center; underground shopping centre/ underground city) (shoppingusentā)
Noun-Loc	Society (association)	社会/ 結社	Shakai/ Kessha
Noun-Loc	Hasty society (impatient society)	せっかちな社会	Sekkachina shakai
Noun-Loc	High society	上流社会/ 社交界/ 上層階級/ ハイソサエティ/ ハイソ (な/ の)	Jōryū shakai/ Shakō-kai/ Jōsō kaikyū/ Haisosaeti/ Haiso (na/ no) * (abbreviation)
Noun-Loc	Secret society (secret association)	秘密結社/ 秘密社会	Himitsu kessha/ Himitsu shakai
Noun-Loc	Community	社会/ 公共 (の)/ コミュニティ	Shakai * (society; public; community; the world)/ Kōkyō (no) * (public (facilities, service, etc.); communal)/ Komyuniti * (community)
Noun-Loc	Structure	構造	kouzou
Noun-Loc	Structure (framework)	構造 (フレームワーク)	Kōzō (furēmuwāku)
Noun-Loc	Countryside	田舎	Inaka
Noun-Loc	Courtyard	中庭	Nakaniwa
Noun-Loc	Flower park	花の公園/ 花公園/ 花の庭園/ 花庭園/ 花ガーデン/ 花のパーク/ フラワーパーク/ フラワーガーデン	Hana no kōen/ Hana kōen/ Hana no teien/ Hana teien/ Hana gāden/ Hana no pāku/ Furawāpāku/ Furawāgāden
Noun-Loc	Garden	庭/ 庭園/ ガーデン	Niwa/ Teien/ Gāden
Noun-Loc	Garden fence	庭のフェンス	Niwa no fensu
Noun-Loc	Garden hose	庭のホース	Niwa no hōsu
Noun-Loc	Garden plants	庭の植物	Niwa no shokubutsu
Noun-Loc	Garden house	ガーデンハウス	Gādenhausu
Noun-Loc	Garden shed	ガーデン小屋	Gāden koya
Noun-Loc	Hedge	生け垣	Ikegaki
Noun-Loc	Hedgerow	生け垣	Ikegaki
Noun-Loc	Yard	庭	Niwa
Noun-Loc	Arbour (arbor)	アーバー (東屋)	Ābā (azumaya)
Noun-Loc	Bed (flower bed, bed of flowers)	ベッド (花壇、花壇)	Beddo (kadan, kadan)
Noun-Loc	Rosebed	ローズベッド	Rōzu Beddo
Noun-Loc	Bower	バウアー	Bauā
Noun-Loc	Rose bower	ローズバウアー	Rōzu Bauā
Noun-Loc	Gazebo	ガゼボ	Gazebo
Noun-Loc	Botanical garden (botany)	植物園/ 植物公園/ 植物館 (植物学)	Shokubutsu-en/ Shokubutsu kōen * (botanical garden; park)/ Shokubutsu-kan * ((indoor) botanical garden; botanical conservatory) (shokubutsu-gaku)
Noun-Loc	Boxwood bush	ツゲの木	Tsubaki no ki
Noun-Loc	Greenhouse	温室	Onshitsu
Noun-Loc	Fertile soil (fertile land; fertility)	膏沃/ 膏腴	Kōyoku/ Kōyū

Noun-Loc	Plantation	畑 (はたけ)/ 農園/ 耕地/ 園 (えん)/ 栽培所/ プランテーション	Hatake * (field (for growing wheat, fruit, vegetables, etc.); cultivated land; vegetable plot; kitchen garden; plantation/ field (of specialization); sphere; area; line)/ Nōen * (farm; plantation)/ Kōchi * (arable land; plantation; farmland)/ En * (garden; orchard; park; plantation)/ Saibai-sho * (plantation)/ Purantēshon * (plantation)
Noun-Loc	Tea plantation	茶畑	Chabatake
Noun-Loc	Vineyard	ブドウ園 (ぶどう園)/ ブドウ畑	Budō-en/ Budōba take
Noun-Loc	Orchard	果樹園/ 園 (えん)/ 園 (その)/ オーチャード	Kaju-en * (orchard; fruit farm)/ En * (garden; orchard; park; plantation)/ Sono * (same kanji character as 'En') (garden; orchard; park)/ Ōchādo
Noun-Loc	One plot (of land) (one block; one area)	一画	Ichi-kaku
Noun-Loc	Ornamental plant	観賞用植物/ 観賞植物/ 観葉植物	Kanshō-yō shokubutsu/ Kanshō shokubutsu/ Kan'yōshokubutsu
Noun-Loc	Park	公園	Kōen
Noun-Loc	Wildlife park	野生動物公園	Yasei dōbutsu kōen
Noun-Loc	Plant pot	植木鉢	Uekibachi
Noun-Loc	Potted plant (ornamental plant)	鉢植え (観葉植物)	Hachiue (kan'yōshokubutsu)
Noun-Loc	Sprinklers	スプリンクラー	Supurinkurā
Noun-Loc	Farm	農場	Nōjō
Noun-Loc	Haystack	干し草の山	Hoshikusa no yama
Noun-Loc	Agriculture	農業	Nōgyō
Noun-Loc	Agricultural community	農村	Nōson
Noun-Loc	Animal farm	動物農場	Dōbutsu nōjō
Noun-Loc	Dairy farm	酪農場	Raku no uji ~you (rakunō-ba)
Noun-Loc	Kennel	犬小屋	Inugoya
Noun-Loc	Border (boundary)	境界/ 境界線/ ボーダー/ 枠線	Kyōkai/ Kyōkai-sen * (boundary line)/ Bōdā/ Wakusen * (grid-line (e.g. in spreadsheet); enclosing line)
Noun-Loc	Border (between countries) (national border)	国境	Kokkyō
Noun-Loc	Border crossing	国境通過	Kokkyō tsūka
Noun-Loc	Border post	国境ポスト	Kokkyō posuto
Noun-Loc	Cross-border	国境を越えて	Kokkyō o koete
Noun-Loc	Borough	区/ 自治区 (の)	Ku/ Jichi-ku (no)

Noun-Loc	Boundary (limit; boundaries)	境界/ 境 (さかい)/ 区域/ 臨界/ 地界/ 境域/ 見切り線/ 境目/ 際涯/ バウンダリー/ 地境 (限界; 境界)	Kyōkai/ Sakai/ Kuiki * (limits; boundary; domain; zone; sphere; territory)/ Rinkai * (boundary/ critical (mass, pressure, temperature, state, point, etc.))/ Jikai * (boundary; bounds of the earth)/ Kyōiki * (boundary; border; precinct; grounds)/ Mikiri-sen * (boundary; edge; break line)/ Sakaime * (borderline; boundary)/ Saigai * (limits; boundary; end)/ Baundarī/ Jizakai * (land border; boundary) (Genkai; Kyōkai)
Noun-Loc	Capitalism	資本主義/ キャピタリズム/ 利益至上主義	Shihon shugi/ Kyapitarizumu/ Rieki shijō shugi * (self interest supremacy doctrine; (irresponsible) capitalism)
Noun-Loc	Colony	植民地/ コロニー	Shokuminchi/ Koronī
Noun-Loc	Communism	共産主義	Kyōsan shugi
Noun-Loc	Continent	大陸 (の)	Tairiku (no)
Noun-Loc	Country	国/ 国家	Kuni/ Kokka
Noun-Loc	Country border	国境	Kokkyō
Noun-Loc	Democracy (democratic)	民主主義/ 民主/ 民主国家/ 平民主義/ 民主制/ 民主主義国/ デモクラシー (デモクラシイ) (民主主義)	Minshu shugi/ Minshu/ Minshu kokka/ Heiminshugi/ Minshu-sei/ Minshu shugi kuni/ Demokurashī (demokurashii) (minshu shugi)
Noun-Loc	Despotism	専制主義/ 専制 (擅制) (する/ の)/ 独裁 (する)/ 圧政/ 圧制/ 専横 (な)/ 横暴 (な)/ 独裁国家/ 苛政/ 専制主義/ 虐政/ 独裁主義 (の)/ デスポティズム	Sensei shugi/ Sensei (suru/ no)/ Dokusai (suru)/ Assei/ Assei * (same kanji pronunciation as the other assei word)/ Sen'ō (na)/ Ōbō (na)/ Dokusai kokka/ Kasei/ Sensei shugi/ Gyakusei/ Dokusai shugi (no)/ Desupotizumu
Noun-Loc	Edge	角 (かど)	Kado
Noun-Loc	English-speaking countries	英語圏	Eigo-ken
Noun-Loc	Fringe	フリンジ (にする)	furindji (ni suru)
Noun-Loc	Governance	統治	touchi
Noun-Loc	Independent republic	独立共和国	Dokuritsu kyōwakoku
Noun-Loc	Kingship	王権/ 王道/ 大権/ 王政	Ōken/ Ōdō/ Taiken/ Ōsei
Noun-Loc	Monarchy	君主制 (君主政)/ 王国/ 王政/ 君主国/ 君主政体 (君主制体)/ 君国/ モナーク	Kunshu-sei/ Ōkoku/ Ōsei/ Kunshu kuni/ Kunshuseitai/ Kunkoku/ Monākī
Noun-Loc	Nation	国家	Kokka
Noun-Loc	Patriotism	愛国心	Aikokushin
Noun-Loc	Province	州/ 県/ プロヴィンス	Shū/ Ken/ Purovu~insu
Noun-Loc	Republic	共和国 (の)/ 共和制 (の)/ リパブリック	Kyōwakoku (no)/ Kyōwasei (no)/ Ripaburikku
Noun-Loc	Revolution	革命 (する/ の)/ 変革 (する)	Kakumei (suru/ no)/ Henkaku (suru)
Noun-Loc	Socialism	社会主義	Shakai shugi
Noun-Loc	Anarchy	無政府主義	museifu shugi
Noun-Loc	State	州/ 国家	Shū/ Kokka
Noun-Loc	Statehood	国家としての地位	Kokka to shite no chii
Noun-Loc	Whole country	全国/ 全国津々浦々/ 全国民	Zenkoku/ Zenkoku tsutsuura/ Zen kokumin
Noun-Loc	World	世界/ 世の中/ 世	Sekai/ Yononaka/ Yo

Noun-Loc	Around the world	世界中で	Sekaijū de
Noun-Loc	Administrative district (ward)	行政区	Gyōsei-ku
Noun-Loc	Homeland	祖国/ 故郷/ 母国/ ハイマート	Sokoku/ Furusato * (hometown; birthplace; native place; one's old home)/ Bokoku * (one's home country; one's homeland)/ Haimāto * (from German “Heimat”)
Noun-Loc	Hometown	ホームタウン	Hōmutaun
Noun-Loc	Kingdom	王国	Ōkoku
Noun-Loc	Empire (imperium)	エンパイア (帝国)	Enpaia (teikoku)
Noun-Loc	Nationwide (throughout the nation, country)	全国的 (に/ な)	Zenkoku-teki (ni/ na)
Noun-Loc	Realm	領域/ レルム	Ryōiki/ Rerumu
Noun-Loc	Address	住所/ アドレス	Jūsho/ Adoresu
Noun-Loc	Alley (alleys)	路地 (路地)/ 裏通り (裏通)/ アレー	Roji (roji)/ Uradōri/ Arē
Noun-Loc	Avenue	アベニュー	Abenyū
Noun-Loc	Boulevard	大通り (大通)/ 本通り/ ブールバード	Ōdōri/ Hondōri/ Būrubādo
Noun-Loc	Home address	自宅住所	Jitaku jūsho
Noun-Loc	House number	家屋番号/ 番地/ 家の番号/ 家番号	Kaoku bangō/ Banchi/ Ie no bangō/ Ie bangō
Noun-Loc	Empty house (unoccupied house)	空き家 (空き家)	Akiya (akiya)
Noun-Loc	Vacant house (abandoned house)	空き家 (廃屋)	Akiya (haioku)
Noun-Loc	Full house (occupied house)	満室 (の) (満室 (の))	Manshitsu (no) (manshitsu (no))
Noun-Loc	Lane	道/ 車線/ 路地/ 小道/ 小路/ レーン	Michi/ Shasen/ Roji/ Komichi/ Kouji/ Rēn
Noun-Loc	Phonebooth	公衆電話ボックス	Kōshūdenwa bokkusu
Noun-Loc	Street	街 (がい)/ 通り	Gai/ Tōri
Noun-Loc	Street address	住所	Jūsho
Noun-Loc	Venue	会場	Kaijō
Noun-Loc	Alternative address	代替住所	Daitai jūsho
Noun-Loc	Back alleys	路地裏 (の)/ 裏通り (裏通)	Rodjiura (no)/ Uradōri
Noun-Loc	Japanese addressing system (district-block-lot)	住居表示	Jūkyo hyōji
Noun-Loc	Main street (main road)	大通り (大通)/ 本通り/ 大道/ 表通り (表通)/ 目抜き通り/ メインストリート (街道/ 幹線道路/ 本街道/ 本道)	Ōdōri (daitō)/ Hondōri/ Daidō/ Omotedōri/ Menukidōri/ Meinsutorīto (kaidō/ kansen dōro/ hon kaidō/ hondō)
Noun-Loc	Promenade	遊歩道/ 散歩道/ 遊歩 (する)/ プロムナード	Yūhodō/ Sanpomichi/ Yūho (suru)/ Puromunādo
Noun-Loc	Work address	勤務先住所	Kinmusaki jūsho
Noun-Loc	Across the road	道路の向こう側	Dōro no mukōgawa

Noun-Loc	Aisle	通路	Tsūro
Noun-Loc	Along the path (on the path)	道沿いに/ 路次/ 道すがら/ 道々 (道道/ みちみち)/ 道なり/ 道中/ 通りがかり (の)/ 通り掛け (道沿いに)	Michi-zoi ni * (along the road; at the side of the road)/ Roji * (way; path; route; along the way; along the road)/ Michisugara * (along the road; along the way)/ Michimichi * (along the way; along the road)/ Michinari * (following the road; the way the road goes)/ Dōchū * (journey; trip; travels/ during the journey; on the way; while travelling)/ Tōrigakari (no) * (passing (along the way))/ Tōrigake * (passing (along the way)) (michi-zoi ni)
Noun-Loc	Bridge	橋 (はし)/ 橋梁/ ブリッジ	Hashi/ Kyōryō/ Burijji
Noun-Loc	Wooden bridge	木の橋/ 木製の橋/ 木橋	Ki no hashi/ Mokusei no hashi/ Mokukyō
Noun-Loc	Bumpy road	凸凹道 (でこぼこ道)	Dekoboko-dō
Noun-Loc	Carriageway	車道	shadou
Noun-Loc	Curb	縁石	enshiki
Noun-Loc	Driveway	車道/ ドライブウェイ	Shadō/ Doraibuu~ei
Noun-Loc	Down the road	道を下って	Michi o kudatte
Noun-Loc	Dual carriageway	2車線道路	nishasen douro
Noun-Loc	Dungeon	地下牢/ 土牢/ 地牢/ ダンジョン/ 迷宮 (めいきゅう) * ('dungeon' as in labyrinth; maze)	Chikarō/ Tsuchirou/ Jirō/ Danjon/ Meikyū
Noun-Loc	Kerb	縁石	enshiki
Noun-Loc	Labyrinth	ラビリンス	Rabirinsu
Noun-Loc	Lair (the lair)	隠れ家 (隠れ家)	Kakurega (kakurega)
Noun-Loc	Vault	保管庫/ 金庫	Hokanko/ Kinko
Noun-Loc	Treasure trove	宝の山	Takara no yama
Noun-Loc	Ghetto (hood, the hood)	ゲットー (フード、フード)	Gettō (fūdo, fūdo)
Noun-Loc	Hidden path	隠れ道/ 抜け道 (抜け路/ めけみち)/ 隠されたパス/ 秘密の道/ 隠しパス	Kakure-dō/ Nukemichi/ Kakusareta pasu/ Himitsu no michi/ Kakushi pasu
Noun-Loc	Secret passage (secret tunnel)	抜け穴/ 秘密の通路 (秘密のトンネル)	Nukeana/ Himitsu no tsūro (himitsu no ton'neru)
Noun-Loc	Hideout	隠れ家	Kakurega
Noun-Loc	In which direction	どの方向に	Dono hōkō ni
Noun-Loc	Manhole	マンホール	manhooru
Noun-Loc	Pothole	穴	ana
Noun-Loc	Oil slick	油膜	Yumaku
Noun-Loc	Neighbourhood (vicinity)	(ご) 近所/ 近隣/ 辺り/ 町 (街/ まち)	(go) Kinjo/ Kinrin/ Atari/ Machi
Noun-Loc	Footpath (walkway; sidewalk; pavement)	歩道	Hodō
Noun-Loc	Highway	道路/ 高速道路/ 街道/ 高速/ ハイウェイ/ 自動車専用道路/ 自動車道/ フリーウェイ/ エクスプレスウェイ	Dōro/ Kōzokudōro/ Kaidō/ Kōsoku/ Haiu~ei/ Jidōsha sen'yō dōro/ Jidōshadō/ Furiu~ei/ Ekusupuresuu~ei
Noun-Loc	Motorway	高速道路	kousokudouro
Noun-Loc	Outskirts	郊外/ 近郊/ 周辺/ 場末	Kōgai/ Kinkō/ Shūhen/ Basue * (outskirts (of a town); run-down district)

Noun-Loc	Pavement	舗道	Hodou
Noun-Loc	Paving	舗装	Hosō
Noun-Loc	Speed bump	スピードバンプ	supiidobampu
Noun-Loc	Stone paving	石畳	Ishidatami
Noun-Loc	Periphery (around; surroundings)	周辺/ 外圍	Shūhen/ Gaī * (not sotoi)
Noun-Loc	Pothole	ポットホール/ 甕穴/ 穴ぼこ	Pottohōru * (pothole (road, pavement, etc.))/ Ōketsu * (pothole)/ Anaboko * (pothole (road, pavement, etc.))
Noun-Loc	Prison (jail)	刑務所/ 拘置所/ 牢獄/ 監獄/ 獄舎/ 獄所/ 牢 (籠/ 篋/ ろう)/ 務所/ 獄屋/ プリズン (刑務所)	Keimusho/ Kōchijo * (prison; detention house; detention center; jail)/ Rōgoku/ Kangoku/ Gokusha * (prison (building); jail)/ Gokusho/ Rō (kago/ rō) * (prison; jail; gaol)/ Mushi ~yo * (prison; jail; slammer; pen)/ Gokuya/ Purizun (keimusho)
Noun-Loc	Jail	刑務所	Keimusho
Noun-Loc	Behind bars	バーの後ろ/ 刑務所に入れる/ 監獄に入れる/ 獄窓	Bā no ushiro/ Keimusho ni ireru * (put in jail; put in prison; put in the gaol; put in penitentiary)/ Kangoku ni ireru * (put in jail; put in prison)/ Gokusō * (prison window; (behind) prison bars)
Noun-Loc	Prison cell	独房	Dokubō
Noun-Loc	Isolation cell (solitary cell)	隔離室 (独房)	Kakuri-shitsu (dokubō)
Noun-Loc	Poor neighbourhoods (Slum areas)	貧民窟/ 貧民街/ 貧しい地域/ スラム (スラム街)	Hinminkutsu/ Hinmin machi/ Mazushī chiiki/ Suramu (Suramu-gai)
Noun-Loc	Rich neighbourhoods	裕福な地域	Yūfukuna chiiki
Noun-Loc	Road block	通行止め	Tsūkōdome
Noun-Loc	Under construction	工事中 (の)	Kōji-chū (no)
Noun-Loc	Walkway	歩道	Hodou
Noun-Loc	Asphalt	アスファルト	Asufaruto
Noun-Loc	Tar	タール	Tāru
Noun-Loc	Roadside lamp that stays lit all night	常灯	Ji ~youtou * (tsune akari)
Noun-Loc	Scenic route	景色の良い道	Keshiki no yoi michi
Noun-Loc	Shortcut	ショートカット	Shōtokatto
Noun-Loc	Shortcut route (short route)	近道ルート (近道)	Chikamichi rūto (chikamichi)
Noun-Loc	Sidewalk	歩道/ 人道/ サイドウォーク	Hodō/ Jindō/ Saidou~ōku
Noun-Loc	Street light	街路灯/ 街灯 (街燈/ がいとう)/ 街路照明	Gairo-tō/ Gaitō/ Gairo shōmei
Noun-Loc	Underground (below the ground)	地下 (地下)	Chika * (underground; below the ground/ underground (activities, movement, etc.); secret; illegal; in hiding) (chika)
Noun-Loc	Vicinity (neighborhood)	近所 (近所)/ 近隣	Kinjo (kinjo)/ Kinrin
Noun-Loc	Banner	旗幟/ バナー	Kishi/ Banā
Noun-Loc	Emblem	象徴 (する)	Shōchō (suru)
Noun-Loc	Flag	旗/ 旗幟	Hata/ Kishi

Noun-Loc	Red flag	赤旗/ 赤い旗/ レッドの旗/ レッド旗/ 危険信号/ レッドフラッグ	Akahata/ Akai hata/ Reddo no hata/ Reddo hata/ Kiken shingō * (danger signal; red light)/ Reddofuraggu
Noun-Loc	White flag	白旗	Shirahata
Noun-Loc	Pole (a pole)	棒 (ぼう)/ 柱 (はしら)/ ポール (ポール)	Bō * (pole; rod; stick; baton/ line; dash)/ Hashira * (pillar; post/ support; prop; mainstay)/ Pōru (pōru)
Noun-Loc	Lantern pole	提灯柱/ ランタンポール	Chōchin hashira/ Rantanpōru
Noun-Loc	Logo	ロゴ/ ロゴタイプ	Rogo/ Rogo taipu * (logo; logotype)
Noun-Loc	Mark (a mark)	印 (しるし)/ 跡 (あと)/ 標識/ 目印/ マーク (する) (マーク (する))	Shirushi * (mark; sign/ symbol; emblem/ badge; crest; flag)/ Ato * (trace; tracks; mark; sign)/ Hyōshiki * (sign; mark; marker; beacon)/ Mejirushi * (mark (for quick identification or recognition); sign/ landmark; guide/ trademark)/ Māku (suru) * (mark; symbol; insignia; logo; label; emblem/ to mark; to put a mark on/ trademark) (māku (suru))
Noun-Loc	National flag	国旗/ ナショナルフラッグ	Kokki/ Nashonarufuraggu
Noun-Loc	Road sign	道路標識/ 道路の標識/ 路標/ 道の標識/ 道標識/ 道路標示	Dōrohyōshiki * (not dōrohyōji)/ Dōro no hyōshiki/ Rohyō/ Michi no hyōshiki/ Dō hyōshiki/ Dōro hyōji * (road surface marking, traffic sign painted on the road)
Noun-Loc	Sign (mark, flag)	標識/ 印 (しるし)	Hyōshiki/ Shirushi
Noun-Loc	Signal (sign)	信号 (する)/ 合図 (する)/ シグナル (標識)	Shingō (suru)/ Aizu (suru)/ Shigunaru (hyōshiki)
Noun-Loc	Signboard (sign; billboard)	看板	Kanban
Noun-Loc	Bulletin board	掲示板	Keijiban
Noun-Loc	Signpost	道標	Michishirube
Noun-Loc	Symbol	記号/ 象徴 (する)/ 印 (しるし)/ シンボル (の)	Kigō * (symbol; code; sign; notation/ sign (semiotics))/ Shōchō (suru) * (symbol (of something abstract); emblem; (symbolic) representation)/ Shirushi * (mark; sign/ symbol; emblem/ badge; crest; flag)/ Shinboru (no) * (symbol)
Noun-Loc	The American flag	アメリカの国旗	Amerika no kokki
Noun-Loc	Traffic cone	トラフィックコーン	Toraffikukon
Noun-Loc	Traffic sign	交通標識/ 道路標識/ 道路標示/ トラフィックサイン	Kōtsū hyōshiki/ Dōrohyōshiki * (not dōrohyōji)/ Dōro hyōji * (road surface marking, traffic sign painted on the road)/ Torafikkusain
Noun-Bui	Permanent residence	永住 (する)/ 恒久的な居住/ 恒久的な住宅/ 恒久的な住所/ 恒久居住/ 恒久住宅/ 恒久の住所	Eijū (suru)/ Kōkyū-tekina kyojū/ Kōkyū-tekina jūtaku * (permanent housing)/ Kōkyū-tekina jūsho * (permanent address)/ Kōkyū kyojū/ Kōkyū jūtaku/ Kōkyū no jūsho
Noun-Bui	School	学校/ スクール	Gakkō/ Sukūru
Noun-Bui	Academy	アカデミー	Akadēmī

Noun-Bui	Accommodation	宿泊 (する)/ 宿泊施設/ 収容 (する)	Shukuhaku (suru) * (accommodation; lodging)/ Shukuhaku shisetsu * (accommodation facility (e.g. hotel); lodging facility; boarding house)/ Shūyō (suru) * (accommodation; taking in; receiving; housing; seating; admission (of patients, students, etc.))
Noun-Bui	Apartment	アパート/ マンション	Apāto/ Manshon * (the Japanese word mansion means apartment; be careful not to confuse this with a mansion)
Noun-Bui	Apartment block	アパート	Apāto
Noun-Bui	Architecture	建築 (する)/ アーキテクチャ	Kenchiku (suru)/ Ākitekucha
Noun-Bui	Auction house	競売の家/ オークションハウス	Keibai no ie/ Ōkushonhausu
Noun-Bui	Bed & breakfast (bed and breakfast)	ベッド&ブレイクファースト (ベッド&ブレイクファースト)	Beddo& burekkufāsuto (beddo& burekkufāsuto)
Noun-Bui	Lodge	ロッジ	Rozzi
Noun-Bui	Boarding school (boarding house)	寄宿学校 (寄宿舎)	Kishuku gakkō (kishukusha)
Noun-Bui	Building	建物/ 構築 (する)/ 建築 (する)/ 建築物/ 建造 (する)	Tatemono/ Kōchiku (suru)/ Kenchiku (suru)/ Kenchiku-mono/ Kenzō (suru)
Noun-Bui	Newly built stone building	新しく建てられた石造りの建物	Atarashiku taterareta ishidzukuri no tatemono
Noun-Bui	Café (bar; pub)	カフェ (バー, パブ)	Kafe (Bā, Pabu)
Noun-Bui	Cafeteria (the canteen)	カフェテリア (食堂)	Kafeteria (shokudō)
Noun-Bui	Canal house	カナルハウス/ 運河の家	Kanaruhausu/ Unga no ie
Noun-Bui	Construction	工事/ 構築 (する)/ 建設 (する)/ 建築 (する)/ 構造 (する)/ 建造 (する)	Kōji/ Kōchiku (suru)/ Kensetsu (suru)/ Kenchiku (suru)/ Kōzō (suru)/ Kenzō (suru)
Noun-Bui	Construction site (building site)	建設現場 (建築現場)	Kensetsu genba (kenchiku genba)
Noun-Bui	Construction work	工事 (する)/ 建設工事/ 建設作業/ 構築工事/ 構築作業	Kōji (suru)/ Kensetsu kōji/ Kensetsu sagyō/ Kōchiku kōji/ Kōchiku sagyō
Noun-Bui	Masonry	石工	Sekkō
Noun-Bui	Stonemasonry	石工	Sekkō
Noun-Bui	Scaffolding	足場	Ashiba * (scaffold; scaffolding/ foothold; footing/ foothold (e.g. in business); foundation; base)
Noun-Bui	Elementary school (primary school)	小学校 (小学校)	Shōgakkō (shōgakkō)
Noun-Bui	Estate (plot of land)	屋敷 (邸)/ 地所/ 私有地/ エステート	Yashiki/ Jisho/ Shiyūchi/ Esutēto
Noun-Bui	High school (senior high school)	高校/ 高等学校	Kōkō/ Kōtō gakkō
Noun-Bui	Hotel	ホテル/ 宿/ 泊まり	Hoteru/ Yado/ Tomari
Noun-Bui	Hotel lobby	ホテルのロビー	Hoteru no robī
Noun-Bui	Inn	宿屋	Yadoya
Noun-Bui	Library	図書館 (としょうかん)/ ライブラリー	Toshokan/ Raiburārī

Noun-Bui	Living place (place of living)	居住地/ 現地 (居住地)	Ki ~yojuuchi (oyaji) (Ki ~yojuuchi (oyaji))/ Genchi * (actual place; actual location; the spot; the scene; the field; (on) site/ place where one is currently living)
Noun-Bui	Manor	荘園/ 荘/ 館	Shōen/ Sō/ Yakata
Noun-Bui	Mansion	邸宅/ 大邸宅/ 屋敷/ 館/ 居館/ 邸	Teitaku/ Dai teitaku/ Yashiki/ Yakata/ Kyokan/ Tei
Noun-Bui	Middle school (junior high school)	中学/ 中学校	Chūgaku/ Chūgakkō
Noun-Bui	Motel	モーテル	Mōteru
Noun-Bui	Old building	古い建物	Furui tatemono
Noun-Bui	Old mansion	古い邸宅	Furui teitaku
Noun-Bui	Palace	宮殿	Kyuuden
Noun-Bui	Restaurant	レストラン/ 食堂/ 料理店/ 料理屋/ 飲食店	Resutoran/ Shokudō/ Ryōri-ten/ Ryōri-ya/ Inshoku-ten
Noun-Bui	Slab (stone slab; concrete slab)	スラブ (石板、コンクリート板)	Surabu (sekiban, konkurīto-ban)
Noun-Bui	Concrete slab	コンクリート板/ コンクリートスラブ	Konkurīto-ban/ Konkūrītosurabu
Noun-Bui	All you can eat restaurant	食べ放題のレストラン	Tabehōdai no resutoran
Noun-Bui	Takeaway	持ち帰り/ テイクアウト (する)/ テイクアウェイ/ お持ち帰り	Mochikaeri * (takeout (food); take-out; takeaway; carry-out; to-go)/ Teikuauto (suru) * (takeout (food); take-out; takeaway; carry-out)/ Teikuau~ei * (takeaway (food); takeout/ rare term)/ o Mochikaeri * (can mean 'takeout (food); take-out; takeaway; carry-out; to-go', but be careful as it can also mean 'one-night stand; taking home a woman from a bar, club, etc/ slang')
Noun-Bui	Takeaway restaurant	持ち帰り用のレストラン/ テイクアウトレストラン	Mochikaeri-yō no resutoran/ Teikuautoresutoran
Noun-Bui	Tavern	居酒屋	Izakaya
Noun-Bui	Business school	ビジネススクール	Bijinesu sukuuru
Noun-Bui	College	大学	Daigaku
Noun-Bui	University (college)	大学/ ユニバーシティ/ カレッジ	Daigaku/ Yunibāshiti/ Karejji
Noun-Bui	Campus	キャンパス	kyanpasu
Noun-Bui	Private school	私立学校	Shiritsu gakkō
Noun-Bui	Public school	公立学校	Kōritsu gakkō
Noun-Bui	A house near the coast	海岸近くの家/ 沿岸近くの家/ コースト近くの家	Kaigan chikaku no ie/ Engan chikaku no ie/ Kōsuto chikaku no ie
Noun-Bui	Animal café	アニマルカフェ/ 動物カフェ	Animarukafe/ Dōbutsu kafe
Noun-Bui	Cat café	猫の店/ 猫カフェ/ 猫喫茶/ キャットカフェ	Neko no mise/ Neko kafe/ Neko kissa/ Kyattokafe
Noun-Bui	Japanese bar	居酒屋/ 日本のバー	Izakaya/ Nihon no bā
Noun-Bui	Karaoke bar	カラオケバー	Karaokebā
Noun-Bui	Late-night coffee shop	深夜喫茶/ 深夜営業の喫茶店/ 深夜の喫茶店/ 夜の喫茶店	Shin'yakissa/ Shin'ya eigyō no kissaten/ Shin'ya no kissaten/ Yoru no kissaten

Noun-Bui	Open all night (a business that is open all night)	終夜営業/ オールナイト営業/ 一晩中開いている/ 一晩中オープン (して/ する)/ 一晩中営業/ 夜通し営業している/ 一晩中開放される (徹夜営業)	Shūya eigyō/ Ōrunaito eigyō/ Hitobanjū aiteiru/ Hitobanjū ōpun (shite/ suru)/ Hitobanjū eigyō/ Yodōshi eigyō shite iru/ Hitobanjū kaihō sa reru (Tetsuya eigyō)
Noun-Bui	Art Gallery	アート ギャラリー/ 美術館	Āto gyararī/ Bijutsukan
Noun-Bui	Art museum	美術館/ 美術博物館	Bijutsukan/ Bijutsu hakubutsukan
Noun-Bui	Coop	鶏小屋	Niwatori koyā
Noun-Bui	Chicken coop	鶏舎/ 鶏小屋	Keisha/ Niwatori koyā
Noun-Bui	Cottage (hut; shack)	コテージ (小屋; シャック)	Kotēji (koya; shakku)
Noun-Bui	Cultural heritage	文化遺産/ 文化財	Bunka isan/ Bunkazai
Noun-Bui	Hut	小屋/ 舎	Koya/ Sha
Noun-Bui	Deserted old wooden hut	人けのない古い木造小屋	Hitoke no nai furui mokuzō koyā
Noun-Bui	Shack (a shack)	小屋 (掘っ立て小屋)	Koya (hottategoya)
Noun-Bui	Shed	小屋	Koya
Noun-Bui	Museum	博物館 * (historic)/ 美術館 * (art, art gallery)/ 資料館 * (library, literary works)/ 徴古館 * (old objects)/ ミュージアム	Hakubutsukan * (historic)/ Bijutsukan * (art, art gallery)/ Shiryōkan * (library, literary works)/ Chōkokan * (old objects)/ Myūjiamu
Noun-Bui	Historical museum (Archeological Museum)	歴史博物館/ 歴史館 (考古学博物館)	Rekishī hakubutsukan/ Rekishī-kan (Kōkogaku hakubutsukan)
Noun-Bui	Laboratory	実験室	Jikken shitsu
Noun-Bui	Science museum	科学館	Kagaku-kan
Noun-Bui	Studio (ie. art studio)	スタジオ (アートスタジオ, など)	Sutajio (Ātosutajio, nado)
Noun-Bui	Swimming pool	スイミングプール/ プール	Suimingupūru/ Pūru
Noun-Bui	Treehouse	樹上の家	juson no ie
Noun-Bui	Tree hut	木の小屋	Ki no koyā
Noun-Bui	Water pool	水プール	Mizu pūru
Noun-Bui	Workplace (atelier)	作業場/ 工房/ 制作室/ 画房 (アトリエ/ 画房)	Sagyōba/ Kōbō/ Seisaku-shitsu/ Gabō/ (Atorie/ Gabō)
Noun-Bui	Zoo	動物園	Dōbutsuen (dōbu~tsuen)
Noun-Bui	Airport	空港	Kūkō
Noun-Bui	Both railway tracks (up and down tracks)	上下線	Jōge-sen
Noun-Bui	Bus station	バス停	Basutei
Noun-Bui	Bus stop	バス停/ 停留所/ 乗り場/ バスの停止の場所/ バスストップ/ 停車場所	Basutei/ Teiryūjo/ Noriba/ Basu no teishi no basho/ Basu sutoppu/ Teisha basho
Noun-Bui	Car park	駐車場	Chūshajō
Noun-Bui	Car rental	レンタカー/ 車のレンタル	Rentakā/ Kuruma no rentaru
Noun-Bui	Car rental service	レンタカーサービス/ 車のレンタカーサービス	Rentakāsābisu/ Kuruma no rentakāsābisu
Noun-Bui	Dock	ドック	Dokku
Noun-Bui	Docks (pier)	埠頭/ 船渠/ ドック	Futō/ Senkyo/ Dokku
Noun-Bui	Pier	栈橋	Sanbashi
Noun-Bui	Harbor	港	Minato

Noun-Bui	Haven	避難所	hinanjo
Noun-Bui	Wharf	埠頭	Futou
Noun-Bui	Garage	車庫/ ガレージ	Shako/ Garēji
Noun-Bui	Parking lot	駐車場/ 駐(ちゅう)	Chūshajō * (parking lot; car park; carpark; parking garage)/ Chū (chi ~yuu) * (parking; parking lot; parking space/ abbreviation)
Noun-Bui	Parking meter	パーキングメーター/ 駐車場メーター	Pākingumētā/ Chūshajō mētā
Noun-Bui	Parking place (parking spot)	駐車場/ 駐車スペース/ 駐(ちゅう)/ カースペース(パーキングスポット)	Chūshajō * (parking lot; car park; carpark; parking garage)/ Chūsha supēsu * (parking space)/ Chū (chi ~yuu) * (parking; parking lot; parking space/ abbreviation)/ Kāsupēsu * (car space; parking space) (pākingusupotto)
Noun-Bui	Crossing	交差点	Kōsaten
Noun-Bui	Pedestrian crossing (zebra crossing)	横断歩道 (ゼブラゾーン)	Ōdan hodō * (pedestrian crossing; crosswalk) (Zeburazōn * (zebra crossing; zebra zone))
Noun-Bui	Place for alighting (from a bus, ski lift, etc.) (drop-off point)	降り場 (下り場)	Ori-ba (oriba * not 'furiba')
Noun-Bui	Platform (for boarding vehicles)	乗り場	Noriba
Noun-Bui	Port	港/ ポート	Minato/ Pōto
Noun-Bui	Railroad (railway)	鉄道/ 鉄路/ レールロード	Tetsudō/ Tetsuro/ Rērurōdo
Noun-Bui	Station (stop)	駅 (停留所)	Eki (teiryūjo)
Noun-Bui	Subway (metro station)	地下鉄 (地下鉄駅)	Chikatetsu (chikatetsu-eki)
Noun-Bui	Taxi stand	タクシー乗り場	Takushī noriba
Noun-Bui	Terminal	端末	Tanmatsu
Noun-Bui	The final stop (the last stop)	終点/ 最後のストップ (終点)	Shūten/ Saigo no sutoppu (shūten)
Noun-Bui	The first stop	最初の停留所/ 最初のストップ	Saisho no teiryūjo/ Saisho no sutoppu
Noun-Bui	The next stop	次の停留所/ 次の目的地 * (the next destination)	Tsugi no teiryūjo/ Tsugi no mokutekichi * (the next destination)
Noun-Bui	The previous stop	一つ前の停留所/ 前の停留所	Hitotsu mae no teiryūjo/ Mae no teiryūjo
Noun-Bui	Train station (Railway station)	鉄道駅	Tetsudō-eki
Noun-Bui	Railroad network (railroad system)	鉄道網	Tetsudō-mō
Noun-Bui	Railroad company	鉄道会社	Tetsudōgaisha
Noun-Bui	Railway crossing (railroad crossing; train crossing)	踏切 (踏切)	Fumikiri (fumikiri)
Noun-Bui	Railway track (railway line; railroad)	線路	Senro
Noun-Bui	Town hall	町役場	Chōyakuba (machi yakuba)
Noun-Bui	Company	会社	Kaisha
Noun-Bui	Event hall	イベントホール	Ibentohōru
Noun-Bui	Front office (front desk)	フロントオフィス (フロント)	Furonto ofisu (furonto)
Noun-Bui	Helpdesk	ヘルプデスク	Herupu desuku
Noun-Bui	Hospital	病院	Byōin

Noun-Bui	Clinic	クリニック	Kurinikku
Noun-Bui	Veterinary clinic	獣医クリニック	Jūi kurinikku
Noun-Bui	Retirement home	老人ホーム	Rōjin hōmu
Noun-Bui	Service desk	サービスデスク/ サービスカウンター/ ヘルプデスク/ サポートデスク	Sābisudesuku/ Sābisukauntā/ Herupu desuku * (helpdesk)/ Sapōtodesuku * (support desk)
Noun-Bui	Football field	フットボール競技場	Futtobōru kyōgi-ba
Noun-Bui	Goalpost	ゴールポスト	Gōruposuto
Noun-Bui	Sports hall	体育館	Taiikukan
Noun-Bui	Stadium	スタジアム	Sutajiamu
Noun-Bui	Trading company (trade company)	商社// 貿易会社/ トレーディングカンパニー/ 物産会社/ 総合商社 (商社)	Shōsha/ Bōekigaisha/ Torēdingukanpanī/ Bussankaisha * (products trading company)/ Sōgō shōsha * (general trading company) (shōsha)
Noun-Bui	Monastery	修道院	Shūdōin
Noun-Bui	Church (cathedral)	教会 * (church)/ 寺院 * (church or cathedral)/ 大聖堂 * (cathedral)	Kyōkai * (church)/ Jiin * (church or cathedral)/ Taiseidō * (cathedral)
Noun-Bui	Church bell	教会の鐘	Kyōkai no kane
Noun-Bui	Abbey	修道院/ 大修道院	Shūdōin/ Dai shūdōin
Noun-Bui	Altar	祭壇	Saidan
Noun-Bui	Dome	ドーム	Dōmu
Noun-Bui	Shrine	神社	Jinja
Noun-Bui	Temple	寺/ 寺院	Tera/ Jiin
Noun-Bui	Temple (shrine, especially one at which worshippers pray for favors; prayer hall)	祈願所	Kiganjo
Noun-Bui	Cemetery	墓地/ 墓場/ 墓園/ 埋葬地/ (お) 墓 (はか)	Bochi * (cemetery; graveyard)/ Hakaba * (graveyard; cemetery)/ Boen * (cemetery; graveyard)/ Maisō-chi * (burial place (ground); cemetery; graveyard)/ (o) Haka * (grave; gravesite; tomb)
Noun-Bui	Coffin	棺 (かん)	Kan
Noun-Bui	Grave (graves)	墓 (墓)	haka (haka)
Noun-Bui	Graveyard	墓地/ 墓場/ 墓所/ 墓園/ 埋葬地	Bochi * (cemetery; graveyard)/ Hakaba * (graveyard; cemetery)/ Boshō * (graveyard)/ Boen * (cemetery; graveyard)/ Maisō-chi * (burial place (ground); cemetery; graveyard)
Noun-Bui	Morgue	遺体安置所/ 霊安室	Itai anchi-sho/ Reianshitsu
Noun-Bui	Tomb	墓	Haka
Noun-Bui	Tombstone	墓石	boseki
Noun-Bui	Urn	壺	Tsubo
Noun-Bui	Shop (store)	店舗/ 店 (みせ/ てん)/ 屋 (や)/ 商店/ 売店/ ショップ/ キオスク/ ブース (店 (みせ/ てん)/ 店舗/ ストア)	Tenpo/ Mise (ten/ mise)/ Ya/ Shōten * (shop; small store; business; firm)/ Baiten * (stand; stall; booth; kiosk; store)/ Shoppu * (shop)/ Kiosuku * (kiosk)/ Būsu * (booth) (Ten (Mise/ Ten)/ Tenpo/ Sutoā)
Noun-Bui	Store	店 (みせ/ てん)/ 屋 (や)	Mise (ten/ mise)/ Ya

Noun-Bui	Boutique	ブティック	Butikku
Noun-Bui	Agency	代理店	Dairiten
Noun-Bui	Catfish agency	ナマズ代理店	Namazu dairiten
Noun-Bui	Sales agency	販売代理店	Hanbai dairiten
Noun-Bui	Antiques business (antique shop)	骨董品屋/ 骨董店/ 古美術店/ 骨董品店/ 骨董屋/ 古物商	Kottōhin'ya/ Kotsutōten/ Kobijutsu-ten/ Kottōhinten/ Kotsutōya/ Kobutsushou
Noun-Bui	Apothecary (pharmacy)	薬種商/ 薬種屋/ 薬剤師/ 薬屋/ アPOSEカリー (薬局)	Yakushu-shō/ Yakushuya/ Yakuzaishi/ Kusuriya/ Aposekarī (Yakkyoku)
Noun-Bui	Pharmacy	薬局	Yakkyoku
Noun-Bui	Bakery	ベーカリー/ パン屋	Bēkarī/ Pan-ya
Noun-Bui	Bank	銀行	Ginkō
Noun-Bui	Commercial bank	商業銀行	Shōgyō ginkō
Noun-Bui	Commercial building (commercial property)	商業ビル (商業不動産)	Shōgyō biru (shōgyō fudōsan)
Noun-Bui	Bathhouse	浴場/ (お) 風呂/ 銭湯/ 浴殿/ 風呂屋/ 公衆浴場/ バスハウス	Yokujō/ (o) Furo/ Sentō/ Yokuden/ Furoya/ Kōshū yokujō/ Basu hausu
Noun-Bui	Bathhouse thievery (stealing someone else's clothes and valuables at a bathhouse)	板の間稼ぎ	Itanomakasegi
Noun-Bui	Spa	スパ	Supa
Noun-Bui	Resort	リゾート	Rizōto
Noun-Bui	Sanatorium	療養所	Ryōyōsho
Noun-Bui	Going from bathhouse to bathhouse (in a hot spring resort)	外湯めぐり (外湯巡り)	Sotoyumeguri (sotoyu-meguri)
Noun-Bui	Barracks (army barracks)	兵舎/ 兵営/ 廠舎/ 営舎/ 営所/ 幕舎/ 屯営 (する)/ 隊舎/ バラック	Heisha/ Heiei/ Shōsha/ Eisha/ Eisho/ Maku-sha/ Ton'ei (suru)/ Taisha/ Barakku
Noun-Bui	Armory	武器庫	Buki-ko
Noun-Bui	Arsenal	武器庫	Buki-ko
Noun-Bui	Book shop	本屋/ 書店/ ブックショップ/ (お) 本屋さん	Hon'ya/ Shoten/ Bukku shoppu/ (O) Hon'ya-san
Noun-Bui	Brewery (distillery)	醸造所	Jōzōjo
Noun-Bui	Canal (canals; waterway)	運河/ 水路/ 堀 (ほり)/ 疎水/ 堀割/ カナル/ 下水溝/ 渠河/ 河渠/ 溝渠 (運河; 水路)	Unga/ Suiro/ Hori * (moat; fosse/ canal; ditch)/ Sosui * (canal; drainage)/ Horiwari * (canal; waterway; ditch)/ Kanaru/ Gesu ikou * (drainage ditch; canal)/ Ki ~yoga/ Kaki ~yo/ Kōkyo * (ditch; sewer; canal) (unga; suiro)
Noun-Bui	Casino	カジノ	Kajino
Noun-Bui	Castle	城/ キャッスル	Shiro/ Kyassuru
Noun-Bui	Cinema (movie theater; movies)	シネマ (映画館)	Shinema (Eigakan)
Noun-Bui	Citadel	城塞	Jōsai
Noun-Bui	City walls	市壁/ 城壁	Shiheki/ Jōheki
Noun-Bui	Clothes store	衣料品店/ 洋服屋/ 洋服店	Iryōhinten/ Yōfuku-ya/ Yōfuku-ten
Noun-Bui	Club (society)	クラブ (社会)	Kurabu (shakai)
Noun-Bui	Comedy club	コメディクラブ	Komedi Kurabu
Noun-Bui	Cosmetic shop (cosmetics store)	化粧品店/ コスメショップ/ コスメストア	Keshōhin-ten/ Kosumeshoppu/ Kosume sutoa

Noun-Bui	Court	裁判所/ 法廷	Saibansho/ Hôtei
Noun-Bui	Depot	車庫/ デポ	Shako/ Depo * (from French “dépôt”)
Noun-Bui	Discotheque (club)	ディスコ (クラブ)	Disuko (kurabu)
Noun-Bui	Drugstore	薬局/ 薬屋 (くすり屋/ くすりや)/ 薬舗 (薬舗/ やくほ)/ 薬種屋/ ドラッグストア	Yakkyoku/ Kusuriya/ Yakuho/ Yakushuya/ Doraggusutoa
Noun-Bui	Fire station	消防署	Shōbōsho
Noun-Bui	Flower shop	花屋/ フラワーショップ	Hanaya/ Furawāshoppu
Noun-Bui	Forge (a forge)	フォージ/ 鍛冶場 (鍛冶場)	Fōji * (forge)/ Tan'ya-ba * (blacksmith's workshop; smithy; forge; foundry) (tan'ya-ba)
Noun-Bui	Fort	砦 (とりで)/ 砦を落とす	Toride * (fort; fortress; stronghold; fortification)/ Toridewootosu * (to capture a fort)
Noun-Bui	Fortification	強化 (する)	Kyouka (suru)
Noun-Bui	Fortress	要塞	Yōsai
Noun-Bui	Furniture store	家具屋	Kagu-ya
Noun-Bui	Dump	捨てる	Suteru
Noun-Bui	Garbage dump (dump)	ゴミ捨て場 (ダンプ)	Gomisuteba (danpu)
Noun-Bui	Junkyard	廃品置き場	Haihin okiba
Noun-Bui	Scrapyard	くず鉄置き場	Kuzutetsu okiba
Noun-Bui	Granary (storage silo)	穀倉/ 蔵 (倉/ 庫 * note that these 2 kanji together, kura-kura forms the word 'sōko' which means warehouse) (貯蔵サイロ)	Kokusō/ Kura (Chozō sairo)
Noun-Bui	Grocery store	食料品店/ 食料雑貨店	Shokuryōhin-ten/ Shokuryō zakka-ten
Noun-Bui	Hot spring resort	温泉宿/ 温泉町/ 温泉場/ 湯治場	Onsen yado/ Onsenchō/ Onsenba/ Tōji-ba
Noun-Bui	Letter box (mailbox)	レターボックス/ 郵便受け (郵便受け)	Retābokkusu/ Yūbin'uke (Yūbin'uke)
Noun-Bui	Lighthouse	灯台	Tōdai
Noun-Bui	Liquor store (wine shop; bottle shop)	酒屋/ 酒店/ 酒房/ 酒問屋	Sakaya/ Saketen/ Sake bō/ Sakedon'ya
Noun-Bui	Market (marketplace)	市場 (いちば)/ 市 (いち)/ マーケット/ 市場 (しじょう)/ 景気/ 販路/ 商域/ マルシェ (市場/ マーケット/ マーケットプレイス)	Ichiba * ((town) market; (street) market; marketplace)/ Ichi * (market; fair)/ Māketto * (market)/ Shiji ~you * (market (financial, stock, domestic, etc.); marketplace; exchange/ (street) market/ same kanji as ichiba, but different hiragana characters)/ Keiki * (business conditions; the market; economic activity; economic climate)/ Hanro * (market (for goods, services, etc.); outlet (for selling); opening)/ Shōiki * (market; business field)/ Marushe * (market/ from French “marché”) (ichiba/ māketto/ mākettopureisu)
Noun-Bui	Marketplace	マーケットプレイス/ 市場 (いちば)/ 市場 (しじょう)	Māketto pureisu * (marketplace)/ Ichiba * ((town) market; (street) market; marketplace)/ Shiji ~you * (market (financial, stock, domestic, etc.); marketplace; exchange)
Noun-Bui	Black market	闇市場	Yami shijou

Noun-Bui	Farmers market	ファーマーズマーケット	Fāmāzumāketto
Noun-Bui	Free market (street market)	フリーマーケット (ストリートマーケット)	Furīmāketto (sutorītomāketto)
Noun-Bui	Market booth	市場ブース/ 露店/ マーケットブース/ 市場の屋台	Ichiba būsū/ Roten/ Mākettobūsū/ Ichiba no yatai
Noun-Bui	Mill (a mill)	ミル/ 製粉所/ 摩砕機/ 工場 (製粉所)	Miru * (mill)/ Seifunjo * (flour mill; gristmill)/ Masa-tsuki * (mill; grinding mill)/ Kōjō * (factory; plant; mill; workshop) (seifunjo)
Noun-Bui	Mine (ie. gold mine, ore mine)	鉱山/ 坑 (こう) (つまり, 金鉱山, 鉱石鉱山)	Kōzan/ Kō * (pit (esp. of a mine)) (tsumari, Kin kōzan, Kōseki kōzan)
Noun-Bui	Gold mine	金鉱/ 金坑/ 金穴/ 金山	Kinkō-kin/ Kinkō/ Kinketsu/ Kinzan
Noun-Bui	Unexplored mine	未開の鉱山/ 未踏の鉱山/ 未開拓の鉱山/ 未知の鉱山	Mikai no kōzan/ Mitō no kōzan/ Mikaitaku no kōzan/ Michi no kōzan * (unknown mines; not yet known mines)
Noun-Bui	Quarry	採石場	Saisekiba
Noun-Bui	Moat	(お) 堀 (ほり)	(O) Hori
Noun-Bui	Music store	ミュージックストア	Myūjikkusutoa
Noun-Bui	Opera	歌劇/ 楽劇/ オペラ	Kageki/ Gakugeki/ Opera
Noun-Bui	Outpost	前哨基地/ 前哨地/ 前哨	Zenshō kichi/ Zenshō-chi/ Zenshō
Noun-Bui	Pharmacist (apothecary)	薬剤師/ 薬種屋/ 薬屋 (調剤薬局)	Yakuzaishi/ Yakushuya/ Kusuriya (Chōzai yakkyoku)
Noun-Bui	Police station	警察署	Keisatsusho
Noun-Bui	Post office	郵便局/ ポストオフィス/ 駅通局	Yūbinkyoku/ Posuto ofisu/ Ekiteikyoku * (obsolete term)
Noun-Bui	Radar	レーダー/ 電波探知機/ 電探/ ノーマーク (の)	Rēdā/ Denpa tanchi-ki/ Dentan/ Nōmāku (no) * (not covered (e.g. of a sports opponent); unobserved; under the radar/ wasei, word made in Japan, From English “no mark”/ unmarked (e.g. of a product); unlabelled)
Noun-Bui	Radio station	ラジオ放送局/ 無線局	Rajio hōsōkyoku/ Musen-kyoku
Noun-Bui	Sonar	ソナー/ 音波水中探知機/ ソーナー/ 探信儀/ アクティブソナー/ アクティブソーナー/ パッシブソナー/ パッシブソーナー/ 探信	Sonā * (sonar)/ Onpa suichū tanchi-ki * (sonar)/ Sōnā * (sonar)/ Tanshingi * ((active) sonar)/ Akutibusonā * (active sonar)/ Akutibusōnā * (active sonar)/ Passhibusonā * (passive sonar)/ Passhibusōnā * (passive sonar)/ Tanshin * (transmission of a sonar pulse; pinging)
Noun-Bui	Second hand store	古道具屋/ リサイクルショップ/ 中古店/ リサイクルストア	Furudōgu-ya/ Risaikuru shoppu/ Chūko-ten/ Risaikuru sutoa
Noun-Bui	Secondhand book fair (antiquarian book market)	古本市/ 古書市	Furuhon ichi/ Kosho ichi
Noun-Bui	Secondhand bookstore	古本屋/ 古書店	Furuhon'ya/ Kosho-ten
Noun-Bui	Sewer (drain)	下水道/ 下水 (げすい)/ 溝渠 (排水管/ 下水道管渠/ 下水管/ 便管)	Gesuidō/ Gesui * (drainage; ditch; gutter; sewerage/ sewage; black water)/ Kōkyō * (ditch; sewer; canal) (Haisui-kan * (drainpipe; drainage pipe)/ Gesuidō-kan mizo * (sewage pipe)/ Gesu ikan * (sewer pipe)/ Benkan * (sewer pipe))
Noun-Bui	Drain (the drain)	排水溝/ ドレイン (排水口)	Haisuimizo/ Dorein (haisui-guchi)

Noun-Bui	Drainage (ditch; gutter)	排水 (する)/ 下水 (げすい)/ 放水 (する)/ 排水溝/ 水はけ (水捌け/ みずはけ)/ 排液/ 下水道/ 疎水/ ドレナージュ (側溝; 側溝)	Haisui (suru) * (drainage; draining; pumping out (water); sewerage)/ Gesui * (drainage; ditch; gutter; sewerage/ sewage; black water)/ Hōsui (suru) * (discharge of water (from a river, dam, etc.); drainage)/ Haisuimizo * (drainage; gutter; ditch)/ Mizuhake/ Haieki/ Gesuidō * (sewer; sewer system; sewerage; drain)/ Sosui * (canal; drainage)/ Dorenāju (Sokkō * (gutter; ditch); Sokkō)
Noun-Bui	Drain pipe (drainage pipe)	ドレンパイプ (排水管)	Dorenpaipu (Haisui-kan * (drainpipe; drainage pipe))
Noun-Bui	Clogged drain (clogged sink)	排水管の詰まり (シンクの詰まり)	Haisuikangatajamari (shinku no jamari)
Noun-Bui	Drain unblocker (unblocker)	ドレン遮断剤 (遮断剤解除剤)	Doren shadan-zai (shadan-zai kaijo-zai)
Noun-Bui	Firing range	射撃場/ 着弾距離/ 射的場/ 射場/ 的場/ シューティングレンジ	Shageki-ba * (shooting range; firing range)/ Chakudankyori * (range (of a gun); firing distance)/ Shi ~yatekijou * (shooting range; firing range; rifle range)/ Shajō * (shooting range; firing range; shooting gallery/ archery range; archery ground/ launch site (for rockets, missiles, etc.)/ position where an archer is standing)/ Matoba * (target area (e.g. archery); range (e.g. rifle, firing))/ Shūtingurenji * (shooting range)
Noun-Bui	Sawmill	製材所/ 製板所/ 木工場/ 製材工場/ 木工所	Seizaijo * (sawmill; lumbermill)/ Seihansho * (sawmill)/ Mokokōba * (sawmill)/ Seizai kōjō * (saw mill; sawmill; mill)/ Mokokōjo * (carpentry shop; woodworking plant; sawmill)
Noun-Bui	Stables (horse stable)	厩舎 (馬小屋)	Kyūsha (Umagoya)
Noun-Bui	Barn (the barn)	納屋 (納屋)	Naya (naya)
Noun-Bui	Horse ranch	馬の牧場	Uma no bokujō
Noun-Bui	Dude ranch	おい牧場	Oi bokujō
Noun-Bui	Equine retreat	馬の隠れ家	Uma no kakurega
Noun-Bui	Storage	保管所/ ストレージ/ 保存 (する)/ 保存所/ 保管 (する)	Hokan-sho/ Sutorēji/ Hozon (suru)/ Hozon-sho/ Hokan (suru)
Noun-Bui	Water storage	貯水	Chosui
Noun-Bui	Reservoir	貯水池	Chosuichi
Noun-Bui	Water reservoir	貯水池	Chosuichi
Noun-Bui	Sundry store (haberdashery; sundries store)	小間物屋	Komamono-ya
Noun-Bui	Theater	劇場/ 演劇/ シアター	Gekijō/ Engeki/ Shiatā
Noun-Bui	Tower	塔/ 楼 (樓)/ タワー	Tō/ Rō/ Tawā
Noun-Bui	Skyscraper	超高層ビル	Chōkōsō biru
Noun-Bui	Training ground	訓練場	Kunren-ba
Noun-Bui	Visiting multiple hot springs (onsen tour)	温泉めぐり (温泉巡り)/ 湯めぐり (湯巡り)	Onsen meguri/ Yumeguri

Noun-Bui	Watchtower	楼観/ 望楼 (望樓)/ 見張り台/ 物見櫓/ 監視塔/ 櫓 (矢倉/ やぐら)/ 楼 (樓)	Rōkan/ Bōrō/ Mihari-dai/ Mono miyagura/ Kanshi-tō/ Yagura/ Rō
Noun-Bui	Water company	水道会社/ ウォーター会社/ 水企業/ 水道事業者/ 水供給会社/ 水供給事業会社/ 水道事業会社/ 水の供給に携わる企業	Suidō kaisha/ U~ōtā kaisha/ Mizu kigyō * (water company; water industry)/ Suidō jigyō-sha * (water supplier; water supply company)/ Mizu kyōkyū kaisha * (water supply company)/ Mizu kyōkyū jigyō kaisha * (water supply company)/ Suidō jigyō kaisha * (water supply company; waterworks company; water operation company; water utility company)/ Mizu no kyōkyū ni tazusawaru kigyō * (company involved in water supply; company involved in supplying water)
Noun-Bui	Water mill	水車小屋/ 水車	Suishagoya * (water mill/ watermill)/ Suisha * (water wheel/ water turbine; hydraulic turbine/ water mill)
Noun-Bui	Water supply	水供給/ 水の供給/ 給水 (する) / 水道/ 上水道/ 上水 / 配水 (する)	Mizu kyōkyū/ Mizu no kyōkyū/ Kyūsui (suru)/ Suidō/ Jōsuidō * (waterworks; water supply)/ Jōsui * (water supply; tap water)/ Haisui (suru) * (water supply; water distribution)
Noun-Bui	Waterworks	涙	Namida
Noun-Bui	Weather forecast	天気予報	Tenkeyohō
Noun-Bui	Weather radar	気象レーダー/ 雨雲レーダー/ ウェザーレーダー	Kishō rēdā * (weather radar)/ Amagumo rēdā * (weather radar (showing the location of precipitation); rain radar)/ U~ezārēdā * (weather radar)
Noun-Bui	Weather station	測候所/ 気象観測所/ 気象台/ 気象局	Sokkōjo/ Kishōkansokujo/ Kishōdai * (meteorological observatory; weather station)/ Kishō-kyoku * (meteorological office; weather bureau)
Noun-Bui	Windmill	風車/ 風車小屋/ ウィンドミル/ 風力タービン	Kazaguruma * (windmill; wind turbine)/ Fūshagoya * (windmill)/ U~indomiru * (windmill)/ Fūryoku tābin * (wind turbine; windmill)
Noun-Bui	Convenience store	コンビニ	Konbini
Noun-Bui	Supermarket	スーパーマーケット	Sūpāmāketto
Noun-Bui	Counter	窓口/ 売り場 (売場)/ カウンター	Madoguchi/ Uriba/ Kauntā
Noun-Bui	General Merchandise Store	ゼネラルマーチャндаイズストア/ 雑貨店	Zenerarumāchandaizusutoa/ Zakka-ten
Noun-Bui	General store	雑貨屋	Zakka-ya
Noun-Bui	Sales floor (selling area)	売り場 (売場)	Uriba (uriba)
Noun-Bui	Clothes area (clothes floor; clothing department)	洋服売り場/ 洋服の売り場	Yōfuku uriba/ Yōfuku no uriba

Noun-Bui	Department	デパートメント/ 部門 (の)/ 部 (ぶ)/ 局 (きょく)/ 課 (か)	Depātomento/ Bumon (no)/ Bu * (department (in an organization, company, etc.); division; bureau; faculty)/ Kyoku * (more department; bureau)/ Ka * (section (in an organization); division; department)
Noun-Bui	Section (department)	課 (か) (部 (ぶ)/ 部門)	Ka (Bu/ Bumon)
Noun-Bui	Produce section	プロデュース部門	Purode~yūsu bumon
Noun-Bui	Deli department	デリ部門	Deri bumon
Noun-Bui	Electronics department	エレクトロニクス部門	Erekutoronikusu bumon
Noun-Bui	Vegetable department	野菜売り場	Yasai uriba
Noun-Bui	Self-checkout	セルフレジ	Serufureji
Noun-Bui	Ruins (of a building, town, etc.) (remains)	廃墟/ 遺跡/ 跡	Haikyo/ Iseki/ Ato
Noun-Bui	Site (remains; ruins)	跡	Ato
Noun-Bui	Archeological remains (ruins; relics)	遺跡	Iseki
Noun-Bui	Archeological site (archeological place)	遺跡/ 出土地 (遺跡)	Iseki * (archeological site)/ Shi ~yutsudochi * (site where an artifact was unearthed; site of an archeological find) (iseki)
Noun-Inte	Wall	壁/ 塙/ 囲い	Kabe/ Hei/ Kakoi
Noun-Inte	Bar (a bar)	バー (バー)	Bā (bā)
Noun-Inte	Beam (plank)	桁/ 梁	Keta/ Hari
Noun-Inte	Lath	ラス	rasu
Noun-Inte	Pillar (column)	柱 (列)	Hashira (retsu)
Noun-Inte	Post (pillar; column)	柱	Hashira
Noun-Inte	Pin (pins)	ピン (ピン)	Pin (pin)
Noun-Inte	Plank	板	Ita
Noun-Inte	Shelf	棚	Tana
Noun-Inte	Strip (a strip)	ストリップ (ストリップ)	sutorippu (sutorippu)
Noun-Inte	Stud (a stud)	スタッド (スタッド)	sutaddo (sutaddo)
Noun-Inte	Board	ボード	Bōdo
Noun-Inte	Hardboard	ハードボード	Hādobōdo
Noun-Inte	Plasterboard	石膏ボード	sekouboodo
Noun-Inte	Cover	カバー (する)/ 被覆 (する)	Kabā (suru)/ Hifuku (suru)
Noun-Inte	Hook (hooks)	フック (フック)	Fukku (fukku)
Noun-Inte	Iron beam (metal beam)	鉄の梁 (金属の梁)	Tetsu no hari (kinzoku no hari)
Noun-Inte	Wooden beam (wooden plank)	木の梁 (木の板)	Ki no hari (ki no ita)
Noun-Inte	Arch	迫持/ アーチ/ 反り/ 弓なり (の)	Serimochi * (arch/ architecture; rare term)/ Āchi * (arch)/ Sori * (warp; curvature; curve; arch)/ Yuminari (no) * (bow shape; arc; arch)
Noun-Inte	Archway	アーチ道	Āchi michi
Noun-Inte	Barbwire	有刺鉄線	Yūshitessen
Noun-Inte	Barricade	バリケード	Barikeedo

Noun-Inte	Barrier	壁 (かべ)/ 難関/ 関門/ 障害 (する)/ 関 (せき)/ 垣 (かき)/ バリア	Kabe * (wall; partition/ barrier; obstacle; hindrance; difficulty)/ Nankan * (barrier; obstacle; difficulty; hurdle; deadlock)/ Kanmon * (barrier; checkpoint; gateway/ hurdle; obstacle; trial)/ Shōgai (suru) * (obstacle; impediment; hindrance; barrier; difficulty)/ Seki * (barrier; gate)/ Kaki * (fence; hedge; barrier; wall; railing)/ Baria * (barrier; protective wall; bulwark/ obstacle; hindrance)
Noun-Inte	Blockade	封鎖 (する)	Fūsa (suru)
Noun-Inte	Brick (bricks)	煉瓦 (レンガ)/ ブロック (する) (レンガ)	Renga/ Burokku (suru) (renga)
Noun-Inte	Red-brick	赤レンガ	akarenga
Noun-Inte	Broken (out of order/ out of service)	壊れた/ 欠陥/ 不具合 (な) (故障 (する)/ 使用不能)	Kowareta/ Kekkan/ Fuguai (na) (Koshō (suru)/ Shiyō funō)
Noun-Inte	Curtains	幕 (まく)/ カーテン	Maku/ Kāten
Noun-Inte	Curtain rails	カーテンレール/ レール	Kātenrēru/ Rēru * (can mean 'rail (track)', but can also mean '(curtain) rail; track (for a sliding door)')
Noun-Inte	Door	扉/ ドア/ 戸 * (door, esp. Japanese-style)	Tobira/ Doa/ To * (door, esp. Japanese-style)
Noun-Inte	Iron door	鉄の扉	Tetsu no tobira
Noun-Inte	Wooden door	木製扉	Mokusei tobira
Noun-Inte	Doorbell	ドアホン	Doahon
Noun-Inte	Door knob	ドアノブ	Doa nobu
Noun-Inte	Door lock	ドアロック	Doa rokku
Noun-Inte	Portcullis	落とし格子/ ポートカリス	Otoshi kōshi/ Pōtokarisu
Noun-Inte	Edge	角 (かど)	Kado * (not to be confused with 'kaku' of the same kanji which means 'angle or square; cube')
Noun-Inte	Elevator	昇降機/ エレベーター	Shōkō-ki/ Erebētā
Noun-Inte	Elevator button	昇降機のボタン/ エレベーターのボタン/ 昇降機ボタン/ エレベーターボタン	Shōkō-ki no botan/ Erebētā no botan/ Shōkō-ki botan/ Erebētā botan (erebētābotan)
Noun-Inte	Enclosure	囲い	Kakoi
Noun-Inte	Fence	垣根/ 柵/ 垣/ 塀/ 囲い/ フェンス	Kakine/ Saku/ Kaki/ Hei/ Kakoi/ Fensu
Noun-Inte	Fence pole	フェンスポール	Fensupōru
Noun-Inte	Fence panel	フェンスパネル	Fensupaneru
Noun-Inte	Wooden fence	木製フェンス	Mokusei fensu
Noun-Inte	Front door (entrance)	玄関ドア/ 玄関/ 入り口	Genkan doa/ Genkan/ Iriguchi
Noun-Inte	Doormat	玄関マット/ 靴拭き/ ドアマット	Genkan matto/ Kutsufuki/ Doamatto
Noun-Inte	Gateway	入り口	Iriguchi
Noun-Inte	Hall (corridor)	広間/ ホール (廊下)	Hirōma/ Hōru (Rōka)
Noun-Inte	Hallway	廊下/ 回廊 (廻廊)	Rōka/ Kairō
Noun-Inte	Entrance hall	玄関ホール	Genkan hōru
Noun-Inte	Foyer	玄関ホール	genkan hooru
Noun-Inte	Insulation (building insulation)	断熱材 (建物断熱材)	Dan'netsuzai (tatemono dan'netsuzai)

Noun-Inte	Mansion hall	マンションホール	Manshonhōru
Noun-Inte	Fuse box (Meter box; Meter cupboard)	ヒューズボックス (メーターボックス; メーター戸棚)	Hyūzubokkusu (mētābokkusu; mētā todana)
Noun-Inte	Palisade	柵	Saku
Noun-Inte	Pillar	柱 (はしら)	Hashira
Noun-Inte	Mainstay (supporting pillar)	メインステイ (支柱)	Meinsutei (shichū)
Noun-Inte	Porch	ポーチ	Pōchi
Noun-Inte	Sawdust	おがくず	Ogakuzu
Noun-Inte	Shavings	削りくず	Kezuri-kuzu
Noun-Inte	Wood shavings	木くず	Kikuzu
Noun-Inte	Stained glass	ステンドグラス	Sutendogurasu
Noun-Inte	Stained glass baroque	ステンドグラスバロック	Sutendogurasubarokku
Noun-Inte	Tile (tiles)	タイル/ 瓦 (タイル)	Tairu/ Kawara * (roof tile) (tairu)
Noun-Inte	Window	窓	Mado
Noun-Inte	Window blinds (window shutters; roller blinds; roller shades)	ブラインド/ 日覆い (窓シャッター; ローラーブラインド; ローラーシェード)	Buraindo * (window blind; blinds)/ Hiōi * (sunshade; sunscreen; window shade; blinds) (mado shattā; rōrāburaindo; rōrāshēdo)
Noun-Inte	Blinds (the blinds)	ブラインド (ブラインド)	Buraindo (buraindo)
Noun-Inte	Window glass	窓ガラス	Mado garasu
Noun-Inte	Windowpane	窓ガラス	mado garasu
Noun-Inte	Double glazed windows	二重窓/ 二重窓ガラス	Nijūmado/ Nijūmado garasu * (double glazing)
Noun-Inte	Windowsill	窓辺	Madobe * (by the window)
Noun-Inte	Pane	ペイン	Pein
Noun-Inte	Entrance	入口 (入り口)/ エントランス	Iriguchi/ Entoransu
Noun-Inte	Entrance door	入口 (入り口)/ 玄関口/ 玄関ドア/ 入り口のドア/ エントランスのドア/ エントランスドア	Iriguchi/ Genkan kuchi/ Genkan doa/ Iriguchi no doa/ Entoransu no doa/ Entoransudoa
Noun-Inte	Exit	出口	Deguchi
Noun-Inte	Exit (exit; motorway exit)	出口 (出口; 高速道路の出口)	Deguchi (deguchi; kōzokudōro no deguchi)
Noun-Inte	Emergency exit	非常口	Hijōguchi
Noun-Inte	Exit sign (emergency exit light; guide light)	誘導灯	Yūdō-tō
Noun-Inte	Exit sign ((illuminated) emergency exit signs)	避難誘導灯	Hinan'yūdōtō
Noun-Inte	Room	部屋/ 房	Heya/ Bō * (chamber; room; cell (prison); atrium)
Noun-Inte	Chamber	部屋/ 房	Heya/ Bō * (chamber; room; cell (prison); atrium)
Noun-Inte	Living area	居住エリア	Kyōjū eria
Noun-Inte	Living room (Sitting room)	居間/ 茶の間/ 居室/ リビングルーム	Ima * (Western style)/ Chanoma * ((Japanese- style) living room)/ Kyoshitsu/ Ribingurūmu
Noun-Inte	Living space	居住空間	Kyōjū kūkan
Noun-Inte	Lobby	ロビー	Robī
Noun-Inte	Main room	メインルーム	Mein rūmu

Noun-Inte	Furnished room	家具付きの部屋	Kagu tsuki no heya
Noun-Inte	Tea room	茶席	Chaseki
Noun-Inte	Kitchen	台所/ キッチン	Daidokoro/ Kitchin
Noun-Inte	Open kitchen	オープンキッチン	Ōpankicchin
Noun-Inte	Attic	屋根裏	Yaneura
Noun-Inte	Loft	ロフト	Rofuto
Noun-Inte	Balcony (veranda)	バルコニー/ ベランダ/ 露台/ 縁側 * (in traditional Japanese houses)	Barukonī/ Beranda/ Rodai/ Engawa * (in traditional Japanese houses)
Noun-Inte	Veranda	ベランダ	Beranda
Noun-Inte	Ballroom	ボールルーム	Bōrurūmu
Noun-Inte	Basement	地下	Chika
Noun-Inte	Bathroom	浴室/ 風呂場/ バスルーム/ トイレ	Yokushitsu/ Furo-ba/ Basurūmu/ Toire
Noun-Inte	Bathroom lamp	浴室ランプ/ 浴室の照明/ 浴室の採光/ 浴室の光/ 浴室の灯 (浴室の明かり)/ 浴室の点灯/ バスルームのランプ/ バスルームライト	Yokushitsu ranpu/ Yokushitsu no shōmei/ Yokushitsu no saikō/ Yokushitsu no hikari/ Yokushitsu no akari/ Yokushitsu no tentō/ Basurūmu no ranpu/ Basurūmuraito
Noun-Inte	Bed	寝台/ ベッド/ 床 (とこ)	Shindai/ Beddo/ Toko * (bed; bedding)
Noun-Inte	Bunk (a bunk)	バンク (二段ベッド)	Banku (nidan beddo)
Noun-Inte	Bedroom	ベッドルーム	Beddo rumu
Noun-Inte	Master bedroom	主寝室	Shushinshitsu
Noun-Inte	Bedframe	ベッドのフレーム	Beddo no furēmu
Noun-Inte	Cellar	セラー	Serā
Noun-Inte	Chimney	煙突 (烟突)/ 煙筒/ 煙り出し/ 煙出し (烟出し)/ チムニー	Entotsu/ Entō * (means chimney but can also mean 'Japanese smoking pipe')/ Kemuri-dashi/ Kemudashi/ Chimunī
Noun-Inte	Countertop	カウンタートップ	Kauntātoppu
Noun-Inte	Dorm	寮	ryō
Noun-Inte	Dorm room	寮の部屋	ryō no heya
Noun-Inte	Fan (ceiling fan)	扇風機 (天井扇風機)	senpuuki (tenjou senpuuki)
Noun-Inte	Ceiling fan	天井扇風機	tenjou senpuuki
Noun-Inte	Faucet	蛇口/ 水栓	Jaguchi/ Mizusen
Noun-Inte	Tap (the tap)	蛇口 (蛇口)	Jaguchi (jaguchi)
Noun-Inte	Tap water (faucet water)	水道水 (蛇口の水)	Suidō mizu (jaguchi no mizu)
Noun-Inte	Floor	床	Yuka
Noun-Inte	First floor	1階	1 kai
Noun-Inte	Ground floor	1階	1 kai
Noun-Inte	Wooden floor	木の床	Ki no yuka
Noun-Inte	Guardrails	手すり (手摺り/ 手摺/ てすり)/ 式防護柵/ 欄干/ 欄 (らん)/ ガードレール	Tesuri/ Shiki bōgo saku/ Rankan/ Ran/ Gādorēru
Noun-Inte	Handrail	手すり	Tesuri
Noun-Inte	Ladder	梯子 (はしご)/ 梯	Hashigo/ Hashi
Noun-Inte	Stepladder	踏み台	Fumidai
Noun-Inte	Litterbox (litter box) (cat litter box, ie. for cats)	トイレ/ くず箱 (猫のトイレ) (猫用)	Toire/ Kuzu-bako (neko no toire) (neko-yō)

Noun-Inte	Locker room	ロッカールーム/ 更衣室/ 脱衣室/ ロッカー室	Rokkārūmu * (locker room)/ Kōi-shitsu * (locker room; changing room; dressing room)/ Datsui-shitsu * (changing room; dressing room; locker room)/ Rokkā-shitsu * (locker room)
Noun-Inte	Lounge	ラウンジ	Raunji
Noun-Inte	Panel	パネル	Paneru
Noun-Inte	Paneling	パネル	Paneru
Noun-Inte	Parapet	欄干	Rankan
Noun-Inte	Platform	プラットフォーム	purattofōmu
Noun-Inte	Railing (guard rail; handrail)	欄干/ 手すり/ 柵/ 欄 (おぼしま)	Rankan/ Tesuri/ Saku/ Obashima * (not 'ran')
Noun-Inte	Balustrade	手すり	Tesuri
Noun-Inte	Roof	屋根	Yane
Noun-Inte	Rooftop	屋上	Okujō
Noun-Inte	Shingle	屋根板	Yaneita
Noun-Inte	Eaves	軒 (のき)/ 軒端/ ひさし (庇)	Noki/ Nokiba/ Hisashi
Noun-Inte	Room for overnight guests (accommodation room; guest room)	宿泊室	Shukuhaku-shitsu
Noun-Inte	Second floor	2階	2 kai
Noun-Inte	Shelter	シェルター	Sherutā
Noun-Inte	Socket	ソケット/ コンセント	Soketto * (socket)/ Konsento * (electrical outlet; wall socket; power plug/ wasei, word made in Japan, From English “concentric plug”)
Noun-Inte	Solar panel	ソーラーパネル/ 太陽電池パネル/ 太陽光パネル	Sōrāpaneru/ Taiyō denchi paneru/ Taiyōkō paneru
Noun-Inte	Stairs	階段/ 梯子段	Kaidan/ Hashigodan
Noun-Inte	Long stairs	長い階段/ 高い階段	Nagai kaidan * (long stairs)/ Takai kaidan * (high stairs)
Noun-Inte	Stone stairs (stone steps)	石の階段 (石段)	Ishi no kaidan (ishidan)
Noun-Inte	Staircase	階段	kaidan
Noun-Inte	Moving staircase	動く 階段	ugoku kaidan
Noun-Inte	Terrace	テラス	Terasu
Noun-Inte	Roof terrace	屋上のテラス	Okujō no terasu
Noun-Inte	Throne room		
Noun-Inte	Throne	王位	Ōi
Noun-Inte	Toilet (WC; restroom)	お手洗い (御手洗い)/ トイレ (WC; トイレ)	o Tearai/ Toire (WC; toire)
Noun-Inte	Restroom	トイレ	Toire
Noun-Inte	Toilet paper	ちり紙 (チリ紙/ 塵紙)/ トイレットペーパー	Chirigami/ Toirettopēpā
Noun-Inte	Lavatory	洗面所	senmenjo
Noun-Inte	Trashcan (Garbage can)	ゴミ入れ (ゴミ入/ ごみ入れ/ 塵入れ/ 塵入/ ごみ入)/ トラッシュカン (ゴミ箱 (塵箱/ 護美箱/ 芥箱)/ ダストボックス)	Gomi-ire/ Torasshukan (Gomibako/ Dasutobokkusu * (Wasei, word made in Japan, from English “dust box”))

Noun-Inte	Dustbin	ゴミ箱	Gomibako
Noun-Inte	Washroom	洗面所/ 洗面室/ 手洗い場 (手洗場)	Senmenjo/ Senmen-shitsu/ Tearai-ba
Noun-Inte	Furniture	家具/ ファニチャー	Kagu/ Fanichā
Noun-Inte	Old furniture (curios; secondhand goods)	古道具/ 古い家具	Furudōgu/ Furui kagu
Noun-Inte	Household furniture (household furnishings)	家具調度	Kaguchō-do
Noun-Inte	Bath	(お) 風呂	(o) Furo
Noun-Inte	Bathtub	(お) 風呂/ 浴槽/ 湯船/ バスタブ/ 風呂桶/ 据え風呂/ 岩風呂	(o) Furo * (bath; bathing; bathtub; bathroom)/ Yokusō * (bathtub)/ Yubune * (bathtub)/ Basu tabu * (bathtub)/ Furo oke * (bathtub (esp. wooden and bucket-shaped))/ Suefuro * (deep bathtub with a water-heating tank; bathtub heated from below)/ Iwa furo * (bathtub or onsen made of (or surrounded by) rocks)
Noun-Inte	Bubble bath	泡風呂 (泡ぶろ/ あわ風呂/ あわぶろ)/ バブルバス	Awafuro/ Baburu basu
Noun-Inte	Cold bath	水風呂/ 冷水浴 (する)	Mizuburo/ Hiya suiyoku (suru)
Noun-Inte	Hot bath (hot tub; warm bath; warm water bath)	温浴 (する)/ (お) 湯 (ゆ) (御湯) (ホットタブ; 温浴; 温水浴)	On'yoku (suru)/ (o) Yu (hottotabu; on'yoku; onsui-yoku)
Noun-Inte	Jacuzzi (whirlpool bath)	ジャグジー/ 気泡風呂/ 泡風呂 (ジェットバス)	Jagujī (jettobasu)/ Kihō furo/ Awafuro
Noun-Inte	Bench	腰掛け (腰掛/ 腰かけ)/ 縁台/ 長椅子 (長いす/ ながいす)/ 台/ ベンチ	Koshikake / Endai/ Nagaisu/ Dai/ Benchi
Noun-Inte	Wooden bench	木製ベンチ	Mokusei benchi
Noun-Inte	Book closet	本棚	Hondana
Noun-Inte	Book row (row of books)	ブック行/ ブックロウ (本が並び (本が並ぶ)/ 本の並び)	Bukku gyō/ Bukku rō (Hon ga narabi (hon ga narabu)/ Hon no narabi)
Noun-Inte	Bookshelf	本棚/ 書棚/ 書架/ ブックシェルフ	Hondana/ Shodana * (bookshelf)/ Shoka * (bookshelf; bookcase)/ Bukkusherufu
Noun-Inte	Built-in (fixed; attached)	作り付け (の)/ 付き (つき)/ 内蔵 (の/ する)/ 組み込み/ ビルトイン (する) (固定 (する); 付属 (する/ の))	Tsukuritsuke (no)/ Tsuki/ Naizō (no/ suru) * (internal (e.g. disk); built-in; equipped (with))/ Kumikomi * (built-in; predefined; embedded (e.g. software))/ Birutoin (suru) (Kotei (suru); Fuzoku (suru/ no))
Noun-Inte	Chair	椅子	Isu
Noun-Inte	Armchair	安楽椅子 (安楽いす)/ アームチェア	Anrakuisu/ Āmucha
Noun-Inte	Back support	バックサポート/ 背もたれサポート	Bakkusapōto/ Semotare sapōto * (backrest support)
Noun-Inte	Closet	クローゼット/ 押入れ/ 戸棚	Kurōzetto/ Oshiire/ Todana
Noun-Inte	Couch	ソファー/ 寝台/ カウチ/ ソファ/ 長椅子 (長いす/ ながいす)/ 寝椅子 (寝いす/ ねいす)	Sofā/ Shindai/ Kauchi/ Sofa/ Nagaisu/ Neisu
Noun-Inte	Cupboard	食器棚/ 戸棚	Shokkitana/ Todana

Noun-Inte	Desk	机/ デスク	Tsukue/ Desuku
Noun-Inte	Desktop (desk-top; tabletop)	卓上/ デスクトップ	Takujō/ Desuku toppu
Noun-Inte	Dining table (dinner table)	食卓/ 御台盤	Shokutaku/ Odaiban (midai-ban)
Noun-Inte	Drawer	引き出し	Hikidashi
Noun-Inte	Tray	トレイ	Torei
Noun-Inte	Drawer button	引き出しボタン	Hikidashi botan
Noun-Inte	Folding table	折りたたみテーブル	Oritatami tēburu
Noun-Inte	Footstool	フットスツール	Futtosutsūru
Noun-Inte	Low dining table (tea table)	ちゃぶ台	Chabudai
Noun-Inte	Small-sized wardrobe (small wardrobe; small closet)	ベビー箆笥/ 小型ワードローブ (小さなワードローブ/ 小さなクローゼット)	Bebī tansu/ Kogata wādorōbu (chīsana wādorōbu/ chīsana kurōzetto)
Noun-Inte	Shower	シャワー (する) * (ie. with shower - シャワー付き/ シャワーあり)	Shawā (suru) * (ie. with shower - Shawā-tsuki/ Shawā ari)
Noun-Inte	Shower drain	シャワー排水口	Shawā haisui kuchi
Noun-Inte	Cold shower	冷たいシャワー/ 水シャワー/ 冷水浴 (する)	Tsumetai shawā/ Mizu shawā/ Reisui-yoku (suru)
Noun-Inte	Seat	座席/ 席 (せき)/ 座 (ざ)/ シート	Zaseki/ Seki/ Za * (seat; place)/ Shīto
Noun-Inte	Basin (water basin)	水盤 (水盤)	Suiban (suiban)
Noun-Inte	Sink (Washbasin)	流し/ 流し台/ シンク (洗面台)	Nagashi/ Nagashidai/ Shinku (Senmen-dai)
Noun-Inte	Sofa	ソファー/ ソファ/ 寝椅子	Sofā/ Sofa/ Neisu
Noun-Inte	Stone table	石のテーブル/ ストーンテーブル	Ishi no tēburu/ Sutōntēburu
Noun-Inte	Table	卓/ テーブル	Taku/ Tēburu
Noun-Inte	Oakwooden table	オーク材のテーブル	Ōku-zai no tēburu
Noun-Inte	Table tennis table (ping-pong table)	卓球台	Takkyū-dai
Noun-Inte	Walk-in closet (built-in wardrobe)	衣装部屋/ ウォークインクローゼット	Ishō heya/ U~ōkuinkurōzetto
Noun-Inte	Wardrobe	ワードローブ/ 押入れ/ 戸棚/ 衣装箆笥/ 洋服ダンス	Wādorōbu/ Oshiire/ Todana/ Ishō tansu/ Yōfuku dansu * (wardrobe (esp. for Western clothes))
Noun-Inte	Wooden table	木製卓/ 木卓	Mokusei taku/ Moku taku (Ki Taku)
Noun-Inte	Air conditioning (airco)	冷房 (する)/ 空調/ エアコン (エアコ)/ 空気調和/ 空気調節/ 空気調整/ エアコンディショニング/ エアコンディショナー/ 冷暖房/ 空気調和機/ 空調機	Reibō (suru)/ Kūchō/ Eakon (eako)/ Kūki chōwa/ Kūki chōsetsu/ Kūki chōsei/ Eakondishoningu/ Eākondishonā/ Reidanbō/ Kūki chōwa-ki/ Kūchō-ki
Noun-Inte	Blender	ブレンダー	Burendā
Noun-Inte	Boiler (hot water heater)	ボイラー (温水器)	Boirā (onsui-ki)
Noun-Inte	Grinder	グラインダー	Guraindā
Noun-Inte	Mixer	ミキサー	Mikisā
Noun-Inte	Cleaning brush	クリーニングブラシ/ 掃除ブラシ/ 清掃ブラシ	Kurīninguburashi/ Sōji burashi/ Seisō burashi

Noun-Inte	Cleaning products (cleaning materials)	清掃用品 (清掃資材)	Seisō yōhin (Seisō shizai)
Noun-Inte	Cooler (cool box)	クーラー (保冷库)	Kūrā (horei-ko)
Noun-Inte	Cooling system	冷房システム/ 冷却装置	Reibō shisutemu/ Reikyaku sōchi * (cooling device; cooling system)
Noun-Inte	Air-cooler (room cooler)	エアクーラー (ルームクーラー)	Eakūrā (rūmukūrā)
Noun-Inte	Dishwasher	食器洗い機/ 食洗機/ 食器洗浄機/ 皿洗い機/ ディッシュウォッシャー	Shokkiarai-ki/ Shokusenki/ Shokki senjō-ki/ Saraarai-ki/ Disshuu~osshā
Noun-Inte	Dish brush (washing-up brush)	ディッシュブラシ (食器用ブラシ)	Disshuburashi (shokki-yō burashi)
Noun-Inte	Sponge	スポンジ	Suponji
Noun-Inte	Dryer (tumble dryer)	乾燥機/ ドライヤー (回転式乾燥機)	Kansō-ki/ Doraiyā * (more used for hair dryer, but can also be used for wash dryer) (kaiten- shiki kansō-ki)
Noun-Inte	Fireplace	暖炉	Danro
Noun-Inte	Freezer (cooler)	冷凍庫/ フリーザー/ 冷却器/ 凍結器	Reitōko/ Furizā/ Reikyaku-ki/ Tōketsu-ki
Noun-Inte	Fridge (refrigerator)	冷蔵庫/ フリーザー/ 冷凍機 (冷凍器)	Reizōko/ Furizā/ Reitō-ki
Noun-Inte	Furnished with (including; attached to; equipped with)	付き/ 備わる/ 家具付き (の)/ 完備 (する)	Tsuki/ Sonawaru/ Kagu-tsuki (no)/ Kanbi (suru)
Noun-Inte	Heater	ヒーター/ ストーブ/ 暖房機/ 暖房装置	Hītā * (heater)/ Sutōbu * ((room) heater; stove/ kitchen stove)/ Danbō-ki * (heater; heating unit)/ Danbō sōchi * (heater; heating apparatus; heating arrangement; heating equipment; heating system; room heater)
Noun-Inte	Heating system	暖房システム/ 暖房装置	Danbō shisutemu/ Danbō sōchi
Noun-Inte	Immersion heater	浸漬ヒーター	Shinshi hītā
Noun-Inte	Radiator	ラジエーター	rajeetaa
Noun-Inte	Room heater (space heater)	ルームヒーター/ 暖房装置/ ストーブ (スペースヒーター)	Rūmuhītā/ Danbō sōchi * (heater; heating apparatus; heating arrangement; heating equipment; heating system; room heater)/ Sutōbu * ((room) heater; stove/ kitchen stove) (supēsuhītā)
Noun-Inte	Iron (an iron)	アイロン (アイロン)	Airon (airon)
Noun-Inte	Ironing board	アイロン台/ アイロンボード	Airondai/ Aironbōdo
Noun-Inte	Microwave	電子レンジ/ マイクロウェーブ	Denjirenji/ Maikurou~ēbu
Noun-Inte	Oven	オーブン	Ōbun
Noun-Inte	Rack	棚/ 架/ ラック/ 台 (だい)	Tana/ Ka/ Rakku/ Dai
Noun-Inte	Weapon rack	武器ラック	buki rakku
Noun-Inte	Pressure cooker	圧力鍋	atsuryoku nabe
Noun-Inte	Rice cooker	炊飯器	Takuhanki
Noun-Inte	Slot machine (gambling machine)	スロットマシン/ 回胴式遊技機 (ギャンブルマシン)	Surottomashin/ Kaidōshikiyūgiki (Gyanburumashin)

Noun-Inte	Stage (the stage)	ステージ/ 高座/ 台 (だい) (舞台)	Sutēji/ Kōza * (platform; stage; upper seat; pulpit)/ Dai * (stand; rest; base; pedestal; platform; table; holder; support; rack) (Butai * (stage (of a theatre, concert hall, etc.); (stage) performance))
Noun-Inte	Stand (rack; bench)	台/ スタンド	Dai/ Sutando
Noun-Inte	Stove (range)	コンロ (レンジ)	Konro (renji)
Noun-Inte	Kitchen stove	キッチンコンロ/ ストーブ	Kitchinkonro/ Sutōbu * ((room) heater; stove/ kitchen stove)
Noun-Inte	Gas stove	ガスのストーブ	Gasusutōbu
Noun-Inte	Vacuum cleaner	掃除機 (掃除器)/ バキュームクリーナー	Zōjiki/ Bakyūmukurinā
Noun-Inte	Vending machine	自動販売機/ 自販機/ 販売機/ ベンディングマシーン	Jidō hanbaiki/ Jihanki/ Hanbaiki/ Bendingumashin
Noun-Inte	Vent	排出 (する)	Haishutsu (suru)
Noun-Inte	Ventilation	換気 (する)/ 風通し/ 換気機械/ 流通 (する)/ 送風 (する)/ 通気 (する)/ 通風 (する)/ 排気 (する)/ 換気扇	Kanki (suru)/ Kazetōshi/ Kanki kikai * (ventilation machine)/ Ryūtsū (suru) * (circulation (of air, water, etc.); ventilation; flow)/ Sōfū (suru)/ Tsūki (suru) * (ventilation; airflow)/ Tsūfū (suru) * (ventilation; draft; airing)/ Haiki (suru) * (exhaust; emission (of gas from an engine)/ expulsion (of air); ventilation)/ Kankisen * (ventilation fan; extractor fan)
Noun-Inte	Washing machine	洗濯機 (せんたつき)/ 洗浄機/ 洗 (せん)/ 洗濯槽/ ウォッシングマシーン (ウォッシング・マシーン)	Sentakki/ Senjō-ki/ Sen * (abbreviation)/ Sentaku-sō * (washing machine tub; laundry tub)/ U~osshingumashin
Noun-Inte	Laundry	ランドリー	Randorī
Noun-Inte	Laundry detergent	洗濯洗剤	Sentaku senzai
Noun-Inte	Fabric softener	繊維柔軟剤	Sen'i nyūnanzai
Noun-Inte	Bleach	漂白 (する)	Hyōhaku (suru)
Noun-Inte	Water cooker (kettle; water boiler)	湯沸かし器/ 湯沸かし (湯沸)/ 水ボイラー	Yuwakashiki/ Yuwakashi/ Mizu boirā
Noun-Inte	Water cooler (water dispenser)	冷水機/ ウォータークーラー	Reisui-ki/ U~ōtākūrā
Noun-Iter	Bedding (bed clothes)	寝具/ 床 (とこ) (寝具類)	Shingu/ Toko * (bed; bedding) (shingu-rui)
Noun-Iter	Bed sheet (bedsheet)	シーツ	shītsu
Noun-Iter	Blanket	毛布/ ブランケット	Mōfu/ Buranketto
Noun-Iter	Cushion	クッション	Kusshon
Noun-Iter	Pillow	枕 (まくら)/ 茵 (しとね)/ ピロー	Makura/ Shitone * (cushion; pillow; mattress)/ Pirō
Noun-Iter	Pillowcase	枕カバー	Makura kabā
Noun-Iter	Pillow fight	枕投げ	Makuranage
Noun-Iter	Sheet	シート	shīto
Noun-Iter	Sheeting	シート	shiito
Noun-Iter	Toiletries	バスアメニティ	Basuameniti
Noun-Iter	Aftershave	アフターシェーブ	Afutāshēbu
Noun-Iter	Blow dryer	ブロードライヤー	Burōdoriayā

Noun-Item	Carpet	カーペット/ 敷き物	Kāpetto/ Shiki-mono
Noun-Item	Comb	櫛 (くし)	Kushi
Noun-Item	Conditioner	コンディショナー/ リンス (する)	Kondishonā/ Rinsu (suru)
Noun-Item	Dish towel (tea towel; dishcloth)	布巾	Fukin
Noun-Item	Duvet	羽毛布団/ 掛け布団	Umōbuton/ Kakebuton
Noun-Item	Duvet cover	羽毛掛け布団カバー/ 掛け布団のカバー/ 布団カバー	Umō kakebuton kabā * (down duvet cover)/ Kakebuton no kabā/ Futon kabā
Noun-Item	Gel	ゲル (ジェル)	Geru (Jeru * gel (hair, soap))
Noun-Item	Hairdryer (hair dryer)	ヘアドライヤー	Headoraiyā
Noun-Item	Hair conditioner	ヘアコンディショナー	Heakondishonā
Noun-Item	Hair gel (hair wax)	ヘアジェル (ヘアワックス)	Heajeru (heawakkusu)
Noun-Item	Handkerchief	鼻拭き/ 手拭き (手ふき; 手拭; てふき)/ 手巾/ ハンカチ/ ハンカチーフ	Hanafuki/ Tefuki/ Shukin/ Hankachi/ Hankachifu
Noun-Item	Lipstick	口紅	Kuchibeni
Noun-Item	Mattress	マットレス/ 布団/ 敷き布団/ 茵 (しとね)/ 敷き物	Mattoresu/ Futon * (futon; Japanese bedding consisting of a mattress and a duvet)/ Shikibuton * (futon (laid on the floor); (Japanese) mattress; underquilt; sleeping mat)/ Shitone * (cushion; pillow; mattress)/ Shiki- mono * (means 'carpet; rug; matting; carpeting', but can also mean 'mat, mattress, quilt etc. spread out on the floor (or ground) and used to sit or sleep on')
Noun-Item	Air mattress	エアマットレス	ea mattorresu
Noun-Item	Quilt	キルト/ 上掛け/ 掛け布団/ 羽根布団/ 羽毛布団	Kiruto/ Uwakake * (quilt; bedspread; bedcover)/ Kakebuton * (duvet; bed cover; coverlet; quilt; comforter; eiderdown)/ Hane futon * (down quilt; feather quilt)/ Umōbuton * (down quilt; feather quilt; feather duvet; eiderdown)
Noun-Item	Razor (razor blade)	カミソリ (剃刀/ かみそり) (剃刀/ カミソリ) (かみそりの刃)	Kamisori (kami sori no ha)
Noun-Item	Electric razor (electric shaver)	電気カミソリ (電気シェーバー)	Denki kamisori (denki shēbā)
Noun-Item	Rubber duck (bathing ducky)	ラバーアヒル (水浴びアヒル)	Rabāahiru (mizuabi ahiru)
Noun-Item	Soap	石鹸/ ソープ/ シャボン/ サボン/ セーブ	Sekken/ Sōpu/ Shabon * (from Portuguese "sabão")/ Sabon * (from French "savon")/ Sēpu * (from Dutch; Flemish "zeep")
Noun-Item	Shampoo	シャンプー (する)/ 洗髪剤	Shanpū (suru)/ Senpatsu-zai
Noun-Item	Shampoo bottle	シャンプーボトル	Shanpūbotoru
Noun-Item	Shower gel	シャワージェル	Shawājeru
Noun-Item	Tapestry	タペストリー/ つづれ織り (つづれ織り/ つづれおり)	Tapesutorī/ Tsudzure ori
Noun-Item	Tissue	ティッシュ/ ティッシュペーパー/ ちり紙	Tisshu * (tissue; facial tissue)/ Tisshupēpā * (tissue paper; tissue; facial tissue)/ Chirigami * (tissue paper; toilet paper)
Noun-Item	Toiletries (toiletory)	トイレタリー (化粧品)	Toiretarī (keshōhin)

Noun-Item	Toiletry bag	トイレタリーバッグ	Toiretaribaggu
Noun-Item	Toothbrush	歯ブラシ	Haburashi
Noun-Item	Toothpaste	歯磨き粉	Hamigakiko
Noun-Item	Toothpick	爪楊枝	Tsumayōji
Noun-Item	Towel	タオル/ 手ぬぐい (手拭い/ 手拭/ てぬぐい)	Taoru/ Tenugui
Noun-Item	Fresh towel (clean towel)	フレッシュタオル (清潔なタオル)	Furesshutaoru (seiketsuna taoru)
Noun-Item	Wax	ワックス/ 蠟 (蝋)	Wakkusu/ Rō
Noun-Item	Winter blanket	冬のブランケット/ 冬の毛布	Fuyu no buranketto/ Fuyu no mōfu
Noun-Trip	Travel	旅行 (する)/ トラベル/ 旅	Ryokō (suru)/ Toraberu/ Tabi
Noun-Trip	Trip	旅/ トリップ (する)/ 旅行 (する)	Tabi/ Torippu (suru)/ Ryokō (suru)
Noun-Trip	Journey	旅 (たび)	Tabi
Noun-Trip	All inclusive	オールインクルーシブ (の/ な)	Ōruinkurūshibu (no/ na)
Noun-Trip	Baggage	荷物/ 手荷物 * (hand baggage)	Nimotsu/ Tenimotsu * (hand baggage)
Noun-Trip	Hand luggage	手荷物	Tenimotsu
Noun-Trip	Bungalow	バンガロー	Bangarō
Noun-Trip	Business Trip	出張 (する)/ ビジネス旅行/ ビジネスの旅行/ ビジネスの旅	Shutchō (suru)/ Bijinesu ryokō/ Bijinesu no ryokō/ Bijinesu no tabi
Noun-Trip	Road trip	ロードトリップ	roodo torippu
Noun-Trip	Family road trip	家族でドライブ旅行	Kazoku de doraibu ryokou
Noun-Trip	Camp (a camp)	キャンプ	Kyanpu
Noun-Trip	Camp (Encampment)	幕営 (する)/ キャンプ (する) (野営地)	Bakuei (suru)/ Kyanpu (suru) (Yaei-chi)
Noun-Trip	Campfire	キャンプファイヤー	Kyanpufaiyā
Noun-Trip	Camping	キャンプ (する)	Kyampu (suru)
Noun-Trip	Campsite	キャンプ場	Kyanpuba
Noun-Trip	Cruise	航行 (する)/ 巡航 (する)/ 航海 (する)/ 船旅/ 回航 (する)/ クルーズ	Kōkō (suru)/ Junkō (suru)/ Kōkai (suru)/ Funatabi/ Kaikō (suru)/ Kurūzu
Noun-Trip	Cooking gear (cooking equipment)	クッキングギア (調理器具)	Kukkingugia (chōri kigu)
Noun-Trip	Expedition (excursion)	探検 (する)/ エクスペディション (遠征 (する)/ 旅行 (する)/ 修学旅行/ 回遊 (する))	Tanken (suru)/ Ekusupedishon (Ensei (suru)/ Ryokō (suru)/ Shūgakuryokō/ Kaiyū (suru))
Noun-Trip	Hiking	ハイキング (する)	Haikingu (suru)
Noun-Trip	Luggage	荷物	Nimotsu
Noun-Trip	Mileage	マイレージ/ 走行距離	Mairēji/ Sōkō kyorī
Noun-Trip	Round-the-world trip	世界一周旅行	Sekai issshū ryokō
Noun-Trip	Secure your luggage	荷物を固定する	Nimotsu o kotei suru
Noun-Trip	Scene (spectacle; sight; spot)	光景/ 場面/ 現場/ 所/ シーン	Kōkei/ Bamen/ Genba/ Tokoro/ Shīn
Noun-Trip	Sightseeing	観光 (する)/ 見物 (する)/ 遊覧 (する)/ サイトシーイング (する)	Kankō (suru)/ Kenbutsu (suru)/ Yūran (suru)/ Saitoshīngu (suru)
Noun-Trip	Souvenir	お土産/ 土産品 (みやげ品)/ 引き出物 (引出物)/ 土産物/ スーブニール	Odosan/ Miyagehin (dosanhin)/ Hikidemono/ Miyagemono/ Sūbunīru * (from French)

Noun-Trip	Spot (Location)	場所/ スポット/ 現地/ 現場 (場所/ スポット)	Basho/ Supotto Genchi * (actual place; actual location; the spot; the scene; the field; (on) site)/ Genba * (actual spot; scene (of a crime, accident, etc.)) (basho/ supotto)
Noun-Trip	Tent	テント	Tento
Noun-Trip	Tour	旅行 (する)/ 観光 (する)	Ryokō (suru)/ Kankō (suru)
Noun-Trip	Tourism	観光 (する)	Kankō (suru)
Noun-Trip	Tourist area	観光地/ 観光エリア/ 観光地区	Kankō-chi/ Kankō eria/ Kankō chiku
Noun-Trip	Travel activity	旅行活動	Ryokō katsudō
Noun-Trip	Travel arrangements	旅行の手配/ 旅行の準備/ 旅行手配/ 旅支度 (する)	Ryokō no tehai/ Ryokō no junbi/ Ryokō tehai/ Tabi shitaku (suru) * (preparations for a journey)
Noun-Trip	UNESCO	ユネスコ/ 国際連合教育科学文化機関	Yunesuko/ Kokusairengōkyōikagakubunkakikan
Noun-Trip	Visit (a visit)	訪問 (する)/ 訪れ/ 来訪 (する)	Hōmon (suru)/ Otozure/ Raihō (suru)
Noun-Trip	Voyage	航海	Kōkai
Noun-Trip	Wonders of the world	世界の不思議	Sekainofushigi
Noun-Trip	World Heritage (site)	世界遺産	Seikaiisan
Noun-Trip	Ticket	チケット/ 切符 (キップ)	Chiketto/ Kippu
Noun-Trip	One way ticket	片道切符 (片道キップ)/ 片道チケット	Katamichi kippu/ Katamichi chiketto
Noun-Trip	Single way ticket	片道切符/ 片道チケット	Katamichi kippu/ Katamichi chiketto
Noun-Trip	Day ticket	当日券	Tōjitsu-ken
Noun-Trip	Return ticket	帰りの切符/ 帰りのチケット	Kaeri no kippu/ Kaeri no chiketto
Noun-Trip	Two tickets	2つのチケット (二つのチケット)/ チケット2枚/ 2枚のチケット	2Tsu no chiketto/ Chiketto 2-mai/ 2-mai no chiketto
Noun-Trip	Voucher (ticket)	伝票	Denpyō
Noun-Trip	First class ticket	ファーストクラスのチケット/ 一等のチケット (1等のチケット)	Fāsutokurasu no chiketto/ Ittō no chiketto (1-tō no chiketto)
Noun-Trip	Airplane ticket	飛行機のチケット/ 飛行機の切符/ 飛行機の券/ 航空券	Hikōki no chiketto/ Hikōki no kippu/ Hikōki no ken/ Kōkūken
Noun-Trip	Airplane seat	飛行機の座席/ 飛行機の席	Hikōki no zaseki/ Hikōki no seki
Noun-Trip	Arrival	到着 (する/ の)	Tōchaku (suru/ no)
Noun-Trip	Arrival time	到着時刻/ 到着時間	Tōchaku jikoku/ Tōchaku jikan
Noun-Trip	Connecting flight (connecting service)	結ぶ便/ 乗り継ぎ便 (乗継便)/ 接続便	Musubu bin/ Noritsugi-bin/ Setsuzoku-bin
Noun-Trip	Customs (customs house)	税関	Zeikan
Noun-Trip	Day trip	日帰り旅行/ 日帰り (する)/ 一日旅行 (1日旅行)	Higaeri ryokō/ Higaeri (suru)/ Ichinichi ryokō (tsuitachi ryokō)
Noun-Trip	Departure	出発 (する/ の)	Shuppatsu (suru/ no)
Noun-Trip	Departure time	出発時間	Shuppatsu jikan

Noun-Trip	Destination (end point)	行き先 (行先)/ 目的地/ 宛先 (あて先)/ 行く先/ 行方/ 旅行先/ 訪問先/ 行き所/ デスティネーション/ ディスティネーション (終点/ 終わり点)	Ikisaki/ Mokutekichi/ Atesaki/ Yukusaki/ Yukue/ Ryokō-saki/ Hōmon-saki/ Ikidokoro/ Desutinēshon/ Disutinēshon (Shūten/ Owari ten)
Noun-Trip	Origin (the origin)	原点 (原点)	Genten (genten)
Noun-Trip	Source	元 (もと/ げん)/ 根源/ 源 (みなもと)/ 出所/ 原因 (する)/ 起源/ 由来/ 根 (ね)/ 起こり/ 根本/ 発生源/ 源泉/ 濫觴/ ソース	Moto (moto/ gen)/ Kongen/ Minamoto (Mina moto)/ Shussho/ Gen'in (suru)/ Kigen/ Yurai/ Ne * (root (of all evil, etc.); source; origin; cause; basis/ one's true nature)/ Okori * (source; origin; cause; beginning; genesis)/ Konpon * (root; source; origin/ foundation; basis; essence)/ Hassei-gen/ Gensen/ Ranshō/ Sōsu
Noun-Trip	Starting point (beginning; outset)	振り出し (振出し/ 振り出/ 振出)/ 出発点/ 起点/ 始め点	Furidashi/ Shuppatsu-ten/ Kiten/ Hajime ten
Noun-Trip	Flight; the flight (from/ to)	フライト; フライト (から/へ)/ 飛行	Furaito; furaito (kara / e)/ Hikō
Noun-Trip	Half-way (half way)	途中 (途中)	Tochū (tochū)
Noun-Trip	Lost (ie. to be lost)	(道に) 迷うました/ 迷った (ie. from the verb '迷う')	(nichi ni) Mayoumashita/ Mayotta (ie. from the verb 'mayou')
Noun-Trip	On the way (to) (underway)	途中 (で) (進行中)	Tochū (de) (Shinkō-chū)
Noun-Trip	Route details	道順詳細/ 経路詳細/ 道の詳細/ ルート詳細	Michijun shōsai/ Keiro shōsai/ Michi no shōsai/ Rūto shōsai
Noun-Trip	Route specification (route plan)	道順の指定/ 経路指定/ 道の指定/ ルート指定 (ルートプラン)	Michijun no shitei/ Keiro shitei/ Michi no shitei/ Rūto shitei (rūtopuran)
Noun-Trip	Seat belt	シートベルト (する)/ 席のベルト/ 席ベルト	Shītoberuto (suru)/ Seki no beruto/ Seki beruto
Noun-Trip	Seat reservation (seat selection)	座席指定	Zaseki shitei
Noun-Trip	Reserved seat ticket	座席指定券	Zaseki shitei-ken
Noun-Trip	Fasten your seatbelt	あなたのシートベルトを締める	Anata no shītoberuto o shimeru
Noun-Trip	Speeding fine	スピード違反で罰金/ スピード違反罰金	Supīdo ihan de bakkin/ Supīdo ihan bakkin
Noun-Trip	Speeding ticket	スピード違反の切符/ 速度違反切符	Supīdo ihan no kippu/ Sokudo ihan kippu
Noun-Trip	Turbulence	乱気流/ タービュランス	Rankiryū/ Tābyuransu
Noun-Trip	Waiting line (queue; waiting row)	待機列 (待機列)	Taiki retsu (taiki retsu)
Noun-Trip	Whereabouts (position)	所在/ 居場所/ 行方/ どの辺/ 行き先/ 在り処 (在処/ 在り所) / 立ち回り先 (立回り先)/ どの辺り (何のあたり)/ 拠点	Shozai/ Ibasho/ Yukue/ Donoatari/ Ikisaki/ Arika/ Tachimawari-saki/ Dono atari/ Kyoten
Noun-Trip	Stay (the stay)	滞在 (する) (滞在 (する))	Taizai (suru) (taizai (suru))

Noun-Trip	Coming to stay over (coming to spend the night)	来泊 (する)	Raihaku (suru)
Noun-Trip	Hotel charges (hotel fee)	宿泊費/ 宿泊料/ 宿代/ 宿料/ 泊り賃/ 宿銭/ 宿賃/ ホテルのチャージ/ 宿泊チャージ	Shukuhaku-hi/ Shukuhaku-ryō/ Yadodai/ Yado-ryō/ Tomarichin/ Yadosen/ Yadochin/ Hoteru no chāji/ Shukuhaku chāji
Noun-Trip	Overnight stay (lodging; accomodation)	泊/ (お) 泊まり/ 一泊	Haku/ (o) Tomari/ Ippaku
Noun-Trip	Stay over	泊りがけ	Tomarigake
Noun-Trip	Staying somewhere (overnight) due to circumstances	泊まり込み	Tomarikomi
Noun-Vel	Vehicle	車 (くるま/ しゃ)/ 車両	Sharyō
Noun-Vel	Ambulance	救急車/ 救急自動車/ アンビュランス	Kyūkyūsha/ Kyūkyū jidōsha/ Anbyuransu
Noun-Vel	Automobile (auto)	自動車 (オート)	Jidōsha (ōto)
Noun-Vel	Bike (bicycle)	自転車 (する)/ バイク	Jitensha (suru)/ Baiku
Noun-Vel	Cargo bike	カーゴバイク	kāgo baiku
Noun-Vel	Children's bicycle	子供用自転車	kodomo-yō jitensha
Noun-Vel	Pram	乳母車	Ubaguruma
Noun-Vel	Bike lane (cycleways)	自転車レーン (自転車道)	jitensha rēn (jitensha-dō)
Noun-Vel	Bicycle sign	自転車標識	jitensha hyōshiki
Noun-Vel	Bicycle trip	自転車旅行	Jitensha ryokō
Noun-Vel	Bus	バス	Basu
Noun-Vel	Night bus	夜行バス/ 深夜バス/ 夜のバス	Yokōbasu/ Shin'yabasu/ Yoru no basu
Noun-Vel	Night line (night service)	ナイト ライン (夜間サービス)	Naito rain (yakan sābisu)
Noun-Vel	Car (automobile)	車/ 自動車/ オートモビル	Kuruma (sha)/ Jidōsha/ Ōtomobiru
Noun-Vel	Car accident (car crash; car incident)	自動車事故/ 車の事故 (自動車事故; 交通事故)	Jidōsha jiko/ Kuruma no jiko (Jidōsha jiko; Kōtsū jiko)
Noun-Vel	Car brake (car brakes)	車のブレーキ (車のブレーキ)	Kuruma no burēki (kuruma no burēki)
Noun-Vel	Car gear (car gear stick; car acceleration)	車のギア (車のギア スティック、車の加速)	Kuruma no gia (kuruma no Gia sutikku,-sha no kasoku)
Noun-Vel	Car ride (car drive)	車でのドライブ (車でのドライブ)	Kuruma de no doraibu (kuruma de no doraibu)
Noun-Vel	Test drive	試乗	Shijou
Noun-Vel	Turn signal (blinker)	ウinker (ウinker)	U~inkā (uinkaa) (u~inkā (uinkaa))
Noun-Vel	Car tire	車のタイヤ	Sha no taiya
Noun-Vel	Acceleration	加速	Kasoku
Noun-Vel	Engine	エンジン	Enjin
Noun-Vel	Headlight (headlights)	ヘッドライト (ヘッドライト)	heddoraito (heddoraito)
Noun-Vel	Motor	モーター	Mōtā
Noun-Vel	A flat tire	フラットタイヤ/ パンクしたタイヤ	Furatto taiya/ Panku shita taiya
Noun-Vel	Clutch	クラッチ/ 握り	Kuratchi * (clutch)/ Nigiri * (grasping; gripping; grasp; grip; clutch)
Noun-Vel	Dashboard	ダッシュボード	Dasshubōdo
Noun-Vel	Exhaust pipe	排気管	Haikikan
Noun-Vel	Steering wheel	ハンドル/ ステアリングホイール/ 操舵輪	Handoru/ Sutearinguhoīru/ Sōdarin

Noun-Vel	Throttle	スロットル	Surottoru
Noun-Vel	Carriage	キャリッジ/ 馬車	Kyariiji * (carriage)/ Basha * (coach (horse-drawn); carriage; wagon; cart/ horse-drawn vehicle)
Noun-Vel	Coach	コーチ	Kōchi
Noun-Vel	Cart (stall; stand)	屋台/ 屋台店/ カート	Yatai/ Yataimise/ Kāto
Noun-Vel	Pull cart	カートを引く	Kāto o hiku
Noun-Vel	Shopping cart	ショッピングカート	Shoppingukāto
Noun-Vel	Wagon cart	荷車/ ワゴンカート	Niguruma/ Wagonkāto
Noun-Vel	Battering ram	破城槌	Waji ~you tsui
Noun-Vel	Jaywalk	ジェイウォーク	Jeiu~ōku
Noun-Vel	Trolley	トロリー	Tororī
Noun-Vel	Shopping trolley	ショッピングカート	Shoppingukāto
Noun-Vel	Wheelbarrow	手押し車	Teoshi-sha
Noun-Vel	Jeep (Terrain car)	ジープ (テレインカー)	Jīpu (Tereinkā)
Noun-Vel	License plate	ナンバープレート/ 自動車登録番号標/ 車両番号標	Nanbāpurēto/ Jidōsha tōroku bangō hyō * license plate for registered vehicles (i.e. compact car or larger)/ Sharyō bangō hyō * license plate for small vehicles (e.g. subcompact car, motorcycle)
Noun-Vel	Metro	メトロ	Metoro
Noun-Vel	Motorbike (motorcycle)	オートバイ/ 単車/ バイク	Ōtobai/ Tansha/ Baiku
Noun-Vel	Motor vehicle	自動車	jidousha
Noun-Vel	Motorhome	キャンピングカー	Kyanpingukā
Noun-Vel	Mobile home	移動住宅	Idō jūtaku
Noun-Vel	Trailer	トレーラー	Torērā
Noun-Vel	Police car	警察車両/ パトカー/ パトロールカー/ PC	Keisatsu sharyō/ Patokā/ Patorōrukā/ PC
Noun-Vel	Taxi	タクシー	Takushī
Noun-Vel	Train	列車/ 汽車/ トレーン	Ressha/ Kisha * ('steam train' is the orig. meaning of the word)/ Torēn
Noun-Vel	Night train	夜行列車/ 夜汽車/ 深夜の列車	Yakō ressha/ Yo gisha/ Shin'ya no ressha
Noun-Vel	Steam train	汽車/ 蒸気機関車/ スチームトレイン	Kisha/ Jōki kikan-sha/ Suchīmutorein
Noun-Vel	Trike	トライク	Toraiku
Noun-Vel	Truck	貨物自動車/ トラック	Kamotsu jidōsha/ Torakku
Noun-Vel	Dump truck	ダンプトラック	Danputorakku torakku
Noun-Vel	Garbage truck	ごみ収集車	Gomi shūshū-sha
Noun-Vel	Lorry	トラック	Torakku
Noun-Vel	Tow truck	レッカー車/ レッカー	Rekkā-sha/ Rekkā (suru) * (tow truck; wrecker * (abbreviation)/ towing (a vehicle))
Noun-Vel	Used car (Secondhand car)	中古車	Chūko-sha
Noun-Vel	Van (Delivery car)	貨車/ バン (配送車)	Kasha/ Ban (Haisō-sha)
Noun-Vel	Wheel	車輪/ ホイール	Sharin/ Hoīru * (wheel (esp. of vehicle))
Noun-Vel	Wheelchair	車椅子	Kurumaisu
Noun-Vel	Airplane (plane)	飛行機/ 飛行機	Hikōki/ Hikōki

Noun-Vel	Air balloon (hot air balloon)	気球 (熱気球)	Kikyū (Nekkikyū)
Noun-Vel	Hot air balloon	熱気球	Nekkikyuu
Noun-Vel	Attack helicopter	攻撃ヘリコプター	Kōgeki herikoputā
Noun-Vel	Helicopter (chopper)	ヘリコプター (チョッパー)	Herikoputā (Choppā)
Noun-Vel	Private Airplane (Private Jet)	自家用機/ プライベート飛行機/ プライベート機 (プライベートジェット/ ビジネスジェット)	Jikayō-ki/ Puraibēto hikōki/ Puraibēto-ki (Puraibētojetto/ Bijinesu jetto)
Noun-Vel	Rocket (missile)	ロケット/ ロケット弾 (ミサイル/ 弾道弾/ 飛び道具)	Roketto/ Roketto-dan (Misairu/ Dandōdan/ Tobidōgu)
Noun-Vel	Sled	そり (橇)/ 犬ぞり	Sori * (sleigh; sled; sledge)/ Inuzori * (dog sled; dog sleigh)
Noun-Vel	Spaceship	宇宙船/ スペースシップ	Uchūsen/ Supēsushippu
Noun-Vel	Trainer aircraft (training plane)	練習機/ 訓練機	Renshū-ki/ Kunren-ki
Noun-Vel	Transport aircraft	輸送機/ 輸送の飛行機/ 輸送飛行機	Yusō-ki/ Yusō no hikōki/ Yusō hikōki
Noun-Vel	Zeppelin	ツェッペリン/ ツェッペリン飛行船	Tsu~epperin/ Tsu~epperin hikōsen
Noun-Vel	Ship	船/ 船舶/ 船艇	Fune/ Senpaku/ Fune-tei
Noun-Vel	Boat	船/ 船艇/ ボート	Fune/ Fune-tei/ Bōto
Noun-Vel	Boat trip	船旅/ 船の旅/ ボートトリップ	Funatabi/ Funenotabi/ Bōtotorippu
Noun-Vel	Rowing boat	手漕ぎボート	Tekogi bōto
Noun-Vel	Oar (oars)	オール	Ōru
Noun-Vel	Back deck (aft deck)	バックデッキ (アフトデッキ)	Bakku dekki (afuto dekki)
Noun-Vel	Cabin	キャビン	Kyabin
Noun-Vel	Deck (fhe deck)	デッキ (デッキ)	Dekki (dekki)
Noun-Vel	Foredeck	フォアデッキ	Foa dekki
Noun-Vel	Hull	船体	Sendan
Noun-Vel	Middle deck	ミドルデッキ	Midoru dekki
Noun-Vel	Porthole	舷窓	Gensō
Noun-Vel	Anchor	アンカー	Ankā
Noun-Vel	Canoe	カヌー	Kanū
Noun-Vel	Raft (a raft)	いかだ (筏) (いかだ (筏))	Ikada (ikada)
Noun-Vel	Cruiser	巡洋艦/ クルーザー	Jun'yōkan/ Kurūzā
Noun-Vel	Fleet (armada)	艦隊/ 船隊/ 船団 (無敵艦隊/ 艦隊)	Kantai/ Sentai/ Sendan (muteki kantai/ kantai)
Noun-Vel	Hatch	ハッチ	Hatchi
Noun-Vel	Lifebuoy	救難浮標/ 救命浮標/ 救命浮環/ 救命ブイ/ 救命浮輪	Kyūnan fuhyō/ Kyūmei fuhyō/ Kyūmeifukan/ Kyūmeibui/ Kyūmeiukiwa
Noun-Vel	Life vest (life jacket; life saving jacket)	救命胴衣 (浮き袋; ライフジャケット; 救命胴衣)	Kyūmeidōi (Ukibukuro; Raifu jaketto; Kyūmeidōi)
Noun-Vel	Outboard	船外機	sengaiki
Noun-Vel	Outboard motor	船外機	sengaiki
Noun-Vel	Paddle	パドル	Padoru
Noun-Vel	Pleasure boat (sightseeing boat; tour boat; excursion boat)	遊覧船	Yūran-sen
Noun-Vel	Sail boat	帆船/ セールボート/ ヨット	Hansen/ Sērubōto/ Yotto * (from 'yacht')

Noun-Vel	Sail (sails)	帆 (ほ) (帆)	Ho (ho)
Noun-Vel	Ship wheel (steering wheel)	船輪 (ハンドル)	Fune wa (handoru)
Noun-Vel	Speed boat	スピードボート	Supīdobōto
Noun-Vel	Steamship	汽船	Kisen
Noun-Vel	Submarine	潜水艦	Sensuikan
Noun-Vel	Sunken ship	沈没船	Chinbotsu-sen
Noun-Vel	Surfboard	サーフボード	Sāfubōdo
Noun-Vel	Vessel	容器	Yōki
Noun-Vel	Wreck (car wreck, shipwreck)	難破/ 難破船/ 残骸 (車の残骸/ 車の難破/ 車の難破船/ 自動車難破船; 難破船/ 船の残骸/ 船の難破船/ 船舶の残骸/ 破船/ 難船 (する))	Nanpa/ Nanbasen/ Zangai (Kuruma no zangai/ Kuruma no nanpa/ Kuruma no nanbasen/ Jidōsha nanbasen; Nanbasen/ Fune no zangai/ Fune no nanbasen/ Senpaku no zangai/ Hasen/ Nansen (suru))
Noun-Vel	Emergency landing (forced landing)	不時着 (する)/ 不時着陸 (する)/ 緊急着陸/ 不時着 (する)/ エマージェンシーランディング	Fujichaku (suru)/ Fujichakuriku (suru)/ Kinkyū chakuriku/ Fujichaku (suru)/ Emājenshīrandingu
Noun-Vel	Fuel	燃料/ 燃油	Nenryō/ Nen'yu
Noun-Vel	Diesel	ディーゼル	Dīzeru
Noun-Vel	Gasoline	ガソリン	Gasorin
Noun-Vel	Petroleum	石油	Sekiyu
Noun-Vel	Engine oil	エンジンオイル	Enjin oiru
Noun-Vel	Coolant	冷却剤	Reikyaku-zai
Noun-Vel	Windshield washer fluid	ウィンドウウォッシャー液	U~indouu~osshā-eki
Noun-Vel	Ride (the drive; ie. go for a ride)	乗り/ ライド (ドライブ)	Nori/ Raido (doraibu)
Noun-Vel	Horse ride	馬の乗り/ 乗馬 (する)	Uma no nori/ Jōba (suru)
Noun-Vel	Trail ride (trail riding)	トレイルライド (トレイルライディング)	Toreiru raido (toreiru raidingu)
Noun-Vel	Race car	レースカー	Rēsukā
Noun-Vel	Intersection	交差点	Kōsaten
Noun-Vel	Roundabout	ラウンドアバウト/ 円形交差点/ 回り遠い	Raundoabauto/ Enkeikōsaten/ Mawaridōi
Noun-Vel	Rushing to get on the train (bus, etc.) before the door closes	駆け込み乗車	Kakekomi jōsha
Noun-Vel	Sports car	スポーツカー	Supōtsukā
Noun-Vel	Tank	タンク	Tanku
Noun-Vel	There is a taxi outside	外 (に/ で) (は) タクシーがあります	Soto (ni/ de) (wa) takushī ga arimasu
Noun-Vel	Traffic	渋滞 (する)	Jūtai (suru)

Noun-Vel	Crash	衝突 (する)/ 墜落 (する)/ 激突 (する)/ 衝撃 (の)/ クラッシュ (する)	Shōtotsu (suru) * (collision; crash; impact; running into/ clash; skirmish; conflict; discord; quarrel; brush)/ Tsuiraku (suru) * (fall; crash (e.g. aircraft))/ Gekitotsu (suru) * (crash; smashing (into); ramming; (violent) collision/ clash (of views, interests, teams, etc.); conflict)/ Shōgeki (no) * (impact; shock; impulse/ (psychological) shock)/ Kurasshu (suru) * (crash (esp. of a vehicle)/ crash (computing))
Noun-Vel	Collision	衝突 (する)/ 激突 (する)/ ぶつかり合い/ ぶつかり (打つかり)	Shōtotsu (suru) * (collision; crash; impact; running into/ clash; skirmish; conflict; discord; quarrel; brush)/ Gekitotsu (suru) * (crash; smashing (into); ramming; (violent) collision/ clash (of views, interests, teams, etc.); conflict)/ Butsukari ai * (collision; clashing)/ Butsukari * (collision; bumping into/ head-to-head training; drill consisting of pushing and being pushed; battering practice * (sumo term))
Noun-Vel	Heavy traffic	交通混雑	Kōtsū konzatsu
Noun-Vel	Traffic jam	交通渋滞	Kōtsū jūtai
Noun-Vel	Traffic lights	信号機	Shingōki
Noun-Vel	Traffic light sign	信号機の標識	Shingōki no hyōshiki
Noun-Vel	Train ride	電車の乗り	Densha no nori
Noun-Vel	Transfer (trains, buses, etc.) (change; connection)	乗り換え (する)	Norikae (suru)
Noun-Vel	Armoured Carrier	装甲運搬船	Sōkō unpansen
Noun-Vel	Unidentified flying object (UFO)	未確認飛行物体/ ユーフォー	Mikakuninhikōbuttai/ Yūfō
Noun-Vel	Backhoe loader	バックホーローダー	Bakkuhōrōdā
Noun-Vel	Bulldozer	ブルドーザー	Burudōzā
Noun-Vel	Crane (Lifting crane)	クレーン (吊り上げクレーン)	Kurēn (tsuriage kurēn)
Noun-Vel	Dredge	浚渫 (する)	Shunsatsu (suru)
Noun-Vel	Excavator	掘削機	Kussaku-ki
Noun-Vel	Forklift	フォークリフト	Fōkurifuto
Noun-Vel	Road roller	ロードローラー	Rōdorōrā
Noun-Vel	Tractor	トラクター	Torakutā
Noun-Vel	Wheel loader	ホイールローダー	Hoīrurōdā

Vocabulary List - Business Terminology

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Noun-Bus	Operating company	運営会社/ 経営会社	Un'ei kaisha/ Keiei kaisha
Noun-Bus	Subsidiary	子会社	Kogaisha * (subsidiary (company))

Noun-Bus	Supplying company (supplier)	納入会社/ 供給会社/ 仕入先会社/ 提供会社/ 調達会社	Nōnyūgaisha/ Kyōkyū kaisha/ Shiiresaki kaisha/ Teikyō kaisha/ Chōtatsu kaisha
Noun-Bus	Affiliation	所属 (する/ の)/ 加入 (する)/ 加盟 (する)	Shozoku (suru/ no) * (belonging to (a group, organization, etc.); affiliation (with)); being attached to; being under the control of; serving (in the military, congress, etc.))/ Kanyū (suru) * (joining (a club, organization, etc.); becoming a member; entry; admission; subscription; affiliation; signing (e.g. a treaty); taking out (insurance))/ Kamei (suru) * (joining (an association, agreement, etc.); participation; affiliation; accession)
Noun-Bus	Multinational	多国籍 (の/ な)	Ta kokuseki (no/ na)
Noun-Bus	Listed Company	上場企業	Jōjō kigyō
Noun-Bus	To exchange business cards	名刺交換 (する)	Meishi kōkan (suru)
Noun-Bus	Business Opportunity	商機/ ビジネスチャンス/ ビジネス機会	Shōki/ Bijinesuchansu/ Bijinesu-ki-kai
Noun-Bus	Day to day business operations	日々の業務運営	Hibi no gyōmu un'ei
Noun-Bus	Going into business for oneself; working independently; person who earns their own living	自前 (の)	Jimae (no)
Noun-Bus	Paying one's own expenses	自前 (の)	Jimae (no)
Noun-Bus	Retailer (retail)	小売業者 (小売り業者)/ 購入先/ 流通企業/ リテーラー (小売 (小売り) (する))	Kouri gyōsha/ Kōnyū-saki/ Ryūtsū kigyō/ Ritērā (Kouri (suru))
Noun-Bus	Wholesale (wholesale trade)	卸 (おろし)/ 卸売 (卸売り)/ ホールセール/ 卸売り業 (卸売業)	Oroshi/ Oroshiuri/ Hōrusēru/ Oroshiuri-gyō
Noun-Bus	Wholesale price	卸売物価	Oroshiuri bukka
Noun-Bus	Wholesaler (wholesale)	卸売業者/ 問屋 (卸売 (卸売り) / 卸 (卸し))	Oroshiuri gyōsha/ Ton'ya (Oroshiuri/ Oroshi)
Noun-Bus	Workspace	ワークスペース/ 作業領域/ 作業スペース	Wākusupēsu/ Sagyō ryōiki/ Sagyō supēsu
Noun-Bus	Branch office (branch store)	支店	Shiten
Noun-Bus	Branch office name (branch name)	支店名/ 支店名前	Shiten-mei/ Shiten namae
Noun-Bus	Head office (main office)	本部/ 本社/ 本店/ 総本店	Honbu/ Honsha/ Honten/ Sō honten
Noun-Bus	Home office	ホームオフィス/ 総本店	Hōmuofisu/ Sō honten
Noun-Bus	Sales office	発売所/ 発売場所	Hatsubaisho/ Hatsubai basho
Noun-Bus	Working hours (business hours, office hours)	勤務時間/ 営業時間/ オフィスアワー/ 面会時間	Kinmu jikan/ Eigyō jikan/ Ofisuawā/ Menkai jikan

Noun-Bus	On duty (at work)	勤務中/ 当番 (の)/ 公務中/ 当直 (する/ の)	Kinmu-chū/ Tōban (no)/ Kōmu-chū/ Tōchoku (suru/ no)
Noun-Bus	Overwork (strain)	過労 (する/ の)	Karō (suru/ no)
Noun-Bus	Death from overwork	過労死 (する)	Karōshi (karō shi) (suru) * (a word for the long working hours in traditional Japanese companies)
Noun-Bus	Neglect of official duty	曠職	Kōshoku
Noun-Bus	Submit your hours	勤務時間を提出 (する)/ 勤務時間を送信 (する)	Kinmu jikan o teishutsu (suru)/ Kinmu jikan o sōshin (suru)
Noun-Bus	Time registration	時刻登録	Jikoku tōroku
Noun-Bus	Timesheet	タイムシート/ 時間割/ 工数表	Taimushīto/ Jikanwari/ Kōsū-hyō
Noun-Bus	Sales area (sales floor)	販売エリア/ 営業区域/ 売場/ 営業エリア	Hanbai eria/ Eigyō kuiki/ Uriba/ Eigyō eria
Noun-Bus	Accounting Department	経理部/ 経理部門	Keiri-bu/ Keiri bumon
Noun-Bus	Bargain floor (basement)	特売場	Tokubaijō
Noun-Bus	Distribution channel	流通経路/ 流通チャネル	Ryūtsū keiro/ Ryūtsū chaneru
Noun-Bus	Human resources (HR; personnel affairs)	人事 (じんじ)/ 人事部門/ 人事部	Jinji/ Jinji bumon/ Jinji bu
Noun-Bus	Product department	製品部門	Seihin bumon
Noun-Bus	Product division (merchandise)	商品部門	Shōhin bumon
Noun-Bus	Recruitment	募集 (する)/ 採用 (する)/ リクルート (する)	Boshū (suru)/ Saiyō (suru)/ Rikurūto (suru)
Noun-Bus	Sales Department	営業部門/ 営業部	Eigyō bumon/ Eigyōbu
Noun-Bus	Sales organization	販売組織	Hanbai soshiki
Noun-Bus	Brewing industry	醸造業/ 醸造産業	Jōzō-gyō/ Jōzō sangyō
Noun-Bus	Shipping point (place of shipping)	出荷ポイント/ 出荷地/ 出荷現地	Shukka pointo/ Shukka-chi/ Shukka genchi
Noun-Bus	Storage Location	保管の場所/ ストレージの場所/ 保管場所	Hokan no basho/ Sutorēji no basho/ Hokan basho
Noun-Bus	Business meeting	ビジネスミーティング	Bijinesumītingu
Noun-Bus	Secret meeting (secret conference)	秘密会/ 秘密会議	Himitsu-kai/ Himitsu kaigi
Noun-Bus	Brainstorming	ブレインストーミング	Bureinsutōmingu
Noun-Bus	Corporation (Ltd.)	株式会社	Kabushikigaisha
Noun-Bus	Guarantor (guarantor company)	保証会社	Hoshōgaisha
Noun-Bus	Materials section	材料課/ 材料部門	Zairyō-ka/ Zairyō bumon
Noun-Bus	Meeting schedule	会議スケジュール	Kaigi sukejūru
Noun-Bus	Overinvestment (excessive investment)	過剰投資/ すぎる投資 (過ぎる投資)/ 投資しすぎる (投資し過ぎる)	Kajō tōshi/ Sugiru tōshi/ Tōshi shi sugiru

Noun-Bus	Present (gift given out by companies to customers as a token of gratitude; marketing incentive)	粗品 * (humble (kenjougo) language)	Soshina* (hanburu (kenjougo) language)
Noun-Bus	Public company (public corporation)	公開会社/ 公社	Kōkaikaisha/ Kōsha
Noun-Bus	Shares (stocks)	株式/ 株	Kabushiki/ Kabu
Noun-Bus	Trade agreement	貿易協定/ 通商協定/ 貿易合意/ 貿易アグリーメント/ トレードアグリーメント	Bōeki kyōtei/ Tsūshō kyōtei/ Bōeki gōi/ Torēdoagurimento
Noun-Bus	International trade	国際貿易	Kokusai bōeki
Noun-Bus	Global trade	国際貿易/ グローバル貿易	Kokusai bōeki/ Gurōbaru bōeki
Noun-Bus	Local trade	現地貿易/ 現地の貿易	Genchi bōeki/ Genchi no bōeki
Noun-Bus	Everybody doing well (e.g. purchaser, buyer and society)	三方よし (三方良し)	Mikata yoshi
Noun-Bus	Global area	グローバルエリア/ グローバル地域	Gurōbarueria/ Gurōbaru chiiki
Noun-Bus	Local area	ローカルエリア/ 現地の地域/ 現地地域	Rōkarueria/ Genchi no chiiki/ Genchi chiiki
Noun-Bus	Centralized management (integrated management; central control)	一元管理 (する)	Ichigen kanri (suru)
Noun-Bus	World economy	世界経済	Sekai keizai
Noun-Bus	Base (location, point)	拠点/ 基地	Kyoten/ Kichi
Noun-Bus	Basis location	拠点場所	Kyoten basho
Noun-Bus	Secret base (hideout; hidden position)	秘密基地/ 秘密拠点	Himitsu kichi/ Himitsu kyoten
Noun-Pro	Order to cash	現金化の注文	Genkinka no chūmon
Noun-Pro	Purchase to pay	購入の支払い	Kōnyū no shiharai
Noun-Pro	From sales order to sales invoice (billing document)	受注から売上請求書 (請求書) まで	Jūchū kara uriage seikyūsho (seikyūsho) made
Noun-Pro	From purchase order to vendor invoice	注文書から仕入先請求書まで	Chūmon sho kara shiire saki seikyūsho made
Noun-Pro	Order product (order item)	注文商品/ 注文品	Chūmon shōhin/ Chūmon-hin
Noun-Pro	Receiving orders (ie. Sales Order)	受注 (する)	Juchū (suru)
Noun-Pro	Placing an order (ie. Purchase Order)	発注 (する)	Hatchū (suru)
Noun-Pro	Controlling	制御 (する)	Seigyo (suru)
Noun-Pro	Data migration	データ移行/ データの移動	Dēta ikō/ Dēta no idō
Noun-Pro	Logistics (shipping)	物流 (出荷 (する)/ 配送 (する))	Butsuryū (Shukka (suru)/ Haisō (suru))

Noun-Pro	Warehouse management	倉庫管理/ 倉庫経営/ 倉庫マネジメント	Sōko kanri/ Sōko keiei/ Sōko manejimento
Noun-Pro	Quality management	品質管理/ 品質経営/ 品質マネジメント	Hinshitsu kanri/ Hinshitsu keiei/ Hinshitsu manejimento
Noun-Pro	Plant maintenance	工場のメンテナンス/ プラントメンテナンス/ プラント保守	Kōjō no mentenansu/ Purantomentenansu/ Puranto hoshu
Noun-Pro	Production process (production processing)	生産工程/ 生産プロセス (生産加工)	Seisan kōtei/ Seisan purosesu (Seisan kakō)
Noun-Pro	Supply chain management	サプライチェーン管理/ サプライチェーンマネジメント/ サプライチェーン経営	Sapuraichēn kanri/ Sapuraichēnmanejimento/ Sapuraichēn keiei
Noun-Pro	Demand Management	需要管理/ デマンドマネジメント	Juyō kanri/ Demandomanejimento
Noun-Pro	Electronic data interchange (electronic data interface; EDI)	電子データ交換 (電子データインターフェース; EDI)	Denshi dēta kōkan (Denshi dēta intāfēsu; EDI)
Noun-Pro	Freight letter	貨物レター	Kamotsu retā
Noun-Pro	Inventory management (goods movements; stock management)	在庫管理 (商品の移動; 在庫管理)	Zaiko kanri (shōhin no idō; zaiko kanri)
Noun-Pro	Logistics efficiency	物流の効率化	Butsuryū no kōritsu-ka
Noun-Pro	Material requirements planning (MRP)	資材計画/ 資材所要量計画 (MRP)	Shizaikeikaku/ Shizai shoyō-ryō keikaku (MRP)
Noun-Pro	Shipping notification	発送通知	Hassō tsūchi
Noun-Pro	Planned	予定した	Yotei shita
Noun-Pro	Procurement	調達(する)/ 購買(する)/ 仕入れる/ 仕入れ(する)/ 得る/ 手に入れる/ 入手(する)/ 買い上げ/ 調進(する)	Chōtatsu (suru)/ Kōbai (suru)/ Shiireru/ Shiire (suru)/ Eru/ Teniireru/ Nyūshu (suru)/ Kaiage/ Chōshin (suru)
Noun-Pro	Production planning	生産計画	Seisan keikaku
Noun-Pro	Purchase management	購入管理/ 購買管理	Kōnyū kanri/ Kōbai kanri
Noun-Pro	Purchase process	購入処理	Kōnyū shori
Noun-Do	Accounting document	会計伝票/ 経理書類/ 会計書類/ 経理書類	Kaikei denpyō/ Keiri shorui/ Kaikei shorui/ Keiri shorui
Noun-Do	Actual order entry date (purchase order)	実際の発注入力日/ 実際の発注入力日付	Jissai no hatchū nyūryoku-bi/ Jissai no hatchū nyūryoku hidzuke
Noun-Do	Business document	業務文書/ ビジネス文書/ ビジネス ドキュメント/ 業務書類	Gyōmu bunsho/ Bijinesu bunsho/ Bijinesu dokyumento/ Gyōmu shorui
Noun-Do	Change order input date	変更発注入力日/ 変更発注入力日付	Henkō hatchū nyūryoku-bi/ Henkō hatchū nyūryoku hidzuke
Noun-Do	Conclusion of a contract (consummation of a contract)	契約締結(する)	Keiyaku teiketsu (suru)
Noun-Do	Confidentiality (nondisclosure)	秘密保持	Himitsu hoji
Noun-Do	Contract ending (ending of a contract)	契約終了/ 契約の終了/ 契約の終わり/ 契約仕上げ	Keiyaku shūryō/ Keiyaku no shūryō/ Keiyaku no owari/ Keiyaku shiage

Noun-Do	Contract extension	契約の延長/ 契約延長	Keiyaku no enchō/ Keiyaku enchō
Noun-Do	Contract renewal	契約更改	Keiyaku kōkai
Noun-Do	Permanent contract	永久契約/ 恒久的な契約/ 常用契約/ 正規雇用契約/ 永続契約/ 無期の契約	Eikyū keiyaku/ Kōkyū-tekina keiyaku/ Jōyō keiyaku/ Seiki koyō keiyaku/ Eizoku keiyaku/ Muki no keiyaku
Noun-Do	Temporary contract	仮契約 (する)/ 一時的な契約/ 一時契約/ 臨時契約/ 派遣契約	Kari keiyaku (suru)/ Ichiji-tekina keiyaku/ Ichiji keiyaku/ Rinji keiyaku/ Haken keiyaku
Noun-Do	Permanent offer	永久オファー/ 永久的な提供/ 永久提供	Eikyū ofā/ Eikyū tekina teikyō/ Eikyū teikyō
Noun-Do	Temporary offer	臨時オファー/ 臨時的な提供/ 臨時提供	Rinji ofā/ Rinji-tekina teikyō/ Rinji teikyō
Noun-Do	Document creation date	ドキュメント作成日/ 書類作成日/ 書類作成日付/ 文書作成日付	Dokumento sakusei-bi/ Shoruisakusei-bi/ Shoruisakusei hidzuke/ Bunsho sakusei hidzuke
Noun-Do	Document date	書類の日付/ ドキュメントの日付/ 文書の日付	Shorui no hidzuke/ Dokumento no hidzuke/ Bunsho no hidzuke
Noun-Do	Document details	書類詳細/ ドキュメントの詳細/ 文書詳細	Shorui shōsai/ Dokumento no shōsai/ Bunsho shōsai
Noun-Do	Document line item	文書項目/ 文書行項目/ 文書ラインアイテム/ 文書明細/ ドキュメント品目	Bunsho kōmoku/ Bunsho gyō kōmoku/ Bunsho rain aitemu/ Bunsho meisai/ Bokyumento hinmoku
Noun-Do	Document number	書類番号/ 文書番号	Shorui bangō/ Bunsho bangō
Noun-Do	Document reference number	文書参照番号	Bunsho sanshō bangō
Noun-Do	Document Type	書類の種類/ ドキュメントタイプ	Shorui no shurui/ Dokumento taipu
Noun-Do	Draft version	ドラフト版	Dorafuto-ban
Noun-Do	Inbound delivery	入荷 (する)/ 納品 (する)	Nyūka (suru)/ Nōhin (suru)
Noun-Do	Line item details	ラインアイテムの詳細/ ラインアイテム詳細/ 明細項目の詳細	Rain aitemu no shōsai/ Rain aitemu shōsai/ Meisai kōmoku no shōsai
Noun-Do	Make to Order Production (MTO)	受注生産/ 注文生産	Juchū seisan/ Chūmon seisan
Noun-Do	Non-disclosure agreement (NDA)	秘密保持契約	Himitsu hoji keiyaku
Noun-Do	Order change date	注文変更日/ 注文変更日付/ オーダー変更日	Chūmon henkō-bi/ Chūmon henkō hidzuke/ Ōdā henkō-bi
Noun-Do	Order details	注文詳細情報/ 注文詳細/ 注文の詳細/ (ご) 注文内容	Chūmon shōsai jōhō/ Chūmon shōsai/ Chūmon no shōsai/ (Go) chūmon naiyō
Noun-Do	Order entry (entering placed orders; ie. vendor purchase orders)	発注入力 (する)/ オーダーエンتری	Hatchū nyūryoku (suru)/ Ōdāentorī
Noun-Do	Order entry (entering received orders, ie. customer sales orders)	受注入力 (する)/ オーダーエンتری	Juchū nyūryoku (suru)/ Ōdāentorī
Noun-Do	Order entry (ie. general orders; general requests)	注文入力 (する)/ オーダーエンتری	Chūmon nyūryoku (suru)/ Ōdāentorī
Noun-Do	Order to buy or sell (buy- sell order)	売買注文	Baibai chūmon
Noun-Do	Outbound delivery	出荷 (する)/ 出荷伝票	Shukka (suru)/ Shukka denpyō

Noun-Do	Production order	生産注文/ 生産オーダー/ 製造オーダー/ 生産指示	Seisan chūmon/ Seisan ōdā/ Seizō ōdā/ Seisan shiji
Noun-Do	Purchase Order	購買注文/ 購入注文/ 注文書/ 発注 (する)	Kōbai chūmon/ Kōnyū chūmon/ Chūmonsho/ Hatchū (suru)
Noun-Do	Purchase order creation date	購買注文作成日付	Kōbai chūmon sakusei hidzuke
Noun-Do	Purchase requisition	購買依頼	Kōbai irai
Noun-Do	Purchase date	購入日/ 購入日付	Kōnyū-bi/ Kōnyū hidzuke
Noun-Do	Purchase plan	購入計画/ 購入プラン	Kōnyū keikaku/ Kōnyū puran
Noun-Do	Purchase price	仕入単価/ 買値/ 購入価格	Shiiretanka/ Kaine/ Kōnyū kakaku
Noun-Do	Minimum purchase price	買受可能価額/ 最低購入価格/ 最小購入価格/ 最小購買価格	Kaiukekanōkagaku/ Saitei kōnyū kakaku/ Saishō kōnyū kakaku/ Saishō kōbai kakaku
Noun-Do	Purchased goods	購入商品/ 購入の商品/ 購入品物/ 購入物品/ 購買商品	Kōnyū shōhin/ Kōnyū no shōhin/ Kōnyū shinamono/ Kōnyū buppin/ Kōbai shōhin
Noun-Do	Purchased item	購入品	Kōnyū-hin
Noun-Do	Receipt (document)	受領書/ 受領文書	Juryō-sho/ Juryō bunsho
Noun-Do	Reduction of order entry work (reduce order entry tasks)	受注入力作業の軽減	Juchū nyūryoku sagyō no keigen
Noun-Do	Reference number	整理番号	Seiri bangō
Noun-Do	Sales contract	販売契約 (する)/ 売買契約 (する)	Hanbai keiyaku (suru)/ Baikaikeiyaku (suru)
Noun-Do	Sales Order	販売注文/ 受注 (する)/ 売上注文 (売り上げ注文)/ 販売オーダー	Hanbai chūmon/ Juchū (suru)/ Uriage chūmon/ Hanbai ōdā
Noun-Do	Sales order item (sales order line item)	販売注文品目 (販売注文明細)	Hanbai chūmon hinmoku (hanbai chūmon meisai)
Noun-Do	Sales order details	販売注文の詳細	Hanbai chūmon no shōsai
Noun-Do	Scheduling agreement	スケジュール合意/ スケジュール合意書	Sukejūru gōi/ Sukejūru gōi-sho
Noun-Do	Shipment document	出荷伝票/ 発送書類	Shukka denpyō/ Hassō shorui
Noun-Do	Shipping document	出荷文書/ 発送文書	Shukka bunsho/ Hassō bunsho
Noun-Do	Slip number	伝票番号	Denpyō bangō
Noun-Pro	Project plan (project planning)	プロジェクト計画	Purojekuto keikaku
Noun-Pro	Project assignment (project task)	プロジェクト割り当て (プロジェクトタスク)	Purojekuto wariate (Purojekutotasuku)
Noun-Pro	Project budget	プロジェクトの予算	Purojekuto no yosan
Noun-Pro	Project cost (project costs)	事業費 (事業費)	Jigyōhi (jigyōhi)
Noun-Pro	Project definition	プロジェクト定義/ 事業定義	Purojekuto teigi/ Jigyō teigi
Noun-Pro	Project design	プロジェクトの設計/ プロジェクトデザイン	Purojekuto no sekkei/ Purojekuto dezain
Noun-Pro	Project details	プロジェクト詳細/ 事業詳細	Purojekuto shōsai/ Jigyō shōsai
Noun-Pro	Project document	プロジェクトドキュメント/ プロジェクト文書/ プロジェクト書類	Purojekutodokumento/ Purojekuto bunsho/ Purojekuto shorui
Noun-Pro	Project step	プロジェクトステップ	Purojekuto suteppu
Noun-Pro	Approved request	承認されたリクエスト/ 承認された要求/ 承認された依頼	Shōnin sa reta rikuesuto/ Shōnin sa reta yōkyū/ Shōnin sa reta irai
Noun-Pro	Available resources	利用可能資源	Riyō kanō shigen

Noun-Pro	Basis for decision (evidence for judging)	判断材料	Handan zairyō
Noun-Pro	Being delivered	配達中	Haitatsu-chū
Noun-Pro	Blueprint document	設計図書	Sekkeizusho
Noun-Pro	Bottom-up approach to management; on-the- spot decision-making; hands-on approach (policy, etc.)	現場主義 (の)	Genba shugi (no)
Noun-Pro	Business process	業務過程/ ビジネスプロセス/ 業務工程	Gyōmu katei/ Bijinesu purosesu/ Gyōmu kōtei
Noun-Pro	Cancelled request	取り消した要求/ 取り止めた要求/ キャンセルされたリクエスト	Torikeshita yōkyū/ Toriyameta yōkyū/ Kyanseru sa reta rikuesuto
Noun-Pro	Change Request	変更要求/ 変更依頼/ 変更申請/ 変更リクエスト	Henkō yōkyū/ Henkō irai/ Henkō shinsei/ Henkō rikuesuto
Noun-Pro	Changed request (modified request; updated request)	変更された要求/ 変更されたリクエスト/ 変えた要求 (変更されたリクエスト; 更新されたリクエスト)	Henkō sa reta yōkyū/ Henkō sa reta rikuesuto/ Kaeta yōkyū (henkō sa reta rikuesuto; kōshin sa reta rikuesuto)
Noun-Pro	Contact list	連絡先一覧/ コンタクトリスト/ 連絡先リスト	Renrakusen ichiran/ Kontakuto risuto/ Renrakusen risuto
Noun-Pro	Current state (present state; current status)	現在状態/ 現在の状態/ 現在状態/ 現在の現状/ 現状/ 現在の状況/ 現在状況/ 現在のステータス	Genzai jōtai/ Genzai no jōtai/ Genzai jōtai/ Genzai no genjō/ Genjō/ Genzai no jōkyō/ Genzai jōkyō/ Genzai no sutētasu
Noun-Pro	Cut-off time (deadline time; closing time)	締め切り時間	Shimekiri jikan
Noun-Pro	Cutover period	移行期/ カットオーバー/ カットオーバー期間	Ikō-ki/ Kattoōbā/ Kattoōbā kikan
Noun-Pro	Decision making	意思決定/ デシジョンメイキング	Ishi kettei/ Deshijonmēkingu
Noun-Pro	Decision making process	意思決定過程	Ishi kettei katei
Noun-Pro	Decision-making body	意思決定機関	Ishi kettei kikan
Noun-Pro	Deleted request	削除された要求/ 削除されたリクエスト/ 削除された要求	Sakujo sa reta yōkyū/ Sakujo sa reta rikuesuto/ Shōjo sareta yōkyū
Noun-Pro	Detailed specification	詳細仕様	Detaljna specifikacija
Noun-Pro	Difficult change	難しい変化/ 困難な変更	Muzukashī henka/ Kon'nan'na henkō
Noun-Pro	Essential item (must- have)	必携 (の)/ 必要項目/ マストアイテム/ アイテム/ 必要不可欠の項目	Hikkei (no)/ Hitsuyō kōmoku/ Masuto aitemu/ Aitemu/ Hitsuyō fukaketsu no kōmoku
Noun-Pro	Evaluation criteria	判断基準	Handan kijun
Noun-Pro	Expiration date	有効期限	Yūkō kigen
Noun-Pro	Expired (expiration of a term; becoming overdue)	期限切れ/ 有効期限切れ	Kigengire/ Yūkō kigengire
Noun-Pro	Functional specification	機能仕様	Kinō shiyō

Noun-Pro	Hundred-percent subcontracting (leaving (all the decision-making) to someone else)	丸投げ (する)	Marunage (suru)
Noun-Pro	Incident ticket	インシデント チケット	Inshidento chiketto
Noun-Pro	Infrastructure	インフラストラクチャー	Infurasutorakuchā
Noun-Pro	Must have item (must have product; must have goods)	必需品/ 必要品	Hikkeihin (Hikkei hin)/ Hitsuyōhin (Hitsuyō hin)
Noun-Pro	Mutual understanding (understanding each other)	合意 (する)/ 相互理解 (する)/ 意思疎通 (意志疎通) (する)/ 意志の疎通 (意志の疏通)	Gōi (suru)/ Sōgo rikai (suru)/ Ishi sotsū (suru)/ Ishi no sotsū
Noun-Pro	Postponed request (delayed request)	延期された要求/ 延期されたリクエスト	Enki sa reta yōkyū/ enki sa reta rikuesuto
Noun-Pro	Process flow	処理の流れ/ プロセスフロー	Shori no nagare/ Purosesufurō
Noun-Pro	Process stage	工程段階	Kōtei dankai
Noun-Pro	Process step	工程段階/ 工程手順/ プロセスステップ	Kōtei dankai/ Kōtei tejun/ Purosesusuteppu
Noun-Pro	Process wise (process-based; process-based)	プロセスごと/ プロセス的/ 過程ごと/ 工程ごと/ 手順ごと (プロセスベース; 基づいてプロセス; 基づくプロセス; プロセス依存)	Purosesu-goto/ Purosesu-teki/ Katei-goto/ Kōtei-goto/ Tejun-goto (Purosesubēsu; Motodzuite purosesu; Motodzuku purosesu; Purosesu izon)
Noun-Pro	Processed request	処理された要求/ 処理されたリクエスト	Shori sa reta yōkyū/ Shori sa reta rikuesuto
Noun-Pro	Rejected request	拒否されたリクエスト/ 拒否された要求/ 拒否された依頼	Kyohi sa reta rikuesuto/ Kyohi sa reta yōkyū/ Kyohi sa reta irai
Noun-Pro	Required item (necessary items)	必須項目/ 必要な項目	Hissu kōmoku/ Hitsuyōna kōmoku
Noun-Pro	Requirements	必要要件/ 要求要件/ 要求の要件/ 要件/ 要求/ 資格/ 条件/ 推奨	Hitsuyō yōken/ Yōkyū yōken/ Yōkyū no yōken/ Yōken/ Yōkyū/ Shikaku/ Jōken/ Suishō
Noun-Pro	Requirements definition	要件定義	Yōken teigi
Noun-Pro	Resource management (resource control)	資源管理/ リソース管理/ 資源制御/ リソース制御	Shigen kanri/ Risōsu kanri/ Shigen seigyō/ Risōsu seigyō
Noun-Pro	Respecting the intentions or wishes of someone	意向尊重	Ikō sonchō
Noun-Pro	Sounding out the intentions or wishes of someone	意向打診	Ikō dashin
Noun-Pro	Specification document	仕様書	Shiyōgaki
Noun-Pro	State of progress	進捗状況	Shinchoku jōkyō
Noun-Pro	Statistical chart (statistics chart)	統計図表/ 統計表/ 統計チャート/ 統計のグラフ/ 図の統計量	Tōkeizuhyō/ Tōkei hyō/ Tōkei chāto/ Tōkei no gurafu/ Zu no tōkei-ryō
Noun-Pro	Statistical data	統計データ/ 統計資料/ 統計情報/ スタティスティックスデータ	Tōkei dēta/ Tōkei shiryō/ Tōkei jōhō/ Sutatisutikkusudēta

Noun-Pro	Statistical research	統計的研究/ 統計調査	Tōkei-teki kenkyū/ Tōkei chōsa
Noun-Pro	Study of statistics	統計学/ 統計の勉強/ 統計の学問	Tōkei-gaku/ Tōkei no benkyō/ Tōkei no gakumon
Noun-Pro	Status report	状態報告/ 状況報告/ 現状報告/ 近況報告/ ステータス報告	Jōtai hōkoku/ Jōkyō hōkoku/ Genjō hōkoku/ Kinkyō hōkoku/ Sutētasu hōkoku
Noun-Pro	Stupidity barrier (stupidity as an obstacle to coming to a mutual understanding)	バカの壁 (馬鹿の壁)	Bakanokabe
Noun-Pro	Submitted request (posted request)	提出された要求/ 提出されたリクエスト (投稿された要求/ 投稿されたリクエスト)	Teishutsu sa reta yōkyū/ Teishutsu sa reta rikuesuto (Tōkō sa reta yōkyū/ Tōkō sa reta rikuesuto)
Noun-Pro	Sufficient condition	十分条件 (充分条件)/ 十分な状態	Jūbun jōken/ Jūbun'na jōtai
Noun-Pro	Suspension of judgement (judgment)	判断中止	Handanchūshi
Noun-Pro	Technical specification	技術仕様/ 仕様	Gijutsu shiyō/ Shiyō * ((technical) specification)
Noun-Pro	Term of validity (period for which something is valid (e.g. ticket))	有効期間/ 有効期限	Yūkōkigen/ Yūkō kigen
Noun-Pro	Time frame	時間枠	Jikan-waku
Noun-Pro	Tight budget (small budget)	予算が厳しい (予算が少ない)	Yosan ga kibishī (yosan ga sukunai)
Noun-Pro	Over budget	予算オーバー	Yosan ōbā
Noun-Pro	Under budget	予算内で	Yosan-nai de
Noun-Pro	Work in progress	進行中の作業	Shinkō-chū no sagyō
Noun-Ter	Success in life (getting ahead; successful career; promotion)	出世 (する)	Shusse (suru)
Noun-Ter	Alternative solution	代替ソリューション	Daitai soryūshon
Noun-Ter	Availability check	利用可能在庫確認	Riyō kanō zaiko kakunin
Noun-Ter	Available to promise	お約束可能	o Yakusoku kanō
Noun-Ter	Basic layout (standard layout; basic design)	基本レイアウト/ 標準レイアウト/ 基本設計/ スタンダードレイアウト/ 標準的なレイアウト/ 標準のレイアウト/ 基本的なレイアウト	Kihon reiauto/ Hyōjun reiauto/ Kihon sekkei/ Sutandādoreiauto/ Hyōjun-tekina reiauto/ Hyōjun no reiauto/ Kihon-tekina reiauto
Noun-Ter	Basic system	基本システム/ ベーシックシステム	Kihon shisutemu/ Bēshikkushisutemu
Noun-Ter	Blank page	余白頁 (余白ページ)	Yohaku pēji
Noun-Ter	Blank space (margin; blank canvas)	空白/ 余白/ 空欄/ 余白空間/ blank/ 空白スペース/ blankスペース/ 白スペース	Kūhaku/ Yohaku/ Kūran/ Yohaku kūkan/ Buranku/ Kūhaku supēsu/ Burankusupēsu/ Shiro supēsu
Noun-Ter	Branch code	支店番号	Shiten bangō
Noun-Ter	Business scope	事業範囲	Jigyō han'i

Noun-Ter	Communication protocol	通信プロトコル/ 通信条件	Tsūshin purotokoru/ Tsūshin jōken
Noun-Ter	Completion	完了 (する)/ 完成 (する)	Kanryō (suru)/ Kansei (suru)
Noun-Ter	Connection parameters	接続パラメータ	Setsuzoku paramēta
Noun-Ter	Consolidated list	連結一覧	Renketsu ichiran
Noun-Ter	Content (matter; details)	内容/ コンテンツ	Naiyō/ Kontentsu
Noun-Ter	Daily employment (day laborer)	日雇い/ 日雇い労働者/ 日傭取	Hiyatoi/ Hiyatoi rōdō-sha/ Hiyōtori
Noun-Ter	Data linkage	データ連携/ データリンケージ	Dēta renkei/ Dētarinkēji
Noun-Ter	Delivery terms	配送条件	Haisō jōken
Noun-Ter	Detailed design	詳細設計	Shōsai sekkei
Noun-Ter	Detailed explanation	詳細説明	Shōsai setsumeï
Noun-Ter	Detailed information	詳細情報/ 詳細な情報/ 詳しい情報/ 精密な情報/ 詳らかな情報/ 明細な情報/ 明細情報	Shōsai jōhō/ Shōsaina jōhō/ Kuwashī jōhō/ Seimitsuna jōhō/ Tsumabirakana jōhō/ Meisaina jōhō/ Meisai jōhō
Noun-Ter	Detailed settings (advanced settings)	詳細設定	Shōsai settei
Noun-Ter	Direct connection	直接の接続/ 直接接続/ 直結接続/ 直結の接続/ ダイレクト接続	Chokusetsu no setsuzoku/ Chokusetsu setsuzoku/ Chokketsu setsuzoku/ Chokketsu no setsuzoku/ Dairekuto setsuzoku
Noun-Ter	Dispatch	派遣 (する)/ 出動 (する)/ 急送 (する)	Haken (suru)/ Shutsudō (suru)/ Kyūsō (suru)
Noun-Ter	Division (classification, partition)	区分 (する/ の)/ 区分け (する)/ 分配 (する)/ 分け	Kubun (suru/ no)/ Kuwake (suru)/ Bunpai (suru)/ Wake
Noun-Ter	Empty file	空のファイル/ 空ファイル	Sora no fairu/ Sora fairu
Noun-Ter	Example file (case file)	例ファイル	Rei fairu
Noun-Ter	Feedback	フィードバック (する)	Fīdobakku (suru)
Noun-Ter	Function (feature)	機能 (する)/ 能/ 関数	Kinō (suru)/ Nō/ Kansū
Noun-Ter	Go live	ライブに行く/ ライブに移行 (する)	Raibu ni iku/ raibu ni ikō (suru)
Noun-Ter	Implementation	実装 (する)/ 実現 (する)/ 実施 (する)	Jissō (suru)/ Jitsugen (suru)/ Jisshi (suru)
Noun-Ter	In the role of (a)	(a) の 役割で	(A) no yakuwari de
Noun-Ter	Incoterms	貿易取引条件	Bōeki torihiki jōken
Noun-Ter	Indirect connection	間接接続/ 間接の接続/ 間接的な繋がり (間接的なつながり)	Kansetsu setsuzoku/ Kansetsu no setsuzoku/ Kansetsu-tekina tsunagari
Noun-Ter	Individual connection (separate connection)	個別接続/ 個々の接続/ セパレート接続/ 別個の接続/ 別の接続	Kobetsu setsuzoku/ Koko no setsuzoku/ Separēto setsuzoku/ Bekko no setsuzoku/ Betsu no setsuzoku
Noun-Ter	Information retrieval	情報検索	Jōhō kensaku
Noun-Ter	Interface	インターフェース/ 引用仕様/ 界面	Intāfēsu/ In'yō shiyō/ Kaimen
Noun-Ter	Interface connection	インターフェイス接続	Intāfeisu setsuzoku
Noun-Ter	Line (circuit; circuit line)	回線	Kaisen
Noun-Ter	Line network (circuit network)	回線網	Kaisen-mō

Noun-Ter	Local support (local assistance)	現地の支援/ 現地の支持/ 現地支援/ ローカルサポート/ 現地サポート/ ローカルの支持/ 近くのサポート/ ローカルアシスタンス/ 地域の援助	Genchi no shien/ Genchi no shiji/ Genchi shien/ Rōkarusapōto/ Genchi sapōto/ Rōkaru no shiji/ Chikaku no sapōto/ Rōkaruashisutansu/ Chiiki no enjo
Noun-Ter	Mandatory selection	必須選択	Hissu sentaku
Noun-Ter	Manual file	マニュアルファイル/ 手動ファイル	Manyuaru fairu/ Shudō fairu
Noun-Ter	Manual processing	手動処理	Shudō shori
Noun-Ter	Means of transport	輸送機関	Yusō kikan
Noun-Ter	Network (communications; computer)	ネットワーク/ ネット/ 通信網/ 網	Nettowāku/ Netto/ Tsūshinmō/ Mō (ami)
Noun-Ter	One's future course (e.g. after graduating high school)	進路	Shinro
Noun-Ter	Optional field	任意フィールド/ オプションのフィールド	Nin'i fīrudo/ Opushon no fīrudo
Noun-Ter	Output (electrical, signal, etc.)	出力 (する)/ アウトプット (する)	Shutsuryoku (suru)/ Autoputto (suru)
Noun-Ter	Partner system	パートナー制度/ 提携制度	Pātonā seido/ Teikei seido
Noun-Ter	Payment terms	支払い条件	Shiharai jōken
Noun-Ter	Production system (Production environment)	本番環境	Honban kankyō
Noun-Ter	Program logic	プログラムロジック/ プログラム論理	Puroguramurojikkū/ Puroguramu ronri
Noun-Ter	Project scale	プロジェクト規模/ プロジェクトの規模	Purojekuto kibo/ Purojekuto no kibo
Noun-Ter	Project scope	プロジェクト範囲	Purojekuto han'i
Noun-Ter	Quality system (quality environment)	品質環境/ 品質システム/ 品質体系/ 品質系統	Hinshitsu kankyō/ Hinshitsu shisutemu/ Hinshitsu taikei/ Hinshitsu keitō
Noun-Ter	Report of registration of changes	変更登録の報告	Henkō tōroku no hōkoku
Noun-Ter	Required field (mandatory field)	必須フィールド/ 必須入力フィールド/ 必要事項	Hissu fīrudo/ Hissu nyūryoku fīrudo/ Hitsuyō jikō
Noun-Ter	Schedule lines	納入日程行	Nōnyū nittei gyō
Noun-Ter	Schedule line confirmation	納入日程行の確認	Nōnyū nichiteki no kakunin
Noun-Ter	Secure storage (computer; computing)	保証格納域	Hoshō kakunōiki
Noun-Ter	Security (safety)	安全 (な/ に)/ 安全性/ セキュリティ	Anzen (na/ ni)/ Anzen-sei/ Sekyuriti
Noun-Ter	Security issues	セキュリティ上の問題/ セキュリティの問題/ セキュリティ問題/ 安全保障問題	Sekyuriti-jō no mondai/ Sekyuriti no mondai/ Sekyuriti mondai/ Anzen hoshō mondai

Noun-Ter	Security protocol	セキュリティプロトコル/ 安全プロトコル/ 安全のプロトコル/ 安全性の問題/ 安全問題/ 安全上の問題/ 安全の問題	Sekyuritipurotokoru/ Anzen purotokoru/ Anzen no purotokoru/ Anzen-sei no mondai/ Anzen mondai/ Anzen-jō no mondai/ Anzen no mondai
Noun-Ter	Specification	仕様	Shiyō
Noun-Ter	Stage (phase)	ステージ (フェーズ)	Sutēji (fēzu)
Noun-Ter	Standardization (standardisation)	標準化 (する)/ 画一 (な)/ 画一主義/ 共通化 (する)/ 劃一化 (する)/ 画一化 (する)/ 規格化 (する)	Hyōjunka (suru)/ Kakuitsu (na)/ Kakuitsushugi/ Kyōtsū-ka (suru)/ Kakuitsu-ka (suru)/ Kakuitsu- ka (suru)/ Kikaku-ka (suru)
Noun-Ter	Status profile	ステータスプロファイル/ 状態のプロファイル/ 状況のプロファイル	Sutētasupurofairu/ Jōtai no purofairu/ Jōkyō no purofairu
Noun-Ter	Summary (overview)	概要/ 摘要 (する)/ 大筋/ 概略/ 概要/ 大要/ 要約/ 要旨	Gaiyō/ Tekiyō (suru)/ Ōsuji/ Gairyaku/ Gaiyō/ Taiyō/ Yōyaku/ Yōshi
Noun-Ter	Supply network (supply chain; distribution network)	供給網	Kyōkyū-mō
Noun-Ter	System connection	システム接続/ 系統接続/ 系の接続/ 系接続	Shisutemu setsuzoku/ Keitō setsuzoku/ Kei no setsuzoku/ Kei setsuzoku
Noun-Ter	System requirements * (i.e. recommended hardware and software to run a package)	推奨環境/ システム要求/ システム要件/ 系統要求	Suishō kankyō/ Shisutemu yōkyū/ Shisutemu yōken/ Keitō yōkyū
Noun-Ter	Table name	テーブル名/ テーブル名前	Tēburu-mei/ Tēburu namae
Noun-Ter	Technical expert	技術専門家/ テクニカルエキスパート	Gijutsu senmonka/ Tekunikaruekisupāto
Noun-Ter	Temporary labor	派遣労働	Haken rōdō
Noun-Ter	Temporary worker	派遣労働者	Haken rōdō-sha
Noun-Ter	Unique code	固有コード	Koyū kōdo
Noun-Ter	Unnecessary fields	不要なフィールド/ 不要な分野	Fuyōna fīrudo/ Fuyōna bun'ya
Noun-Ma	Brewing process	醸造工程	Jōzō kōtei
Noun-Ma	Campaign planning	キャンペーン企画	Kyanpēn kikaku
Noun-Ma	Competition (contest; rivalry; race)	競争 (する)	Kyōsō (suru)
Noun-Ma	Competitive power (competitiveness)	競争力	Kyōsō-ryoku
Noun-Ma	Consumer spending (private spending; personal consumption)	個人消費	Kojin shōhi
Noun-Ma	Direct marketing	ダイレクトマーケティング	Dairekutomāketingu
Noun-Ma	Each target (every object)	各ターゲット/ 各対象/ それぞれ (夫れ夫れ) の対象/ 各目標/ 各の目標	Kaku tāgetto/ Kaku taishō/ Sorezore no taishō/ Kaku mokuhyō/ Kaku no mokuhyō

Noun-Ma	Individual target (personal target)	個人対象/ 個人的な対象/ 個々のターゲット/ 個別目標/ 個別のターゲット/ 個々の目標/ 個々のターゲット・/ 個別のターゲット・/ 個人目標/ 個人のターゲット	Kojin taishō/ Kojin-tekina taishō/ Koko no tāgetto/ Kobetsu mokuhyō/ Kobetsu no tāgetto/ Koko no mokuhyō/ Koko no tāgetto/ Kobetsu no tāgetto/ Kojin mokuhyō/ Kojin no tāgetto
Noun-Ma	International marketing	国際マーケティング	Kokusai māketingu
Noun-Ma	Marketing research	マーケティングリサーチ	Māketingurisāchi
Noun-Ma	Marketing strategy (sales strategy)	マーケティング戦略/ 販売戦略	Māketingu senryaku/ Hanbai senryaku
Noun-Ma	Marketing system (sales method)	販売方法	Hanbai hōhō
Noun-Ma	Mediated marketing	斡旋販売	Assen hanbai
Noun-Ma	Optics	光学/ オプティクス	Kōgaku/ Oputikusu
Noun-Ma	Product demonstration	実演販売 (する)/ 実演商品	Jitsuen hanbai (suru)/ Jitsuen shōhin
Noun-Ma	Product strategy	製品戦略/ 商品戦略	Seihin senryaku/ Shōhin senryaku
Noun-Ma	Promotion (sales, marketing campaign)	キャンペーン/ 販売キャンペーン/ マーケティングキャンペーン	Kyanpēn/ Hanbai kyanpēn/ Māketingukyanpēn
Noun-Ma	Rebate	リベート/ 割引	Ribēto/ Waribiki
Noun-Ma	Sales activity (marketing activity)	セールス活動/ 販売活動/ マーケティング活動	Sērusu katsudō/ Hanbai katsudō/ Māketingu katsudō
Noun-Ma	Sales figures	売上高	Uriagedaka
Noun-Ma	Targeted at companies (for corporate; for business)	法人向け	Hōjin-muke
Noun-Ma	Targeted at individuals (for individuals; personalized)	個人向け	Kojin-muke
Noun-Go	Available stock (onhand)	利用可能な在庫 (利用可能在庫)	Riyō kanōna zaiko (riyō kanō zaiko)
Noun-Go	Reserved stock (put on hold stock)	予約在庫/ 保留在庫	Yoyaku zaiko/ Horyū zaiko
Noun-Go	Blocked stock	保留在庫/ ブロックの在庫/ ブロック在庫/ 遮る在庫	Horyū zaiko/ Burokku no zaiko/ Burokku zaiko/ Saegiru zaiko
Noun-Go	Batch (ie. production)	バッチ	Batchi
Noun-Go	Batch number (lot number)	バッチ番号/ 一括番号/ 一括の番号 (ロット番号)	Batchi bangō/ Ikkatsu bangō/ Ikkatsu no bangō (rotto bangō)
Noun-Go	Central planning (centralized planning)	中央計画	Chūōkeikaku
Noun-Go	Delivered goods	納商品/ 納品物/ 配達された商品	Osame shōhin/ Nōhin-mono/ Haitatsu sa reta shōhin
Noun-Go	Delivery date	配送日/ お届け日/ 納期/ 配達日/ 配信日	Haisō-bi/ o Todoke-bi/ Nōki/ Haitatsu-bi/ Haishin-bi
Noun-Go	Delivery of materials (delivery of goods)	納品 (する)	Nōhin (suru)
Noun-Go	Demand management	需要管理/ デマンドマネジメント	Juyō kanri/ Demandomanejimento
Noun-Go	Direct delivery	直送 (する)	Chokusō (suru)
Noun-Go	Forecasting	予測	Yosoku

Noun-Go	Goods handling (handling of goods, cargo handling)	物品取扱い (荷物の取り扱い, 荷役)	Buppin toriatsukai (nimotsu no toriatsukai, niyaku)
Noun-Go	Goods Issue	出庫 (する)	Shukko (suru)
Noun-Go	Goods movements	在庫移動	Zaiko idō
Noun-Go	Goods receipt	入庫 (する)/ レシート	Nyūko (suru)/ Reshīto
Noun-Go	Hazardous material (dangerous goods)	危険物/ 有害物質 (危険物/ 危険な物質/ 危険物質)	Kiken butsu * (not kiken-mono)/ Yūgai busshitsu * (harmful substance/ toxic substance) (Kiken butsu * (not kiken-mono)/ Kiken'na busshitsu/ Kiken busshitsu * (dangerous substance))
Noun-Go	Lot (production; batch)	ロット	Rotto
Noun-Go	Lot date (batch date)	ロット日付/ ロット日	Rotto hidzuke/ Rotto-bi
Noun-Go	Movement type	移動の種類/ 移動タイプ/ 移動種類	Idō no shurui/ Idō taipu/ Idō shurui
Noun-Go	Serial number	通番/ 連番/ シリアル番号/ シリアルナンバー	Tsūban/ Renban/ Shiriaru bangō/ Shiriarunanbā
Noun-Go	Shipping address (delivery address)	配送先住所/ 船積みの住所/ 発送先/ 宛先/ 配信アドレス	Haisō-saki jūsho/ Funadzumi no jūsho/ Hassō- saki/ Atesaki/ Haishin adoresu
Noun-Go	Shipping date	出荷日/ 出荷日付	Shukka-bi/ Shukka hidzuke
Noun-Go	Shipping location (shipping destination; ship to)	出荷場所/ 出荷事業所/ 出荷先事業所/ 配送先/ 出荷先地域/ 出荷先/ 送り先	Shukka basho/ Shukka jigyōsho/ Shukka-saki jigyōsho/ Haisō-saki/ Shukka-saki chiiki/ Shukka- saki/ Okurisaki
Noun-Go	Stock migration	在庫の移行/ 在庫の移動	Zaiko no ikō/ Zaiko no idō
Noun-Go	Stock transfer (stock transport; goods movements)	在庫の譲渡/ 在庫の転送	Zaiko no jōto/ Zaiko no tensō
Noun-Go	Stock type	在庫の種類/ スtockタイプ/ 在庫種類	Zaiko no shurui/ Sutokku taipu/ Zaiko shurui
Noun-Go	Units of measure	測定単位	Sokutei tan'i
Noun-Dat	Customer number	顧客番号/ 客番号	Kokyaku bangō/ Kyaku bangō
Noun-Dat	Supplier number (vendor number)	仕入先番号	Shiiresaki bangō
Noun-Dat	Assets (property)	資産/ 財産	Shisan/ Zaisan
Noun-Dat	Bargain goods (sale items)	特売品/ 特売商品/ 特売製品	Tokubai-hin/ Tokubai shōhin/ Tokubai seihin
Noun-Dat	Bargain sale (selling cheaply; selling at a low price)	安売り (する)/ 売り出し/ 特売 (する)	Yasuuri (suru)/ Uridashi/ Tokubai (suru)
Noun-Dat	Base unit (basic unit)	基本単位/ ベースユニット	Kihon tan'i/ Bēsuyunitto
Noun-Dat	Bulk material (loose goods)	バルク材料/ バラ物/ バルク材	Baruku zairyō/ Bara-mono/ Baruku-zai
Noun-Dat	Capacity (volume)	容量	Yōryō
Noun-Dat	Capacity planning	キャパシティプランニング	Kyapashitipurangu
Noun-Dat	Collection destination name	帳合先名	Chōai sakina
Noun-Dat	Column footer	列フッター/ 列の最下部	Retsu futtā/ Retsu no sai kabu
Noun-Dat	Column header	列見出し/ 列ヘッダー/ 列のヘッダー/ 列の最上部	Retsu midashi/ Retsu heddā/ Retsu no heddā/ Retsu no sai jōbu

Noun-Dat	Commodity code	商品コード	Shōhin kōdo
Noun-Dat	Component List	コンポーネントリスト/ パーツリスト	Konpōnentorisuto/ Pātsurisuto
Noun-Dat	Currently on sale	現在販売中/ 現在発売中	Genzai hanbai-chū/ Genzai hatsubai-chū
Noun-Dat	Day something goes on sale (date of issue; release date)	発売日/ 発売日付	Hatsubai-bi/ Hatsubai hidzuke
Noun-Dat	Delete flag	削除フラグ	Sakujo furagu
Noun-Dat	Delete indicator	削除インジケータ	Sakujo injikēta
Noun-Dat	Demonstration (demo)	実演 (する) (デモンストレーション/ デモ)	Jitsuen (suru) (demonstutorēshon/ demo)
Noun-Dat	Destination (address)	先/ 届け先/ 宛先	Saki/ Todokesaki/ Atesaki
Noun-Dat	Destination (target)	対象 (の)/ 宛先/ 先	Taishō (no)/ Atesaki/ Saki
Noun-Dat	Destination name	お届け先名	O todokesaki-mei
Noun-Dat	Destination system	宛先システム/ 先システム	Atesaki shisutemu/ Saki shisutemu
Noun-Dat	Excellent product	優秀品/ 優秀商品/ 優秀製品	Yūshū-hin/ Yūshū shōhin/ Yūshū seihin
Noun-Dat	Export rights	輸出権	Yushutsuken
Noun-Dat	Export tax	輸出税	Yushutsu zei
Noun-Dat	Exported goods	輸出品/ エクスポート	Yushutsu-hin/ Ekusupōto
Noun-Dat	First column	最初の列	Saisho no retsu
Noun-Dat	First line	最初の行	Saisho no gyō
Noun-Dat	Fixed goods	固定財	Kotei-zai
Noun-Dat	Foreign trade data	貿易データ	Bōeki dēta
Noun-Dat	Freight (cargo)	貨物	Kamotsu
Noun-Dat	General Ledger (G/L)	総勘定元帳 (G/L)	Sōkanjōmotochō (G / L)
Noun-Dat	General ledger account (G/L account; GL account)	総勘定元帳勘定 (G/L勘定; GL勘定)	Sōkanjōmotochō kanjō (G / L kanjō; GL kanjō)
Noun-Dat	Giving out (too) readily (handing out freely)	安売り (する)	Yasuuri (suru)
Noun-Dat	Gross weight	総重量	Sō jūryō
Noun-Dat	Import rights	輸入権	Yunyū-ken
Noun-Dat	Import tax	輸入税	Yunyū zei
Noun-Dat	Imported goods	輸入品/ 輸入物/ 舶来品/ インポート品	Yunyū-hin/ Yunyūmono/ Hakurai-hin/ Inpōto-hin
Noun-Dat	Inspection lot	検査ロット/ 品質検査ロット	Kensarotto/ Hinshitsu kensarotto
Noun-Dat	Inspection plan	検査計画	Kensa keikaku
Noun-Dat	Instructions	指示 (する)	Shiji (suru)
Noun-Dat	Last column	最後の列	Saigo no retsu
Noun-Dat	Last line	最後の行	Saigo no gyō
Noun-Dat	Lower limit	下限	Kagen
Noun-Dat	Lower price limit	価格下限	Kakaku kagen
Noun-Dat	Machine Tools	工作機械	Kōsaku kikai
Noun-Dat	Material (ingredient; raw materials)	素材	Sozai
Noun-Dat	Material code	材料コード	Zairyō kōdo
Noun-Dat	Material component	材料成分/ 材料の構成要素	Zairyō seibun/ Zairyō no kōsei yōso
Noun-Dat	Material description	材料の説明	Zairyō no setsumei
Noun-Dat	Material group	材料グループ	Zairyō gurūpu

Noun-Dat	Material master data	品目マスターデータ (品目マスターデータ)/ 素材マスターデータ (素材マスターデータ)	Hinmoku masutadēta (hinmoku masutādēta)/ Sozai masutādēta (sozai masutadēta)
Noun-Dat	Material number	材料番号	Zairyō bangō
Noun-Dat	Maximum price (highest price)	上限価格/ 最高価格/ 最高限の価格	Jōgen kakaku/ Saikō kakaku/ Saikōgen no kakaku
Noun-Dat	Middle column	真ん中の列	Man'naka no retsu
Noun-Dat	Minimum price (lowest price)	下限価格/ 最低価格/ 最低限の価格	Kagen kakaku/ Saitei kakaku/ Saiteigen no kakaku
Noun-Dat	Net weight	正味重量/ 純量/ 純重量	Shōmi jūryō/ Jun ryō/ Jun jūryō
Noun-Dat	Number of orders	注文数/ オーダー数/ 注文の数	Chūmon-sū/ Ōdā-sū/ Chūmon no kazu
Noun-Dat	On sale now (now on sale)	発売中 (の)/ 販売中/ 売り中/ 売りの中/ セールスの中	Hatsubai-chū (no)/ Hanbai-chū/ Uri-chū/ Uri no naka/ Sērusu no naka
Noun-Dat	Order amount	(ご) 注文金額/ オーダー金額	(Go) Chūmon kingaku/ Ōdā kingaku
Noun-Dat	Order destination	注文先	Chūmon-saki
Noun-Dat	Order quantity	注文数量/ 発注量/ 受注量	Chūmon sūryō/ Hatchū-ryō/ Juchū-ryō
Noun-Dat	Order volume	注文量/ 受注量/ 注文ボリューム	Chūmon-ryō/ Juchū-ryō/ Chūmon boryūmu
Noun-Dat	Parts list (component list)	部品表/ 成分表	Buhin-hyō/ Seibun-hyō
Noun-Dat	Payment (of taxes, fees, etc.)	納入 (する)	Nōnyū (suru)
Noun-Dat	Preliminary inspection (having a look in advance)	下見 (する)	Shitami (suru)
Noun-Dat	Preliminary investigation (preliminary inquiry)	下調べ (する)	Shitashirabe (suru)
Noun-Dat	Presale (advance sale)	前売り/ 先売り/ 先行販売/ プレセール	Maeuri/ Saki uri/ Senkō hanbai/ Puresēru
Noun-Dat	Presentation	提示 (する)/ プレゼンテーション	Teiji (suru)/ Purezentēshon
Noun-Dat	Price terms (pricing conditions)	価格条件	Kakaku jōken
Noun-Dat	Pricing procedure	価格設定手順	Kakaku settei tejun
Noun-Dat	Product code	製品コード	Seihin kōdo
Noun-Dat	Product group	製品グループ	Seihin gurūpu
Noun-Dat	Product hierarchy	製品階層	Seihin kaisō
Noun-Dat	Product list (list of products)	製品リスト/ 製品一覧/ 商品一覧/ 商品リスト	Seihin risuto/ Seihin ichiran/ Shōhin ichiran/ Shōhin risuto
Noun-Dat	Prohibition of sale	発売禁止/ 販売禁止	Hatsubai kinshi/ Hanbai kinshi
Noun-Dat	Quality (of a product or a service)	品質	Hinshitsu
Noun-Dat	Quality check	品質検査	Kensa keikaku
Noun-Dat	Raw materials	原材料/ 原料/ 素材	Genzairyō/ Genryō/ Sozai
Noun-Dat	Raw materials cost	原料費	Genryō hi
Noun-Dat	Recipe list	レシピ一覧/ 製法一覧	Reshipi ichiran/ Seihō ichiran
Noun-Dat	Remarks (reference note)	備考	Bikō
Noun-Dat	Sales amount (sales volume)	売上高/ 販売量/ 販売数量/ 売買高/ 販売高	Uriagedaka/ Hanbai-ryō/ Hanbai sūryō/ Baibai daka/ Hanbai daka

Noun-Dat	Sales tax rate (VAT rate)	消費税率	Shōhizei-ritsu
Noun-Dat	Semi-finished product	半製品/ 半完成商品/ 半仕上げ品	Han seihin/ Han kansei shōhin/ Han shiage-hin
Noun-Dat	Source (origin; beginning)	源/ 元/ 根源/ 起源/ 根本	Minamoto/ Moto/ Kongen/ Kigen/ Konpon
Noun-Dat	Source system	源システム/ 元システム	Minamoto shisutemu/ Moto shisutemu
Noun-Dat	Tax deduction	所得控除	Shotoku kōjo
Noun-Dat	Tax deduction for a donation to charity	寄付金控除	Kifukinkōjo
Noun-Dat	Tax increase	増税 (する)/ 税率引き上げ	Zōzei (suru)/ Zeiritsu hikiage
Noun-Dat	To release for sale (to offer for sale)	発売 (する) (売り出す (売出す))	Hatsubai (suru) (Uridasu)
Noun-Dat	Total weight	重量合計/ 全重量	Jūryō gōkei/ Zen jūryō
Noun-Dat	Upper limit	上限	Jōgen
Noun-Dat	Upper price limit	価格上限	Kakaku jōgen
Noun-Dat	Value-added tax (VAT)	付加価値税	Fuka kachi zei
Noun-Dat	Western goods	洋物	Yōmono
Noun-Jap	Laying the groundwork (behind-the-scenes maneuvering; consensus-building process)	根回し (する)	Nemawashi (suru)
Noun-Jap	Reaching a decision via a document circulated to all employees	稟議 (稟議) (する)	Ringi (suru)

Vocabulary List - Example Sentences

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Eat&Drink	How can I serve you today?/ How may I serve you today?	今日はどのようにあなたに奉仕できますか?/ 今日はどのように奉仕できますか?	Kyō wa dono yō ni anata ni hōshi dekimasu ka? / Kyō wa dono yō ni hōshi dekimasu ka?
Eat&Drink	I do not eat pork meat	豚肉は食べない	Butaniku wa tabenai
Eat&Drink	Is there a local specialty?	名物がありますか?	Meibutsu ga arimasu ka?
Eat&Drink	Is there anything else?	他に何か (外に何か) (ありますか)?	Hoka ni nanika (arimasu ka)?
Eat&Drink	Let's get some coffee together	一緒にコーヒーを飲みましょう	Issho ni kōhī o nomimashou
Eat&Drink	Let's have dinner together	一緒に夕食を食べましょう	Issho ni yūshoku o tabemashou
Eat&Drink	No more, please	もうやめてください	Mō yamete kudasai
Eat&Drink	There is no more	もうありません (もうない)/ ありません/ 存在しません/ 存在せず	Mō arimasen (mō nai)/ Arimasen/ Sonzai shimasen/ Sonzai sezu

Eat&Drink	To be full (to have had enough)	満腹になる (十分に食べた/もう十分だ)	Manpuku ni naru (jūbun ni tabeta/ mō jūbunda)
Eat&Drink	What can you recommend?	何をお勧めしますか?	Nani o o susume shimasu ka?
Eat&Drink	Bring your own food	自分の食べ物を持参する	Jibun no tabemono o jisan suru
Eat&Drink	Can you recommend a local specialty?	おすすめの郷土料理を教えてください	Osusume no kyōdo ryōri o oshietekudasai
Eat&Drink	Which food do you like most?	どの食べ物が一番好きですか?	Dono tabemono ga ichiban sukidesu ka?
Travel	Around the town	町中	Machinaka
Travel	As the night wore on	夜が更けるにつれて	Yoru ga fukeru ni tsurete
Travel	Come as you are	ありのままで来てください/ざっくばらん (な)	Ari no mama de kite kudasai/ Zakkubaran (na) * (means 'frank; candid; outspoken; unreserved', as in ざっくばらんなパーティー - Zakkubaran'na pātī - 'Come are you are parties')
Travel	First, I go upstairs, then I come downstairs (first I go up, then I come down)	まず、二階に行き、次に階下に来ます/まず、私は二階に行き、それから私は階下に来ます (最初に上がり、次に降ります/最初に私は上がり、次に私は降ります)	Mazu, ni-kai ni iki, tsugini kaika ni kimasu/ mazu, watashi wa ni-kai ni iki, sorekara watashi wa kaika ni kimasu (saisho ni agari, -ji ni orimasu/ saisho ni watashi wa agari, tsugini watashi wa orimasu)
Travel	First turn left, then right and then go straight ahead	まず左折、次に右折して直進	Mazu sasetsu, tsugini usetsu shite chokushin
Travel	Have a nice trip (have a nice journey)	良い旅を (良い旅を)	Yoi tabi o (yoi tabi o)
Travel	He traveled through the forest	彼は森を旅した	Kare wa mori o tabi shita
Travel	How long does it take? (how long is it?)	いつまでかかりますか?	Itsu made kakarimasu ka?
Travel	How many more stops until Paris?	パリ (巴里) まであと何駅ですか?/パリまであと何番目の駅ですか?/パリまであと何停止ですか?/パリまであと多くの停留所ですか?/パリまであといくらの停止の場所ですか?	Pari made ato nan-eki desu ka?/ Pari made ato nan-banme no ekidesu ka?/ Pari made ato nan teishidesu ka?/ Pari made ato ōku no teiryūjodesu ka?/ Pari made ato ikura no teishi no bashodesu ka?
Travel	I always visit this place to sightsee	私はいつもこの場所を観光に訪れます	Watashi wa itsumo kono basho o kankō ni otozuremasu
Travel	I am free today to go somewhere	私は今日どこかへ行くのに自由です	Watashi wa kyō doko ka e iku no ni jiyūdesu
Travel	It is around here	この辺りです	Kono ataridesu
Travel	I go from Amsterdam to Madrid	私はアムステルダムからマドリッドに行きます	Watashi wa Amusuterudamu kara madoriddo ni ikimasu

Travel	I go to the library on Friday with my friend	私は金曜日に友達と図書館に行きます	Watashi wa kin'yōbi ni tomodachi to toshokan ni ikimasu
Travel	I go to the store by bus	バスでお店に行きます	Basu de o-mise (ten) ni ikimasu
Travel	I searched for ... and I found ...	探して・・・見つけた・・・	Sagashite... Mitsuketa...
Travel	I take the device and use it for the route	私はデバイスを取り、ルートに使用します	Watashi wa debaisu o tori, ruto ni shiyō shimasu
Travel	I thought maybe you are going	もしかしたら行くのかなと思ったのですが	Moshika shitara iku no ka na to omotta nodesuga
Travel	I went with her to the zoo	私は彼女と一緒に動物園に行きました	Watashi wa kanojo to issho ni dobutsuen ni ikimashita
Travel	I will leave from Wednesday to Sunday this week	私は今週水曜日から日曜日まで出発します	Watashi wa konshū suiyōbi kara nichiyōbi made shuppatsu shimasu
Travel	I want to visit a museum (I would like to visit a museum)	美術館に行きたい (美術館に行きたい)	Bijutsukan ni ikitai (bijutsukan ni ikitai)
Travel	I would like to see some beautiful landscapes with a great view	見晴らしの良い美しい風景を見てみたい	Miharashi no yoi utsukushī fūkei o mite mitai
Travel	I would like to see that (I would like to see it)	それが見たいです/ それは見たいです (見たいです)	Sore ga mitaidesu/ Sore wa mitaidesu (Mitaidesu)
Travel	It is about time	そろそろ時間だ	Sorosoro jikan da
Travel	Let's get our luggage at the luggage hall	荷物ホールで荷物を受け取る	Nimotsu hōru de nimotsu o uketoru
Travel	On Friday she goes to the library with her car	金曜日には彼女は車で図書館に行きます	Kin'yōbi ni wa kanojo wa kuruma de toshokan ni ikimasu
Travel	Please take me to the train station	私を駅まで連れて行ってください	Watashi o eki made tsureteitte kudasai
Travel	Stop here please (please stop here)	ここで止まってください (ここで止まってください)	Koko de tomatte kudasai (koko de tomatte kudasai)
Travel	Take us to the station please (please take us to the station)	私たちを駅まで連れて行ってください (私たちを駅まで連れて行ってください)/ 私たちを駅まで送ってください)	Watashitachi o eki made tsureteitte kudasai (Watashitachi o eki made tsureteitte kudasai/ Watashitachi o eki made okutte kudasai)
Travel	That is a really good place to stay for the night	それは一晩滞在するのに本当に良い場所です	Sore wa hitoban taizai surunoni hontōni yoi bashodesu
Travel	There is no internet connection outside	外部にインターネット接続がありません	Gaibu ni intānetto setsuzoku ga arimasen
Travel	Today in the afternoon we go by bike to the beach	今日は午後から自転車で海へ	Kyō wa gogo kara jitensha de umi e
Travel	We are flying to the United States on Friday afternoon	私たちは金曜日の午後に米国に飛びます	Watashitachi wa kin'yōbi no gogo ni Beikoku ni tobimasu
Travel	We are going through the hills	私たちは丘を通り抜けています	Watashitachiha oka o tōrinukete imasu

Travel	We are traveling over the mountains	私たちは山を越えて旅をしています	Watashitachiha yama o koete tabi o shite imasu
Travel	We will go together in the future to Thailand	これから一緒にタイに行きます	Korekara issho ni Tai ni ikimasu
Travel	What is the price for a return ticket? (How much is a return ticket?)	帰りの切符の値段は? (帰りの切符はいくらですか?)	Kaeri no kippu no nedan wa? (Kaeri no kippu wa ikuradesu ka?)
Travel	When does the plane arrive? (At what time does the plane arrive?)	飛行機はいつ到着しますか? (飛行機は何時に到着しますか?)	Hikōki wa itsu tōchaku shimasu ka? (Hikōki wa nanji ni tōchaku shimasu ka?)
Travel	When does the plane depart? (At what time does the plane depart?)	飛行機はいつ出発しますか (飛行機は何時に出発しますか?)	Hikōki wa itsu shuppatsu shimasu ka. (Hikōki wa nanji ni shuppatsu shimasu ka?)
Travel	When I was young I traveled a lot	若い頃はよく旅行に行った	Wakai koro wa yoku ryokō ni itta
Travel	Where can I buy tickets for the bus?	バスのチケットはどこで買えますか?	Basu no chiketto wa doko de kaemasu ka?
Travel	Where can we buy a ticket?	チケットはどこで買えますか?	Chiketto wa doko de kaemasu ka?
Travel	Where do you think you are going?	どこに行くつもりですか?	Doko ni iku tsumori desu ka?
Travel	Which places have you been to? (which places have you visited?)	どこへ行ったことがありますか? (どこへ行ったことがありますか?)	doko e itta koto ga arimasu ka? (doko e itta koto ga arimasu ka?)
Travel	By chance i was in the neighbourhood	たまたま近所にいました	Tamatama kinjo ni imashita
Travel	Can you walk safely in this area?	このエリアを安全に歩けますか?	Kono eria o anzen ni arukemasu ka?
Travel	Do I have to reserve a ticket online? (Do I have to book a ticket online?)	オンラインでチケットを予約する 必要がありますか? (オンラインでチケットを予約する 必要がありますか?)	Onrain de chiketto o yoyaku suru hitsuyō ga arimasu ka? (Onrain de chiketto o yoyaku suru hitsuyō ga arimasu ka?)
Travel	Does this train go to Rome?	この列車はローマに行きますか?	Kono ressha wa rōma ni ikimasu ka?
Travel	First go to the hotel, then go to the restaurant	まずホテルに行き、それからレストランに行きます	Mazu hoteru ni iki, sorekara resutoran ni ikimasu
Travel	It is near the beach	ビーチの近くです	Bīchi no chikakudesu
Travel	I love coming to Portugal	私はポルトガルに来るのが大好きです	Watashi wa Porutogaru ni kuru no ga daisukidesu
Travel	I lost my wallet	財布を失くしました	Saifu o shitsu ku shimashita
Travel	Send the goods to the Netherlands	商品をオランダに送る	Shōhin o Oranda ni okuru
Travel	Since I left I am happy	私が去ったので私は幸せです	Watashi ga sattanode watashi wa shiawasedesu
Travel	The last time I came to the Netherlands was when I was young	最後にオランダに来たのは若い頃	Saigo ni Oranda ni kita no wa wakai koro

Travel	The people are friendly in this place (the people are friendly here)	この場所の人々は友好的です (この人々は友好的です)	Kono basho no hitobito wa yūkō-tekidesu (koko no hitobito wa yūkō-tekidesu)
Travel	You were not here (you weren't here)	あなたはここにいませんでした (あなたはここにはいませんでした)	Anata wa koko ni imasendeshita (anata wa koko ni haimasendeshita)
Thanks	I am glad he did	彼がやってくれてよかった	Kare ga yatte kurete yokatta
Thanks	I can't wait	待ちきれない	Machikirenai
Thanks	I can't wait to see it	早く見たい	Hayaku mitai
Thanks	(as always) Thank you for your help (used when requesting a favour)	(いつも) お世話になります	(Itsumo) Osewaninarimasu
Thanks	Thank you for contacting (me/ us)	ご連絡ありがとうございます	Go renraku arigatōgozaimasu
Thanks	Thank you for every time (thank you very much)	毎度ありがとうございます	Maido arigatōgozaimasu
Thanks	Thank you for explaining (thank you for the explanation)	説明してくれてありがとうございます	Setsumei shite kurete arigatōgozaimasu
Thanks	Thank you for joining (thank you for participating)	ご参加をいただきありがとうございます/ (ご)参加してくれてありがとうございます/ 参加していただきありがとうございます	Go sankā o itadaki arigatōgozaimasu/ (Go) sankā shite kurete arigatōgozaimasu/ Sankā shite itadaki arigatōgozaimasu
Thanks	Thank you for teaching me	教えてくれてありがとうございます	Oshiete kurete arigatōgozaimasu
Thanks	Thank you for the information	情報をありがとうございます/ 情報ありがとうございます/ 情報ありがとうございました	Jōhō o arigatōgozaimasu/ Jōhō arigatōgozaimasu/ Jōhō arigatōgozaimashita
Thanks	Thank you for your confirmation	ご確認の程よろしくお願い致します	Go kakunin no hodo yoroshiku onegaiitashimasu
Thanks	Thank you for your cooperation	ご協力ありがとうございました	Go kyōryoku arigatōgozaimashita
Thanks	Thank you for your help (thanks for helping me)	手伝ってくれてありがとうございました	Tetsudatte kurete arigatōgozaimashita
Thanks	Thank you for your time	お時間をいただきありがとうございます/ お時間をいただきありがとうございました	O jikan o itadaki arigatōgozaimasu/ O jikan o itadaki arigatōgozaimashita
Writing	Above (above mentioned)	以上/ 上記 (の)	Ijō/ Jōki (no)
Writing	Below (the following)	以下/ 下記 (の)	Ika/ Kaki (no)

Writing	Even if it is translated correctly, the terminology seems still difficult	正しく翻訳しても、用語はまだとして難しいそうです	Tadashiku hon'yaku shite mo, yōgo wa mada to shite muzukashī-sōdesu
Writing	I found the inspiration I need	必要なインスピレーションを見つけました	Hitsuyōna insupirēshon o mitsukemashita
Writing	I love books	私は本が大好きです	Watashi wa hon ga daisukidesu
Writing	I love reading books in the evening after work	私は仕事の後の夜に本を読むのが好きです	Watashi wa shigoto no nochi no yoru ni hon o yomu no ga sukidesu
Writing	It is a book about ...	・・・についての本です。	... ni tsuite no hon desu
Writing	Not precise enough	正確さが足りない	Seikaku-sa ga tarinai
Writing	Please find here below	ここを下に見つけてください	Koko o shita ni mitsukete kudasai
Writing	Please see above	上記をご覧ください	Jōki o goran kudasai
Writing	Please see below (please see the following)	以下を参照してください/ 下記を参照してください	Ika o sanshō shite kudasai/ Kaki o sanshō shite kudasai
Writing	There came a time	時が来た	Toki ga kita
Writing	This book is about a knight	この本は騎士についてです	Kono hon wa kishi nitsuitedesu
Writing	This is a letter for me	これは私への手紙です	Kore wa watashi e no tegamidesu
Writing	What is your favourite kind of book?	あなたの好きな種類の本は何ですか?	Anata no sukina shurui no hon wa nanidesu ka?
Writing	Where can I sign the document?	どこで文書に署名できますか?	Doko de bunsho ni shomei dekimasu ka?
Writing	Where can I write my name?	自分の名前はどこに書けばよいですか?	Jibun no namae wa doko ni kakeba yoidesu ka?
Store	Are you open?	開いていますか?	Aiteimasu ka?
Store	How far away is the store?	お店はどのくらい離れていますか?	O-ten wa dono kurai hanarete imasu ka?
Store	How much does it cost?/ How much is it? (what does it cost?; what is the price?)	いくらかかりますか?/(お金は)いくらですか?(価格は何ですか?)	Ikura kakarimasu ka?/(okane wa) Ikuradesu ka? (kakaku wa nanidesu ka?)
Store	I am just looking	私は見ているだけ	Watashi wa mite iru dake
Store	Is the store closed?	閉店ですか?	Heitendesu ka?
Store	It is around 20 euro (it costs around 20 euro)	約20ユーロです (約20ユーロかかります)	Yaku 20 yūrodesu (yaku 20 yūro kakarimasu)
Store	I would like to buy this camera	このカメラを買いたいです	Kono kamera o kaitaidesu
Store	That is a beautiful piece of art	それは美しい芸術作品です	Sore wa utsukushī geijutsu sakuhindesu
Store	Today the store is closed	本日はお店はお休みです	Honjitsu wa o-ten wa o yasumidesu
Store	Where can you buy ...?	どこで買えますか...?	Doko de kaemasu ka... ?
Store	Can you give a lower price? (can you reduce the price)?	お値下げは可能でしょうか? (値下げはできますか?)	O nesage wa kanōdeshou ka? (Nesage wa dekimasu ka?)
Store	I buy some land	土地を買います	Tochi o kaimasu

Weather	It is cold during the evening	夕方は寒いです	Yūgata wa samuidesu
Weather	It is warm around here	このあたりは暖かいです	Kono atari wa attakaidesu
Weather	It is cool inside the house	家の中が涼しい	Uchinonaka ga suzushī
Weather	It is hot outside	外は暑いです	Soto wa atsuidesu
Weather	The rain falls hard today (it is raining hard today)	今日は雨が激しく降る/ 今日は雨が強く降る (今日は雨が降っている)	Kyō wa ame ga hageshiku furu/ Kyō wa ame ga tsuyoku furu (kyō wa ame ga futte iru)
Weather	After the rain the ground is slippery	雨上がりの地面は滑りやすい	Ameagari no jimen wa suberi yasui
Weather	The sun rises in the east and sets in the west (the sun rises in the east and goes down in the west)	太陽は東から昇り、西に沈む (太陽は東から昇り; 西に沈む)	Taiyō wa azuma kara nobori, nishi ni shizumu (taiyō wa azuma kara nobori; nishi ni shizumu)
Conv2	Can I do it? (May I do it?)	私はそれを行うことができますか? (やってもいいですか?)	Watashi wa sore o okonau koto ga dekimasu ka? (Yatte mo īdesu ka?)
Conv2	Can I try it? (May I try it?)	やってみてもいいですか? (やってみようかな?)	Yatte mite mo īdesu ka? (Yatte miyou ka na?)
Conv2	Can you show me? (can you show it to be?)	見せてもらえますか? (そうであることを示せますか?)	Misete moraemasu ka? (Sōdearu koto o shimesemasu ka?)
Conv2	Come on (come on then)	さあ(それではさあ)	Sā (soredewa sā)
Conv2	Did you ask someone?	誰かに聞きましたか?/ 誰かに聞いたんですか?/ 誰かに聞いたか?	Dareka ni kikimashita ka? * (polite)/ Dareka ni kiita ndesu ka? * (regular; casual; less formal)/ Dareka ni kiita ka? * (very informal)
Conv2	Have you asked him/her?	彼/ 彼女に尋ねましたか?	Kare/ kanojo ni tazunemashita ka?
Conv2	How are you feeling? (how do you feel?)	気分はどう? (気分はどうですか?)	Kibun wa dō? (kibun wa dō desu ka?)
Conv2	Do you have a minute? (do you have a moment?)	ちょっと時間ある?/ 少しいいですか?/ ちょっとお時間よろしいですか? (ちょっと時間ありますか?)	Chotto jikan aru? * (informal)/ Sukoshi īdesu ka?/ Chotto o jikan yoroshīdesu ka? * (polite) (Chotto jikan arimasu ka?)
Conv2	I can't help myself (I cannot help myself)	自分を助けることができない (自分を助けることができない)	Jibun o tasukeru koto ga dekinai (jibun o tasukeru koto ga dekinai)
Conv2	May I?	もいいですか?/ いいですか?	Mo īdesu ka?/ Īdesu ka?
Conv2	Why not?	なぜだめですか?/ なぜそうではないのでしょうか?/ なぜだめなのでしょう?/ 何故なの?	Naze damedesu ka?/ Naze sōde wa nai nodeshou ka?/ Naze damena nodeshou ka?/ Nazena no?
Conv2	According to my opinion	私の意見では	Watashi no iken dewa
Conv2	Are you kidding?	冗談でしょ?	Jōdandesho?
Conv2	Are you sure?	本当にそう?	Hontōni sō?
Conv2	I am sure (I am certain)	私は確信しています (私は確信しています)	Watashi wa kakushin shite imasu (watashi wa kakushin shite imasu)
Conv2	Allow me	許可して	Kyoka shite

Conv2	Always stay positive (always be positive, always remain positive)	常にポジティブでいてください (常にポジティブであり続けてくだ さい; 常にポジティブであり続けてくだ さい)	Tsuneni pojibude ite kudasai (tsuneni pojibudeari tsudzukete kudasai; tsuneni pojibudeari tsudzukete kudasai)
Conv2	As it used to be	かつてのように	Katsute no yō ni
Conv2	Let me do it (Let me try it)	させている/ しさせて/ やらせて (やらせて)	Sasete iru/ Shisasete/ Yara sete (yara sete)
Conv2	Let's see (Let us see)	見てみましょう (見てみましょう)	Mite mimashou (mite mimashou)
Conv2	I am all set (i am ready)	準備は万端 (準備はできている)	Junbi wa bantan (Junbi wa dekiteiru)
Conv2	I am certain	確信している	Kakushin shiteiru
Conv2	I am concerned	心配しています	Shinpai shiteimasu
Conv2	I am crazy about it	夢中です	Muchuu desu
Conv2	I am glad that...	私は...(verb stem (te) or whole verb+ こと)を嬉しいです/ 私は...(verb stem (te) or whole verb+ こと)を嬉しく思います	Watashi wa... (verb stem (te) or whole verb+ koto) o ureshidesu/ watashi wa... (verb stem (te) or whole verb+ koto) o ureshiku omoimasu
Conv2	I am heading out (i am leaving)	出かけます (出発します)	Dekakemasu (Shuppatsu shimasu)
Conv2	I am not certain	よくわかりません	Yoku wakarimasen
Conv2	I am not sure	よくわかりません	Yoku wakarimasen
Conv2	I am sure	確信している	Kakushin shiteiru
Conv2	I am worried	心配しています	Shinpai shiteimasu
Conv2	I can't stand it	我慢できない	Gaman dekinai
Conv2	I did not do it	私はそれをしなかった	Watashi wa sore o shinakatta
Conv2	I did not see you	あなたに会わなかった	Anata ni awanakatta
Conv2	I enjoy the party	パーティーが楽しい	Pātī ga tanoshii
Conv2	I enjoyed the talk	おしゃべりが楽しかった	Oshaberi ga tanoshikatta
Conv2	I get it	わかった	Wakatta
Conv2	I have no idea	まったくわからない	Mattaku wakaranai
Conv2	I love it	大好きです	Daisuki desu
Conv2	I made a mistake	ミスをした	Misu o shita
Conv2	I messed up	しくじった	Shikujitta
Conv2	I see him (i see her)	彼に会った (彼女に会った)	Kare ni atta (kanojo ni atta)
Conv2	It's all good (it's fine)	大丈夫 (大丈夫)	Daijoubu (Daijoubu)
Conv2	It looks good	よさそうだ	Yo-sa-sōda
Conv2	Looking good!	見栄えがいい!	Mibae ga ii!
Conv2	But how?	しかし、どうやって?/ でも、 どうやって?	Shikashi, dō yatte?/ Demo, dō yatte?
Conv2	Can't complain	文句は言えない	Monku wa ienai
Conv2	Don't be silly	ふざけるなよ (巫山戯るなよ)	Fuzakeru na yo
Conv2	Don't be so hard on him (don't be too hard on him)	彼にあまり厳しくしないでくだ さい (彼にあまりにも厳しくしないでく ださい)	Kare ni amari kibishiku shinaide kudasai (kare ni amarini mo kibishiku shinaide kudasai)
Conv2	Don't you think so?	そう思いませんか?	sō omoimasen ka?
Conv2	Do not be so serious	そんなに深刻にならないで	Son'nani shinkoku ni naranaide
Conv2	Do not give up	あきらめないでください	Akiramenaide kudasai

Conv2	Do not settle for less	それ以下で妥協しないでください	Sore ika de dakyō shinaide kudasai
Conv2	Do you have any hobbies?	趣味がありますか？	Shumi ga arimasu ka?
Conv2	Do you have any idea about it?	何かご存知ですか？	Nanika gozonjidesu ka?
Conv2	Everyone is happy	みんなが幸せだ	Min'na ga shiawaseda
Conv2	Everyone seems pleased	みんな満足してるようです	Min'na manzoku shi teru yōdesu
Conv2	For the first time in my life	人生で初めて	Jinsei de hajimete
Conv2	For your own good	自分の利益のために	Jibun no riei no tame ni
Conv2	He answered the question	彼は質問に答えました	Kare wa shitsumon ni kotaemashita
Conv2	How dare you (how dare you to say that)	よくもそんなこと言うね/ よくもそんなことを (よくもそんなこと言うね)	Yokumo son'na ko to iu ne * (informal)/ Yokumo son'na koto o (yokumo son'na ko to iu ne)
Conv2	How is life today?	今日の生活はどうですか？	Kyō no seikatsu wa dōdesu ka?
Conv2	I am flattered	光栄です	Kōeidesu
Conv2	I am happy with the decision	私は決定に満足しています	Watashi wa kettei ni manzoku shite imasu
Conv2	I am not in the least concerned about that	私はそのことについてはまったく心配していません	Watashi wa sono koto ni tsuite wa mattaku shinpai shite imasen
Conv2	I am not in the mood for that (I don't feel in the mood for that)	私はそのような気分ではありません (そのような気分ではありません)	Watashi wa sono yōna kibun dewa arimasen (sono yōna kibun dewa arimasen)
Conv2	I am not sure (I'm not sure)	よく分かりません (よく分かりません)	Yoku wakarimasen (yoku wakarimasen)
Conv2	I am not sure about it (I'm not sure about it)	よく分かりません (よく分かりません)	Yoku wakarimasen (yoku wakarimasen)
Conv2	I am not too sure	よく分かりません	Yoku wakarimasen
Conv2	I am not too happy about that	それについてはあまり嬉しくありません	Sore ni tsuite wa amari ureshiku arimasen
Conv2	I can't believe i just did that	たった今そんなことをしたなんて信じられない	Tattaima son'na koto o shita nante shinji rarenai
Conv2	I can't stand him	私は彼に我慢できない	Watashi wa kare ni gaman dekinai
Conv2	i'd rather not	私はむしろないと思います/やめたほうがいい	Watashi wa mushiro nai to omoimasu/ Yameta hō ga ī
Conv2	I don't mean that (you don't mean that)	私はそんなつもりはありません (あなたはそんなつもりではありません)	Watashi wa son'na tsumori wa arimasen (anata wa son'na tsumoride wa arimasen)
Conv2	I feel alright today	今日は大丈夫だと思います	Kyō wa daijōbuda to omoimasu
Conv2	I feel embarrassed	恥ずかしい(です)	Hazukashī (desu)
Conv2	I found it	見つけた	Mitsuketa
Conv2	I have my doubts	疑問があります	Gimon ga arimasu
Conv2	I have never thought that	私はそれを考えたことがない	Watashi wa sore o kangaeta koto ga nai
Conv2	I have no idea what you are talking about	何を言っているのか分からない	Nani o itteiru no ka wakaranai
Conv2	I hope you are right	あなたが正しいといいけど	Anata ga tadashī to ī kedo

Conv2	I hope you don't mind (I hope you do not mind; I hope you do not find it a problem)	気にしないでほしい (気にしないでほしい; 問題ないといいのですが)	Ki ni shinaide hoshī (kinishinai de hoshī; mondainaito ī nodesuga)
Conv2	I like to hear that	それを聞くのが好きです	Sore o kiku no ga sukidesu
Conv2	I lost the match	試合に負けました	Shiai ni makemashita
Conv2	I mean it (I am serious)	本気です (本気だ)/ 私は真剣です/ 本気で言ってます(本気です)	Honki desu (honki da)/ Watashi wa shinkendesu/ honki de ittemasu (honkidesu)
Conv2	I never had (it)	私は(それを) 持ったことはありません	Watashi wa (sore o) motta koto wa arimasen
Conv2	I never thought of that	私はそれについて考えたことはありません	Watashi wa sore ni tsuite kangaeta koto wa arimasen
Conv2	I know what you mean	あなたが言っていることがわかります	Anata ga itte iru koto ga wakarimasu
Conv2	I should have known (from the start/ from the beginning)	知っておくべきだった (最初から/最初から)	Shitte okubekidatta (saisho kara/ saisho kara)
Conv2	I told you so	そう言ったでしょ	sou itta desho
Conv2	I want you to do something for me	私のために何かをしてほしい	Watashi no tame ni nanika o shite hoshī
Conv2	I will handle this (I'll handle this)	私に対応します (私に対応します)	Watashi ga taiō shimasu (watashi ga taiō shimasu)
Conv2	I will have a quiet time alone	一人で静かな時間を過ごします	Hitori de shizukana jikan o sugoshimasu
Conv2	I will let you in on a little secret	ちょっとした秘密をご紹介します	Chottoshita himitsu o go shōkai shimasu
Conv2	If you need me	もしあなたが私を必要とするなら	Moshianata ga watashi o hitsuyō to suru nara
Conv2	If you need my help	私の助けが必要なら	Watashi no tasuke ga hitsuyō nara
Conv2	In desperate need of	切実に必要としている	Setsujitsu ni hitsuyō to shite iru
Conv2	In my best interest	自分の利益のために	Jibun no riei ni tame ni
Conv2	Is it bothering you?	迷惑ですか?	Meiwakudesu ka?
Conv2	It could have been better	もっと良くできたはずだ	Motto yoku dekita hazu da
Conv2	It could have been worse	それもっとひどいこともあったか もしれない	Sore motto hidoi koto mo atta kamoshirenai
Conv2	It doesn't justify it	正当化できない	Seitouka dekinai
Conv2	It doesn't matter that much	大した問題じゃないよ	Taishita mondai janai yo
Conv2	It makes life much more easy (it makes life easier)	それは人生をずっと楽にしてくれ ます/ それは人生をずっとやすくする (人生を楽にしてくれます)	Sore wa jinsei o zutto raku ni shite kuremasu/ Sore wa jinsei o zutto yasuku suru (jinsei o raku ni shite kuremasu)
Conv2	It makes sense	それは理にかなっている/ それは理にかなっています/ それは意味がある/ 理解できる/ 理解します/ 理解するのです (理解 する))	Sore wa rinikanatteiru/ Sore wa ri ni kanatte imasu/ Sore wa imi ga aru/ Rikai dekiru/ Rikai shimasu/ Rikai suru nodesu (rikai (suru))
Conv2	It is lively here	ここは活気がある	Koko wa kakki ga aru

Conv2	It's my fault	私のせいです	Watashi no seidesu
Conv2	It's not like that	そんなことはない	Son'na koto wanai
Conv2	It is a bad idea	それは悪い考えです	Sore wa warui kangae desu
Conv2	It is a good idea	それは良いアイデアです	Sore wa yoi aidea desu
Conv2	It is not a good idea	それは良い考えではありません	Sore wa yoi kangae dewa arimasen
Conv2	It is not meant to be	それは意図されたものではありません	Sore wa ito sa reta mono de wa arimasen
Conv2	It is not my fault	それは私のせいではありません	Sore wa watashi no seide wa arimasen
Conv2	It is not my thing	それは私のことではありません/ 私の世界にはないものかな	Sore wa watashi no kotode wa arimasen/ Watashi no sekai ni wanai mono ka na * (it is something that doesn't exist in my world)
Conv2	It is really amazing (it is really fantastic)	本当にすごいです (本当に素晴らしいです)	Hontōni sugoidesu (hontōni subarashīdesu)
Conv2	It is what it is	それが現実さ	Sore ga genjitsu sa
Conv2	It points to	それは指し示す	sore wa sashishimesu
Conv2	It wasn't me	それは私ではありませんでした/ 私ではなかった(です)	Sore wa watashide wa arimasendeshita/ Watashide wa nakatta (desu)
Conv2	It wasn't your fault	それはあなたのせいではなかった	Sore wa anata no seide wa nakatta
Conv2	I need it now	今すぐ必要	Ima sugu hitsuyō
Conv2	I owe you	借りがある	kari ga aru
Conv2	I owe you one	あなたに貸しがある/ 私はあなたに借りができた	Anata ni kashi ga aru/ Watashi wa anata ni kari ga dekita
Conv2	I thought you would never ask	絶対聞かないと思ってた	Zettai kikanai to omotteta
Conv2	I would like to ask you something	お願いしたいと思います	Onegai shitai to omoimasu
Conv2	I would say so	そう言うだろう	Sō iudarō
Conv2	I'll say	言います(よ)	limasu (yo)
Conv2	It is a pretty good idea	それはかなり良い考えです	Sore wa kanari yoi kangaedesu
Conv2	It's not what i want (that's not what I want)	それは私が望むものではありません (それは私が望むものではありません)	Sore wa watashi ga nozomu mono de wa arimasen (sore wa watashi ga nozomu mono de wa arimasen)
Conv2	It's not what you think	それはあなたが考えていることではありません	Sore wa anata ga kangaeteiru koto de wa arimasen
Conv2	It is relaxing music that is emotionally and spiritually uplifting, relaxing, calming, and mentally invigorating.	感情的にも精神的にも高揚し、リラックスできて、落ち着き、精神的に爽快になれる音楽です。	Kanjō-teki ni mo seishintekini mo kōyō shi, rirakkusu dekite, ochitsuki, seishintekini sōkai ni nareru ongakudesu.
Conv2	It touches on the essentials	本質的なところに触れています	Honshitsuteki na tokoro ni furete imasu
Conv2	It was a nice experience	いい経験でした	Ī keikendeshita
Conv2	In one's own time (in your own time)	自分のタイミングで (自分のタイミングで)	Jibun no taimingu de (jibun no taimingu de)
Conv2	It is my turn (i'm up: you are up)	私の番です (私ができる: あなたができる)	Watashi no ban desu (Watashi ga okiru: anata ga okiru)

Conv2	Let it be	そのままにしておいてください/ (そう)させてください/ なるがままに/ なるがままにさせておく/ それをさせてください/ レットイットビー	Sonomama ni shite oite kudasai/ (sō) Sa sete kudasai/ Naruga mama ni/ Naruga mama ni sa sete oku/ Sore o sa sete kudasai/ Rettoittobi * (ie. from the Beatles song 'let it be')
Conv2	Let me know what you think	どう思うか聞かせて	Dou omou ka kikasete
Conv2	Let's have a fun time together (let's have a lively time together)	一緒に楽しい時間を過ごしましょ う/ 一緒に楽しい時間を過ごします (一緒に賑やかな時間を過ごしましょ う)	Issho ni tanoshī jikan o sugoshimashou/ Issho ni tanoshī jikan o sugoshimasu (isscho ni nigiyakana jikan o sugoshimashou)
Conv2	Look on your face (the look on your face)	あなたの顔を見てください (あなたの顔の表情を見てください)	Anata no kao o mite kudasai (anata no kao no hyōjō o mite kudasai)
Conv2	Never been better	これまでにないほど良くなりました た	Kore made ni nai hodo yoku narimashita
Conv2	Nobody seems to know	誰も知らないようだ	Dare mo shiranai yōda
Conv2	Not everything is as it seems	すべてが思い通りではない	Subete ga omoidōride wanai
Conv2	Not happening (it is not gonna happen)	起こらない(起こらないだろう)	Okoranai (okoranaidarou)
Conv2	Not quite right	まったく正しくありません	Mattaku tadashiku arimasen
Conv2	Not understanding (does not understand)	理解できない(理解できない)	Rikaidekinai (rikaidekinai)
Conv2	Not wanting to understand (does not want to understand)	分かりたくない(分かりたくない)	Wakaritakunai (wakaritakunai)
Conv2	Please say something	何かおっしゃってください	Nani ka osshatte kudasai
Conv2	Repeat after me	私の後に繰り返して	Watashi no nochi ni sōrihenshite
Conv2	Slow to comprehend	理解が遅い	Rikai ga osoi
Conv2	So that is a no then? (so that's a no then?)	では、 それはいいえなのでしょうか? (では、それはノーなのでしょうか?)	Dewa, soreha iē na nodeshou ka? (Dewa, soreha nōna nodeshou ka?) * (please note Japanese avoid saying the word 'no' so a sentence like this can usually sound highly impolite)
Conv2	Something bothers me	何か気になることがあります/ 何かちょっと変な気分なのは/ 気掛かりです/ イライラしてるわよ	Nani ka ki ni naru koto ga arimasu/ Nani ka chotto hen'na kibun nanoha * (careful way of saying that something bothers you, it literally means 'something feels a little strange')/ Kigakaridesu * (there is a worry; I am worried)/ Iraira shi teru wa yo * (hard way of saying, 'I am annoyed; I am getting irritated; I am frustrated')
Conv2	Something feels wrong (something feels odd; something feels not (quite) right)	何かがおかしい (何かが奇妙に感じられる; 何かが (まったく) 正しくないように感じられる)	Nanikagaokashī (nanika ga kimyō ni kanji rareru; nanika ga (mattaku) tadashikunai yō ni kanji rareru)

Conv2	Something like that	そのようなものです/ そんな感じです	Sono yōna monodesu/ Son'na kanjidesu
Conv2	Sometimes she doesn't take his feelings into account at all	時々彼女は彼の気持ちをまったく 考慮しない	Tokidoki kanojo wa kare no kimochi o mattaku kōryo shinai
Conv2	That explains!	それは説明できます!	Sore wa setsumei dekimasu!
Conv2	That's the point	それが要点	sore ga yōten
Conv2	That would be great	それは素晴らしい	Sore wa subarashī
Conv2	That is a book	あれは本だ	Are wa hon da
Conv2	The best i've heard	これまで聞いた中で最高	Kore made kiita naka de saikō
Conv2	The worst i've seen	これまで見た中で最悪	Kore made mita naka de saiaku
Conv2	The things you didn't do (the things you did not do)	やらなかったこと (やらなかったこと)	Yaranakatta koto (yaranakatta koto)
Conv2	The whole point	要点全体	yōten zentai
Conv2	There is a story behind it	その裏には物語がある	Sono ura ni wa monogatari ga aru
Conv2	There is always hope	希望は常にある	kibou wa tsuneni aru
Conv2	There is more	もっとある (もっとあります)	Motto aru (motto arimasu * (polite))
Conv2	Things can change	状況は変わる	Jōkyō wa kawaru
Conv2	This is it	これだよ	Koreda yo
Conv2	This is this and that is that	これはこれで、それはそれです	Kore wa kore de, sore wa soresu
Conv2	You are annoying me (you are irritating me)	あなたは私をいらだたせる (あなたは私をいらだたせる)	Anata wa watashi o iradataseru (anata wa watashi o iradataseru)
Conv2	You know i love you	愛してるって事, 知ってるだろ	Aishiterutte koto, shitteru daro
Conv2	You must not let it get the better of you	負けてはいけない	makete wa ikenai
Conv2	You should know	知っておくべきです	Shitte okubekidesu
Conv2	Wait until the end	最後まで待ってください	Saigomade mattekudasai
Conv2	We can talk well about this topic	この話題についてはよく話せます	Kono wadai ni tsuite wa yoku hanasemasu
Conv2	What are you thinking?	何を考えていますか?	Nani o kangaete imasu ka?
Conv2	What are you thinking about?	あなたは何を考えている?	Anata wa nani o kangaete iru?
Conv2	What can i say?	何と言えがいい?	Nan to ieba ī?
Conv2	What do you like most about it?	何が一番気に入っていますか?	Nani ga ichiban kiniitte imasu ka?
Conv2	What do you mean?	どういう意味ですか?/ 何を意味ですか?	Dōiu imidesu ka?/ Nani o imidesu ka?
Conv2	What do you say?	どう思いますか?	Dōomoimasuka?
Conv2	What do you think about politics?	政治についてどう思いますか?	Seiji ni tsuite dōomoimasuka?
Conv2	What I have said I have said (what I have said remains)	私が言ったことは私が言ったこと です (私が言ったことは残ります)	Watashi ga itta koto wa watashi ga itta kotodesu (watashi ga itta koto wa nokorimasu)
Conv2	What have we got here?	ここで何が得られたでしょうか?	Koko de nani ga e raretadeshō ka?
Conv2	What have you done?	あなたは何をしましたか?	Anata wa nani o shimashita ka?
Conv2	What have you got?	あなたはどれだけ持ってる?	Anata wa dore dake motteru?

Conv2	What have you got there?	そこには何があるの？	Soko ni wa nani ga aru no?
Conv2	What is bothering you?	何が気になるの？	nani ga ki ni naru no?
Conv2	What have you been doing?	何をしていましたか？	Nani o shiteimashita ka?
Conv2	What is that?	あれは何？	Are wa nani?
Conv2	What is your opinion about it?	それについてどう思いますか？	Sore ni tsuite dou omoimasu ka?
Conv2	What time is it?	今何時ですか？	Ima nanji desu ka?
Conv2	Got the time?	時間はありますか？	Jikan wa arimasu?
Conv2	What's going on?	何が起きているの？	Nani ga okotteiru no?
Conv2	What's your take?	あなたはどう思いますか？	Anata wa dou omoimasu ka?
Conv2	What is your least favourite thing to do?	一番嫌いなことは何ですか？	Ichiban kiraina koto wa nanidesu ka?
Conv2	What is your opinion about ...	あなたの意見は何ですか...	Anata no iken wa nanidesu ka...
Conv2	What makes you think that?	何があなたをそう思わせたのですか？	Nani ga anata o sō omowa seta nodesu ka?
Conv2	What were you thinking?	何を考えていましたか？/ 何を考えていましたか？/ 何を考えていたの？	Nani o kangaete imashita ka?/ Nani o kangaete imashita ka?/ Nani o kangaeteita no?
Conv2	What would really help right now is ...	今本当に役立つのは...	Ima hontōni yakudatsu no wa...
Conv2	What's your point?	どういうことですか？	Dō iu kotodesu ka?
Conv2	Where is the bathroom? (where is the toilet?)	化粧室はどこですか？ (トイレはどこですか?)	Keshō-shitsu wa dokodesu ka? (Toire wa dokodesu ka?)
Conv2	Which do you like more, cats or dogs?	猫と犬では、どちらが好きですか？	Neko to inude wa, dochira ga sukidesu ka?
Conv2	Which do you think is better, cars or bikes?	車とバイクでは、どちらが良いと思いますか？	Kuruma to baikude wa, dochira ga yoi to omoimasu ka?
Conv2	Why did you lie?	なぜ嘘をついたのですか？	Naze uso o tsuita nodesu ka?
Conv2	Why do you say that?	なぜそんなことを言うのですか？	Naze son'na koto o iu nodesu ka?
Conv2	With all due respect	敬意を表して	Keii o arawashite
Conv2	With utmost respect	最大限の敬意を表します	Saidai-gen no keii o arawashimasu
Conv2	You'd better (you'd better do)	したほうがよい(したほうがよい)	Shita hō ga yoi (shita hō ga yoi)
Conv2	You better have a good reason (you'd better have a good reason)	正当な理由がある方がいい (正当な理由があるほうがいい)	Seitōnariyū ga aru kata ga ī (seitōnariyū ga aru hō ga ī)
Conv2	You have changed lately (you have been changing lately)	あなたは最近変わった (あなたは最近変わってきた)	Anata wa saikin kawatta (anata wa saikin kawatte kita)
Conv2	Your secret is safe with me	あなたの秘密は私に任せて	Anata no himitsu wa watashi ni makasete
Activity	Are you going to the dance event?	ダンスイベントに行きますか？	Dansu ibento ni ikimasu ka?
Activity	Do not do it	やめろ	yamero

Activity	Do not do it anymore	もうやめろ	mou yamero
Activity	He threw the ball	彼はボールを投げた	kare wa boru o nageta
Activity	How did you do that?	どうやってやったの？	Dou yatte yatta no?
Activity	How is this possible? (How is this even possible at all?)	これはどのようにして可能でしょうか？ (一体どうしてそんなことが可能なのでしょうか?)	Kore wa dono yō ni shite kanōdeshou ka? (Ittai dōshite son'na koto ga kanōna nodeshou ka?)
Activity	How will we do it?	どうやってやろうか？	Dō yatte yarou ka?
Activity	I am almost done	もうすぐ終わり	mousugu owari
Activity	I am going to start something new	新しいことを始めるつもりです	Atarashī koto o hajimeru tsumoridesu
Activity	I was happy to do it	できて嬉しかったです	Dekite ureshikattadesu
Activity	I watch TV	(私は) テレビを見る	(Watashi wa) terebi o miru
Activity	It acts as a lightning rod	避雷針として機能します	Hiraishin to shite kinō shimasu
Activity	It's quite a feat	それはかなりの偉業です	Sore wa kanari no igyō desu
Activity	It is safe	安全です	Anzen desu
Activity	It is worth the effort	努力する価値はある	Doryoku suru kachi wa aru
Activity	Keep trying (try again; try again and again)	試し続けてください/ 頑張ってください/ 試み続けてください/ 努力を続ける (もう一度試してください; 何度も試してください)	Tameshi tsudzukete kudasai/ Ganbari tsudzukeru/ Kokoromi tsudzukete kudasai/ Doryoku o tsudzukeru (mōichido tameshite kudasai; nando mo tameshite kudasai)
Activity	No longer needed (not needed anymore)	もう必要ありません (もう必要ありません)	Mō hitsuyō arimasen (mō hitsuyō arimasen)
Activity	She wrapped the present	彼女はプレゼントを包んだ	kanojo wa purezento o tsutsunda
Activity	So much to do	やることがたくさんある	Yaru koto ga takusan aru
Activity	To repair the car	車を修理するには	kuruma o shuri suru ni wa
Activity	What activity can you do over there?	そこではどんな活動ができますか？	Sokode wa don'na katsudō ga dekimasu ka?
Activity	What can I do about it?	それについて何ができるでしょうか？	Sore ni tsuite nani ga dekirudeshou ka?
Activity	What is in it for me?	それは私にとって何ですか？	Sore wa watashi ni totte nanidesu ka?
Activity	What makes you truly happy	あなたを本当に幸せにするものは何ですか	Anata o hontō ni shiawase ni suru mono wa nanidesu ka
Activity	What's that noise?	その騒音は何ですか？	Sono sōon wa nanidesu ka?
Activity	What's the deal with that?	それはどういうこと？	Sore wa dō iu koto?
Activity	Why would he do that?	なぜ彼はそんなことをするのでしょうか？	Naze kare wa son'na koto o suru nodeshou ka?
Activity	You have ruined it	あなたがそれを台無しにしてしまったのです	Anata ga sore o dainashi ni shite shimatta nodesu
Office	Am i interrupting something?	私が何かを中断しているのでしょうか？	Watashi ga nanika o chūdan shite iru nodeshou ka?
Office	Because I think it could be a bit more consistent	というのも、 もう少し統一できると思います	Toyuunomo, mōsukoshi tōitsu dekiru to omoimasu

Office	Continue with your work please	仕事を続けてください/ 作業を続けてください/ 働き続けてください	Shigoto o tsudzukete kudasai/ Sagyō o tsudzukete kudasai/ Hataraki tsudzukete kudasai
Office	He often talks about work	彼はよく仕事の話をする	Kare wa yoku shigoto no hanashi o suru
Office	I am off to work (i am going to work)	仕事に出かけます (仕事に行きます)	Shigoto ni dekakemasu (shigoto ni ikimasu)
Office	I am on time (I am in time (for...))	私は時間通りです/ 私は時間通りにいます/ 私は間に合う	Watashi wa jikan-dōridesu/ Watashi wa jikandōrini imasu/ Watashi wa maniau
Office	I am waiting for an answer	答えを待っています	Kotae o matteimasu
Office	I do the work	私は仕事をします	Watashi wa shigoto o shimasu
Office	I expect it very soon	もうすぐだと思います	Mōsuguda to omoimasu
Office	I will check (polite; humble)	確認いたします (確認致します)	Kakunin itashimasu
Office	I will let you to it	させていただきます	Sasete itadakimasu
Office	I would like to receive a reply	返信を受け取りたい/ 返信が欲しいです/ 回答をもらいたいです/ 返事をもらいたいです	Henshin o uketoritai/ Henshin ga hoshīdesu/ Kaitō o moraitaidesu/ Henji o moraitaidesu
Office	I worked 4 days ago at the office in Amsterdam	私はアムステルダムのオフィスで4日前に働きました	Watashi wa Amusuterudamu no ofisu de 4-nichi mae ni hatarakimashita
Office	If I understand correctly,	私の理解が正しければ、	Watashi no rikai ga tadashikereba,
Office	It is easy to make a mistake	間違いやすいです/ 間違いを犯しやすいです/ 簡単に間違いをしてしまう/ 簡単に間違える/ 間違えるを簡単です/ 間違いを犯すことを簡単です	Machigae yasuidesu/ Machigai o okashi yasuidesu/ Kantan ni machigai o shite shimau/ Kantan ni machigaeru/ Machigaeru o kantandesu/ Machigai o okasu koto o kantandesu
Office	It's just business	それは単なるビジネス	sore wa tannaru bijinesu
Office	Please check (can you check?) (polite, humble)	確認頂きます (確認いただきます)/ 確認頂けます (確認いただけます) (か)	Kakunin itadakimasu/ Kakunin itadakemasu (ka)
Office	Please come and join us (you are cordially invited to participate)	ふるってご参加ください (奮ってご参加ください)	Furutte go sanku kudasai (furutte go sanku kudasai)
Office	Please join us (can you join us?)	ぜひご参加ください (ご参加いただけますか?/ 参加することができますか?)	Zehi go sanku kudasai (go sanku itadakemasu ka?/ Sanka suru koto ga dekimasu ka?)
Office	There is an event at work for my colleague's birthday	同僚の誕生日に職場でイベントがあります	Dōryō no tanjōbi ni shokuba de ibento ga arimasu
Office	To do (we are doing) * (humble)	～しております * (humble form of ～しています)	～Shite orimasu * (humble form of ～shite imasu)

Office	To receive a favour (to receive help; when requesting help or assistance)	お世話になる	Osewaninaru
Office	We are looking forward to your reply	(お/ご) 返事をお待ちしています/ ご返信をお待ちしております	(o / go) henji o omachishiteimasu/ go henshin o omachi shite orimasu
Office	We are waiting for you	お待ちしております	Omachi shite orimasu
Office	We will deliver as follows, so please check it	下記の通り納品いたしますのでご 査収ください	Kakinotōri nōhin itashimasunode go sashū kudasai
Office	What do you like most about your job?	仕事の何が一番好きですか？	Shigoto no nani ga ichiban sukidesu ka?
Office	What's the problem?	問題は何ですか？/ 何が問題ですか？/ どうしたの？	Mondai wa nanidesu ka?/ Nani ga mondaidesu ka?/ Dō shita no?
Office	With all my might (with all my strength)	全力で (全力で)	Zenryoku de (zenryoku de)
Office	With your permission	あなたの許可を得て	Anata no kyoka o ete
Other	What did you study?	あなたは何を勉強した？	Anata wa nani o benkyō shita?
Other	I learned Spanish in high school	私は高校でスペイン語を学びました	Watashi wa kōkō de Supeingo o manabimashita
Other	I studied it science in college	私は大学で科学を学びました	Watashi wa daigaku de kagaku o manabimashita
Other	Where did you go for holidays?	休日はどこへ行きましたか？	Kyūjitsu wa doko e ikimashita ka?
Other	The last time i went to France	最後にフランスに行ったとき	Saigo ni Furansu ni itta toki
Other	The next time i will go to Japan	次回日本に行くときは	Jikai Nihon ni iku toki wa
Other	We travel from Amsterdam to Paris	私たちはアムステルダムからパリまで旅行します	Watashitachiha Amusuterudamu kara Pari made ryokō shimasu
Other	When will you leave for the trip?	いつ旅行に出発しますか？	Itsu ryokō ni shuppatsu shimasu ka?
Other	I will depart next week and arrive two days later	来週出発して2日後に到着します	Raishū shuppatsu shite 2-nichi-go ni tōchaku shimasu
Other	How did you meet?	どうやって会いましたか？	Dō yatte aimashita ka?
Other	We went to the lake together by bike	私たちは自転車と一緒に湖へ行きました	Watashitachiha jitensha de issho ni mizūmi e ikimashita
Other	I am looking forward to meeting you again	またお会いできるのを楽しみにしています	Mata o ai dekiru no o tanoshiminishiteimasu
Other	What is better, the morning, afternoon or evening?	朝、昼、夕方どれが良いですか？	Asa, hiru, yūgata dore ga yoidesu ka?
Other	I will just visit from nine to five	9時から5時までだけ訪問します	9-Ji kara 5-ji made dake hōmon shimasu

Other	We already left today	私たちは今日すでに出発しました	Watashitachiha kyō sudeni shuppatsu shimashita
Other	I will also bring a friend	友達も連れて行きます	Tomodachi mo tsurete ikimasu
Other	What happened? I sent you a letter last week, did you receive it?	どうしたの？ 先週あなたに手紙を送りましたが、受け取りましたか？	Dō shita no? Senshū anata ni tegami o okurimashitaga, uketorimashita ka?
Other	I want to give you a small present. it's surprise	ちょっとしたプレゼントをあげたいのですが。それは驚きです	Chottoshita purezento o agetai nodesuga. Sore wa odorokidesu
Other	I hope you can take it and enjoy it much	ぜひ手に取って楽しんでいただければ幸いです	Zehi te ni totte tanoshinde itadakereba saiwaidesu
Other	It cost some money but the price was low and not high	お金はかかりましたが、値段は安く高くはありませんでした	Okane wa kakarimashitaga, nedan wa yasukute takaku wa arimasendeshita
Other	There are many things. There is no right or wrong, that is correct	多くのものがあります。正解も間違いもない、それが正しい	Ōku no mono ga arimasu. Seikai mo machigai mo nai, sore ga tadashī
Other	I will go to bed now; i am tired and need to sleep	もう寝ます。疲れているので寝たいです	Mō nemasu. Tsukarete irunode netaidesu
Other	It is quiet in the night. It is quite sad and depressive. It is good for healing	夜は静かです。かなり悲しくて憂鬱です。癒しに良いですよ	Yoru wa shizukadesu. Kanari kanashikute yūutsudesu. Iyashi ni yoidesu yo
Other	The night passed	夜が過ぎた	Yoru ga sugita
Other	As straight as a candle	ろうそくのようにまっすぐ (蠟燭のように真っ直ぐ)	Rōsoku no yō ni massugu * (straight like a candle; straight as a candle)
Other	Because i searched for a new job and found one in the city of Amsterdam	新しい仕事を探してアムステルダム市で見つけたからです	Atarashī shigoto o sagashite Amusuterudamushi de mitsuketakaradesu
Other	Can i sit here? i'd rather stand	ここに座ってもいいですか？ むしろ立っていたい	Koko ni suwatte mo īdesu ka? Mushiro tatte itai
Other	Can you turn on the lights? it is getting dark inside the house. however, the sun is still shining outside the house	ライトをつけてもらえますか？ 家の中は暗くなってきています。しかし、家の外ではまだ太陽が輝いています	Raito o tsukete moraemasu ka? Uchinonaka wa kuraku natte kite imasu. Shikashi,-ka no sotode wa mada taiyō ga kagayaite imasu
Other	Do me a favour, will you?	お願いがありますか？	Onegai ga arimasu ka?
Other	Free the slave	奴隷を解放してください	Dorei o kaihō shite kudasai
Other	He often goes to the restaurant but only sometimes to the library	彼はよくレストランに行きますが、図書館にはたまにしか行きません	Kare wa yoku resutoran ni ikimasuga, toshokan ni wa tamani shika ikimasen

Other	I am hungry and would like to eat a meal though. You can certainly eat and drink here tomorrow	お腹も空いたのでご飯を食べたいのですが。 明日はきっとここで食べたり飲んだりできるよ	Onaka mo suitanode gohan o tabetai nodesuga. Ashita wa kitto koko de tabe tari non dari dekiru yo
Other	I am interested in this new hobby, only i am afraid that i have no time	この新しい趣味に興味がありますが、時間がないのが残念です	Kono atarashī shumi ni kyōmigārimasu ga, jikan ga nai no ga zan'nendesu
Other	I am very happy because things are going quite well	物事はかなり順調に進んでいるからとても嬉しいよ	Monogoto wa kanari junchō ni susunde irukara totemo ureshī yo
Other	I do not believe that and i do not agree. I hope everything will go well and that everyone will be fine and healthy	私はそれを信じませんし、同意しません。 すべてがうまくいき、みんなが元気で健康でいられることを願っています	Watashi wa sore o shinjimasenshi, dōi shimasen. Subete ga umaku iki, min'na ga genkide kenkōde i rareru koto o negatte imasu
Other	I do not exactly agree	正確には同意しません	Seikaku ni wa dōi shimasen
Other	I don't fall for that (I don't buy that)	私はそれには引っかからない(買わない)	Watashi wa sore ni wa hikkakaranai (kawanai)
Other	i have to manage the finances. they do not give a discount at the store. if that is so, we can share goods together	私は財政を管理しなければなりません。 彼らは店で割引をしません。 それなら一緒に物を分け合えるよ	Watashi wa zaisei o kanri shinakereba narimasen. Karera wa mise de waribiki o shimasen. Sorenara issho ni mono o wakeaeru yo
Other	I must go so i will leave now	行かなければいけないので今出発します	Ikanakereba ikenainode ima shuppatsu shimasu
Other	I should clean the house and do the groceries. I have to repair my bike also	家の掃除と買い物をしなければなりません。 自転車も修理しなければなりません	Ie no sōji to kaimono o shinakereba narimasen. Jitensha mo shūri shinakereba narimasen
Other	I was surprised that he still did not come	彼がまだ来ないことに驚いた	Kare ga mada konai koto ni odoraita
Other	I would like to buy a house near the sea	海の近くに家を買いたいと思っています	Umi no chikaku ni ie o kaitai to omotte imasu
Other	Is everything alright? something is missing. We are lost in the forest. i check our map	すべて問題ないですか？ 何かが欠けています。 私たちは森の中で迷ってしまいました。 私たちの地図を確認します	Subete mondainaidesu ka? Nanika ga kakete imasu. Watashitachiha mori no naka de mayotte shimaimasu. Watashitachi no chizu o kakunin shimasu
Other	My body needs some rest. I have a slight headache. i train a lot weekly	私の体には休息が必要です。 少し頭が痛いです。 私は毎週たくさんトレーニングします	Watashi no karada ni wa kyūsoku ga hitsuyōdesu. Sukoshi atamagaitaidesu. Watashi wa maishū takusan torēningu shimasu
Other	Open the door en enter the shop. Close the window when you leave. there is a table near the chair	ドアを開けてお店に入ります。 離れるときは窓を閉めてください。 椅子の近くにテーブルがあります	Doa o akete o-ten ni hairimasu. Hanareru toki wa mado o shimete kudasai. Isu no chikaku ni tēburu ga arimasu

Other	She is an artist and she makes paintings in her gallery every day	彼女はアーティストで、毎日自分のギャラリーで絵を描いています。	Kanojo wa ātīsuto de, Mainichi jibun no gyarārī de e o kaite imasu
Other	Something is not quite right (something is up)	何かがおかしい (何かがおかしい)	Nanikagaokashī (nanikagaokashī)
Other	The balcony has a very nice view with many plants and nature. The garden looks beautiful	バルコニーからはたくさんの植物や自然が見渡せるとても素晴らしい景色が見えます。庭が綺麗に見えます	Barukonī kara wa takusan no shokubutsu ya shizen ga miwataseru totemo subarashī keshiki ga miemasu. Niwa ga kirei ni miemasu
Other	The real simon pure	本物のサイモン・ピュア	Honmono no Saimon Pyua
Other	They are my parents and he is my wife's son	彼らは私の両親で、彼は私の妻の息子です	Karera wa watashi no ryōshin de, kare wa watashi no tsuma no musukodesu
Other	We feel quite happy about that	私たちはそれをとても嬉しく思っています	Watashitachi wa sore o totemo ureshiku omotte imasu
Other	We go on the road now, what is the address, street, house number	今から道路に行きます、住所、番地、番地は何ですか	Ima kara dōro ni ikimasu, jūsho, banchi, banchi wa nandesuka
Other	We have ten cats	うちには猫が10匹います	Uchi ni wa neko ga 10-biki imasu
Other	What kind of food can you re recommend? No pork meat or shrimps, but i like chicken and lamb meat	改めてお勧めできる食べ物は何ですか? 豚肉やエビは食べませんが、鶏肉とラム肉は好きです	Aratamete o susume dekiru tabemono wa nanidesu ka? Butaniku ya ebi wa tabemasenga, toriniku to ramu niku wa sukidesu
Other	What would you like to drink or eat? I would like some coffee or tea please	何を飲みたいですか、それとも食べたいですか? コーヒーか紅茶をお願いします	Nani o nomitaidesu ka, soreto tabetaidesu ka? Kōhī ka kōcha o onegaishimasu
Other	Who is that?	それは誰ですか?	Sore wa daredesu ka?
Other	Why did you go there?	どうしてそこに行ったの?	Dōshite soko ni itta no?

Notes & Language Specific related words/ expressions

Type	English	Japanese Script	Japanese Pronunciation
Japanese	Japanese uses a lot of 'Ki' verbs, which means spirit or life force. Also see this list below, and there are many more,		
Japanese	Be careful! (Take care!)	気をつけて (気を付けて)	Kiwotsukete (ki wo tsukete)
Japanese	Impatient (quick tempered)	気が短い (気の短い)	Ki ga mijikai (ki no mijikai)
Japanese	Patient	気が長い (気の長い)	Ki ga nagai (ki no nagai)
Japanese	Reluctant (to) (not inclined to)	気が進まない	Kigasusumanai

Japanese	To be careful (to take care; to pay attention)	気をつける (気を付ける)	Kiwotsukeru (ki o tsukeru)
Japanese	To be distracted	気が散る	Ki ga chiru
Japanese	To be in a daze (to feel overwhelmed; to feel exhausted; to lose one's mind)	気が遠くなる	Ki ga tōku naru
Japanese	To be interested in (to be curious about)	気になる	Ki ni naru
Japanese	To be on one's mind (to worry about)	気になる	Ki ni naru
Japanese	To be sensible (to be smart; to be tasteful)	気が利く	Kigakiku
Japanese	To be thoughtful (to be tactful; to be sensitive)	気が利く	Kigakiku
Japanese	To be willing to do	が進む	Ki ga susumu
Japanese	To bring out (the effect of) (to put to good use)	利かせる/ 利かす	Kika seru/ Kikasu
Japanese	To faint (to lose consciousness)	気が遠くなる	Ki ga tōku naru
Japanese	To faint (to lose consciousness)	気を失う	Ki o ushinau
Japanese	To feel like doing	気になる	Ki ni naru
Japanese	To feel like doing (to want to do)	がする	Ki ga suru
Japanese	To have a feeling (to feel)	がする	Ki ga suru
Japanese	To notice (to perceive; to become aware)	がつく (気付く)/ 気づく (気が付く)	Kigatsuku/ Kidzuku
Japanese	To pay attention (to)	気を配る (気をくばる)/ 気を配れる/ 気をつける (気を付ける)/ 気を使う (気を遣う/ 気をつかう)/ 気に留める (気にとめる)	Ki o kubaru/ Ki o kubareru/ Kiwotsukeru (ki o tsukeru)/ Kiwotsukau (ki o tsukau)/ Kinitomeru
Japanese	To take good care of (to pay attention to)	気を使う	Kiwotsukau (ki wo tsukau)
Japanese	To worry (about)	気を使う	Kiwotsukau (ki wo tsukau)
Japanese	A gentle spirit is more important than looks; handsome is as handsome does	見目より心	Mimeyorikokoro
Japanese	Being bold and courageous, but also careful and meticulous	胆大心小	Tan daishin shou
Japanese	Extremely busy; wanting even the help of a cat	猫の手も借りたい	Nekonotemokaritai
Japanese	Faith will move mountains	一念天に通ず	Ichinenten'nitsūzu

Japanese	Flattery will motivate anyone (flattery can do wonders; even a pig will climb up a tree if flattered)	豚もおだてりゃ木に登る	Butamōdateryakininoboru
Japanese	Lights are usually followed by shadows	好事魔多し	Kōjimaōshi
Japanese	Think globally, act locally; think global, act local	地球規模で考え足元から行動せよ	Chikyū kibo de kangae ashimoto kara kōdō seyo
Japanese	To buy books and not read them	積ん読 (積読) (する)	Tsundoku (sekidoku) (suru)
Japanese	To read the situation (to sense the mood; to read the room)	空気を読む * (ie. 空気を読まない)	Kūki o yomu * (ie. kūki o yomanai, literally 'I can't read the air/ I cannot read the air')
Japanese	Being absorbed in such elegant cultural pursuits as poetry, painting and calligraphy	風流三昧	Fūryūzanmai
Japanese	Elegant appreciation of nature through artistic pursuits such as poetry, painting and calligraphy	風流韻事	Fūri ~yuuinji
Japanese	Sunlight filtering through trees (sunbeams through the trees)	木漏れ日 (木洩れ日/ 木洩れ陽/ 木漏れ陽)	Komorebi
Japanese	Repairing pottery with a lacquer mixed with gold, silver, etc.	金継ぎ	Kintsugi
Japanese	Japanese uses a lot of funny sounding adjectives/ nouns/ verbs, like barabara, pekapeka, pikapika and so on. They may sound a bit childish when used in a formal situation. Some of the words are here listed below,		
Japanese	In pieces (scattered; dispersed)	ばらばら (バラバラ)	Barabara (barabara)
Japanese	Fluttering	べらべら	Berabera
Japanese	One after another	ぼらぼら	Borabora
Japanese	Trembling (shivering)	ふるふる	Buruburu
Japanese	Dizzy (unsteadily (e.g. on one's feet); shakily)	ふらふら (フラフラ) (と/ する/ に/ な)	Furafura (to/ suru/ ni/ na)

Japanese	Rattle (with a clatter; with a rattle)	がらがら (ガラガラ)	Garagara (garagara)
Japanese	Guffawing (roaring (with laughter))	げらげら (ゲラゲラ)	Geragera (geragera)
Japanese	Glaringly (glare)	ぎらぎら (ギラギラ)	Giragira (giragira)
Japanese	Round and round	ぐるぐる (グルグル)	Guruguru (guruguru)
Japanese	Foolishly	へらへら (ヘラヘラ) (と/する/に/な)	Herahera (to/ suru/ ni/ na)
Japanese	Parched (dried-up)	からから (カラカラ)	Karakara (karakara)
Japanese	Twinkle (glittering)	きらきら (キラキラ)	Kirakira (kirakira)
Japanese	Round and round (whirling; revolving; spinning)	くるくる (クルクル)	Kurukuru (kurukuru)
Japanese	Clip-clop	ぱかぱか (パカパカ)	Pakapaka (pakapaka)
Japanese	Shiny (with a glitter; with a sparkle)	ぴかぴか (ピカピカ)	Pikapika (pikapika)
Japanese	Brand new (shiny and new)	ぴかぴか (ピカピカ)	Pikapika (pikapika)
Japanese	Lightly (floating) (buoyantly)	ぷかぷか (プカプカ)	Pukapuka (pukapuka)
Word similarities			
Other	There are a lot of word similarities between other cultures, for example,		
Other	To leave (to part)	去る	Saru
Other	To leave (to go out)	出る	Deru
Other	To see	見る	Miru
Other	To speak	話す	Hanasu
Other	To walk	歩く	Aruku
Bible similarities in old Chinese/ Japanese characters,			
Japanese	Desire/ Covet	婪	The Chinese symbol of desire (婪), covetousness exists out of the symbols of two trees (木) and a woman (女). This is similar to the Old Testament story of Genesis where there were 2 trees in the garden of Eden and the snake tempted Eve to eat from the wrong tree
Japanese	Forbidding/ Forbiddance/ Prohibition	禁 (kin)	The Japanese Kanji character of forbiddance (禁) exists out of two trees (木) and the character of a command (示). This is similar to God saying in the Old Testament to Adam and Eve not to eat from the wrong tree

Japanese	Ten	十 (Jū)	The Law of Moses of the Old Testament had 10 commandments. Jesus said he was the 'fulfillment' of the law, not abolishing it, but fulfilling it with his law of love. And Jesus' symbol is the cross (十) which also means the number '10' in Japanese and Chinese
Japanese	Boat	船 (funē)	The character for 'boat' (船) has the characters for 'vessel' (舟), 'eight' (八), 'people' (口 means 'mouth', but it was used as a measure word for 'people'). According to the Old Testament, Noah had 8 people on his Ark
Japanese	Righteousness	義 (Gi)	Jesus was the righteousness of God, called the Lamb of God multiple times, and also the King of the Jews by Pilatus in the New Testament and was stabbed with a spear on the cross. Remarkable to see is that the Kanji character of righteousness contains of the following elements 義 = 'One' (一) + 'Put together (come together)' (并) + 'Spear' (戈) + 'Hand' (手) + 'King' (王) + 'Sheep' (羊) which are the Kanji characters seeming to relate to Jesus, the One King. Or alternatively, it could mean '羊 (lamb) + 我 (me) = 義 (righteousness)'
Japanese	Devil/ Evil spirit	鬼 (oni)	The word devil is built up out of garden (田) + legs (儿) + motion/ movement (辶) + secret/ private (亼). It can be interpreted as the devil being a secret person in a garden that seduced Adam and Eve (to eat the apple).
Japanese	Intuition	直感	Chokkan; this word means 'intuition' in Japanese, but in Hebrew Chokhmah means wisdom